Department of Natural Resources
Adopted Permanent Rules Relating to Wildlife
6200.0200 GAME AND FISH GENERAL PROVISIONS.
[For text of subs 1 to 5 , see M.R.]
Subj. 6. Incomplete or improperly completed applications; correction of agent errors.
A. Incomplete or improperly completed applications for licenses or permits may be rejected by the commissioner.
B. To correct for an error made by the department or a department agent in processing an application, the commissioner may:
(1) increase the quota of licenses or permits for a drawing to accommodate an applicant who could have been drawn if the error had not been made; or
(2) restore an applicant's preference rating to the level it would have been if the error had not been made.
[For text of subs 7 to 9, see M.R.]
6230.0200 SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT AREAS.
[For text of subs 1 and 2 , see M.R.]
Sup. 3. Areas closed to migratory waterfowl hunting. The Gordon F. Yeager Wildlife Management Area and the Eastside Wildlife Management Area in Olmsted County and the Carl Schmidt Wildlife Management Area in Morrison County are closed to the taking of migratory waterfowl. On the Gordon F. Yeager Wildlife Management Area, small game taken by firearms may only be taken with shotguns using No. 4 or smaller diameter shot.
$\qquad$ CeN
[For text of subp 4, see M.R.]
Subp. 5. Areas closed to hunting and trapping. The Boerner Wildiffe Management Area in Sibley County, the Buelow Wildife Management Area in Steele County, the Bryson Wildiife Management Area in Freeborn County, the Chapa-Kak-Say-Za Wildife Management Area in Steele County, and the Hutchinson Wildife Management Area in McLeod County are closed to the hunting and trapping of all species. The Sand Prairie Wildife Management Area in Sherburne County is closed to the hunting and trapping of all species, except hunting by individuals with disabilities participating in a special hunt.

Subp. 6. Areas closed to hunting only. The Hearding Island Wildife Management Area in St. Louis County, the Pine City Wildife Management Area in Pine County, and the Carl and Verna Schmidt and Bur Oak Wildife Management Areas in LeSueur County are closed to the hunting of all species.
[For text of subps 7 to ll, see M.R.]
Subp. 12. Sanctuary areas open to hunting. The following sanctuary areas of wildlife management areas posted with "Wilalife Sanctuary Do Not Trespass" signs are open for hunting as specified:
[For text of item $A$, see M.R.]
B. The Carlos Avery Wildife Management Area sanctuaries are open for:
(1) hunting by persons with disabilities at designated stands, by permit; and
[For text of subitem (2), see M.R.]
$\qquad$
6230.0250 GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR USE OF WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT AREAS.
[For text of subps 1 to 8, see M.R.]
Subp. 9. Use of motorboats. Motorboat use is prohibited within a wildlife management area, except where posted or as provided in this subpart. For purposes of this chapter, "motorboat" includes motorboats as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 86B.005, subdivision 9 , and duckboats with motors attached.
[For text of items A to J, see M.R.]
K. Chub Lake Wildife Management Area in Dakota County: motorboats may be used with no limit on size.

Subp. 10. General restrictions on vehicles.
A. A person may not operate an all-terrain vehicle, hang glider, air boat, hover craft, or personal watercraft defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 86 B .005 , within the boundaries of a wildlife management area. Exceptions for all-terrain vehicle use include:
(1) use during deer seasons as provided in part 6232.0300, subpart 7r item B;
(2) use by a hunter with a disability who has a permit approved by the area wildife manager under Minnesota Statutes, section 97A.137, subdivision 3;
(3) use for ice fishing as provided in item $C$; and
(4) use on designated trails as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 97A.133, subdivision 3.
$\qquad$

For purposes of this chapter, all-terrain vehicle means vehicles as defined in part 6232.0300, subpart 7, item C.
[For text of item $B$, see M.R.]
C. A person may use a motor vehicle, for ice fishing purposes only, on the following lakes, except where posted closed to motor vehicles:
[For text of subitems (1) to (6), see M.R.]
[For text of item D, see M.R.]
[For text of subps 11 to 23 , see M.R.]
6230.0400 SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR STATE GAME REFUGES.
[For text of subpart l, see M.R.]
Subp. 2. Bemidji Game Refuge, Beltrami County. The Bemidji Game Refuge in Beltrami County is open to:
A. small game hunting, except waterfowl, through the Thursday nearest November 4;
B. Canada goose hunting during the early goose season, except on Lake Bemidji, the Mississippi River, and Stump Lake;
C. trapping for beaver, mink, otter, and muskrat only; and
D. deer and bear hunting by archery;-and
\#:--deer-and-bear-hunting-by-fixearms.
[For text of subp 3, see M.R.]
Subp. 4. Claremont Game Refuge, Dodge County. The Claremont Game Refuge in Dodge County is open to:
A. small game hunting, except ducks and mergansers;
B. trapping;
$\qquad$
C. deer hunting by muzzleloader during the
muzzleloader season; and
D. deer and bear hunting by archery.

Subp. 5. Clay County Game Refuge, Clay County. The Clay County Game Refuge in Clay County is open to:
A. prairie chickens;
B. deer and bear hunting by firearms;
C. deer and bear hunting by archery; and
D. Canada goose hunting during the early goose season. [For text of subps 6 and 7, see M.R.]

Subp. 8. East Minnesota River Game Refuge, Blue Earth and Le Sueur Counties. The East Minnesota River Game Refuge in Blue Earth and Le Sueur Counties is open to deer, wild turkey, and bear hunting by archery.
[For text of subps 9 and 10 , see M.R.]
Subp. ll. Evansville Game Refuge, Douglas County. The Evansville Game Refuge in Douglas County is open to:
A. trapping;
B. Canada goose hunting during the early goose
season; and
C. deer and bear hunting by firearms.
[For text of subps 12 to 20 , see M.R.]
Subp. 21. Lac qui Parle Game Refuge, Chippewa and Lac qui Parle Counties. The following special provisions apply to the Lac qui Parle Game Refuge, Chippewa and Lac qui Parle Counties:
A. Those portions within the Lac qui Parle State Recreational Area, Mission Site, or that are posted to prohibit
$\qquad$
trespass are closed to hunting. The remainder of the refuge is open to:
(1) waterfowl hunting only during the open Canada goose season in the West Central Goose Zone, only at designated hunting stations as provided by parts 6230.0500 to 6230.1100;
(2) deer hunting; and
(3) small game hunting other than waterfowl, except from the first day of the open Canada goose season through the last day of the open Canada goose season in the West Central Goose Zone, when small game hunting is allowed only at designated hunting stations as provided by parts 6230.0500 to 6230.1100. Small game hunting is not allowed on closed Canada goose hunting days during a split goose season.
[For text of items $B$ to $D$, see M.R.]
Subp. 22. Lake Ripley Game Refuge, Meeker County. The Lake Ripley Game Refuge in Meeker County is open to:
A. small game hunting, except waterfowl, after the duck season; and
B. trapping after the duck season.
[For text of subps 23 to 28 , see M.R.]
Subp. 29. [See repealer.]
[For text of subp 30 , see M.R.]
Subp. 31. Nerstrand Woods Game Refuge, Rice County. That portion of the Nerstrand Woods Game Refuge in Rice County that is within the Nerstrand Big Woods State Park and the Prairie Creek Woods Scientific and Natural Area is open to deer hunting by muzzleloader special permit only. The remainder of the
$\qquad$

```
refuge is open to:
```

A. small game hunting, except waterfowl;
B. trapping;
C. deer and bear hunting by firearms; and
D. deer and bear hunting by archery. [For text of subps 32 to 53 , see M.R.]

Subp. 54. Mud-Bardwell Game Refuge, Martin County. The Mud-Bardwell Game Refuge in Martin County is open to special goose hunts.

Subp. 55. Collegeville (St. John's) Game Refuge, Stearns County. The Collegeville (St. John's) Game Refuge in Stearns County is open to firearms deer and bear hunting during the established seasons, by written permission of the landowner.

Subp. 56. Carleton Game Refuge, Dakota and Rice Counties. The Carleton Game Refuge in Dakota and Rice Counties is open for deer hunting by archery from the fourth Thursday in November to December 31, by written permission of the landowner.

Subp. 57. Talcot Lake Game Refuge, Cottonwood County. The following special provisions apply to the Talcot Lake Game Refuge, Cottonwood County.
A. Those portions within the Talcot Lake Game Refuge that are posted to prohibit trespassing are closed to hunting. The remainder of the refuge is open to waterfowl hunting during the open Canada goose seasons only at designated hunting stations as provided by parts 6230.0500 to 6230.1100 .
B. Designated hunting stations within the refuge must be spaced no less than 200 yards apart and must be no more than
$\qquad$

100 yards inside the refuge, as measured from the posted boundary.

Subp. 58. Clear Lake Game Refuge, Sherburne County. The Clear Lake Game Refuge in Sherburne County is open to:
A. deer hunting by firearms; and
B. deer hunting by archery.
6230.0600 DESCRIPTIONS OF CONTROLLED HUNTING ZONES.
[For text of subps 1 to 6 r see M.R.]
Subp. 7. Talcot Lake Zone, Cottonwood County. On the Talcot Lake Game Refuge and Sanctuary in Cottonwood County, the controlled hunting zones include the East Side Zone and the West Side Zone:
A. The East Side Zone is:
(1) the 200 yard wide area which is east of the west right-of-way boundary of that portion of County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 7, Cottonwood County, described as follows:

Beginning at the center of Section l7, Township 105 North, Range 38 West; thence south along CSAH 7 to State Trunk Highway (STH) 62; and
(2) the West Half of the East Half of Section 29, Township 105 North, Range 38 West, Cottonwood County.
[For text of item $B$, see M.R.]
[For text of subp 8 , see M.R.]
6230.0700 LAC QUI PARLE SPECIAL PROVISIONS.

Subpart l. Time periods for special provisions. In addition to the regulations provided by part 6230.0500, the following subparts apply to all persons in the Lac qui Parle
$\qquad$

Controlled Hunting Zones during the open season for taking Canada geese in the Lac qui Parle Goose Zone.

Subp. 2. Hunting stations. Waterfowl and small game hunters may reserve designated hunting stations in accordance with regulations available at the Lac qui Parle Wildlife Management Area headquarters. Reservation dates may not be changed. Only one hunting group, consisting of no more than three hunters, may occupy a designated hunting station at one time. Not more than six hunting groups per day may occupy a designated hunting station.

Subp. 3. Entry permit required. On public lands, a person may not hunt migratory waterfowl or small game in the controlled hunting zone without first registering at the check station and obtaining an entry permit. Entry permits must be displayed as specified on the permit. Hunters age 18 or older will be charged a $\$ 3$ daily fee for the Lac qui Parle entry permit. Failure to comply with the provisions of the permit or special provisions relating to the controlled hunt will result in immediate revocation of the permit for that day.
[For text of subps 4 to 7 r see M.R.]
6230.0800 THIEF LAKE SPECIAL PROVISIONS.

Subpart l. Time period for special provisions. In addition to the regulations provided by part 6230.0500, the following subparts apply to waterfowl and small game hunters in the Thief Lake Controlled Hunt Zone during all open waterfowl seasons, except that restrictions on small game hunting apply only from the opening of the regular waterfowl season through
$\qquad$
the Monday nearest October 22.
Subp. 2. Designated hunting station. Hunters must use designated hunting stations and on a first come first served basis. Hunters are limited to one trip to the hunting stations before noon and one trip after noon each day.

Subp. 3. [See repealer.]
Subp. 4. Firearms must be cased. All firearms must be cased except within ten feet of the designated hunting station.

Subp. 5. Limitation on number of shells possessed. Only persons hunting may bring shotgun shells into the controlled hunting zone. A hunter may not bring more than six shells per trip into the controlled hunting zone or have more than six shells in possession at any one time.

Subp. 6. Restrictions on occupancy of designated parking lots and hunting stations. A person may not park in or otherwise occupy any designated controlled hunting zone parking lot or occupy any hunting station from 10:00 p.m. to 5:00 a.m.

