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1.1	Minnesota Plumbing Board			
1.2	Proposed Permanent Rules Govern	ning the Plumbing	Code	
1.3	4715.0100 DEFINITIONS .			
1.4	[For text o	of subps 1 to 56, see	M.R.]	
1.5	Subp. 56a. Gravity grease interc	ceptor. "Gravity gre	ase interceptor" mea	ans a grease
1.6	interceptor identified by volume, rete	ntion time, and grav	ity separation.	
1.7	[For tex	at of subp 57, see M	R.]	
1.8	Subp. 57a. Grinder pump. A "g	rinder pump" is a sp	pecialized submersib	ole pump
1.9	designed for reducing sewage particu	lates and pumping t	the resulting slurry.	
1.10	[For text of	f subps 58 to 60, see	e M.R.]	
1.11	Subp. 60a. Hydromechanical gr	ease interceptor. "	Hydromechanical gr	rease
1.12	interceptor" means a grease interceptor	or that incorporates	air entrainment, hyd	romechanical
1.13	separation, interior baffling, and/or ba	arriers in combination	on or separately.	
1.14	[For text of	f subps 61 to 70, see	e M.R.]	
1.15	Subp. 70a. Macerating toilet sys	tem. "Macerating t	oilet system" means	a system
1.16	consisting of a toilet and a sump with	n a macerating pum	p. The system is inte	ended to
1.17	receive and break waste from a toilet	, bathtub, shower, o	or lavatory into piece	es of fine
1.18	slurry and pump to the building drain	nage.		
1.19	[For text of	subps 71 to 112, se	e M.R.]	
1.20	Subp. 113. Trap seal. "Trap seal"	" means the vertical	distance between th	ne crown
1.21	wire weir and the top dip of the trap.			
1 22	[For text of	subns 114 to 128 se	ee M R 1	

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2.1	[For text of subp 1, see M.R.]
2.2	Subp. 2. Abbreviations. Abbreviations in this chapter refer to the following:
2.3	A. ASME, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, Three Park Avenue,
2.4	New York, NY 10016-5990;
2.5	AB. ANSI, American National Standards Institute, 10 East 40th Street, New
2.6	York, New York 10016 1899 L Street, NW, 11th Floor, Washington, D.C. 20036;
2.7	B_C. ASTM, American Society for Testing and Materials, 100 Barr Harbor
2.8	Drive, P.O. Box C700, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959;
2.9	<u>CD</u> . AWWA, American Water Works Association, 2 Park Avenue, New York
2.10	City, New York 10016 6666 W. Quincy Avenue, Denver, CO 80235;
2.11	<u>P.E.</u> CSA, Canadian Standards Association, 178 Rexdale Boulevard, Rexdale
2.12	(Toronto), 5060 Spectrum Way, Suite 100, Mississauga, Ontario, Canada M9W 1R3
2.13	<u>L4W 5N6</u> ;
2.14	E <u>F</u> . CS, Commercial Standards available from: Commodity Standards
2.15	Division, Office of Industry and Commerce, U. S. Department of Commerce, <u>Bureau</u>
2.16	of Industry and Security, 14th Street & Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, D. C.
2.17	20234 <u>20230</u> ;
2.18	FG. FS, Federal Specifications available from: Federal Supply Service,
2.19	Standards Division, <u>U.S.</u> General Services Administration, <u>One Constitution Square</u> , 1275
2.20	- 1st Street NE, Washington, D. C. 20406 20417;
2.21	GH. NSF, NSF International 789 N. Dixboro Road, P.O. Box 130140, Ann
2.22	Arbor, Michigan 48106 MI 48113-0140;

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2.23	H_1	I. FHA, Federal Hous	sing Author	rity Adminis	tration, Architectu	ıral Standards
2.24	Division,	U.S. Department of H	Iousing &	Urban Devel	opment, 451 - 7th	Street SW,
2.25	Washingt	on, D. C. <u>20410</u> ;				
3.1	Į.J.	AASHTO, American	Associatio	on of State a	nd Highway Trans	sportation
3.2		444 North Capital Str				
3.2	Officials,	THE NORTH Capital Sur	cct i voitiiw	est, Buile 24	o, washington, D.	C. 20001,
3.3	<u> </u>	IAPMO, Internation	al Associa	tion of Plum	bing and Mechani	ical Officials,
3.4	5001 <u>475</u>	5 E. Philadelphia St.,	Ontario, Ca	alifornia <u>CA</u>	91761;	
3.5	K)	L. ASSE, American S	ociety of S	anitary Engi	neering, 901 Cant	erburv Road .
3.6	_	Westlake, Ohio 44145				
3.0		·		<u>.</u>		
3.7	<u>M.</u>	ASPE, American So	ciety of Plu	umbing Engi	neers, 2985 S. Riv	ver Road, Des
3.8	Plaines, I	L 60018.				
3.9	Subp.	3. Standards for plu	mbing ma	terials.		
3.10		DESCRIPTION	ANSI	ASTM	FS	OTHER
3.11	I.	CAST IRON PIPE A	ND FITTI	NGS		
3.12			A21.2			
3.13			A21.6	A-74	WW-P-401C	CS188
3.14	1A	Cast Iron Pipe and				
3.15		Fittings Extra Heavy	A21.8			
3.16	1B	Cast Iron Pipe				
3.17		Centrifugally Cast				
3.18		Only and Fittings	A21.6	A-74	WW-P-401C	CS188
3.19		Service Weight	A21.8			
3.20	1C	Cast Iron Mechanical	A21.11			
3.21		(Gland Type) Pipe	A21.2		WW-P-421a	
3.22			A21.6			
3.23	1D	Cast Iron Mechanical	A21.8			

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3.24 3.25 3.26 3.27		(Gland Type) Pipe Cement Lined	A21.4 A21.2 A21.6 A21.8			
4.1 4.2 4.3	1E	Cast Iron Short Body Water Service Fittings (2"-12")	A21.10			AWWA C100
4.4 4.5	1F	Cast Iron Threaded Pipe	A40.5			
4.6 4.7	1G	High Silicon Pipe, Fittings Cast Iron				
4.8 4.9 4.10	1H	Cast Iron Threaded Fittings Black and Galvanized 125#	B16.4		WW-P-501	
4.11 4.12 4.13	1J	Cast Iron Drainage Fittings Black and Galvanized	B16.12		WW-P-491	
4.14 4.15 4.16 4.17	1K	Hubless Cast Iron Pipe and Fittings		A888-07a		CISPI Standard 301-05 CSA/CAN 3-B70
4.18 4.19	1L	Ductile Iron Pipe Flanged	A21.15			AWWA C115
4.20 4.21 4.22	1M	Ductile Iron Pipe Push-on Joints, Mechanical Joints	A21.51			AWWA C151
4.23	II.	STEEL AND WROU	JGHT IRC	ON PIPE FIT	ΓINGS	

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4.24 4.25 4.26 4.27 4.28 4.29 4.30	2A	Steel Pipe, Welded and Seamless Galvanized, Schedule 40 and Above	B36.1 B36.20	A53		WW-P-406 6(1)
5.1 5.2 5.3	2B	Wrought Iron Pipe, Galvanized Schedule 40 and Above	B36.2			
5.4	2C(a)	Stainless Steel Pipe	B36.19			
5.5	2C(b)	Stainless Steel Pipe	A112.3.1			
5.6 5.7 5.8	2D	Galvanized Malleable Fittings 150 psi and Above	B16.3	A197		
5.9 5.10	2E	Steel Unions, Galvanized			WW-V-531 C	
5.11 5.12 5.13 5.14 5.15	2F	Corrugated Steel Pipe, Aluminized and fittings (18- to 120-inch) (Storm only)		A760 A796		AASHTO M36
5.16	III.	COPPER AND COP	PER BASI	E PIPE AND	FITTINGS	
5.17 5.18	3A	Red Brass Pipe, Regular and Heavier	H27.1	B42B		
5.19	3B	Seamless Brass Tube	H36.1			
5.20 5.21 5.22	3C	Brass or Bronze Threaded Fittings 125 lbs. and Over	B16.15	B62	WW-P-460	

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5.23 5.24 5.25 5.26	3D	Brass or Bronze Flare Fittings 125 lbs. and Over, Heavy Duty Long Collar Type	,	B62		
5.27 5.28 5.29	3E	Seamless Copper Tube Type K, Soft Temper	H23.1	B88		
6.1 6.2 6.3	3F	Seamless Copper Tube Type K, Hard Temper	H23.1	B88		
6.4 6.5 6.6	3G	Seamless Copper Tube Type L, Soft Temper	H23.1	B88		
6.7 6.8 6.9	3Н	Seamless Copper Tube Type L, Hard Temper	H23.1	B88		
6.10 6.11 6.12 6.13	3H(a)	Welded Copper Alloy 194 Water, Tube, Type "Heavy," Hard Temper	,	B543-72		OFT194-101A Navfac TS-15400
6.14 6.15 6.16 6.17 6.18	3H(b)	Stainless Steel Water Tubing, Type SL, Copper Plated Coating (HWT-T439)		A-651		
6.19 6.20 6.21	3J	Seamless Copper Tube, Type M, Hard and Soft Temper	H23.1	B88		
6.22 6.23	3J(a)	Welded Copper Alloy 194 Water	,			OFT194-101A

