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38.1	ARTICLE 2	25.22	ARTICLE 2
38.2	EDUCATION EXCELLENCE	25.23	EDUCATION EXCELLENCE
38.3	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 5A.03, subdivision 2, is amended to read:		
38.4 38.5 38.6 38.7 38.8 38.9 38.10	Subd. 2. Placing Minnesota students in travel abroad programs. (a) A school district or charter school with enrolled students who participate in a foreign exchange or study or other travel abroad program or whose enrolled students participate in a foreign exchange or study or other travel abroad program under a written agreement between the district or charter school and the program provider must use a form developed by the Department of Education to annually report to the department by November 1 the following data from the previous school year:		
38.11 38.12 38.13	(1) the number of Minnesota student deaths that occurred while Minnesota students were participating in the foreign exchange or study or other travel abroad program and that resulted from Minnesota students participating in the program;		
38.14 38.15 38.16 38.17	(2) the number of Minnesota students hospitalized due to accidents and the illnesses that occurred while Minnesota students were participating in the foreign exchange or study or other travel abroad program and that resulted from Minnesota students participating in the program; and		
38.18 38.19 38.20	(3) the name and type of the foreign exchange or study or other travel abroad program and the city or region where the reported death, hospitalization due to accident, or the illness occurred.		
38.21 38.22 38.23 38.24	(b) School districts and charter schools must ask but must not require enrolled eligible students and the parents or guardians of other enrolled students who complete a foreign exchange or study or other travel abroad program to disclose the information under paragraph (a).		
38.25 38.26 38.27 38.28 38.29 38.30 38.31 38.32	(c) When reporting the data under paragraph (a), a school district or charter school may supplement the data with a brief explanatory statement. The Department of Education annually must aggregate and publish the reported data on the department website in a format that facilitates public access to the aggregated data and include links to both the United States Department of State's Consular Information Program that informs the public of conditions abroad that may affect students' safety and security and the publicly available reports on sexual assaults and other criminal acts affecting students participating in a foreign exchange or study or other travel abroad program.		
39.1 39.2 39.3 39.4 39.5	(d) School districts and charter schools with enrolled students who participate in foreign exchange or study or other travel abroad programs under a written agreement between the district or charter school and the program provider are encouraged to adopt policies supporting the programs and to include program standards in their policies to ensure students' health and safety.		

- 39.6 (e) To be eligible under this subdivision to provide a foreign exchange or study or other
- 39.7 travel abroad program to Minnesota students enrolled in a school district or charter school,
- a program provider annually must register with the secretary of state and provide the 39.8
- 39.9 following information on a form developed by the secretary of state: the name, address, and
- telephone number of the program provider, its chief executive officer, and the person within 39.10 39.11
- the provider's organization who is primarily responsible for supervising programs within the state; the program provider's unified business identification number, if any; whether the
- 39.12
- program provider is exempt from federal income tax; a list of the program provider's 39.13 39.14 placements in foreign countries for the previous school year including the number of
- 39.15 Minnesota students placed, where Minnesota students were placed, and the length of their
- placement; the terms and limits of the medical and accident insurance available to cover 39.16
- participating students and the process for filing a claim; and the signatures of the program 39.17
- 39.18 provider's chief executive officer and the person primarily responsible for supervising
- 39.19 Minnesota students' placements in foreign countries. If the secretary of state determines the
- registration is complete, the secretary of state shall file the registration and the program 39.20
- provider is registered. Registration with the secretary of state must not be considered or 39.21
- 39.22 represented as an endorsement of the program provider by the secretary of state. The secretary
- 39.23 of state annually must publish on its website aggregated data under paragraph (c) received
- from the Department of Education. 39.24
- 39.25 (f) Program providers, annually by August 1, must provide the data required under
- paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (3), to the districts and charter schools with enrolled students 39.26
- participating in the provider's program. 39.27
- 39.28 (g) The Department of Education must publish the information it has under paragraph
- 39.29 (c), but it is not responsible for any errors or omissions in the information provided to it by
- 39.30 a school district or charter school. A school district or charter school is not responsible for
- 39.31 omissions in the information provided to it by students and programs.
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 120A.22, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 39.32
- 39.33 Subd. 5. Ages and terms. (a) Every child between seven six and 17 years of age must
- receive instruction unless the child has graduated. Every child under the age of seven six 39.34
- who is enrolled in a half-day kindergarten, or a full-day kindergarten program on alternate 40.1
- 40.2 days, or other kindergarten programs shall must receive instruction for the hours established
- for that program. Except as provided in subdivision 6, a parent may withdraw a child under 40.3
- the age of seven six from enrollment at any time. 40.4
- (b) A school district by annual board action may require children subject to this 40.5
- subdivision to receive instruction in summer school. A district that acts to require children 40.6
- to receive instruction in summer school shall must establish at the time of its action the 40.7
- criteria for determining which children must receive instruction. 40.8
- (c) A pupil 16 years of age or older who meets the criteria of section 124D.68, subdivision 40.9
- 40.10 2, and under clause (5) of that subdivision has been excluded or expelled from school or
- 40.11 under clause (11) of that subdivision has been chronically truant may be referred to an area

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40.12	larming and a first action have been deep to the annual time the animal area larming
40.12	learning center. Such referral may be made only after consulting the principal, area learning
40.13	center director, student, and parent or guardian and only if, in the school administrator's
40.14	professional judgment, the referral is in the best educational interest of the pupil. Nothing
40.15	in this paragraph limits a pupil's eligibility to apply to enroll in other eligible programs
40.16	under section 124D.68.
40.17	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2020-2021 school year and later.
40.18	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 120A.22, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
40.19	Subd. 6. Children under seven age six. (a) Once a pupil under the age of seven six is
40.20	enrolled in kindergarten or a higher grade in a public school, the pupil is subject to the
40.21	compulsory attendance provisions of this chapter and section 120A.34, unless the board of
40.22	the district in which the pupil is enrolled has a policy that exempts children under seven six
40.23	from this subdivision.
40.25	
40.24	(b) In a district in which children under seven the age of six are subject to compulsory
40.25	attendance under this subdivision, paragraphs (c) to (e) apply.
40.26	(c) A parent or guardian may withdraw the pupil from enrollment in the school for good
40.27	cause by notifying the district. Good cause includes, but is not limited to, enrollment of the
40.28	pupil in another school, as defined in subdivision 4, or the immaturity of the child.
40.29	(d) When the pupil enrolls, the enrolling official must provide the parent or guardian
40.30	who enrolls the pupil with a written explanation of the provisions of this subdivision.
40.31	(e) A pupil under the age of seven six who is withdrawn from enrollment in the public
40.32	school under paragraph (c) is no longer subject to the compulsory attendance provisions of
40.33	this chapter.
41.1	(f) In a district that had adopted a policy to exempt children under seven the age of six
41.2	from this subdivision, the district's chief attendance officer must keep the truancy enforcement
41.3	authorities supplied with a copy of the board's current policy certified by the clerk of the
41.4	board.
41.5	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2020-2021 school year and later.
41.6	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 120A.22, subdivision 11, is amended to read:
41.7	Subd. 11. Assessment of performance. (a) Each year the performance of every child
41.8	ages seven six through 16 and every child ages 16 through 17 for which an initial report
41.9	was filed pursuant to section 120A.24, subdivision 1, after the child is 16 and who is not
41.10	enrolled in a public school must be assessed using a nationally norm-referenced standardized
41.11	achievement examination. The superintendent of the district in which the child receives
41.11	instruction and the person in charge of the child's instruction must agree about the specific
41.13	examination to be used and the administration and location of the examination.

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 (b) To the extent the examination in paragraph (a) does not provide assessment in all of the subject areas in subdivision 9, the parent must assess the child's performance in the applicable subject area. This requirement applies only to a parent who provides instruction and does not meet the requirements of subdivision 10, clause (1), (2), or (3). (c) If the results of the assessments in paragraphs (a) and (b) indicate that the child's performance on the total battery score is at or below the 30th percentile or one grade level below the performance level for children of the same age, the parent must obtain additional evaluation of the child's abilities and performance for the purpose of determining whether the child has learning problems. (d) A child receiving instruction from a nonpublic school, person, or institution that is accredited by an accrediting agency, recognized according to section 123B.445, or recognized by the commissioner, is exempt from the requirements of this subdivision. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2020-2021 school year and later. Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 120A.24, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Reports to superintendent. (a) The person or nonpublic school in charge of providing instruction to a child must submit to the superintendent of the district in which the child resides the name, birth date, and address of the child; the annual tests intended to be used under section 120A.22, subdivision 11, if required; the name of each instructor;
 (c) If the results of the assessments in paragraphs (a) and (b) indicate that the child's performance on the total battery score is at or below the 30th percentile or one grade level below the performance level for children of the same age, the parent must obtain additional evaluation of the child's abilities and performance for the purpose of determining whether the child has learning problems. (d) A child receiving instruction from a nonpublic school, person, or institution that is accredited by an accrediting agency, recognized according to section 123B.445, or recognized by the commissioner, is exempt from the requirements of this subdivision. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2020-2021 school year and later. Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 120A.24, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Reports to superintendent. (a) The person or nonpublic school in charge of providing instruction to a child must submit to the superintendent of the district in which the child resides the name, birth date, and address of the child; the annual tests intended to be used under section 120A.22, subdivision 11, if required; the name of each instructor;
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he child resides the name, birth date, and address of the child; the annual tests intended to be used under section 120A.22, subdivision 11, if required; the name of each instructor;
and evidence of compliance with one of the requirements specified in section 120A.22, subdivision 10:
(1) by October 1 of the first school year the child receives instruction after reaching the
age of seven <u>six;</u>
(2) within 15 days of when a parent withdraws a child from public school after age seven
six to provide instruction in a nonpublic school that is not accredited by a state-recognized accredited agency;
(3) within 15 days of moving out of a district; and
(4) by October 1 after a new resident district is established.
(b) The person or nonpublic school in charge of providing instruction to a child between
the ages of seven six and 16 and every child ages 16 through 17 for which an initial report
was filed pursuant to this subdivision after the child is 16 must submit, by October 1 of each school year, a letter of intent to continue to provide instruction under this section for all
students under the person's or school's supervision and any changes to the information
required in paragraph (a) for each student.
(c) The superintendent may collect the required information under this section through
an electronic or web-based format, but must not require electronic submission of information under this section from the person in charge of reporting under this subdivision.

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42.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for the 2020-2021 school year and later.

25.24	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 120B.02, is amended by adding a subdivision
25.25	to read:
25.26	Subd. 1a. Competency-based education. (a) A school district or charter school may
25.27	adopt a locally developed competency-based education plan to allow students to meet
25.28	academic standards, earn credits, and advance to higher levels of learning by demonstrating
25.29	mastery of required state standards, regardless of the time or pace of learning. The local
25.30	plan may be implemented in individual school sites within a school district or districtwide.
26.1	Competency-based education is designed to improve educational outcomes for students by
26.2	advancing their mastery of concepts and skills.
26.3	(b) A school district or charter school that adopts a competency-based education plan
26.4	must include a description of the following in its long-term strategic plan under section
26.5	120B.11 or annual public report under section 124E.16 and post on the website:
26.6	(1) how the plan's components align with required state standards and the goals included
26.7	in its world's best workforce plan under section 120B.11;
26.8	(2) how competencies include explicit and measurable student learning objectives;
26.9	(3) how students master competencies along a personalized and flexible pathway. A
26.10	student may demonstrate their mastery of competencies through their successful performance
26.11	of the competencies, application of the competencies, or both;
26.12	(4) how local assessments are used to personalize learning experiences for a student;
26.13	and
26.14	(5) how students receive timely and personalized support based on their individual
26.15	learning needs.
26.16	(c) A school district or charter school with a competency-based education plan must
26.17	administer the required statewide assessments to all of its students in the appropriate grade
26.18	levels consistent with section 120B.30.
26.19	(d) Average daily membership for a student participating in a competency-based education
26.20	is subject to the limits under section 126C.05, subdivision 8.
26.21	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 120B.024, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
26.22	Subdivision 1. Graduation requirements. Students beginning 9th grade in the 2011-2012
26.23	school year and later must successfully complete the following high school level credits for
26.24	graduation:
26.25	(1) four credits of language arts sufficient to satisfy all of the academic standards in
26.26	English language arts:
20.20	

- 26.27 (2) three credits of mathematics, including an algebra II credit or its equivalent, sufficient 26.28 to satisfy all of the academic standards in mathematics; 26.29 (3) an algebra I credit by the end of 8th grade sufficient to satisfy all of the 8th grade standards in mathematics: 26.30 27.1 (4) three credits of science, including at least one credit of biology, one credit of chemistry or physics, and one elective credit of science. The combination of credits under this clause 27.2 must be sufficient to satisfy (i) all of the academic standards in either chemistry or physics 27.3 and (ii) all other academic standards in science; 27.4 27.5 (5) three and one-half credits of social studies, including credit for a specific course in government and citizenship in either 11th or 12th grade for students beginning 9th grade 27.6 in the 2020-2021 school year and later, and a combination of other credits encompassing 27.7 27.8 at least United States history, geography, government and eitizenship, world history, and economics sufficient to satisfy all of the academic standards in social studies; 27.9 27.10 (6) one credit of the arts sufficient to satisfy all of the state or local academic standards
- 27.11 in the arts; and
- 27.12 (7) a minimum of seven elective credits.

- 42.20 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 120B.11, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 42.21 Subd. 2. Adopting plans and budgets. (a) A school board, at a public meeting, shall
- 42.22 must adopt a comprehensive, long-term strategic plan to support and improve teaching and
- 42.23 learning that is aligned with creating the world's best workforce and includes:
- 42.24 (1) clearly defined district and school site goals and benchmarks for instruction and
- 42.25 student achievement for all student subgroups identified in section 120B.35, subdivision 3,
- 42.26 paragraph (b), clause (2);
- 42.27 (2) a process to assess and evaluate each student's progress toward meeting state and
- 42.28 local academic standards, assess and identify students to participate in gifted and talented
- 42.29 programs and accelerate their instruction, and adopt early-admission procedures consistent
- 42.30 with section 120B.15, and identifying the strengths and weaknesses of instruction in pursuit
- 42.31 of student and school success and curriculum affecting students' progress and growth toward
- 42.32 career and college readiness and leading to the world's best workforce;
- 43.1 (3) a system to periodically review and evaluate the effectiveness of all instruction and
- 43.2 curriculum, taking into account strategies and best practices, student outcomes, school
- 43.3 principal evaluations under section 123B.147, subdivision 3, students' access to effective
- 43.4 teachers who are members of populations underrepresented among the licensed teachers in
- 43.5 the district or school and who reflect the diversity of enrolled students under section 120B.35,
- 43.6 subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2), and teacher evaluations under section 122A.40,
- 43.7 subdivision 8, or 122A.41, subdivision 5;

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43.8 43.9 43.10	(4) strategies for improving instruction, curriculum, and student achievement, including: (i) the English and, where practicable, the native language development and the academic achievement of English learners and (ii) for all learners, access to culturally relevant or
43.11	ethnic studies curriculum using culturally responsive methodologies;
43.12	(5) a process to examine the equitable distribution of teachers and strategies to ensure
43.13 43.14	children from low-income and minority children families, families of color, and American Indian families are not taught at higher rates than other children by inexperienced, ineffective,
43.15	or out-of-field teachers;
43.16	(6) education effectiveness practices that integrate high-quality instruction;; rigorous
43.17	curriculum;; technology;; inclusive and respectful learning and work environments for all
43.18	students, families, and employees; and a collaborative professional culture that develops
43.19	and supports retains qualified, racially, and ethnically diverse staff effective at working
43.20	with diverse students while developing and supporting teacher quality, performance, and
43.21	effectiveness; and
43.22	(7) an annual budget for continuing to implement the district plan.
43.23	(b) A school board must submit to the commissioner the plan adopted under paragraph
43.24	(a). The commissioner must review each plan.
43.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for all strategic plans reviewed and
43.26	updated after the day following final enactment.
43.27	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 120B.11, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
43.28	Subd. 3. District advisory committee. (a) Each school board shall must establish an
43.29	advisory committee to ensure active community participation in all phases of planning and
43.30	improving the instruction and curriculum affecting state and district academic standards,
43.31	consistent with subdivision 2. A district advisory committee, to the extent possible, shall
43.32	must reflect the diversity of the district and its school sites, include teachers, parents, support
43.33	staff, students, and other community residents, and provide translation to the extent
44.1	appropriate and practicable. The district advisory committee shall must pursue community
44.2 44.3	support to accelerate the academic and native literacy and achievement of English learners with varied needs, from young children to adults, consistent with section 124D.59,
44.3	subdivisions 2 and 2a. The district may establish site teams as subcommittees of the district
44.4 44.5	advisory committee under subdivision 4.
44.6	(b) The district advisory committee shall must recommend to the school board:
44.7	(1) rigorous academic standards,
44.8	(2) student achievement goals and measures consistent with subdivision 1a and sections
44.9	120B.022, subdivisions 1a and 1b, and 120B.35;;

44.10 (3) district assessments;

44.11	(4) means to improve students' equitable access to effective and more diverse teachers;
44.12	(5) strategies to ensure the curriculum and learning and work environments are inclusive
44.13	and respectful toward all racial and ethnic groups; and
44.14	(() and show any heating
44.14	(6) program evaluations.
44.15	(c) School sites may expand upon district evaluations of instruction, curriculum,
44.16	assessments, or programs. Whenever possible, parents and other community residents shall
44.17	must comprise at least two-thirds of advisory committee members.
44.18	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 120B.12, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
44.19	Subd. 2. Identification; report. (a) Each school district shall must identify before the
44.20	end of kindergarten, grade 1, and grade 2 all students who are not reading at grade level
44.21	before the end of the eurrent school year and shall. Students identified as not reading at
44.22	grade level by the end of kindergarten, grade 1, and grade 2 must be screened for
44.23	characteristics of dyslexia.
44.24	(b) identify Students in grade 3 or higher who demonstrate a reading difficulty to a
44.25	classroom teacher must be screened for characteristics of dyslexia, unless a different reason
44.26	for the reading difficulty has been identified.
44.27	(c) Reading assessments in English, and in the predominant languages of district students
44.28	where practicable, must identify and evaluate students' areas of academic need related to
44.29	literacy. The district also must monitor the progress and provide reading instruction
44.30	appropriate to the specific needs of English learners. The district must use a locally adopted,
44.31	developmentally appropriate, and culturally responsive assessment and annually report
44.32	summary assessment results to the commissioner by July 1.
45.1	(d) The district also must annually report to the commissioner by July 1 a summary of
45.2	the district's efforts to screen and identify students with:
45.0	
45.3	(1) dyslexia, using screening tools such as those recommended by the department's
45.4	dyslexia specialist; or
45.5	(2) convergence insufficiency disorder.
45.6	(b) (e) A student identified under this subdivision must be provided with alternate
45.7	instruction under section 125A.56, subdivision 1.
45.8	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2020.

- 27.13 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 120B.125, is amended to read:
 27.14 120B.125 PLANNING FOR STUDENTS' SUCCESSFUL TRANSITION TO
 27.15 POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION AND EMPLOYMENT; PERSONAL LEARNING
- 27.16 PLANS.

27.17	(a) Consistent with sections 120B.13, 120B.131, 120B.132, 120B.14, 120B.15, 120B.30,
27.18	subdivision 1, paragraph (c), 125A.08, and other related sections, school districts, beginning
27.19	in the 2013-2014 school year, must assist all students by no later than grade 9 to explore
27.20	their educational, college, and career interests, aptitudes, and aspirations and develop a plan
27.21	for a smooth and successful transition to postsecondary education or employment. All
27.22	students' plans must:
27.23	(1) provide a comprehensive plan to prepare for and complete a career and college ready
27.24	curriculum by meeting state and local academic standards and developing career and
27.25	employment-related skills such as team work, collaboration, creativity, communication,
27.26	critical thinking, and good work habits;
27.27	(2) emphasize academic rigor and high expectations and inform the student, and the
27.28	student's parent or guardian if the student is a minor, of the student's achievement level
27.29	score on the Minnesota Comprehensive Assessments that are administered during high
27.30	school;
27.31	(3) help students identify interests, aptitudes, aspirations, and personal learning styles
27.32	that may affect their career and college ready goals and postsecondary education and
27.33	employment choices;
28.1	(4) set appropriate career and college ready goals with timelines that identify effective
28.2	means for achieving those goals;
28.3	(5) help students access education and career options, including armed forces career
28.4	options;
28.5	(6) integrate strong academic content into career-focused courses and applied and
28.6	experiential learning opportunities and integrate relevant career-focused courses and applied
28.7	and experiential learning opportunities into strong academic content;
28.8	(7) help identify and access appropriate counseling and other supports and assistance
28.9	that enable students to complete required coursework, prepare for postsecondary education
28.10	and careers, and obtain information about postsecondary education costs and eligibility for
28.11	financial aid and scholarship:
20.12	(0) halo id_{int} : f_{int}
28.12 28.13	(8) help identify collaborative partnerships among prekindergarten through grade 12 schools, postsecondary institutions, economic development agencies, and local and regional
28.13	employers that support students' transition to postsecondary education and employment and
28.14	provide students with applied and experiential learning opportunities; and
28.16	(9) be reviewed and revised at least annually by the student, the student's parent or
28.17	guardian, and the school or district to ensure that the student's course-taking schedule keeps
28.18	the student making adequate progress to meet state and local academic standards and high
28.19	school graduation requirements and with a reasonable chance to succeed with employment
28.20	or postsecondary education without the need to first complete remedial course work.

28.21 28.22 28.23	(b) A school district may develop grade-level curricula or provide instruction that introduces students to various careers, but must not require any curriculum, instruction, or employment-related activity that obligates an elementary or secondary student to involuntarily
28.23	select or pursue a career, career interest, employment goals, or related job training.
28.25 28.26	(c) Educators must possess the knowledge and skills to effectively teach all English learners in their classrooms. School districts must provide appropriate curriculum, targeted
28.27	materials, professional development opportunities for educators, and sufficient resources to enable English learners to become career and college ready.
28.28	
28.29 28.30	(d) When assisting students in developing a plan for a smooth and successful transition to postsecondary education and employment, districts must recognize the unique possibilities
28.30	of each student and ensure that the contents of each student's plan reflect the student's unique
28.32	talents, skills, and abilities as the student grows, develops, and learns.
29.1	(e) If a student with a disability has an individualized education program (IEP) or
29.2	standardized written plan that meets the plan components of this section, the IEP satisfies
29.3	the requirement and no additional transition plan is needed.
29.4	(f) Students who do not meet or exceed Minnesota academic standards, as measured by
29.5 29.6	the Minnesota Comprehensive Assessments that are administered during high school, shall be informed that admission to a public school is free and available to any resident under 21
29.0	years of age or who meets the requirements of section 120A.20, subdivision 1, paragraph
29.8	(c). A student's plan under this section shall continue while the student is enrolled.
29.9	(g) A school district must provide military recruiters and representatives of organizations
29.10	promoting careers in the skilled trades and manufacturing the same access to secondary
29.11 29.12	school students as the district provides to institutions of higher education or to prospective employers of students.
29.13 29.14	(h) School districts are encouraged to sponsor an armed forces career opportunity day each school year prior to the third Thursday of November. A school district that sponsors
29.14 29.15	an armed forces career opportunity day must extend invitations to recruiters from each
29.16	branch of the United States armed forces and allow the recruiters to make presentations to
29.17	all interested secondary school students.
29.18	Sec. 4. [120B.126] CONSTRUCTION AND SKILLED TRADES COUNSELING.
29.19	The commissioner of education must collaborate with the commissioner of labor and
29.20	industry to incorporate construction and skilled trades into career counseling services for
29.21 29.22	middle and high school aged students. Career advisement should identify high-growth,
29.22 29.23	in-demand skilled trades and include information on various career paths and associated jobs, the salary profiles of those jobs, and the credentials and other training desired by
29.23	employers for those jobs.
29.25	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 120B.30, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

45.9 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 120B.30, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

45.10	Subdivision 1. Statewide testing. (a) The commissioner, with advice from experts with	29.26	Subdivision 1. Statewide testing. (a) The commissioner, with advice from experts with
45.11	appropriate technical qualifications and experience and stakeholders, consistent with	29.27	appropriate technical qualifications and experience and stakeholders, consistent with
45.12	subdivision 1a, shall include in the comprehensive assessment system, for each grade level	29.28	subdivision 1a, shall must include in the comprehensive assessment system, for each grade
45.13	to be tested, state-constructed tests developed as computer-adaptive reading and mathematics	29.29	level to be tested, state-constructed tests developed as computer-adaptive reading and
45.14	assessments for students that are aligned with the state's required academic standards under	29.30	mathematics assessments for students that are aligned with the state's required academic
45.15	section 120B.021, include multiple choice questions, and are administered annually to all	29.31	standards under section 120B.021, include multiple choice questions, and are administered
45.16	students in grades 3 through 8. Questions on state-constructed tests must be developed by	29.32	annually to all students in grades 3 through 8. State-developed high school tests aligned
45.17	licensed Minnesota teachers. State-developed high school tests aligned with the state's	29.33	with the state's required academic standards under section 120B.021 and administered to
45.18	required academic standards under section 120B.021 and administered to all high school	30.1	all high school students in a subject other than writing must include multiple choice questions
45.19	students in a subject other than writing must include multiple choice questions. The	30.2	The commissioner shall must establish one or more months during which schools shall
45.20	commissioner shall establish one or more months during which schools shall administer	30.3	administer the tests to students a testing period as late as possible each school year-during
45.21	the tests to students each school year.	30.4	which schools must administer the Minnesota Comprehensive Assessments to students. The
		30.5	commissioner must publish the testing schedule at least two years before the beginning of
		30.6	the testing period.
45.22	(1) Students enrolled in grade 8 through the 2009-2010 school year are eligible to be	30.7	(1) Students enrolled in grade 8 through the 2009-2010 school year are eligible to be
45.23	assessed under (i) the graduation-required assessment for diploma in reading, mathematics,	30.8	assessed under (i) the graduation-required assessment for diploma in reading, mathematics,
45.24	or writing under Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 120B.30, subdivision 1, paragraphs (c),	30.9	or writing under Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 120B.30, subdivision 1, paragraphs (c),
45.25	clauses (1) and (2), and (d), (ii) the WorkKeys job skills assessment, (iii) the Compass	30.10	elauses (1) and (2), and (d), (ii) the WorkKeys job skills assessment, (iii) the Compass
45.26	college placement test, (iv) the ACT assessment for college admission, (v) a nationally	30.11	college placement test, (iv) the ACT assessment for college admission, (v) a nationally
45.27	recognized armed services vocational aptitude test.	30.12	recognized armed services vocational aptitude test.
45.28	(2) Students enrolled in grade 8 in the 2010-2011 or 2011-2012 school year are eligible	30.13	(2) Students enrolled in grade 8 in the 2010-2011 or 2011-2012 school year are eligible
45.29	to be assessed under (i) the graduation-required assessment for diploma in reading,	30.14	to be assessed under (i) the graduation-required assessment for diploma in reading,
45.30	mathematics, or writing under Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 120B.30, subdivision 1,	30.15	mathematics, or writing under Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 120B.30, subdivision 1,
45.31	paragraph (c), clauses (1) and (2), (ii) the WorkKeys job skills assessment, (iii) the Compass	30.16	paragraph (c), clauses (1) and (2), (ii) the WorkKeys job skills assessment, (iii) the Compass
45.32	college placement test, (iv) the ACT assessment for college admission, (v) a nationally	30.17	college placement test, (iv) the ACT assessment for college admission, (v) a nationally
45.33	recognized armed services vocational aptitude test.	30.18	recognized armed services vocational aptitude test.
46.1	(3) For students under clause (1) or (2), a school district may substitute a score from an	30.19	(3) For students under clause (1) or (2), a school district may substitute a score from an
46.2	alternative, equivalent assessment to satisfy the requirements of this paragraph.	30.20	alternative, equivalent assessment to satisfy the requirements of this paragraph.
46.3	(b) The state assessment system must be aligned to the most recent revision of academic	30.21	(b) The state assessment system must be aligned to the most recent revision of academic
46.4	standards as described in section 120B.023 in the following manner:	30.22	standards as described in section 120B.023 in the following manner:
46.5	(1) mathematics;	30.23	(1) mathematics;
46.6	(i) grades 3 through 8 beginning in the 2010-2011 school year; and	30.24	(i) grades 3 through 8 beginning in the 2010-2011 school year; and
46.7	(ii) high school level beginning in the 2013-2014 school year;	30.25	(ii) high school level beginning in the 2013-2014 school year;
16.9		20.26	
46.8	(2) science; grades 5 and 8 and at the high school level beginning in the 2011-2012	30.26	(2) science; grades 5 and 8 and at the high school level beginning in the 2011-2012
46.9	school year; and	30.27	school year; and
46.10 46.11	(3) language arts and reading; grades 3 through 8 and high school level beginning in the 2012-2013 school year.	30.28	(3) language arts and reading; grades 3 through 8 and high school level beginning in the 2012-2013 school year.