Subp. 7. Closed hunting stations. A person may not occupy or hunt from any hunting station that is posted closed.
6230.1000 ROSEAU RIVER AND ROCHESTER REGULATIONS.
[For text of subps 1 to 3, see M.R.]
Subp. 4. Firearms must be cased. All firearms must be cased except within ten feet of a hunting station.
6230.1100 TALCOT LAKE SPECIAL PROVISIONS.

Subpart l. Time period for special provisions. In addition to the general regulations, the following subparts
$\qquad$
apply to all persons in the Talcot Lake Controlled Hunting Zones during open Canada goose seasons.

Subp. 2. Hunting. In the Talcot Lake Controlled Hunting Zones, waterfowl hunting is allowed only at designated hunting stations. Hunting species other than waterfowl is prohibited on public land in the Talcot Lake Controlled Hunting Zones. [For text of subp 3, see M.R.]

Subp. 4. Designated hunting stations. Waterfowl hunters on public lands must hunt only at the designated hunting stations having numbers corresponding to their parking stall number.

Subp. 5. Restrictions on entry to zone. Persons may not occupy a hunting station on public land within the controlled hunting zone except when their vehicles are occupying numbered parking stalls in a designated parking lot in the controlled hunting zone. Persons other than those hunting at a designated hunting station may not occupy a numbered stall or park in a designated parking lot.
[For text of subp 6 , see M.R.]
Subp. 7. Firearms must be cased. All firearms must be cased except within ten feet of a hunting station.
6232.0200 DEFINITIONS.
[For text of subps 1 and 2 , see M.R.]
Subp. 3. [See repealer.]
[For text of subp 3a, see 27 SR 348]
Subp. 4. Bait. "Bait" means grains, fruits, vegetables, nuts, hay, or other food that is capable of attracting or
$\qquad$
[REVISOR ] CKM/DN AR3327
enticing deer and that has been transported and placed by a person. Liquid scents, salt, and minerals are not bait.

Subp. 4a. Deer permit area. "Deer permit area" means an area of the state consisting of one or more deer registration blocks. Deer permit areas open for taking legal bucks and antlerless deer during the regular firearms deer season are defined as follows:
A. "intensive deer permit area" means a deer permit area where taking deer of either sex is authorized by a regular firearms license, except a multizone buck license, and where multiple bonus permits are authorized;
B. "managed deer permit area" means a deer permit area where taking deer of either sex is authorized by a regular firearms license, except a multizone buck license, and where one bonus permit is authorized; and
C. "lottery deer permit area" means a deer permit area where taking legal bucks is authorized by a regular firearms license and taking antlerless deer is authorized by an either-sex permit.

Subp. 5. Bonus permit. "Bonus permit" means a license to take and tag deer by archery or firearms, in addition to deer authorized to be taken under regular archery or firearms licenses. It is available for one-half the cost of a regular resident or nonresident license and is valid immediately upon issuance, as long as the purchaser has a valid regular license. Deer taken and tagged with a bonus permit must be antlerless unless otherwise prescribed by the commissioner.
$\qquad$

Subp. 5a. [See repealer.]
[For text of subps 6 to 8, see M.R.]
Subp. 9. Regular licenses. "Regular firearms license" means a license valid for taking a deer by firearms in the regular firearms or muzzleloader season, except bonus permits. "Regular archery license" means a license valid for taking a deer by archery in the archery season, except bonus permits.
6232.0300 GENERAL RESTRICTIONS FOR TAKING DEER.

Subpart 1. Zone and date options. A firearm deer hunter may purchase a firearm license valid for the regular firearms deer season or muzzleloader season, a multizone buck license to take antlered deer in more than one zone, an all-season deer license, or a resident youth license. A hunter purchasing a resident youth license or a regular firearm license, including a hunter choosing a muzzleloader option, must select only one of the zone and date options listed on the license. For the regular firearm season, this choice will be printed on the license at the time of purchase. A person may only hunt deer by firearms within the zone and date options indicated on the person's firearm license.
[For text of subp 2 , see M.R.]
Subp. 3. Party hunting. A party is a group of two or more licensed deer hunters who are afield hunting together and are all using firearms or all using archery equipment. A member of a party may kill a deer for another member of the party who has an unused tag valid for that deer, except as provided by Minnesota Statutes, section 97B.301. A mixed-weapons group is
$\qquad$
considered two separate parties. Multizone buck licensees may party hunt with regular firearms licensees. Persons issued permits under Minnesota Statutes, section 97B.055, subdivision 3, who are hunting in a lottery deer permit area and do not have an either-sex permit may not tag antlerless deer for another member of the party.

Subp. 4. Baiting. A person may not hunt deer (1) with the aid or use of bait, (2) in the vicinity of bait if the person knows or has reason to know that bait is present, or (3) in the vicinity of where the person has placed bait or caused bait to be placed within the previous ten days. This restriction does not apply to food resulting from normal or accepted farming, forest management, wildlife food plantings, orchard management, or other similar land management activities.

Subp. 5. Tagging. The tag of the license valid for the taking of the deer must be affixed around the tendon or bone of a hind leg, around the base of an antler, or through a slit cut in either ear so that the tag cannot be readily removed.

Subp. 6. License purchase and validation.
A. A bonus permit may be purchased any time throughout the open deer seasons. Bonus permits are valid immediately upon purchase, as long as the purchaser has a valid regular license. When a regular license is purchased after the start of the season for that license, a bonus permit is not valid until the waiting period has expired for the regular license.
B. At the time a deer is tagged at the site of kill,
$\qquad$
the tag must be validated. Validation consists of using a knife or similar sharp object to cut out or a pen to indelibly mark the appropriate notches on the tag indicating:
(l) the month the deer was taken;
(2) the date the deer was taken; and
(3) the time of day the deer was taken.
[For text of subp 7, see M.R.]
Subp. 8. Bag limit. A person may not tag more than one deer during a license year by any method, except as authorized in items $A$ to $D$.
A. In Marshall, Kittson, Roseau, Lake of the Woods, and Pennington Counties, a person may tag one deer with a regular archery license and another with a regular firearms license, including the muzzleloader option or multizone buck license. Both deer must be taken and registered in this five-county area.
B. A person may tag a second, third, fourth, or fifth deer by archery, firearm, or muzzleloader with a bonus permit in specified areas as prescribed in this chapter.
C. In no case may a person tag more than five deer per year by firearms, archery, or both methods combined, except a sixth deer may be tagged if the person takes a deer with a free landowner permit.
D. Total bag limits by deer permit area are as follows:
(1) the total bag limit for lottery deer permit areas is one deer, except all-season license holders may take
$\qquad$
(2) the total bag limit for managed deer permit areas is two deer, except all-season license holders may take up to three deer. Archery, firearms, and muzzleloader hunters using bonus permits may not harvest antlerless deer in more than one managed deer permit area;
(3) the total bag limit for intensive deer permit areas is five deer; and
(4) in addition to the total bag limits under subitems (1) to (3), a person with a free landowner deer license may take one additional antlerless deer on land owned or leased by the person in managed and intensive deer permit areas.
[For text of subp 9, see M.R.]

### 6232.0400 REGISTRATION OF DEER.

[For text of subp 2, see M.R.]
Subp. 4. General provisions for registration of deer. The deer license number and the year for which the possession tag is issued must be recorded in the appropriate place on the possession tag in indelible ink. If a mistake is made in writing the license number, the agent must reissue a correct possession tag. Registration agents are not required to inspect deer at registration stations. Legally registered deer may be transported anytime during or after the deer hunting season. No part of the carcass, except skin or entrails, may be removed until after the possession tag has been affixed, except that deer may be quartered prior to registration as long as all parts remain together and are presented for registration and the head
$\qquad$
of the deer remains attached to one quarter. The possession tag must be affixed securely to the deer at any of the locations specified in part 6232.0300, subpart 5. A person may not process a deer unless it has been registered as evidenced by an attached possession tag.
6232.0500 DEER LICENSES FOR MILITARY PERSONNEL.

Military personnel and disabled veterans may obtain a license to hunt deer as authorized by Minnesota Statutes, sections 97A. 441 and 97A. 465, under the conditions in this part.
A. The free license, either-sex permit, and tag must be obtained from an electronic license system special agent or the Department of Natural Resources License Center.
B. The zone and the date option selected by the applicant shall be printed on the license.
C. The license entitles the holder to take a deer of either sex in the zone and during the date option selected. A license is not valid in the special areas provided in this chapter. Military or disabled veteran licensees are not eligible for free bonus permits, all-season deer licenses, or multizone buck licenses.
[For text of items $D$ to $G$, see M.R.]
6232.0600 SEASONS AND ZONES FOR TAKING DEER BY ARCHERY.
[For text of subpart l, see M.R.]
Subp. 2. Northeast Border Zone. The following provisions apply to the taking of deer by archery in the Northeast Border Zone:
$\qquad$
A. The open area consists of: Registration Blocks 116 and 127.
[For text of item $B$, see M.R.]
6232.0700 LEGAL DEER BY ARCHERY.

Antlerless deer and legal bucks may be taken by archery, except that archery hunters may not take antlerless deer in lottery deer permit areas that have no either-sex permit quota or in lottery deer permit areas that have a quota of youth antlerless permits for firearms deer hunters under part 6232.1800, subpart 9.
6232.0900 CAMP RIPLEY ARCHERY HUNT.
[For text of subpart 1 , see M.R.]
Subp. 2. Permit required to hunt. Only persons possessing a valid Minnesota archery or all-season deer hunting license, an unused possession tag valid for taking a deer by archery, and a permit validated for the Camp Ripley archery hunt will be permitted to enter Camp Ripley. Permits are not transferable between individuals or hunting dates. The permit for the Camp Ripley archery hunt authorizes the permit holder to take one deer at Camp Ripley, unless otherwise authorized by the commissioner. A permit holder may not take any species other than deer at Camp Ripley.
6232.1000 APPLICATION PROCESS FOR CAMP RIPLEY ARCHERY HUNT.

Subpart 1. Preference drawing. If the number of
applications for Camp Ripley archery hunt permits exceeds the quota in the annual hunting regulations, a preference drawing
$\qquad$
shall be used to select permit holders. A person may enter the preference drawing by supplying the person's driver's license number, official state identification number, or l3-digit firearms safety identification number on the application. Applicants establish a preference rating based on the number of times they have applied in previous years and have not obtained a permit. The preference rating increases each year the applicant applies unsuccessfully. Persons applying for the first time have no preference. Applicants receiving a permit lose their accrued preference.

Subp. 2. Group selection. Up to four persons may apply as a group. Either all members of a group will be selected or none will be selected. The preference rating of applicants who apply as a group is based on the individual in the group with the lowest preference. All group members must apply for the same time period.

Subp. 3. Application requirements. Applicants for permits must:
A. be at least 12 years of age prior to the third Thursday in October;
B. apply for only one of the hunting periods;
C. submit no more than one application per year;
D. apply by the Friday nearest August 17; and
E. pay a nonrefundable application fee as provided by statute.
6232.1100 SPECIAL RESTRICTIONS FOR CAMP RIPLEY ARCHERY HUNT. Subpart 1. Access to Camp Ripley. This subpart applies to
$\qquad$
access into Camp Ripley during the archery hunt.
A. Archers with valid permits must enter and leave Camp Ripley only by way of the southeast railroad gate and only from noon on the day before the hunt to 8:00 p.m. on the last day of the hunt.
[For text of items $B$ to $H$, see M.R.]
[For text of subps 2 to 4 , see M.R.]
Subp. 5. [See repealer.]
6232.1250 TAKING DEER BY ARCHERY UNDER BONUS PERMITS.

Subpart 1. Purchase. The purchase of a bonus permit is authorized for any person who has purchased a valid archery deer license for the current year. Bonus permits may be purchased from electronic license system agents, the Department of Natural Resources License Center, and other authorized agents.