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6.24 6.25 6.26		Tube, Type "Standard," Hard Temper		B543-72		Navfac TS-15400
6.276.286.296.306.31	3J(b)	Stainless Steel Water Tubing, Type SM, Copper Plated Coating (HWT-T439)	A-268	A-651		
7.1 7.2	3K	Seamless Copper Tube Type DWV	H23.3	B306		
7.3	3L	Copper Pipe I.P.S.	H26.1	B42		
7.4 7.5 7.6	3M	Copper Pipe, Threadless Type T P and Fittings	H26.2	B302		
7.7 7.8 7.9	3N	Cast Bronze and Wrought Solder Joint Pressure Fitting	B16.22 H23.1 B16.18			
7.10 7.11 7.12	30	Cast Bronze and Wrought Solder Joint D W V Fittings	B16.23			
7.13 7.14 7.15	3P	Copper Alloy Water Tube 1/2 Inch and 3/4 Inch		B447 B75		
7.16 7.17 7.18	3Q	Welded Brass Water Tube 1/2 Inch and 3/4 Inch		B587		
7.19 7.20 7.21 7.22 7.23	3R	Removable and Nonremovable Push-Fit Fittings for Copper Pipe (3/8 to 2 inches only)				NSF 61 ASSE 1061-06

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7.24	IV.	LEAD PIPE AND FITTINGS			
7.25	4A	Lead Pipe AA		WW-P-325-44	
7.26	4B	Lead Pipe AAA		WW-P-325-44	
7.27 7.28	4C	Lead Bends and Traps		WW-P-325-44	
8.1	4D	Sheet Lead		QQ-L201d	
8.2	V.	SILICA AND EARTH PRODU	ICTS PIPE A	ND FITTINGS, N	NONMETALLIC
8.3 8.4	5A	Asbestos-Cement Pressure Pipe and Fitting	C500 C296	SS-P351	
8.5 8.6	5B	Asbestos-Cement Water Pipe and Fittings	C500	SS-P-351	AWWA C400
8.7 8.8	5C	Asbestos-Cement Nonpressure Pipe and Fittings	C428	XX-P-331	
8.9 8.10	5D	Asbestos-Cement Perforated Underdrain Pipe and Fittings	C508		
8.11 8.12	5E	Vitrified Clay Pipe, Standard Strength and Stronger Fittings	C13 C200		
8.13 8.14	5F	Unglazed Clay Pipe, Extra Strength and Fittings	C278		
8.15 8.16	5G	Perforated Clay Pipe and Fittings	C211		
8.17 8.18	5H	Borosilicate Glass Pipe and Fittings 60 psi			
8.19 8.20	5J	Nonreinforced Concrete Drain Tile	C412		AASHTO M178

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8.21 8.22 8.23	5K	Nonreinforced Concrete Pipe	C14	SS-P-371	AASHTO M86 CSA-A257.1
8.24 8.25	5L	Perforated Concrete Pipe, Underdrainage	C444		
8.26	5M	Reinforced Concrete Pipe	C76	SS-P-375	CSA-A257.2
9.1 9.2 9.3	5N	Reinforced and Prestressed Concrete Pipe, Pressure Type and Fittings			
9.4 9.5	50	Bituminized Fiber Drain and Sewer Pipe	D1860	SS-P-1540A	
9.6 9.7	5P	Perforated Bituminized Fiber Pipe for General Drainage	D2311	SS-P-1540A	
9.8	VI.	PLASTIC PIPE AND FITTING	GS DRAIN, V	VASTE AND VE	NT
9.9 9.10 9.11	6A	Acrylonitrile-Butadiene-Styrene (ABS)	e D2661	L-P-322a FHA-MPS	NSF14 CSA-B181.1 CS270
9.12 9.13		Type 1, Schedule 40 Cellular core	F628		
9.149.159.16	6B	(1) Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Schedule 40 Unthreaded Schedule 80 can be threaded	D2665	L-P-320a FHA-MPS	NSF14 CS272 CSA-B181.2
9.17		Cellular core	F891		
9.18 9.19		Fabricated Fittings (8- to 24-inch)	D3311		
9.20 9.21 9.22		Fabricated Fittings (8-inch and larger with mitered joints 4-inch and larger)			

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9.23 9.24	6B	(2) Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Schedule 30 (3-inch only)	D2949	L-P-001221	
9.25 9.26 9.27	6B	(3) Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Schedule 40 (14- to 24-inch only) with ASTM D3311 fittings	s D1785		
10.1 10.2 10.3		Fabricated Fittings (8-inch and larger with mitered joints 4-inch and larger)			
10.4 10.5 10.6	6B	(4) Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Schedule 40 and 80 SDR 21 and SDR 26 (6-inch and larger)	l D2241		
10.7 10.8 10.9 10.10	6B	(5) Corrugated Poly-vinyl Chloride (PVC) Schedule 40 (4- to 36-inch) with ASTM D3212 fittings (Storm only)	F949		
10.11		BUILDING SEWER			
10.12	6C	(1) Styrene – Rubber	D2852		CS228
10.13 10.14	6C	(2) Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC)	D3034 F789	WW-P-00380a	CSA-B182.2
10.15		(18- to 27-inch only)	F679		
10.16		(18-inch and larger)	F794		
10.17 10.18	6C	(3) Acrylonitrile- Butadiene-Styrene (ABS)	D2751		CSA-B182.1
10.19 10.20 10.21 10.22 10.23	6C	(4) Corrugated High Density Polyethylene (Corrugated HDPE) (4- to 60-inch) with ASTM D3212 fittings (Storm only)			4- to 10-inch AASHTO M252 12- to 60-inch ASTM F2306

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10.24	WATER SERVICE - Minimum working pressure rating shall be at least 150 psi for
10.25	municipal water service and 100 psi for other service.

10.26 10.27 10.28	6D	Polyethylene (PE)	B72.1	D2239 D2737	LP-315a FHA-UM-31C	NSF14 CS255 CSA-B137.1
11.1 11.2 11.3	6E	Acrylonitrile- Butadiene-Styrene (ABS)	B72.3	D2282		NSF14 CS254
11.4 11.5 11.6 11.7 11.8 11.9	6F	Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC)	B72.2	D2241 D1785	L-P-1036 FHA UM-41	NSF14 <u>NSF61</u> <u>AWWA</u> <u>C900</u> CS256 CSA-B137.3
11.10 11.11	6G	Polybutylene		D2662 D2666		NSF14 CSA-B137.7
11.12 11.13 11.14 11.15 11.16 11.17	6I	Polyethylene/Alumin Polyethylene (PE-AL-PE) Composite Pressure Pipe (up to 1 inch only)	ium/	F1282		NSF 14 NSF 61

WATER DISTRIBUTION - Polybutylene (PB) systems (PB tubing together with recommended fittings) and chlorinated polyvinyl chloride (CPVC) pipe together with fittings must be tested by the manufacturer at 150 psi and 210 degrees Fahrenheit for a period of not less than 48 hours by a qualified independent testing laboratory acceptable to the administrative authority. Cross-linked polyethylene (PEX) tubing systems together with approved fittings must be tested at 150 psi and 210 degrees Fahrenheit for a period of not less than 30 days by a qualified independent testing laboratory acceptable to the administrative authority.