- 46.12 (c) For students enrolled in grade 8 in the 2012-2013 school year and later, students'
- 46.13 state graduation requirements, based on a longitudinal, systematic approach to student
- 46.14 education and career planning, assessment, instructional support, and evaluation, include
- 46.15 the following:
- 46.16 (1) achievement and career and college readiness in mathematics, reading, and writing,
- 46.17 consistent with paragraph (k) and to the extent available, to monitor students' continuous
- 46.18 development of and growth in requisite knowledge and skills; analyze students' progress
- 46.19 and performance levels, identifying students' academic strengths and diagnosing areas where
- 46.20 students require curriculum or instructional adjustments, targeted interventions, or
- 46.21 remediation; and, based on analysis of students' progress and performance data, determine
- 46.22 students' learning and instructional needs and the instructional tools and best practices that
- 46.23 support academic rigor for the student; and
- 46.24 (2) consistent with this paragraph and section 120B.125, age-appropriate exploration
- 46.25 and planning activities and career assessments to encourage students to identify personally
- 46.26 relevant career interests and aptitudes and help students and their families develop a regularly
- 46.27 reexamined transition plan for postsecondary education or employment without need for
- 46.28 postsecondary remediation.
- 46.29 Based on appropriate state guidelines, students with an individualized education program
- 46.30 may satisfy state graduation requirements by achieving an individual score on the
- 46.31 state-identified alternative assessments.
- 47.1 (d) Expectations of schools, districts, and the state for career or college readiness under
- 47.2 this subdivision must be comparable in rigor, clarity of purpose, and rates of student
- 47.3 completion.
- 47.4 A student under paragraph (c), clause (1), must receive targeted, relevant, academically
- 47.5 rigorous, and resourced instruction, which may include a targeted instruction and intervention
- 47.6 plan focused on improving the student's knowledge and skills in core subjects so that the
- 47.7 student has a reasonable chance to succeed in a career or college without need for
- 47.8 postsecondary remediation. Consistent with sections 120B.13, 124D.09, 124D.091, 124D.49,
- 47.9 and related sections, an enrolling school or district must actively encourage a student in
- 47.10 grade 11 or 12 who is identified as academically ready for a career or college to participate
- 47.11 in courses and programs awarding college credit to high school students. Students are not
- 47.12 required to achieve a specified score or level of proficiency on an assessment under this
- 47.13 subdivision to graduate from high school.
- 47.14 (e) Though not a high school graduation requirement, students are encouraged to
- 47.15 participate in a nationally recognized college entrance exam. To the extent state funding
- 47.16 for college entrance exam fees is available, a district must pay the cost, one time, for an
- 47.17 interested student in grade 11 or 12 who is eligible for a free or reduced-price meal, to take
- 47.18 a nationally recognized college entrance exam before graduating. A student must be able
- 47.19 to take the exam under this paragraph at the student's high school during the school day and
- 47.20 at any one of the multiple exam administrations available to students in the district. A district

- 30.30 (c) For students enrolled in grade 8 in the 2012-2013 school year and later, students'
- 30.31 state graduation requirements, based on a longitudinal, systematic approach to student
- 30.32 education and career planning, assessment, instructional support, and evaluation, include 30.33 the following:
- 31.1 (1) achievement and career and college readiness in mathematics, reading, and writing,
- 31.2 consistent with paragraph (k) and to the extent available, to monitor students' continuous
- 31.3 development of and growth in requisite knowledge and skills; analyze students' progress
- 31.4 and performance levels, identifying students' academic strengths and diagnosing areas where
- 31.5 students require curriculum or instructional adjustments, targeted interventions, or
- 31.6 remediation; and, based on analysis of students' progress and performance data, determine
- 31.7 students' learning and instructional needs and the instructional tools and best practices that
- 31.8 support academic rigor for the student; and
- 31.9 (2) consistent with this paragraph and section 120B.125, age-appropriate exploration
- 31.10 and planning activities and career assessments to encourage students to identify personally
- 31.11 relevant career interests and aptitudes and help students and their families develop a regularly
- 31.12 reexamined transition plan for postsecondary education or employment without need for
- 31.13 postsecondary remediation.
- 31.14 Based on appropriate state guidelines, students with an individualized education program
- 31.15 may satisfy state graduation requirements by achieving an individual score on the
- 31.16 state-identified alternative assessments.
- 31.17 (d) Expectations of schools, districts, and the state for career or college readiness under
- 31.18 this subdivision must be comparable in rigor, clarity of purpose, and rates of student
- 31.19 completion.
- 31.20 A student under paragraph (c), clause (1), must receive targeted, relevant, academically
- 31.21 rigorous, and resourced instruction, which may include a targeted instruction and intervention
- 31.22 plan focused on improving the student's knowledge and skills in core subjects so that the
- 31.23 student has a reasonable chance to succeed in a career or college without need for
- 31.24 postsecondary remediation. Consistent with sections 120B.13, 124D.09, 124D.091, 124D.49,
- 31.25 and related sections, an enrolling school or district must actively encourage a student in
- 31.26 grade 11 or 12 who is identified as academically ready for a career or college to participate
- 31.27 in courses and programs awarding college credit to high school students. Students are not
- 31.28 required to achieve a specified score or level of proficiency on an assessment under this
- 31.29 subdivision to graduate from high school.
- 31.30 (e) Though not a high school graduation requirement, students are encouraged to
- 31.31 participate in a nationally recognized college entrance exam. To the extent state funding
- 31.32 for college entrance exam fees is available, a district must pay the cost, one time, for an
- 31.33 interested student in grade 11 or 12 who is eligible for a free or reduced-price meal, to take
- 31.34 a nationally recognized college entrance exam before graduating. A student must be able
- 32.1 to take the exam under this paragraph at the student's high school during the school day and
- 32.2 at any one of the multiple exam administrations available to students in the district. A district

- student opts not to take that test and chooses instead to take the other of the two tests, the 47.23
- student may take the other test at a different time or location and remains eligible for the 47.24
- examination fee reimbursement. Notwithstanding sections 123B.34 to 123B.39, a school 47.25
- district may require a student that is not eligible for a free or reduced-price meal to pay the 47.26
- cost of taking a nationally recognized college entrance exam. The district must waive the 47.27
- cost for a student unable to pay. 47.28
- 47 29 (f) The commissioner and the chancellor of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities
- must collaborate in aligning instruction and assessments for adult basic education students 47.30
- 47.31 and English learners to provide the students with diagnostic information about any targeted
- interventions, accommodations, modifications, and supports they need so that assessments 47.32
- and other performance measures are accessible to them and they may seek postsecondary 47.33
- education or employment without need for postsecondary remediation. When administering 47.34
- formative or summative assessments used to measure the academic progress, including the 47.35
- oral academic development, of English learners and inform their instruction, schools must 48.1
- ensure that the assessments are accessible to the students and students have the modifications 48.2
- and supports they need to sufficiently understand the assessments. 48.3
- (g) Districts and schools, on an annual basis, must use career exploration elements to 48.4
- help students, beginning no later than grade 9, and their families explore and plan for 48.5
- postsecondary education or careers based on the students' interests, aptitudes, and aspirations. 48.6
- Districts and schools must use timely regional labor market information and partnerships, 48.7
- among other resources, to help students and their families successfully develop, pursue, 48.8
- review, and revise an individualized plan for postsecondary education or a career. This 48.9
- process must help increase students' engagement in and connection to school, improve 48.10
- students' knowledge and skills, and deepen students' understanding of career pathways as 48.11
- a sequence of academic and career courses that lead to an industry-recognized credential, 48.12
- an associate's degree, or a bachelor's degree and are available to all students, whatever their 48.13 interests and career goals. 48.14
- 48.15 (h) A student who demonstrates attainment of required state academic standards, which include career and college readiness benchmarks, on high school assessments under 48.16
- subdivision 1a is academically ready for a career or college and is encouraged to participate 48.17
- in courses awarding college credit to high school students. Such courses and programs may 48.18
- include sequential courses of study within broad career areas and technical skill assessments 48.19
- that extend beyond course grades. 48.20

48 21 (i) As appropriate, students through grade 12 must continue to participate in targeted instruction, intervention, or remediation and be encouraged to participate in courses awarding 48.22 college credit to high school students. 48.23

- 48 24 (i) In developing, supporting, and improving students' academic readiness for a career
- or college, schools, districts, and the state must have a continuum of empirically derived, 48.25
- clearly defined benchmarks focused on students' attainment of knowledge and skills so that 48.26

- may administer the ACT or SAT or both the ACT and SAT to comply with this paragraph. 32.3
- 32.4 If the district administers only one of these two tests and a free or reduced-price meal eligible
- student opts not to take that test and chooses instead to take the other of the two tests, the 32.5
- 32.6 student may take the other test at a different time or location and remains eligible for the examination fee reimbursement. Notwithstanding sections 123B.34 to 123B.39, a school 32.7
- district may require a student that is not eligible for a free or reduced-price meal to pay the 32.8
- cost of taking a nationally recognized college entrance exam. The district must waive the 32.9
- 32.10 cost for a student unable to pay.
- 32.11 (f) The commissioner and the chancellor of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities
- must collaborate in aligning instruction and assessments for adult basic education students 32.12
- 32.13 and English learners to provide the students with diagnostic information about any targeted
- interventions, accommodations, modifications, and supports they need so that assessments 32.14
- and other performance measures are accessible to them and they may seek postsecondary 32.15
- education or employment without need for postsecondary remediation. When administering 32.16
- 32.17 formative or summative assessments used to measure the academic progress, including the
- oral academic development, of English learners and inform their instruction, schools must 32.18
- ensure that the assessments are accessible to the students and students have the modifications 32.19
- and supports they need to sufficiently understand the assessments. 32.20
- (g) Districts and schools, on an annual basis, must use career exploration elements to 32.21
- help students, beginning no later than grade 9, and their families explore and plan for 32.22
- postsecondary education or careers based on the students' interests, aptitudes, and aspirations. 32.23
- Districts and schools must use timely regional labor market information and partnerships, 32.24
- among other resources, to help students and their families successfully develop, pursue, 32.25
- review, and revise an individualized plan for postsecondary education or a career. This 32.26
- process must help increase students' engagement in and connection to school, improve 32.27
- 32.28 students' knowledge and skills, and deepen students' understanding of career pathways as
- a sequence of academic and career courses that lead to an industry-recognized credential, 32.29
- an associate's degree, or a bachelor's degree and are available to all students, whatever their 32.30
- interests and career goals. 32.31
- 32.32 (h) A student who demonstrates attainment of required state academic standards, which
- include career and college readiness benchmarks, on high school assessments under 32.33
- subdivision 1a is academically ready for a career or college and is encouraged to participate 32.34
- in courses awarding college credit to high school students. Such courses and programs may 32.35
- include sequential courses of study within broad career areas and technical skill assessments 33.1
- that extend beyond course grades. 33.2
- 33.3 (i) As appropriate, students through grade 12 must continue to participate in targeted
- instruction, intervention, or remediation and be encouraged to participate in courses awarding 33.4
- college credit to high school students. 33.5
- 33.6 (j) In developing, supporting, and improving students' academic readiness for a career
- or college, schools, districts, and the state must have a continuum of empirically derived, 33.7
- clearly defined benchmarks focused on students' attainment of knowledge and skills so that 33.8

47.21 may administer the ACT or SAT or both the ACT and SAT to comply with this paragraph. 47.22 If the district administers only one of these two tests and a free or reduced-price meal eligible

- 48.27 students, their parents, and teachers know how well students must perform to have a
- 48.28 reasonable chance to succeed in a career or college without need for postsecondary
- 48.29 remediation. The commissioner, in consultation with local school officials and educators,
- 48.30 and Minnesota's public postsecondary institutions must ensure that the foundational
- 48.31 knowledge and skills for students' successful performance in postsecondary employment
- 48.32 or education and an articulated series of possible targeted interventions are clearly identified
- 48.33 and satisfy Minnesota's postsecondary admissions requirements.

49.1 (k) For students in grade 8 in the 2012-2013 school year and later, a school, district, or

- 49.2 charter school must record on the high school transcript a student's progress toward career
- 49.3 and college readiness, and for other students as soon as practicable.

49.4 (1) The school board granting students their diplomas may formally decide to include a
49.5 notation of high achievement on the high school diplomas of those graduating seniors who,
49.6 according to established school board criteria, demonstrate exemplary academic achievement

49.6 according to established school board chiena, demonstrate exemplary academic achievement49.7 during high school.

49.8 (m) The 3rd through 8th grade computer-adaptive assessment results and high school

- 49.9 test results shall be available to districts for diagnostic purposes affecting student learning
- 49.10 and district instruction and curriculum, and for establishing educational accountability. The
- 49.11 commissioner must establish empirically derived benchmarks on adaptive assessments in
- 49.12 grades 3 through 8. The commissioner, in consultation with the chancellor of the Minnesota
 49.13 State Colleges and Universities, must establish empirically derived benchmarks on the high
- 49.15 State Concess and Oniversities, must establish empirically derived benchmarks on the n 49.14 school tests that reveal a trajectory toward career and college readiness consistent with
- 49.14 school tests that reveal a trajectory toward career and conege readiness consistent with 49.15 section 136F.302, subdivision 1a. The commissioner must disseminate to the public the
- 49.16 computer-adaptive assessments and high school test results upon receiving those results.
- 49.17 (n) The grades 3 through 8 computer-adaptive assessments and high school tests must
- 49.18 be aligned with state academic standards. The commissioner shall determine the testing
- 49.19 process and the order of administration. The statewide results shall be aggregated at the site
- 49.20 and district level, consistent with subdivision 1a.

49.21 (o) The commissioner shall include the following components in the statewide public49.22 reporting system:

- 49.23 (1) uniform statewide computer-adaptive assessments of all students in grades 3 through
- 49.24 8 and testing at the high school levels that provides appropriate, technically sound
- 49.25 accommodations or alternate assessments;
- 49.26 (2) educational indicators that can be aggregated and compared across school districts
- 49.27 and across time on a statewide basis, including average daily attendance, high school
- 49.28 graduation rates, and high school drop-out rates by age and grade level;
- 49.29 (3) state results on the American College Test; and

- 33.9 students, their parents, and teachers know how well students must perform to have a
- 33.10 reasonable chance to succeed in a career or college without need for postsecondary
- 33.11 remediation. The commissioner, in consultation with local school officials and educators,
- 33.12 and Minnesota's public postsecondary institutions must ensure that the foundational
- 33.13 knowledge and skills for students' successful performance in postsecondary employment
- 33.14 or education and an articulated series of possible targeted interventions are clearly identified
- 33.15 and satisfy Minnesota's postsecondary admissions requirements.
- 33.16 (k) For students in grade 8 in the 2012-2013 school year and later, a school, district, or
- 33.17 charter school must record on the high school transcript a student's progress toward career
- 33.18 and college readiness, and for other students as soon as practicable.
- 33.19 (1) The school board granting students their diplomas may formally decide to include a
- 33.20 notation of high achievement on the high school diplomas of those graduating seniors who,
- 33.21 according to established school board criteria, demonstrate exemplary academic achievement 33.22 during high school.
- 33.23 (m) The 3rd through 8th grade computer-adaptive assessment results and high school
- 33.24 test results shall must be available to districts for diagnostic purposes affecting student
- 33.25 learning and district instruction and curriculum, and for establishing educational
- 33.26 accountability. The commissioner must establish empirically derived benchmarks on adaptive
- 33.27 assessments in grades 3 through 8. The commissioner, in consultation with the chancellor
- 33.28 of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities, must establish empirically derived
- 33.29 benchmarks on the high school tests that reveal a trajectory toward career and college
- 33.30 readiness consistent with section 136F.302, subdivision 1a. The commissioner must
- 33.31 disseminate to the public the computer-adaptive assessments and high school test results
- 33.32 upon receiving those results.
- 33.33 (n) The grades 3 through 8 computer-adaptive assessments and high school tests must
- 33.34 be aligned with state academic standards. The commissioner shall must determine the testing
- 34.1 process and the order of administration. The statewide results shall must be aggregated at
- 34.2 the site and district level, consistent with subdivision 1a.
- 34.3 (o) The commissioner shall must include the following components in the statewide
 34.4 public reporting system:
- 34.5 (1) uniform statewide computer-adaptive assessments of all students in grades 3 through
- 34.6 8 and testing at the high school levels that provides appropriate, technically sound
- 34.7 accommodations or alternate assessments;
- 34.8 (2) educational indicators that can be aggregated and compared across school districts
- 34.9 and across time on a statewide basis, including average daily attendance, high school
- 34.10 graduation rates, and high school drop-out rates by age and grade level;
- 34.11 (3) state results on the American College Test; and

- 49.30 (4) state results from participation in the National Assessment of Educational Progress
- 49.31 so that the state can benchmark its performance against the nation and other states, and,
- 49.32 where possible, against other countries, and contribute to the national effort to monitor 49.33 achievement.
- 50.1 (p) For purposes of statewide accountability, "career and college ready" means a high
- 50.2 school graduate has the knowledge, skills, and competencies to successfully pursue a career
- 50.3 pathway, including postsecondary credit leading to a degree, diploma, certificate, or
- 50.4 industry-recognized credential and employment. Students who are career and college ready
- 50.5 are able to successfully complete credit-bearing coursework at a two- or four-year college
- 50.6 or university or other credit-bearing postsecondary program without need for remediation.
- 50.7 (q) For purposes of statewide accountability, "cultural competence," "cultural
- 50.8 competency," or "culturally competent" means the ability of families and educators to
- 50.9 interact effectively with people of different cultures, native languages, and socioeconomic 50.10 backgrounds.
- 50.11 (r) For purposes of statewide accountability, an understanding of "civic life" means
- 50.12 student learning experiences that include public engagement activities such as:
- 50.13 (1) volunteering as an election judge;
- 50.14 (2) serving as a poll watcher;
- 50.15 (3) contacting public officials on a matter of public interest;
- 50.16 (4) writing a letter to the editor;
- 50.17 (5) registering to vote or participating in a nonpartisan voter registration drive; or
- 50.18 (6) other public interest activities authorized by the school board, including but not
- 50.19 limited to:
- 50.20 (i) volunteering on a matter of political interest;
- 50.21 (ii) participating in a nonprofit organization; or
- 50.22 (iii) participating in a charity event.
- 50.23 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 120B.30, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
- 50.24 Subd. 1a. Statewide and local assessments; results. (a) For purposes of this section,
- 50.25 the following definitions have the meanings given them.
- 50.26 (1) "Computer-adaptive assessments" means fully adaptive assessments.

- 34.12 (4) state results from participation in the National Assessment of Educational Progress
- 34.13 so that the state can benchmark its performance against the nation and other states, and,
- 34.14 where possible, against other countries, and contribute to the national effort to monitor 34.15 achievement.
- 34.16 (p) For purposes of statewide accountability, "career and college ready" means a high
- 34.17 school graduate has the knowledge, skills, and competencies to successfully pursue a career
- 34.18 pathway, including postsecondary credit leading to a degree, diploma, certificate, or
- 34.19 industry-recognized credential and employment. Students who are career and college ready
- 34.20 are able to successfully complete credit-bearing coursework at a two- or four-year college
- 34.21 or university or other credit-bearing postsecondary program without need for remediation.
- 34.22 (q) For purposes of statewide accountability, "cultural competence," "cultural
- 34.23 competency," or "culturally competent" means the ability of families and educators to
- 34.24 interact effectively with people of different cultures, native languages, and socioeconomic
- 34.25 backgrounds.

34.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Paragraph (a) is effective for testing calendars in the 2021-2022

34.27 school year and later.

50.27	(2) "Fully adaptive assessments" include test items that are on-grade level and items that
50.28	may be above or below a student's grade level.
50.29	(3) "On-grade level" test items contain subject area content that is aligned to state
50.30	academic standards for the grade level of the student taking the assessment.
51.1	(4) "Above-grade level" test items contain subject area content that is above the grade
51.2	level of the student taking the assessment and is considered aligned with state academic
51.3	standards to the extent it is aligned with content represented in state academic standards
51.4	above the grade level of the student taking the assessment. Notwithstanding the student's
51.5	grade level, administering above grade level test items to a student does not violate the
51.6	requirement that state assessments must be aligned with state standards.
51.7	(5) "Below-grade level" test items contain subject area content that is below the grade
51.8	level of the student taking the test and is considered aligned with state academic standards
51.9	to the extent it is aligned with content represented in state academic standards below the
51.10	student's current grade level. Notwithstanding the student's grade level, administering
51.11	below-grade level test items to a student does not violate the requirement that state
51.12	assessments must be aligned with state standards.
51.13	(b) (a) The commissioner must use fully adaptive mathematics and reading assessments
51.14	for grades 3 through 8.
61.16	
51.15	$\frac{(e)}{(b)}$ For purposes of conforming with existing federal educational accountability
51.16	requirements, the commissioner must develop and implement computer-adaptive reading
51.17 51.18	and mathematics assessments for grades 3 through 8, state-developed high school reading and mathematics tests aligned with state academic standards, a high school writing test
51.18	aligned with state standards when it becomes available, and science assessments under
51.19	clause (2) that districts and sites must use to monitor student growth toward achieving those
51.20	standards. The commissioner must not develop statewide assessments for academic standards
51.22	in social studies, health and physical education, and the arts. The commissioner must require:
31.22	in social studies, nearth and physical education, and the arts. The commissioner must require.
51.23	(1) annual computer-adaptive reading and mathematics assessments in grades 3 through
51.24	8, and high school reading, writing, and mathematics tests; and
51.25	(2) annual science assessments in one grade in the grades 3 through 5 span, the grades
51.26	6 through 8 span, and a life sciences assessment in the grades 9 through 12 span, and the
51.27	commissioner must not require students to achieve a passing score on high school science
51.28	assessments as a condition of receiving a high school diploma.
51.29	$\frac{d}{d}$ (c) The commissioner must ensure that for annual computer-adaptive assessments:
31.29	$\frac{(u)}{(u)}$ The commissioner must ensure that for annual computer-adaptive assessments.
51.30	(1) individual student performance data and achievement reports are available within
51.31	three school days of when students take an assessment except in a year when an assessment
51.32	reflects new performance standards;
52.1	(2) growth information is available for each student from the student's first assessment
52.2	

52.2 to each proximate assessment using a constant measurement scale;

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- 52.4 school student performance data to project students' secondary and postsecondary
- 52.5 achievement; and
- 52.6 (4) useful diagnostic information about areas of students' academic strengths and
- 52.7 weaknesses is available to teachers and school administrators for improving student
- 52.8 instruction and indicating the specific skills and concepts that should be introduced and
- 52.9 developed for students at given performance levels, organized by strands within subject
- 52.10 areas, and aligned to state academic standards.
- 52.11 (e) (d) The commissioner must ensure that all state tests administered to elementary and
- 52.12 secondary students measure students' academic knowledge and skills and not students'
- 52.13 values, attitudes, and beliefs.
- 52.14 (f) (e) Reporting of state assessment results must:
- 52.15 (1) provide timely, useful, and understandable information on the performance of
- 52.16 individual students, schools, school districts, and the state;
- 52.17 (2) include a growth indicator of student achievement; and
- 52.18 (3) determine whether students have met the state's academic standards.
- 52.19 (g) (f) Consistent with applicable federal law, the commissioner must include appropriate,
- 52.20 technically sound accommodations or alternative assessments for the very few students with
- 52.21 disabilities for whom statewide assessments are inappropriate and for English learners.
- 52.22 (h) (g) A school, school district, and charter school must administer statewide assessments
- 52.23 under this section, as the assessments become available, to evaluate student progress toward
- 52.24 career and college readiness in the context of the state's academic standards. A school,
- 52.25 school district, or charter school may use a student's performance on a statewide assessment
- 52.26 as one of multiple criteria to determine grade promotion or retention. A school, school
- 52.27 district, or charter school may use a high school student's performance on a statewide
- 52.28 assessment as a percentage of the student's final grade in a course, or place a student's
- 52.29 assessment score on the student's transcript.

- 34.28 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 120B.30, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- 34.29 Subd. 3. **Reporting.** (a) The commissioner shall must report test results publicly and to
- 34.30 stakeholders, including the performance achievement levels developed from students'
- 34.31 unweighted test scores in each tested subject and a listing of demographic factors that
- 34.32 strongly correlate with student performance, including student homelessness, as data are
- 35.1 available, among other factors. The test results must not include personally identifiable
- 35.2 information as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 34, section 99.3. The

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35.3	commissioner shall must also report data that compares performance results among school
35.4	sites, school districts, Minnesota and other states, and Minnesota and other nations.
35.5	(b) The commissioner shall must disseminate to schools and school districts a more
35.6	comprehensive report containing testing information that meets local needs for evaluating
35.7 35.8	instruction and curriculum. The commissioner shall <u>must</u> disseminate to charter school authorizers a more comprehensive report containing testing information that contains
35.8 35.9	anonymized data where cell count data are sufficient to protect student identity and that
35.10	meets the authorizer's needs in fulfilling its obligations under chapter 124E.
35.11	(c) A school district must disseminate the individual student performance data and
35.12	achievement report required under section 120B.30, subdivision 1a, paragraph (d), clause
35.13	(1), to the parent and teacher of each student no more than 30 days after the district has
35.14	administered the test to a student. The district must notify the parent and teacher that the data and report are preliminary and subject to validation.
35.15	
35.16	(d) A school district must disseminate a testing report to the teacher and to the parent
35.17	of each student before the beginning of the following school year. The testing report must:
35.18	(1) identify the student's achievement level in each content area; and
35.19	(2) track the student's performance history.
35.20	EFFECTIVE DATE. Paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) are effective for the 2019-2020 school
35.21	year and later. Paragraph (d) is effective for the 2020-2021 school year and later.
35.22	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 120B.35, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
35.23	Subd. 3. State growth target; other state measures. (a)(1) The state's educational
35.24	assessment system measuring individual students' educational growth is based on indicators
35.25	of achievement growth that show an individual student's prior achievement. Indicators of
35.26 35.27	achievement and prior achievement must be based on highly reliable statewide or districtwide assessments.
35.28	(2) For purposes of paragraphs (b), (c), and (d), the commissioner must analyze and
35.29 35.30	report separate categories of information using the student categories identified under the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act, as most recently reauthorized, and, in
35.30	addition to "other" for each race and ethnicity, and the Karen community, seven of the most
35.32	populous Asian and Pacific Islander groups, three of the most populous Native groups,
35.33	seven of the most populous Hispanic/Latino groups, and five of the most populous Black
36.1	and African Heritage groups as determined by the total Minnesota population based on the
36.2	most recent American Community Survey; English learners under section 124D.59; home
36.3	language; free or reduced-price lunch; and all students enrolled in a Minnesota public school who are currently or were previously in foster care, except that such disaggregation and
36.4 36.5	cross tabulation is not required if the number of students in a category is insufficient to yield
36.6	statistically reliable information or the results would reveal personally identifiable information
36.7	about an individual student.

- 52.30 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 120B.35, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- 52.31 Subd. 3. State growth target; other state measures. (a)(1) The state's educational
- 52.32 assessment system measuring individual students' educational growth is based on indicators
- 53.1 of achievement growth that show an individual student's prior achievement. Indicators of
- achievement and prior achievement must be based on highly reliable statewide or districtwideassessments.
- 53.4 (2) For purposes of paragraphs (b), (c), and (d), the commissioner must analyze and
- 53.5 report separate categories of information using the student categories identified under the
- 53.6 federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act, as most recently reauthorized, and, in
- 53.7 addition to "other" for each race and ethnicity, and the Karen community, seven of the most
- 53.8 populous Asian and Pacific Islander groups, three of the most populous Native groups,
- 53.9 seven of the most populous Hispanic/Latino groups, and five of the most populous Black
- 53.10 and African Heritage groups as determined by the total Minnesota population based on the
- 53.11 most recent American Community Survey; English learners under section 124D.59; home
- 53.12 language; free or reduced-price lunch; and all students enrolled in a Minnesota public school
- 53.13 who are currently or were previously in foster care, except that such disaggregation and
- 53.14 cross tabulation is not required if the number of students in a category is insufficient to yield
- 53.15 statistically reliable information or the results would reveal personally identifiable information
- 53.16 about an individual student.

