1	Department of Health			
2				
3	Proposed Permanent Rules Relating to Food and Beverage			
4	Establishments			
5				
6	Rules as Proposed (all new material)			
7	REQUIREMENTS FOR FOOD AND			
8	BEVERAGE ESTABLISHMENTS			
9	4625.2401 DEFINITIONS.			
10	Subpart 1. Scope. For purposes of parts 4625.2401 to			
11	4625.7801, the following terms have the meanings given them.			
12	Subp. 2. Adulterated. "Adulterated" means the condition			
13	of a food if it bears or contains any poisonous or deleterious			
14	substance for which no safe tolerance has been established or in			
15	excess of such tolerance if one has been established; if it			
16	consists in whole or in part of any filthy, putrid, or			
17	decomposed substance, or if it is otherwise unfit for human			
18	consumption; if it has been processed, prepared, packed, or held			
19	under insanitary conditions, where it may have been rendered			
20	injurious to health; if it is in whole or in part the product of			
21	a diseased animal, or an animal which has died otherwise than by			
22	slaughter; or if its container is composed in whole or in part			
23	of any poisonous or deleterious substance which may render the			
24	contents injurious to health.			
25	Subp. 3. Approved. "Approved" means acceptable to the			
26	commissioner according to applicable standards in parts			
27	4625.2401 to 4625.7801 and good public health practices.			
28	Subp. 4. Clean. "Clean" means free from insects, vermin,			
29	and debris and free from physical, chemical, and microbial			
30	substances discernible by ordinary sight or touch, by			
31	ultraviolet light, by artificial light, and by the safranine-o			
32	dye test or by microscopic or microbiological examination.			
33	Subp. 5. Closed. "Closed" means fitted snugly together			
34	leaving no openings large enough to permit the entrance of			
35	vermin.			

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Subp. 6. Commissary. "Commissary" means a catering
 establishment, restaurant, or any other place in which food,
 containers, or supplies are kept, handled, prepared, packaged,
 or stored.

Subp. 7. Commissioner. "Commissioner" means the
commissioner of health or a designee.

Subp. 8. Corrosion-resistant materials.
8 "Corrosion-resistant materials" means materials which maintain
9 their original surface characteristics under prolonged influence
10 of the food to be contacted, the normal use of cleaning
11 compounds and bactericidal solution, and other conditions-of-use
12 environment.

Subp. 9. Department. "Department" means the Minnesota
 Department of Health.

Subp. 10. Easily cleanable. "Easily cleanable" means surfaces which are readily accessible and made of such materials and finish and so fabricated that residue may be effectively removed by ordinary cleaning methods.

Subp. 11. Embargo. "Embargo" means the withholding of food, equipment, utensils, or clothing from sale or use in any establishment licensed as a restaurant, boarding house, or place of refreshment until approval is given by the commissioner for such sale or use.

Subp. 12. Employee. "Employee" means a person working in 24 a food or beverage service establishment who transports food or 25 food containers, who engages in food preparation or service, or 26 who comes in contact with any food utensils or equipment. 27 Subp. 13. Equipment. "Equipment" means stoves, ovens, 28 ranges, hoods, slicers, mixers, meatblocks, tables, counters, 29 30 refrigerators, freezers, ice machines, sinks, dishwashing machines, steam tables, and similar items other than utensils 31 used in the operation of a food or beverage service 32 33 establishment.

34 Subp. 14. Food. "Food" means any raw, cooked, or 35 processed edible substance, ice, beverage, or ingredient used or 36 intended for use or for sale in whole or in part for human

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1 consumption.

2 Subp. 15. Food and beverage service establishments. "Food 3 and beverage service establishments" means establishments 4 defined in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 157, and includes 5 drive-ins, bars, taverns, drive-in cafes, clubs, lodges, eating 6 facilities at resorts, schools, day care facilities, children's 7 camps, fairs, circuses, carnivals, churches, and public 8 buildings, except as exempted by Minnesota Statutes, section 9 157.14, and all other businesses and establishments where meals, 10 lunches, or drinks are served.

11 Subp. 16. Food-contact surface. "Food-contact surface" 12 means surfaces of equipment and utensils with which food 13 normally comes in contact, and surfaces from which food may 14 drain, drip, or splash back onto surfaces normally in contact 15 with food.

Subp. 17. Garbage. "Garbage" means discarded material resulting from the handling, processing, storage, preparation, serving, and consumption of food.

Subp. 18. Hermetically sealed container. "Hermetically sealed container" means a container designed and intended to be secure against the entry of micro-organisms and to maintain the commercial sterility of its content after processing.

Subp. 19. Itinerant food service. "Itinerant food service"
means a food service establishment that is disassembled and
moved from location to location, remaining no more than 14
consecutive days at any one place.

Subp. 20. Kitchenware. "Kitchenware" means all multi-useutensils other than tableware.

29 Subp. 21. Law. "Law" includes federal regulations, state 30 statutes and rules, and local ordinances.

31 Subp. 22. Limited food service establishment. "Limited 32 food service establishment" means a food establishment serving 33 only prepackaged food for example, frozen pizza and sandwiches 34 which receive no more than heat treatment.

35 Subp. 23. Mobile food service. "Mobile food service"36 means a food service establishment that is a vehicle mounted

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unit, either motorized or trailered, and readily movable without 1 2 disassembling, for transport to another location and remaining 3 for no more than 14 consecutive days at any one place. Subp. 24. National sanitation foundation standard. 4 5 "National sanitation foundation standard" means a standard issued and recommended by the National Sanitation Foundation for 6 equipment used in food establishments. The standards are 7 8 published by the National Sanitation Foundation, 3475 Plymouth 9 Road, P.O. Box 1468, Ann Arbor, Michigan 48106. The standards listed in parts 4625.3701, subpart 2, item A, and 4625.3801, 10 11 subpart 6, items D and F, are incorporated by reference and are available through the Minitex interlibrary loan system. The 12 standards are not subject to frequent change. 13 Subp. 25. Packaged. "Packaged" means bottled, canned, 14 cartoned, or securely wrapped. 15 Subp. 26. Perishable food. "Perishable food" means a food 16 of the type or in the condition that may spoil. 17 Subp. 27. Person in charge. "Person in charge" means the 18 individual present in a food service establishment who is the 19 apparent supervisor of the food service establishment at the 20 time of inspection. If no individual is the apparent 21 supervisor, then an employee present is the person in charge. 22 Subp. 28. Potable water. "Potable water" means water of a 23 quality and from a source of supply and system operated, 24 located, and constructed in accordance with the department rules 25 relating to public water supplies, water wells, and plumbing 26 27 installations. Subp. 29. Potentially hazardous food. "Potentially 28 hazardous food" means any food that consists in whole or in part 29 of milk or milk products, eggs, meat, poultry, fish, shellfish, 30 mollusk, edible crustacea, or other ingredients, including 31 synthetic ingredients, in a form capable of supporting rapid and 32 progressive growth of infectious or toxigenic micro-organisms. 33 34 The term does not include clean, whole, uncracked, odor-free, shell eggs or foods which have a pH level of 4.6 or below or a 35 36 water activity (aW) value of 0.85 or less.

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1 Subp. 30. Push cart. "Push cart" means a 2 nonself-propelled vehicle limited to serving nonpotentially 3 hazardous foods or commissary-wrapped food maintained at proper 4 temperatures, or limited to the preparation and serving of 5 frankfurters.

Subp. 31. Reconstituted. "Reconstituted" means dehydrated 6 food products recombined with water or other liquids. 7 Subp. 32. Safe material. "Safe material" means articles 8 manufactured from or composed of materials that may not 9 reasonably be expected to result, directly or indirectly, in 10 becoming a component or otherwise affecting the characteristics 11 12 of any food. If materials used are food additives or color additives as defined in the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, 13 United States Code, title 21, section 321, they are safe only if 14 they are used in conformity with regulations established 15 pursuant to the act, as provided by United States Code, title 16 17 21, section 348 or 376. Other materials are safe only if, as used, they are not food additives or color additives as defined 18 in United States Code, title 21, section 321, and are used in 19 conformity with all applicable regulations of the United States 20 Food and Drug Administration. 21

Subp. 33. Safe temperatures. "Safe temperatures" as
applied to potentially hazardous food, means temperatures of 40
degrees Fahrenheit (four degrees centigrade) or below, and 150
degrees Fahrenheit (66 degrees centigrade) or above.

Subp. 34. Sanitization. "Sanitization" means effective bactericidal treatment by a process that provides enough accumulative heat or concentration of chemicals for enough time to reduce the bacterial count, including pathogens, to a safe level on utensils and equipment.

31 Subp. 35. Sealed. "Sealed" means free of cracks or other
32 openings that permit the entry or passage of moisture.
33 Subp. 36. Single-service articles. "Single-service

34 articles" means cups, containers, lids, closures, plates,
35 knives, forks, spoons, stirrers, paddles, straws, placemats,
36 napkins, doilies, wrapping materials, toothpicks, and similar

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2 discarded. 3 Subp. 37. Smooth. "Smooth" means having an even surface, 4 free of cracks, chips, open seams, rust, corrosion, breaks, 5 pits, checks, and ridges. 6 Subp. 38. Special event food stand. "Special event food 7 stand" means a food service used in conjunction with 8 celebrations or special events, used not more than twice 9 annually, and remaining no more than 14 consecutive days at any 10 one location. 11 Subp. 39. Tableware. "Tableware" means multi-use eating 12 and drinking utensils, including flatware. 13 Subp. 40. Utensils. "Utensils" means any kitchenware, 14 tableware, dishes, glassware, cutlery, pots, pans, and 15 containers used in the storage, preparation, transportation, or 16 service of food. 17 Subp. 41. Wholesome. "Wholesome" means sound, healthful, 18 clean, unadulterated, and in all ways fit for human consumption. 19 4625.2501 SCOPE. 20 Parts 4625.2401 to 4625.7801 apply to all food and beverage 21 service establishments, such as restaurants, boarding houses, 22 and places of refreshment, as defined in Minnesota Statutes, 23 chapter 157, and in parts 4625.2401 to 4625.7801, whether or not 24 a license is required under Minnesota Statutes, section 157.03. 25 4625.2601 ADMINISTRATION. Subpart 1. Food samples. Samples of food may be collected 26 27 without cost and examined by the commissioner as often as may be 28 necessary for the enforcement of parts 4625.2401 to 4625.7801. 29 The commissioner may condemn and forbid the sale of, or cause to 30 be removed or destroyed, any food that is unwholesome or 31 adulterated; prepared, processed, handled, packaged, 32 transported, or stored in an unwholesome manner; unfit for human 33 consumption; or otherwise prohibited by law. 34 Subp. 2. Embargo. Equipment and utensils, which do not 35 meet the requirements of parts 4625.2401 to 4625.7801, may be

1 articles intended for one-time, one-person use and then

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1 embargoed. Equipment and utensils must be released from the 2 embargo upon notification of the commissioner by the person in 3 charge of modification of the equipment or utensils to meet the requirements of parts 4625.2401 to 4625.7801 and after 4 5 inspection of the utensils and equipment by the commissioner. 6 Subp. 3. Condemnation. The commissioner may condemn and 7 cause to be removed any equipment, clothing, or utensils found in a food establishment, the use of which would not comply with 8 9 parts 4625.2401 to 4625.7801, or which is being used in 10 violation of parts 4625.2401 to 4625.7801 and also may condemn and cause to be removed any equipment, clothing, or utensils 11 12 which by reasons of dirt, filth, extraneous matter, insects, corrosion, open seams, or chipped or cracked surfaces is unfit 13 for use. 14 15 Subp. 4. Tag. The commissioner may place a tag to 16 indicate the embargo or the condemnation upon food, equipment, utensils, or clothing. No person shall remove the tag except 17 under the direction of the commissioner. 18 4625.2650 VARIANCES AND WAIVERS. 19 20 Subpart 1. Procedures to request a variance or waiver. A 21 licensee may request that the commissioner grant a variance or waiver from the provisions in parts 4625.2401 to 4625.7801. All 22 23 requests for a variance or waiver must be submitted to the department in writing. Each request shall contain: 24 25 A. the specific language in the rule from which the 26 variance or waiver is requested; 27 B. the reasons for the request; 28 C. the alternative measures that will be taken if a 29 variance or waiver is granted; 30 D. the length of time for which the variance or 31 waiver is requested; and E. other relevant information necessary to properly 32 33 evaluate the request for the variance or waiver. 34 Subp. 2. Criteria for decision. The decision to grant or deny a variance or waiver shall be based on the commissioner's 35

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1 evaluation that:

A. the variance or waiver will not adversely affect
 3 the environment;

B. the alternative measures to be taken, if any, are
equivalent to or superior to those prescribed in the rule; and
C. compliance with the rule would impose an undue
burden on the applicant.