Subp. 2. Restrictions. Bonus permits may be used to take antlerless deer in managed and intensive deer permit areas and in special hunt areas prescribed by the commissioner. In managed deer permit areas, one bonus permit may be used to take an antlerless deer. In intensive deer permit areas and special hunt areas, up to four bonus permits may be used to take antlerless deer.
6232.1300 SEASONS FOR TAKING DEER BY FIREARMS.

Subpart 1. Zone 1. Legal bucks may be taken in Zone 1 for a l6-day period beginning the Saturday nearest November 6. In managed or intensive deer permit areas, antlerless deer may be taken throughout this season. In lottery deer permit areas and
$\qquad$
in special hunt areas, antlerless deer may be taken only by permit throughout this season and only within the deer permit or special hunt area specified on each hunter's permit, except as specifically authorized by statute. A person who is authorized by statute to take a deer of either sex without an either-sex permit and who is licensed for Zone 1 may take an antlerless deer without a permit in any Zone 1 deer permit area, except in those lottery deer permit areas where no either-sex permits are offered.

Subp. 2. Zone 2. Legal bucks may be taken in Zone 2 for a nine-day period beginning the Saturday nearest November 6 . In managed or intensive deer permit areas, antlerless deer may be taken throughout this season. In lottery deer permit areas and in special hunt areas, antlerless deer may be taken only by permit throughout this season and only within the deer permit or special hunt area specified on each hunter's permit, except as specifically authorized by statute. A person who is authorized by statute to take a deer of either sex without an either-sex permit and who is licensed for Zone 2 may take an antlerless deer without a permit in any Zone 2 deer permit area, except in those lottery deer permit areas where no either-sex permits are offered.

Subp. 3. Zone 3. This subpart applies to season dates in Zone 3.
A. Legal bucks may be taken in the early Zone $3 A$ season for a seven-day period beginning the Saturday nearest November 6. In managed or intensive deer permit areas,
$\qquad$
antlerless deer may be taken throughout this season. In lottery deer permit areas and in special hunt areas, antlerless deer may be taken only by permit throughout this season and only within the deer permit or special hunt area specified on each hunter's permit, except as specifically authorized by statute. A person who is authorized by statute to take a deer of either sex without an either-sex permit and who is licensed for Zone 3A may take an antlerless deer without a permit in any Zone 3A deer permit area, except in those lottery deer permit areas where no either-sex permits are offered.
B. Legal bucks may be taken during the late Zone 3B season for a nine-day period beginning the Saturday nearest November 20. In managed or intensive deer permit areas, antlerless deer may be taken throughout this season. In lottery deer permit areas and in special hunt areas, antlerless deer may be taken only by permit throughout this season and only within the deer permit or special hunt area specified on each hunter's permit, except as specifically authorized by statute. A person who is authorized by statute to take a deer of either sex without an either-sex permit and who is licensed for Zone 3B may take an antlerless deer without a permit in any Zone 3B deer permit area, except in those lottery deer permit areas where no either-sex permits are offered.

Subp. 4. Zone 4. This subpart applies to season dates in Zone 4.
A. Legal bucks may be taken in the early Zone 4A season for a two-day period beginning the Saturday nearest
$\qquad$

November 6. In managed or intensive deer permit areas, antlerless deer may be taken throughout this season. In lottery deer permit areas and in special hunt areas, antlerless deer may be taken only by permit throughout this season and only within the deer permit or special hunt area specified on each hunter's permit, except as specifically authorized by statute. A person who is authorized by statute to take a deer of either sex without an either-sex permit and who is licensed for zone 4A may take an antlerless deer without a permit in any Zone 4A deer permit area, except in those lottery deer permit areas where no either-sex permits are offered.
B. Legal bucks may be taken in the late Zone 4B season for a four-day period beginning the Saturday nearest November 13. In managed or intensive deer permit areas, antlerless deer may be taken throughout this season. In lottery deer permit areas and in special hunt areas, antlerless deer may be taken only by permit throughout this season and only within the deer permit or special hunt area specified on each hunter's permit, except as specifically authorized by statute. A person who is authorized by statute to take a deer of either sex without an either-sex permit and who is licensed for Zone 4B may take an antlerless deer without a permit in any zone 4B deer permit area, except in those lottery deer permit areas where no either-sex permits are offered.

Subp. 5. Taking antlerless deer on firearms licenses. The provisions for taking antlerless deer in this part apply to the use of a regular firearms, all-season, or youth deer license
$\qquad$
tag. In addition, antlerless deer may be taken and tagged with bonus permits as prescribed in parts 6232.1900 and 6232.1950.

Subp. 6. Permit quota adjustments. The commissioner may reduce either-sex and special hunt permit quotas for permit areas wholly or partially within the 1837 Ceded Territory at the time the computerized drawing is conducted to accommodate tribal declarations for antlerless deer harvest in the 1837 Ceded Territory in compliance with Mille Lacs Band of Chippewa v. Minnesota, 119 S. Ct. 1187 (1999).
6232.1400 ZONE DESCRIPTIONS.

Subpart l. Zone l. Zone 1 is that portion of the state lying within the following described boundary:

Beginning on State Trunk Highway (STH) 72 at the northern boundary of the state; thence along STH 72 to the Tamarac River, Beltrami County; thence along the southerly shore of the Tamarac River to Upper Red Lake; thence along the easterly and southerly shores of Upper Red Lake to the easterly boundary of the Red Lake Indian Reservation; thence along the easterly boundary of said reservation to STH 1; thence along STH 1 to $\operatorname{STH} 72$; thence along STH 72 to U.S. Highway 71; thence along U.S. Highway 71 to County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 39, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 39 to CSAH 20, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 20 to the junction with CSAH 27, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 27 to CSAH 12, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 12 to CSAH 27, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 27 to CSAH 8, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 8 to CSAH 25, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 25 to CSAH 4, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 4 to CSAH 46, Hubbard County; thence along CSAH 46 to U.S. Highway 2; thence along U.S Highway 2 to CSAH 45, Hubbard County; thence along CSAH 45 to CSAH 9, Hubbard County; thence along CSAH 9 to CSAH 69, Cass County; thence along CSAH 69 to CSAH 5, Hubbard County; thence along CSAH 5 to CSAH 39, Hubbard County; thence along CSAH 39 to County Road (CR) 94, Hubbard County; thence along CR 94 to CSAH 31, Hubbard County; thence along CSAH 31 to STH 200; thence along STH 200 to STH 371; thence along STH 371 to STH 84; thence along STH 84 to CSAH 2, Cass County; thence along CSAH 2 to CSAH 1, Crow Wing County; thence along CSAH 1 to STH 6; thence along STH 6 to STH 18; thence along STH 18 to U.S. Highway
$\qquad$

169; thence due east from said junction to the west shore of Mille Lacs Lake; thence along the westerly and southerly shores of said lake to a point due north of the junction of U.S. Highway 169 and STH 27; thence due south to said junction; thence along U.S. Highway 169 to STH 23; thence along STH 23 to STH 65; thence along STH 65 to STH 70; thence along STH 70 to the east boundary of the state; thence along the easterly and northerly boundaries of the state to the point of beginning.

Subp. 2. Zone 2. Zone 2 is that portion of the state
lying within the following described boundary:
Beginning on State Trunk Highway (STH) 72 at the northern boundary of the state; thence along STH 72 to the Tamarac River, Beltrami County; thence along the southerly shore of the Tamarac River to Upper Red Lake; thence along the easterly and southerly shores of Upper Red Lake to the easterly boundary of the Red Lake Indian Reservation; thence along the easterly boundary of said reservation to STH 1; thence along STH 1 to STH 72; thence along STH 72 to U.S. Highway 7l; thence along U.S. Highway 71 to County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 39, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 39 to CSAH 20, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 20 to CSAH 27, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 27 to CSAH 12, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 12 to CSAH 27, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 27 to CSAH 8, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 8 to CSAH 25, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 25 to CSAH 4, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 4 to CSAH 46 , Hubbard County; thence along CSAH 46 to U.S. Highway 2; thence along U.S. Highway 2 to CSAH 45, Hubbard County; thence along CSAH 45 to CSAH 9, Hubbard County; thence along CSAH 9 to CSAH 69, Cass County; thence along CSAH 69 to the junction of CSAH 5, Hubbard County; thence along CSAH 5 to CSAH 39, Hubbard County; thence along CSAH 39 to County Road (CR) 94, Hubbard County; thence along CR 94 to CSAH 31, Hubbard County; thence along CSAH 31 to STH 200; thence along STH 200 to STH 371; thence along STH 371 to STH 84; thence along STH 84 to CSAH 2, Cass County; thence along CSAH 2 to CSAH l, Crow Wing County; thence along CSAH 1 to STH 6 ; thence along STH 6 to STH 18; thence along STH 18 to U.S. Highway 169; thence due east from said junction to the west shore of Mille Lacs Lake; thence along the westerly and southerly shores of said lake to a point due north of the junction of u.s. Highway 169 and STH 27; thence due south to said junction; thence along U.S. Highway 169 to STH 23; thence along STH 23 to STH 65; thence along STH 65 to STH 70 ; thence along STH 70 to the eastern boundary of the state; thence along the easterly boundary of the state to the junction of the St. Croix and Mississippi Rivers; thence along the easterly bank of the Mississippi River to U.S. Highway 10; thence along U.S. Highway 10 to U.S. Highway 7l; thence along U.S.
$\qquad$

Highway 71 to STH 87; thence along STH 87 to U.S. Highway 59; thence along U.S. Highway 59 to the southern boundary of the White Earth Indian Reservation; thence along the southern, western, and northern boundaries of said reservation to STH 59; thence along $\operatorname{STH} 59$ to the northern boundary of the state to the point of beginning.

Subp. 3. Zone 3. Zone 3 is that portion of the state
lying within the following described boundary:
Beginning at the junction of the Mississippi River and the mouth of the Crow River, Wright County; thence along the easterly bank of the Crow River to the mouth of the South Fork of the Crow River; thence along the easterly bank of the South Fork of the Crow River to State Trunk Highway (STH) 25; thence along STH 25 to the Minnesota River; thence along the easterly bank of the Minnesota River to STH 19; thence along STH 19 to U.S. Highway 52; thence along U.S. Highway 52 to STH 57; thence along STH 57 to U.S. Highway 14; thence along U.S. Highway 14 to County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 13, Dodge County; thence along CSAH 13 to STH 30; thence along STH 30 to U.S. Highway 63; thence along U.S. Highway 63 to the south boundary of the state; thence along the southerly and easterly boundaries of the state to the junction of the St. Croix and Mississippi Rivers; thence along the easterly bank of the Mississippi River to the point of beginning.

Subp. 4. Zone 4. Zone 4 is that portion of the state
lying within the following described boundary:
Beginning on U.S. Highway 59 at the north boundary of the state; thence along U.S. Highway 59 to the north boundary of the White Earth Indian Reservation; thence along the north, west, and south boundaries of said reservation to U.S. Highway 59; thence along U.S. Highway 59 to U.S. Highway 10; thence along U.S. Highway 10 to State Trunk Highway (STH) 87; thence along STH 87 to U.S. Highway 71; thence along U.S. Highway 71 to U.S. Highway 10 ; thence along U.S. Highway 10 to the easterly bank of the Mississippi River; thence along the easterly bank of the Mississippi River to the mouth of the Crow River, Wright County; thence along the easterly bank of the Crow River to the mouth of the South Fork of the Crow River; thence along the easterly bank of the South Fork of the Crow River to STH 25; thence along STH 25 to the Minnesota River; thence along the easterly bank of the Minnesota River to STH 19; thence along STH 19 to U.S. Highway 52; thence along U.S. Highway 52 to STH 57; thence along STH 57 to U.S. Highway 14; thence along U.S. Highway 14 to County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 13, Dodge County; thence along CSAH 13 to STH 30; thence along STH 30 to U.S. along STH 23 to STH 95;
$\qquad$
thence along STH 95 to U.S. Highway 8; thence along U.S. Highway 8 to the eastern boundary of the state; thence along the east, south, west, and north boundaries of the state to the point of beginning.
6232.1600 SPECIAL HUNT PROCEDURES.