- 53.18 and evaluation directors, district staff, experts in culturally responsive teaching, and
- 53.19 researchers, must implement a growth model that uses a value-added growth indicator and
- 53.20 that compares the difference in students' achievement scores over time, and includes criteria
- 53.21 for identifying schools and school districts that demonstrate medium and high growth under
- 53.22 section 120B.299, subdivisions 8 and 9, and may recommend other value-added measures
- 53.23 under section 120B.299, subdivision 3 academic progress. The model may be used to advance
- 53.24 educators' professional development and replicate programs that succeed in meeting students'
- 53.25 diverse learning needs. Data on individual teachers generated under the model are personnel
- 53.26 data under section 13.43. The model must allow users to:
- 53.27 (1) report student growth consistent with this paragraph; and
- 53.28 (2) for all student categories, report and compare aggregated and disaggregated state
- 53.29 student growth and, under section 120B.11, subdivision 2, clause (2), student learning and
- 53.30 outcome data using the student categories identified under the federal Elementary and
- 53.31 Secondary Education Act, as most recently reauthorized, and other student categories under 53.32 paragraph (a), clause (2).
- 53.33 The commissioner must report measures of student growth and, under section 120B.11,
- 53.34 subdivision 2, clause (2), student learning and outcome data, consistent with this paragraph,
- 54.1 including the English language development, academic progress, and oral academic
- 54.2 development of English learners and their native language development if the native language
- 54.3 is used as a language of instruction, and include data on all pupils enrolled in a Minnesota
- 54.4 public school course or program who are currently or were previously counted as an English 54.5 learner under section 124D 59
- 54.6 (c) When reporting student performance under section 120B.36, subdivision 1, the
- 54.7 commissioner annually, beginning July 1, 2011, must report two core measures indicating
- 54.8 the extent to which current high school graduates are being prepared for postsecondary
- 54.9 academic and career opportunities:
- 54.10 (1) a preparation measure indicating the number and percentage of high school graduates
- 54.11 in the most recent school year who completed course work important to preparing them for
- 54.12 postsecondary academic and career opportunities, consistent with the core academic subjects
- 54.13 required for admission to Minnesota's public colleges and universities as determined by the
- 54.14 Office of Higher Education under chapter 136A; and
- 54.15 (2) a rigorous coursework measure indicating the number and percentage of high school
- 54.16 graduates in the most recent school year who successfully completed one or more
- 54.17 college-level advanced placement, international baccalaureate, postsecondary enrollment
- 54.18 options including concurrent enrollment, other rigorous courses of study under section
- 54.19 120B.021, subdivision 1a, or industry certification courses or programs.
- 54.20 When reporting the core measures under clauses (1) and (2), the commissioner must also
- 54.21 analyze and report separate categories of information using the student categories identified

- 36.8 (b) The commissioner, in consultation with a stakeholder group that includes assessment
- 36.9 and evaluation directors, district staff, experts in culturally responsive teaching, and

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- 36.10 researchers, must implement a growth model that uses a value-added growth indicator and
- 36.11 that compares the difference in students' achievement scores over time, and includes criteria
- 36.12 for identifying schools and school districts that demonstrate medium and high growth under
- 36.13 section 120B.299, subdivisions 8 and 9, and may recommend other value-added measures
- 36.14 under section 120B.299, subdivision 3 academic progress. The model may be used to advance
- 36.15 educators' professional development and replicate programs that succeed in meeting students'
- 36.16 diverse learning needs. Data on individual teachers generated under the model are personnel
- 36.17 data under section 13.43. The model must allow users to:
- 36.18 (1) report student growth consistent with this paragraph; and
- 36.19 (2) for all student categories, report and compare aggregated and disaggregated state
- 36.20 student growth and, under section 120B.11, subdivision 2, clause (2), student learning and
- 36.21 outcome data using the student categories identified under the federal Elementary and
- 36.22 Secondary Education Act, as most recently reauthorized, and other student categories under
- 36.23 paragraph (a), clause (2).
- 36.24 The commissioner must report measures of student growth and, under section 120B.11,
- 36.25 subdivision 2, clause (2), student learning and outcome data, consistent with this paragraph,
- 36.26 including the English language development, academic progress, and oral academic
- 36.27 development of English learners and their native language development if the native language
- 36.28 is used as a language of instruction, and include data on all pupils enrolled in a Minnesota
- 36.29 public school course or program who are currently or were previously counted as an English
- 36.30 learner under section 124D.59.
- 36.31 (c) When reporting student performance under section 120B.36, subdivision 1, the
- 36.32 commissioner annually, beginning July 1, 2011, must report two core measures indicating
- 36.33 the extent to which current high school graduates are being prepared for postsecondary
- 36.34 academic and career opportunities:
- 37.1 (1) a preparation measure indicating the number and percentage of high school graduates
- in the most recent school year who completed course work important to preparing them for
- 37.3 postsecondary academic and career opportunities, consistent with the core academic subjects
- 37.4 required for admission to Minnesota's public colleges and universities as determined by the
- 37.5 Office of Higher Education under chapter 136A; and
- 37.6 (2) a rigorous coursework measure indicating the number and percentage of high school
- 37.7 graduates in the most recent school year who successfully completed one or more
- 37.8 college-level advanced placement, international baccalaureate, postsecondary enrollment
- 37.9 options including concurrent enrollment, other rigorous courses of study under section
- 37.10 120B.021, subdivision 1a, or industry certification courses or programs.
- 37.11 When reporting the core measures under clauses (1) and (2), the commissioner must also
- 37.12 analyze and report separate categories of information using the student categories identified

- under the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act, as most recently reauthorized. 54.22
- and other student categories under paragraph (a), clause (2). 54.23

54.24 (d) When reporting student performance under section 120B.36, subdivision 1, the

- commissioner annually, beginning July 1, 2014, must report summary data on school safety 54.25
- and students' engagement and connection at school, consistent with the student categories 54.26
- identified under paragraph (a), clause (2). The summary data under this paragraph are 54.27
- separate from and must not be used for any purpose related to measuring or evaluating the 54.28
- performance of classroom teachers. The commissioner, in consultation with qualified experts 54.29
- 54.30 on student engagement and connection and classroom teachers, must identify highly reliable variables that generate summary data under this paragraph. The summary data may be used
- 54.31 54.32 at school, district, and state levels only. Any data on individuals received, collected, or
- created that are used to generate the summary data under this paragraph are nonpublic data 54.33
- under section 13.02, subdivision 9. 54.34
- (e) For purposes of statewide educational accountability, the commissioner must identify 55.1
- and report measures that demonstrate the success of learning year program providers under 55.2
- sections 123A.05 and 124D.68, among other such providers, in improving students' 55.3
- graduation outcomes. The commissioner, beginning July 1, 2015, must annually report 55.4
- 55.5 summary data on:
- (1) the four- and six-year graduation rates of students under this paragraph; 55.6
- (2) the percent of students under this paragraph whose progress and performance levels 55.7
- are meeting career and college readiness benchmarks under section 120B.30, subdivision 55.8
- 55.9 1: and
- 55.10 (3) the success that learning year program providers experience in:
- (i) identifying at-risk and off-track student populations by grade; 55.11
- 55.12 (ii) providing successful prevention and intervention strategies for at-risk students;
- 55.13 (iii) providing successful recuperative and recovery or reenrollment strategies for off-track 55.14 students; and
- (iv) improving the graduation outcomes of at-risk and off-track students. 55.15
- 55.16 The commissioner may include in the annual report summary data on other education providers serving a majority of students eligible to participate in a learning year program. 55.17
- 55.18 (f) The commissioner, in consultation with recognized experts with knowledge and
- 55.19 experience in assessing the language proficiency and academic performance of all English
- learners enrolled in a Minnesota public school course or program who are currently or were 55.20
- previously counted as an English learner under section 124D.59, must identify and report 55.21
- appropriate and effective measures to improve current categories of language difficulty and 55.22
- 55.23 assessments, and monitor and report data on students' English proficiency levels, program
- placement, and academic language development, including oral academic language. 55.24

- under the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act, as most recently reauthorized. 37.13
- 37.14 and other student categories under paragraph (a), clause (2).
- 37.15 (d) When reporting student performance under section 120B.36, subdivision 1, the
- 37.16 commissioner annually, beginning July 1, 2014, must report summary data on school safety
- and students' engagement and connection at school, consistent with the student categories 37.17
- identified under paragraph (a), clause (2). The summary data under this paragraph are 37.18
- separate from and must not be used for any purpose related to measuring or evaluating the 37.19
- performance of classroom teachers. The commissioner, in consultation with qualified experts 37.20
- on student engagement and connection and classroom teachers, must identify highly reliable 37.21
- variables that generate summary data under this paragraph. The summary data may be used 37.22
- 37.23 at school, district, and state levels only. Any data on individuals received, collected, or
- created that are used to generate the summary data under this paragraph are nonpublic data 37.24
- 37.25 under section 13.02, subdivision 9.
- (e) For purposes of statewide educational accountability, the commissioner must identify 37.26
- and report measures that demonstrate the success of learning year program providers under 37.27
- sections 123A.05 and 124D.68, among other such providers, in improving students' 37.28
- graduation outcomes. The commissioner, beginning July 1, 2015, must annually report 37.29
- 37.30 summary data on:
- (1) the four- and six-year graduation rates of students under this paragraph; 37.31
- (2) the percent of students under this paragraph whose progress and performance levels 37.32
- are meeting career and college readiness benchmarks under section 120B.30, subdivision 37.33 37.34 1; and
- 38.1 (3) the success that learning year program providers experience in:
- (i) identifying at-risk and off-track student populations by grade; 38.2
- 38.3 (ii) providing successful prevention and intervention strategies for at-risk students;
- 38.4 (iii) providing successful recuperative and recovery or reenrollment strategies for off-track 38.5 students; and
- 38.6 (iv) improving the graduation outcomes of at-risk and off-track students.
- 38.7 The commissioner may include in the annual report summary data on other education providers serving a majority of students eligible to participate in a learning year program. 38.8
- 38.9 (f) The commissioner, in consultation with recognized experts with knowledge and
- 38.10 experience in assessing the language proficiency and academic performance of all English
- learners enrolled in a Minnesota public school course or program who are currently or were 38.11
- previously counted as an English learner under section 124D.59, must identify and report 38.12
- appropriate and effective measures to improve current categories of language difficulty and 38.13
- 38.14 assessments, and monitor and report data on students' English proficiency levels, program
- placement, and academic language development, including oral academic language. 38.15

(g) When reporting four- and six-year graduation rates, the commissioner or school
district must disaggregate the data by student categories according to paragraph (a), clause
(2).

- 55.28 (h) A school district must inform parents and guardians that volunteering information
- 55.29 on student categories not required by the most recent reauthorization of the Elementary and
- 55.30 Secondary Education Act is optional and will not violate the privacy of students or their
- 55.31 families, parents, or guardians. The notice must state the purpose for collecting the student
- 55.32 data.

56.1 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 120B.36, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

- 56.2 Subdivision 1. School performance reports and public reporting. (a) The commissioner
- shall report student academic performance data under section 120B.35, subdivisions 2 and
- 56.4 3; the percentages of students showing low, medium, and high growth under section 120B.35,
- 56.5 subdivision 3, paragraph (b) academic progress consistent with federal expectations; school
- safety and student engagement and connection under section 120B.35, subdivision 3,
- 56.7 paragraph (d); rigorous coursework under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (c);
- the percentage of students under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2),
- 56.9 whose progress and performance levels are meeting career and college readiness benchmarks
- 56.10 under sections 120B.30, subdivision 1, and 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (e);
- 56.11 longitudinal data on the progress of eligible districts in reducing disparities in students' 56.12 academic achievement and realizing racial and economic integration under section 124D.861;
- 56.12 academic achievement and realizing racial and economic integration under section 1242 56.13 the acquisition of English, and where practicable, native language academic literacy,
- 56.14 including oral academic language, and the academic progress of all English learners enrolled
- 56.15 in a Minnesota public school course or program who are currently or were previously counted
- 56.16 as English learners under section 124D.59; two separate student-to-teacher ratios that clearly
- 56.17 indicate the definition of teacher consistent with sections 122A.06 and 122A.15 for purposes
- 56.18 of determining these ratios; staff characteristics excluding salaries; student enrollment
- 56.19 demographics; foster care status, including all students enrolled in a Minnesota public school
- 56.20 course or program who are currently or were previously in foster care, student homelessness,
- 56.21 and district mobility; and extracurricular activities.

(g) When reporting four- and six-year graduation rates, the commissioner or school
district must disaggregate the data by student categories according to paragraph (a), clause
(2).

38.19 (h) A school district must inform parents and guardians that volunteering information

- 38.20 on student categories not required by the most recent reauthorization of the Elementary and
- 38.21 Secondary Education Act is optional and will not violate the privacy of students or their
- 38.22 families, parents, or guardians. The notice must state the purpose for collecting the student
- 38.23 data.

38.24 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 120B.36, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

38.25 Subdivision 1. School performance reports and public reporting. (a) The commissioner
 38.26 shall report

38.27 (1) student academic performance data under section 120B.35, subdivisions 2 and 3;

- 38.28 the percentages of students showing low, medium, and high growth under section
- 38.29 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (b) (2) academic progress consistent with federal

38.30 expectations;

- 39.1 (3) school safety and student engagement and connection under section 120B.35,
 39.2 subdivision 3, paragraph (d);
- 39.3 (4) rigorous coursework under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (c);
- 39.4 (5) the percentage of students under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause
- 39.5 (2), whose progress and performance levels are meeting career and college readiness
- 39.6 benchmarks under sections 120B.30, subdivision 1, and 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph
- 39.7 (e);

39.8 (6) longitudinal data on the progress of eligible districts in reducing disparities in students' 39.9 academic achievement and realizing racial and economic integration under section 124D.861;

- 39.10 (7) the acquisition of English, and where practicable, native language academic literacy,
- 39.11 including oral academic language, and the academic progress of all English learners enrolled
- 39.12 in a Minnesota public school course or program who are currently or were previously counted
- 39.13 as English learners under section 124D.59;

39.14 (8) two separate student-to-teacher ratios that clearly indicate the definition of teacher 39.15 consistent with sections 122A.06 and 122A.15 for purposes of determining these ratios;

- 39.16 (9) staff characteristics excluding salaries;
- 39.17 (10) student enrollment demographics;

56.22 (b) The school performance report for a school site and a school district must include

- 56.23 school performance reporting information and calculate proficiency rates as required by the
- 56.24 most recently reauthorized Elementary and Secondary Education Act.

56.25 (c) The commissioner shall develop, annually update, and post on the department website 56.26 school performance reports consistent with paragraph (a) and section 120B.11.

(d) The commissioner must make available performance reports by the beginning ofeach school year.

56.29 (e) A school or district may appeal its results in a form and manner determined by the

56.30 commissioner and consistent with federal law. The commissioner's decision to uphold or 56.31 deny an appeal is final.

56.32 (f) School performance data are nonpublic data under section 13.02, subdivision 9, until

56.33 the commissioner publicly releases the data. The commissioner shall annually post school

56.34 performance reports to the department's public website no later than September 1, except

- 57.1 that in years when the reports reflect new performance standards, the commissioner shall
- 57.2 post the school performance reports no later than October 1.

57.3 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 121A.41, is amended by adding a subdivision 57.4 to read:

57.5 Subd. 12. Nonexclusionary disciplinary policies and practices; alternatives to pupil

- 57.6 removal and dismissal. "Nonexclusionary disciplinary policies and practices" means
- 57.7 policies and practices that are alternatives to removing a pupil from class or dismissing a
- 57.8 pupil from school, including evidence-based positive behavioral interventions and supports,
- 57.9 social and emotional services, school-linked mental health services, counseling services,
- 57.10 social work services, referrals for special education or 504 evaluations, academic screening
- 57.11 for Title I services or reading interventions, and alternative education services.
- 57.12 Nonexclusionary disciplinary policies and practices require school officials to intervene in,
- 57.13 redirect, and support a pupil's behavior before removing a pupil from class or beginning
- 57.14 dismissal proceedings. Nonexclusionary disciplinary policies and practices include but are
- 57.15 not limited to the policies and practices under sections 120B.12; 121A.031, subdivision 4,
- 57.16 paragraph (a), clause (1); 121A.575, clauses (1) and (2); 121A.61, subdivision 3, paragraph
- 57.17 (q); and 122A.627, clause (3).
- 57.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for the 2019-2020 school year and later.

39.18 (11) foster care status, including all students enrolled in a Minnesota public school course 39.19 or program who are currently or were previously in foster care, student homelessness, and

39.20 district mobility; and

39.21 (12) extracurricular activities.

39.22 (b) The school performance report for a school site and a school district must include

- 39.23 school performance reporting information and calculate proficiency rates as required by the
- 39.24 most recently reauthorized Elementary and Secondary Education Act.

39.25 (c) The commissioner shall develop, annually update, and post on the department website
39.26 school performance reports consistent with paragraph (a) and section 120B.11.

39.27 (d) The commissioner must make available performance reports by the beginning of39.28 each school year.

- 39.29 (e) A school or district may appeal its results in a form and manner determined by the
- 39.30 commissioner and consistent with federal law. The commissioner's decision to uphold or
- 39.31 deny an appeal is final.
- 40.1 (f) School performance data are nonpublic data under section 13.02, subdivision 9, until
- 40.2 the commissioner publicly releases the data. The commissioner shall annually post school
- 40.3 performance reports to the department's public website no later than September 1, except
- 40.4 that in years when the reports reflect new performance standards, the commissioner shall
- 40.5 post the school performance reports no later than October 1.
- 40.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for the 2019-2020 school year and later.

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57.19 57.20	Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 121A.41, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
57.21	Subd. 13. Pupil withdrawal agreements. "Pupil withdrawal agreements" means a verbal
57.22	or written agreement between a school or district administrator and a pupil's parent or
57.23	guardian to withdraw a student from the school district to avoid expulsion or exclusion
57.24	dismissal proceedings. The duration of the withdrawal agreement may be no longer than
57.25	12 months.
57.26	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2019-2020 school year and later.
57.27	Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 121A.45, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
57.28	Subdivision 1. Provision of alternative programs. No school shall dismiss any pupil
57.29	without attempting to provide alternative educational services use nonexclusionary
57.30	disciplinary policies and practices before a dismissal proceedings proceeding or a pupil
57.31	withdrawal agreement, except where it appears that the pupil will create an immediate and
57.32	substantial danger to self or to surrounding persons or property.
58.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2019-2020 school year and later.
58.2	Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 121A.46, is amended by adding a subdivision
58.3	to read:
58.4	Subd. 5. Suspensions exceeding five consecutive school days. A school administrator
58.4 58.5	Subd. 5. Suspensions exceeding five consecutive school days. A school administrator must ensure that when a pupil is suspended for more than five consecutive school days
58.5	must ensure that when a pupil is suspended for more than five consecutive school days,
58.5 58.6	must ensure that when a pupil is suspended for more than five consecutive school days, alternative education services are provided.
58.5	must ensure that when a pupil is suspended for more than five consecutive school days,
58.5 58.6	must ensure that when a pupil is suspended for more than five consecutive school days, alternative education services are provided.
58.5 58.6 58.7	must ensure that when a pupil is suspended for more than five consecutive school days, alternative education services are provided. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2019-2020 school year and later.
58.5 58.6 58.7 58.8	must ensure that when a pupil is suspended for more than five consecutive school days, alternative education services are provided. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2019-2020 school year and later. Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 121A.46, is amended by adding a subdivision
58.5 58.6 58.7 58.8 58.9	must ensure that when a pupil is suspended for more than five consecutive school days, alternative education services are provided. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2019-2020 school year and later. Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 121A.46, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
58.5 58.6 58.7 58.8 58.9 58.10	must ensure that when a pupil is suspended for more than five consecutive school days, alternative education services are provided. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2019-2020 school year and later. Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 121A.46, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: Subd. 6. Minimum education services. School officials must give a suspended pupil
58.5 58.6 58.7 58.8 58.9 58.10 58.11	must ensure that when a pupil is suspended for more than five consecutive school days, alternative education services are provided. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2019-2020 school year and later. Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 121A.46, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: Subd. 6. Minimum education services. School officials must give a suspended pupil a reasonable opportunity to complete all school work assigned during the pupil's suspension and to receive full credit for satisfactorily completing the assignments. The school principal or other person having administrative control of the school building or program is encouraged
58.5 58.6 58.7 58.8 58.9 58.10 58.11 58.12	must ensure that when a pupil is suspended for more than five consecutive school days, alternative education services are provided. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2019-2020 school year and later. Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 121A.46, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: Subd. 6. Minimum education services. School officials must give a suspended pupil a reasonable opportunity to complete all school work assigned during the pupil's suspension and to receive full credit for satisfactorily completing the assignments. The school principal
58.5 58.6 58.7 58.8 58.9 58.10 58.11 58.12 58.13	must ensure that when a pupil is suspended for more than five consecutive school days, alternative education services are provided. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2019-2020 school year and later. Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 121A.46, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: Subd. 6. Minimum education services. School officials must give a suspended pupil a reasonable opportunity to complete all school work assigned during the pupil's suspension and to receive full credit for satisfactorily completing the assignments. The school principal or other person having administrative control of the school building or program is encouraged to designate a district or school employee as a liaison to work with the pupil's teachers to allow the suspended pupil to (1) receive timely course materials and other information, and
58.5 58.6 58.7 58.8 58.9 58.10 58.11 58.12 58.13 58.14	must ensure that when a pupil is suspended for more than five consecutive school days, alternative education services are provided. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2019-2020 school year and later. Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 121A.46, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: Subd. 6. Minimum education services. School officials must give a suspended pupil a reasonable opportunity to complete all school work assigned during the pupil's suspension and to receive full credit for satisfactorily completing the assignments. The school principal or other person having administrative control of the school building or program is encouraged to designate a district or school employee as a liaison to work with the pupil's teachers to
58.5 58.6 58.7 58.8 58.9 58.10 58.11 58.12 58.13 58.14 58.15 58.16 58.17	must ensure that when a pupil is suspended for more than five consecutive school days, alternative education services are provided. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2019-2020 school year and later. Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 121A.46, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: Subd. 6. Minimum education services. School officials must give a suspended pupil a reasonable opportunity to complete all school work assigned during the pupil's suspension and to receive full credit for satisfactorily completing the assignments. The school principal or other person having administrative control of the school building or program is encouraged to designate a district or school employee as a liaison to work with the pupil's teachers to allow the suspended pupil to (1) receive timely course materials and other information, and
58.5 58.6 58.7 58.8 58.9 58.10 58.11 58.12 58.13 58.14 58.15 58.16	 must ensure that when a pupil is suspended for more than five consecutive school days, alternative education services are provided. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2019-2020 school year and later. Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 121A.46, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: Subd. 6. Minimum education services. School officials must give a suspended pupil a reasonable opportunity to complete all school work assigned during the pupil's suspension and to receive full credit for satisfactorily completing the assignments. The school principal or other person having administrative control of the school building or program is encouraged to designate a district or school employee as a liaison to work with the pupil's teachers to allow the suspended pupil to (1) receive timely course materials and other information, and (2) complete daily and weekly assignments and receive teachers' feedback. Nothing in this
58.5 58.6 58.7 58.8 58.9 58.10 58.11 58.12 58.13 58.14 58.15 58.16 58.17	 must ensure that when a pupil is suspended for more than five consecutive school days, alternative education services are provided. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2019-2020 school year and later. Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 121A.46, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: Subd. 6. Minimum education services. School officials must give a suspended pupil a reasonable opportunity to complete all school work assigned during the pupil's suspension and to receive full credit for satisfactorily completing the assignments. The school principal or other person having administrative control of the school building or program is encouraged to designate a district or school employee as a liaison to work with the pupil's teachers to allow the suspended pupil to (1) receive timely course materials and other information, and (2) complete daily and weekly assignments and receive teachers' feedback. Nothing in this subdivision limits the teacher's authority to assign alternative work for the completion of

58.21 Subd. 2. Written notice. Written notice of intent to take action shall must:

58.22	$\frac{(a)}{(1)}$ be served upon the pupil and the pupil's parent or guardian personally or by mail;
58.23	(b) (2) contain a complete statement of the facts, a list of the witnesses and a description
58.24	of their testimony;
50.05	() (2) + (1 + 1) + (1 +
58.25	$\frac{(e)}{(3)}$ state the date, time, and place of the hearing;
58.26	$\frac{(d)}{(4)}$ be accompanied by a copy of sections 121A.40 to 121A.56;
58.27	(e) (5) describe alternative educational services the nonexclusionary disciplinary policies
58.28	and practices accorded the pupil in an attempt to avoid the expulsion proceedings; and
58.29	(f) (6) inform the pupil and parent or guardian of the right to:
59.1	(1) (i) have a representative of the pupil's own choosing, including legal counsel, at the
59.2	hearing. The district shall must advise the pupil's parent or guardian that free or low-cost
59.3	legal assistance may be available and that a legal assistance resource list is available from
59.4	the Department of Education and is posted on its website;
57.4	and Department of Education and is posted on its website,
59.5	$\frac{(2)}{(1)}$ examine the pupil's records before the hearing;
59.6	(3) (iii) present evidence; and
59.7	(4) (iv) confront and cross-examine witnesses.
59.8	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2019-2020 school year and later.
59.9	Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 121A.47, subdivision 14, is amended to read:
59.10	Subd. 14. Admission or readmission plan. (a) A school administrator shall must prepare
59.11	and enforce an admission or readmission plan for any pupil who is excluded or expelled
59.12	from school. The plan may include must address measures to improve the pupil's behavior,
59.13	including and may include completing a character education program, consistent with section
59.14	120B.232, subdivision 1, and social and emotional learning, counseling, social work services,
59.15	mental health services, referrals for special education or 504 evaluation, and evidence-based
59.16	academic interventions. The plan must require parental involvement in the admission or
59.17	readmission process, and may indicate the consequences to the pupil of not improving the
59.18	pupil's behavior.
59.19	(b) The definition of suspension under section 121A.41, subdivision 10, does not apply
59.20	to a student's dismissal from school for one school day or less, except as provided under
59.21	federal law for a student with a disability. Each suspension action may include a readmission
59.22	plan. A readmission plan must provide, where appropriate, alternative education services,
59.23	which must not be used to extend the student's current suspension period. Consistent with
59.24	section 125A.091, subdivision 5, a readmission plan must not obligate a parent or guardian
59.25	to provide psychotropic drugs to their student as a condition of readmission. School officials
59.26	must not use the refusal of a parent or guardian to consent to the administration of
59.27	psychotropic drugs to their student or to consent to a psychiatric evaluation, screening or
59.28	examination of the student as a ground, by itself, to prohibit the student from attending class

- 59.29 or participating in a school-related activity, or as a basis of a charge of child abuse, child
- 59.30 neglect or medical or educational neglect.
- 59.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for the 2019-2020 school year and later.
- 60.1 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 121A.53, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

60.2 Subdivision 1. Exclusions and expulsions; student withdrawals; physical

- 60.3 assaults. Consistent with subdivision 2, the school board must report through the department
- 60.4 electronic reporting system each exclusion or expulsion and, each physical assault of a
- 60.5 district employee by a student pupil, and each pupil withdrawal agreement within 30 days
- 60.6 of the effective date of the dismissal action, pupil withdrawal, or assault to the commissioner
- 60.7 of education. This report must include a statement of alternative educational services
- 60.8 nonexclusionary disciplinary policies and practices, or other sanction, intervention, or
- 60.9 resolution in response to the assault given the pupil and the reason for, the effective date,
- and the duration of the exclusion or expulsion or other sanction, intervention, or resolution.
- 60.11 The report must also include the student's pupil's age, grade, gender, race, and special
- 60.12 education status.
- 60.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for the 2019-2020 school year and later.
- 60.14 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 121A.55, is amended to read:
- 60.15 121A.55 POLICIES TO BE ESTABLISHED.
- 60.16 (a) The commissioner of education shall promulgate guidelines to assist each school
- 60.17 board. Each school board shall must establish uniform criteria for dismissal and adopt written
- 60.18 policies and rules to effectuate the purposes of sections 121A.40 to 121A.56. The policies
- 60.19 shall must include nonexclusionary disciplinary policies and practices consistent with section
- 60.20 121A.41, subdivision 12, and emphasize preventing dismissals through early detection of
- 60.21 problems and shall. The policies must be designed to address students' inappropriate behavior
- 60.22 from recurring.
- 60.23 (b) The policies shall recognize the continuing responsibility of the school for the
- 60.24 education of the pupil during the dismissal period. The school is responsible for ensuring
- 60.25 that the alternative educational services, if provided to the pupil wishes to take advantage
- 60.26 of them, must be are adequate to allow the pupil to make progress towards toward meeting
- 60.27 the graduation standards adopted under section 120B.02 and, help prepare the pupil for
- 60.28 readmission, and are consistent with section 121A.46, subdivision 6.
- 60.29 (c) For expulsion and exclusion dismissals, as well as pupil withdrawal agreements as
- 60.30 defined in section 121A.41, subdivision 13:
- 60.31 (1) the school district's continuing responsibility includes reviewing the pupil's school
- 60.32 work and grades on a quarterly basis to ensure the pupil is on track for readmission with
- 60.33 the pupil's peers. School districts must communicate on a regular basis with the pupil's

61.1 61.2	parent or guardian to ensure the pupil is completing the work assigned through the alternative educational services;
61.3	(2) if school-linked mental health services are provided in the district under section
61.4	245.4889, pupils continue to be eligible for those services until they are enrolled in a new
61.5	district; and
61.6	(3) the school district must provide to the pupil's parent or guardian a list of mental
61.7	health and counseling services that offer free or sliding fee services. The list must also be
61.8	posted on the district's website.
61.9	(b) (d) An area learning center under section 123A.05 may not prohibit an expelled or
61.10	excluded pupil from enrolling solely because a district expelled or excluded the pupil. The
61.11	board of the area learning center may use the provisions of the Pupil Fair Dismissal Act to
61.12	exclude a pupil or to require an admission plan.
61.13	(e) (e) Each school district shall develop a policy and report it to the commissioner on
61.14	the appropriate use of peace officers and crisis teams to remove students who have an
61.15	individualized education program from school grounds.
61.16	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2019-2020 school year and later.
61.17	Sec. 22. [121A.80] STUDENT JOURNALISM; STUDENT EXPRESSION.
61.18	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the terms defined in this
61.19	subdivision have the meanings given them.
61.20	(b) "School-sponsored media" means material that is:
61.21	(1) prepared, wholly or substantially written, published, broadcast, or otherwise
61.22	disseminated by a student journalist enrolled in a school district or charter school;
61.23	(2) distributed or generally made available to students in the school; and
61.24	(3) prepared by a student journalist under the supervision of a student media adviser.
61.25	School-sponsored media does not include material prepared solely for distribution or
61.26	transmission in the classroom in which the material is produced.
61.27	(c) "School official" means a school principal under section 123B.147 or other person
61.28	having administrative control or supervision of a school.
61.29	(d) "Student journalist" means a school district or charter school student in grades 6
61.30	through 12 who gathers, compiles, writes, edits, photographs, records, or otherwise prepares
61.31	information for dissemination in school-sponsored media.
62.1	(e) "Student media adviser" means a qualified teacher, as defined in section 122A.16,
62.2	that a school district or charter school employs, appoints, or designates to supervise student

62.3 journalists or provide instruction relating to school-sponsored media.