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11.26	Polypropylene (PP-R) pipe together with fittings must be tested by the manufacturer					
11.27	at 510 psi hoop stress and 203 degrees Fahrenheit for a period of not less than 40 days by					
11.28	a qualifie	d independent testing	laboratory a	acceptable to the administrative	e authority.	
11.29 11.30	6K	Polybutylene		D3309	CSA-B137.8 (tubing)	
12.1 12.2 12.3 12.4	6L	Chlorinated Polyvinyl Chloride (CPVC), Schedule 80 (2-1/2 to 6 inches)	119.1, 119.2	D2846 F441 F442	NSF14 FHA Bulletin #76 CSA-B137.6	
12.5 12.6 12.7	6M	Cross-linked Polyethylene (PEX) Tubing		F876	NSF 14 NSF 61	
12.8 12.9 12.10 12.11	6N	(1) Metal Insert Fittings Utilizing a Copper Crimp Ring for PEX Tubing		F1807	NSF 14 NSF 61	
12.12 12.13 12.14 12.15 12.16	6N	(2) Cold Expansion Fittings with PEX Reinforcing Rings for Use with PEX Tubing		F1960	NSF 14 NSF 61	
12.17 12.18 12.19 12.20 12.21	6N	(3) Cold Expansion Fittings with Metal Compressions Sleeves for Use with PEX Tubing		F2080	NSF 14 NSF 61	
12.22 12.23 12.24 12.25	6N	(4) Stainless Steel Clamps for Securing PEX Tubing to Metal Insert Fittings		F2098-01	NSF 14 NSF 61	

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12.26 12.27 12.28 12.29	6N	(5) Plastic Insert Fittings Utilizing a Copper Crimp Ring for PEX Tubing	F2159		NSF 14 NSF 61
13.1 13.2 13.3 13.4 13.5	6N	(6) Cross-linked Polyethylene (PEX) Plastic Hot and Cold Water Distribution Systems	F877		NSF 14 NSF 61
13.6 13.7	6P	Polypropylene (PP-R)	F2389		NSF 14 NSF 61
13.8 13.9 13.10 13.11	6S	SPECIAL WASTES Polyethylene	F1412	LP 315a	PS10-69 PS11-69 PS12-69
13.12	6T	Polypropylene	F1412		
13.13 13.14	6U	Polyvinylidene Fluoride (PVDF)	F1673		
13.15 13.16 13.17	6V	Chlorinated Polyvinyl Chloride (CPVC)			IAPMO IGC 210-2005a
13.18 13.19		GENERAL DRAINAGE			
13.20 13.21	6W	Polyethylene (corrugated)	F405		
13.22	VII.	FIBERGLASS PIPE AND FIT	ΓINGS		
13.23 13.24 13.25 13.26 13.27	7A	Fiberglass pipe (reinforced thermosetting resin pipe) (one-to 16-inch) (18- to 48-inch must be manufactured in accordance with ASTM D2996)	D2996 t		NSF14 NSF61 AWWA C-950

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4715.0510 WATER SERVICE PIPE.

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The following materials may be used for water service pipe:

[For text of items A to F, see M.R.]

G. Plastic pipe 6D, 6E, 6F, 6G, and 6I may be used for water service pipe only up to the water meter or pressure tank and provided there is no more than two feet of such piping exposed within the building. These materials shall be installed in accordance with ASTM D 2774-72 2774, except that plastic pipe meeting AWWA C900 must be installed according to AWWA C605. Particular care shall be taken to avoid sharp edges in contact with the pipe and to provide for expansion and contraction. Plastic pipe 6I must be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions.

[For text of items H and I, see M.R.]

4715.0640 FIXTURE MATERIALS.

Plumbing fixtures shall have smooth, impervious surfaces, be free from defects and concealed surfaces. All receptacles used as water closets, urinals, or otherwise, for the disposal of human excreta, shall be vitreous china, or other material acceptable to the administrative authority, except trough urinals may be east iron, enameled on the inside. Drinking fountains shall be constructed of impervious nonoxidizing material and shall be so designed that they may be easily cleaned. Plumbing fixtures shall conform to the applicable commercial standards, where such standards exist.

4715.0900 FIXTURE TRAP REQUIREMENTS.

Each plumbing fixture, except those having an integral trap, shall be separately trapped by a water seal trap, installed as close to the fixture as possible, and in such a manner as to be readily accessible for cleaning and repairing.

A single trap may serve a two or three compartment sink or laundry tray. The trap shall be located not more than 30 inches horizontally from each compartment outlet. The

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vertical distance between the fixture outlet and the trap weir shall be as short as possible, but in no case more than 24 inches in length.

No food waste disposal unit shall be installed in a set of restaurant, commercial, or industrial sinks, served by a single trap. Each such disposal unit shall be individually trapped and connected to a separate waste opening. Each trap shall have the manufacturer's name or identification stamped legibly thereon and each tubing trap shall show the gauge of the tubing used in its manufacture.

4715.1105 GREASE INTERCEPTORS.

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Subpart 1. Uniform Plumbing Code (UPC). For the purposes of this part, "UPC" means the 2009 edition of the Uniform Plumbing Code as adopted by the International Association of Plumbing and Mechanical Officials (IAPMO), 5001 East Philadelphia Street, Ontario, CA 91761. Portions of this part reproduce text and tables from the UPC, with permission of IAPMO. The UPC is not subject to frequent change and a copy of the UPC is available in the office of the commissioner of labor and industry. The UPC is copyright 2009 by the IAPMO. All rights reserved.

Subp. 2. General requirements. A grease interceptor complying with this part shall be installed in waste lines leading from fixtures or equipment in establishments where grease may effect line stoppage as determined by the administrative authority. Only waste requiring separation may discharge to a grease interceptor. Food waste grinders and dishwashers may discharge to a gravity grease interceptor where permitted by the manufacturer and the administrative authority.

Each establishment for which a grease interceptor is required shall have an interceptor that serves only that establishment unless otherwise approved by the administrative authority. Grease interceptors must be installed in approved locations and must be readily accessible for inspection and maintenance. Grease interceptors shall be located as close as practical to the fixtures served. Each grease interceptor installation must preclude

siphoning and provide air relief. Each fixture discharging to a grease interceptor shall be trapped and vented according to this chapter.

A grease interceptor located outside the building that is a part of an individual sewage disposal system is not subject to the requirements of this chapter.

Subp. 3. Hydromechanical grease interceptors.

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A. Hydromechanical grease interceptors shall comply with ASME Standard
A112.14.3. Plumbing fixtures or equipment connected to a hydromechanical grease
interceptor shall discharge through an approved type of flow control installed in a readily
accessible and visible location. The total flow through the flow control device shall not
be greater than the rated flow of the grease interceptor. No external flow control device
having adjustable or removable parts shall be installed. Except for integral flow control
devices, each flow control vent shall connect to the plumbing vent system. A vent shall be
installed downstream of the grease interceptor according to this chapter.

- B. <u>Hydromechanical grease interceptors shall be sized using one of the</u> following methods.
- (1) When the flow rate of fixtures or appliances are unknown, the grease interceptor shall be sized based on the diameter of the drain discharging to the interceptor according to the following table:

16.17	Hydromechanical Interceptor Si	zing Using Gravity Flow Rates
16.18	waste pipe diameter,	min. interceptor
16.19	<u>in.</u>	size, gpm
16.20	<u>2</u>	<u>20</u>
16.21	<u>3</u>	<u>75</u>
16.22	<u>4</u>	<u>150</u>
16.23	<u>5</u>	<u>250</u>
16.24	<u>6</u>	<u>500</u>

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16.25	(2) <u>V</u>	Where fixture dimension	s and flow rates of all	connected fixtures	and
16.26	equipment are k	known, the interceptor m	nust be sized as follows	<u>s:</u>	
17.1	(a)	calculate the volume	of each connected fixtu	ıre;	

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(b) multiply the volume of all connected fixtures by a fill factor of 0.75 to obtain the discharge volume;

(c) divide the fixture discharge volume by a drain period of one minute; and

(d) add flow rates of appliances, hydrants, and equipment. The minimum grease interceptor size is the sum of all flow rates discharging to the interceptor.

C. Example for sizing using fixture capacity: Two compartments of a sink, a hose bibb, and an appliance will discharge to the interceptor.

(1) Calculate the volume of each fixture.

[Length, in.] x [Width, in.] x [Depth, in.]/231 = [Volume, gallons] 17.12 24" x 24" 12" x 2 compartments/231 = 59.8 gallons 17.13

(2) Calculate the discharge volume of each fixture.

17.15 [total volume] $\times 0.75$ fill factor = [discharge volume] $59.8 \text{ gallons } \times 0.75 = 44.9 \text{ gallons}$ 17.16

(3) Calculate the flow rate from each fixture.

[discharge volume]/[1-minute drainage period] = [flow rate] 17.18 44.9 gallons/1 minute = 44.9 gpm17.19

(4) Add flow rates from appliances, equipment, and hydrants.

2 compartments of a sink 44.9 gpm 17.21 hose bibb 17.22 5 gpm

17.23 <u>appliance</u> <u>2 gpm</u>

17.24 51.9 gpm

(5) Minimum interceptor size.

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The interceptor must be rated at 51.9 gpm or greater.

Subp. 4. **Gravity grease interceptors.** Gravity grease interceptors shall comply with IAPMO/ANSI Standard Z1001 or ASTM Standard C1613. Gravity grease interceptors shall provide for free air circulation through the interceptor and inlet and outlet pipes. Gravity grease interceptors shall be sized by the drainage fixture unit value for all connected fixtures according to the following table.