8 Subp. 3. Notification of variance. The commissioner shall 9 notify the applicant in writing of the decision to grant or deny 10 a variance or waiver. If a variance or waiver is granted, the 11 notification shall specify the period of time for which the 12 variance or waiver will be effective and the alternative 13 measures or conditions, if any, the applicant must meet.

14 Subp. 4. Effect of alternative measures or conditions. 15 All alternative measures or conditions attached to a variance or 16 waiver have the force and effect of the applicable rule and are 17 subject to the issuance of correction orders and penalties as 18 provided by law.

19 Subp. 5. Renewal. A request for the renewal of a variance 20 or waiver must be submitted in writing before its expiration 21 date. Renewal requests shall contain the information in subpart 22 1. The commissioner shall renew a variance or waiver if the 23 applicant continues to satisfy the criteria in subpart 1, and 24 demonstrates compliance with the alternative measures or 25 conditions imposed when the original variance or waiver was 26 granted.

Subp. 6. Denial, revocation, or refusal to renew. The 27 28 commissioner shall deny, revoke, or refuse to renew a variance or waiver if the commissioner determines that the criteria in 29 subpart 1 are not met. The commissioner shall notify the 30 applicant in writing of the decision to deny, revoke, or refuse 31 to renew the variance or waiver. The notice must describe the 32 reasons for the denial, revocation, or refusal to renew, and 33 34 inform the applicant of the right to appeal the decision. 35 Subp. 7. Appeal procedure. An applicant may contest the 36 denial, revocation, or refusal to renew a variance or waiver by

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requesting a contested case hearing under the Administrative
Procedure Act, Minnesota Statutes, chapter 14. The applicant
shall submit, within 15 days after receiving the commissioner's
decision, a written request for a hearing. The request for a
hearing shall state, in detail, the reasons why the decision of
the commissioner should be reversed or modified. At the
hearing, the applicant bears the burden of proving that the
applicant has satisfied the criteria specified in subpart 1.

9 4625.2701 PLAN REVIEW OF FUTURE CONSTRUCTION.

Whenever a food or beverage service establishment is 10 constructed or extensively remodeled and whenever an existing 11 structure is converted to use as a food or beverage service 12 13 establishment under Minnesota Statutes, section 157.03, properly 14 prepared plans and specifications for the construction, remodeling, or conversion must be submitted to the commissioner 15 16 for review and approval before construction, remodeling, or 17 conversion is begun. The plans and specifications must indicate 18 the proposed layout, arrangement, plumbing specifications, 19 construction materials of work areas, and the type and model number of proposed fixed equipment and facilities. The plans 20 and specifications, submitted in duplicate and drawn to scale, 21 must be legible and complete in all details. 22

The commissioner shall approve the plans and specifications if they meet the requirements of parts 4625.2401 to 4625.7801 and report the findings within 30 days of the date that plans are received.

27 The facility must be constructed and finished in28 conformance with the approved plans.

29 The department shall inspect the food or beverage service 30 establishment before the start of operation to determine 31 compliance with the approved plans and specifications.

32 4625.2801 MISREPRESENTATION OF FOOD.

33 The person in charge of any food or beverage service
34 establishment shall not in any way misrepresent food or
35 beverages offered to the public. Practices which constitute

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9-2-88 [REVISOR] KMT/RD RD1347 1 misrepresentation include: A. the sale of adulterated food; 2 3 B. the substitution of food items of lesser quality, 4 or food different from items as advertised; C. making statements giving incorrect or deceptive 5 6 points of origin; D. making misleading statements of size, number, 7 8 weight, or price; and E. not meeting standards of identity prescribed by 9 10 law for certain foods. 11 4625.2901 EMERGENCY FIRST AID FOR CHOKING. 12 A food service establishment which is not an itinerant, 13 mobile, special event, or limited food service establishment 14 must post a chart illustrating the use of an emergency first aid 15 procedure approved by the commissioner, to relieve a patron with 16 a restricted airway. The illustration must be posted in the 17 food preparation area where all employees may easily see it. 18 4625.3001 MINNESOTA CLEAN INDOOR AIR ACT. The person in charge of a food and beverage establishment 19 20 shall make adequate provisions to meet the requirements of the 21 Minnesota Clean Indoor Air Act, Minnesota Statutes, sections 22 144.411 to 144.417, and chapter 4620. 23 4625.3101 ITINERANT, MOBILE FOOD SERVICES OR PUSHCARTS, AND 24 SPECIAL EVENT FOOD STANDS. 25 Itinerant, mobile food services or pushcarts, and special 26 event food stands must comply with all provisions of parts 27 4625.2401 to 4625.7801 which are applicable to their operation. 28 The establishments and units must be operated in an approved 29 manner. The commissioner may impose additional requirements to 30 protect against health hazards related to the conduct of their. 31 operation and may prohibit the sale or giveaway of some or all 32 potentially hazardous foods. When no health hazard is likely to 33 result, the commissioner may modify specific requirements for 34 physical facilities.

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1 4625.3201 FOOD AND FOOD HANDLING.

Subpart 1. Food sources and supplies. Food must be in a 2 sound condition, free from spoilage, filth, or other 3 contamination and must be safe for human consumption. Food must 4 be obtained from sources that comply with laws relating to food 5 6 and food labeling and approved by the commissioner of health or agriculture. The use, storage, or serving of food in 7 8 hermetically sealed containers not prepared in a food processing 9 plant licensed by the United States Department of Agriculture, Food and Drug Administration, or Minnesota Department of 10 Agriculture, and other food not prepared in a licensed food 11 12 establishment is prohibited.

Subp. 2. Special requirements. Fluid milk and fluid milk 13 products used or served must be pasteurized and must meet the 14 Grade A quality standards in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 32. 15 16 Fluid milk and fluid milk products must be served to the 17 consumer in individual, unopened, commercially filled original 18 containers not exceeding one pint in capacity, or drawn from a 19 commercially filled container stored in a mechanically refrigerated bulk milk dispenser. Where a bulk dispenser for 20 milk and milk products is not available and portions of less 21 than one-half pint are required for mixed drinks, cereal, or 22 23 dessert service, milk and milk products may be poured from a 24 commercially filled container of not more than one-half gallon 25 capacity. Nondairy creaming or whitening agents must be 26 provided in an individual service container or drawn from a 27 refrigerated dispenser designed for such service. Dry milk, dry 28 milk products, and nondairy product substitutes may be used in 29 instant dessert and whipped products or for cooking, baking, manufacturing, and processing purposes only. 30

31 Subp. 3. Variance for certain establishments. A variance 32 covering dispensing of milk or milk products to the consumer in 33 food services such as day care centers, boarding and lodging 34 houses, and children's camps may be granted to permit milk to be 35 poured from a commercially filled container of not more than one

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1 gallon capacity into the drinking vessel.

Subp. 4. Frozen foods. All frozen dairy foods such as ice
cream, frozen custards, ice milk, milk sherbet, fruit or ice
sherbet, yogurt, and frozen malted milk must meet requirements
in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 32.

6 Subp. 5. Shellfish. Fresh and frozen shucked shellfish, 7 like oysters, clams, or mussels, must be packed in nonreturnable 8 packages identified with the name and address of the original 9 shell stock processor, shucker-packer, or repacker, and the 10 interstate certification number issued according to United 11 States Code, title 42, section 243, and Code of Federal 12 Regulations, title 21, section 1240.60. Shell stock and shucked shellfish must be kept in the container in which they were 13 14 received until they are used. Each container of unshucked shell stock, like oysters, clams, or mussels, must be identified by an 15 16 attached tab that states the name and address of the original shell stock processor, the kind and quality of shell stock, and 17 an interstate certification number issued by the state or 18 foreign shellfish control agency. 19

Subp. 6. Meat. All meat and meat products received, kept, or used in any manner in a food establishment must be officially identified as having been inspected by the United States Department of Agriculture in accordance with the Federal Meat Inspection Act, United States Code, title 21, sections 601 to 691. Products upon which any official identification is lost by reason of processing must be identified by the name and location of the processor.

28 Subp. 7. Poultry. All poultry and poultry meat products 29 must be clean, wholesome, free from spoilage and adulteration, 30 and must be processed in a food establishment meeting the 31 requirements established in the Poultry Products Inspection Act, 32 United States Code, title 21, sections 451 to 469. Only clean 33 whole eggs, with shell intact and without cracks or checks, or pasteurized liquid, frozen, or dry eggs or pasteurized dry egg 34 products must be used, except that hard-boiled, peeled eggs, 35 commercially prepared and packaged may be used. Liquid, frozen, 36

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and dry eggs and egg products may be used only for cooking, 1 baking, manufacturing, and processing purposes. 2 Subp. 8. Lubricants. Only food grade lubricants of a safe 3 material must be used on equipment designed to receive 4 lubrication of bearings and gears on or within food-contact 5 surfaces. 6 4625.3301 FOOD PROTECTION. 7 8 Subpart 1. Protection generally. Food must be protected 9 from potential contamination including: 10 A. dusts, insects, rodents, and other vermin; 11 B. unclean equipment, work surfaces, utensils, and facilities; 12 13 C. unnecessary or improper handling; D. coughs and sneezes; 14 15 E. flooding, drainage, and overhead leakage or drippage; and 16 F. utensils or equipment which have not been given 17 bactericidal treatment. 18 19 Adequate and approved protection of all food must be 20 provided after delivery and while being stored, prepared, displayed, served, or sold in food establishments or transported 21 between establishments. 22 Subp. 2. Emergency occurrences. In the event of a fire, 23 flood, power outage, or other event that might result in the 24 25 contamination of food, or that might prevent potentially hazardous food from being held at required temperatures, the 26 person in charge shall immediately contact the department. Upon 27 receiving notice of this occurrence, the department may take 28 29 action that is necessary to protect the public health. 30 4625.3401 TEMPERATURE MAINTENANCE. Subpart 1. Hazardous foods. The internal temperature of 31 all potentially hazardous foods must be maintained at 40 degrees 32 Fahrenheit (four degrees centigrade) or below, or 150 degrees 33 34 Fahrenheit (66 degrees centigrade) or above, except during preparation. Potentially hazardous foods requiring 35

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refrigeration after preparation must be rapidly cooled to an
 internal temperature of 40 degrees Fahrenheit (four degrees
 centigrade) or below within four hours after removal from the
 heating or hot holding device. Frozen food must be kept frozen
 and should be stored at an internal temperature of zero degrees
 Fahrenheit (minus 18 degrees centigrade) or below.