Subpart 1. Deer license and permit required for special hunt permit area. Before applying to hunt in a special hunt permit area, a person must purchase a deer hunting license. A firearms deer license validated for the proper zone and time period and a permit valid for that area is required to hunt deer in firearms special hunt areas. Special hunt permit applications must be made at an electronic license system agent or the Department of Natural Resources License Center.

Subp. 2. Application process. Applications for all firearms special hunt permits must be made according to this subpart and according to application instructions provided by the commissioner.
A. Each person must apply at an electronic license system agent or the Department of Natural Resources License Center. A person may not apply more than once for a hunt, whether as an individual or as a member of a group.
B. Up to four persons desiring to hunt as a group may apply together. Group applications will either all be selected or none selected.
C. The preference rating of applicants who apply as a group will be based on the individual in the group with the lowest preference.

> D. The application deadline is the first Thursday
$\qquad$
following Labor Day.
E. If the number of applications for permits in any area exceeds the quota determined by the commissioner, a preference drawing will be held to determine who will be issued permits as provided by part 6232.1800.
[For text of subps 3 to 5, see M.R.]
6232.1750 DEER PERMIT AREA DESIGNATION.

The commissioner shall annually designate all deer permit areas as intensive, managed, or lottery and shall establish permit quotas for taking deer of either sex in lottery deer permit areas.
6232.1800 EITHER-SEX PERMITS AND PREFERENCE DRAWINGS.

Subpart l. Procedures for applying for an either-sex permit. Residents and nonresidents are eligible for either-sex permits. A person may not apply for an either-sex deer permit without first purchasing a firearms or all-season deer license. The application may be made for only one of the deer permit areas described in this part, and must be for the zone and dates on the applicant's deer license. A person may not submit more than one application for an either-sex permit. A person may apply for an either-sex permit or a special hunt permit, but not both.

The application deadline is the first Thursday following Labor Day.

Subp. 2. Preference drawings for either-sex permits in lottery deer permit areas and special hunt area permits. If the
$\qquad$
number of applications for either-sex permits in a lottery deer permit area or for permits in a special hunt area exceeds the quota set forth in the annual hunting regulations, a preference drawing will be used to select permit holders. Persons 12 years of age or older may enter the preference drawing by supplying their driver's license number, official state of Minnesota Identification Number, or 13-digit Firearms Safety Identification Number on the application, except that resident hunters under age 16 on the Saturday nearest November 6 may not apply for either-sex permits. All applicants who have reached their l8th birthday by the first Thursday following Labor Day must provide one of these three numbers to qualify. Applicants under 18 years of age who do not submit one of these numbers will be assigned a number and will be entered into the preference drawing. Applicants establish a preference rating based upon the number of times they have applied in previous years and have not obtained an either-sex or special hunt area permit. The preference rating will increase each year the applicant applies unsuccessfully for either an either-sex or special hunt area permit. Persons applying for the first time have no preference. Applicants receiving either-sex or special hunt area permits lose their accrued preference.

Subp. 3. Deer permit areas. Deer permit areas are comprised of registration blocks of the same number.
6232.1950 TAKING DEER BY FIREARMS UNDER BONUS PERMITS.

Subpart l. Purchase. The purchase of a bonus permit is authorized for any person who has purchased and presents a
$\qquad$

08/16/05
[REVISOR ] CKM/DN AR3327
regular firearms deer license for the current year. Bonus permits may be purchased for one-half the cost of a regular license from electronic license system agents, the Department of Natural Resources License Center, and other authorized agents.

Subp. 2. Restrictions. Bonus permits may be used to take antlerless deer by firearms during the regular firearms and muzzleloader seasons as follows:
A. for the regular firearms season, hunters must have a regular firearms license valid for the appropriate zone and time option, except the muzzleloader option, to take deer under a bonus permit in the respective zone and time period for which the license is valid. One bonus permit may be used to take an antlerless deer in one managed deer permit area as prescribed in part 6232.1750. Up to four bonus permits may be used to take antlerless deer in intensive deer permit areas as prescribed in part 6232.1750 and in special hunt areas as prescribed in part 6232.1600; and
B. for the muzzleloader season, one bonus permit may be used to take an antlerless deer in one managed deer permit area as prescribed in part 6232.1750. Up to four bonus permits may be used to take antlerless deer in intensive deer permit areas as prescribed in part 6232.1750 and in special hunt areas prescribed by the commissioner.
6232.2000 MULTIZONE BUCK LICENSE.
[For text of subpart 1, see M.R.]
Subp. 2. Antlerless deer and special hunts. Multizone buck license holders may not apply for lottery either-sex
$\qquad$
permits or special hunt area permits. Multizone buck licensees may purchase and use bonus permits to take antlerless deer in managed and intensive deer permit areas or special hunt areas prescribed by the commissioner. Bonus permits for multizone buck hunters are valid during any open firearms zone or time period, except the late Zone $3 B$ and the muzzleloader seasons. Multizone buck licensees may not take antlerless deer under Minnesota Statutes, section 97B.055, subdivision 3, or 97B.301, subdivision 6.
6232.2050 ALL-SEASON DEER LICENSE.

Subpart 1. Season and open area.
A. An all-season deer license allows a hunter to take and tag one legal buck and one antlerless deer per year. All-season deer license holders may hunt deer in any of the following seasons, according to all rules and laws for methods of taking in each respective season and zone:
(1) the archery deer season;
(2) the muzzleloader deer season; and
(3) the regular firearms season during any open firearms zone and time period, except the Zone $3 B$ season.
B. In lottery deer permit areas, all-season deer hunters must apply for and receive authorization to take and tag an antlerless deer by firearms.
C. In managed or intensive deer permit areas, all-season deer hunters may take and tag an antlerless deer with the antlerless tag accompanying the license.
D. A person who is authorized by statute to take an
$\qquad$
antlerless deer without an either-sex permit and who purchases an all-season deer license may take antlerless deer during the firearms season as authorized in part 6232.1300.

Subp. 2. Bonus permits. All-season deer license holders may use one bonus permit in a managed deer permit area and may use up to three bonus permits in intensive deer permit areas, as prescribed in part 6232.1750.
6232.2100 MUZZLELOADER SEASON AND AREAS.
[For text of subpart 1 , see M.R.]
Subp. 2. Open zone. The muzzleloader season is open statewide, except that the following deer permit areas are closed: permit areas $116,126,127,203,224$, and 287.
[For text of subp 3, see M.R.]
6232. 2550 YOUTH SPECIAL DEER HUNTS.

Subpart 1. General requirements. Youth special deer hunt permittees may hunt in open areas and times designated by the commissioner. All participating youths must attend a mandatory orientation and must be accompanied by at least one adult mentor who is at least 18 years of age and authorized by the youth's parent or guardian. The accompanying adult may not hunt. Party hunting is not allowed. Persons participating in youth archery special deer hunts must obtain a valid license for taking deer by archery by the beginning date of the respective hunt. Persons participating in youth firearms special deer hunts must obtain a license for taking deer by firearms, valid for any zone or season option, by the beginning date of the respective hunt.
$\qquad$

The blaze orange requirements in Minnesota Statutes, section 97B.07l, paragraph (a), apply to all hunters and trappers, and all adult mentors of youth hunters, in areas open to youth firearms deer hunting during the open hunting dates established in this part.

Subp. 2. Application requirements. Applications for youth special hunts must be made according to this part and according to application instructions provided by the commissioner. Applicants for youth firearms special hunts must be at least 12 years old and under age 16 by the beginning hunt date. Applicants for youth archery special hunts must be at least 12 years old and under age 18 by the beginning hunt date. Each person must apply at an electronic license system agent or the Department of Natural Resources License Center. Group applications are not allowed. If the number of eligible applicants exceeds the quota established by the commissioner, the commissioner shall conduct a drawing to determine eligible participants. Preference for the youth special hunt drawing is given to applicants based on the number of years they have correctly applied for a youth special hunt permit but have been unsuccessful. Upon issuance of a youth special hunt permit, all accumulated preference is lost. The application deadline is the Friday nearest August 17.
6232.2560 YOUTH SPECIAL DEER SEASONS.

Youths participating in youth special deer seasons must obtain a license for taking deer by firearms, valid for any zone or season option, by the beginning date of the special season.
$\qquad$

A youth special season participant may take one deer, which must be antlerless. One bonus permit may be used. An adult mentor age 18 or older authorized by the youth's parent or guardian must accompany the youth hunter at all times during the hunt. The accompanying adult may not hunt. Party hunting is not allowed. The blaze orange requirements in Minnesota Statutes, section 97B.071, paragraph (a), apply to all hunters and trappers, and all adult mentors of youth hunters, in the areas open to firearms deer hunting during the youth special seasons established in this part.
6232.2900 BEAR PERMIT PROCEDURES.
[For text of subpart 1 , see M.R.]
Subp. 2. Drawings. Drawings will be conducted by the department to determine those eligible to purchase a bear license within the bear quota areas. Preference in the drawings will be given to applicants based upon the number of times they have correctly applied for a license in a quota area in previous years but have not been selected. Upon issuance of a quota area license, all accumulated preference will be lost. Obtaining a no-quota bear license will have no effect upon eligibility or preference in the drawings. In quota areas with fewer applicants than available licenses, the remaining available licenses may be first offered to unsuccessful applicants for other quota areas on a first-come, first-served basis. To obtain a remaining available license, an eligible person must apply individually and in person at an electronic license system agent location or individually through the ELS-Internet or
$\qquad$

ELS-Telephone system. Any remaining available licenses not purchased by unsuccessful applicants may then be issued to any eligible person as prescribed by the commissioner on a first-come, first-served basis. Individuals who purchase these remaining available licenses will retain their accumulated preference.

Subp. 3. Required identification number, eligibility. A person whose big game hunting privileges are not suspended and, if born after December 31 , 1979, has successfully completed a firearms safety course approved by the commissioner prior to the opening day of the bear season, is eligible to purchase a bear license for the no-quota area or to enter a drawing for a permit area license. All applicants who will have reached their l8th birthday by September 1 must provide a driver's license number, a Minnesota identification card number issued by the Department of Public Safety, or a l3-digit Firearms Safety Certificate number. Eligible applicants under this age who do not submit one of these numbers will be assigned a number and entered into the preference drawing.
[For text of subps 4 to 7, see M.R.]
6232.3800 APPLICATION PROCEDURES FOR A MOOSE LICENSE.

Subpart l. General procedures. The provisions in this part apply to applications for moose licenses.
A. A person may apply for only one of the open zones.
B. A person may apply only once and must apply in a party of two, three, or four. All party members must apply for the same zone.
$\qquad$
[For text of item $C$, see M.R.]
D. Twenty percent of the moose licenses to be issued each year are available in a separate selection for individuals who have applied at least ten times for a moose license and who have never received a license. If the 20 percent of licenses exceeds the number of eligible applicants, the remaining permits shall be made available in the regular drawing. Evidence of unsuccessful application for purposes of this drawing is the application history database retained by the commissioner.
E. Applications for all drawings must be made in accordance with instructions.
F. The application deadline is the Friday nearest June 15.
G. An application fee, as prescribed in Minnesota Statutes, section 97A.431, subdivision 3 , must accompany each party's application. Any check returned to the department for nonpayment invalidates the application and will be destroyed. Refunds of application fees may not be made for any reason.
H. Successful applicants will receive instructions for obtaining their licenses.