18.8 18.9	Drainage fixture units (A,B,C)	Interceptor volume, gallons	
		<u> </u>	
18.10	<u>8</u>	<u>500</u>	
18.11	<u>21</u>	<u>750</u>	
18.12	<u>35</u>	<u>1,000</u>	
18.13	<u>90</u>	<u>1,250</u>	
18.14	<u>172</u>	<u>1,500</u>	
18.15	<u>216</u>	<u>2,000</u>	
18.16	<u>307</u>	<u>2,500</u>	
18.17	<u>342</u>	<u>3,000</u>	
18.18	428	4,000	
18.19	<u>576</u>	<u>5,000</u>	
18.20	<u>720</u>	<u>7,500</u>	
18.21	<u>2112</u>	10,000	
18.22	<u>2640</u>	15,000	

A. The maximum allowable drainage fixture units plumbed to the kitchen drain lines must be connected to the grease interceptor.

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B. When the flow rate of directly connected fixtures or appliances have no
assigned drainage fixture unit values, the additional grease interceptor volume shall be
based on the known flow rate (gpm) multiplied by 30 minutes.

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C. Drainage fixture unit values must be determined according to part 4715.2300.

Subp. 5. Protective treatments. Grease interceptors constructed of metal, concrete, or other materials subject to corrosion shall have protective treatment approved by the manufacturer.

- Subp. 6. Interceptors located outside of buildings. A grease interceptor outside of the building must be installed to be protected from freezing. Buoyancy protection must be provided when required by the manufacturer's installation instructions. If installed in a nonpaved area, the landscape must be bermed to divert runoff. Accessways for exterior grease interceptors must be at least 20 inches square or a diameter to allow adequate access to tank interior for inspection and maintenance. Access to the inlet and outlet must be provided. The grease interceptor and covers must be protected from loadings that may lead to structural collapse and must be designed to withstand any anticipated traffic loadings. Exterior grease interceptors to be abandoned are subject to the requirements of the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency for abandoning septic tanks.
- Subp. 7. Labeling. All grease interceptors must contain a clear and permanent product identification label listing the construction standard identified in subpart 3 or 4 and any additional labeling requirements of that standard.
- Subp. 8. **Testing, maintenance, and records.** Each grease interceptor installation must pass a manometer test with one inch of water column for five minutes or a vacuum test with two inches of mercury for 60 minutes. Grease interceptors shall be inspected at least once every three months and shall be maintained in efficient operating condition by periodic removal of the accumulated grease and latent material. Records of inspection

19.23	and maintenance must be kept. The administrative authority shall set the exact frequency,
19.24	duration, and availability of the inspection, cleaning, and record-keeping information.
19.25 19.26	4715.1240 BATHTUBS, WHIRLPOOL BATHTUBS, AND WHIRLPOOL PEDICURE TUBS.
20.1	Subpart 1. General. All bathtubs, whirlpool bathtubs, and whirlpool pedicure tubs
20.2	must comply with the applicable material product standards. Bathtubs and whirlpool
20.3	bathtubs with pressure-sealed doors must comply with ASME A112.19.15.
20.4 20.5 20.6	Subp. 1a. Outlets. Bathtubs and whirlpool bathtubs must have waste outlets and overflows at least one and one-half inches in diameter. The waste control device must be located at the tub outlet.
20.7	Subp. 2. Whirlpool bathtubs. Whirlpool bathtubs and their installation with pumps,
20.8	air circulation, or both must comply with ANSI 112.19.7 and ANSI 112.19.8. ASME
20.9	A112.19.7. Pipeless whirlpool bathtubs must comply with ASME A112.19.7 or IAPMO
20.10	IGC 155. All whirlpool bathtub equipment must be provided with an access panel.
20.11 20.12 20.13	Subp. 2a. Whirlpool pedicure tubs. Whirlpool pedicure tubs must comply with general requirements and water retention sections of ASME A112.19.7 or IAPMO IGC 155.
20.14 20.15 20.16	Subp. 3. Drop-in bathtubs. Bathtubs which do not have a factory applied flange for installation against a wall are considered drop-in-type and must not be installed against a wall.
20.17	Subp. 4. Hot water temperature control device for tubs. Bathtubs and whirlpool
20.18	tubs must be provided with water temperature limiting devices set at a maximum water
20.19	temperature of 120 degrees Fahrenheit to reduce the risk of scalding, according to ASSE
20.20	Standard 1070.

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4715.1310 FOOD-WASTE GRINDER UNITS.

Domestic food-waste grinders shall be connected to a drain of not less than 1-1/2 inches in diameter.

Commercial food-waste grinders shall be connected to a drain of sufficient size to serve the unit, but in no case connected to a drain of less than two inches in diameter, and shall be connected, trapped, and vented separately from any other fixtures or compartments.

All food-waste grinders shall be provided with an adequate supply of water in sufficient flow rate to insure proper functioning of the unit. The water supply line to a commercial food waste grinder, which is equipped with a water rinsed funnel, shall be protected against back-siphonage by an air gap or vacuum breaker.

Except as provided in part 4715.1105, no food-waste grinders shall be connected so as to discharge through a grease interceptor.

4715.1380 SHOWERS.

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Subpart 1. **Water supply riser.** Every water supply riser from the shower valve to the shower head outlet, whether exposed or not, shall be securely attached to the structure.

[For text of subps 2 to 4, see M.R.]

Subp. 5. **Anti-scald <u>control</u> devices.** A shower or combination shower-bath in a new or remodeled installation must be equipped with an <u>anti-scald type individual</u> shower control valve. The valve must be of the thermostatic <u>or</u>, pressure-balancing, <u>or combination thermostatic and pressure-balancing</u> type in accordance with <u>ANSI/ASSE ASSE</u> Standard <u>1016-96</u> <u>1016</u>.

The temperature of mixed water to multiple showers must be controlled by <u>either</u> a master <u>anti-scald type</u> thermostatic blender <u>that provides scald and thermal shock</u>

protection according to ASSE 1069, or the showers must be individually equipped with

21.21 approved anti-scald type shower control valves meeting ASSE Standard 1016.

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21.22	4715.1410 URINALS.
21.23	Subpart 1. Prohibited urinals. Floor-type Trough urinals are prohibited.
21.24	[For text of subp 2, see M.R.]
21.25	4715.1420 WATER CLOSETS.
22.1	[For text of subps 1 to 3, see M.R.]
22.2	Subp. 4. Water closet personal hygiene devices. Water closet personal hygiene
22.3	devices shall conform to ASME Standard A112.4.2.
22.4	4715.1430 HANGERS AND SUPPORTS.
22.5	[For text of subps 1 to 3, see M.R.]
22.6	Subp. 4. Horizontal piping. Horizontal piping shall be supported at sufficiently
22.7	close intervals to keep it in alignment and prevent sagging:
22.8	A. cast-iron soil pipe, five-foot intervals except where ten-foot lengths of
22.9	cast-iron soil pipe are used, ten-foot intervals between supports are acceptable-;
22.10	B. threaded pipe, 12-foot intervals-;
22.11	C. copper tubing (1-1/4 inch or less), six_foot intervals-;
22.12	D. copper tubing (1-1/2 inch or over), ten_foot intervals-:
22.13	E. lead pipe, on continuous metal or wood strips for its entire length:
22.14	F. plastic pipe, 32-inch intervals except where conveying waste from
22.15	dishwashers or similar hot water wastes it shall be supported on continuous metal or
22.16	wood strips for its entire length. <u>CPVC and PP-R nonreinforced water distribution pipe</u>
22.17	(1-1/4 inch or over), four-foot intervals; and
22.18	G. fiberglass reinforced pipe shall be installed with hangers and supports
22 19	according to the manufacturer's installation instructions

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[For text of subps 5 to 7, see M.R.]

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22.21	4715.1500 INDIRECT WASTE CONNECTIONS.
22.22	No cold storage room, walk-in cooler or freezer, refrigerator, display cooling case,
22.23	cooling counter, compartment, receptacle, appurtenance, or device, which is used,
22.24	designed, or intended to be used for the storage or holding of food or drink, shall have
23.1	any drain pipe in connection therewith directly connected to any soil, waste, or vent pipe.
23.2	Such equipment shall be discharged discharge indirectly to the drainage system through an
23.3	airbreak as defined in according to part 4715.1570 or 4715.1580. Ice cream dipper wells,
23.4	ice storage bins, and similar types of receptacles shall discharge into the drainage system
23.5	through an air gap as defined in part 4715.1570.
23.6	The foregoing does not apply to a dishwashing or culinary sink in a food preparation
23.7	room.
23.8	4715.1530 STERILIZERS.
23.9	Appliances, devices, equipment, or other apparatus such as stills, sterilizers, and
23.10	similar equipment requiring water and waste shall be indirectly connected, or provided
23.11	with an air gap between the trap and the appliance discharge to the drainage system by
23.12	an air gap.
23.13	4715.1540 POTABLE CLEAR WATER WASTES.
23.14	Expansion tanks, cooling jackets, sprinkler systems, water conditioning equipment,
23.15	water heater relief pipes, backflow preventer relief pipes, or any similar devices which
23.16	are directly connected to the potable water system and which waste clear water only shall
23.17	be discharged to the drainage system through an air gap.

single-family dwellings or private use living units, waste receptors or sumps receiving 23.20

Subpart 1. Installment. Except for clothes washers located in bathrooms of

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4715.1590 RECEPTORS OR SUMPS.