7 Subp. 2. Storage facilities. Adequate, properly designed, and conveniently located mechanical refrigeration or hot food 8 9 storage facilities must be provided to ensure the maintenance of 10 potentially hazardous food at required temperatures. Each storage facility must be provided with a numerically scaled 11 12 temperature indicating device accurate to plus or minus three degrees Fahrenheit (plus or minus two degrees centigrade) 13 14 located to measure the air temperature in the warmest part of the refrigeration facility or the coldest part of the hot 15 16 holding facility. Temperature indicating devices must be securely fastened and located to be easily readable. Where it 17 18 is impractical to install fixed temperature indicating devices on equipment such as cold table tops, steam tables, processing 19 lines, kettles, heat lamps, or portable transport carriers, a 20 product thermometer of metal stem type construction, numerically 21 scaled, and accurate to plus or minus two degrees Fahrenheit 22 (plus or minus one degree centigrade) must be provided and used 23 24 to check internal food temperatures.

Subp. 3. Poultry. Poultry, poultry stuffings, stuffed meats, and stuffings containing meat must be cooked to heat all parts of the food to at least 165 degrees Fahrenheit (74 degrees centigrade) with no interruption of the cooking process.

Subp. 4. Pork. Pork and any food containing pork must be cooked to heat all parts of the food to at least 150 degrees Fahrenheit (66 degrees centigrade), or, if cooked in a microwave oven, to at least 170 degrees Fahrenheit (77 degrees centigrade). Subp. 5. Beef roasts. Beef roasts must be cooked according to the following requirements:

35 A. When beef roasts under ten pounds (five kilograms)36 in weight are cooked in a still dry heat oven, the oven must be

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1 preheated to and held at an air temperature of at least 350
2 degrees Fahrenheit (177 degrees centigrade) throughout the
3 process. If cooked in a convection oven, the oven must be
4 preheated to and held at an air temperature of at least 325
5 degrees Fahrenheit (163 degrees centigrade) throughout the
6 process.

7 B. When beef roasts of ten pounds (five kilograms) or 8 over in weight are cooked in a dry heat oven, the oven must be 9 preheated to and held at an air temperature of at least 250 10 degrees Fahrenheit (122 degrees centigrade) throughout the 11 process.

12 C. In order to meet public health requirements for 13 the processes in this item, the following table lists the 14 minimum internal temperature of the beef roast for the minimum 15 time the roast needs to be held at such temperature: 16 MINIMUM HOLDING TIMES FOR BEEF ROASTS

17	AT VARIOUS INTERNAL	TEMPERATURES
18	Minimum	Minimum
19	internal	holding
20	temperature	time

22	Degrees	Degrees	
23	Fahrenheit	Centigrade	Minutes
24	130	54.4	121
25	131	55.0	97
26	132	55.6	77
27	133	56.1	62
28	134	56.7	47
29	135	57.2	37
30	136	57.8	32
31	137	58.4	24
32	138	58.9	19
33	139	59.5	15
34	140	60.0	12
35	141	60.6	10
36	142	61.1	8

9-2-88 [REVISOR] KMT/RD RD1347 143 61.7 6 1 62.2 5 2 144 D. If cooked in a microwave oven, beef roasts must be 4 cooked to an internal temperature of at least 145 degrees 5 Fahrenheit (63 degrees centigrade). Subp. 6. Reheating. Potentially hazardous foods that have 6 7 been cooked and then refrigerated, if reheated, must be heated 8 rapidly to 165 degrees Fahrenheit (74 degrees centigrade) or 9 higher throughout before being served or before being placed in 10 a hot food storage facility. Steam tables, bainmaries, warmers, 11 and similar hot food holding facilities are prohibited for the 12 rapid reheating of potentially hazardous foods. 13 Subp. 7. Thawing potentially hazardous foods. Potentially 14 hazardous foods must be thawed in one of the following ways: A. in refrigerated units at a temperature not to 15 16 exceed 40 degrees Fahrenheit (four degrees centigrade); B. under potable running water of a temperature of 70 17 18 degrees Fahrenheit (21 degrees centigrade) or below, and 19 allowing the water to waste directly to the drain; 20 C. in a microwave oven only when the food will be 21 immediately transferred to conventional cooking facilities as 22 part of a continuous cooking process or when the entire, 23 uninterrupted cooking process takes place in the microwave oven; 24 or 25 D. as part of the conventional cooking process. 4625.3501 PREPARATION, DISPLAY, AND SERVICE. 26 Subpart 1. Minimum manual contact. Food must be prepared 27 or processed with the least possible manual contact and in a 28 manner that prevents cross-contamination of products. Only 29 suitable utensils or equipment which have been cleaned, rinsed, 30 and sanitized before use to prevent cross-contamination, must be 31 used in food preparation. 32 33 Subp. 2. Raw fruits and vegetables. Raw fruits and 34 vegetables must be thoroughly washed with potable water before 35 being cooked or served.

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1 Subp. 3. Re-service. Once food has been served to a 2 consumer, it must not be served again, except that packaged 3 food, other than potentially hazardous food, that is still 4 packaged and is in sound condition may be re-served.

Subp. 4. Shellfish. Mollusks and crustacea, if served on
the shell, must be served in the original shell. Reuse of
shells for food service is prohibited.

8 Subp. 5. Condiment dispensing. Condiments, seasonings, 9 and dressing for self-service use must be provided in individual packages, from dispensers, or from approved containers. 10 Condiments provided for table or counter service must be 11 individually portioned, except that catsup and other sauces may 12 be served in the original container or pour-type dispenser. 13 Sugar for consumer use must be provided in individual packages 14 or in pour-type dispensers. 15

16 Subp. 6. Dispensing utensils. To avoid unnecessary manual 17 contact with food, suitable dispensing utensils or equipment 18 must be used by employees or provided to consumers who serve 19 themselves. Between uses during service, dispensing utensils 20 must be:

A. stored in the food with the dispensing utensil
 handle extended out of the food;

B. stored clean and dry; or

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24 C. stored in a running water dipper well. 25 Subp. 7. Display equipment. Food on display must be 26 protected from consumer contamination by the use of packaging or 27 by the use of easily cleanable counter, serving line or salad 28 bar food shields, display cases, or by other effective means. 29 Adequate and sufficient hot or cold food facilities must be 30 available to maintain the required temperature of potentially 31 hazardous food on display.

32 Subp. 8. Reuse of tableware. Reuse of soiled tableware by 33 self-service consumers returning to the service area for 34 additional food must be prohibited. Beverage cups and glasses 35 are exempt from this requirement.

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36 Subp. 9. Food transportation. The requirements of

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1 temperature, storage, display, and those imposed for the 2 protection of food against contamination, as contained in parts 3 4625.2401 to 4625.7801, must also apply in the transporting of 4 food from one food establishment or other location to another 5 food establishment or other location for delivery, service, or 6 catering operations.

Subp. 10. Storage. Food, whether raw or prepared, if 7 removed from the container or package in which it was obtained, 8 9 must be stored in a clean, covered container. The container 10 need not be covered during necessary periods of preparation or 11 service. Container covers must be impervious and nonabsorbent, except that clean linens or napkins may be used for lining or 12 covering bread or roll serving containers. Solid cuts of meat 13 14 must be protected by being covered in storage, except that 15 sides, quarters, or primal cuts of meat may be hung uncovered on 16 clean hooks if no food product is stored beneath the meat.

17 Subp. 11. Containers. Containers of food must be stored a minimum of six inches above the floor in a manner that protects 18 19 the food from splash and other contamination, and that permits easy cleaning of the storage area. Containers may be stored on 20 21 dollies, racks, or pallets, provided the equipment is easily movable and constructed to allow for easy cleaning. Food and 22 containers of food must not be stored under exposed or 23 unprotected sewer lines or similar sources of potential 24 contamination. The storage of food in toilet rooms or 25 26 vestibules is prohibited.

27 Subp. 12. Cross-contamination. Food not subject to 28 further washing or cooking before serving must be stored in a 29 way that protects it against cross-contamination from food 30 requiring washing or cooking.

31 Subp. 13. Packaged food. Packaged food must not be stored 32 in contact with water or undrained ice. Wrapped sandwiches must 33 not be stored in direct contact with ice. Ice intended for 34 human consumption must not be used for cooling stored food, food 35 containers, or food utensils, except that the ice may be used 36 for cooling tubes conveying beverages or beverage ingredients to

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1 a dispenser head.

Subp. 14. Bulk. Bulk foods such as cooking oil, legumes, 2 3 tubers, grains, syrup, salt, sugar, or flour and related 4 derivative products not stored in the product container or 5 package in which it was obtained, must be stored in a container identifying the food by common name. 6

7 Subp. 15. Ice dispensing. All ice must be manufactured only from potable water. Ice must be handled and transported in 8 9 single-service containers, or in utensils which have been 10 subjected to bactericidal treatment. Buckets, scoops, and ice containers, unless they are single-service utensils, must be 11 made of a smooth, impervious material and designed to facilitate 12 13 cleaning. They must be clean at all times. Canvas containers must not be used. If ice-crushers are used, they must be easily 14 cleanable. They must be maintained in a clean condition, must 15 be subject to bactericidal treatment and must be covered when 16 not in use. Ice for consumer use must be dispensed with scoops 17 18 or tongs from a properly protected storage device, or other ice self-dispensing utensils, through automatic single-service ice 19 20 dispensing equipment, or be prepacked and portion controlled. Ice dispensing utensils must be stored on a clean surface or in 21 22 the ice with the dispensing utensil's handle extended out of the ice. Between uses, ice transfer receptacles must be stored in a 23 24 way that protects them from contamination.

4625.3601 DISEASE PREVENTION AND CONTROL AND EMPLOYEE PRACTICES. 25 26 Subpart 1. Prohibited persons. No person shall work in a food establishment in any capacity in which there is a 27 likelihood of the person contaminating food or food-contact 28 surfaces with pathogenic organisms or transmitting disease to 29 30 other persons while: A. infected with a disease in a communicable form 31 3.2 that can be transmitted by foods; 33 B. while being a carrier of organisms that cause such 34 a disease; or 35

C. while afflicted with a boil, an infected wound, or

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1 an acute respiratory infection. 2 Subp. 2. Procedure when infection is suspected. When the 3 commissioner has reasonable cause to suspect the possibility of 4 disease transmission from a food-service establishment employee, 5 the commissioner shall secure an illness or morbidity history of 6 the suspected employee or make such other investigation as may 7 be indicated and take appropriate action. The commissioner may 8 require any or all of the following measures: A. the immediate exclusion of the employee from all 9 10 food service establishments; 11 B. the immediate closure of the food service establishment concerned until, in the opinion of the 12 commissioner, no further danger of disease outbreak exists; 13 C. restriction of the suspected employee's services 14 15 to an area of the establishment where there would be no danger 16 of transmitting disease; and 17 D. adequate medical and laboratory examinations of 18 the suspected employee, or other employees, and any body 19 discharges. 20 Subp. 3. Clothing. Employees shall wear clean outer garments. Hairnets, headbands, caps, or other hair restraints 21 must be worn to prevent the contamination of food, utensils, and 22 23 equipment. Hair spray is not an acceptable hair restraint. 24 Subp. 4. Employee practices. Employees shall comply with 25 the following requirements: 26 A. All employees shall thoroughly wash their hands 27 and the exposed portions of their arms with soap and warm water in an approved handwashing facility before starting work, during 28 work as often as is necessary to keep them clean, and after 29 30 smoking, eating, drinking, or using the toilet. Employees shall keep their fingernails clean and trimmed, and maintain a high 31 32 degree of personal cleanliness and conform to hygienic practices 33 during all periods of duty.

B. Employees must not use tobacco in any form while
on duty to handle, prepare, or serve food, or clean utensils and
equipment in a food establishment. Employees must use tobacco

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1 only in designated locations approved by the department.

C. All employees shall consume food only in
designated dining areas. An employee dining area must not be
designated if consuming food in that location could cause
contamination of other food, equipment, utensils, or other items
needing protection.

D. Employees shall handle soiled equipment or
8 utensils in a manner that minimizes contamination of their hands.

9 4625.3701 EQUIPMENT AND FACILITIES PROVIDED.

Subpart 1. General. A food establishment must have equipment, applicable to the operation conducted, which is designed, constructed, installed, located, and maintained according to parts 4625.2401 to 4625.7801.