Senate Language UEH2400-1

02.4	Subd. 2. Student journansts, protected conduct. (a) Except as provided in subdivision
62.5	3, a student journalist has the right to exercise freedom of speech and freedom of the press
62.6	in school-sponsored media regardless of whether the school-sponsored media receives
62.7	financial support from the school or district, uses school equipment or facilities in its
62.8	production, or is produced as part of a class or course in which the student journalist is
62.9	enrolled. Freedom of speech includes freedom to express political viewpoints. Consistent
62.10	with subdivision 3, a student journalist has the right to determine the news, opinion, feature,
62.11	and advertising content of school-sponsored media. A school district or charter school must
62.12	not discipline a student journalist for exercising rights or freedoms under this paragraph or
62.13	the First Amendment of the United States Constitution.
62.14	(b) A school district or charter school must not retaliate or take adverse employment
62.14 62.15	
	action against a student media adviser for supporting a student journalist exercising rights
62.16	or freedoms under paragraph (a) or the First Amendment of the United States Constitution.
62.17	(c) Notwithstanding the rights or freedoms of this subdivision or the First Amendment
62.18	of the United States Constitution, nothing in this section inhibits a student media adviser
62.19	from teaching professional standards of English and journalism to student journalists.
(2.20)	
62.20	Subd. 3. Unprotected expression. (a) This section does not authorize or protect student
62.21	expression that: (1) is defamatory; (2) is profane, harassing, threatening, or intimidating;
62.22	(3) constitutes an unwarranted invasion of privacy; (4) violates federal or state law; (5)
62.23	causes a material and substantial disruption of school activities; or (6) is directed to inciting
62.24	or producing imminent lawless action on school premises or the violation of lawful school
62.25	policies or rules, including a policy adopted in accordance with section 121A.03 or 121A.031.
62.26	(b) A school or district must not authorize any prior restraint of school-sponsored media
62.27	except under paragraph (a).
02.27	except under puraBraph (a).
62.28	Subd. 4. Student journalist policy. School districts and charter schools must adopt and
62.29	post a student journalist policy consistent with this section.
62.30	FEECTIVE DATE This social is affective for the 2010-2020 school year and later
02.30	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2019-2020 school year and later.

Subd. 2. Student journalists: protected conduct. (a) Except as provided in subdivision

62.4

- 40.14 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 123B.06, is amended to read:
- 40.15 123B.06 EVALUATION OF PUPIL GROWTH AND PROGRESS; PERMANENT

40.16 RECORDS.

- 40.17 Each school district shall provide a testing an assessment program for the purpose of
- 40.18 measuring pupil growth and for curriculum evaluation, as well as a system for grading and
- 40.19 making reports to parents. Each district shall develop an appropriate program of pupil
- 40.20 progress and promotion that may include competency-based education as described in
- 40.21 section 120B.02, subdivision 1a, for its elementary, middle, and secondary schools. Each
- 40.22 district shall keep accurate and complete individual, permanent, cumulative personal records
- 40.23 for all pupils.

62.31

- Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.02, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Kindergarten instruction. (a) The board may establish and maintain 62.32 one or more kindergartens for the instruction of children and after July 1, 1974, shall must 62.33 provide kindergarten instruction for free of charge to all eligible children, either in the 63.1 district or in another district. All children to be eligible for kindergarten must be A child is 63.2 eligible for kindergarten if the child is at least five years of age on September 1 of the 63.3 calendar year in which the school year commences. In addition all children selected, or is 63.4 admitted under an early admissions policy established by the school board may be admitted. 63.5 63.6 (b) If established, a board-adopted early admissions policy must describe the process and procedures for comprehensive evaluation in cognitive, social, and emotional 63.7 developmental domains to help determine the child's ability to meet kindergarten grade 63.8 expectations and progress to first grade in the subsequent year. The comprehensive evaluation 63.9 must use valid and reliable instrumentation, be aligned with state kindergarten expectations, 63.10 and include a parent report and teacher observations of the child's knowledge, skills, and 63.11 abilities. The early admissions policy must be made available to parents in an accessible 63.12 format and is subject to review by the commissioner of education. The evaluation is subject 63.13 to section 127A.41. 63.14 (c) Nothing in this section shall prohibit a school district from establishing Head Start, 63.15 prekindergarten, or nursery school classes for children below kindergarten age. Any school 63.16 board with evidence that providing kindergarten will cause an extraordinary hardship on 63.17 the school district may apply to the commissioner of education for an exception. 63.18 63.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for the 2020-2021 school year and later. Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.09, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 63.20 Subd. 3. Definitions. For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings 63.21 63.22 given to them. 63.23 (a) "Eligible institution" means a Minnesota public postsecondary institution, a private, nonprofit two-year trade and technical school granting associate degrees, an opportunities 63.24 industrialization center accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools 63.25 a United States Department of Education recognized accrediting agency, or a private, 63.26 residential, two-year or four-year, liberal arts, degree-granting college or university located 63.27 63.28 in Minnesota. 63.29 (b) "Course" means a course or program. (c) "Concurrent enrollment" means nonsectarian courses in which an eligible pupil under 63.30
- subdivision 5 or 5b enrolls to earn both secondary and postsecondary credits, are taught by 63.31
- a secondary teacher or a postsecondary faculty member, and are offered at a high school 63.32
- for which the district is eligible to receive concurrent enrollment program aid under section 64.1
- 64.2 124D.091.

40.24 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.09, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Definitions. For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings 40.25 40.26 given to them.

- 40.27 (a) "Eligible institution" means a Minnesota public postsecondary institution, a private,
- nonprofit two-year trade and technical school granting associate degrees, an opportunities 40.28
- industrialization center accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools 40.29
- an accreditor recognized by the United States Department of Education, or a private, 40.30
- 40.31 residential, two-year or four-year, liberal arts, degree-granting college or university located 40.32 in Minnesota.
- 41.1 (b) "Course" means a course or program.
- (c) "Concurrent enrollment" means nonsectarian courses in which an eligible pupil under 41.2
- subdivision 5 or 5b enrolls to earn both secondary and postsecondary credits, are taught by 41.3
- a secondary teacher or a postsecondary faculty member, and are offered at a high school 41.4
- for which the district is eligible to receive concurrent enrollment program aid under section 41.5 41.6 124D.091.

- 64.4 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.09, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- 64.5 Subd. 7. Dissemination of information; notification of intent to enroll. By the earlier
- 64.6 of (1) three weeks prior to the date by which a student must register for district courses for
- 64.7 the following school year, or (2) March 1 of each year, a district must provide up-to-date
- 64.8 information on the district's website and in materials that are distributed to parents and
- 64.9 students about the program, including information about enrollment requirements and the
- 64.10 ability to earn postsecondary credit to all pupils in grades 8, 9, 10, and 11. To assist the
- 64.11 district in planning, a pupil shall must inform the district by May 30 of each year of the
- 64.12 pupil's intent to enroll in postsecondary courses during the following school year. A pupil
- 64.13 is bound by notifying or not notifying the district by May 30.
- 64.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2019.

Senate Language UEH2400-1

41.7	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
41.8	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.09, subdivision 5b, is amended to read:
41.9 41.10 41.11 41.12 41.13	Subd. 5b. Authorization; 9th or 10th grade pupil. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, a 9th or 10th grade pupil enrolled in a district or an American Indian-controlled tribal contract or grant school eligible for aid under section 124D.83, except a foreign exchange pupil enrolled in a district under a cultural exchange program, may apply to enroll in nonsectarian courses offered under subdivision 10, if:
41.14 41.15	(1) the school district and the eligible postsecondary institution providing the course agree to the student's enrollment; $\frac{\partial F}{\partial t}$
41.16 41.17 41.18	(2) the course is a world language course currently available to 11th and 12th grade students, and consistent with section 120B.022 governing world language standards, certificates, and seals; or
41.19 41.20	(3) the course is offered as part of a commissioner-approved P-TECH school under section 124D.093.
41.21	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2019-2020 school year and later.
8.6	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.09, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
8.7 8.8 8.9 8.10 8.11 8.12 8.13 8.14 8.15	Subd. 7. Dissemination of information; notification of intent to enroll. By the earlier of (1) three weeks prior to the date by which a student must register for district courses for the following school year, or (2) March 1 of each year, a district must provide up-to-date information on the district's website and in materials that are distributed to parents and students about the program, including information about enrollment requirements and the ability to earn postsecondary credit to all pupils in grades 8, 9, 10, and 11. To assist the district in planning, a pupil shall must inform the district by May 30 of each year of the pupil's intent to enroll in postsecondary courses during the following school year. A pupil is bound by notifying or not notifying the district by May 30.
8.16	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2019.
41.22	Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.09, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
41.23 41.24	Subd. 8. Limit on participation. (a) A pupil who first enrolls in grade 9 may not enroll in postsecondary courses under this section for secondary credit for more than the equivalent
41.25	of four academic years. A pupil who first enrolls in grade 10 may not enroll in postsecondary
41.26	courses under this section for secondary credit for more than the equivalent of three academic
41.27	years. A pupil who first enrolls in grade 11 may not enroll in postsecondary courses under
41.28	this section for secondary credit for more than the equivalent of two academic years. A
41.29	pupil who first enrolls in grade 12 may not enroll in postsecondary courses under this section
41.30	for secondary credit for more than the equivalent of one academic year. If a pupil in grade
41.31 41.32	9, 10, 11, or 12 first enrolls in a postsecondary course for secondary credit during the school year, the time of participation shall be reduced proportionately. If a pupil is in a learning
41.34	year, the time of participation shall be reduced proportionately. If a pupil is in a learning

42.1 42.2 42.3 42.4	year or other year-round program and begins each grade in the summer session, summer sessions shall not be counted against the time of participation. If a school district determines a pupil is not on track to graduate, the limit on participation does not apply to that pupil. A pupil who has graduated from high school cannot participate in a program under this section.
42.5 42.6	(b) A pupil who has completed course requirements for graduation but who has not received a diploma may participate in the program under this section.
42.7 42.8	(c) Subdivision 8, paragraph (a), does not apply to pupils enrolled in a P-TECH school under section 124D.093.
42.9	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2019-2020 school year and later.
8.17	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.09, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
8.18 8.19 8.20 8.21 8.22 8.23 8.24 8.25 8.26 8.27	Subd. 9. Enrollment priority. (a) A postsecondary institution shall <u>must</u> give priority to its postsecondary students when enrolling 10th, 11th, and 12th grade pupils in grades 10, 11, and 12 in its courses. A postsecondary institution may provide information about its programs to a secondary school or to a pupil or parent and it may advertise or otherwise recruit or solicit a secondary pupil to enroll in its programs on educational and programmatic grounds only except, notwithstanding other law to the contrary, and for the 2014-2015 through 2019-2020 school years only, an eligible postsecondary institution may advertise or otherwise recruit or solicit a secondary pupil residing in a school district with 700 students or more in grades 10, 11, and 12, to enroll in its programs on educational, programmatic, or financial grounds.
8.28 8.29 8.30 8.31 8.32 8.33 9.1 9.2	(b) An institution must not enroll secondary pupils, for postsecondary enrollment options purposes, in remedial, developmental, or other courses that are not college level except when a student eligible to participate and enrolled in the graduation incentives program under section 124D.68 enrolls full time in a middle or early college program. A middle or early college program must be specifically designed to allow the student to earn dual high school and college credit with a well-defined pathway to allow the student to earn a postsecondary degree or credential. In this case, the student shall must receive developmental college credit and not college credit for completing remedial or developmental courses.
9.3 9.4	(c) Once a pupil has been enrolled in any postsecondary course under this section, the pupil shall must not be displaced by another student.
9.5 9.6 9.7 9.8	(d) If a postsecondary institution enrolls a secondary school pupil in a course under this section, the postsecondary institution also must enroll in the same course an otherwise enrolled and qualified postsecondary student who qualifies as a veteran under section 197.447, and demonstrates to the postsecondary institution's satisfaction that the institution's

established enrollment timelines were not practicable for that student. 9.9

- Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.09, subdivision 9, is amended to read: 64.15
- Subd. 9. Enrollment priority. (a) A postsecondary institution shall must give priority 64.16
- 64.17 to its postsecondary students when enrolling 10th, 11th, and 12th grade pupils in grades 10,
- 64.18 11, and 12 in its courses. A postsecondary institution may provide information about its
- programs to a secondary school or to a pupil or parent and it may advertise or otherwise 64.19
- recruit or solicit a secondary pupil to enroll in its programs on educational and programmatic 64.20
- grounds only except, notwithstanding other law to the contrary, and for the 2014-2015 64.21
- 64.22 through 2019-2020 school years only, an eligible postsecondary institution may advertise
- or otherwise recruit or solicit a secondary pupil residing in a school district with 700 students 64.23
- or more in grades 10, 11, and 12, to enroll in its programs on educational, programmatic, 64.24
- or financial grounds. 64.25
- (b) An institution must not enroll secondary pupils, for postsecondary enrollment options 64.26
- purposes, in remedial, developmental, or other courses that are not college level except 64.27
- when a student eligible to participate and enrolled in the graduation incentives program 64.28
- under section 124D.68 enrolls full time in a middle or early college program. A middle or 64.29
- early college program must be specifically designed to allow the student to earn dual high 64.30
- school and college credit with a well-defined pathway to allow the student to earn a 64.31
- postsecondary degree or credential. In this case, the student shall must receive developmental 64.32
- college credit and not college credit for completing remedial or developmental courses. 64.33
- (c) Once a pupil has been enrolled in any postsecondary course under this section, the 65.1 65.2 pupil shall must not be displaced by another student.
- (d) If a postsecondary institution enrolls a secondary school pupil in a course under this 65.3
- section, the postsecondary institution also must enroll in the same course an otherwise 65.4
- enrolled and qualified postsecondary student who qualifies as a veteran under section 65.5
- 197.447, and demonstrates to the postsecondary institution's satisfaction that the institution's 65.6
- established enrollment timelines were not practicable for that student. 65.7

- 65.9 under this section consistent with the institution's policy regarding postsecondary pupil
- 65.10 enrollment in online courses.
- 65.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2019.

- 65.12 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.091, is amended to read:
- 65.13 124D.091 CONCURRENT ENROLLMENT PROGRAM AID.
- 65.14 Subdivision 1. Accreditation. To establish a uniform standard by which concurrent
- 65.15 enrollment courses and professional development activities may be measured, postsecondary
- 65.16 institutions must adopt and implement the National Alliance of Concurrent Enrollment
- 65.17 Partnership's program standards and required evidence for accreditation by the 2020-2021
- 65.18 school year and later.
- 65.19 Subd. 2. Eligibility. A district that offers a concurrent enrollment course according to
- an agreement under section 124D.09, subdivision 10, is eligible to receive aid for the costs
- 65.21 of providing postsecondary courses at the high school. Beginning in fiscal year 2011, districts
- 65.22 <u>A district is only are eligible for aid if the college or university concurrent enrollment courses</u>
- 65.23 offered by the district are accredited by the National Alliance of Concurrent Enrollment
- 65.24 Partnership, in the process of being accredited, or are shown by clear evidence to be of
- 65.25 comparable standard to accredited courses, or are technical courses within a recognized
- 65.26 career and technical education program of study approved by the commissioner of education
- 65.27 and the chancellor of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities.
- 65.28 Subd. 3. Aid. An eligible district shall receive district's concurrent enrollment aid equals
- 65.29 \$150 per pupil times the number of pupils enrolled in a concurrent enrollment course during
- 65.30 <u>that school year</u>. The money Concurrent enrollment aid must be used to defray the cost of
- 65.31 delivering the course concurrent enrollment courses at the high school. The commissioner
- 65.32 **shall** establish application procedures and deadlines for receipt of aid payments.

- 9.10 (e) A postsecondary institution must allow secondary pupils to enroll in online courses
- 9.11 under this section consistent with the institution's policy regarding postsecondary pupil

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- 9.12 enrollment in online courses.
- 9.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2019.
- 42.10 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.09, subdivision 14, is amended to read:
- 42.11 Subd. 14. Grants and financial aid prohibited. A pupil enrolled in a postsecondary
- 42.12 course for secondary credit is not eligible for any state student financial aid under chapter
- 42.13 136A for that course.
- 42.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for fiscal year 2020 and later.

- 42.15 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.091, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
 42.16 Subd. 3. Aid. An eligible district shall receive \$150 per pupil enrolled in a concurrent
 42.17 enrollment course, including a P-TECH school under section 124D.093. The money must
 42.18 be used to defray the cost of delivering the course at the high school. The commissioner
 42.19 shall must establish application procedures and deadlines for receipt of aid payments.
 42.20 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for fiscal year 2020 and later.
- 42.21 Sec. 16. [124D.093] P-TECH SCHOOLS.
- 42.22 Subdivision 1. Establishment. (a) P-TECH schools are established as a public-private
- 42.23 partnership that will prepare students for high-skill jobs of the future in identified growth
- 42.24 industries.

42.25	(b) The P-TECH school model must deliver five core benefits to students:
42.26 42.27 42.28	(1) a rigorous, relevant, and cost-free education in grades 9 to 14, inclusive, focused on knowledge and skills that students need for science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM) careers;
42.29 42.30	(2) workplace learning that includes mentoring by industry professionals, worksite visits, speakers, and internships;
43.1 43.2 43.3	(3) intensive, individualized academic support by both secondary and postsecondary faculty within an academic year or school day that enables students to progress through the program at their own pace;
43.4	(4) an opportunity to earn an associate's degree; and
43.5 43.6	(5) a commitment to students who complete the program to be first in line for a job with participating business partners following completion of the program.
43.7	Subd. 2. Objectives. (a) P-TECH schools must accomplish the following:
43.8	(1) develop programs of study in high-wage, high-skill, and high-demand career areas;
43.9 43.10	(2) align school, college, and community systems in the programs of study developed under this section;
43.11	(3) support strong academic performance by program participants;
43.12	(4) promote informed and appropriate career choices and preparation; and
43.13 43.14	(5) ensure that employers in key technical fields have access to a talented and skilled workforce.
43.15 43.16 43.17 43.18 43.19 43.20	(b) Through the programs of study developed under this section, participating students must be able to earn college course credit toward an associate's degree. Career pathways will begin in grade 9 and must include workplace learning, high school, and postsecondary coursework. These pathways will provide a seamless sequence of study, extending through two years of postsecondary career and technical education, and culminating in an associate's degree.
43.21 43.22 43.23	Subd. 3. Application process. The commissioner must determine the form and manner of application for a school to be designated a P-TECH school. The application must contain at least the following information:
43.24 43.25 43.26	(1) the written agreement between a public school, a higher education institution under section 124D.09, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), and a business partner to jointly develop and support a P-TECH school;
43.27	(2) a proposed school design consistent with subdivisions 1 and 2;

43.28 43.29	(3) a description of how the P-TECH school supports the needs of the economic development region in which the P-TECH school is to be located;
43.30	(4) a description of the facilities to be used by the P-TECH school;
44.1 44.2	(5) a description of proposed budgets, curriculum, transportation plans, and other operating procedures for the P-TECH school;
44.3	(6) the process by which students will be enrolled in the P-TECH school;
44.4	(7) the qualifications required for individuals employed in the P-TECH school; and
44.5	(8) any additional information that the commissioner requires.
44.6 44.7 44.8 44.9	Subd. 4. Approval process. (a) The commissioner of education must appoint an advisory committee to review the applications and to recommend approval for those applications that meet the requirements of this section. The commissioner of education has final authority over application approvals.
44.10 44.11	(b) To the extent practicable, the commissioner must ensure an equitable geographic distribution of approved P-TECH schools.
44.12 44.13	(c) The commissioner must first begin approving applications for a P-TECH school enrolling students in the 2020-2021 school year or later.
44.14	Subd. 5. P-TECH support grants. When an appropriation is available, each P-TECH
44.15	school is eligible for a grant to support start-up and ongoing program costs, which may
44.16	include, but are not limited to, recruitment, student support, program materials, and P-TECH
44.17	school liaisons. An approved P-TECH school is eligible to receive a grant to support start-up
44.18	costs the year before first enrolling P-TECH students.
44.19	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2019-2020 school year and later.

- 66.1 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.2211, is amended to read:
- 66.2 124D.2211 AFTER-SCHOOL COMMUNITY LEARNING PROGRAMS.
- 66.3 Subdivision 1. Establishment. A competitive statewide after-school community learning
- 66.4 grant program is established to provide grants to community or nonprofit organizations,
- 66.5 political subdivisions, for-profit or nonprofit child care centers, or school-based programs
- 66.6 that serve youth after school or during nonschool hours organizations that offer academic
- 66.7 and enrichment activities for elementary and secondary school students during nonschool
- 66.8 hours. Grants must be used to offer a broad array of enrichment activities that promote
- 66.9 positive after-school activities, including art, music, community engagement, literacy,
- 66.10 science, technology, engineering, math, health, and recreation programs. The commissioner
- 66.11 shall must develop criteria for after-school community learning programs. The commissioner
- 66.12 may award grants under this section to community or nonprofit organizations, political

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66.	20 (2) academic achievement of participating students in one or more core academic areas
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66.	22 opportunities; and
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66.	
66.	25 workforce goals under section 120B.11.
66.	26 (4) prevent truancy from school and prevent juvenile crime.
66.	$(\underline{)}$ \mathbf{F}
66.	28 program proposal to the commissioner. The submitted plan proposal must include:
66.	29 (1) collaboration with and leverage of existing community resources that have
66.	30 demonstrated effectiveness;
66.	31 (2) outreach to children and youth; and
67.	1 (3) involvement of local governments, including park and recreation boards or schools,
67.	
67.	3 the objectives identified in subdivision 2; and
67.	4 (4) a plan to implement effective after-school practices and provide staff access to
67.	5 professional development opportunities.
67.	6 Proposals will be reviewed and approved by the commissioner.
67.	7 (b) The commissioner must review proposals and award grants to programs that:
67.	8 (1) primarily serve students eligible for free or reduced-price meals; and
67.	9 (2) provide opportunities for academic enrichment and a broad array of additional services
67.	
67.	11 (c) To the extent practicable, the commissioner must award grants equitably among the
67.	
67.	13 (d) The commissioner must award grants without giving preference to any particular

67.14 grade of students served by an applicant program.

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67.15	Subd. 4. Technical assistance and continuous improvement. (a) The commissioner
67.16	must monitor and evaluate the performance of grant recipients to assess the programs'
67.17	effectiveness in meeting the objectives identified in subdivision 2.
67.18	(b) The commissioner must provide technical assistance, capacity building, and
67.19	professional development to grant recipients, including guidance on:
67.20	(1) aligning activities with the state's world's best workforce goals under section 120B.11;
67.21	and
67.22	(2) effective practices for after-school programs.
67.23	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
67.24	Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.231, is amended to read:
67.25	124D.231 FULL-SERVICE COMMUNITY SCHOOLS.
(7.2)	Subdivision 1 D. C. How For the summary of this section the following terms have
67.26	Subdivision 1. Definitions. For the purposes of this section, the following terms have
67.27	the meanings given them.
67.28	(a) "Community organization" means a nonprofit organization that has been in existence
67.29	for three years or more and serves persons within the community surrounding the covered
67.30	school site on education and other issues.
68.1	(b) "Community school consortium" means a group of schools and community
68.2	organizations that propose to work together to plan and implement community school
68.3	programming.
68.4	(c) "Community school programming" means services, activities, and opportunities
68.5	described under subdivision 2, paragraph $\frac{(e)}{(e)}$ (f).
68.6	(d) "Community-wide full-service community school leadership team" means a
68.7	district-level team that is responsible for guiding the vision, policy, resource alignment,
68.8	implementation, oversight, and goal setting for community school programs within the
68.9	district. This team must include representatives from the district; teachers, school leaders,
68.10 68.11	students, and family members from the eligible schools; community members; system-level
68.11 68.12	partners that include representatives from government agencies, relevant unions, and nonprofit and other community-based partners; and, if applicable, the full-service community
68.12	school initiative director.
08.15	school initiative director.
68.14	(e) "Full-service community school initiative director" means a director responsible for
68.15	coordinating districtwide administrative and leadership assistance to community school
68.16	sites and site coordinators including chairing the district's community-wide full-service
68.17	community school leadership team, site coordinator support, data gathering and evaluation,
68.18	administration of partnership and data agreements, contracts and procurement, and grants.

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68.19	(d) (f) "High-quality child care or early childhood education programming" means
68.20	educational programming for preschool-aged children that is grounded in research, consistent
68.21	with best practices in the field, and provided by licensed teachers.
68.22	(e) (g) "School site" means a school site at which an applicant has proposed or has been
68.23	funded to provide community school programming.
68.24	(f) (h) "Site coordinator" is an individual means a full-time staff member serving one
68.25	eligible school who is responsible for aligning the identification, implementation, and
68.26	coordination of programming with to address the needs of the school community identified
68.27	in the baseline analysis.
68.28	Subd. 2. Full-service community school program. (a) The commissioner shall must
68.29	provide funding to districts and charter schools with eligible school sites to plan, implement,
68.30	and improve full-service community schools. Eligible school sites must meet one of the
68.31	following criteria:
68.32	(1) the school is on a development plan for continuous improvement under section
68.33	120B.35, subdivision 2; or
69.1	(2) the school is in a district that has an achievement and integration plan approved by
69.2	the commissioner of education under sections 124D.861 and 124D.862.
69.3	(b) An eligible school site may receive up to \$150,000 annually. Districts and charter
69.4	schools may receive up to:
69.5	(1) \$100,000 for each eligible school available for up to one year to fund planning
69.6	activities including convening a full-service community school leadership team, facilitating
69.7	family and community stakeholder engagement, conducting a baseline analysis, and creating
69.8	a full-service community school plan. At the end of this period, the school must submit a
69.9	full-service community school plan, pursuant to paragraphs (f) and (g); and
69.10	(2) \$150,000 annually for each aligible school for up to three years of implementation
	(2) \$150,000 annually for each eligible school for up to three years of implementation of a full-service community school plan, pursuant to paragraphs (f) and (g). School sites
69.11 69.12	receiving funding under this section shall must hire or contract with a partner agency to hire
69.12	a site coordinator to coordinate services at each covered school site. Districts or charter
69.13 69.14	schools receiving funding under this section for three or more schools must provide or
69.15	contract with a partner agency to provide a full-service community school initiative director.
69.16	(c) Of grants awarded, implementation funding of up to \$20,000 must be available for
69.17	up to one year for planning for school sites. At the end of this period, the school must submit
69.18	a full-service community school plan, pursuant to paragraph (g). If the site decides not to
69.19	use planning funds, the plan must be submitted with the application.
69.20	(d) (c) The commissioner shall must consider additional school factors when dispensing
69.21	funds including: schools with significant populations of students receiving free or
69.22	reduced-price lunches; significant homeless and highly mobile rates; and equity among

69.23	urban, suburban, and greater Minnesota schools; and demonstrated success implementing
69.24	full-service community school programming.
69.25	(c) (d) A school site must establish a full-service community school leadership team
69.26	responsible for developing school-specific programming goals, assessing program needs,
69.27	and overseeing the process of implementing expanded programming at each covered site.
69.28 69.29	The school leadership team shall must have between at least 12 to 15 members and shall must meet the following requirements:
69.30 69.31	(1) at least 30 percent of the members are parents, guardians, or students and 30 percent of the members are teachers at the school site and must include the school principal and
69.32	representatives from partner agencies; and
70.1	(2) the full-service community school leadership team must be responsible for overseeing
70.1	the baseline analyses under paragraph (f) (e) and the creation of a full-service community
70.3	school plan under paragraphs (f) and (g). A full-service community school leadership team
70.4	must meet at least quarterly, have ongoing responsibility for monitoring the development
70.5	and implementation of full-service community school operations and programming at the
70.6 70.7	school site, and shall must issue recommendations to schools on a regular basis and summarized in an annual report. These reports shall must also be made available to the
70.8	public at the school site and on school and district websites.
70.9	(f) (e) School sites must complete a baseline analysis prior to beginning programming
70.10	as a full-service community school the creation of a full-service community school plan.
70.11	The analysis shall must include:
70.12	(1) a baseline analysis of needs at the school site, led by the school leadership team,
70.13	which shall include including the following elements:
70.14	(i) identification of challenges facing the school;
70.15	(ii) analysis of the student body, including:
70.16	(A) number and percentage of students with disabilities and needs of these students;
70.17	(B) number and percentage of students who are English learners and the needs of these
70.18	students;
70.19	(C) number of students who are homeless or highly mobile; and
70.20	(D) number and percentage of students receiving free or reduced-price lunch and the
70.21	needs of these students; and
70.22	(E) number and percentage of students by race and ethnicity;
70.23	(iii) analysis of enrollment and retention rates for students with disabilities, English
70.24	learners, homeless and highly mobile students, and students receiving free or reduced-price
70.25	lunch;