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the indirect waste shall not be installed in any toilet room, nor in <u>an</u> inaccessible or unventilated space, such as a closet or storeroom.

[For text of subps 2 and 3, see M.R.]

Subp. 4. **Stand pipe receptors.** The Stand pipe receptor for an automatic clothes washer receptors shall be individually trapped and vented according to the requirements of this chapter. Each stand pipe receptor for clothes washers shall meet this requirement, except that multiple clothes washers in the same room may be discharged discharge to multiple standpipes that are manifolded together and use with a single trap. The stand pipe receptor for clothes washers shall extend not more than 30 inches, nor less than 18 inches above its trap, and the trap shall be installed at least six inches above the floor.

Subp. 5. [Repealed, 19 SR 590]

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4715.2100 BACKFLOW PREVENTERS.

- A. Atmospheric vacuum breaker (AVB):
- 24.9 (1) must be installed at least six inches above spill line (see special requirements in part 4715.2150);
 - (2) no possibility of back pressure permitted;
- 24.12 (3) only permitted on discharge side of last control valve; and
- 24.13 (4) no more than eight hours of continuous line pressure permitted-; and
- 24.14 (5) must be listed to ASSE Standard 1001.
- 24.15 B. Pressure vacuum breaker assembly (PVB):
- 24.16 (1) must be installed at least 12 inches above spill line;
- 24.17 (2) no possibility of back pressure permitted; and
- 24.18 (3) continuous line pressure permitted-; and

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(4) must be listed to ASSE Standard 1020. C. Spill-proof vacuum breaker (SVB): (1) must be installed at least six 12 inches above spill line; (2) no possibility of back pressure permitted; (3) continuous line pressure permitted; and (4) field testable; and (5) must be listed to ASSE Standard 1056. D. Hose connection vacuum breaker (Hose VB): (1) required for threaded hose connections; (2) back pressure not permitted; (3) continuous line pressure not permitted; and (4) any new device must be field testable. Exception: a vacuum breaker installed as an integral part of a product, approved to a ASSE Standard 1011, and installed at the factory will not be required to be field testable; and (5) must be listed to ASSE Standard 1052. Wall hydrant vacuum breaker must be listed to ASSE Standard 1019. E. Double-check valve with intermediate atmospheric vent (DCVIAV): (1) permitted for low hazard with small pipe sizes; (2) back pressure permitted; and		11/22/11		REVISOR	SS/JK	RD4044
(1) must be installed at least six 12 inches above spill line; (2) no possibility of back pressure permitted; (3) continuous line pressure permitted; and (4) field testable: and (5) must be listed to ASSE Standard 1056. D. Hose connection vacuum breaker (Hose VB): (1) required for threaded hose connections; (2) back pressure not permitted; (3) continuous line pressure not permitted; and (4) any new device must be field testable. Exception: a vacuum breaker installed as an integral part of a product, approved to a ASSE Standard 1011, and installe at the factory will not be required to be field testable: and (5) must be listed to ASSE Standard 1052. Wall hydrant vacuum breaker must be listed to ASSE Standard 1019. E. Double-check valve with intermediate atmospheric vent (DCVIAV): (1) permitted for low hazard with small pipe sizes; (2) back pressure permitted; and	24.19	<u>(4)</u>	must be listed to ASSE Stand	ard 1020.		
(2) no possibility of back pressure permitted; (3) continuous line pressure permitted; and (4) field testable; and (5) must be listed to ASSE Standard 1056. D. Hose connection vacuum breaker (Hose VB): (1) required for threaded hose connections; (2) back pressure not permitted; (3) continuous line pressure not permitted; and (4) any new device must be field testable. Exception: a vacuum breaker installed as an integral part of a product, approved to a ASSE Standard 1011, and installe at the factory will not be required to be field testable; and (5) must be listed to ASSE Standard 1052. Wall hydrant vacuum breaker must be listed to ASSE Standard 1019. E. Double-check valve with intermediate atmospheric vent (DCVIAV): (1) permitted for low hazard with small pipe sizes; (2) back pressure permitted; and	24.20	C. Sp	ill-proof vacuum breaker (SVE):		
(3) continuous line pressure permitted; and (4) field testable:; and (5) must be listed to ASSE Standard 1056. D. Hose connection vacuum breaker (Hose VB): (1) required for threaded hose connections; (2) back pressure not permitted; (3) continuous line pressure not permitted; and (4) any new device must be field testable. Exception: a vacuum breaker installed as an integral part of a product, approved to a ASSE Standard 1011, and installed at the factory will not be required to be field testable:; and (5) must be listed to ASSE Standard 1052. Wall hydrant vacuum breaker must be listed to ASSE Standard 1019. E. Double-check valve with intermediate atmospheric vent (DCVIAV): (1) permitted for low hazard with small pipe sizes; (2) back pressure permitted; and	24.21	(1)	must be installed at least six_1	2 inches above s	pill line;	
(4) field testable; and (5) must be listed to ASSE Standard 1056. D. Hose connection vacuum breaker (Hose VB): (1) required for threaded hose connections; (2) back pressure not permitted; (3) continuous line pressure not permitted; and (4) any new device must be field testable. Exception: a vacuum breaker installed as an integral part of a product, approved to a ASSE Standard 1011, and installe at the factory will not be required to be field testable; and (5) must be listed to ASSE Standard 1052. Wall hydrant vacuum breaker must be listed to ASSE Standard 1019. E. Double-check valve with intermediate atmospheric vent (DCVIAV): (1) permitted for low hazard with small pipe sizes; (2) back pressure permitted; and	24.22	(2)	no possibility of back pressur	e permitted;		
25.2 (5) must be listed to ASSE Standard 1056. D. Hose connection vacuum breaker (Hose VB): (1) required for threaded hose connections; (2) back pressure not permitted; (3) continuous line pressure not permitted; and (4) any new device must be field testable. Exception: a vacuum breaker installed as an integral part of a product, approved to a ASSE Standard 1011, and installe at the factory will not be required to be field testable:; and (5) must be listed to ASSE Standard 1052. Wall hydrant vacuum breaker must be listed to ASSE Standard 1019. E. Double-check valve with intermediate atmospheric vent (DCVIAV): (1) permitted for low hazard with small pipe sizes; (2) back pressure permitted; and	24.23	(3)	continuous line pressure perm	nitted; and		
D. Hose connection vacuum breaker (Hose VB): (1) required for threaded hose connections; (2) back pressure not permitted; (3) continuous line pressure not permitted; and (4) any new device must be field testable. Exception: a vacuum breaker installed as an integral part of a product, approved to a ASSE Standard 1011, and installe at the factory will not be required to be field testable:; and (5) must be listed to ASSE Standard 1052. Wall hydrant vacuum breaker must be listed to ASSE Standard 1019. E. Double-check valve with intermediate atmospheric vent (DCVIAV): (1) permitted for low hazard with small pipe sizes; (2) back pressure permitted; and	25.1	(4)	field testable-; and			
(1) required for threaded hose connections; (2) back pressure not permitted; (3) continuous line pressure not permitted; and (4) any new device must be field testable. Exception: a vacuum breaker installed as an integral part of a product, approved to a ASSE Standard 1011, and installe at the factory will not be required to be field testable; and (5) must be listed to ASSE Standard 1052. Wall hydrant vacuum breaker must be listed to ASSE Standard 1019. E. Double-check valve with intermediate atmospheric vent (DCVIAV): (1) permitted for low hazard with small pipe sizes; (2) back pressure permitted; and	25.2	<u>(5)</u>	must be listed to ASSE Stand	ard 1056.		
(2) back pressure not permitted; (3) continuous line pressure not permitted; and (4) any new device must be field testable. Exception: a vacuum breaker installed as an integral part of a product, approved to a ASSE Standard 1011, and installe at the factory will not be required to be field testable; and (5) must be listed to ASSE Standard 1052. Wall hydrant vacuum breaker must be listed to ASSE Standard 1019. E. Double-check valve with intermediate atmospheric vent (DCVIAV): (1) permitted for low hazard with small pipe sizes; (2) back pressure permitted; and	25.3	D. Ho	se connection vacuum breaker	(Hose VB):		
(3) continuous line pressure not permitted; and (4) any new device must be field testable. Exception: a vacuum breaker installed as an integral part of a product, approved to a ASSE Standard 1011, and installe at the factory will not be required to be field testable; and (5) must be listed to ASSE Standard 1052. Wall hydrant vacuum breaker must be listed to ASSE Standard 1019. E. Double-check valve with intermediate atmospheric vent (DCVIAV): (1) permitted for low hazard with small pipe sizes; (2) back pressure permitted; and	25.4	(1)	required for threaded hose co	nnections;		
(4) any new device must be field testable. Exception: a vacuum breaker installed as an integral part of a product, approved to a ASSE Standard 1011, and installe at the factory will not be required to be field testable.; and (5) must be listed to ASSE Standard 1052. Wall hydrant vacuum breaker must be listed to ASSE Standard 1019. E. Double-check valve with intermediate atmospheric vent (DCVIAV): (1) permitted for low hazard with small pipe sizes; (2) back pressure permitted; and	25.5	(2)	back pressure not permitted;			
installed as an integral part of a product, approved to a ASSE Standard 1011, and installe at the factory will not be required to be field testable-; and (5) must be listed to ASSE Standard 1052. Wall hydrant vacuum breaker must be listed to ASSE Standard 1019. E. Double-check valve with intermediate atmospheric vent (DCVIAV): (1) permitted for low hazard with small pipe sizes; (2) back pressure permitted; and	25.6	(3)	continuous line pressure not p	permitted; and		
at the factory will not be required to be field testable:; and (5) must be listed to ASSE Standard 1052. Wall hydrant vacuum breaker must be listed to ASSE Standard 1019. E. Double-check valve with intermediate atmospheric vent (DCVIAV): (1) permitted for low hazard with small pipe sizes; (2) back pressure permitted; and	25.7	(4)	any new device must be field	testable. Except	tion: a vacuum bre	eaker
(5) must be listed to ASSE Standard 1052. Wall hydrant vacuum breaker must be listed to ASSE Standard 1019. E. Double-check valve with intermediate atmospheric vent (DCVIAV): (1) permitted for low hazard with small pipe sizes; (2) back pressure permitted; and	25.8	installed as	s an integral part of a product, a	approved to a AS	SE Standard 1011,	and installed
must be listed to ASSE Standard 1019. E. Double-check valve with intermediate atmospheric vent (DCVIAV): (1) permitted for low hazard with small pipe sizes; (2) back pressure permitted; and	25.9	at the facto	ory will not be required to be fi	eld testable:; and		
must be listed to ASSE Standard 1019. E. Double-check valve with intermediate atmospheric vent (DCVIAV): (1) permitted for low hazard with small pipe sizes; (2) back pressure permitted; and	25.10	(5)	must be listed to ASSE Stand	lard 1052. Wall l	hvdrant vacuum br	eaker
(1) permitted for low hazard with small pipe sizes; 25.14 (2) back pressure permitted; and					<i></i>	
25.14 (2) back pressure permitted; and	25.12	E. Do	uble-check valve with intermed	liate atmospheric	e vent (DCVIAV):	
	25.13	(1)	permitted for low hazard with	small pipe sizes		
	25.14	(2)	back pressure permitted; and			
25.15 (3) continuous line pressure permitted:	25.15	(3)	continuous line pressure perm	nitted-:		