14 Subp. 2. Sanitary design, construction, and installation 15 of equipment and utensils. New and replacement equipment and 16 utensils must be appropriate to the operation conducted and 17 comply with the following:

18 A. All new and replacement equipment and utensils 19 must be of such material, workmanship, and design as to be 20 smooth, easily cleanable, resistant to wear, denting, buckling, 21 pitting, chipping, and crazing; and capable of withstanding 22 scrubbing, scouring, repeated corrosive action of cleaning 23 compounds, and other normal conditions and operations. 24 B. Food contact surfaces must be nontoxic. 25 Food-contact surfaces and surfaces which come in contact with 26 food debris must be readily accessible for cleaning and 27 inspection.

C. All equipment installed or placed in service after
the effective date of parts 4625.2401 to 4625.7801 must comply
with the following standards of the National Sanitation
Foundation when applicable:
(1) Standard No. 1, Soda Fountain and
Luncheonette Equipment, June 1984;

34 (2) Standard No. 2, Food Service Equipment,35 November 1987;

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                                      [REVISOR ] KMT/RD RD1347
                    (3) Standard No. 3, Spray Type Dishwashing
  1
 2 Machines, June 1982;
  3
                    (4) Standard No. 4, Commercial Cooking and Hot
  4 Food Storage Equipment, June 1986;
  5
                    (5) Standard No. 5, Commercial Hot Water
  6 Generating Equipment, November 1983;
  7
                    (6) Standard No. 6, Dispensing Freezers, November
    1982;
  8
  9
                    (7) Standard No. 7, Food Service Refrigerator and
10
    Storage Freezers, November 1985;
11
                    (8) Standard No. 8, Commercial Powered Food
    Preparation Equipment, November 1985;
12
13
                    (9) Standard No. 12, Automatic Ice Making
    Equipment, November 1984;
14
15
                    (10) Standard No. 13, Refuse Compactors and
16
    Compactor Systems, May 1985;
17
                    (11) Standard No. 18, Manual Food and Beverage
    Dispensing Equipment, November 1987;
18
19
                    (12) Standard No. 20, Commercial Bulk Milk
    Dispensing Equipment and Appurtenances, November 1985;
20
21
                   (13) Standard No. 25, Vending Machines for Food
22
    and Beverage, November 1987;
23
                   (14) Standard No. 26, Pot, Pan and Utensil
    Washers, December 1980;
24
                   (15) Standard No. 29, Detergent and Chemical
25
    Feeders for Commercial Spray Type Dishwashing Machines, June
26
27
    1982;
28
                   (16) Standard No. 35, Laminated Plastics for
29
    Surfacing Food Service Equipment, May 1985;
30
                   (17) Standard No. 51, Plastic Materials and
31
    Components Used in Food Equipment, May 1978;
32
                   (18) Standard No. 59, Food Carts, June 1986; and
33
                   (19) Criteria C-2, Special Equipment and/or
34
    Devices, November 1983.
35
              D. Used equipment which has met or exceeded the
36
    requirements of the National Sanitation Foundation under earlier
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standards may be installed when the equipment is in good repair and does not constitute a health hazard as determined by the commissioner. Equipment in use at the time of adoption of parts 4625.2401 to 4625.7801 which does not fully meet item C may be continued in use only if it is in good repair, capable of being maintained in a sanitary condition, has food-contact surfaces that are nontoxic, and is approved by the commissioner.

8 E. All equipment must be kept in good repair and 9 installed and maintained to facilitate its cleaning and the 10 cleaning of adjacent areas.

F. All equipment must be located and installed in such a manner as to ensure that preparation and service will minimize the potential for cross-contamination and improper handling of the food. Lavatories, chef sinks, utility sinks, refrigeration equipment, hot food handling equipment, and preparation and processing tables must be provided and maintained and shall be convenient and adequate as approved by the commissioner for the purpose for which they were designed.

19 G. Aisles and working spaces between units of 20 equipment and walls must be unobstructed and of sufficient width 21 to permit employees to perform their duties readily without 22 contamination of food or food-contact surfaces by clothing or 23 personal contact. All easily movable storage equipment such as 24 pallets, racks, and dollies must be positioned to provide 25 accessibility to working areas.

26 H. When the food service in a day care center is 27 limited to serving ten or fewer individuals, or where the main meals of the day are not prepared in the center, the 28 29 commissioner may waive specific equipment requirements of this part to permit the substitution of certain domestic type 30 equipment for commercial type equipment which complies with the 31 32 standards of the National Sanitation Foundation prescribed in item C. 33

34 I. When the food service in a boarding and lodging 35 house is limited to serving ten or fewer residents, or where the 36 main meals of the day are not prepared in the facility, the

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commissioner may waive specific equipment requirements of these
 rules as stated in item H.

3 4625.3801 CLEANING, SANITIZATION, AND STORAGE OF EQUIPMENT AND
 4 UTENSILS.

5 Subpart 1. General. All utensils and equipment must be 6 thoroughly cleaned, and food-contact surfaces of utensils and 7 equipment must be given sanitization treatment and must be 8 stored in such a manner as to be protected from contamination. 9 Subp. 2. Cleaning frequency. The equipment and utensils 10 must meet the following cleaning requirements:

A. Tableware must be washed, rinsed, and sanitized
 after each use.

B. To prevent cross-contamination, kitchenware and 13 14 food-contact surfaces of equipment must be washed, rinsed, and 15 sanitized after each use and following any interruption of 16 operations during which time contamination may have occurred. 17 C. Where equipment and utensils are used for the 18 preparation of foods on a continuous or production-line basis, utensils and food-contact surfaces of equipment must be washed, 19 rinsed, and sanitized at intervals throughout the day and on a 20 schedule based on food temperature, type of food, and amount of 21 22 food particle accumulation.

D. The food-contact surfaces of kettles, grills, griddles, and similar cooking devices and the cavities and door seals of microwave ovens must be cleaned at least once a day, except that this shall not apply to hot oil cooking equipment and hot oil filtering systems. The food-contact surfaces of all cooking equipment must be kept free of encrusted grease deposits and other accumulated soil.

E. Nonfood-contact surfaces of equipment must be
 cleaned as often as is necessary to keep the equipment free of
 accumulation of dust, dirt, food particles, and other debris.
 Subp. 3. Oven utensils and equipment. Utensils and
 equipment which routinely go into ovens for baking purposes and
 which are used for no other purpose must not be required to be

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1 given bactericidal treatment; however, such utensils and 2 equipment must be clean.

3 Subp. 4. Wiping cloths. Cloths used for wiping food spills on tableware, such as plates or bowls being served to the 4 consumer, must be clean, dry, and used for no other purposes. 5 6 Moist cloths used for wiping food spills on kitchenware and 7 food-contact surfaces of equipment must be clean and rinsed 8 frequently in an approved sanitizing solution. These cloths must be stored in sanitizing solution between uses. Moist 9 10 cloths used for cleaning nonfood-contact surfaces of equipment such as counters, dining table tops, and shelves must be clean, 11 rinsed, and used for no other purpose. These cloths must be 12 13 stored in an approved sanitizing solution between uses. Subp. 5. Manual cleaning and sanitizing. Manual cleaning

14 and sanitizing must be done in the following manner: 15

16 A. For manual washing, rinsing, and sanitizing of utensils and equipment, a sink with not fewer than three 17 18 compartments must be provided and used. Sink compartments must 19 be large enough to permit the accommodation of the equipment and 20 utensils, and each compartment of the sink must be supplied with 21 hot and cold potable running water. Fixed equipment and 22 utensils and equipment too large to be cleaned in sink compartments must be washed manually or cleaned through pressure 23 24 spray methods.

25 B. Integral drain boards of adequate size must be 26 provided at each end for proper handling of soiled utensils 27 before washing and for cleaned utensils following sanitizing and 28 must be located so as not to interfere with the proper use of 29 the utensil washing facilities.

30 C. Equipment and utensils must be preflushed or 31 prescraped and, when necessary, presoaked to remove gross food 32 particles and soil.

33 D. Except for fixed equipment and utensils too large to be cleaned in sink compartments, manual washing, rinsing, and 34 35 sanitizing must be conducted in the following manner. 36

(1) Sinks must be cleaned before use.

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9-2-88 [REVISOR] KMT/RD RD1347 1 (2) Equipment and utensils must be thoroughly 2 washed in the first compartment with a hot detergent solution 3 that is kept clean. 4 (3) Equipment and utensils must be rinsed free of detergent and abrasives with clean water in the second 5 6 compartment. 7 (4) Equipment and utensils must be sanitized in 8 the third compartment in an approved manner. 9 E. The food-contact surfaces of all equipment and 10 utensils must be sanitized by: 11 (1) immersion for at least one-half minute in 12 clean, hot water at a temperature of at least 170 degrees 13 Fahrenheit (77 degrees centigrade); 14 (2) immersion for at least one minute in a clean 15 solution containing at least 50 parts per million, but no more 16 than 200 parts per million, of available chlorine as a 17 hypochlorite and at a temperature of at least 75 degrees 18 Fahrenheit (24 degrees centigrade); 19 (3) immersion for at least one minute in a clean 20 solution containing at least 12.5 parts per million, but not 21 more than 25 parts per million, of available iodine and having a 22 pH range which the manufacturer has demonstrated to be effective 23 and at a temperature of at least 75 degrees Fahrenheit (24 24 degrees centigrade); 25 (4) immersion in a clean solution containing any 26 other chemical sanitizing agent allowed under Code of Federal Regulations, title 21, section 178.1010, that will provide at 27 28 least the equivalent bactericidal effect of a solution 29 containing 50 parts per million of available chlorine as a hypochlorite at a temperature of at least 75 degrees Fahrenheit 30 31 (24 degrees centigrade) for one minute; or 32 (5) for equipment too large to sanitize by immersion, but in which steam can be confined, treatment with 33 34 steam free from materials or additives other than those 35 specified in Code of Federal Regulations, title 21, section 36 173.310.

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Equipment too large to sanitize by immersion, must be rinsed, sprayed, or swabbed with a sanitizing solution of at least twice the required strength for that particular sanitizing solution.

F. When hot water is used for sanitizing, the 5 following facilities must be provided and used: 6 (1) an integral heating device or fixture 7 installed in, on, or under the sanitizing compartment of the 8 sink capable of maintaining the water at a temperature of at 9 least 170 degrees Fahrenheit (77 degrees centigrade); 10 11 (2) a numerically scaled indicating thermometer, accurate to plus or minus three degrees Fahrenheit (plus or 12 minus two degrees centigrade) convenient to the sink for 13 14 frequent checks of water temperature; and

(3) dish baskets of such size and design to
permit complete immersion of the tableware, kitchenware, and
equipment in the hot water.

18 G. When chemicals are used for sanitization, they 19 must not have concentrations higher than the maximum permitted 20 under Code of Federal Regulations, title 21, section 178.1010, 21 and a test kit or other device that accurately measures the 22 parts per million concentration of the solution must be provided 23 and used.

Subp. 6. Mechanical cleaning and sanitizing. Mechanical 24 25 cleaning and sanitizing must be done in the following manner: 26 A. Cleaning and sanitizing may be done by spray-type 27 or immersion utensil washing machines or by any other type of 28 machine or device if it is demonstrated that it thoroughly 29 cleans, sanitizes equipment and utensils, and meets the 30 requirements in the National Sanitation Foundation Standard No. 31 3. These machines and devices must be properly installed, and maintained in good repair. Machines and devices must be 32 33 operated in accordance with manufacturers' instructions, and utensils and equipment placed in the machine must be exposed to 34 35 all washing cycles. Automatic detergent dispensers, wetting 36 agent dispensers, and liquid sanitizer injectors must be

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1 properly installed and maintained.