70.26	(iv) analysis of suspension and expulsion data, including the justification for such
70.27	disciplinary actions and the degree to which particular populations, including, but not limited
70.28	to, American Indian students and students of color, students with disabilities, students who
70.29	are English learners, and students receiving free or reduced-price lunch are represented
70.30	among students subject to such actions:
70.50	among students subject to such actions,
71.1	(v) analysis of school achievement data disaggregated by major demographic categories,
71.2	including, but not limited to, race, ethnicity, English learner status, disability status, and
71.3	free or reduced-price lunch status;
71.4	(vi) analysis of current parent engagement strategies and their success; and
/1.7	(vi) analysis of current parent engagement strategies and then success, and
71.5	(vii) evaluation of the need for and availability of wraparound services full-service
71.6	community school activities, including, but not limited to:
71.7	(A) mechanisms for meeting students' social, emotional, and physical health needs,
71.8	which may include coordination of existing services as well as the development of new
71.9	services based on student needs; and integrated student supports that address out-of-school
71.10	barriers to learning through partnerships with social and health service agencies and providers
71.11	to assist with medical, dental, vision care, and mental health services, or counselors to assist
71.12	with housing, transportation, nutrition, immigration, or criminal justice issues;
71.13	(B) strategies to create a safe and secure school environment and improve school climate
71.14	and discipline, such as implementing a system of positive behavioral supports, and taking
71.15	additional steps to eliminate bullying; expanded and enriched learning time and opportunities,
71.16	including: before-school, after-school, weekend, and summer programs that provide
71.17	additional academic instruction, individualized academic support, enrichment activities,
71.18	and learning opportunities that emphasize real-world learning and community problem
71.19	solving and may include art, music, drama, creative writing, hands-on experience with
71.20	engineering or science, tutoring and homework help, or recreational programs that enhance
71.21	and are consistent with the school's curriculum;
71.22	(C) active family and community engagement that brings students' families and the
71.23	community into the school as partners in education and makes the school a neighborhood
71.24	hub, providing adults with educational opportunities that may include adult English as a
71.25	second language classes, computer skills classes, art classes, or other programs or events;
71.26	and
71.27	(D) collaborative leadership and practices that build a culture of professional learning,
71.28	collective trust, and shared responsibility and include a school-based full-service community
71.29	school leadership team, a full-service community school site coordinator, a full-service
71.30	community school initiative director, a community-wide leadership team, other leadership
71.30	or governance teams, teacher learning communities, or other staff to manage the joint work
71.31	of school and community organizations;
/1.32	of school and community organizations,
71.33	(2) a baseline analysis of community assets and a strategic plan for utilizing and aligning

71.34 identified assets. This analysis should include, but is not limited to, including a documentation

of individuals in the community, faith-based organizations, community and neighborhood associations, colleges, hospitals, libraries, businesses, and social service agencies who that may be able to provide support and resources; and					
(3) a baseline analysis of needs in the community surrounding the school, led by the school leadership team, including, but not limited to:					
(i) the need for high-quality, full-day child care and early childhood education programs;					
(ii) the need for physical and mental health care services for children and adults; and					
(iii) the need for job training and other adult education programming.					
(g) (f) Each school site receiving funding under this section must establish develop a full-service community school plan that utilizes and aligns district and community assets and establishes services in at least two of the following types of programming:					
(1) early childhood:					
(i) early childhood education; and					
(ii) child care services;					
(2) academic:					
(i) academic support and enrichment activities, including expanded learning time;					
(ii) summer or after-school enrichment and learning experiences;					
(iii) job training, internship opportunities, and career counseling services;					
(iv) programs that provide assistance to students who have been truant, suspended, or expelled; and					
(v) specialized instructional support services;					
(3) parental involvement:					
(i) programs that promote parental involvement and family literacy;					
(ii) parent leadership development activities that empower and strengthen families and communities, provide volunteer opportunities, or promote inclusion in school-based leadership teams; and					
(iii) parenting education activities;					
(4) mental and physical health:					
(i) mentoring and other youth development programs, including peer mentoring and conflict mediation;					

73.3 (ii) juvenile crime prevention and rehabilitation programs;

- 73.4 (iii) home visitation services by teachers and other professionals;
- 73.5 (iv) developmentally appropriate physical education;
- 73.6 (v) nutrition services;
- 73.7 (vi) primary health and dental care; and
- 73.8 (vii) mental health counseling services;
- 73.9 (5) community involvement:
- 73.10 (i) service and service-learning opportunities;
- 73.11 (ii) adult education, including instruction in English as a second language; and
- 73.12 (iii) homeless prevention services;
- 73.13 (6) positive discipline practices; and
- 73.14 (7) other programming designed to meet school and community needs identified in the
- 73.15 baseline analysis and reflected in the full-service community school plan.
- 73.16 (h) (g) The full-service community school leadership team at each school site must
- 73.17 develop a full-service community school plan detailing the steps the school leadership team
- 73.18 will take, including:
- 73.19 (1) timely establishment and consistent operation of the school leadership team;
- 73.20 (2) maintenance of attendance records in all programming components;
- 73.21 (3) maintenance of measurable data showing annual participation and the impact of
- 73.22 programming on the participating children and adults;
- 73.23 (4) documentation of meaningful and sustained collaboration between the school and
- 73.24 community stakeholders, including local governmental units, civic engagement organizations,
- 73.25 businesses, and social service providers;
- 73.26 (5) establishment and maintenance of partnerships with institutions, such as universities,
- 73.27 hospitals, museums, or not-for-profit community organizations to further the development
- and implementation of community school programming;
- 73.29 (6) ensuring compliance with the district nondiscrimination policy; and
- 74.1 (7) plan for school leadership team development.
- 74.2 Subd. 3. Full-service community school review. (a) Every three years, A full-service
- 74.3 community school site must submit to the commissioner, and make available at the school
- 74.4 site and online, a report describing efforts to integrate community school programming at
- reach covered school site and the effect of the transition to a full-service community school

74.6 74.7	on participating children and adults. This report shall must include, but is not limited to, the following:
74.8 74.9	(1) an assessment of the effectiveness of the school site in development or implementing the community school plan;
74.10 74.11 74.12	(2) problems encountered in the design and execution of the community school plan, including identification of any federal, state, or local statute or regulation impeding program implementation;
74.13 74.14	(3) the operation of the school leadership team and its contribution to successful execution of the community school plan;
74.15 74.16	(4) recommendations for improving delivery of community school programming to students and families;
74.17 74.18	(5) the number and percentage of students receiving community school programming who had not previously been served;
74.19 74.20	(6) the number and percentage of nonstudent community members receiving community school programming who had not previously been served;
74.21 74.22	(7) improvement in retention among students who receive community school programming;
74.23 74.24	(8) improvement in academic achievement among students who receive community school programming;
74.25 74.26 74.27	(9) changes in student's readiness to enter school, active involvement in learning and in their community, physical, social and emotional health, and student's relationship with the school and community environment;
74.28 74.29	(10) an accounting of anticipated local budget savings, if any, resulting from the implementation of the program;
74.30 74.31	(11) improvements to the frequency or depth of families' involvement with their children's education;
74.32	(12) assessment of community stakeholder satisfaction;
75.1	(13) assessment of institutional partner satisfaction;
75.2 75.3	(14) the ability, or anticipated ability, of the school site and partners to continue to provide services in the absence of future funding under this section;
75.4	(15) increases in access to services for students and their families; and
75.5 75.6	(16) the degree of increased collaboration among participating agencies and private partners.

75.7 (b) Reports submitted under this section shall must be evaluated by the commissioner 75.8 with respect to the following criteria: 75.9 (1) the effectiveness of the school or the community school consortium in implementing the full-service community school plan, including the degree to which the school site 75.10 navigated difficulties encountered in the design and operation of the full-service community 75.11 school plan, including identification of any federal, state, or local statute or regulation 75.12 75.13 impeding program implementation; (2) the extent to which the project has produced lessons about ways to improve delivery 75.14 75.15 of community school programming to students; (3) the degree to which there has been an increase in the number or percentage of students 75.16 75.17 and nonstudents receiving community school programming; 75.18 (4) the degree to which there has been an improvement in retention of students and improvement in academic achievement among students receiving community school 75.19 75.20 programming; 75.21 (5) local budget savings, if any, resulting from the implementation of the program; 75.22 (6) the degree of community stakeholder and institutional partner engagement; 75.23 (7) the ability, or anticipated ability, of the school site and partners to continue to provide 75.24 services in the absence of future funding under this section; (8) increases in access to services for students and their families; and 75.25 75.26 (9) the degree of increased collaboration among participating agencies and private 75.27 partners. Subd. 4. Community partners. A community partner, including a nonprofit organization 75.28 and a for profit organization, may partner with a full-service community school to provide 75.29 financial and in-kind support for the full-service community school activities under this 75.30 75.31 section. A community partner may pay for the costs of the full-service community school initiative director and the site coordinator. Nothing in this subdivision affects the employment 76.1 relationship between a full service community school initiative director or site coordinator 76.2 and the school district. 76.3 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.34, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 76.4 76.5 Subd. 2. Creation of foundation. There is created the Minnesota Foundation for Student

- 76.6 Organizations. The purpose of the foundation is to promote vocational career and technical
- 76.7 student organizations and applied leadership opportunities in Minnesota public and nonpublic
- 76.8 schools through public-private partnerships. The foundation is a nonprofit organization.
- 76.9 The board of directors of the foundation and activities of the foundation are under the
- 76.10 direction of the commissioner of education.
- 76.11 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.34, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

44.20 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.34, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

- 44.21 Subd. 2. Creation of foundation. There is created the Minnesota Foundation for Student
- 44.22 Organizations. The purpose of the foundation is to promote vocational career and technical
- 44.23 student organizations and applied leadership opportunities in Minnesota public and nonpublic
- 44.24 schools through public-private partnerships. The foundation is a nonprofit organization.
- 44.25 The board of directors of the foundation and activities of the foundation are under the
- 44.26 direction of the commissioner of education.
- 44.27 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.34, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

76.12 Subd. 3. **Board of directors.** The board of directors of the Minnesota Foundation for

76.13 Student Organizations consists of:

76.14 (1) seven members appointed by the board of directors of the school-to-work career and

- 76.15 technical student organizations and chosen so that each represents one of the following
- 76.16 career areas: agriculture, family and consumer sciences, service occupations, health
- 76.17 occupations, marketing, business, and technical/industrial;
- 76.18 (2) seven members from business, industry, and labor appointed by the governor to
- 76.19 staggered terms and chosen so that each represents one of the following career areas:
- 76.20 agriculture, family and consumer sciences, service occupations, health occupations,
- 76.21 marketing, business, and technical/industrial;
- 76.22 (3) five students or alumni of school-to-work career and technical student organizations
- 76.23 representing diverse career areas, three from secondary student organizations, and two from
- 76.24 postsecondary student organizations. The students or alumni shall be appointed by the
- 76.25 criteria and process agreed upon by the executive directors of the student to work career
- 76.26 <u>and technical organizations; and</u>
- 76.27 (4) four members from education appointed by the governor to staggered terms and
- 76.28 chosen so that each represents one of the following groups: school district level
- 76.29 administrators, secondary school administrators, middle school administrators, and
- 76.30 postsecondary administrators.
- 76.31 Executive directors of vocational career and technical education student organizations 76.32 are ex officio, nonvoting members of the board.
- 77.1 Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.34, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- 77.2 Subd. 4. Foundation programs. The foundation shall advance applied leadership and
- intracurricular vocational career and technical learning experiences for students. These may
 include, but are not limited to:
- (1) recognition programs and awards for students demonstrating excellence in appliedleadership;
- 77.7 (2) summer programs for student leadership, career development, applied academics,77.8 and mentorship programs with business and industry;
- (3) recognition programs for teachers, administrators, and others who make outstandingcontributions to school-to-work career and technical programs;
- 77.11 (4) outreach programs to increase the involvement of urban and suburban students;
- (5) organized challenges requiring cooperation and competition for secondary and postsecondary students;
- (6) assistance and training to community teams to increase career awareness and
- 77.15 empowerment of youth as community leaders; and

- 44.28 Subd. 3. **Board of directors.** The board of directors of the Minnesota Foundation for 44.29 Student Organizations consists of:
- 44.30 (1) seven members appointed by the board of directors of the school-to-work career and
- 44.31 technical student organizations and chosen so that each represents one of the following
- 45.1 career areas: agriculture, family and consumer sciences, service occupations, health
- 45.2 occupations, marketing, business, and technical/industrial;
- 45.3 (2) seven members from business, industry, and labor appointed by the governor to
- 45.4 staggered terms and chosen so that each represents one of the following career areas:
- 45.5 agriculture, family and consumer sciences, service occupations, health occupations,
- 45.6 marketing, business, and technical/industrial;
- 45.7 (3) five students or alumni of school-to-work career and technical student organizations
- 45.8 representing diverse career areas, three from secondary student organizations, and two from
- 45.9 postsecondary student organizations. The students or alumni shall be appointed by the
- 45.10 criteria and process agreed upon by the executive directors of the student to work career
- 45.11 and technical organizations; and
- 45.12 (4) four members from education appointed by the governor to staggered terms and
- 45.13 chosen so that each represents one of the following groups: school district level
- 45.14 administrators, secondary school administrators, middle school administrators, and
- 45.15 postsecondary administrators.
- 45.16 Executive directors of vocational <u>career and technical</u> education student organizations 45.17 are ex officio, nonvoting members of the board.
- 45.18 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.34, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- 45.19 Subd. 4. Foundation programs. The foundation shall advance applied leadership and
- 45.20 intracurricular vocational career and technical learning experiences for students. These may 45.21 include, but are not limited to:
- 45.22 (1) recognition programs and awards for students demonstrating excellence in applied45.23 leadership;
- 45.24 (2) summer programs for student leadership, career development, applied academics, 45.25 and mentorship programs with business and industry;
- 45.26 (3) recognition programs for teachers, administrators, and others who make outstanding 45.27 contributions to school-to-work career and technical programs;
- 45.28 (4) outreach programs to increase the involvement of urban and suburban students;
- (5) organized challenges requiring cooperation and competition for secondary and postsecondary students;
- 45.31 (6) assistance and training to community teams to increase career awareness and
- 45.32 empowerment of youth as community leaders; and

- 77.17 To the extent possible, the foundation shall make these programs available to students 77.18 in all parts of the state.
- 77.19 Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.34, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- 77.20 Subd. 5. **Powers and duties.** The foundation may:
- (1) identify and plan common goals and priorities for the various school-to-work careerand technical student organizations in Minnesota;
- (2) publish brochures or booklets relating to the purposes of the foundation and collectreasonable fees for the publications;
- (3) seek and receive public and private money, grants, and in-kind services and goods
- 77.26 from nonstate sources for the purposes of the foundation, without complying with section 77.27 16A.013, subdivision 1;
- (4) contract with consultants on behalf of the school-to-work career and technical student
 organizations;
- (5) plan, implement, and expend money for awards and other forms of recognition for
 school-to-work career and technical student programs; and
- 78.3 (6) identifying an appropriate name for the foundation.
- 78.4 Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.34, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
- 78.5Subd. 8. Public funding. The state shall identify and secure appropriate funding for the78.6basic staffing of the foundation and individual student school-to-work career and technical
- 78.7 student organizations at the state level.
- 78.8 Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.34, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
- 78.9 Subd. 12. **Student organizations.** Individual boards of vocational career and technical
- 78.10 education student organizations shall continue their operations in accordance with section
- 78.11 124D.355 and applicable federal law.
- 78.12 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.59, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:
- 78.13 Subd. 2a. English learner; interrupted formal education. Consistent with subdivision
- 78.14 2, an English learner includes an English learner with an interrupted formal education who
- 78.15 meets three of the following five requirements:
- (1) comes from a home where the language usually spoken is other than English, orusually speaks a language other than English;
- 78.18 (2) enters school in the United States after grade 6;
- 78.19 (3) has at least two years less schooling than the English learner's peers;

- 46.1 (7) assessment and activities in order to plan for and implement continuous improvement.
- 46.2 To the extent possible, the foundation shall make these programs available to students
- 46.3 in all parts of the state.
- 46.4 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.34, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

- 46.5 Subd. 5. Powers and duties. The foundation may:
- 46.6 (1) identify and plan common goals and priorities for the various school-to-work career
 46.7 and technical student organizations in Minnesota;
- 46.8 (2) publish brochures or booklets relating to the purposes of the foundation and collect46.9 reasonable fees for the publications;
- 46.10 (3) seek and receive public and private money, grants, and in-kind services and goods
- 46.11 from nonstate sources for the purposes of the foundation, without complying with section 46.12 16A.013, subdivision 1;
- 46.13 (4) contract with consultants on behalf of the school-to-work career and technical student 46.14 organizations;
- 46.15 (5) plan, implement, and expend money for awards and other forms of recognition for 46.16 school-to-work career and technical student programs; and
- 40.10 senoor-to-work <u>career and teeninear</u> student programs, and
- 46.17 (6) identifying an appropriate name for the foundation.
- 46.18 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.34, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
- 46.19 Subd. 8. **Public funding.** The state shall identify and secure appropriate funding for the
- 46.20 basic staffing of the foundation and individual student school-to-work career and technical
- 46.21 student organizations at the state level.
- 46.22 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.34, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
- 46.23 Subd. 12. Student organizations. Individual boards of vocational career and technical
- 46.24 education student organizations shall continue their operations in accordance with section
- 46.25 124D.355 and applicable federal law.

78.22	(5) may be preliterate in the English learner's native language.
78.23	Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.68, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
78.24	Subd. 2. Eligible pupils. (a) A pupil under the age of 21 or who meets the requirements
78.25	of section 120A.20, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), is eligible to participate in the graduation
78.26	incentives program, if the pupil:
78.27 78.28	(1) performs substantially below the performance level for pupils of the same age in a locally determined achievement test;
78.29	(2) is behind in satisfactorily completing coursework or obtaining credits for graduation;
79.1	(3) is pregnant or is a parent;

(4) functions at least two years below expected grade level in reading and mathematics;

- 79.2 (4) has been assessed as chemically dependent;
- 79.3 (5) has been excluded or expelled according to sections 121A.40 to 121A.56;
- (6) has been referred by a school district for enrollment in an eligible program or a
- 79.5 program pursuant to section 124D.69;

78.20

78.21 and

- 79.6 (7) is a victim of physical or sexual abuse;
- 79.7 (8) has experienced mental health problems;
- 79.8 (9) has experienced homelessness sometime within six months before requesting a
- 79.9 transfer to an eligible program;
- 79.10 (10) speaks English as a second language or is an English learner;
- 79.11 (11) has withdrawn from school or has been chronically truant; or
- 79.12 (12) is being treated in a hospital in the seven-county metropolitan area for cancer or
- 79.13 other life threatening illness or is the sibling of an eligible pupil who is being currently
- 79.14 treated, and resides with the pupil's family at least 60 miles beyond the outside boundary
- 79.15 of the seven-county metropolitan area.
- 79.16 (b) For fiseal years 2017 and 2018 only, A pupil otherwise qualifying under paragraph
- 79.17 (a) who is at least 21 years of age and not yet 22 years of age, and is an English learner with
- 79.18 an interrupted formal education according to section 124D.59, subdivision 2a, and was in
- 79.19 an early middle college program during the previous school year is eligible to participate
- 79.20 in the graduation incentives program under section 124D.68 and in concurrent enrollment
- 79.21 courses offered under section 124D.09, subdivision 10, and is funded in the same manner
- as other pupils under this section.
- 79.23 Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.78, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

46.26 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.78, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

- 79.24 Subd. 2. **Resolution of concurrence.** Prior to March 1, the school board or American
- 79.25 Indian school must submit to the department a copy of a resolution adopted by the American
- 79.26 Indian education parent advisory committee. The copy must be signed by the chair of the
- 79.27 committee and must state whether the committee concurs with the educational programs
- 79.28 for American Indian students offered by the school board or American Indian school. If the
- 79.29 committee does not concur with the educational programs, the reasons for nonconcurrence
- 79.30 and recommendations shall be submitted <u>directly to the school board</u> with the resolution.
- 79.31 By resolution, the board must respond in writing within 60 days, in cases of nonconcurrence,
- 80.1 to each recommendation made by the committee and state its reasons for not implementing 80.2 the recommendations.
- 80.2 the recommendations.
- 80.3 Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.83, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 80.4 Subd. 2. Revenue amount. An American Indian-controlled tribal contract or grant school
- 80.5 that is located on a reservation within the state and that complies with the requirements in
- 80.6 subdivision 1 is eligible to receive tribal contract or grant school aid. The amount of aid is 80.7 derived by:
- derived by.
- 80.8 (1) multiplying the formula allowance under section 126C.10, subdivision 2, less \$170,
- 80.9 times the difference between (i) the resident pupil units as defined in section 126C.05,
- subdivision 6, in average daily membership, excluding section 126C.05, subdivision 13,
- 80.11 and (ii) the number of pupils for the current school year, weighted according to section
- 80.12 126C.05, subdivision 1, receiving benefits under section 123B.42 or 123B.44 or for which
- 80.13 the school is receiving reimbursement under section 124D.69;
- 80.14 (2) adding to the result in clause (1) an amount equal to the product of the formula
- allowance under section 126C.10, subdivision 2, less \$300 times the tribal contract
- 80.16 compensation revenue pupil units;
- 80.17 (3) subtracting from the result in clause (2) the amount of money allotted to the school
- 80.18 by the federal government through Indian School Equalization Program of the Bureau of
- 80.19 Indian Affairs, according to Code of Federal Regulations, title 25, part 39, subparts A to E,
- 80.20 for the basic program as defined by section 39.11, paragraph (b), for the base rate as applied
- 80.21 to kindergarten through twelfth grade, excluding small school adjustments and additional
- 80.22 weighting, but not money allotted through subparts F to L for contingency funds, school
- 80.23 board training, student training, interim maintenance and minor repair, interim administration
- 80.24 cost, prekindergarten, and operation and maintenance, and the amount of money that is
- 80.25 received according to section 124D.69;
- 80.26 (4) dividing the result in clause (3) by the sum of the resident pupil units in average daily
- 80.27 membership, excluding section 126C.05, subdivision 13, plus the tribal contract compensation 80.28 revenue pupil units: and
- 80.29 (5) multiplying the sum of the resident pupil units, including section 126C.05, subdivision
- 80.30 13, in average daily membership plus the tribal contract compensation revenue pupil units

- 46.27 Subd. 2. **Resolution of concurrence.** Prior to March 1, the school board or American
- 46.28 Indian school must submit to the department a copy of a resolution adopted by the American
- 46.29 Indian education parent advisory committee. The copy must be signed by the chair of the
- 47.1 committee and must state whether the committee concurs with the educational programs
- 47.2 for American Indian students offered by the school board or American Indian school. If the
- 47.3 committee does not concur with the educational programs, the reasons for nonconcurrence
- 47.4 and recommendations shall be submitted <u>directly to the school board</u> with the resolution.
- 47.5 By resolution, the board must respond in writing within 60 days, in cases of nonconcurrence,
- 47.6 to each recommendation made by the committee and state its reasons for not implementing
- 47.7 the recommendations.

- 80.31 by the lesser of 3,230 for fiscal years 2016 to year 2019 and $\frac{1,500}{51.17}$ percent of the
- 80.32 <u>formula allowance</u> for fiscal year 2020 and later or the result in clause (4).
- 80.33 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2020 and later.
- 81.1 Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.862, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 81.2 Subdivision 1. Initial achievement and integration revenue. (a) An eligible district's
- 81.3 initial achievement and integration revenue equals the lesser of 100.3 percent of the district's
- 81.4 expenditures under the budget approved by the commissioner under section 124D.861,
- 81.5 subdivision 3, paragraph (c), excluding expenditures used to generate incentive revenue
- 81.6 under subdivision 2, or the sum of (1) 350 times the district's adjusted pupil units for that
- 81.7 year times the ratio of the district's enrollment of protected students for the previous school
- 81.8 year to total enrollment for the previous school year and (2) the greater of zero or 66 percent
- 81.9 of the difference between the district's integration revenue for fiscal year 2013 and the
- 81.10 district's integration revenue for fiscal year 2014 under clause (1).
- (b) In each year, an amount equal to 0.3 percent of each district's initial achievement
- 81.12 and integration revenue for the second prior fiscal year is transferred to the department for
- 81.13 the oversight and accountability activities required under this section and section 124D.861.
- 81.14 Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.862, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- 81.15 Subd. 4. Achievement and integration aid. For fiscal year 2015 and later, a district's
- 81.16 achievement and integration aid equals the sum of 70 percent of its achievement and
- 81.17 integration revenue and its achievement and integration equalization aid under subdivision
- 81.18 <u>5a</u>.
- 81.19 Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.862, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- 81.20 Subd. 5. Achievement and integration levy. (a) A district's achievement and integration
- 81.21 levy revenue equals its achievement and integration revenue times 30 percent.
- 81.22 (b) A district's achievement and integration levy equals the product of (1) the achievement
- 81.23 and integration levy revenue, times (2) the lesser of one or the ratio of the district's adjusted
- 81.24 net tax capacity per adjusted pupil unit to 30 percent of the state average adjusted net tax
- 81.25 capacity per adjusted pupil unit.
- 81.26 (c) For Special School District No. 1, Minneapolis; Independent School District No.
- 81.27 625, St. Paul; and Independent School District No. 709, Duluth, 100 percent of the levy
- 81.28 certified under this subdivision is shifted into the prior calendar year for purposes of sections
- 81.29 123B.75, subdivision 5, and 127A.441.
- 82.1 Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.862, is amended by adding a subdivision
- 82.2 to read:
- 82.3 Subd. 5a. Achievement and integration equalization aid. A district's achievement and
- 82.4 integration equalization aid equals the district's achievement and integration levy revenue

- 47.8 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.862, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 47.9 Subdivision 1. Initial achievement and integration revenue. (a) An eligible district's
- 47.10 initial achievement and integration revenue equals the lesser of 100.3 percent of the district's
- 47.11 expenditures under the budget approved by the commissioner under section 124D.861,
- 47.12 subdivision 3, paragraph (c), excluding expenditures used to generate incentive revenue
- 47.13 under subdivision 2, or the sum of (1) \$350 times the district's adjusted pupil units for that
- 47.14 year times the ratio of the district's enrollment of protected students for the previous school
- 47.15 year to total enrollment for the previous school year and (2) the greater of zero or 66 percent
- 47.16 of the difference between the district's integration revenue for fiscal year 2013 and the
- 47.17 district's integration revenue for fiscal year 2014 under clause (1).
- 47.18 (b) In each year, an amount equal to 0.3 percent of each district's initial achievement
- 47.19 and integration revenue for the second prior fiscal year is transferred to the department for
- 47.20 the oversight and accountability activities required under this section and section 124D.861.