Subp. 2. [See repealer.]
6232.4100 MOOSE ZONES.
[For text of subps 1 to 18 , see M.R.]
Subp. 19. Moose Zone 20. Moose Zone 20 consists of that portion of the state lying within the following described boundary:

Beginning at the campground on Kawishiwi Lake; thence in a
$\qquad$
southerly direction along Forest Road 354 to Hog Creek; thence downstream in a southwesterly direction along Hog Creek to Perent Lake; thence in a westerly direction through the center of Perent Lake to the outlet of the Perent River; thence in a westerly direction along the Perent River to Isabella Lake; thence in a westerly direction along the south shore of Isabella Lake to the Isabella River; thence in a westerly direction along the Isabella River to Bald Eagle Lake; thence in a northwesterly direction through the center of Bald Eagle, Gabbro and Little Gabbro Lakes to the westernmost outlet of Little Gabbro Lake; thence downstream in a northerly direction to the South Kawishiwi River; thence in a northeasterly direction along the South Kawishiwi River to the Kawishiwi River; thence in an easterly direction along the Kawishiwi River to County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 18 (Fernberg Road), Lake County; thence in a northerly direction along CSAH 18 to Forest Trail 147 (Kekekabic Trail); thence in a northeasterly direction along Forest Trail 147 to intersection of Forest Trail 147 and portage to an unnamed lake in Section 29 of Township 64 North, Range 7 West; thence southeast along said portage to an unnamed lake; thence across middle of unnamed lake to portage to Thomas Lake; thence southeast across said portage to Thomas Lake; thence south along the west shore of Thomas Lake to portage to Kiana Lake; thence south across said portage to Kiana Lake; thence south along east shore of Kiana Lake to portage to Insula Lake; thence south on portage to Insula Lake; thence south on Insula Lake (east shore) then east (north shore) to the Kawishiwi River portage; thence southeast on said portage to Kawishiwi River; thence southeast (west shore) and then northeast (south shore) including a small segment of the south shore of Alice Lake and two (2) portages back to the Kawishiwi River in Section 22 of Township 63 North, Range 7 West; thence northeast on Kawishiwi River along west shore to portage to River Lake; thence northeast across said portage to River Lake; thence northeast on River Lake (west shore) to drainage in Southeast Quarter of Section 14 of Township
63 North, Range 7 West; thence easterly along south shore of said drainage to Record Lake; thence northeast on west shore of Record Lake to northeast corner of lake; thence overland approximately 1300 feet at a northeast bearing to south shore of Malberg Lake; thence northeast then south along south shore of Malberg Lake; thence through Koma Lake, and along the Kawishiwi River to Lake Polly; thence in a southwesterly direction through the center of Lake Polly to the Kawishiwi River; thence upstream in a southerly direction along the Kawishiwi River, through Kawasachong and Square Lakes to Kawishiwi Lake; thence in a southeasterly direction through the center of Kawishiwi Lake to the point of beginning.
[For text of subps 20 to 24 , see M.R.]

Subp. 24a. Moose Zone 26. Moose Zone 26 consists of that portion of the state lying within the following described
boundary:
Beginning where the Horse River meets the Canadian border near the southeastern tip of Crooked Lake; thence southwesterly along the Horse River to Horse Lake; thence along the east shore of Horse Lake to the portage to Tin Can Mike Lake; thence along the portage and streams connecting Tin Can Mike, Sandpit, and Range Lakes to the access trail on the south shore of Range Lake; thence southerly along the access trail to the Range Lake access road; thence along the Range Lake access road to Forest Road (FR) 1036; thence along FR 1036 to FR 459; thence along FR 459 to County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 116 (Echo Trail), St. Louis County; thence along CSAH 116 to CSAH 88, St. Louis County; thence along CSAH 88 to State Trunk Highway (STH) 169; thence along STH 169 to CSAH 58, St. Louis County; thence along CSAH 58 to CSAH 16, Lake County (Section Thirty Road); thence along CSAH 16 to the public access on Farm Lake; thence along the east shore of Farm Lake to the North Kawishiwi River; thence easterly along the North Kawishiwi River to the public access on Lake One and the junction with CSAH 18, Lake County (Fernberg Road); thence along CSAH 18 to the former access point for Forest Trail (FT) 147 (Kekekabic Trail); thence northeasterly along the Kekekabic Trail to the Snowbank Trail junction; thence northerly on the Snowbank Trail (paralleling the east shore of Parent Lake) to the Parent Lake-Disappointment Lake portage; thence easterly on said portage to Disappointment Lake; thence northwesterly on portage to Snowbank Lake; thence northerly along shoreline of Snowbank Lake to Boot Lake portage; thence easterly on Boot Lake portage to Boot Lake; thence following the west shore of Boot Lake to Ensign Lake portage; thence northerly on said portage to Ensign Lake; thence westerly along south shore of Ensign Lake to Splash Lake portage; thence west on Splash Lake portage to Splash Lake; thence along south shore of Splash Lake to Newfound Lake portage; thence along portage to Newfound Lake; thence follow the north shore of bay (Newfound L.) into Sucker Lake; thence follow southeast shoreline and north shoreline of Sucker Lake to the Canada-United States international boundary; thence follow said border westerly to Prairie Portage; thence along portage (U.S. side of falls) to Basswood Lake; thence westerly along the United States-Canada international boundary to point of origin.
[For text of subps 24 b to 29 c , see M.R.]
Subp. 30. Moose Zone 60. Moose Zone 60 consists of that
$\qquad$

1 portion of the state lying within the following described

## boundary:

Beginning at McFarland Lake north of Hovland; thence in a westerly direction to Pine Lake; thence in a westerly direction through Pine Lake to the range line between Range
2 East and Range 3 East; thence in a southerly direction along said range line across land and the waters of Long Lake and Stump Lake to Fault Lake; thence in a westerly direction through all streams and swamps connecting Fault, Bronco, Shelf, Kiowa, Crocodile, and East Bearskin Lakes; thence northeasterly across East Bearskin Lake to the portage trail to Flour Lake; thence in a northerly direction across said portage trail to Flour Lake; thence along the eastern shore of Flour Lake to the stream to Moon Lake; thence along said stream to Moon Lake; thence along the western shore of Moon Lake to the northwest corner of Moon Lake; thence overland in a northwesterly direction approximately 1,000 feet to Deer Lake; thence in a northerly direction across Deer Lake to the portage trail to Caribou Lake; thence in a northerly direction along said portage trail to Caribou Lake; thence along the western shore of Caribou Lake to the portage trail to Clearwater Lake; thence in a westerly direction across the portage trail to Clearwater Lake; thence in a westerly direction through Clearwater Lake to the western end of the lake; thence overland in a westerly direction approximately 100 yards (crossing CSAH 66, Cook County) to an unnumbered road bed leading to Daniels Lake; thence in a westerly direction along said road bed to Daniels Lake; thence in a westerly direction along the south shore of Daniels Lake to the portage trail to West Bearskin Lake; thence in a southerly direction across said portage trail to West Bearskin Lake; thence in a westerly direction along the north shore of West Bearskin Lake to the portage trail to Duncan Lake; thence in a northwesterly direction across said portage trail to Duncan Lake; thence in a westerly direction along the south shore of Duncan Lake to a stream connecting to East Otter Lake; thence along said stream in a westerly direction to East Otter Lake; thence in a westerly direction through East Otter Lake and a stream to Hoat Lake; thence in a northwesterly direction through Hoat Lake to the stream to Mucker Lake; thence northeasterly through said stream to Mucker Lake; thence in a northerly direction across Mucker Lake to the outlet stream which drains into South Lake; thence in a southerly direction through said stream to South Lake; thence in a northerly direction to the United States-Canada international boundary; thence in an easterly direction along said boundary through South, Rat, Rose, Rove, Watap, Mountain, Fan, Lily, Moose, and North Fowl Lakes to Royal River; thence in a westerly direction along Royal River to John Lake; thence in a westerly direction along the south shore of John Lake to
the outlet of Little John Lake; thence in a southerly direction through Little John Lake to McFarland Lake, the point of beginning.
[For text of subps 31 and 32 , see M.R.]
Subp. 33. Moose Zone 63. Moose Zone 63 consists of that
portion of the state lying within the following described
boundary:
Beginning at the point where the cook and Lake county boundaries meet the United States-Canada international boundary; thence in a southwesterly direction along the U.S.-Canada international boundary through Swamp and part. of Cypress Lakes to the Gijikiki Lake portage in Section 32 of Township 66 North, Range 6 West; proceed south along said portage to Gijikiki Lake; thence south along west shore of said lake to portage to Rivalry Lake; thence south along said portage to Rivalry Lake; thence south on Rivalry Lake to portage to Lake of the Clouds; thence south along the east shoreline of Lake of the Clouds to Lunar Lake portage; thence follow the west and south shorelines of Lunar Lake to the Cherry Lake portage; thence south on said portage to Cherry Lake; thence northeast along shore of Cherry Lake to Hanson Lake portage; thence south along west shoreline of Hanson Lake to portage to South Arm of Knife Lake; thence south on portage to South Arm of Knife Lake; thence follow the east and south shores of the South Arm of Knife Lake to the Eddy Lake portage; take said portage south to Eddy Lake; thence follow north shore of lake southeasterly to Jenny Lake portage; thence take said portage south to Jenny Lake; thence follow the west and south shorelines of Jenny Lake to Annie Lake portage; thence take said portage south to Annie Lake; thence follow north shore of Annie Lake to Ogishkemuncie portage; thence follow south shoreline of Ogishkemuncie Lake; thence follow south shoreline of Ogishkemuncie Lake to Mueller Lake portage; thence follow portage southeast to Mueller Lake; thence follow north shore of Mueller Lake to the east end of lake then proceed west along the south shore a very short distance to the Agamok portage; thence follow said portage south to Agamok Lake; thence follow the north and east shorelines of said lake to portage to Gabimichigami Lake; thence follow said portage south to Gabimichigami Lake; thence follow west and south shorelines of said lake to Rattle Lake portage; thence follow said portage south to Rattle Lake; thence follow said portage south to Little Saganaga Lake; thence follow west and south shoreline of Little Saganaga Lake to portage to Mora Lake; thence along the southern and eastern shores of Mora Lake to the stream to Tarry Lake; thence in a northerly direction along said stream to Tarry Lake; thence along the eastern shore of
Tarry Lake to the stream to Crooked Lake; thence in a
northerly direction along said stream to Crooked Lake;
thence along the eastern shore of Crooked Lake to the
stream to Gillis Lake; thence in a northwesterly direction
along said stream to Gillis Lake; thence along the southern
and eastern shores of Gillis Lake to the portage trail to
Bat Lake; thence in a northerly direction along said
portage trail to Bat Lake; thence in a northeasterly
direction, and along all portage trails, through Bat and
Green Lakes to Flying Lake; thence in a northerly
direction, and along all streams, through Flying,
Bingshack, and Honker Lakes to the center of the north
shore of Honker Lake; thence overland for approximately 0.3
miles in a northerly direction to a swamp flowing northerly
to Squat Lake; thence in a northerly direction through said
swamp to Squat Lake; thence in a northeasterly direction
through Squat Lake to the outlet to the unnamed lake in the
Northeast Quarter of Section 19 of Township 65 North, Range
4 West; thence in a northerly direction along said outlet
to said unnamed lake; thence in a northerly direction
through said unnamed lake and along all streams and ponds
to the north shore of an unnamed pond in the Northwest
Quarter of the Southwest Quarter of Section 18 of Township
65 North, Range 4 West; thence overland for approximately
200 feet in a northerly direction to Arc Lake; thence in a
northeasterly direction to the northern end of Arc Lake;
thence overland for approximately 0.3 miles in a northerly
direction to an unnamed stream to Sea Gull Lake; thence in
a northerly direction along said stream to the southeastern
shore of Sea Gull Lake; thence along the southeastern,
eastern, and northeastern shores of Sea Gull Lake to Gull
Lake; thence in a northerly direction through Gull Lake and
along the Sea Gull River to Saganaga Lake; thence along the
east shore of Saganaga Lake to Saganaga Falls in Section 4
of Township 66 North, Range 4 West; thence easterly to the
United States-Canada international boundary; thence in a
southwesterly direction along the international boundary
through Saganaga and Swamp Lakes to the point of beginning.