B. Drainboards must be provided and be of adequate size for the proper handling of soiled utensils before washing and for cleaned utensils following sanitization, and must be so located and constructed as not to interfere with the proper use of the dishwashing facilities. This does not preclude the use of easily movable dish tables for the storage of soiled utensils or the use of easily movable dish tables for the storage of clean utensils following sanitization.

10 C. Equipment and utensils must be flushed or scraped 11 and, when necessary, soaked to remove gross food particles and 12 soil before being washed in a dishwashing machine unless a 13 prewash cycle is a part of the dishwashing machine operation. 14 Equipment and utensils must be placed in racks, trays, or 15 baskets, or on conveyors, in a way that food-contact surfaces 16 are exposed to the unobstructed application of detergent wash 17 and clean rinse water and that permits free draining.

D. Machines (single-tank, stationary-rack, door-type
machines, and spray-type glass washers) using chemicals for
sanitization may be used, provided that:

(1) wash water temperatures, addition of
chemicals, rinse water temperatures, and chemical sanitizers
used are in conformance with Standards Nos. 3 and 29 of the
National Sanitation Foundation;

(2) a test kit or other device that accurately
measures the parts per million concentration of the sanitizing
solution must be available and used while the chemical
sanitizing machine is in use;

(3) containers for storing the sanitizing agent
must be installed in such a manner as to ensure that operators
maintain an adequate supply of sanitizing compound; and
(4) a visual or audible warning device must be
provided for the operator to easily verify when the sanitizing
agent is depleted.
F. Machines using hot water for sanitizing may be

36 used provided that wash water and pumped rinse water must be

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1 kept clean and water must be maintained at not less than the 2 temperature specified by the National Sanitation Foundation 3 Standard No. 3, under which the machine is evaluated. A 4 pressure gauge must be installed with a valve immediately 5 adjacent to the supply side of the control valve in the final 6 rinse line provided that this requirement must not pertain to a 7 dishwashing machine with a pumped final rinse.

G. All utensil washing machines must be cleaned at9 least once per day or more frequently if required.

Subp. 7. Equipment and utensil storage. Cleaned and sanitized equipment and utensils must be handled in a way that protects them from contamination.

A. Spoons, knives, and forks must be touched only by their handles. Cups, glasses, bowls, plates, and similar items must be handled without contact with inside surfaces or surfaces that contact the user's mouth.

B. Utensils must be air dried before being stored ormust be stored in a self-draining position.

19 C. Cleaned and sanitized utensils and equipment must 20 be stored at least six inches above the floor in a clean, dry 21 location in a way that protects them from contamination by 22 splash, dust, and other means. The food-contact surfaces of 23 fixed equipment must also be protected from contamination. 24 Equipment and utensils must not be placed under exposed sewer 25 lines.

D. Glasses and cups must be stored inverted. Other stored utensils must be covered or inverted, wherever practical. Facilities for the storage of knives, forks, and spoons must be designed and used to present the handle to the employee or consumer.

Subp. 8. Single-service articles. Single-service articles
must have been manufactured, packaged, transported, stored,
handled, and dispensed in a sanitary manner.

34 Subp. 9. Prohibited storage area. The storage of food 35 equipment, utensils, or single-service articles in toilet rooms 36 or vestibules is prohibited.

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1 4625.3901 PHYSICAL FACILITIES AND SANITATION.

Subpart 1. Water supply. Every food and beverage establishment must be provided with a supply of water which is adequate for the needs of the establishment. The water must be obtained from a public water supply system, or a source of supply and system which is located, constructed, and operated in accordance with rules governing public water supplies, parts 4720.0100 to 4720.4600 and water wells, parts 4725.0100 to 9 4725.7600.

10 Subp. 2. Sewage. All sewage, including liquid waste, must 11 be disposed of to a public sewage system or to an approved 12 individual sewage disposal system. Nonwater-carried sewage 13 disposal facilities must be prohibited, except as permitted by 14 the commissioner because of special situations.

When there is no public sewage system available, an individual sewage disposal system must be designed, located, constructed, and operated in accordance with Minnesota Pollution Scontrol Agency rules, parts 7080.0010 to 7080.0240.

Mobile food units may dispose of their liquid waste into receptacles carried on the vehicle for that purpose. This waste ultimately must be discharged into the public sewage system or otherwise disposed of in a manner which will not endanger any source of water supply, pollute any body of surface water, create a nuisance, or otherwise endanger the public health and safety.

26 Subp. 3. Plumbing. Plumbing must be sized, installed, and 27 maintained to carry adequate quantities of water to required locations throughout the establishment, to prevent contamination 28 of the water supply, and to convey sewage and liquid wastes 29 30 adequately from the establishment to the sewage system so that it does not constitute a source of contamination of food, 31 32 utensils, or equipment or create an unsanitary condition or 33 nuisance. 34 Food service equipment such as refrigerators, ice makers,

35 ice storage bins, and steam tables must not be directly

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1 connected to the sewer.

All new plumbing and all plumbing reconstructed or replaced after the effective date of parts 4625.2401 to 4625.4701 must be designed, constructed, and installed in conformity with the Minnesota Plumbing Code, parts 4715.0100 to 4715.5600.

5 Subp. 4. Janitorial facilities. Janitorial facilities 7 including a janitorial utility sink must be provided and located 8 in an area other than a food preparation or storage area or 9 toilet room.

10 If adequate separation, or other protection has been 11 provided, the janitorial facility may be located in a packaged 12 goods' storeroom or employee toilet room.

13 The use of lavatories, utensil washing or equipment 14 washing, or food preparation sinks for this purpose is 15 prohibited.

16 Janitorial equipment must be stored in an approved manner 17 in the janitorial facility.

Subp. 5. Handwashing facilities. Every food 18 establishment, other than limited food establishments and mobile 19 20 food units handling only prepackaged food must be provided with adequate, conveniently located, and approved handwashing 21 22 facilities which are continually maintained with hot and cold 23 running water, hand-cleansing soap or detergent, fingernail brushes, and single-service towels or hand-drying devices 24 providing heated air. Handwashing facilities must be accessible 25 26 to persons at all times in all areas where food is prepared or served, where utensils and equipment are cleansed or sanitized, 27 in or immediately adjacent to toilet rooms or other areas 28 designated by the commissioner. Sinks used for food preparation 29 or for washing equipment or utensils must not be used for 30 31 handwashing. Each handwashing sink must be provided with hot 32 and cold water tempered by means of a mixing valve or 33 combination faucet. Any self-closing, slow-closing, or metering 34 faucet must be designed to provide a flow of water for at least 35 15 seconds without the need to reactivate the faucet. 36 Steam-mixing valves are prohibited.

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Subp. 6. Toilet facilities. Every food establishment, 1 2 with the exception of itinerant, mobile, and special event food 3 facilities, must be provided with conveniently located and approved toilet facilities for employees. These facilities must 4 5 be kept clean and in good repair and free from flies, insects, 6 and offensive odors. Toilet fixtures and seats must be of 7 sanitary design and readily cleanable. The doors of all toilet 8 rooms must be self-closing. Easily cleanable receptacles must 9 be provided for waste materials. Toilet rooms used by women 10 must have at least one covered waste receptacle. Separate 11 toilet facilities must be provided for men and women according to the requirements for sanitation fixtures in section 705 of 12 13 the Uniform Building Code, as amended in part 1305.1900, and the requirements for handicapped accessibility in chapter 1340. 14 Where the use of nonwater-carried sewage disposal facilities 15 have been approved by the commissioner, the facilities must be 16 separate from the establishment and in accordance with the 17 18 standards of the commissioner.

19 4625.4001 GARBAGE AND REFUSE DISPOSAL.

Before disposal, all garbage and refuse must be kept in 20 21 tight, nonabsorbent, insect proof, rodent proof, and fireproof 22 containers. Containers must be kept covered with tight-fitting 23 lids when filled, in storage, or not in continuous use. Containers need not be covered when stored in a special insect 24 and rodent-proofed room or enclosure. All other refuse must be 25 stored in containers, rooms, or areas in an approved manner. 26 The rooms, enclosures, areas, and containers used must be 27 28 adequate for the storage of all garbage and refuse accumulating on the premises between collections. Adequate cleaning 29 facilities must be provided, and each container, room, or area 30 31 shall be thoroughly cleaned after the emptying or removal of 32 garbage and refuse. Containers designed with drains must have 33 drain plugs maintained in place at all times except during cleaning. All garbage and refuse must be disposed of with 34 sufficient frequency and in such a manner as to prevent a 35

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1 nuisance.

2 4625.4101 INSECT, RODENT, AND ANIMAL CONTROL.

3 Subpart 1. General. Effective measures must be taken to 4 prevent the entrance, breeding, or presence of rodents, flies, 5 cockroaches, and other vermin or insects on the premises. The 6 premises must be kept in such condition as to prevent the 7 harborage or feeding of insects or rodents.

Subp. 2. Openings. Outside openings must be effectively 8 9 protected against the entrance of rodents. Outside openings 10 must be protected against the entrance of insects by 11 tight-fitting, self-closing doors, closed windows, screening, 12 controlled air currents, or other means. Screen doors must be 13 self-closing, and screens for windows, doors, skylights, transoms, intake and exhaust air ducts, and other openings to 14 the outside must be tight-fitting and free of breaks. Screening 15 16 materials must not be less than 16 mesh to the inch.

17 Subp. 3. Animals. Live animals, including birds and 18 turtles, shall be excluded from within the food service 19 operational premises and from adjacent areas under the control of the person in charge. This exclusion does not apply to 20 edible fish, crustacea, mollusks, or to fish in aquariums. 21 22 Patrol dogs accompanying security or police officers, or guide dogs accompanying sight-impaired persons or hearing-impaired 23 persons shall be permitted in dining areas. 24

25 4625.4201 CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE OF PHYSICAL FACILITIES. Subpart 1. Floors. The floor surfaces of all food and 26 27 beverage preparation, food storage, equipment and utensil 28 washing, food service areas, waitress stations, dressing rooms, 29 locker rooms, toilet rooms and vestibules, janitorial areas, 30 kitchens, and bars must be constructed of smooth, durable, 31 nonabsorbent, easily cleanable materials which resist the wear 32 and abuse to which they are subjected. Appropriate materials 33 include commercial grade vinyl composition tile, sheet vinyl, 34 ceramic tile, quarry tile, terrazzo, or equivalent. Vinyl floor 35 coverings must not be used in walk-in refrigeration units and

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1 storage freezers.

The junctures between walls and floors must be coved. Rugs and carpets may be used in dining rooms and hallways, provided that the floor coverings are kept clean. Abrasive strips also may be used wherever deemed necessary to prevent accidents.

Mats and duckboards must be of nonabsorbent, nonwood,
grease resistant materials. The size, design, and construction
of the materials must facilitate easy cleaning. Duckboards must
not be used as storage racks.

All floors must be kept clean and in good repair, and the use of sawdust and similar material is not permitted. Floor drains must be provided in all rooms where floors are subject to flooding-type cleaning or where normal operations release or discharge water or other liquid wastes on the floor. The floors must be graded to drain.

16 Subp. 2. Walls and ceilings. The walls and ceilings of 17 all rooms must be kept clean and in good repair. All walls of 18 rooms or areas in which food is prepared, areas where utensils 19 or hands are washed, toilet rooms, janitorial areas, laundry rooms, or garbage and refuse storage rooms must have easily 20 21 cleanable, smooth, nonabsorbent, washable surfaces to the highest level of splash, spray, or abuse. Wall finishes must be 22 23 resistant to the wear and abuse to which they are subject. 24 Ceilings must be smooth and easily cleanable. The walls and 25 ceilings must be finished in a light color. Concrete or pumice 26 blocks used for interior wall construction in these locations 27 must be finished and sealed to provide an easily cleanable 28 surface.

29 Subp. 3. Attachments. Light fixtures, vent covers, 30 wall-mounted fans, decorative materials, and similar equipment 31 attached to walls and ceilings must be easily cleanable, and 32 must be kept clean and in good repair.