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(4) must be listed to ASSE Standard 1012; and

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25.17	(5) device for beverage dispensing equipment must be listed to ASSE
25.18	Standard 1022. For carbonated beverage machines, the additional requirements in part
25.19	4715.2163 apply.
25.20	F. Reduced pressure zone backflow preventer assembly (RPZ):
25.21	(1) any degree of hazard permitted;
25.22	(2) back pressure permitted; and
25.23	(3) continuous line pressure permitted-;
26.1	(4) must be listed to ASSE Standard 1013; and
26.2	(5) fire sprinkler system backflow preventer must be listed to ASSE
26.3	Standard 1013 or 1047.
26.4	G. Double-check valve assembly (DCVA):
26.5	(1) permitted only for nontoxic, low hazard installations with nuisance or
26.6	aesthetic concern;
26.7	(2) back pressure permitted; and
26.8	(3) continuous line pressure permitted-;
26.9	(4) must be listed to ASSE Standard 1015; and
26.10	(5) fire sprinkler systems must be listed to ASSE Standard 1015 or 1048.
26.11	H. Deck-mounted and equipment-mounted vacuum breakers and faucets with
26.12	integral atmospheric or spill-proof vacuum breakers shall be installed according to the
26.13	manufacturer's instructions with the critical level not less than one inch (25 mm) above the
26 14	flood level rim. The vacuum breaker device must comply with ASSE Standard 1001

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26.15 **4715.2110 TYPES OF DEVICES REQUIRED WHERE AN AIR GAP CANNOT**26.16 **BE PROVIDED.**¹

26.17			Where by possible	oack pres	sure is	-	lowed wh	
26.18			possible	-		_	essure is p	
26.19			DD7	DCV	DOW	SVB or	ATAD	Hose
26.20			RPZ	IAV	DCVA	PVB	AVB	VB
26.21						(control		<u>(no</u>
26.22						valve	control	control
26.23						may be	valve	<u>valve</u>
26.24				(1	<i>(</i> 1	down-	down-	down-
26.25			(0.000)	(low	(low	stream	stream	stream
26.26			(any	hazard	hazard	$\frac{\text{of}}{\text{devise}}$	$\frac{\text{of}}{\text{dayies}}$	$ \underline{\text{of}} $
26.27			<u>hazard)</u>	only)	<u>only)</u>	<u>device</u>)	<u>device)</u>	<u>device</u>)
27.1	A.	Boiler, other than one- or	**					
27.2		two-family residential	X					
27.3	B.	Boiler, one- or two-family						
27.4		residential	X	X				
27.5	C.	Car wash	X			X	X	
27.6	D.	Carbonated beverage						
27.7		machine (postmix) (see						
27.8		part 4715.2163)		X				
27.9	E.	Chemical line	X					
27.10	F.	Chemical tank	X			X	X	
27.11	G.	Chiller	X					
27.12	H.	Cooling tower	X	X		X	X	
27.13	I.	Dental units (separate						
27.14		assembly required for each						
27.15		unit) ²	X					
27.16	J.	Dishwasher, commercial				X	X	
27.17	K.	Fire sprinkler system $\frac{2}{3}$	X	X	X			
27.18	L.	Flush tank (water closet,						
27.19		urinal, similar) (see part						
27.20		4715.2150)	X			X	X	

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27.21 27.22 27.23	M.	Flush valve (water closet, urinal, similar) (see part 4715.2150)	X			X	X	
27.24 27.25	N.	Food and beverage equipment or system	X	X	X	X	X	
27.26	O.	Garbage can washer	X			X	X	
27.27 27.28	P.	Glycol or other antifreeze system	X					
27.29	Q.	Lab equipment	X			X	X	
27.30	R.	Lab faucet					X	
27.31 27.32	S.	Laundry machine, commercial	X	X		X	X	
28.1 28.2 28.3	T.	Lawn, garden ₂ or greenhouse sprinkler system	X			X	X	
28.4 28.5 28.6	U.	Operating, dissection, embalming, or mortuary table (see part 4715.1950)	X			X	X	
28.7 28.8 28.9	V.	Private potable water supply (where permitted by administrative authority)	X	X	X			
28.10 28.11 28.12	W.	Private nonpotable water supply (where permitted by administrative authority)	X					
28.13	X.	Process line	X	X				
28.14	Y.	Process tank	X			X	X	
28.15	Z.	RV dump station	X	X		X	X	
28.16	AA.	Sewage treatment	X			X	X	
28.17 28.18	BB.	Soap dispenser (see part 4715.2165)	X	X		X	X	
28.19 28.20 28.21	CC.	Swimming pool, fountain, pond, baptistry, aquarium or similar	X	X		X	X	