Subp. 33a. Moose Zone 64. Moose Zone 64 consists of that
portion of the state lying within the following described
boundary:
Beginning at the junction of the Forest Trail (FT) 147 (Kekekabic Trail) and the Snowbank Trail (just south of Parent Lake); thence northerly on the Snowbank Trail (paralleling the east shore of Parent Lake) to the Parent Lake-Disappointment Lake portage; thence easterly on said portage to Disappointment Lake; thence northwesterly on portage to Snowbank Lake; thence northerly along shoreline of Snowbank Lake to Boot Lake portage; thence easterly on Boot Lake portage to Boot Lake; thence following the west
shore of Boot Lake to Ensign Lake portage; thence northerly on said portage to Ensign Lake; thence westerly along south shore of Ensign Lake to Splash Lake portage; thence west on Splash Lake portage to Splash Lake; thence along south shore of Splash Lake to Newfound Lake portage; thence along portage to Newfound Lake; thence follow the north shore of bay (Newfound L.) into Sucker Lake; thence follow southeast shoreline and north shoreline of Sucker Lake to the United States-Canada international boundary; thence follow said border westerly to Prairie portage; thence along the United States-Canada international boundary in a northeasterly direction to the Gijikiki Lake portage on Cypress Lake; thence south along portage to Gijikiki Lake; thence south along west shore of said lake to portage to Rivalry Lake; thence south along said portage to Rivalry Lake; thence south on south shore of Rivalry Lake to portage to Lake of the Clouds; thence east on said portage to Lake of the Clouds; thence south along the east shoreline of Lake of the Clouds to Lunar Lake portage; thence follow the west and south shorelines of Lunar Lake to the Cherry Lake portage; thence south on said portage to Cherry Lake; thence northeast along shore of Cherry Lake to Hanson Lake portage; thence east across said portage to Hanson Lake; thence south along west shoreline of Hanson Lake to portage to South Arm of Knife Lake; thence south on portage to South Arm of Knife Lake; thence follow the east and south shores of the South Arm of Knife Lake to the Eddy Lake portage; take said portage south to Eddy Lake; thence follow north shore of Eddy Lake southeasterly to Jenny Lake portage; thence take said portage south to Jenny Lake; thence follow the west and south shorelines of Jenny Lake to Annie Lake portage; thence take said portage south to Annie Lake; thence follow north shore of Annie Lake to Ogishkemuncie portage; thence follow south shoreline of Ogishkemuncie Lake to Mueller Lake portage; thence follow portage southeast to Mueller Lake; thence follow north shore of Mueller Lake to the east end of lake then proceed west along the south shore a very short distance to the Agamok portage; thence follow said portage south to Agamok Lake; thence follow the north and east shorelines of said lake to portage to Gabimichigami Lake; thence follow said portage south to Gabimichigami Lake; thence follow west and south shorelines of said lake to Rattle Lake portage; thence follow said portage south to Rattle Lake; thence follow northwest and south shoreline of Rattle Lake to portage to Little Saganaga Lake; thence follow said portage south to Little Saganaga Lake; thence follow west and south shoreline of Little Saganaga Lake to portage to Mora Lake; thence follow said portage to Mora Lake; thence southeasterly along the west shore of Mora Lake to drainage to Time Lake; thence in a southeasterly direction follow along all streams and portages through Time, Whipped, Fente, and Afton Lakes to Frost River; thence southeast on Frost River approximately $1 / 4$ mile; thence southwest
overland approximately $1 / 8$ mile to a chain of small lakes; follow these small lakes south to Caper Lake; thence overland in a southwesterly direction to Florence Lake; thence south on west shoreline of Florence Lake to the drainage into Chuck Lake; thence follow the south shoreline of Chuck Lake; thence follow south shore of all drainages in a northwesterly direction to Hub Lake; thence follow south shoreline of Hub Lake to Mesaba Lake portage; thence follow said portage south to Mesaba Lake; thence follow west and north shoreline of Mesaba Lake to Chaser Lake portage; thence northwest overland and all waters for approximately 0.8 of a mile to eastern side of Lawless Lake; then northwesterly and westerly along the north shore of said lake to Teat Lake; thence westerly along the north shore of Teat Lake to an unnamed flowage; thence westerly on said flowage for approximately 0.3 miles; thence northwesterly overland approximately $1 / 4$ mile to an unnamed pond in the Northwest Quarter of Section 32 of Township 64 North, Range 5 West; thence northwesterly approximately 700 feet overland to an unnamed lake in the Northeast Quarter of Section 31 of Township 64 North, Range 5 West; thence westerly following an unnamed drainage to another unnamed drainage; thence southerly along said drainage to where drainage turns sharply to west; thence westerly along said drainage across the southern one-half of the north one-half of Section 31 of Township 64 North, Range 5 West; continuing westerly to source of drainage (small pond) in Section 36 of Township 64 North, Range 6 West; thence westerly overland approximately 100 feet to south end of John Ek Lake; thence through John Ek Lake in a north and westerly bearing along west and south shorelines to drainage to Kivandeba Lake; thence west on said drainage to Kivandeba Lake; then southwest through Kivandeba Lake along southeast shore to drainage to Kivaniva Lake; thence south and west on said drainage to Kivaniva Lake; thence south a short distance on east shore of said lake to Kawishiwi River portage; thence south on said portage to Kawishiwi River; thence southwesterly along the south shore of the Kawishiwi River to portage to Kawishiwi River in the Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter of Section 6 of Township 63 North, Range 6 West; thence south on said portage; thence southwesterly along the south shore of the Kawishiwi River; thence south into the bay in the Northwest Quarter of Section 7 of Township 63 North, Range 6 West; thence south along drainage to Record Lake; thence southwest on west shore of Record Lake to the unnamed drainage in the middle of Section 18 of Township 63 North, Range 6 West; thence west on said drainage following the south shore of all unnamed lakes, drainages, and lowlands through part of Section 18 of Township 63 North, Range 6 West; all of Section 13 of Township 63 North, Range 7 West; and part of Section 14 of Township 63 North, Range 7 West into River Lake; thence southwest on River Lake (west shore) to portage in southwest corner of lake; thence
southwest along said portage to Kawishiwi River; thence southwesterly along the northwest shore to portage to Kawishiwi River in Section 22 of Township 63 North, Range 7 West; thence southwest along said portage to Kawishiwi River; thence west and northwest along south shore of Kawishiwi River including two (2) short portages and a small segment of the south shore of Alice Lake to Insula Lake; thence along the north shore of Insula Lake in a westerly then northerly direction (east shore) to the portage to Kiana Lake; thence north on said portage to Kiana Lake; thence north along east shore of Kiana Lake to portage to Thomas Lake; thence north on said portage to Thomas Lake; thence north along the west shore of Thomas Lake to portage to unnamed lake in Section 29 of Township 64 North, Range 7 West; thence northwest on said portage to unnamed lake; thence northwest across middle of unnamed lake to portage to Hatchet Lake drainage; thence across said portage to intersection of portage and the Kekekabic Trail (Forest Trail 147); thence southwesterly along said trail to point of origin.
[For text of subps 34 to 37 , see M.R.]
Subp. 38. Moose Zone 74. Moose Zone 74 consists of that
portion of the state lying within the following described
boundary:
Beginning at the intersection of County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 12, Cook County, and Forest Road 146; thence in a northerly direction along CSAH 12 to the stream connecting Road Lake to Poplar Lake; thence in a westerly direction along said stream to Poplar Lake; thence in a westerly direction along the southern and western shores of Poplar Lake to the stream to Skipper Lake; thence in a westerly direction along said stream and other streams or swamps through Skipper, Little Rush, Rush, Banadad, Sebeka, Ross, Seal, George, Lower George, Rib, Cross Bay, and Snipe Lakes to the northwest corner of Snipe Lake; thence overland approximately 0.4 miles in a northwesterly direction to the northeast corner of Missing Link Lake; thence in a westerly direction along the northern shore of Missing Link Lake to the portage to Round Lake; thence in a northeasterly direction along said portage to Round Lake; thence in a northwesterly direction along the southwest shore of Round Lake to the flowage to West Round Lake; thence in a westerly direction across said flowage, along all streams, and through West Round, Edith, Brant, then in a northerly direction through Gotter, Flying, Bingshack, and Honker Lakes to the center of the north shore of Honker Lake; thence overland for approximately 0.3 miles in a northerly direction to a swamp flowing northerly to Squat Lake; thence in a northerly direction through said swamp to Squat

Lake; thence in a northeasterly direction through Squat Lake to the outlet to the unnamed lake in the Northeast Quarter of Section 19 of Township 65 North, Range 4 West (T. $65 \mathrm{~N}, \mathrm{R} .4 \mathrm{~W}$ ); thence in a northerly direction along said outlet to said unnamed lake; thence in a northerly direction through said unnamed lake and along all streams and ponds to the north shore of the unnamed pond in the Northwest Quarter of the Southwest Quarter of Section l8, T. $65 \mathrm{~N}, \mathrm{R} .4 \mathrm{~W}$; thence overland for approximately 200 feet in a northerly direction to Arc Lake; thence in a northeasterly direction to the northern end of Arc Lake; thence overland for approximately 0.3 miles in a northerly direction to an unnamed stream to Sea Gull Lake; thence in a northerly direction along said stream to the south shore of Sea Gull Lake; thence along the southeastern, eastern, and northeastern shores of Sea Gull Lake to Gull Lake; thence in a northerly direction through Gull Lake and along Sea Gull River to Saganaga Lake; thence along the east shore of Saganaga Lake to Saganaga Falls in section 4 of Township 66 North, Range 4 West; thence in an easterly direction to the United States-Canada international boundary; thence in easterly and southerly directions along the international boundary through Saganaga, Maraboeuf, Gneiss, Granite, Clove, Magnetic, Gunflint, Little Gunflint, North, and South Lakes to the point in South Lake north of the stream connecting to Mucker Lake; thence south to said stream; thence in a southerly direction through said stream to Mucker Lake; thence in a southerly direction across Mucker Lake to the stream connecting to Hoat Lake; thence in a southerly direction through said stream to Hoat Lake; thence southeasterly across Hoat Lake to a swamp and stream connecting to East Otter Lake; thence in an easterly direction through said swamp and stream to East Otter Lake; thence in an easterly direction across East Otter Lake to a stream connecting to Duncan Lake; thence in an easterly direction through said stream to Duncan Lake; thence in an easterly direction along the south shore of Duncan Lake to the portage to West Bearskin Lake; thence in a southeasterly direction across said portage to West Bearskin Lake; thence in an easterly direction along the north shore of West Bearskin Lake to the portage to Daniels Lake; thence in a northerly direction across said portage to Daniels Lake; thence in an easterly direction along the south shore of Daniels Lake to an unnumbered road bed in the Northwest Quarter of the Northwest Quarter of Section 35, T. $65 \mathrm{~N}, \mathrm{R}$. 1 W ; thence in an easterly direction along said unnumbered road bed to CSAH 66, Cook County; thence overland in an easterly direction across CSAH 66, Cook County, for approximately 100 yards to Clearwater Lake; thence in an easterly direction through Clearwater Lake to the portage to Caribou Lake; thence along the southwest shore of Caribou Lake to the portage to Deer Lake; thence in a southerly direction along said portage to Deer Lake; thence in a southwesterly direction to the south shore of

Deer Lake; thence in a southeasterly direction overland approximately 1,000 feet to Moon Lake; thence along the western shore of Moon Lake to the stream to Flour Lake; thence in a westerly direction along said stream to Flour Lake; thence along the eastern shore of Flour Lake to the portage trail to East Bearskin Lake; thence in a southerly direction along said portage to East Bearskin Lake; thence in a westerly direction through East Bearskin Lake to the public access and Forest Road 146; thence along Forest Road 146 to the point of beginning.
[For text of subps 39 to 44 , see M.R.]
6232.4700 REGISTRATION BLOCKS.
[For text of subpart 1 , see M.R.]
Subp. 2. Registration Block 104. Registration Block 104
consists of that portion of the state lying within the following described boundary:

Beginning on the north boundary of the state at State Trunk Highway (STH) 72; thence along the north boundary of the state to a point due north of the intersection of STH 11 and County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 1, Koochiching County; thence along CSAH 1 to CSAH 13, Koochiching County; thence along CSAH 13 to STH 6; thence along STH 6 to CSAH 14, Itasca County; thence along CSAH 14 to CSAH 29, Itasca County; thence along CSAH 29 to CSAH 26, Itasca County; thence along CSAH 26 to CSAH 31, Itasca County; thence along CSAH 31 to CSAH 26, Itasca County; thence along CSAH 26 to CSAH 26, Koochiching County; thence along CSAH 26 to STH 1; thence along STH 1 to CSAH 6, Koochiching County; thence along CSAH 6 to CSAH 25, Koochiching County; thence along CSAH 25 to U.S. Highway 71; thence along U.S. Highway 71 to CSAH 36, Koochiching County; thence along CSAH 36 to CSAH 36, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 36 to CSAH 34, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 34 to Beltrami County Road (CR) 104; thence along CR 104 to the east boundary of Red Lake Indian Reservation; thence along said boundary to the south shore of Upper Red Lake; thence along the south and east shores of said lake to the mouth of the Tamarac River; thence along the south shore of said river to STH 72; thence along STH 72 to the point of beginning.