33 Subp. 4. Utility lines and pipes. All utility lines and 34 pipes such as electric, gas, water, sewage, and similar waste 35 lines or services should be installed in the walls, under 36 floors, or above ceilings to avoid unnecessary exposure to food

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equipment, walls, floors, or ceilings. Exposed utility service
 lines or pipes must be installed so they do not obstruct or
 prevent the easy cleaning of food equipment, floors, walls, and
 ceiling surfaces.

5 4625.4301 LIGHTING.

Subpart 1. Lighting source and amount. Permanently fixed
artificial light sources must be installed to provide at least
20 foot candles of light on all food preparation surfaces and at
9 equipment or utensil washing work levels.

A. Permanently fixed artificial light sources must be installed to provide, at a distance of 30 inches from the floor: (1) at least 20 foot candles of light in utensil and equipment storage areas and in lavatory and toilet areas; and

15 (2) at least ten foot candles of light in walk-in
16 refrigerating units, dry food storage areas, and in all other
17 areas.

B. Subdued lighting in dining rooms and public access
areas is permissible, provided that lighting meeting the
requirements in item A, subitem (2) must be available during all
clean-up operations.

Subp. 2. Protective shielding. Shielding or coating to protect against broken glass falling onto food must be provided for all artificial lighting fixtures located over, by, or within food storage, preparation, service, and display facilities, and facilities where utensils and equipment are cleaned and stored.

Infra-red or other heat lamps must be protected against
breakage by a shield surrounding and extending beyond the bulb,
leaving only the face of the bulb exposed.

30 4625.4401 VENTILATION.

Rooms must have sufficient exhaust ventilation to keep them free of excessive heat, steam, condensation, vapors, obnoxious or disagreeable odors, smoke, and fumes. All ventilation equipment and facilities, gas or oil fired room heaters, and water heaters must be designed, installed, and operated in

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1 accordance with the rules of the State Building Code Division 2 and the Uniform Fire Code. Intake and exhaust air ducts must be 3 maintained to prevent the entrance of dust, dirt, and other 4 contaminating materials. 5 4625.4501 DRESSING ROOMS AND LOCKER AREAS. 6 Subpart 1. Dressing rooms. If employees routinely change clothes within the establishment, rooms or areas must be 7 8 designated and used for that purpose. These designated rooms or 9 areas must not be used for food preparation, storage, or service, or for utensil washing or storage. 10 Subp. 2. Locker areas. Adequate lockers or other suitable 11 facilities must be provided and used for the orderly storage and 12 13 security of employee clothing and other belongings. Lockers or 14 other suitable facilities may be located only in the designated 15 dressing rooms or areas containing only completely packaged food 16 or packaged single-service articles. 4625.4601 POISONOUS OR TOXIC MATERIALS. 17 Subpart 1. Materials permitted. Food service 18 establishments must have only those poisonous or toxic materials 19 necessary for maintaining the establishment, cleaning and 20 sanitizing equipment and utensils, and controlling insects and 21 rodents. 22 23 Subp. 2. Labeling of materials. Containers of poisonous 24 or toxic materials must be prominently and distinctly labeled, 25 according to requirements in Code of Federal Regulations, title 7, section 162.10, and Minnesota Statutes, section 18B.14, for 26 27 easy identification of contents. 28 Subp. 3. Storage of materials. Poisonous or toxic 29 materials consist of the following categories: 30 A. insecticides and rodenticides; and B. detergents, sanitizers, related cleaning or drying 31 32 agents, caustics, acids, polishes, and other chemicals. Materials in each of these two categories must be stored 33 34 and physically located separate from each other. All poisonous 35 or toxic materials must be stored in cabinets or in a similar

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1 physically separate place used for no other purpose. To 2 preclude contamination, poisonous or toxic materials must not be 3 stored above food, food equipment, utensils, or single-service 4 articles, except that this requirement does not prohibit the 5 convenient availability of detergents or sanitizers at utensil 6 or dishwashing stations.

7 Subp. 4. Use of materials. Sanitizers, cleaning 8 compounds, or other compounds intended for use on food-contact 9 surfaces must not be used in a way that leaves a toxic residue 10 on such surfaces or that constitutes a hazard to employees or 11 other persons.

Poisonous or toxic materials must not be used in a way that contaminates food, equipment, or utensils, nor in a way other than in full compliance with the manufacturer's labeling.

Subp. 5. Personal medications and first aid supplies.
Personal medications and first aid supplies must be stored to
prevent them from contaminating food and food-contact surfaces.

18 4625.4701 PREMISES.

19 Subpart 1. Housekeeping. All parts of the food establishment and its premises must be kept neat, clean, and 20 21 free of litter and refuse. Cleaning operations must be 22 conducted in a manner as to minimize contamination of food and food-contact surfaces. Only articles necessary for the 23 24 operation and maintenance of the food establishment must be stored on the premises. Traffic of unnecessary persons through 25 26 the food preparation and utensil washing areas is prohibited. The walking and driving surfaces of all exterior areas where 27 28 food is served must be kept clean, properly drained, and finished so as to facilitate maintenance and minimize dust. 29 Pressurized tanks and compressed gas cylinders must be properly 30 secured to prevent them from being accidentally knocked over. 31 32 Subp. 2. Cleaning equipment storage. Maintenance and cleaning tools such as brooms, mops, vacuum cleaners, and 33 similar equipment must be maintained and stored in a way that 34 35 does not contaminate food, utensils, equipment, or linens and

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1 must be stored in an orderly manner for the cleaning of that 2 storage location. Subp. 3. Living areas. No operation of a food 3 establishment must be conducted in any room used as living or 4 5 sleeping quarters. Food service operations must be separated from any living or sleeping quarters by complete partitioning 6 and solid, self-closing doors. 7 8 Subp. 4. Laundry facilities. Laundry facilities in a food establishment must be restricted to the washing and drying of 9 10 linens, cloths, uniforms, and aprons necessary to the operation. If these items are laundered on the premises, an 11 electric or gas dryer must be provided and used. 12 Separate rooms must be provided for laundry facilities 13 14 except that such operations may be conducted in storage rooms containing only packaged foods or packaged single-service 15 16 articles. 17 Subp. 5. Linens and clothes storage. Clean clothes and linens must be stored in a clean place and protected from 18 contamination until used. 19 20 Soiled clothes and linens must be stored in nonabsorbent 21 containers or washable laundry bags until removed for laundering. 22 REQUIREMENTS FOR ITINERANT FOOD SERVICE 4625.4901 ITINERANT FOOD SERVICE ESTABLISHMENTS. 23 24 Subpart 1. General. An itinerant food service establishment must comply with all provisions of parts 4625.2401 25 to 4625.4701 that are applicable to their operation and must 26 comply with parts 4625.4901 to 4625.5801. The commissioner may 27 28 impose additional requirements to protect against health hazards related to the conduct of their operation and prohibit the sale 29 or giveaway of some or all potentially hazardous foods. When no 30 health hazard is likely to result, the commissioner may grant a 31 32 variance or modify specific requirements of parts 4625.4901 to 33 4625.5801.

Subp. 2. Restricted operations. This subpart applies to
 an itinerant food service establishment approved under subpart 1

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to operate without complying with the requirements of parts
 4625.4901 to 4625.5801.

A. The itinerant food service establishment must be located where it is protected from possible contamination; for sexample toilets, animal pens, garbage collection sites. It must be protected from dust and windblown particulates by location, treatment of ground surfaces, or by having the establishment enclosed.

9 B. The commissioner may restrict the type of food
10 served or the method of food preparation based on equipment
11 limitations or climatic conditions.

12 4625.5001 CONSTRUCTION.

Subpart 1. Work space. Work spaces must be sized to
 permit unobstructed work activity. Equipment must be located to
 permit easy cleaning.

16 Subp. 2. Floors. The interior floor must be equivalent to 17 one of the following:

18 A. solid concrete or asphalt; or

B. vinyl flooring or sealed wood.

Subp. 3. Walls or enclosures. The establishment must be capable of being fully enclosed on the sides and roof to provide protection against adverse weather. Canvas may be used. Solid interior surfaces must be finished with smooth, durable, nonabsorbent, easily cleanable material that resists the wear and abuse to which the surfaces are subjected. High gloss paint is the minimum acceptable finish.

27 4625.5101 EQUIPMENT.

19

28 Subpart 1. General. Food service equipment must comply 29 with the applicable standards of the National Sanitation 30 Foundation.

31 Subp. 2. Refrigeration. Mechanical refrigeration,
32 containing a thermometer, is required for potentially hazardous
33 foods such as meat, fish, poultry, milk, milk products, and
34 eggs. A metal stem product thermometer with a range from zero
35 degrees Fahrenheit (minus 18 degrees centigrade) to 220 degrees

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1 Fahrenheit (110 degrees centigrade) is required for measuring 2 temperature of this food. Electricity must be provided to 3 refrigeration units 24 hours a day when the food stand has been 4 set in place for service. Subp. 3. Grills. Charcoal grills are acceptable for 5 6 cooking food as long as they are equipped with a lid and safe 7 food temperatures are maintained. 8 Subp. 4. Utensils. Commercial food grade utensils must be 9 used. Galvanized or soft plastic containers, wooden spoons, 10 enamelware, paintbrushes, and similar materials are not acceptable. Garbage bags and garbage containers must not be 11 used for covering or storing food. 12 13 Subp. 5. Customer safety. To help provide customer safety 14 and prevent possible contamination by customers, food preparation and cooking areas must be protected by means of an 15 16 impervious shield or by separation distances. Subp. 6. Handwashing facilities. Handwashing facilities 17 18 must be provided within the establishment. They must consist of: 19 A. soap, paper towels, and a water faucet or spigot 20 that discharges into a waste line or holding vessel; 21 B. paper towels and a spray bottle containing a 22 germicidal solution of one teaspoon of household bleach to a 23 gallon of water; or 24 C. moist towelettes when there is little or no food 25 preparation. 26 Subp. 7. Lighting. All interior lights must be shielded 27 or enclosed to prevent breakage. Lights used at night must not attract insects. 28 4625.5201 DISHWASHING FACILITIES, PROCEDURES, AND EQUIPMENT 29 30 CLEANING. 31 Subpart 1. General. Single service, disposable eating and 32 drinking utensils must be used unless approved permanent dishwashing facilities are available at the site. Approved 33 dishwashing facilities consisting of at least three sufficiently 34 35 sized basins must be provided for washing equipment and utensils

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used for food preparation and cooking. 1 2 Subp. 2. Drying. Space must be provided for air drying 3 utensils. Towel drying is not permitted. 4 Subp. 3. Manual utensil washing. The procedure for manual 5 utensil washing is: 6 A. wash in warm, soapy water; 7 B. rinse in clear water; and C. sanitize for at least one minute in a sanitizing 8 solution of sufficient concentration using one tablespoon of 9 household liquid bleach per two gallons of water, and allow to 10 air dry. 11 12 Subp. 4. Cleaning of equipment. Food contact equipment that must be cleaned in place, like meat slicers or soft serve 13 14 ice milk dispensers, must be sanitized using a solution equal to that listed in subpart 3, item C. 15 16 Subp. 5. Wiping cloths. Cloths used to wipe equipment and counters must be stored in a sanitizing solution between uses. 17 The solution must equal that listed in subpart 3, item C. 18 Subp. 6. Sanitizer test kits. Test kits or strips for 19 analyzing sanitizer strength must be available and used. 20 4625.5301 FOOD, BEVERAGE, AND UTENSIL HANDLING AND STORAGE. 21 22 Subpart 1. Food source. All ice and food supplies must come from an approved commercial source. No home prepared food 23 or food storage at home is permitted. Ice must be obtained only 24 in chipped, crushed, or cubed form and in single-use safe 25 plastic or wet-strength paper bag, filled and sealed at the 26 point of manufacture. The ice must be held in these bags until 27 it is dispensed in a way that protects it from contamination. 28 Subp. 2. Temperatures. Potentially hazardous food must be 29 maintained at 40 degrees Fahrenheit (four degrees centigrade) or 30 below, or 150 degrees Fahrenheit (66 degrees centigrade) or 31 32 above. Subp. 3. Previously cooked foods. If previously cooked 33 food is reheated it must reach an internal temperature of at 34 35 least 165 degrees Fahrenheit (75 degrees centigrade) throughout

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before being served. Any heated food left over at the end of
 the day must be discarded.