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28.22	DD.	Threaded hose				
28.23		connections, including:				
28.24		hose bibbs, hydrants,		\mathbf{v}	$X^{\frac{3}{-}}$	X^4
28.25 28.26	EE.	service sinks, laundry trays Truck fill	X	$\frac{X}{X}$	л- Х	Λ_{-}
	FF.		Λ	Λ	Λ	
28.27 28.28	ΓГ.	Vacuum systems or aspirators	X	X	X	
28.29	1. For	installations not listed in this p	eart, review with the Admin	nistrative	Authority	y.
28.30	2. If a	dental water treatment system	that has been cleared by t	he Food	and Drug	۶ 2
28.31	Admir	nistration (FDA) for marketing	is to be installed, a single	RPZ dev	rice shall	<u>be</u>
28.32	install	ed upstream of the dental water	r treatment system and not	required	d on each	
28.33	branch	line. The system shall be inst	alled and maintained accor	ding to t	he treatm	ent
29.1	system	n manufacturer's instructions. V	Vater lines of less than one-	-half incl	h are pern	<u>nitted</u>
29.2	downs	tream of the water treatment sy	stem when required by the	manufa	cturer.	
29.3	2 <u>3</u> . In	nstallations must comply with A	AWWA-M14, chapter 6 (19	990) exc	ept that th	ne
29.4	follow	ing statement is deleted from so	ection 6.3: At any time whe	ere the fir	e sprinkle	r piping
29.5	is not	an acceptable potable water sys	stem material, there shall be	e a backf	flow-prev	ention
29.6	assem	bly isolating the fire sprinkler s	ystem from the potable wa	ter system	m.	
29.7	3 <u>4</u> . A	vacuum breaker installed as a	n integral part of a product	approve	d to a star	ndard
29.8	does not require additional backflow prevention on the hose threads; the product must be					
29.9	constr	ucted so that if the integral bac	kflow preventer is removed	1, the ren	naining th	reads
29.10	will no	ot be hose thread type. An unpr	rotected threaded hose conr	nection n	nust be pr	otected
29.11	agains	t backflow by addition of a bac	kflow preventer complying	g with AS	SSE 1052	
29.12	4715.2	2150 CONNECTIONS NOT	SUBJECT TO BACK PR	RESSUR	E.	
29.13		[For text	xt of subp 1, see M.R.]			
29.14	Sub	pp. 2. Cross-connections whe	re protective devices are	required	l and crit	ical
29.15	level (C-L) settings for backflow pr	eventers. Critical level (C-	-L) is def	fined as th	ie level
29.16	to whi	ch the backflow preventer (vac	uum breaker) may be subn	nerged be	efore back	cflow

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29.17	will occur. Where the C-L is not show	wn on the preventer, the b	oottom of the devic	e shall			
29.18	be taken as the C-L.						
29.19	Fixture or Equipment Method of Installation						
29.20 29.21	Aspirators and Ejectors	C-L at least 6 inches al receptacle.	pove flood level of	Î			
29.22 29.23	Dental units	On models without buil at least 6 inches above f					
29.24 29.25	Dishwashing machines	C-L at least 6 inches ab Install on both hot and o					
29.26	Flushometer (Closet & Urinal)	C-L at least 6 inches ab	ove top of fixture s	upplied.			
30.1 30.2	Garbage can cleaning machine	C-L at least 6 inches ab Install on both hot and of					
30.3 30.4	Hose outlets	C-L at least 6 inches ab line.	ove highest point o	on hose			
30.5 30.6	Laundry machines	C-L at least 6 inches ab Install on both hot and of					
30.7 30.8	Lawn sprinklers	C-L at least 12 inches a discharge outlet.	bove highest sprin	kler or			
30.9	Steam tables	C-L at least 6 inches ab	ove flood level.				
30.10	Tank and vats	C-L at least 6 inches ab	ove flood level rim	or line.			
30.11	Trough urinals	C-L at least 30 inches a	bove perforated flu	sh pipe.			
30.12 30.13	Flush tanks	Equip with approved battouch tank water equip C-L at least 1 inch above	with vacuum break	er with			
30.14 30.15		ball cock does not touch					
30.16		cock outlet at least 1 inc					
30.17		provide vacuum breake	r as specified above	e.			
30.18	Hose bibbs (Where aspirators or	C-L at least 6 inches abo	ove flood level of re	eceptacle			
30.19	ejectors could be connected)	served.					
30.20	4715.2300 LOAD ON DRAINAGE	PIPING.					
30.21	[For text o	f subps 1 to 2a, see M.R.	1				

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Subp. 3. Table of fixture unit values for various plumbing fixtures.

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30.23 30.24 30.25 30.26 30.27	Type of Fixture		Fixture Unit Value	Minimum Fixture and Trap Drain Size
30.28	Clothes washer (domestic use)		2	1-1/2
30.29	Clothes washer (single unit, disch	arge to standpipe)	2	2
30.30	Clothes washer (public use in grow	ups of 3 or more)	6 each	
30.31	Bath tub with or without shower		2	1-1/2
31.1	Bidet		2	1-1/2
31.2	Dental unit or cuspidor		1	1-1/4
31.3	Drinking fountain		1	1-1/4
31.4	Dishwasher, domestic (gravity dra	nin)	2	1-1/2
31.5	Dishwasher, commercial		4	2
31.6	Floor drain with 2 inch waste		2	2
31.7	Floor drain with 3 inch waste		3	3
31.8	Floor drain with 4 inch waste		4	4
31.9	Lavatory (single) or hand sink		1	1-1/4
31.10	Laundry tray (1 or 2 compartment	t)	2	1-1/2
31.11	Shower stall, domestic		2	1-1/2
31.12	Shower (gang) per head		1	
31.13	SINKS:			
31.14	Classroom, with or without drinki	ng fountain	2	1-1/2
31.15	Combination, sink and tray (with	disposal unit)	3	1-1/2
31.16	Combination, sink and tray (with	one trap)	2	1-1/2
31.17	Domestie		2	1-1/2
31.18	Domestic, with disposal unit and/o	or dishwasher	2	1-1/2
31.19	Surgeons		3	1-1/2
31.20	Laboratory, cup sink		1	1-1/2
31.21	Flushrim or bedpan washer		6	3
31.22	Service		3	2

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31.23	Pot or scullery		4	2
31.24	Soda fountain		2	1-1/2
31.25	Commercial, (flat rim, bar, food prep, o	r counter sink)	3	1-1/2
31.26	Commercial (food-waste grinder or foo	d prep sink with grinder)	4	<u>2</u>
31.27	Wash, circular, or multiple (per set of fa	aucets)	2	1-1/2
31.28	URINAL pedestal, wall hung, with 3 in	nch trap (blowout and		
31.29	syphon jet)		6	3
31.30	Wall hung with 2 inch trap		3	2
31.31	Wall hung with 1-1/2 inch trap		2	1-1/2
32.1	Trough (per 6 foot section)		2	1-1/2
32.2	Stall		3	2
32.3	WATER CLOSET		6	3
32.4	Unlisted Fixture or Trap Size			
32.5	1-1/4 inch		1	
32.6	1-1/2 inch		2	
32.7	2 inch		3	
32.8	2-1/2 inch		4	
32.9	3 inch		5	
32.10	4 inch		6	
32.11	4715.2350 MINIMUM SIZE OF UN	DERGROUND DRAIN	AGE PI	PING

4715.2350 MINIMUM SIZE OF UNDERGROUND DRAINAGE PIPING

32.12 **GRAVITY DRAINS.**

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No portion of the gravity drainage system installed underground shall be less than 32.13 two inches in diameter. 32.14

4715.2420 PROHIBITED FITTINGS AND CONNECTIONS.

Subpart 1. General prohibitions. No fittings having a hub in the direction opposite to flow, or straight tee branch shall be used as a drainage fitting. No fitting or connection which has an enlargement chamber or recess with a ledge or shoulder, or reduction in pipe area shall be used. No manhole shall be used to join drainage piping within a building. No drainage or vent piping shall be drilled, tapped, or welded unless otherwise permitted

by the administrative authority. Fittings used for back-to-back, wall outlet, blowout type water closet bowls shall have a baffle plate or other device to prevent the waste water from one water closet from entering the opposite water closet. No fixture or cleanout connection shall be made to a closet bend. No running threads, bands, or saddles shall be used. The short pattern fitting in a horizontal position is prohibited in underground work.

[For text of subps 2 to 4, see M.R.]

4715.2440 DESIGN OF SUMPS.

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[For text of subp 1, see M.R.]

Subp. 2. **Discharge line.** The discharge line from such pumping equipment shall be provided with an accessible backwater valve and gate <u>or full port ball valve</u>, and if the gravity drainage line to which such discharge line connects is horizontal, the method of connection shall be from the top through a wye branch fitting. <u>Except for grinder pumps and as provided in part 4715.2450</u>, the minimum size of any pump or discharge pipe from a sump having a water closet connected thereto shall not be less than two inches. <u>The grinder pump and its discharge line shall be a minimum of 1-1/4 inches in size. The calculated velocity in any sump discharge line shall not be less than two feet per second.</u>

Subp. 3. **Sumps for buildings.** Building drains or building sewers receiving discharge from any pumping equipment shall be adequately sized to prevent overloading. In all buildings, other than single- and two-family dwellings, should three or more water closets discharge into the sump, duplicate pumping equipment shall be installed with controls that alternate the operation of each pump under normal conditions.

[For text of subp 4, see M.R.]