Subp. 3. [See repealer.]
Subp. 4. [See repealer.]
Subp. 5. Registration Block 107. Registration Block 107
$\qquad$
consists of that portion of the state lying within the following described boundary:

Beginning on the north boundary of the state at a point due north of the junction of State Trunk Highway (STH) 11 and County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) l, Koochiching County; thence along the north boundary of the state to the west boundary of Voyageurs National Park; thence along the west boundary of the park to the public access to Lake Kabetogama at Gappa's Landing; thence along County Highway 523, St. Louis County, to CSAH 123, St. Louis County; thence along CSAH 123 to CSAH 122, St. Louis County; thence along CSAH 122 to U.S. Highway 53; thence along U.S. Highway 53 to STH 1; thence along STH 1 to STH 6; thence along STH 6 to CSAH 13, Koochiching County; thence along CSAH 13 to CSAH 1 , Koochiching County; thence along CSAH 1 to the point of beginning.

Subp. 6. [See repealer.]
Subp. 7. [See repealer.]
Subp. 8. Registration Block 110. Registration Block 110
consists of that portion of the state lying within the following
described boundary:
Beginning at the junction of State Trunk Highway (STH) 1 and STH 72; thence along STH 1 to the east boundary of the Red Lake Indian Reservation; thence along said boundary to Beltrami County Road (CR) 104; thence along CR 104 to County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 34, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 34 to CSAF 36, Koochiching County; thence along CSAH 36 to CSAH 36, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 36 to U.S. Highway 71; thence along U.S. Highway 71 to CSAH 25, Koochiching County; thence along CSAH 25 to CSAH 6, Koochiching County; thence along CSAH 6 to STH l; thence along STH 1 to U.S. Highway 71; thence along U.S. Highway 71 to STH 72; thence along STH 72 to the point of beginning.

Subp. 9. Registration Block ll5. Registration Block 115
consists of that portion of the state lying within the following
described boundary:
Beginning at the intersection of Voyageurs National Park and the northern boundary of the state; thence along the west boundary of the park to the public access to Lake Kabetogama at Gappa's Landing; thence along County Highway 523, St. Louis County, to County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) l23, St. Louis County; thence along CSAH 123 to CSAH 122,
$\qquad$

St. Louis County; thence along CSAH 122 to U.S. Highway 53; thence along U.S. Highway 53 to State Trunk Highway (STH) 1; thence easterly along STH 1 to CSAH 128, St. Louis County; thence along CSAH 128 to the north boundary of Bear Head Lake State Park; thence along the north, east, and south sides of said park to St . Louis County Road (CR) 360; thence along CR 360 to CSAH 2l, St. Louis County; thence along CSAH 21 to CSAH 70, St. Louis County; thence along CSAH 70 to CSAH ll2, St. Louis County; thence along CSAH 112 to St. Louis CR 623; thence along CR 623 to Forest Road (FR) 424; thence along FR 424 to STH l; thence along STH 1 to CSAH 88, St. Louis County; thence along CSAH 88 to CSAH 116, St. Louis County; thence along CSAH 116 to the Bass Lake portage; thence along said portage to Bass Lake; thence through Bass Lake and along the flowage to Low Lake; thence follow the Range River through Range Lake to Sandpit Lake; thence across the portage to Horse Lake, through Horse Lake; thence along the Horse River to the Basswood River on the Canadian border to the point of beginning. Subp. 10. Registration Block 116. Registration Block ll6
consists of that portion of the state lying within the following
described boundary:
Beginning at the intersection of the boundary of the Horse and Basswood Rivers on the north boundary of the state; thence along the Horse River to Horse Lake; thence through Horse Lake; thence across the portage to Sandpit Lake; thence to Range Lake; thence follow the Range River to Low Lake; thence along all flowages to Bass Lake; thence across Bass Lake to the portage to County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) ll6, St. Louis County; thence along CSAH 116 to CSAH 88, St. Louis County; thence along CSAH 88 to State Trunk Highway (STH) l; thence along STH 1 to Forest Road (FR) 377; thence along FR 377 to the boundary of the Boundary Waters Canoe Area Wilderness (BWCAW); thence along the BWCAW boundary to the North Brule River; thence easterly along the North Brule River to CSAH 12 (Gunflint Trail), Cook County; thence northerly along CSAH 12 (Gunflint Trail) to Trap Creek; thence northeasterly along Trap Creek to the BWCAW boundary; thence southeasterly along the BWCAW boundary to the north boundary of the state; thence along the north boundary of the state to the point of beginning.

Subp. 11. [See repealer.]
Subp. 12. [See repealer.]
Subp. 13. [See repealer.]
Subp. 14. [See repealer.]

Subp. 15. [See repealer.]
Subp. 16. Registration Block 122. Registration Block 122
consists of that portion of the state lying within the following described boundary:

Beginning at the intersection of State Trunk Highway (STH)
1 and County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 2, Lake County; thence southerly along CSAH 2 to the Duluth, Missabe and Iron Range Railroad (DM\&IR); thence southerly and westerly along the DM\&IR to St. Louis County Road (CR) 547 at
Brimson; thence westerly along CR 547 to CSAH 4, St. Louis
County; thence northerly along CSAH 4 to CSAH l6, St. Louis County; thence easterly along CSAH 16 to Forest Road (FR) 130 (Moose Line Road); thence along FR 130 (Moose Line Road) to CSAH 110; thence northerly and easterly to the DM\&IR; thence along the DM\&IR to the LTV/Erie Railroad; thence along the LTV/Erie Railroad to FR 424; thence along FR 424 to $S T H$ l; thence along $S T H 1$ southerly to the point of beginning.

Subp. 17. [See repealer.]
Subp. 18. [See repealer.]
Subp. 19. [See repealer.]
Subp. 20. Registration Block 126. Registration Block 126
consists of that portion of the state lying within the following described boundary:

Beginning at the intersection of the Erie Mining Company Railroad and County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 7, Lake County; thence along CSAH 7 to Forest Road (FR) 170; thence along FR 170 to CSAH 2, Cook County; thence along CSAH 2 to the Boundary Waters Canoe Area Wilderness (BWCAW) boundary; thence along the BWCAW boundary to the North Brule River; thence easterly along the North Brule River to CSAH 12 (Gunflint Trail), Cook County; thence northerly along CSAH 12 (Gunflint Trail) to Trap Creek; thence northeasterly along Trap Creek to the BWCAW boundary; thence southeasterly along the BWCAW boundary to the northern boundary of the state; thence along the northern boundary of the state to the shore of Lake Superior; thence along the shore of Lake Superior to the east shore of the Manitou River; thence along the east shore of the Manitou River to the Erie Mining Company Railroad; thence along the Erie Mining Company Railroad to the point of beginning.

Subp. 21. Registration Block 127. Registration Block 127
$\qquad$
consists of that portion of the state lying within the following described boundary:

Beginning at the intersection of State Trunk Highway (STH) 1 and County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 2, Lake County; thence along CSAH 2 to Lake County Road (CR) 15; thence along CR 15 to the Stony River Forest Road (FR); thence along the Stony River FR to FR 104; thence along FR 104 to the Erie Mining Company Railroad; thence along the Erie Mining Company Railroad to CSAH 7, Lake County; thence along CSAH 7 to FR 170; thence along FR 170 to CSAH 2, Cook County; thence along CSAH 2 to the Boundary Waters Canoe Area Wilderness (BWCAW) boundary; thence along said boundary to FR 377; thence along FR 377 to STH 1; thence along STH 1 to the point of beginning.

Subp. 22. [See repealer.]
Subp. 23. [See repealer.]
Subp. 24. [See repealer.]
Subp. 25. Registration Block 152. Registration Block 152 consists of public lands within that portion of the state posted as the Mille Lacs Wildife Area.

Subp. 26. Registration Block 154. Registration Block 154 consists of that portion of the state lying within the following described boundary:

Beginning at the intersection of State Trunk Highway (STH) 210 and STH 6 at Deerwood; thence along STH 6 to County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 1 , Crow Wing County; thence along CSAH 1 to CSAH 3, Aitkin County; thence along CSAH 3 to U.S. Highway 169; thence along U.S. Highway 169 to STH 210; thence along STH 210 to STH 65; thence along STH 65 to STH 18; thence along STH 18 to STH 47 ; thence due west to the east shore of Mille Lacs Lake; thence along the east shore of Mille Lacs Lake to a point on the shore of Mille Lacs Lake due east of the junction of U.S. Highway 169 and STH 18 at Garrison; thence due west to the junction of U.S. Highway 169 and STH 18; thence along STH 18 to STH 6; thence along STH 6 to the point of beginning.

Subp. 27. [See repealer.]
Subp. 28. Registration Block 156. Registration Block 156 consists of that portion of the state lying within the following
$\qquad$
described boundary:
Beginning at the intersection of State Trunk Highway (STH) 210 and STH 65; thence along STH 210 to Interstate Highway 35 (I-35); thence along I-35 to STH 23; thence along STH 23 to STH 18; thence along STH 18 to STH 65; thence along STH 65 to the point of beginning.

Subp. 29. Registration Block 157. Registration Block 157
consists of that portion of the state lying within the following
described boundary, except that part comprising Block 152:
Beginning on the east shore of Mille Lacs Lake at a point due west of the intersection of State Trunk Highway (STH) 47 and STH 18; thence due east to said intersection; thence along STH 18 to Interstate Highway 35 (I-35); thence along I-35 to STH 70; thence along STH 70 to STH 65; thence along STH 65 to STH 23; thence along STH 23 to U.S. Highway 169; thence along U.S. Highway 169 to a junction with County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 35, Mille Lacs County; thence from said junction due north to the shore of Mille Lacs Lake; thence along the east shore of Mille Lacs Lake to the point of beginning.

Subp. 30. [See repealer.]
[For text. of subp 31 , see M.R.]
Subp. 32. Registration Block 167. Registration Block 167 consists of that portion of the state lying within the following described boundary:

Beginning at the intersection of State Trunk Highway (STH)
1 and U.S. Highway 71; thence along U.S. Highway 71 to County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 39, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 39 to the north boundary of the Leech Lake Indian Reservation; thence along the north boundary of said reservation to CSAH 133, Itasca County; thence along CSAH 133 to STH 6; thence along STH 6 to CSAH 14, Itasca County; thence along CSAH 14 to CSAH 29, Itasca County; thence along CSAH 29 to CSAH 26, Itasca County; thence along CSAH 26 to CSAH 31, Itasca County; thence along CSAH 31 to CSAH 26, Itasca County; thence along CSAH 26 to CSAH 26, Koochiching County; thence along CSAH 26 to STH l; thence along STH 1 to the point of beginning.