3 Subp. 4. Storage. Food and single service disposable 4 utensils such as paper plates and plastic eating utensils must 5 be clean, dry, covered, and kept at least six inches off the 6 floor. Storage of packaged food in contact with water or 7 undrained ice is prohibited. Wrapped sandwiches must not be 8 stored in direct contact with ice.

9 Subp. 5. Single service items and condiment dispensing.
10 Single service utensils and self-service food including
11 condiments such as catsup, mustard, coffee whitener, and sugar
12 must be individually packaged or be dispensed from an enclosed
13 dispenser.

14 4625.5401 WATER SUPPLY.

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Potable water must be obtained from an approved public water supply system. Water may not come from a residential well. If water is not provided under pressure at the stablishment, it may be transported and stored in approved, cleanable, covered containers such as five- or ten-gallon coffee urns or nongalvanized beverage coolers containing spigots.

21 4625.5501 WASTEWATER AND REFUSE DISPOSAL.

Subpart 1. Wastewater. Wastewater must be discharged into an approved sanitary sever system or a holding tank. Ground surface discharge is not permitted.

25 Subp. 2. Refuse and garbage disposal. Refuse must be 26 deposited and stored so that it does not create a nuisance. 27 Garbage containing food waste, if stored overnight or for 28 extended periods of time, must be stored in tightly covered 29 nonabsorbent containers.

30 4625.5601 INSECT CONTROL.

31 Effective insect control must be achieved through 32 sanitation. If insecticides are used, they must be an approved 33 type such as pyrethrins as the active ingredient, and used 34 according to the manufacturer's directions. They must not be

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used when food or utensils are exposed. Intermittent spray
 dispensers and vapona strips must not be used.

3 4625.5701 EMPLOYEE PRACTICES.

4 Employees must comply with the following requirements:

5 A. Employees must maintain their hands in a clean and 6 sanitary condition and wash hands immediately after going to the 7 toilet, handling raw food, smoking, or otherwise soiling their 8 hands.

B. Employees must not engage in food preparation or
service activities if that person has a communicable disease,
gastrointestinal illness, sore throat, or discharging wound.
C. Employees must not use tobacco in any form while

13 on duty.

D. An employee's outer garments must be clean.
E. An employee must wear effective hair restraints
such as hairnets, headbands, and caps while engaged in food
preparation and service.

18 4625.5801 SAFETY.

Subpart 1. Electrical. Electrical service must comply 19 with the Minnesota State Building Code Electrical Code, chapter 20 1315. Electrical lines must not be located in or near water. 21 22 Subp. 2. Carbon dioxide. Carbon dioxide and bottled gas 23 cylinders must be secured by chains or other types of restraints. 24 Subp. 3. Fire extinguisher. A fire extinguisher with a 25 minimum 2A 10 B-C rating must be present if required by the fire 26 marshal.

27 REQUIREMENTS FOR MOBILE FOOD SERVICES OR PUSHCARTS

28 4625.5901 MOBILE FOOD SERVICES OR PUSHCARTS.

Subpart 1. General. Mobile food services or pushcarts must comply with all provisions of parts 4625.2401 to 4625.4701 which are applicable to their operation and must comply with parts 4625.5901 to 4625.6801. The commissioner may impose additional requirements to protect against health hazards related to the conduct of their operation and may prohibit the

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1 sale or giveaway of some or all potentially hazardous foods. 2 When no health hazard is likely to result, the commissioner may 3 grant a variance or modify specific requirements of parts 4 4625.5901 to 4625.6801 relating to physical facilities. Subp. 2. Restricted operations. This subpart applies 5 6 whenever a mobile food service or pushcart is approved under 7 subpart 1 to operate without complying with all the requirements 8 of parts 4625.5901 to 4625.6801. 9 A. The mobile food service or pushcart must be set in 10 a location where it is not subject to flooding and is protected 11 from possible contamination; for example toilets, animal pens, 12 or garbage collection sites. It must be protected from dust and 13 windblown particulates by location, treatment of ground 14 surfaces, or by having the unit enclosed.

B. The commissioner may restrict the type of food
served or the method of food preparation based on equipment
limitations or commissary facilities.

18 4625.6001 CONSTRUCTION.

Subpart 1. Work spaces. Work spaces must be sized to
 permit unobstructed work activity. Equipment must be located to
 permit easy cleaning.

Subp. 2. Floors. The interior floor must be noncorrosivemetal or be surfaced with vinyl flooring or equivalent.

Subp. 3. Walls or enclosures. The unit must be capable of being fully enclosed on the sides and roof to provide protection during adverse weather. Interior surfaces must be finished with smooth, durable, nonabsorbent, easily cleanable material that resists the wear and abuse to which the surfaces are subjected. High gloss paint is the minimum, acceptable finish.

30 4625.6101 EQUIPMENT.

Subpart 1. General. Food service equipment must comply
 with the applicable standards of the National Sanitation
 Foundation.
 Subp. 2. Refrigeration. Mechanical refrigeration,

35 containing a thermometer, is required for potentially hazardous

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1 foods such as meat, fish, poultry, milk, milk products, and 2 eggs. A metal stem product thermometer with a range from zero 3 degrees Fahrenheit (minus 18 degrees centigrade) to 220 degrees 4 Fahrenheit (104 degrees centigrade) is required for measuring 5 temperatures of this food. Electricity must be provided to 6 refrigeration units 24 hours a day when the mobile food stand 7 has been set in place for service.

8 Subp. 3. Exhaust system. When grease laden cooking vapor 9 or condensation is generated in the cooking process, a 10 mechanical exhaust system must be provided to prevent grease and 11 condensation from collecting on walls and ceilings.

12 Subp. 4. Utensils. Commercial food grade utensils must be 13 used. Galvanized or soft plastic containers, wooden spoons, 14 enamelware, paintbrushes, and similar materials are not 15 acceptable. Garbage bags and garbage receptacles must not be 16 used for covering or storing food.

Subp. 5. Customer safety. To help provide customer safety
and prevent possible contamination by customers, food
preparation and cooking areas must be protected by means of an
impervious shield or by separation distances.

Subp. 6. Handwashing facilities. A handwashing sink
supplied with hot and cold running water, soap, and paper towels
must be provided in all units where food is prepared.

Subp. 7. Lighting. All interior lights must be shielded
or enclosed to prevent breakage. Lights used at night must not
attract flying insects.

4625.6201 DISHWASHING FACILITIES, PROCEDURES, AND EQUIPMENTCLEANING.

Subpart 1. General. Single service, disposable eating and drinking utensils must be used unless approved permanent dishwashing facilities are available in the mobile unit.
Dishwashing facilities must be available and consist of at least

33 a three compartment sink, either free standing or installed in a 34 counter.

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35 Subp. 2. Drying. Space must be provided for air drying

9-2-88 [REVISOR] KMT/RD RD1347 1 utensils. Towel drying is not permitted. 2 Subp. 3. Manual utensil washing. The procedure to be used 3 for manual utensil washing is: 4 A. wash in warm, soapy water; 5 B. rinse in clean water; 6 C. sanitize for at least one minute in a sanitizing 7 solution of sufficient concentration, using one tablespoon of 8 household bleach per two gallons of water; and 9 D. allow to air dry. 10 Subp. 4. Cleaning equipment. Food contact equipment that must be cleaned in place, like meat slicers or soft serve ice 11 milk dispensers, must be sanitized using a solution equal to 12 13 that listed in subpart 3, item C. Subp. 5. Wiping cloths. Cloths used to wipe equipment and 14 counters must be stored in a sanitizing solution between uses. 15 16 The solution must equal that listed in subpart 3, item C. 17 Subp. 6. Sanitizer test kits. Test kits or strips for 18 analyzing sanitizer strength must be available and used. 19 4625.6301 FOOD, BEVERAGE, AND UTENSIL HANDLING AND STORAGE. 20 Subpart 1. Food source. All ice and food supplies must 21 come from an approved commercial source. No home prepared food or food stored at home is allowed. Food may be kept in a 22 licensed commissary, stock truck, or within the unit. Ice must 23 be cubed or crushed and be sealed in a bag at the point of 24 manufacture. The ice must be held in these bags until it is 25 dispensed in a way that protects it from contamination. 26 27 Subp. 2. Temperatures. Potentially hazardous food must be 28 maintained at 40 degrees Fahrenheit (four degrees centigrade) or 29 below, and 150 degrees Fahrenheit (66 degrees centigrade) or above. This includes periods when it is being transported. 30 Subp. 3. Previously cooked foods. Previously cooked food 31 that is reheated must reach an internal temperature of at least 32 33 165 degrees Fahrenheit (74 degrees centigrade) throughout before 34 being served. Heated food that is left over at the end of the 35 day must be discarded.

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1 Subp. 4. Storage. Food and single service disposable 2 utensils such as paper plates and plastic eating utensils must 3 be clean, dry, covered, and kept at least six inches off the 4 floor. Storage of packaged food in contact with water of 5 undrained ice is prohibited. Wrapped sandwiches must not be in 6 direct contact with ice.

Subp. 5. Single service items and condiment dispensing.
Single service utensils and self-service food, including
condiments, like catsup, coffee whitener, or sugar, must be
individually packaged or dispensed from an enclosed dispenser.

11 4625.6401 WATER SUPPLY.

Subpart 1. General. Potable water must be obtained from an approved public water supply system. Water must not come from a residential well.

Subp. 2. Holding tanks. Each mobile food service or 15 pushcart must be equipped with a fresh water holding tank that 16 can be drained and a hot water heater, both of which are 17 sufficiently sized to meet water demand. The holding tank must 18 be corrosion resistent, nontoxic, and free of seams. When in 19 operation, a unit may be directly supplied with water from an 20 21 external water system. The connecting hose must be capped and otherwise protected when it is disconnected so that it will not 22 be contaminated by waste discharge, road dust, oil, or grease. 23 24 Subp. 3. System sanitizing. The total water system must be sanitized each year before the unit is put into service. 25

26 4625.6501 WASTEWATER AND REFUSE DISPOSAL.

27 Subpart 1. Wastewater. Wastewater must be discharged 28 directly into an approved sanitary sewer system or to a holding 29 tank which will subsequently be discharged into a sewer system. 30 Discharge lines and connections must not be compatible with the 31 water supply connections. The holding tank must be at least 15 32 percent larger than the fresh water storage tank. Ground 33 surface discharge is not permitted.

34 Subp. 2. Refuse and garbage disposal. Refuse must be 35 deposited and stored in a manner that will not tend to create a

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1 nuisance. Garbage containing food waste, if stored overnight or 2 for extended periods of time, must be stored in tightly covered 3 nonabsorbent containers. 4625.6601 INSECT CONTROL. 4 5 Effective insect control must be achieved through 6 sanitation. If insecticides are to be used, they must be an approved type such as pyrethrins as the active ingredient, used 7 8 according to the manufacturer's directions. They must not be 9 used when food or utensils are exposed. Intermittent spray dispensers and vapona strips must not be used. 10 4625.6701 EMPLOYEE PRACTICES. 11 12 Employees must comply with the following requirements: A. Employees must maintain their hands in a clean and 13 sanitary condition and wash hands immediately after going to the 14 toilet, handling raw food, smoking, or otherwise soiling their 15 16 hands. 17 B. An employee must not engage in food preparation or service activities if that person has a communicable disease, 18 gastrointestinal illness, sore throat, or discharging wound. 19 20 C. An employee must not use tobacco in any form while 21 on duty. 22 D. An employee's outer garments must be clean. 23 E. An employee must wear effective hair restraints such as hairnets, headbands, and caps while engaged in food 24 25 preparation and service. 26 4625.6801 SAFETY. Subpart 1. Electrical. Electrical service must comply 27 with the Minnesota State Building Code Electrical Code, chapter 28 1315. Electrical lines should not be located in or near water. 29 30 Subp. 2. Carbon dioxide. Carbon dioxide and bottled gas 31 cylinders must be secured by chains or other types of restraints. 32 Subp. 3. Fire extinguishers. A fire extinguisher with a 33 minimum 2A 10 B-C rating must be present if required by the fire 34 marshal.