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82.5 82.6	minus the district's achievement and integration levy. If a district does not levy the entire amount permitted, the achievement and integration equalization aid must be reduced in
82.0	proportion to the actual amount levied.
82.8	Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.957, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
82.9	Subdivision 1. Establishment and membership. The Minnesota Youth Council
82.10	Committee is established within and under the auspices of the Minnesota Alliance With
82.11	Youth. The committee consists of four members from each congressional district in
82.12	Minnesota and four members selected at-large. Members must be selected through an
82.13	application and interview process conducted by the Minnesota Alliance With Youth. In
82.14 82.15	making its appointments, the Minnesota Alliance With Youth should strive to ensure gender and ethnic diversity in the committee's membership. Members must be between the ages of
82.15 82.16	13 and 19 in grades 8 through 12 and serve two-year terms, except that one-half of the initial
82.10	members must serve a one-year term. Members may serve a maximum of two terms.
82.18	Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.957, is amended by adding a subdivision
82.19	to read:
82.20	Subd. 5. Funding. The Minnesota Alliance With Youth may receive annual state
82.21	appropriations to fund the operations for the Minnesota Youth Council.
82.22	Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.98, is amended by adding a subdivision
82.23	to read:
02.24	Sund 4 Madium and high growth (a) The definitions in this subdivision apply to this
82.24 82.25	Subd. 4. Medium and high growth. (a) The definitions in this subdivision apply to this section
82.25	section.
82.25 82.26	section. (b) "Medium growth" is an assessment score within one-half standard deviation above
82.25 82.26 82.27	section. (b) "Medium growth" is an assessment score within one-half standard deviation above or below the average year-two assessment scores for students with similar year-one
82.25 82.26	section. (b) "Medium growth" is an assessment score within one-half standard deviation above
82.25 82.26 82.27	section. (b) "Medium growth" is an assessment score within one-half standard deviation above or below the average year-two assessment scores for students with similar year-one assessment scores. (c) "High growth" is an assessment score one-half standard deviation or more above the
82.25 82.26 82.27 82.28	section. (b) "Medium growth" is an assessment score within one-half standard deviation above or below the average year-two assessment scores for students with similar year-one assessment scores.
82.25 82.26 82.27 82.28 82.29 82.30	section. (b) "Medium growth" is an assessment score within one-half standard deviation above or below the average year-two assessment scores for students with similar year-one assessment scores. (c) "High growth" is an assessment score one-half standard deviation or more above the average year-two assessment scores for students with similar year-one assessment scores.
 82.25 82.26 82.27 82.28 82.29 	section. (b) "Medium growth" is an assessment score within one-half standard deviation above or below the average year-two assessment scores for students with similar year-one assessment scores. (c) "High growth" is an assessment score one-half standard deviation or more above the
82.25 82.26 82.27 82.28 82.29 82.30 83.1 83.2	section. (b) "Medium growth" is an assessment score within one-half standard deviation above or below the average year-two assessment scores for students with similar year-one assessment scores. (c) "High growth" is an assessment score one-half standard deviation or more above the average year-two assessment scores for students with similar year-one assessment scores. Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124E.11, is amended to read: 124E.11 ADMISSION REQUIREMENTS AND ENROLLMENT.
82.25 82.26 82.27 82.28 82.29 82.30 83.1 83.2 83.3	section. (b) "Medium growth" is an assessment score within one-half standard deviation above or below the average year-two assessment scores for students with similar year-one assessment scores. (c) "High growth" is an assessment score one-half standard deviation or more above the average year-two assessment scores for students with similar year-one assessment scores. Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124E.11, is amended to read: 124E.11 ADMISSION REQUIREMENTS AND ENROLLMENT. Subdivision 1. Limits on enrollment. (a) A charter school, including its preschool or
82.25 82.26 82.27 82.28 82.29 82.30 83.1 83.2 83.3 83.4	section. (b) "Medium growth" is an assessment score within one-half standard deviation above or below the average year-two assessment scores for students with similar year-one assessment scores. (c) "High growth" is an assessment score one-half standard deviation or more above the average year-two assessment scores for students with similar year-one assessment scores. Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124E.11, is amended to read: 124E.11 ADMISSION REQUIREMENTS AND ENROLLMENT. Subdivision 1. Limits on enrollment. (a) A charter school, including its preschool or prekindergarten program established under section 124E.06, subdivision 3, paragraph (b),
82.25 82.26 82.27 82.28 82.29 82.30 83.1 83.2 83.3 83.4 83.5	section. (b) "Medium growth" is an assessment score within one-half standard deviation above or below the average year-two assessment scores for students with similar year-one assessment scores. (c) "High growth" is an assessment score one-half standard deviation or more above the average year-two assessment scores for students with similar year-one assessment scores. Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124E.11, is amended to read: 124E.11 ADMISSION REQUIREMENTS AND ENROLLMENT. Subdivision 1. Limits on enrollment. (a) A charter school, including its preschool or prekindergarten program established under section 124E.06, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), may limit admission to:
82.25 82.26 82.27 82.28 82.29 82.30 83.1 83.2 83.3 83.4	section. (b) "Medium growth" is an assessment score within one-half standard deviation above or below the average year-two assessment scores for students with similar year-one assessment scores. (c) "High growth" is an assessment score one-half standard deviation or more above the average year-two assessment scores for students with similar year-one assessment scores. Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124E.11, is amended to read: 124E.11 ADMISSION REQUIREMENTS AND ENROLLMENT. Subdivision 1. Limits on enrollment. (a) A charter school, including its preschool or prekindergarten program established under section 124E.06, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), may limit admission to: (1) pupils within an age group or grade level;
82.25 82.26 82.27 82.28 82.29 82.30 83.1 83.2 83.3 83.4 83.5 83.6 83.7	 section. (b) "Medium growth" is an assessment score within one-half standard deviation above or below the average year-two assessment scores for students with similar year-one assessment scores. (c) "High growth" is an assessment score one-half standard deviation or more above the average year-two assessment scores for students with similar year-one assessment scores. Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124E.11, is amended to read: 124E.11 ADMISSION REQUIREMENTS AND ENROLLMENT. Subdivision 1. Limits on enrollment. (a) A charter school, including its preschool or prekindergarten program established under section 124E.06, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), may limit admission to:
82.25 82.26 82.27 82.28 82.29 82.30 83.1 83.2 83.3 83.4 83.5 83.6	section. (b) "Medium growth" is an assessment score within one-half standard deviation above or below the average year-two assessment scores for students with similar year-one assessment scores. (c) "High growth" is an assessment score one-half standard deviation or more above the average year-two assessment scores for students with similar year-one assessment scores. Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124E.11, is amended to read: 124E.11 ADMISSION REQUIREMENTS AND ENROLLMENT. Subdivision 1. Limits on enrollment. (a) A charter school, including its preschool or prekindergarten program established under section 124E.06, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), may limit admission to: (1) pupils within an age group or grade level;
82.25 82.26 82.27 82.28 82.29 82.30 83.1 83.2 83.3 83.4 83.5 83.6 83.7	section. (b) "Medium growth" is an assessment score within one-half standard deviation above or below the average year-two assessment scores for students with similar year-one assessment scores. (c) "High growth" is an assessment score one-half standard deviation or more above the average year-two assessment scores for students with similar year-one assessment scores. (c) "High growth" is an assessment score one-half standard deviation or more above the average year-two assessment scores for students with similar year-one assessment scores. Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124E.11, is amended to read: 124E.11 ADMISSION REQUIREMENTS AND ENROLLMENT. Subdivision 1. Limits on enrollment. (a) A charter school, including its preschool or prekindergarten program established under section 124E.06, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), may limit admission to: (1) pupils within an age group or grade level; (2) pupils who are eligible to participate in the graduation incentives program under section 124D.68; or
82.25 82.26 82.27 82.28 82.29 82.30 83.1 83.2 83.3 83.4 83.5 83.6 83.7 83.8	 section. (b) "Medium growth" is an assessment score within one-half standard deviation above or below the average year-two assessment scores for students with similar year-one assessment scores. (c) "High growth" is an assessment score one-half standard deviation or more above the average year-two assessment scores for students with similar year-one assessment scores. Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124E.11, is amended to read: 124E.11 ADMISSION REQUIREMENTS AND ENROLLMENT. Subdivision 1. Limits on enrollment. (a) A charter school, including its preschool or prekindergarten program established under section 124E.06, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), may limit admission to:

- 47.21 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.98, is amended by adding a subdivision 47.22 to read:
- 47.23 Subd. 4. Medium and high growth. (a) The definitions in this subdivision apply to this

47.24 section.

- 47.25 (b) "Medium growth" is an assessment score within one-half standard deviation above
- 47.26 or below the average year-two assessment scores for students with similar year-one

47.27 assessment scores.

- 47.28 (c) "High growth" is an assessment score one-half standard deviation or more above the
- 47.29 average year-two assessment scores for students with similar year-one assessment scores.

83.11	Subd. 2. Timely application; lottery; enrollment preference. (b) A charter school,
83.11	including its preschool or prekindergarten program established under section 124E.06,
83.12	subdivision 3, paragraph (b), shall enroll an eligible pupil who submits a timely application,
83.14	unless the number of applications exceeds the capacity of a program, class, grade level, or
83.15	building. In this case, pupils must be accepted by lot. The charter school must develop and
83.16	publish, including on its website, a lottery policy and process that it must use when accepting
83.17	pupils by lot.
83.18	Subd. 3. Lottery exceptions. (c) (a) A charter school shall give enrollment preference
83.19	to a sibling of an enrolled pupil and to a foster child of that pupil's parents and may give
83.20	preference for enrolling children of the school's staff before accepting other pupils by lot.
83.21	(b) A charter school that is located in Duluth township in St. Louis County and admits
83.22	students in kindergarten through grade 6 must give enrollment preference to students residing
83.23	within a five-mile radius of the school and to the siblings of enrolled children.
83.24	(c) A charter school may give enrollment preference to children currently enrolled in
83.24 83.25	the school's free preschool or prekindergarten program under section 124E.06, subdivision
83.25	3, paragraph (b), who are eligible to enroll in kindergarten in the next school year.
83.27	(d) A charter school that is located in Castle Rock Township in Dakota County must
83.28	give enrollment preference to students residing within a two-mile radius of the school and
83.29	to the siblings of enrolled children.
83.30	Subd. 4. Age of enrollment. (d) A person shall not be admitted to a charter school (1)
83.30 83.31	Subd. 4. Age of enrollment. (d) A person shall not be admitted to a charter school (1) as a kindergarten pupil, unless the pupil is at least five years of age on September 1 of the
83.31	as a kindergarten pupil, unless the pupil is at least five years of age on September 1 of the
83.31 83.32	as a kindergarten pupil, unless the pupil is at least five years of age on September 1 of the calendar year in which the school year for which the pupil seeks admission commences; or (2) as a first grade student, unless the pupil is at least six years of age on September 1 of the calendar year in which the school year for which the pupil seeks admission commences
83.31 83.32 84.1	as a kindergarten pupil, unless the pupil is at least five years of age on September 1 of the calendar year in which the school year for which the pupil seeks admission commences; or (2) as a first grade student, unless the pupil is at least six years of age on September 1 of the calendar year in which the school year for which the pupil seeks admission commences or has completed kindergarten; except that a charter school may establish and publish on
83.31 83.32 84.1 84.2	as a kindergarten pupil, unless the pupil is at least five years of age on September 1 of the calendar year in which the school year for which the pupil seeks admission commences; or (2) as a first grade student, unless the pupil is at least six years of age on September 1 of the calendar year in which the school year for which the pupil seeks admission commences or has completed kindergarten; except that a charter school may establish and publish on its website a policy for admission of selected pupils at an earlier age, consistent with the
83.31 83.32 84.1 84.2 84.3	as a kindergarten pupil, unless the pupil is at least five years of age on September 1 of the calendar year in which the school year for which the pupil seeks admission commences; or (2) as a first grade student, unless the pupil is at least six years of age on September 1 of the calendar year in which the school year for which the pupil seeks admission commences or has completed kindergarten; except that a charter school may establish and publish on
83.31 83.32 84.1 84.2 84.3 84.4 84.5	as a kindergarten pupil, unless the pupil is at least five years of age on September 1 of the calendar year in which the school year for which the pupil seeks admission commences; or (2) as a first grade student, unless the pupil is at least six years of age on September 1 of the calendar year in which the school year for which the pupil seeks admission commences or has completed kindergarten; except that a charter school may establish and publish on its website a policy for admission of selected pupils at an earlier age, consistent with the enrollment process in paragraphs (b) and (c) subdivisions 2 and 3.
83.31 83.32 84.1 84.2 84.3 84.4 84.5 84.6	as a kindergarten pupil, unless the pupil is at least five years of age on September 1 of the calendar year in which the school year for which the pupil seeks admission commences; or (2) as a first grade student, unless the pupil is at least six years of age on September 1 of the calendar year in which the school year for which the pupil seeks admission commences or has completed kindergarten; except that a charter school may establish and publish on its website a policy for admission of selected pupils at an earlier age, consistent with the enrollment process in paragraphs (b) and (e) subdivisions 2 and 3. Subd. 5. Admission limits not allowed. (e) Except as permitted in paragraph (d)
83.31 83.32 84.1 84.2 84.3 84.4 84.5	as a kindergarten pupil, unless the pupil is at least five years of age on September 1 of the calendar year in which the school year for which the pupil seeks admission commences; or (2) as a first grade student, unless the pupil is at least six years of age on September 1 of the calendar year in which the school year for which the pupil seeks admission commences or has completed kindergarten; except that a charter school may establish and publish on its website a policy for admission of selected pupils at an earlier age, consistent with the enrollment process in paragraphs (b) and (e) subdivisions 2 and 3. Subd. 5. Admission limits not allowed. (e) Except as permitted in paragraph (d) subdivision 4, a charter school, including its preschool or prekindergarten program established
83.31 83.32 84.1 84.2 84.3 84.4 84.5 84.6 84.6	as a kindergarten pupil, unless the pupil is at least five years of age on September 1 of the calendar year in which the school year for which the pupil seeks admission commences; or (2) as a first grade student, unless the pupil is at least six years of age on September 1 of the calendar year in which the school year for which the pupil seeks admission commences or has completed kindergarten; except that a charter school may establish and publish on its website a policy for admission of selected pupils at an earlier age, consistent with the enrollment process in paragraphs (b) and (e) subdivisions 2 and 3. Subd. 5. Admission limits not allowed. (e) Except as permitted in paragraph (d)
83.31 83.32 84.1 84.2 84.3 84.4 84.5 84.6 84.6 84.7 84.8	as a kindergarten pupil, unless the pupil is at least five years of age on September 1 of the calendar year in which the school year for which the pupil seeks admission commences; or (2) as a first grade student, unless the pupil is at least six years of age on September 1 of the calendar year in which the school year for which the pupil seeks admission commences or has completed kindergarten; except that a charter school may establish and publish on its website a policy for admission of selected pupils at an earlier age, consistent with the enrollment process in paragraphs (b) and (c) subdivisions 2 and 3. Subd. 5. Admission limits not allowed. (c) Except as permitted in paragraph (d) subdivision 4, a charter school, including its preschool or prekindergarten program established under section 124E.06, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), may not limit admission to pupils on
83.31 83.32 84.1 84.2 84.3 84.4 84.5 84.6 84.7 84.8 84.9	as a kindergarten pupil, unless the pupil is at least five years of age on September 1 of the calendar year in which the school year for which the pupil seeks admission commences; or (2) as a first grade student, unless the pupil is at least six years of age on September 1 of the calendar year in which the school year for which the pupil seeks admission commences or has completed kindergarten; except that a charter school may establish and publish on its website a policy for admission of selected pupils at an earlier age, consistent with the enrollment process in paragraphs (b) and (e) subdivisions 2 and 3. Subd. 5. Admission limits not allowed. (e) Except as permitted in paragraph (d) subdivision 4, a charter school, including its preschool or prekindergarten program established under section 124E.06, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), may not limit admission to pupils on the basis of intellectual ability, measures of achievement or aptitude, or athletic ability and
83.31 83.32 84.1 84.2 84.3 84.4 84.5 84.6 84.7 84.8 84.9 84.10 84.11	as a kindergarten pupil, unless the pupil is at least five years of age on September 1 of the calendar year in which the school year for which the pupil seeks admission commences; or (2) as a first grade student, unless the pupil is at least six years of age on September 1 of the calendar year in which the school year for which the pupil seeks admission commences or has completed kindergarten; except that a charter school may establish and publish on its website a policy for admission of selected pupils at an earlier age, consistent with the enrollment process in paragraphs (b) and (e) subdivisions 2 and 3. <u>Subd. 5.</u> <u>Admission limits not allowed.</u> (e) Except as permitted in paragraph (d) subdivision 4, a charter school, including its preschool or prekindergarten program established under section 124E.06, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), may not limit admission to pupils on the basis of intellectual ability, measures of achievement or aptitude, or athletic ability and may not establish any criteria or requirements for admission that are inconsistent with this section.
83.31 83.32 84.1 84.2 84.3 84.4 84.5 84.6 84.7 84.8 84.9 84.10 84.11 84.12	as a kindergarten pupil, unless the pupil is at least five years of age on September 1 of the calendar year in which the school year for which the pupil seeks admission commences; or (2) as a first grade student, unless the pupil is at least six years of age on September 1 of the calendar year in which the school year for which the pupil seeks admission commences or has completed kindergarten; except that a charter school may establish and publish on its website a policy for admission of selected pupils at an earlier age, consistent with the enrollment process in paragraphs (b) and (e) subdivisions 2 and 3. <u>Subd. 5.</u> <u>Admission limits not allowed.</u> (e) Except as permitted in paragraph (d) subdivision 4, a charter school, including its preschool or prekindergarten program established under section 124E.06, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), may not limit admission to pupils on the basis of intellectual ability, measures of achievement or aptitude, or athletic ability and may not establish any criteria or requirements for admission that are inconsistent with this section.
83.31 83.32 84.1 84.2 84.3 84.4 84.5 84.6 84.7 84.8 84.9 84.10 84.11 84.12 84.13	as a kindergarten pupil, unless the pupil is at least five years of age on September 1 of the calendar year in which the school year for which the pupil seeks admission commences; or (2) as a first grade student, unless the pupil is at least six years of age on September 1 of the calendar year in which the school year for which the pupil seeks admission commences or has completed kindergarten; except that a charter school may establish and publish on its website a policy for admission of selected pupils at an earlier age, consistent with the enrollment process in paragraphs (b) and (e) subdivisions 2 and 3. Subd. 5. Admission limits not allowed. (e) Except as permitted in paragraph (d) subdivision 4, a charter school, including its preschool or prekindergarten program established under section 124E.06, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), may not limit admission to pupils on the basis of intellectual ability, measures of achievement or aptitude, or athletic ability and may not establish any criteria or requirements for admission that are inconsistent with this section.
83.31 83.32 84.1 84.2 84.3 84.4 84.5 84.6 84.7 84.6 84.7 84.8 84.9 84.10 84.11 84.12 84.13 84.14	as a kindergarten pupil, unless the pupil is at least five years of age on September 1 of the calendar year in which the school year for which the pupil seeks admission commences; or (2) as a first grade student, unless the pupil is at least six years of age on September 1 of the calendar year in which the school year for which the pupil seeks admission commences or has completed kindergarten; except that a charter school may establish and publish on its website a policy for admission of selected pupils at an earlier age, consistent with the enrollment process in paragraphs (b) and (c) subdivisions 2 and 3. Subd. 5. Admission limits not allowed. (c) Except as permitted in paragraph (d) subdivision 4, a charter school, including its preschool or prekindergarten program established under section 124E.06, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), may not limit admission to pupils on the basis of intellectual ability, measures of achievement or aptitude, or athletic ability and may not establish any criteria or requirements for admission that are inconsistent with this section. Subd. 6. Enrollment incentives prohibited. (f) The A charter school shall not distribute any services or goods of value to students, parents, or guardians as an inducement, term, or condition of enrolling a student in a charter school.
83.31 83.32 84.1 84.2 84.3 84.4 84.5 84.6 84.7 84.6 84.7 84.8 84.9 84.10 84.11 84.12 84.13 84.14 84.15	as a kindergarten pupil, unless the pupil is at least five years of age on September 1 of the calendar year in which the school year for which the pupil seeks admission commences; or (2) as a first grade student, unless the pupil is at least six years of age on September 1 of the calendar year in which the school year for which the pupil seeks admission commences or has completed kindergarten; except that a charter school may establish and publish on its website a policy for admission of selected pupils at an earlier age, consistent with the enrollment process in paragraphs (b) and (c) subdivisions 2 and 3. Subd. 5. Admission limits not allowed. (c) Except as permitted in paragraph (d) subdivision 4, a charter school, including its preschool or prekindergarten program established under section 124E.06, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), may not limit admission to pupils on the basis of intellectual ability, measures of achievement or aptitude, or athletic ability and may not establish any criteria or requirements for admission that are inconsistent with this section. Subd. 6. Enrollment incentives prohibited. (f) The A charter school shall not distribute any services or goods of value to students, parents, or guardians as an inducement, term, or condition of enrolling a student in a charter school.
83.31 83.32 84.1 84.2 84.3 84.4 84.5 84.6 84.7 84.6 84.7 84.8 84.9 84.10 84.11 84.12 84.13 84.14	as a kindergarten pupil, unless the pupil is at least five years of age on September 1 of the calendar year in which the school year for which the pupil seeks admission commences; or (2) as a first grade student, unless the pupil is at least six years of age on September 1 of the calendar year in which the school year for which the pupil seeks admission commences or has completed kindergarten; except that a charter school may establish and publish on its website a policy for admission of selected pupils at an earlier age, consistent with the enrollment process in paragraphs (b) and (c) subdivisions 2 and 3. Subd. 5. Admission limits not allowed. (c) Except as permitted in paragraph (d) subdivision 4, a charter school, including its preschool or prekindergarten program established under section 124E.06, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), may not limit admission to pupils on the basis of intellectual ability, measures of achievement or aptitude, or athletic ability and may not establish any criteria or requirements for admission that are inconsistent with this section. Subd. 6. Enrollment incentives prohibited. (f) The A charter school shall not distribute any services or goods of value to students, parents, or guardians as an inducement, term, or condition of enrolling a student in a charter school.

84.18 84.19	Subd. 8. Prekindergarten pupils. (h) A charter school with at least 90 percent of enrolled students who are eligible for special education services and have a primary disability of
84.20 84.21	deaf or hard-of-hearing may enroll prekindergarten pupils with a disability under section 126C.05, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), and must comply with the federal Individuals with
84.22 84.23	Disabilities Education Act under Code of Federal Regulations, title 34, section 300.324, subsection (2), clause (iv).
84.24 84.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for enrollment decisions made on or after July 1, 2019.
84.26	Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124E.13, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
84.27 84.28 84.29 84.30 84.31	Subd. 3. Affiliated nonprofit building corporation. (a) An affiliated nonprofit building corporation may purchase, expand, or renovate an existing facility to serve as a school or may construct a new school facility. An affiliated nonprofit building corporation may only serve one charter school. A charter school may organize an affiliated nonprofit building corporation if the charter school:
84.32	(1) has operated for at least six consecutive years;
85.1 85.2	(2) as of June 30, has a net positive unreserved general fund balance in the preceding three fiscal years;
85.3 85.4	(3) has long-range strategic and financial plans that include enrollment projections for at least five years;
85.5 85.6	(4) completes a feasibility study of facility options that outlines the benefits and costs of each option; and
85.7	(5) has a plan that describes project parameters and budget.
85.8	(b) An affiliated nonprofit building corporation under this subdivision must:
85.9	(1) be incorporated under section 317A;
85.10 85.11	(2) comply with applicable Internal Revenue Service regulations, including regulations for "supporting organizations" as defined by the Internal Revenue Service;
85.12 85.13 85.14	(3) post on the school website the name, mailing address, bylaws, minutes of board meetings, and names of the current board of directors of the affiliated nonprofit building corporation;
85.15 85.16	(4) submit to the commissioner a copy of its annual audit by December 31 of each year; and
85.17	(5) comply with government data practices law under chapter 13.
85.18 85.19 85.20	(c) An affiliated nonprofit building corporation must not serve as the leasing agent for property or facilities it does not own. A charter school that leases a facility from an affiliated nonprofit building corporation that does not own the leased facility is ineligible to receive

85.21 charter school lease aid. The state is immune from liability resulting from a contract between

- 85.22 a charter school and an affiliated nonprofit building corporation.
- 85.23 (d) The board of directors of the charter school must ensure the affiliated nonprofit
- building corporation complies with all applicable legal requirements. The charter school's
- 85.25 authorizer must oversee the efforts of the board of directors of the charter school to ensure
- 85.26 legal compliance of the affiliated building corporation. A school's board of directors that
- 85.27 fails to ensure the affiliated nonprofit building corporation's compliance violates its
- 85.28 responsibilities and an authorizer must consider that failure when evaluating the charter
- 85.29 school.

- 86.1 Sec. 49. Laws 2016, chapter 189, article 25, section 61, is amended to read:
 86.2 Sec. 61. CERTIFICATION INCENTIVE REVENUE.
- 86.3 Subdivision 1. **Qualifying certificates.** As soon as practicable, the commissioner of
- 86.4 education, in consultation with the Governor's Workforce Development Council established
- 86.5 under Minnesota Statutes, section 116L.665, and the P-20 education partnership operating
- 86.6 under Minnesota Statutes, section 127A.70, must establish the list of qualifying career and
- 86.7 technical certificates and post the names of those certificates on the Department of
- 86.8 Education's Web site. The certificates must be in fields where occupational opportunities
- 86.9 exist.
- 86.10 Subd. 2. School district participation. (a) A school board may adopt a policy authorizing
- 86.11 its students in grades 9 through 12, including its students enrolled in postsecondary enrollment
- 86.12 options courses under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.09, the opportunity to complete a
- 86.13 qualifying certificate. The certificate may be completed as part of a regularly scheduled
- 86.14 course.
- 86.15 (b) A school district may register a student for any assessment necessary to complete a
- 86.16 qualifying certificate and pay any associated registration fees for its students.
- 86.17 Subd. 3. Incentive funding. (a) A school district's career and technical certification aid
- 86.18 equals \$500 times the district's number of students enrolled during the current fiscal year
- 86.19 who have obtained one or more qualifying certificates during the current fiscal year.
- (b) The statewide total certificate revenue must not exceed \$1,000,000. The commissioner
- 86.21 must proportionately reduce the initial aid provided under this subdivision so that the
- 86.22 statewide aid cap is not exceeded.

- 21.7 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 127A.45, subdivision 16, is amended to read:
- 21.8 Subd. 16. Payments to third parties. Notwithstanding subdivision 3, the current year
- 21.9 aid payment percentage of the amounts amount under sections 123A.26, subdivision 3, and
- 21.10 section 124D.041, shall be paid in equal installments on August 30, December 30, and
- 21.11 March 30, with a final adjustment payment on October 30 of the next fiscal year of the
- 21.12 remaining amount.

86.23 86.24 86.25 86.26	Subd. 4. Reports to the legislature. (a) The commissioner of education must report to the committees of the legislature with jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education and higher education by February 1, 2017, on the number and types of certificates authorized for the 2016-2017 school year. The commissioner must also recommend whether
86.20	the pilot program should be continued.
86.28 86.29 86.30 86.31	(b) By February 1, 2018 2021, the commissioner of education must report to the committees of the legislature with jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education and higher education about the number and types of certificates earned by Minnesota's students during the 2016-2017 prior school year.
87.1 87.2	Sec. 50. Laws 2016, chapter 189, article 25, section 62, subdivision 15, is amended to read:
87.3	Subd. 15. Certificate incentive funding. (a) For the certificate incentive program:
87.4 87.5	\$ <u>140,000</u> 2017
87.6 87.7 87.8	(b) This is a onetime appropriation. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2019. \$860,000 of the initial fiscal year 2017 appropriation is canceled to the general fund on June 30, 2019.
87.9	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
87.10	Sec. 51. INNOVATION RESEARCH ZONES PILOT PROGRAM.
87.11	Subdivision 1. Establishment; requirements for participation; research zone plans. (a)
87.12	The innovation research zone pilot program is established to improve student and school
87.13	outcomes consistent with the world's best workforce requirements under Minnesota Statutes,
87.14	section 120B.11. Innovation zone partnerships allow school districts and charter schools to
87.15	research and implement innovative education programming models designed to better
87.16	prepare students for the world.
87.17	(b) One or more school districts or charter schools may join together to form an innovation
87.18	zone partnership. The partnership may include other nonschool partners, including
87.19	postsecondary institutions, other units of local government, nonprofit organizations, and
87.20	for-profit organizations. An innovation zone plan must be collaboratively developed with
87.21	a school's instructional staff.
87.22	(c) An innovation research zone partnership must research and implement innovative
87.23	education programs and models that are based on proposed hypotheses. An innovation zone
87.24	plan may include an emerging practice not yet supported by peer-reviewed research.
87.25	Examples of innovation zone research include:

47.30 47.31	Sec. 26. Laws 2016, chapter 189, article 25, section 62, subdivision 15, is amended to read:
47.32	Subd. 15. Certificate incentive funding. (a) For the certificate incentive program:
48.1 48.2	\$ <u>139,000</u> 2017
48.3 48.4 48.5	(b) This is a onetime appropriation. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2019. <u>\$861,000 of the initial fiscal year 2017 appropriation is canceled to the general fund on June</u> <u>29, 2019.</u>

87.26 87.27	(1) personalized learning allowing students to excel at their own pace and according to their interests, aspirations, and unique needs;
87.28 87.29	(2) the use of competency outcomes rather than seat time and course completion to fulfill standards, credits, and other graduation requirements;
87.30 87.31 87.32	(3) multidisciplinary, real-world, inquiry-based, and student-directed models designed to make learning more engaging and relevant, including documenting and validating learning that takes place beyond the school day and school walls;
88.1 88.2 88.3	(4) models of instruction designed to close the achievement gap, including new models for age three to grade 3 models, English as a second language models, early identification and prevention of mental health issues, and others;
88.4 88.5 88.6	(5) partnerships between secondary schools and postsecondary institutions, employers, or career training institutions enabling students to complete industry certifications, postsecondary education credits, and other credentials;
88.7 88.8	(6) new methods of collaborative leadership including the expansion of schools where teachers have larger professional roles;
88.9	(7) new ways to enhance parental and community involvement in learning;
88.10 88.11	(8) new models of professional development for educators, including embedded professional development; or
88.12 88.13 88.14	(9) new models in other areas such as whole child instruction, social-emotional skill development, technology-based or blended learning, parent and community involvement, professional development and mentoring, and models that increase return on investment.
88.15 88.16 88.17	(d) The governing board for each innovation zone partner must approve an innovation zone plan. An innovation zone plan submitted to the commissioner for approval must describe:
88.18 88.19	(1) how the plan will improve student and school outcomes consistent with the world's best workforce requirements under Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.11;
88.20	(2) the role of each partner in the innovation zone;
88.21	(3) the research methodology used for each proposed action in the plan;
88.22 88.23	(4) the innovation zone partnership's proposed exemptions from statutes and rules under subdivision 2;
88.24 88.25	(5) how the proposed planning and implementation process includes teachers and other educational staff from the affected school sites;
88.26	(6) expected outcomes and graduation standards;

88.27 (7) a timeline for implementing the plan and assessing outcomes; and

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88.29	(a) Upon unanimous approval by the initial innovation zone partners and approval by
00.29	(e) Upon unanimous approval by the initial innovation zone partners and approval by

- 88.30 the commissioner of education, the innovation zone partnership may extend membership
- 88.31 to other partners. A new partner's membership is effective 30 days after the innovation zone 89.1 partnership notifies the commissioner of the proposed change in membership, unless the
- partnership notifies the commissioner of the proposed change in membership, unless the
 commissioner disapproves the new partner's membership.
- commissioner disupproves the new particle's memoership.
- 89.3 (f) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, a school district or charter school
- 89.4 participating in an innovation zone partnership under this section continues to receive all
- 89.5 revenue and maintains its taxation authority in the same manner as prior to participation in
- 89.6 the innovation zone partnership. The innovation zone school district and charter school
- partners remain organized and governed by their respective school boards with general
 powers under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 123B or 124E, and remain subject to any
- 89.8 powers under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 123B or 124E, and remain subject to any
 89.9 employment agreements under Minnesota Statutes, chapters 122A and 179A, School
- 89.9 employment agreements under Minnesota Statutes, chapters 122A and 179A. School district
 89.10 and charter school employees participating in an innovation zone partnership remain
- 89.11 employees of their respective school district or charter school.
- (g) An innovation zone partnership may submit its plan at any time to the commissioner
- 89.13 in the form and manner specified by the commissioner. The commissioner must approve
- 89.14 or reject the plan after reviewing the recommendation of the Innovation Research Zone
- 89.15 Advisory Panel. An innovation zone partnership may resubmit a previously rejected plan
- after modifying the plan to meet each individually identified objection.
- 89.17 Subd. 2. Exemptions from laws and rules. (a) Notwithstanding any other law to the
- 89.18 contrary, an innovation zone partner with an approved plan is exempt from each of the
- 89.19 following state education laws and rules specifically identified in its plan:
- 89.20 (1) a law or rule from which a district-created, site-governed school under Minnesota
- 89.21 Statutes, section 123B.045, is exempt;
- (2) a statute or rule from which the commissioner has exempted another district or charter
- 89.23 school, as identified in the list published on the Department of Education's website under
- 89.24 subdivision 4, paragraph (b);
- (3) online learning program approval under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.095,
- 89.26 subdivision 7, if the school district or charter school offers a course or program online
- 89.27 combined with direct access to a teacher for a portion of that course or program;
- 89.28 (4) restrictions on extended time revenue under Minnesota Statutes, section 126C.10,
- 89.29 subdivision 2a, for a student who meets the criteria of Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.68,
- subdivision 2; and

89.31	(5) required hours of instruction in a class or subject area for a student who is meeting
89.32	all competencies consistent with the graduation standards described in the innovation zone
89.33	<u>plan.</u>
90.1	(b) The exemptions under this subdivision must not be construed as exempting an
90.2	innovation zone partner from the Minnesota Comprehensive Assessments.
90.3	Subd. 3. Innovation Research Zone Advisory Panel. (a) The commissioner must
90.4	establish and convene an Innovation Research Zone Advisory Panel to review all innovation
90.5	zone plans submitted for approval.
90.6	(b) The panel must be composed of nine members. The commissioner must appoint one
90.7	member with expertise in evaluation and research. One member must be appointed by each
90.8	of the following organizations: Educators for Excellence, Education Minnesota, Minnesota
90.9	Association of Secondary School Principals, Minnesota Elementary School Principals'
90.10	Association, Minnesota Association of School Administrators, Minnesota School Boards
90.11	Association, Minnesota Association of Charter Schools, and the Office of Higher Education.
00.10	
90.12	Subd. 4. Commissioner approval. (a) Upon recommendation of the Innovation Research
90.13	Zone Advisory Panel, the commissioner may approve up to three innovation zone plans in
90.14	the seven-county metropolitan area and up to three in greater Minnesota. If an innovation
90.15 90.16	zone partnership fails to implement its innovation zone plan as described in its application
90.16 90.17	and according to the stated timeline, upon recommendation of the Innovation Research Zone Advisory Panel, the commissioner must alert the partnership members and provide
90.17 90.18	
90.18 90.19	the opportunity to remediate. If implementation continues to fail, the commissioner must suspend or terminate the innovation zone plan.
90.19	suspend of terminate the mnovation zone plan.
90.20	(b) The commissioner must publish a list of the exemptions granted to a district or charter
90.21	school on the Department of Education's website by July 1, 2020. The list must be updated
90.22	annually.
90.23	Subd. 5. Project evaluation; dissemination; report to legislature. Each innovation
90.23	zone partnership must submit project data to the commissioner in the form and manner
90.24	provided for in the approved application. At least once every two years, the commissioner
90.26	must analyze each innovation zone's progress in meeting the objectives of the innovation
90.27	zone plan. The commissioner must summarize and categorize innovation zone plans and
90.28	submit a report to the legislative committees having jurisdiction over education by February
90.29	1 of each odd-numbered year in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 3.195.
90.30	Sec. 52. RURAL CAREER AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION CONSORTIUM
90.31	GRANTS.
90.32	Subdivision 1. Definition. "Rural career and technical education (CTE) consortium"
90.33	means a voluntary collaboration of a service cooperative and other regional public and

private partners, including school districts and higher education institutions, that work 91.1

- 48.6 Sec. 27. Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 5, article 2, section 55, subdivision 1,
- 48.7 is amended to read:

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- 91.2 together to provide career and technical education opportunities within the service
- 91.3 cooperative's multicounty service area.