Subp. 5. Single-family dwellings Capacity. In a single-family dwellings dwelling, the minimum storage capacity from the pump suction inlet to the alarm level of a sump shall be other than a macerating toilet system is 18 gallons. For all facilities, the sump

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33.20	basin storage volume and the pump capa	acity shall be adequate	to prevent overload	ling and
33.21	shall minimally meet the requirements i	n this subpart.		
33.22	A. The pump and sump basin sh	all be able to accommo	odate the peak flow	into
33.23	the sump for a duration of five minutes.			
33.24	B. The peak flow into the sump	shall be approximated	by calculating the p	<u>peak</u>
33.25	water supply demand for the fixtures di	scharging to the sump	as determined in pa	<u>art</u>
34.1	4715.3700, and adding any flows from t	anks or other equipmen	nt based on the max	<u>kimum</u>
34.2	flow rates from the equipment. The max	ximum liquid level in th	ne sump shall be cal	lculated
34.3	with the peak flow beginning at the high	nest design liquid level	in the sump under 1	normal
34.4	operating conditions with one pump operating	erating.		
34.5	C. The calculated maximum liqu	uid level in the sump m	ust be less than the	alarm
34.6	level and must be below the sump inlet.	<u>-</u>		
34.7	[For text of s	ubps 6 and 7, see M.R.	1	
34.8	4715.2450 MACERATING TOILET	SYSTEMS.		
34.9	Subpart 1. Macerating toilet system	1s. Macerating toilet sy	stems shall comply	y with
34.10	ASME A112.3.4 and shall be installed a	eccording to the manufa	acturer's recommend	dations.
34.11	Subp. 2. Location. A macerating to	oilet system may only b	e installed in one-	<u>or</u>
34.12	two-family dwellings when gravity flow	is not possible. Not n	nore than one bathro	<u>oom</u>
34.13	group, consisting of a toilet, a lavatory,	and a shower or bathtu	b, may discharge in	nto a
34.14	macerating toilet system. Components of	of macerating toilet syst	tems shall be access	sible.
34.15	Subp. 3. Discharge line. The discharge	arge line of a maceratin	g toilet system shal	ll not
34.16	be less than three-fourths inch.			
34.17	Subp. 4. Sump vent. If the macerat	ing toilet system's vent	connection is less	<u>than</u>
34.18	two inches, the vent shall transition to a	minimum of two inch	es immediately afte	er the

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connection to the system.

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34.20 4715.2550 WI	ET VENTING
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34.21	[For text of subps 1 to 3, see M.R.]
34.22	Subp. 4. Basement and cellar Water closet. A basement or cellar lavatory may be
34.23	connected to a properly installed vent from a floor-set, basement or cellar, water closet,
34.24	provided the vent is not less than two inches in diameter.
35.1	4715.2790 SIPHONIC ROOF DRAINAGE SYSTEM.
35.2	Subpart 1. General requirements. In lieu of sizing the storm drainage system from
35.3	conventional methods as required in part 4715.2710, the roof drainage may be designed
35.4	as an engineered siphonic roof drainage system when allowed by the administrative
35.5	authority. The engineered siphonic roof drainage system must meet the requirements
35.6	of subparts 2 and 3.
35.7	Subp. 2. Design criteria. The siphonic roof drainage system must be designed and
35.8	certified by a professional engineer licensed in the state of Minnesota.
35.9	A. The system must be sized on the basis of a minimum rate of rainfall of
35.10	four inches per hour.
35.11	B. The drainage system must be designed according to ASPE Standard 45,
35.12	Siphonic Roof Drainage, and according to the manufacturer's recommendations and
35.13	requirements. Manufacturer design software must be in accordance with ASPE Standard
35.14	<u>45.</u>
35.15	C. Roof drains must meet ASME A112.6.9, Siphonic Roof Drains.
35.16	D. When designed for water accumulation, the roof must be designed for the
35.17	maximum possible water accumulation according to chapter 1305 and part 4715.2780,
35.18	subpart 1, item C.
35.19	E. Minimum pipe size must be 1-1/2 inches. All pipe sizes and cleanouts in the
35.20	drainage system must be designed and installed according to ASPE Standard 45.

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F.	Horizontal	pipe	size	must not	reduce	in	the	direc	tion	of flo	ЭW
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- G. The plans and specifications for the drainage system shall indicate the siphonic roof drainage system as an engineered method used for the design.
- H. The installed drainage system must be permanently and continuously marked as a siphonic roof drainage system at approved intervals and clearly at points where piping passes through walls and floors. Roof drains must be marked in accordance with ASME A112.6.9.
- I. The transition locations from the siphonic roof drainage system to a gravity system must be determined by the design engineer at a location acceptable to the administrative authority. The design, sizing, and venting of the transition location must be in accordance with ASPE Standard 45. The velocity at the transition location to gravity shall be reduced to less than three feet per second. The gravity portion of the building storm sewer system receiving the siphonic roof drainage system must be sized for the design rate but no less than a rainfall rate of four inches per hour and in accordance with part 4715.2710.
- J. All plans, specifications, and calculations must be submitted to the administrative authority and signed and sealed by the design engineer. The submitted calculations must include performance data for the drainage system for the required rainfall rate, including the minimum and maximum calculated operating pressures and velocities verifying that the design solution is within the operating parameters required by the design standard. All performance data must be reported as the extreme maximum and minimum calculations and shall not be presented with "averaged" data.
- Subp. 3. **Proof of suitability.** Upon completion of the project, proper tests, inspections, and certification of the siphonic roof drainage system must be performed according to items A and B.
 - A. Testing must be performed according to ASPE Standard 45.

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B. Prior to the final plumbing inspection, the design engineer must provide written certification to the administrative authority that the system has been visually inspected by the design engineer and the installation has been properly implemented according to the certified design, plans, calculations, and specifications. The submitted written certification must include any field modification from the initial design involving dimensions, location, or routing of the siphonic drainage system that must be reapproved and recertified by the design engineer and be accompanied by a final as-built design of the altered system and supported by calculated data to show that the overall system remains in accordance with ASPE Standard 45.

4715.2820 METHOD OF TESTING.

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[For text of subp 1, see M.R.]

Subp. 2. **Rough plumbing.** The piping of plumbing drainage and venting systems shall be tested upon completion of the rough piping. The method of testing shall be specified by the designer and shall either be an air test or hydrostatic test as described in this subpart or an alternative test as approved by the administrative authority. The air test shall be made by attaching the air compressor or testing apparatus to any suitable opening and closing all other inlets and outlets to the system by means of proper testing plugs. Plaster of paris shall not be used in roof terminals. Air shall be forced into the system until there is a uniform pressure of five pounds per square inch on the portion of the system being tested. The pressure shall remain constant for 15 minutes without the addition of air. The pressure gauge scale shall not read more than 30 pounds per square inch and the gauge face shall not be less than 2-1/2 inches in diameter.

The hydrostatic test for thermoplastic piping materials shall be conducted by tightly

closing all openings in the entire system to be tested except the highest opening. The

sections, each opening shall be tightly plugged except the highest opening of the section

system shall be filled with water to the point of overflow. If the system is tested in

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under test. Each section shall be filled with water, but a section shall not be tested with less than ten foot head of water. In testing successive sections, at least the upper ten feet of the next preceding section shall be tested, so that no joint or pipe in the building, except the uppermost ten feet of the system, is subjected to a test of less than ten foot head of water. The water shall be kept in the system or in the portion under test for at least 15 minutes before inspection begins. The system shall be tight at all points.

In lieu of five pound air test, concrete manholes and sewer lines may be tested by negative pressure in accordance with ASTM Standards C1214-92 and C1244-93.

Subp. 2a. Exceptions.

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[For text of item A, see M.R.]

B. Building storm sewers may be tested in accordance with the Hydrostatic Test Method from the City Engineers Association of Minnesota, except that an air test may be required for any section of the building storm sewer that passes through contaminated soils or contaminated water. The Hydrostatic Test Method, provisions H2 F2 and H3 F3, as specified in Standard Utilities Specifications for Watermain and Service Line Installation and Sanitary Sewer and Storm Sewer Installation, written and published by the City Engineers Association of Minnesota, 1988 1999 edition, is incorporated by reference, is not subject to frequent change, and is available in the office of the commissioner of administration.

Subp. 3. **Finished plumbing.** After the plumbing fixtures have been set and their traps filled with water, their connections shall be tested and proven gas and water tight by plugging the stack openings on the roof and the building drain where it leaves the building, and air introduced into the system equal to the pressure of a one inch water column. Such pressure shall remain constant for the period of 15 minutes or the duration of the inspection without the introduction of additional air.

[For text of subps 4 to 7, see M.R.]

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- 38.23 **REPEALER.** Minnesota Rules, parts 4715.1110; and 4715.1115, are repealed.
- 39.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** The amendments to these rules are effective 180 days after filing
- with the secretary of state or five working days after publication of the notice of adoption
- in the State Register, whichever occurs later.

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