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REQUIREMENTS FOR SPECIAL EVENT FOOD STANDS

2 4625.6901 SPECIAL EVENT FOOD STAND.

3 Subpart 1. General. Special event food stands must comply with all provisions of parts 4625,2401 to 4625,4701 which are 4 5 applicable to their operation and must comply with parts 4625.6901 to 4625.7801. The commissioner may impose additional 6 7 requirements to protect against health hazards related to the conduct of their operation and may prohibit the sale or giveaway 8 9 of some or all potentially hazardous foods. When no health hazard is likely to result, the commissioner may grant a 10 variance or modify specific requirements of parts 4625.6901 to 11 4625.7801. 12

Subp. 2. Restricted operations. This subpart applies whenever a special event food stand is approved under subpart 1 to operate without complying with all the requirements of parts 4625.6901 to 4625.7801.

A. The special event food stand must be located where it is not subject to flooding and is protected from possible contamination; for example toilets, animal pens, or garbage collection sites. It must be protected from dust and windblown particulates by location, treatment of ground surfaces, or by having the food stand enclosed.

B. The commissioner may restrict the type of food
served or the method of food preparation based on equipment
limitations.

26 4625.7001 CONSTRUCTION.

Subpart 1. Work spaces. Work spaces must be sized to
permit unobstructed work activity. Equipment must be located to
permit easy cleaning.

30 Subp. 2. Floors. The interior floor must be constructed 31 of concrete, asphalt, tight wood, or other similar cleanable 32 material kept in good repair. Dirt or gravel, when graded to 33 drain, may be used as subflooring when covered with clean, 34 removable platforms or duckboards, or covered with wood chips, 35 shavings, or other suitable materials effectively treated to

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1 control dust. 2 Subp. 3. Walls or enclosures. The stand must provide protection during adverse weather by its construction or 3 4 location. If it does not, then food activities must cease during periods of adverse weather. Interior surfaces must be 5 6 finished with smooth, durable, nonabsorbent, easily cleanable 7 material that resists the wear and abuse to which the surfaces 8 are subjected. High gloss paint is the minimum, acceptable finish. 9

10 4625.7101 EQUIPMENT.

11 Subpart 1. General. Food service equipment must be 12 appropriately designed and sized for its use. Subp. 2. Refrigeration. Mechanical refrigeration is 13 14 required for potentially hazardous foods such as meat, fish, poultry, milk and milk products, and eggs. A metal stem product 15 16 thermometer with a range from zero degrees Fahrenheit (minus 18 degrees centigrade) to 220 degrees Fahrenheit (104 degrees 17 centigrade) is required for measuring temperature of this food. 18 Electricity must be provided to refrigeration units 24 hours a 19 20 day when the special event food stand has been set in place for service. Insulated chests containing dry ice or frozen 21 refrigerant packs may be used for items such as hot dogs and 22 precooked sausages as long as required temperatures are 23 maintained. A thermometer is required for each refrigerator and 24 25 insulated chest. 26 Subp. 3. Cooking equipment. Electric skillets, roasters,

27 propane stoves, and charcoal grills equipped with lids are acceptable for cooking food as long as safe food temperatures 28 29 are maintained. Crock pots may not be used.

30 Subp. 4. Utensils. Commercial food grade utensils must be 31 used. Galvanized or soft plastic containers, wooden spoons, 32 enamelware, paintbrushes, and similar materials are not acceptable. Garbage bags and garbage receptacles must not be 33 34 used for covering or storing food. 35

Subp. 5. Customer safety. To help provide customer safety

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and prevent possible contamination by customers, food
 preparation and cooking areas must be protected by an impervious
 shield or by separation distances.

Subp. 6. Handwashing facilities. Handwashing facilities
shall be provided within the stand. They shall consist of:
A. soap, paper towels, and a water faucet or spigot
that discharges into a waste line or holding vessel; or

B. paper towels and a spray bottle containing a
9 germicidal solution, using one teaspoon of household bleach to a
10 gallon of water; or

11 C. moist towelettes when there is little or no food 12 preparation.

Subp. 7. Lighting. All interior lights must be shielded
or enclosed to prevent breakage. Lights used at night must not
attract flying insects.

16 4625.7201 DISHWASHING FACILITIES, PROCEDURES, AND EQUIPMENT 17 CLEANING.

Subpart 1. General. Single service, disposable eating and 18 drinking utensils must be used unless approved permanent 19 20 dishwashing facilities are available. Utensils are to be washed 21 and sanitized immediately before the special event and as often 22 as necessary during the event. Utensils may be washed off the 23 site if approval is granted. When this is done, the clean 24 utensils must be suitably covered with plastic wrap or placed in 25 a covered container when transported. When utensils are not 26 washed at the site, enough utensils must be provided so that if 27 one becomes soiled or contaminated, a clean one is available. 28 Subp. 2. Drying. Space must be provided for air drying utensils. Towel drying is not permitted. 29 30 Subp. 3. Manual utensil washing. The procedure for manual 31 utensil washing is: 32 A. wash in warm, soapy water; 33 B. rinse in clean water; 34 C. sanitize for at least one minute in a sanitizing

35 solution of sufficient concentration, using one tablespoon of

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1 household bleach per two gallons of water; and 2 D. allow to air dry. 3 Subp. 4. Cleaning equipment. Food contact equipment that 4 must be cleaned in place, like meat slicers or soft serve ice milk dispensers, must be sanitized using a solution equal to 5 that listed in subpart 3, item C. 6 Subp. 5. Wiping cloths. Cloths used to wipe equipment and 7 counters must be stored in a sanitizing solution between uses. 8 The solution must equal that listed in subpart 3, item C. 9 Subp. 6. Sanitizer test kits. Test kits or strips for 10 analyzing sanitizer strength must be available and used. 11 4625.7301 FOOD, BEVERAGE, AND UTENSIL HANDLING AND STORAGE. 12 Subpart 1. Food source. All ice and food supplies must 13 come from an approved commercial source. No home prepared food 14 or food storage at home is permitted. Ice must be obtained only 15 16 in chipped, crushed, or cubed form and in single-use safe plastic or wet-strength paper bags filled and sealed at the 17 18 point of manufacture. The ice must be held in these bags until 19 it is dispensed in a way that protects it from contamination. When preparation or hot and cold holding equipment are not 20 adequate for the volume of food prepared, food preparation 21 activities must take place in a facility which is in compliance 22 with parts 4625.2401 to 4625.4701, such as a restaurant, school, 23 fraternal organization kitchen, or church. 24 Subp. 2. Temperature. Potentially hazardous food must be 25 26 maintained at 40 degrees Fahrenheit (four degrees centigrade) or below and 150 degrees Fahrenheit (66 degrees centigrade) or 27 28 above, including periods when it is being transported. 29 Subp. 3. Previously cooked foods. Previously cooked food that is reheated must reach an internal temperature of at least 30 31 165 degrees Fahrenheit (74 degrees centigrade) throughout before 32 being served. Any heated food that is left over at the end of 33 the day must be discarded. Subp. 4. Storage. Food and single service disposable 34

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35 utensils such as paper plates and plastic eating utensils must

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1 be clean, dry, covered, and kept at least six inches off the 2 floor. Storage of packaged food in contact with water or 3 undrained ice is prohibited. Wrapped sandwiches must not be stored in direct contact with ice. Canned, bottled, and other 4 containerized beverages except milk may be chilled in ice. 5 Subp. 5. Single service items and condiment dispensing. 6 Single service utensils and self-service food including 7 condiments such as catsup, mustard, coffee whitener, and sugar 8 must be individually packaged or be dispensed from an enclosed 9 dispenser. 10

11 4625.7401 WATER SUPPLY.

Potable water must be obtained from an approved public water supply system. Water must not come from a residential well. If water is not provided under pressure at the stablishment, it may be transported and stored in approved, cleanable, covered containers such as five- or ten-gallon coffee urns or nongalvanized beverage coolers containing spigots.

18 4625.7501 WASTEWATER AND REFUSE DISPOSAL.

Subpart 1. Wastewater. Wastewater must be discharged into
 an approved sanitary sewer system or a holding tank. Ground
 surface discharge is not permitted.

22 Subp. 2. Refuse and garbage disposal. Refuse and garbage 23 must be deposited and stored in a manner that will not tend to 24 create a nuisance. Garbage containing food waste if stored 25 overnight or for extended periods of time must be stored in 26 tightly covered nonabsorbent containers.

27 4625.7601 INSECT CONTROL.

Effective insect control is to be achieved through sanitation. If insecticides are to be used, they must be an approved type such as pyrethrins as the active ingredient, used according to the manufacturer's directions. They must not be used when food or utensils are exposed. Intermittent spray dispensers and vapona strips must not be used.

34 4625.7701 EMPLOYEE PRACTICES.

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 1
         Employees must comply with the following requirements:
 2
              A. Employees must maintain their hands in a clean and
 3 sanitary condition and wash hands immediately after going to the
 4 toilet, handling raw food, smoking, or otherwise soiling their
 5 hands.
              B. Employees must not engage in food preparation or
 6
 7 service activities if that person has a communicable disease,
 8 gastrointestinal illness, sore throat, or discharging wound.
 9
              C. An employee must not use tobacco in any form while
10 on duty.
11
              D. An employee's outer garments must be clean.
12
              E. An employee must wear effective hair restraints
    such as hairnets, headbands, and caps while engaged in food
13
14
    preparation and service.
15
              F. An adult shall be responsible for the operation of
    the stand and shall supervise children working in the stand.
16
    4625.7801 SAFETY.
17
18
         Subpart 1. Electrical. Electrical service must comply
   with the Minnesota State Building Code Electrical Code, chapter
19
20
    1315. Electrical lines should not be located in or near water.
21
         Subp. 2. Carbon dioxide. Carbon dioxide and bottled gas
22
    cylinders must be secured by chains or other types of restraints.
         Subp. 3. Fire extinguishers. A fire extinguisher with a
23
24
   minimum 2A 10 B-C rating must be present if required by the fire
25
   marshal.
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26

27 REPEALER. Parts 4625.2400, 4625.2500, 4625.2600,
28 4625.2700, 4625.2800, 4625.2900, 4625.3000, 4625.3100,
29 4625.3200, 4625.3300, 4625.3400, 4625.3500, 4625.3600,
30 4625.3700, 4625.3800, 4625.3900, 4625.4000, 4625.4100,
31 4625.4200, 4625.4300, 4625.4400, 4625.4500, 4625.4600,
32 4625.4700, 4625.4800, and 4625.4900, are repealed.

Office of the Revisor of Statutes

Administrative Rules



TITLE: Proposed Permanent Rules Relating to Food and Beverage Establishments

AGENCY: Department of Health

MINNESOTA RULES: Chapter 4625

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:

Parts 4625.2401, subpart 24; 4625.3701, subpart 2, item C; and 4625.3801, subpart 6, items D and F.

National Sanitation Foundation Standard published by the National

Sanitation Foundation.

The attached rules are approved for publication in the State Register

Kathleen M. Traxler Assistant Revisor

Office of the Revisor of Statutes

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Assistant Revisor