- 48.8 Subdivision 1. **Definition.** (a) "Rural career and technical education (CTE) consortium"
- 48.9 means a voluntary collaboration of a at least one service cooperative and other regional
- 48.10 public and private partners, including school districts and higher education institutions, that
- 48.11 work together to provide career and technical education opportunities within the service

48.15 Sec. 28. Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 5, article 2, section 55, subdivision 6,

48.18 a two-year grant to the consortium that is a collaboration of the Southwest/West Central

Subd. 6. Grant recipients. For fiscal years 2018 and 2019, the commissioner shall award

48.12 cooperative's multicounty service area.

48.16 is amended to read:

48.17

- 48.13 (b) A consortium that includes more than one service cooperative must designate one
- 48.14 service cooperative to serve as fiscal host for the consortium.

- 91.4 Subd. 2. Establishment. (a) A rural CTE consortium shall:
- 91.5 (1) focus on the development of courses and programs that encourage collaboration
- 91.6 between two or more school districts;
- 91.7 (2) develop new career and technical programs that focus on industry sectors that fuel
- 91.8 the rural regional economy;
- 91.9 (3) facilitate the development of highly trained and knowledgeable students who are
- 91.10 equipped with technical and workplace skills needed by regional employers;
- 91.11 (4) improve access to career and technical education programs for students who attend
- 91.12 sparsely populated rural school districts by developing public and private partnerships with
- 91.13 business and industry leaders and by increasing coordination of high school and
- 91.14 postsecondary program options;
- 91.15 (5) increase family and student awareness of the availability and benefit of career and
- 91.16 technical education courses and training opportunities; and
- 91.17 (6) provide capital start-up costs for items including but not limited to a mobile welding
- 91.18 lab, medical equipment and lab, and industrial kitchen equipment.
- 91.19 (b) In addition to the requirements in paragraph (a), a rural CTE consortium may:
- 91.20 (1) address the teacher shortage in career and technical education through incentive
- 91.21 funding and training programs; and
- 91.22 (2) provide transportation reimbursement grants to provide equitable opportunities
- 91.23 throughout the region for students to participate in career and technical education.
- 91.24 Subd. 3. Rural career and technical education advisory committee. In order to be
- 91.25 eligible for a grant under this section, a service cooperative must establish a rural career
- 91.26 and technical education advisory committee to advise the cooperative on administering the
- 91.27 rural CTE consortium.

- 48.19 Service Cooperative (SWWC), Southwest Minnesota State University, Minnesota West
- 48.20 Community and Technical College, Ridgewater College, and other regional public and
- 48.21 private partners. For fiscal years 2020 and 2021, the commissioner shall award a two-year
- 48.22 grant to an applicant consortium that includes at least one of the South Central Service
- 48.23 Cooperative or Southeast Service Cooperative and a two-year grant to an applicant
- 48.24 consortium that includes at least one of the Northwest Service Cooperative or Northeast
- 48.25 Service Cooperative.

- 91.28 Subd. 4. Private funding. A rural CTE consortium may receive other sources of funds
- 91.29 to supplement state funding. All funds received shall be administered by a service cooperative
- 91.30 that is a member of the consortium.
- 91.31 Subd. 5. Reporting requirements. A rural CTE consortium must submit an annual
- 91.32 report on the progress of its activities to the commissioner of education and the legislative
- 92.1 committees with jurisdiction over secondary and postsecondary education. The annual report
- 92.2 must contain a financial report for the preceding fiscal year. The first report is due no later
- 92.3 than January 15, 2021.
- 92.4 Subd. 6. Grant recipients. For fiscal years 2020 and 2021, the commissioner shall award
- 92.5 a two-year grant to the consortium that is a collaboration of the Southwest/West Central
- 92.6 Service Cooperative (SWWC), Southwest Minnesota State University, Minnesota West
- 92.7 Community and Technical College, Ridgewater College, and other regional public and
- 92.8 private partners. For fiscal years 2020 and 2021, the commissioner shall award a two-year
- 92.9 grant to an applicant consortium that includes the South Central Service Cooperative or
- 92.10 Southeast Service Cooperative and a two-year grant to an applicant consortium that includes
- 92.11 the Northwest Service Cooperative or Northeast Service Cooperative.
- 92.12 Sec. 53. VOCATIONAL ENRICHMENT PROGRAM.
- 92.13 Subdivision 1. Vocational enrichment program. A school district or charter school
- 92.14 may establish a vocational enrichment program that operates outside of the regular school
- 92.15 day, including over weekends or the summer, to provide instruction in vocational courses
- 92.16 focused on construction trades and welding. The district must first offer the program to
- 92.17 enrolled secondary students but may broaden registration to others if space permits.
- 92.18 Subd. 2. Vocational enrichment grants. (a) A school district must apply for a vocational
- 92.19 enrichment grant in the form and manner specified by the commissioner. The maximum
- 92.20 amount of a vocational enrichment grant equals the product of:
- 92.21 (1) \$5,117;
- 92.22 (2) 1.2;
- 92.23 (3) the number of students participating in the program; and
- 92.24 (4) the ratio of the actual hours of service provided to each student to 1,020.

92.25 (b) If applications for funding exceed the amount appropriated for the program, the

- 92.26 commissioner must prioritize grants to welding and construction trades programs.
- 92.27 Subd. 3. Reporting. By February 15 of each year following the receipt of a grant, a
- 92.28 school district must report on its website and to the commissioner of education on the courses
- 92.29 funded through the grant, the demographics of the participants in the program, and the
- 92.30 outcome for course participants.
- 92.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2019.
- 93.1 Sec. 54. BRECKENRIDGE SCHOOL DISTRICT.
- 93.2 Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.09, subdivision 3, Independent School
- 93.3 District No. 846, Breckenridge, may enter into an agreement under Minnesota Statutes,
- 93.4 section 124D.09, subdivision 10, with a higher education institution located outside of the
- 93.5 state of Minnesota but within four miles of the high school. The higher education institution
- 93.6 is an eligible institution only for the purposes of providing a postsecondary enrollment
- 93.7 options program under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.09.

21.13 Sec. 28. BRECKENRIDGE SCHOOL DISTRICT; POSTSECONDARY

21.14 ENROLLMENT OPTIONS.

- 21.15 Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.09, subdivision 3, Independent School
- 21.16 District No. 846, Breckenridge, may enter into an agreement under Minnesota Statutes,
- 21.17 section 124D.09, subdivision 10, with a higher education institution located outside of the
- 21.18 state of Minnesota but within four miles of the high school. The higher education institution
- 21.19 is an eligible institution only for the purposes of providing a postsecondary enrollment
- 21.20 options program under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.09.

21.21EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for revenue in the 2019-2020 school21.22year and later.

- 48.26 Sec. 29. Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 5, article 2, section 57, subdivision 14,
 48.27 is amended to read:
- 48.28 Subd. 14. Singing-based pilot program to improve student reading. (a) For a grant
- 48.29 to pilot a research-supported, computer-based educational program that uses singing to
- 48.30 improve the reading ability of students in grades 2 through 5:
- 48.31 \$ 500,000 <u>270,000</u> 2018
- 48.32 \$ 0 2019
- 49.1 (b) The commissioner of education shall award a grant to the Rock 'n' Read Project to
- 49.2 implement a research-supported, computer-based educational program that uses singing to
- 49.3 improve the reading ability of students in grades 2 through 5. The grantee shall be responsible
- 49.4 for selecting participating school sites; providing any required hardware and software,
- 49.5 including software licenses, for the duration of the grant period; providing technical support,
- 49.6 training, and staff to install required project hardware and software; providing on-site
- 49.7 professional development and instructional monitoring and support for school staff and
- 49.8 students; administering preintervention and postintervention reading assessments; evaluating
- 49.9 the impact of the intervention; and other project management services as required. To the
- 49.10 extent practicable, the grantee must select participating schools in urban, suburban, and
- 49.11 greater Minnesota, and give priority to schools in which a high proportion of students do
- 49.12 not read proficiently at grade level and are eligible for free or reduced-price lunch.

49.13	(c) By February 15, 2019, the grantee must submit a report detailing expenditures and
49.14	outcomes of the grant to the commissioner of education and the chairs and ranking minority
49.15	members of the legislative committees with primary jurisdiction over kindergarten through
49.16	grade 12 education policy and finance.
49.17	(d) This is a onetime appropriation. \$230,000 of the initial fiscal year 2018 appropriation
49.18	is canceled to the general fund on June 30, 2019.
49.19	Sec. 30. COLLABORATIVE SUMMER INTENSIVE PROGRAM.
49.20	An intensive summer school program for students in grades 5 through 8 is established
49.21	in six school districts. The school districts of Ely, Independent School District No. 696; St.
49.22	Louis County, Independent School District No. 2142; Mesabi East, Independent School
49.23	District No. 2711; Mountain Iron-Buhl, Independent School District No. 712; Chisholm,
49.24	Independent School District No. 695; and Hibbing, Independent School District No. 701;
49.25	must collaborate to provide a summer school program that includes vocational, academic,
49.26	fine arts, and recreational programming in each of the school districts over a three-week
49.27	period spread throughout the summer, as long as appropriated grant funds are available.
49.28	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
49.29	Sec. 31. CURSIVE HANDWRITING.
49.30	As part of the English language arts standards review during the 2019-2020 school year,
49.31	the commissioner of education must develop an elementary English language arts model
49.32	curriculum that is designed to enable students to develop legible cursive handwriting skills
50.1	by the end of grade 5. The commissioner must include instructional materials in the model
50.2	curriculum.
50.3	Sec. 32. MINNESOTA READS ACTION COUNCIL.
50.4	Subdivision 1. Establishment. The commissioner of education may establish the
50.5	Minnesota Reads action council.
50.6	Subd. 2. Membership. The Minnesota Reads action council must consist of 26 public
50.7	members.
50.8	Subd. 3. Public members. (a) The commissioner must appoint, in the manner provided
50.9	in Minnesota Statutes, section 15.0597, 26 public members, including the following:
50.10	
50.10	(1) two early childhood teachers;
50.11	(2) three reading specialists;
50.12	(3) two adult basic education literacy teachers;
50.13	(4) one licensed school media specialist;
50.14	(5) one school board member;

- 50.15 (6) one member representing public libraries;
- 50.16 (7) two literacy researchers;
- 50.17 (8) one member representing Minnesota teacher preparation programs;
- 50.18 (9) one member representing the Minnesota Parent Teacher Association;
- 50.19 (10) one member representing public health;
- 50.20 (11) one member representing Decoding Dyslexia;
- 50.21 (12) two school administrators;
- 50.22 (13) two parents or guardians of elementary-aged children;
- 50.23 (14) two students;
- 50.24 (15) one member representing the Minnesota Literacy Council;
- 50.25 (16) one member representing Minnesota Reading Corps; and
- 50.26 (17) two members representing Minnesota businesses.
- 50.27 (b) Council membership must include, where possible, representation that is racially,
- 50.28 culturally, linguistically, geographically, and economically diverse.
- 51.1 (c) The first appointments must be made by August 15, 2019.
- 51.2 Subd. 4. Term. Members of the council must serve until the council's expiration.
- 51.3 Subd. 5. Administration. The commissioner or the commissioner's designee must
- 51.4 provide meeting space and administrative services for the council. The Department of
- 51.5 Education dyslexia specialist must provide technical assistance to the action council on
- 51.6 request. The commissioner or the commissioner's designee must convene the first meeting
- 51.7 of the council no later than September 15, 2019.
- 51.8 Subd. 6. Chairs. At the council's first meeting, the members must elect a chair and a
- 51.9 vice-chair whose duties shall be established by the council. The council's chair must be a
- 51.10 member with substantial professional and academic expertise in literacy pedagogy or 51.11 research.
- 51.12 Subd. 7. Meeting. The council must meet periodically.
- 51.13 Subd. 8. No compensation; expenses. Public members of the council serve without
- 51.14 compensation but are eligible for reimbursement for expenses consistent with Minnesota
- 51.15 Statutes, section 15.059, subdivision 6.
- 51.16 Subd. 9. **Duties.** The council must consult with and advise the commissioner on matters
- 51.17 related to the development, implementation, and evaluation of programs designed to increase
- 51.18 the reading proficiency of children and adults, including early childhood programs, programs

51.19 51.20 51.21 51.22	for school-age children, and programs for adult learners. The council must advise the commissioner on strategies to (1) meet or exceed a 90 percent rate of reading proficiency on the Minnesota Comprehensive Assessments no later than 2025, and (2) meet the legislature's goal of every student reading at or above grade level no later than the end of
51.23	grade 3 under Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.12.
51.24 51.25 51.26 51.27	Subd. 10. Report. (a) By February 15, 2020, the council must submit to the chairs and ranking minority members of the committees of the senate and the house of representatives with primary jurisdiction over prekindergarten through grade 12 education a report containing:
51.28 51.29	(1) the council's rigorous assessment of the state's literacy programs for children and adults;
51.30 51.31	(2) the council's rigorous assessment of the state's literacy outcomes for children and adults;
51.32 51.33	(3) recommendations for legislative action, with draft legislation to implement the recommendations; and
52.1	(4) a plan for a strategic statewide campaign to eliminate child and adult illiteracy.
52.2	(b) The Department of Education must publish the report on the department's website.
52.3 52.4 52.5	Subd. 11. Agency coordination. The council must consult with other state agencies and organizations with an interest in child and adult literacy and advise the commissioner on strategies to better coordinate state literacy programs and resources.
52.6 52.7	Subd. 12. Open meetings. The council is subject to the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 13D.
52.8	Subd. 13. Expiration. The council expires on February 16, 2020.
52.9	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
52.10	Sec. 33. REPORT ON THE SAFETY OF YOUTH IN SKILLED TRADES.
52.11 52.12 52.13 52.14 52.15 52.16	The commissioner of labor and industry must study ways to allow for the safety of middle and high school aged students who receive hands-on training in skilled trades, including on location at construction sites. The report must identify safety precautions that should be undertaken, including proposed legislation, if any. The commissioner must report to the chairs and ranking minority members of legislative committees with jurisdiction over labor and industry and kindergarten through grade 12 by January 15, 2020.
52.17	Sec. 34. APPROPRIATIONS.

93.8 Sec. 55. APPROPRIATIONS.

93.9 Subdivision 1. Department of Education. The sums indicated in this section are appropriated from the general fund to the Department of Education for the fiscal years 93.10 designated. 93.11 Subd. 2. Achievement and integration aid. For achievement and integration aid under 93.12 Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.862: 93.13 2020 93.14 \$ 80,589,000 \$ 83,436,000 2021 93.15 93.16 The 2020 appropriation includes \$7,059,000 for 2019 and \$73,530,000 for 2020. The 2021 appropriation includes \$8,170,000 for 2020 and \$75,266,000 for 2021. 93.17 93.18 Subd. 3. Interdistrict desegregation or integration transportation grants. For interdistrict desegregation or integration transportation grants under Minnesota Statutes, 93.19 section 124D.87: 93.20 93.21 \$ 13,874,000 2020 2021 \$ 14,589,000 93.22 <u>....</u> Subd. 4. Literacy incentive aid. For literacy incentive aid under Minnesota Statutes, 93.23 93.24 section 124D.98: 93.25 \$ 45,304,000 2020 <u>....</u> \$ 45,442,000 2021 93.26 The 2020 appropriation includes \$4,582,000 for 2019 and \$40,722,000 for 2020. 93.27 93.28 The 2021 appropriation includes \$4,524,000 for 2020 and \$40,918,000 for 2021. 93.29 Subd. 5. Tribal contract school aid. For tribal contract school aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.83: 93.30 94.1 \$ 3,321,000 2020 2021 \$ 3,819,000 94.2 The 2020 appropriation includes \$299,000 for 2019 and \$3,022,000 for 2020. 94.3 The 2021 appropriation includes \$335,000 for 2020 and \$3,484,000 for 2021. 94.4 94.5 Subd. 6. American Indian education aid. For American Indian education aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.81, subdivision 2a: 94.6

52.18	Subdivision 1. Department of Education. The sums indicated in this section are				
52.19	appropriated from the general fund to the Department of Education for the fiscal years				
52.20	designated.				
52.21	Subd. 2. Achievement and integration aid. For achievement and integration aid under				
52.22	Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.862:				
52.23	<u>\$ 80,201,000 2020</u>				
52.24	<u>\$ 83,003,000 2021</u>				
52.25	The 2020 appropriation includes \$7,059,000 for 2019 and \$73,142,000 for 2020.				
52.26	The 2021 appropriation includes \$8,091,000 for 2020 and \$74,912,000 for 2021.				
53.3	Subd. 4. Interdistrict desegregation or integration transportation grants. For				
53.5 53.4	interdistrict desegregation or integration transportation grants under Minnesota Statutes,				
53.5	section 124D.87:				
55.5	<u>sector 12 (15.07.</u>				
53.6	<u>\$ 13,874,000 2020</u>				
53.7	<u>\$ 14,589,000 2021</u>				
52.27	Subd. 3. Literacy incentive aid. For literacy incentive aid under Minnesota Statutes,				
52.28	section 124D.98:				
52.20					
52.29	<u>\$ 45,304,000 2020</u>				
52.30	<u>\$ 45,442,000 2021</u>				
53.1	The 2020 appropriation includes \$4,582,000 for 2019 and \$40,722,000 for 2020.				
53.2	The 2021 appropriation includes \$4,524,000 for 2020 and \$40,918,000 for 2021.				
53.8	Subd. 5. Tribal contract schools. For tribal contract school aid under Minnesota Statutes,				
53.8 53.9	section 124D.83:				
55.9	<u>section 124D.85.</u>				
53.10	<u>\$ 1,825,000 2020</u>				
53.11	<u>\$ 1,779,000 2021</u>				
53.12	The 2020 appropriation includes \$299,000 for 2019 and \$1,526,000 for 2020.				
53.13	The 2021 appropriation includes \$169,000 for 2020 and \$1,610,000 for 2021.				
53.14	Subd. 6. American Indian education aid. For American Indian education aid under				
53.14 53.15	Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.81, subdivision 2a:				
33.13					

94.7	<u>\$</u>	9,515,000	<u></u>	<u>2020</u>
94.8	<u>\$</u>	9,673,000	<u></u>	<u>2021</u>
94.9	The 2020	appropriation in	ncludes	\$ \$960,000 for 2019 and \$8,555,000 for 2020.
94.10	The 2021	appropriation in	ncludes	\$ \$950,000 for 2020 and \$8,723,000 for 2021.
94.11				tion Committee. (a) For a grant to the Tribal Nations
94.12	Education Com	mittee under M	linnesc	ota Statutes, section 124D.79:
94.13	\$	150,000		2020
94.14	\$	150,000		2021
94.15	(b) Any ba	alance in the fir	st year	does not cancel but is available in the second year.
94.16	Subd. 8. S	erveMinnesota	a prog	ram. For funding ServeMinnesota programs under
94.17	Minnesota Stat			
94.18	<u>\$</u>	900,000	<u></u>	2020
94.19	<u>\$</u>	900,000	<u></u>	<u>2021</u>
94.20	A grantee	organization m	av prov	vide health and child care coverage to the dependents
94.21				time ServeMinnesota program to the extent such
94.22	coverage is not	otherwise avail	lable.	Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is
94.23	available in the	second year.		
94.24	Subd 9 F	arly childhood	l litera	cy programs. (a) For early childhood literacy programs
94.25	under Minneso	ta Statutes, sect	ion 11	9A.50, subdivision 3:
		,		
94.26	<u>\$</u>	<u>7,950,000</u>	<u></u>	<u>2020</u>
04.07	¢	7 050 000		2021
94.27	<u>\$</u>	<u>7,950,000</u>	<u></u>	<u>2021</u>
94.28	(b) Up to S	57 950 000 eacl	h vear i	is for leveraging federal and private funding to support
94.29				Minnesota reading corps program established by
94.30				ciated with training and teaching early literacy skills
95.1	to children ages	s three through	grade 3	3 and evaluating the impact of the program under
95.2	Minnesota Stat	utes, sections 1	24D.38	3, subdivision 2, and 124D.42, subdivision 6.
95.3	(c) Any ba	lance in the fire	st year	does not cancel but is available in the second year.

53.16	<u>\$</u>	9,515,000	<u></u>	2020
53.17	<u>\$</u>	9,673,000	<u></u>	2021
53.18	The 202	0 appropriation ir	ncludes	\$960,000 for 2019

- 53.18 The 2020 appropriation includes \$960,000 for 2019 and \$8,555,000 for 2020.
- 53.19 The 2021 appropriation includes \$950,000 for 2020 and \$8,723,000 for 2021.

54.8 54.9	Subd. 9. ServeMinnesota program. (a) For funding ServeMinnesota programs under Minnesota Statutes, sections 124D.37 to 124D.45:
54.10	<u>\$ 900,000 2020</u>
54.11	<u>\$ 900,000 2021</u>
54.12 54.13 54.14	(b) A grantee organization may provide health and child care coverage to the dependents of each participant enrolled in a full-time ServeMinnesota program to the extent such coverage is not otherwise available.
53.20 53.21	Subd. 7. Early childhood literacy programs. (a) For early childhood literacy programs under Minnesota Statutes, section 119A.50, subdivision 3:
53.22	<u>\$</u> <u>7,953,000</u> <u></u> <u>2020</u>
53.23	<u>\$ 7,953,000 2021</u>
53.24 53.25 53.26 53.27 53.28 53.29 53.30	(b) Up to \$7,953,000 each year is for leveraging federal and private funding to support AmeriCorps members serving in the Minnesota reading corps program established by ServeMinnesota, including costs associated with training and teaching early literacy skills to children ages three through grade 3 and evaluating the impact of the program under Minnesota Statutes, sections 124D.38, subdivision 2, and 124D.42, subdivision 6. (c) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year. (d) The base for fiscal year 2022 is \$8,106,000.

95.4 95.5				ps program. (a) For the Minnesota math corps program 4D.42, subdivision 9:
95.6	<u>\$</u>	1,000,000	<u></u>	<u>2020</u>
5.7	<u>\$</u>	1,000,000	<u></u>	2021
5.8 5.9			2	does not cancel but is available in the second year. The later is \$500,000.
	0			<u>,</u>

53.31	(e) The base for fiscal year 2023 and later is \$8,103,000.
55.22	Subd. 13. Minnesota math corps program. (a) For the Minnesota math corps program
55.23	under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.42, subdivision 9:
55.24	<u>\$</u> <u>500,000</u> <u></u> <u>2020</u>
55.25	<u>\$</u> <u>500,000</u> <u></u> <u>2021</u>
55.26	(b) The base for fiscal year 2022 is \$650,000. Any balance in the first year does not
55.20	cancel but is available in the second year.
56.23	Subd. 17. College entrance examination reimbursement. To reimburse districts for
56.25 56.24	students who qualify under Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.30, subdivision 1, paragraph
56.25	(e), for payment of their college entrance examination fee:
56.26	<u>\$ 1,511,000 2020</u>
56.27	<u>\$ 1,511,000 2021</u>
56.28	The commissioner must reimburse school districts for the costs for free or reduced-price
56.29	meal eligible students who take the ACT or SAT test under Minnesota Statutes, section
56.30	120B.30, subdivision 1.
56.31	Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.
50.5	Sund 21 Online access to music advection (a) For a grant to the MacDhail Contar for
58.5	Subd. 21. Online access to music education. (a) For a grant to the MacPhail Center for
58.5 58.6	Music to broaden access to music education in rural Minnesota:
58.6	Music to broaden access to music education in rural Minnesota:
	Music to broaden access to music education in rural Minnesota: § 100,000 2020
58.6	Music to broaden access to music education in rural Minnesota:
58.6 58.7	Music to broaden access to music education in rural Minnesota: § 100,000 2020
58.6 58.7 58.8 58.9 58.10	Music to broaden access to music education in rural Minnesota: [§] ^{100,000} ^[] ²⁰²⁰ [§] ^{100,000} ^[] ^[] ²⁰²¹ ^[]
58.6 58.7 58.8 58.9	Music to broaden access to music education in rural Minnesota: [§] ^{100,000} ²⁰²⁰ [§] ^{100,000} ²⁰²¹ ^(b) The MacPhail Center must use the grants received under paragraph (a) to broaden access to music education in rural Minnesota. The program must supplement and enhance an existing program and may provide individual instruction, sectional ensembles, other
58.6 58.7 58.8 58.9 58.10	Music to broaden access to music education in rural Minnesota: [§] ^{100,000} ²⁰²⁰ [§] ^{100,000} ²⁰²¹ ^(b) The MacPhail Center must use the grants received under paragraph (a) to broaden access to music education in rural Minnesota. The program must supplement and enhance an existing program and may provide individual instruction, sectional ensembles, other group activities, workshops, and early childhood music activities. The MacPhail Center
58.6 58.7 58.8 58.9 58.10 58.11 58.12 58.13	Music to broaden access to music education in rural Minnesota: \$ <u>100,000</u> <u></u> <u>2020</u> \$ <u>100,000</u> <u></u> <u>2021</u> (b) The MacPhail Center must use the grants received under paragraph (a) to broaden access to music education in rural Minnesota. The program must supplement and enhance an existing program and may provide individual instruction, sectional ensembles, other group activities, workshops, and early childhood music activities. The MacPhail Center must design its program in consultation with music educators who teach in rural Minnesota.
58.6 58.7 58.8 58.9 58.10 58.11 58.12	Music to broaden access to music education in rural Minnesota: \$ <u>100,000</u> <u></u> 2020 <u>2021</u> (b) The MacPhail Center must use the grants received under paragraph (a) to broaden access to music education in rural Minnesota. The program must supplement and enhance an existing program and may provide individual instruction, sectional ensembles, other group activities, workshops, and early childhood music activities. The MacPhail Center must design its program in consultation with music educators who teach in rural Minnesota. The grant may be used by the MacPhail Center for costs related to delivering online access
58.6 58.7 58.8 58.9 58.10 58.11 58.12 58.13	Music to broaden access to music education in rural Minnesota: \$ <u>100,000</u> <u></u> <u>2020</u> \$ <u>100,000</u> <u></u> <u>2021</u> (b) The MacPhail Center must use the grants received under paragraph (a) to broaden access to music education in rural Minnesota. The program must supplement and enhance an existing program and may provide individual instruction, sectional ensembles, other group activities, workshops, and early childhood music activities. The MacPhail Center must design its program in consultation with music educators who teach in rural Minnesota.
58.6 58.7 58.8 58.9 58.10 58.11 58.12 58.13 58.14	Music to broaden access to music education in rural Minnesota: \$ <u>100,000</u> <u></u> 2020 <u>2021</u> (b) The MacPhail Center must use the grants received under paragraph (a) to broaden access to music education in rural Minnesota. The program must supplement and enhance an existing program and may provide individual instruction, sectional ensembles, other group activities, workshops, and early childhood music activities. The MacPhail Center must design its program in consultation with music educators who teach in rural Minnesota. The grant may be used by the MacPhail Center for costs related to delivering online access
58.6 58.7 58.8 58.9 58.10 58.11 58.12 58.13 58.14 58.15	Music to broaden access to music education in rural Minnesota: \$ \$ 100,000 100,000 100
58.6 58.7 58.8 58.9 58.10 58.11 58.12 58.13 58.14 58.15 58.16	Music to broaden access to music education in rural Minnesota: \$ 100,000 2020 \$ 100,000 2021 (b) The MacPhail Center must use the grants received under paragraph (a) to broaden access to music education in rural Minnesota. The program must supplement and enhance an existing program and may provide individual instruction, sectional ensembles, other group activities, workshops, and early childhood music activities. The MacPhail Center must design its program in consultation with music educators who teach in rural Minnesota. The grant may be used by the MacPhail Center for costs related to delivering online access to music education including employee costs, program evaluation, and technology expenses. (c) Upon request from a school's music educator, the MacPhail Center may enter into an agreement with the school to provide a program according to paragraph (b). In an early
58.6 58.7 58.8 58.9 58.10 58.11 58.12 58.13 58.14 58.15 58.16 58.17	Music to broaden access to music education in rural Minnesota: \$ \$ 100,000 100,000 100
58.6 58.7 58.8 58.9 58.10 58.11 58.12 58.13 58.14 58.15 58.16 58.17 58.18 58.19	Music to broaden access to music education in rural Minnesota: <u>\$</u> <u>100,000</u> <u></u> 2020 <u>\$</u> <u>100,000</u> <u></u> 2021 (b) The MacPhail Center must use the grants received under paragraph (a) to broaden access to music education in rural Minnesota. The program must supplement and enhance an existing program and may provide individual instruction, sectional ensembles, other group activities, workshops, and early childhood music activities. The MacPhail Center must design its program in consultation with music educators who teach in rural Minnesota. The grant may be used by the MacPhail Center for costs related to delivering online access to music education including employee costs, program evaluation, and technology expenses. (c) Upon request from a school's music educator, the MacPhail Center may enter into an agreement with the school to provide a program according to paragraph (b). In an early childhood setting, the MacPhail Center may provide a program upon a request initiated by an early childhood educator.
58.6 58.7 58.8 58.9 58.10 58.11 58.12 58.13 58.14 58.15 58.16 58.17 58.18	Music to broaden access to music education in rural Minnesota: \$ \$ 100,000 100,000

95.10 95.11 95.12 95.13	Subd. 11. ServeMinnesota programs at tribal contract and grant schools. (a) For grants to ServeMinnesota to enhance reading and math corps programming at American Indian-controlled tribal contract and grant schools eligible for aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.83:
95.14	<u>\$</u> <u>416,000</u> <u></u> <u>2020</u>
95.15	<u>\$</u> <u>416,000</u> <u></u> <u>2021</u>
95.16	(b) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.
95.17	Subd. 12. Student organizations. (a) For student organizations:
95.18	<u>\$ 768,000 2020</u>
95.19	<u>\$ 768,000 2021</u>
95.20	(b) \$46,000 each year is for student organizations serving health occupations (HOSA).
95.21 95.22	(c) \$100,000 each year is for student organizations serving trade and industry occupations (Skills USA, secondary and postsecondary).
95.23 95.24	(d) \$95,000 each year is for student organizations serving business occupations (BPA, secondary and postsecondary).
95.25 95.26	(e) \$193,000 each year is for student organizations serving agriculture occupations (FFA, PAS).
95.27 95.28 95.29 95.30	(f) \$185,000 each year is for student organizations serving family and consumer science occupations (FCCLA). Notwithstanding Minnesota Rules, part 3505.1000, subparts 28 and 31, the student organizations serving FCCLA shall continue to serve students younger than grade 9.
96.1 96.2	(g) \$109,000 each year is for student organizations serving marketing occupations (DECA and DECA collegiate).
96.3	(h) \$40,000 each year is for the Minnesota Foundation for Student Organizations.
96.4	(i) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.
96.5 96.6	Subd. 13. Museums and education centers. (a) For grants to museums and education centers:

58.22 58.23	served, an estimate of the unmet need for music education, and for calendar years 2020 and later, a detailed list of expenditures for the previous year.				
58.24	(e) The base in fiscal year 2024 is \$0.				
58.25 58.26 58.27 58.28	Subd. 22. ServeMinnesota programs at tribal contract and grant schools. (a) For grants to ServeMinnesota to enhance reading and math corps programming at American Indian-controlled tribal contract and grant schools eligible for aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.83:				
58.29	<u>\$</u> <u>208,000</u> <u></u> <u>2020</u>				
58.30	<u>\$</u> <u>208,000</u> <u>2021</u>				
58.31 58.32	(b) Any balance in the first year does not cancel, but is available in the second year. The base in fiscal year 2022 is \$0.				
54.15	Subd. 10. Student organizations. (a) For student organizations:				
54.16	<u>\$</u> <u>768,000</u> <u></u> <u>2020</u>				
54.17	<u>\$</u> <u>768,000</u> <u></u> <u>2021</u>				
54.18	(b) \$46,000 each year is for student organizations serving health occupations (HOSA).				
54.19 54.20	(c) \$100,000 each year is for student organizations serving trade and industry occupations (Skills USA, secondary and postsecondary).				
54.21 54.22	(d) \$95,000 each year is for student organizations serving business occupations (BPA, secondary and postsecondary).				
54.23 54.24	(e) \$193,000 each year is for student organizations serving agriculture occupations (FFA, PAS).				
54.25 54.26 54.27 54.28	(f) \$185,000 each year is for student organizations serving family and consumer science occupations (FCCLA). Notwithstanding Minnesota Rules, part 3505.1000, subparts 28 and 31, the student organizations serving FCCLA shall continue to serve students younger than grade 9.				
54.29 54.30	(g) \$109,000 each year is for student organizations serving marketing occupations (DECA and DECA collegiate).				
54.31	(h) \$40,000 each year is for the Minnesota Foundation for Student Organizations.				
55.1	(i) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.				
55.2 55.3	Subd. 11. Museums and education centers. (a) For grants to museums and education centers:				

96.7	<u>\$</u>	591,000	<u></u>	<u>2020</u>		
96.8	<u>\$</u>	591,000	<u></u>	<u>2021</u>		
96.9 96.10				e Minnesota Children's Museum. Of the amount in this he Minnesota Children's Museum, Rochester.		
96.11	<u>(c)</u> \$50,0	00 each year is f	or the	Duluth Children's Museum.		
96.12	<u>(d)</u> \$41,0	00 each year is f	or the	Minnesota Academy of Science.		
96.13	<u>(e)</u> \$50,0	00 each year is f	or the	Headwaters Science Center.		
96.14	<u>(f)</u> \$31,0	00 each year is fo	or the	Children's Discovery Museum in Grand Rapids.		
96.15	<u>(g)</u> \$50,0	00 each year is f	or the	Children's Museum of Southern Minnesota.		
96.16	<u>(h)</u> \$50,0	00 each year is f	or The	Works Museum.		
96.17				nt recipients must prioritize grant proceeds to expand		
96.18			on cen	ter programs for low-income families and other		
96.19	underserved populations.					
96.20	(j) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.					
96.21 96.22 96.23 96.24	 96.22 technology, engineering, and math (STEM) program providing students in grades 4 through 96.23 6 with a multisensory learning experience and a hands-on curriculum in an aerospace 					
96.25	\$	500,000		2020		
96.26	<u>\$</u>	500,000		2021		
96.27	(b) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.					
96.28	Subd. 15	. Recovery prog	ram g	rants. (a) For recovery program grants under Minnesota		
96.29	Statutes, section	on 124D.695:	C			
97.1	<u>\$</u>	750,000	<u></u>	2020		
97.2	<u>\$</u>	750,000	<u></u>	2021		
97.3	(b) Any l	balance in the first	st year	does not cancel but is available in the second year.		

55.4	<u>\$</u> <u>541,000</u> <u></u> <u>2020</u>
55.5	<u>\$ 541,000 2021</u>
55.6 55.7	(b) \$319,000 each year is for the Minnesota Children's Museum. Of the amount in this paragraph, \$50,000 each year is for the Minnesota Children's Museum, Rochester.
55.8	(c) \$50,000 each year is for the Duluth Children's Museum.
55.9	(d) \$41,000 each year is for the Minnesota Academy of Science.
55.10	(e) \$50,000 each year is for the Headwaters Science Center.
55.11 55.12	(f) \$31,000 in fiscal years 2020 and 2021 only is for the Judy Garland Museum for the Children's Discovery Museum of Grand Rapids.
55.13 55.14	(g) \$50,000 in fiscal years 2020 and 2021 only is for the Children's Museum of Southern Minnesota.
55.15 55.16	(h) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year. (i) The base for fiscal year 2022 is \$460,000.
55.17 55.18	Subd. 12. Recovery program grants. For recovery program grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.695:

55.17		i i 0	i am g	grants. Tor recovery program grants under winnesou
55.18	Statutes, section	on 124D.695:		
55.19	\$	750,000		2020
	<u> </u>			
55.20	\$	750,000		2021
00.20	<u><u><u></u></u></u>	100,000	<u></u>	
55 21	A my holo	and in the first w	or doo	as not concel but is available in the second waar
55.21	Any balar	ice in the first ye	ai doe	es not cancel but is available in the second year.

Subd. 16. Minnesota Principals Academy. (a) For grants to the University of Minnesota 97.4 College of Education and Human Development for the operation of the Minnesota Principals 97.5 Academy: 97.6 97.7 \$ 250,0002020 2021 \$ 97.8 250,000 97.9 (b) Of these amounts, \$50,000 must be used to pay the costs of attendance for principals and school leaders from schools identified for intervention under the state's accountability 97.10 system as implemented to comply with the federal Every Student Succeeds Act. To the 97.11 extent funds are available, the Department of Education is encouraged to use up to \$200,000 97.12 of federal Title II funds to support additional participation in the Principals Academy by 97.13 principals and school leaders from schools identified for intervention under the state's 97.14 accountability system as implemented to comply with the federal Every Student Succeeds 97.15 97.16 Act. 97.17 (c) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year. 97.18 Subd. 17. Charter school building lease aid. For building lease aid under Minnesota 97.19 Statutes, section 124E.22: 97.20 \$ 85,450,000 2020 97.21 \$ 91,064,000 2021 97.22 The 2020 appropriation includes \$8,021,000 for 2019 and \$77,429,000 for 2020. 97.23 The 2021 appropriation includes \$8,603,000 for 2020 and \$82,461,000 for 2021. 97.24 Subd. 18. Statewide testing and reporting system. (a) For the statewide testing and 97.25 reporting system under Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.30: \$ 97.26 10,892,000 2020 <u>....</u> 2021 \$ 97.27 10,877,000 (b) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year. The 97.28 base for this appropriation in 2022 is \$10,892,000. 97.29 97.30 Subd. 19. Certificate incentive funding. (a) For the certificate incentive program under Laws 2016, chapter 189, article 25, section 61: 97.31 97.32 \$ 860,000 2020.....

55.28 55.29 55.30	Subd. 14. Minnesota Principals Academy. (a) For grants to the University of Minnesota College of Education and Human Development for the operation of the Minnesota Principals Academy:				
56.1	<u>\$</u> <u>200,000</u> <u></u> <u>2020</u>				
56.2	<u>\$</u> <u>200,000</u> <u></u> <u>2021</u>				
56.3 56.4 56.5 56.6 56.7 56.8 56.9 56.10	(b) Of these amounts, \$50,000 must be used to pay the costs of attendance for principals and school leaders from schools identified for intervention under the state's accountability system as implemented to comply with the federal Every Student Succeeds Act. To the extent funds are available, the Department of Education is encouraged to use up to \$200,000 of federal Title II funds to support additional participation in the Principals Academy by principals and school leaders from schools identified for intervention under the state's accountability system as implemented to comply with the federal Every Student Succeeds <u>Act.</u>				
56.11	(c) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.				
56.12 56.13	Subd. 15. Charter school building lease aid. For building lease aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 124E.22:				
56.14	<u>\$ 85,279,000 2020</u>				
56.15	<u>\$ 90,843,000 2021</u>				
56.16	The 2020 appropriation includes \$8,021,000 for 2019 and \$77,258,000 for 2020.				
56.17	The 2021 appropriation includes \$8,584,000 for 2020 and \$82,259,000 for 2021.				
56.18 56.19	Subd. 16. Statewide testing and reporting system. For the statewide testing and reporting system under Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.30:				
56.20	<u>\$</u> <u>10,892,000</u> <u></u> <u>2020</u>				
56.21	<u>\$</u> <u>10,892,000</u> <u></u> <u>2021</u>				
56.22	Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.				

98.1	(b) This is a onetime appropriation.						
98.2	(c) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.						
98.3 98.4 98.5 98.6	Subd. 20. Examination fees; teacher training and support programs. (a) For students' advanced placement and international baccalaureate examination fees under Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.13, subdivision 3, and the training and related costs for teachers and other interested educators under Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.13, subdivision 1:						
98.7	<u>\$ 4,500,000 2020</u>						
98.8	<u>\$</u> <u>4,500,000</u> <u></u> <u>2021</u>						
98.9 98.10 98.11 98.12 98.13 98.14 98.15	(b) The advanced placement program shall receive 75 percent of the appropriation each year and the international baccalaureate program shall receive 25 percent of the appropriation each year. The department, in consultation with representatives of the advanced placement and international baccalaureate programs selected by the Advanced Placement Advisory Council and International Baccalaureate Minnesota, respectively, shall determine the amounts of the expenditures each year for examination fees and training and support programs for each program.						
98.16 98.17 98.18 98.19 98.20 98.21	(c) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.13, subdivision 1, at least \$500,000 each year is for teachers to attend subject matter summer training programs and follow-up support workshops approved by the advanced placement or international baccalaureate programs. The amount of the subsidy for each teacher attending an advanced placement or international baccalaureate summer training program or workshop shall be the same. The commissioner shall determine the payment process and the amount of the subsidy.						
98.22 98.23 98.24 98.25 98.26	(d) The commissioner shall pay all examination fees for all students of low-income families under Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.13, subdivision 3, and to the extent of available appropriations, shall also pay examination fees for students sitting for an advanced placement examination, international baccalaureate examination, or both. (e) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.						
98.27 98.28 98.29 98.30	Subd. 21. Grants to increase science, technology, engineering, and math course offerings. (a) For grants to schools to encourage low-income and other underserved students to participate in advanced placement and international baccalaureate programs according to Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.132:						
98.31	<u>\$</u> <u>250,000</u> <u></u> <u>2020</u>						
98.32	<u>\$</u> <u>250,000</u> <u></u> <u>2021</u>						
98.33	(b) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.						

57.1	Subd. 18. Examination fees; teacher training and support programs. (a) For students'						
57.2	advanced placement and international baccalaureate examination fees under Minnesota						
57.3	Statutes, section 120B.13, subdivision 3, and the training and related costs for teachers and						
57.4	other interested educators under Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.13, subdivision 1:						
57.7	oner merested educators under miniesola statutes, section 1200.15, subdivision 1.						
57.5	<u>\$ 4,500,000 2020</u>						
07.0							
57.6	<u>\$</u> <u>4,500,000</u> <u></u> <u>2021</u>						
57.7	(b) The advanced placement program shall receive 75 percent of the appropriation each						
57.8	year and the international baccalaureate program shall receive 25 percent of the appropriation						
57.9	each year. The department, in consultation with representatives of the advanced placement						
57.10	and international baccalaureate programs selected by the Advanced Placement Advisory						
57.11	Council and International Baccalaureate Minnesota, respectively, shall determine the amounts						
57.12	of the expenditures each year for examination fees and training and support programs for						
57.13	each program.						
57.14	(a) Natwithstanding Minnagata Statutan apatian 120D 12 subdivision 1 at long \$500,000						
	(c) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.13, subdivision 1, at least \$500,000						
57.15	each year is for teachers to attend subject matter summer training programs and follow-up						
57.16	support workshops approved by the advanced placement or international baccalaureate programs. The amount of the subsidy for each teacher attending an advanced placement or						
57.17							
57.18	international baccalaureate summer training program or workshop shall be the same. The						
57.19	commissioner shall determine the payment process and the amount of the subsidy.						
57.20	(d) The commissioner shall pay all examination fees for all students of low-income						
57.21	families under Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.13, subdivision 3, and to the extent of						
57.22	available appropriations, shall also pay examination fees for students sitting for an advanced						
57.23	placement examination, international baccalaureate examination, or both.						
57.24	(e) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.						
57.25	Subd. 19. Grants to increase science, technology, engineering, and math course						
57.26	offerings. (a) For grants to schools to encourage low-income and other underserved students						
57.27	to participate in advanced placement and international baccalaureate programs according						
57.28	to Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.132:						
07.20							
57.29	<u>\$</u> <u>250,000</u> <u></u> <u>2020</u>						
57.30	<u>\$ 250,000 2021</u>						
57.31	(b) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.						

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House Language H2400-2

99.1 Subd. 22. Rural career and technical education consortium. (a) For rural career and 99.2 technical education consortium grants: 99.3 \$ 3,000,000 2020 \$ 3,000,000 2021 99.4 99.5 (b) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year. 99.6 Subd. 23. Grants to support students experiencing homelessness. (a) To provide grants to eligible school districts in order to address the needs of students experiencing 99.7 homelessness: 99.8 99.9 \$ \$500,000 2020 \$ 99.10 \$500,000 2021 (b) The department may retain up to five percent of the appropriation to monitor and 99.11 administer the grant program. Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available 99.12 in the second year. 99.13 99.14 Subd. 24. Minnesota Center for the Book programming. (a) For grants to the entity designated by the Library of Congress as the Minnesota Center for the Book to provide 99.15 statewide programming related to the Minnesota Book Awards and for additional 99.16 programming throughout the state related to the Center for the Book designation: 99.17 99.18 \$ 125,000 2020 \$ 99.19 125,000 2021 (b) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year. 99.20 99.21 Subd. 25. Concurrent enrollment aid. (a) For concurrent enrollment aid under 99.22 Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.091: \$ 99.23 7,000,000 2020 <u>....</u> \$ 2021 99.24 7,000,000 99.25 (b) If the appropriation is insufficient, the commissioner must proportionately reduce the aid payment to each school district. 99.26 (c) The base for fiscal year 2022 is \$8,000,000. 99.27

57.32 57.33	Subd. 20. Rural career and technical education consortium. (a) For rural career and technical education consortium grants:					
58.1	<u>\$</u>	3,000,000	<u></u>	<u>2020</u>		
58.2	<u>\$</u>	3,000,000	<u></u>	2021		
58.3	(b) If the appropriation in the first year is insufficient, the 2021 appropriation is available.					
58.4	(c) The base for fiscal year 2022 is \$0.					

54.1	Subd. 8. Concurrent enrollment program. (a) For concurrent enrollment programs
54.2	under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.091:
54.3	\$ 4 ,000,000 2020
54.4	$\frac{\$}{4,000,000}$ $\frac{2021}{2021}$
54.5	(b) If the appropriation is insufficient, the commissioner must proportionately reduce
54.6	the aid payment to each district.
5 A 7	
54.7	(c) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.

99.28 99.29	Subd. 26. Full-service community schools. (a) For full-service community schools under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.231:						
//.=/							
99.30	\$ <u>7,500,000</u> <u>2020</u>						
99.31	<u>\$ 7,500,000 2021</u>						
100.1	(b) Up to \$50,000 each year is for administration of this program. Any balance in the						
100.2	first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.						
100.3	(c) The base for fiscal year 2022 is \$12,500,000.						
100.4	Subd. 27. ConnectZ program. (a) For a grant to Girl Scouts River Valleys as fiscal						
100.5	agent for Girl Scout councils serving Minnesota residents providing innovative, culturally						
100.6	responsive programming to underrepresented, underresourced girls in kindergarten through						
100.7	grade 12, including programming relating to healthy relationships; science, technology,						
100.8	engineering, and math; financial literacy; career and college readiness; and leadership						
100.9	development and service learning:						
100.10	<u>\$ 1,400,000 2020</u>						
100.11	<u>\$ 1,400,000 2021</u>						
100.12	(b) By February 15 following each fiscal year of the grant, the grantee must submit a						
100.12	report detailing expenditures and outcomes of the grant-supported programs to the						
100.13	commissioner of education and the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative						
100.15							
100.16	and finance. The report must, at least:						
100.17	(1) provide self-reported free and reduced-price lunch status and self-reported						
100.18	demographic information for the girls participating in programs funded by this grant;						
100.19	(2) report participants' average program contacts in the areas of healthy relationships;						
100.20	science, technology, engineering, and math; financial literacy; career and college readiness;						
100.21	and leadership development and service learning;						
100.22	(3) identify the number and proportion of high school program participants who report						
100.22	they are confident they will attend college;						
100.24	(4) report the number and proportion of grade 12 participants who apply to a						
100.25	postsecondary institution; and						
100.26	(5) to the extent possible, verify the number and percentage of participants who actually						
100.27	enroll in a postsecondary institution.						
100.28	(c) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.						
100.00	(d) The base for freed weer 2022 is zero						
100.29	(d) The base for fiscal year 2022 is zero.						

100.30	Subd. 28. Civics education grants. (a) For grants to the Minnesota Civic Education					
100.31	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
101.1	Youth in Government to provide civics education programs for Minnesota youth ages 18					
101.2	and younger:					
101.3	<u>\$ 125,000 2020</u>					
101.4	<u>\$ 125,000 2021</u>					
101.5	(b) Civics education means the study of constitutional principles and the democratic					
101.6	foundation of our national, state, and local institutions, and the study of political processes					
101.7	and structures of government, grounded in the understanding of constitutional government					
101.8	under the rule of law.					
101.9	(c) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.					
101.10	Subd. 29. After-school community learning programs. (a) For grants for after-school					
101.10	community learning programs under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.2211:					
101.11	community learning programs under miniesola Statutes, section 1240.2211.					
101.12	ŝ <u>2,000,000</u> 2020					
101.12	<u>\$ 2,000,000 2020</u>					
101.13	\$ 2,000,000 2021					
101.15	$\frac{5}{2}$ 2,000,000 2021					
101.14	(b) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year. The					
101.14						
101.15	base for fiscal year 2022 is \$2,500,000.					
101.16	(c) The commissioner of education may retain up to two percent of the appropriation					
101.17	amount to administer the grant program.					
101.18	(d) The commissioner of education may use up to five percent of the appropriation					
101.19	amount in each fiscal year to monitor the grant and provide technical assistance to grant					
101.20	recipients under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.2211, subdivision 4. The commissioner					
101.21						
101.22	provide technical assistance to grant recipients under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.2211,					
101.23	subdivision 4, paragraph (b).					
101.24	Subd. 30. Vocational enrichment grants. (a) For vocational enrichment grants to school					
101.25	districts and charter schools:					
101.26	<u>\$ 100,000 2020</u>					
101.27	<u>\$ 100,000 2021</u>					
101.28	(b) Of the amounts in paragraph (a), \$50,000 in each year is for a grant to Independent					
101.29	School District No. 2752, Fairmont.					

101.31	Youth for the activities of the Minnesota Youth Council:

- 102.1 **\$ 250,000 2020**
- 102.2 **§ 250,000** **2021**
- 102.3 (b) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.

59.1 59.2 59.3	to promote ed		y for s	for students living in foster care. For a pilot project tudents living in foster care under Laws 2017, First ection 54:	
59.4	<u>\$</u>	1,000,000		2020	
59.5	<u>\$</u>	<u>0</u>		2021	
59.6 59.7 59.8	such as repor	ting, technical su	pport, a	on may be used for state and local administrative costs and establishing a title IV-E reimbursement claiming ion and is available until June 30, 2021.	
59.9 59.10	Subd. 24. P-TECH schools. (a) For P-TECH support grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.093, subdivision 5:				
59.11	<u>\$</u>	1,500,000		2020	
59.12	<u>\$</u>	1,500,000		2021	
59.13	(b) Gran	ts must not excee	ed \$500),000 per P-TECH school, per fiscal year.	
59.14	(c) Any	balance in the fir	st year	does not cancel but is available in the second year.	
59.15	Subd. 25	5. Sanneh Found	lation.	(a) For a grant to the Sanneh Foundation:	
59.16	\$	1,000,000		2020	
59.17	<u>\$</u>	1,000,000		2021	
59.18			1	rograms for low-performing and chronically absent	
59.19 59.20	students with a focus on low-income students and students of color. The goals of the grants include decreasing absenteeism, encouraging school engagement, improving grades, and				
59.20 59.21				its may be used to:	
59.21	mproving gra	autation fates. If	le gran	its may be used to.	

59.22 59.23	(1) provide all-day, in-school academic and behavioral interventions and social and emotional learning throughout the school year;
59.24 59.25	(2) provide year-round, out-of-school behavioral, social, and emotional learning interventions and enrichment activities;
59.26 59.27	(3) enhance career exploration opportunities, including exposure to businesses and business activities; and
59.28 59.29	(4) develop pathways in cooperation with business higher education partners for participants to pursue careers in education and youth development.
59.30	(c) The base for fiscal year 2022 is \$0.
60.1 60.2	Subd. 26. Collaborative summer intensive program. (a) For the collaborative summer intensive program:
60.3	<u>\$ 802,000 2020</u>
60.4 60.5	(b) The six collaborating school districts must provide matching funds equal to the grant amount. The matching funds may be in cash or in-kind contributions.
60.6	(c) This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2021.
60.7 60.8	Subd. 27. Vocational enrichment grant. (a) For a vocational enrichment grant to Independent School District No. 252, Fairmont:
60.9	<u>\$ 87,000 2020</u>
60.10 60.11 60.12	(b) The grant must be used for a vocational enrichment program that operates outside of the regular school day, including over weekends or the summer, to provide instruction in vocational courses, including courses in welding and construction trades.
60.13	(c) This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2021.
60.14 60.15	Subd. 28. Race 2 Reduce. (a) For grants to support Race 2 Reduce water conservation programming in Minnesota schools:
60.16	<u>\$ 50,000 2020</u>
60.17	<u>\$ 50,000 2021</u>
60.18 60.19 60.20	(b) In each fiscal year, \$10,000 is for H2O for Life to provide project management and support, Minnesota GreenCorps member hosting, curriculum development and classroom instruction assistance, school outreach, and community volunteer training.

60.21	(c) In each fiscal year, \$30,000 is for Independent School District No. 624, White Bear
60.22	Lake, for Race 2 Reduce curriculum development, teacher in-service training, service
60.23	learning activities, and community public awareness events.
60.24	(d) In each fiscal year, \$10,000 is for competitive grants to schools to implement the
60.25	water conservation curriculum and co-develop the central platform. Minnesota school
60.26	districts or charter schools may apply to the commissioner in the form and manner determined
60.27	by the commissioner.
60.28	(e) The base in fiscal year 2022 is \$0.
60.29	Subd. 29. Construction and skilled trades counseling and report. (a) For transfer to
60.30	the commissioner of labor and industry for staff collaboration with the Department of
60.31	Education on construction and skilled trades counseling under Minnesota Statutes, section
60.32	120B.126:
61.1	\$ <u>125,000</u> <u>2020</u>
61.2	<u>\$ 25,000 2021</u>
61.3	(b) \$100,000 in fiscal year 2020 is for a report on the safety of youth in skilled trades.
61.4	(c) The base in fiscal year 2022 is \$0.
61.5	Sec. 35. <u>REPEALER.</u>
61.6	(a) Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 120B.299, is repealed.
61.7	(b) Laws 2016, chapter 189, article 25, section 62, subdivision 16, is repealed.
61.8	(c) Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 5, article 2, section 57, subdivision 15, is
61.9	repealed.
61.10	EFFECTIVE DATE. Paragraphs (b) and (c) are effective the day following final
61.10	enactment.
01.11	chaethent.

- 102.4 Sec. 56. <u>REPEALER.</u>
- 102.5 Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 120B.299, is repealed.