Subp. 33. Registration Block 168. Registration Block 168
consists of that portion of the state lying within the following
$\qquad$
described boundary:
Beginning at the intersection of State Trunk Highway (STH)
1 and STH 65; thence along STH 65 to County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 56, Itasca County; thence along CSAH 56 to CSAH 8, Itasca County; thence along CSAH 8 to CSAH 7, Itasca County; thence along CSAH 7 to CSAH 59, Itasca County; thence along CSAH 59 to CSAH 49, Itasca County; thence along CSAH 49 to CSAH 60, Itasca County; thence along CSAH 60 to STH 38; thence along STH 38 to CSAH 19, Itasca County; thence along CSAH 19 to the east boundary of the Leech Lake Indian Reservation; thence along the east boundary of said reservation to CSAH 133, Itasca County; thence along CSAH 133 to STH 6; thence along STH 6 to STH l; thence along STH 1 to the point of beginning.
[For text of subp 33a, see 27 SR 348]
Subp. 34. [See repealer.]
Subp. 35. Registration Block 170. Registration Block 170
consists of that portion of the state lying within the following described boundary:

Beginning at the intersection of U.S. Highway 2 and State Trunk Highway (STH) 6 at Deer River; thence along STH 6 to County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 19, Itasca County; thence along CSAH 19 to CSAH 60, Itasca County; thence along CSAH 60 to CSAH 49, Itasca County; thence along CSAH 49 to CSAH 59, Itasca County; thence along CSAH 59 to CSAH 7, Itasca County; thence along CSAH 7 to CSAH 8, Itasca County; thence along CSAH 8 to CSAH 56 , Itasca County; thence along CSAH 56 to STH 65; thence along STH 65 to STH 200; thence along STH 200 to U.S. Highway 169; thence along U.S. Highway 169 to CSAH 3, Aitkin County; thence along CSAH 3 to CSAH 1, Crow Wing County; thence along CSAH 1 to STH 6; thence along STH 6 to STH 200; thence along STH 200 to the east boundary of the Leech Lake Indian Reservation; thence along said boundary to U.S. Highway 2 ; thence along U.S. Highway 2 to the point of beginning.

Subp. 36. [See repealer.]
[For text of subp 37 , see M.R.]
Subp. 38. [See repealer.]
Subp. 39. Registration Block 174. Registration Block 174
consists of that portion of the state lying within the following
described boundary:
$\qquad$

Beginning at the intersection of U.S. Highway 169 and State Trunk Highway (STH) 200; thence along STH 200 to STH 65; thence along STH 65 to U.S. Highway 2; thence along U.S. Highway 2 to STH 73; thence along STH 73 to STH 210; thence along STH 210 to U.S. Highway 169; thence along U.S. Highway 169 to the point of beginning.

Subp. 40. Registration Block 175. Registration Block 175
consists of that portion of the state lying within the following
described boundary:
Beginning at the intersection of State Trunk Highway (STH) 1 and STH 65; thence easterly along STH 1 to County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 128, St. Louis County; thence along CSAH 128 to the north boundary of Bear Head Lake State Park; thence along the north, east, and south sides of said park to St. Louis County Road (CR) 360; thence along CR 360 to CSAH 21, St. Louis County; thence along CSAH 21 to CSAH 70, St. Louis County; thence along CSAH 70 to CSAH 112, St. Louis County; thence along CSAH 112 to St. Louis CR 623; thence along CR 623 to the LTV/Erie Railroad; thence along the LTV/Erie Railroad to the Duluth, Missabe and Iron Range Railroad (DM\&IR); thence along the DM\&IR to CSAH llo, St. Louis County; thence along CSAH 110 to CSAH 100, St. Louis County; thence along CSAH 100 to CSAH 135, St. Louis County; thence westerly along CSAH 135 to STH 53; thence along STH 53 to STH 169; thence westerly along STH 169 to STH 65; thence northerly along STH 65 to the point of beginning.

Subp. 41. [See repealer.]
Subp. 42. [See repealer.]
Subp. 43. Registration Block 178. Registration Block 178
consists of that portion of the state lying within the following
described boundary:
Beginning at the intersection of State Trunk Highway (STH) 169 and STH 53 at Virginia; thence along STH 53 to County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 135, St. Louis County; thence easterly along CSAH 135 to CSAH 100, St. Louis County; thence along CSAH 100 to CSAH llo, St. Louis County; thence along CSAH 110 to Forest Road (FR) 130 (Moose Line Road); thence along FR 130 (Moose Line Road) to CSAH 16, St. Louis County; thence westerly along CSAH 16 to CSAH 4, St. Louis County; thence southerly along CSAH 4 to CSAH 49, St. Louis County; thence westerly along CSAH 49 to STH 53; thence southerly along STH 53 to CSAH 133, St. Louis County; thence along CSAH 133 to CSAH 25, Itasca County; thence
$\qquad$
along CSAH 25 to STH 2; thence along STH 2 to STH 65; thence northerly along STH 65 to $S T H$ 169; thence along $S T H$ 169 to the point of beginning.

Subp. 44. [See repealer.]
Subp. 45. Registration Block 180. Registration Block 180
consists of that portion of the state lying within the following
described boundary:
Beginning at the intersection of Interstate Highway 535 (I-535) and the east boundary of the state at Duluth; thence along I-535 to Interstate Highway 35 (I-35); thence along I-35 to Mesaba Avenue; thence along Mesaba Avenue to County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 194, St. Louis County; thence along CSAH 194 to CSAH 4, St. Louis County; thence along CSAH 4 to St. Louis County Road (CR) 547; thence along CR 547 to the Duluth, Missabe and Iron Range Railroad (DM\&IR); thence along the DM\&IR to CSAH 2, Lake County; thence along CSAH 2 to Lake CR 15; thence along CR 15 to the Stony River Forest Road (FR); thence along the Stony River FR to FR 104; thence along FR 104 to the Erie Mining Company Railroad; thence along the Erie Mining Company Railroad to the east bank of the Manitou River; thence along the east bank of the Manitou River to the shore of Lake Superior; thence due south to the east boundary of the state; thence along the east boundary of the state to the point of beginning.

Subp. 46. Registration Block 181. Registration Block 181
consists of that portion of the state lying within the following described boundary, except that portion known as the Fond du Lac Indian Reservation:

Beginning at the intersection of State Trunk Highway (STH) 73 and STH 210; thence along STH 73 to U.S. Highway 2; thence along U.S. Highway 2 to County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 25, Itasca County; thence along CSAH 25 to CSAH 133, St. Louis County; thence along CSAH 133 to U.S. Highway 53; thence along U.S. Highway 53 to CSAH 49, St. Louis County; thence along CSAH 49 to CSAH 4, St. Louis County; thence along CSAH 4 to CSAH 194, St. Louis County; thence along CSAH 194 to Mesaba Avenue; thence along Mesaba Avenue to Interstate Highway 35 (I-35); thence along I-35 to STH 210; thence along STH 210 to the point of beginning.

Subp. 47. [See repealer.]
Subp. 48. Registration Block 183. Registration Block 183.
$\qquad$
consists of that portion of the state lying within the following
described boundary:
Beginning at the intersection of Interstate Highway 35 (I-35) and Interstate Highway 535 (I-535); thence along I-535 to the east boundary of the state; thence along the east boundary of the state to County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 32, Pine County; thence along CSAH 32 to State Trunk Highway (STH) 23; thence along STH 23 to I-35; thence along I-35 to the point of beginning.

Subp. 49. [See repealer.]
Subp. 50. [See repealer.]
Subp. 51. [See repealer.]
Subp. 52. Registration Block 197. Registration Block 197
consists of that portion of the state lying within the following
described boundary:
Beginning at the intersection of the north boundary of the Leech Lake Indian Reservation and County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 39, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 39 to CSAH 20, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 20 to CSAH 27, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 27 to CSAH 12, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 12 to CSAH 27, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 27 to CSAH 8, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 8 to CSAH 25, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 25 to CSAH 4, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 4 to CSAH 46, Hubbard County; thence along CSAH 46 to U.S. Highway 2 ; thence along U.S. Highway 2 to CSAH 45, Hubbard County; thence along CSAH 45 to CSAH 9, Hubbard County; thence along CSAH 9 to CSAH 69, Cass County; thence along CSAH 69 to CSAH 5, Hubbard County; thence along CSAH 5 to CSAH 39, Hubbard County; thence along CSAH 39 to County Road (CR) 94, Hubbard County; thence along CR 94 to CSAH 31, Hubbard County; thence along CSAH 31 to State Trunk Highway (STH) 200; thence along STH 200 to U.S. Highway 371; thence along U.S. Highway 371 to the south boundary of the Leech Lake Indian Reservation; thence along the south and east boundaries of the reservation to the intersection with U.S. Highway 2; thence east along U.S. Highway 2 to the east boundary of the Leech Lake Indian Reservation; thence along the east and north boundaries of the reservation to the point of beginning.

Subp. 53. [See repealer.]
[For text of subps 54 to 58 , see M.R.]
$\qquad$

Subp. 59. Registration Block 205. Registration Block 205 consists of that portion of the state lying within the following described boundary:

Beginning at the intersection of State Trunk Highway (STH) 310 with the 49 th parallel of north latitude; thence east along the 49 th parallel of north latitude to the Ontario border (on Lake of the Woods); thence southeasterly along the north boundary of the state to the point due north of the junction of STH 72 and STH 11; thence due south to said junction; thence along STH 11 to County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 1 , Lake of the Woods County; thence along CSAH 1 to CSAH 3, Lake of the Woods County; thence along CSAH 3 to CSAH 2, Lake of the Woods County; thence along CSAH 2 to STH 11; thence along STH 11 to 670 Avenue, Roseau County; thence along 670 Avenue to the Tangnes Forest Road; thence along the Tangnes Forest Road to CSAH 5, Roseau County; thence along CSAH 5 to the Thompson Forest Road, Roseau County; thence along the Thompson Forest Road to the boundary of Hayes Lake State Park; thence along the boundary of Hayes Lake State Park to CSAH 18, Roseau County; thence along CSAH 18 to CSAH 9, Roseau County; thence along CSAH 9 to CSAH 2, Roseau County; thence along CSAH 2 to STH 89; thence along STH 89 to STH 310; thence along STH 310 to the point of beginning.
[For text of subps 60 to 64 , see M.R.]
Subp. 65. Registration Block 211. Registration Block 211
consists of that portion of the state lying within the following
described boundary:
Beginning at the intersection of State Trunk Highway (STH) 72 and STH 11; thence along STH 72 to the Tamarac River; thence along the south shore of the Tamarac River to Upper Red Lake; thence along the north shore of Upper Red Lake to the boundary of the Red Lake Indian Reservation; thence along the north boundary of the reservation to the west boundary of Beltrami County; thence due west to County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 54, Marshall County; thence north along CSAH 54 to CSAH 9, Roseau County; thence along CSAH 9 to CSAH 18, Roseau County; thence along CSAH 18 to the boundary of Hayes Lake State Park; thence along the boundary of Hayes Lake State Park to the Thompson Forest Road; thence along the Thompson Forest Road to CSAH 5, Roseau County; thence along CSAH 5 to the Tangnes Forest Road; thence along the Tangnes Forest Road to 670 Avenue; thence along 670 Avenue to STH ll; thence along STH 11 to CSAH 2, Lake of the Woods County; thence along CSAH 2 to CSAH 3, Lake of the Woods County; thence along CSAH 3 to
$\qquad$

CSAH 1, Lake of the Woods County; thence along CSAH 1 to STH 1l; thence along STH 11 to the point of beginning.

Subp. 66. [See repealer.]
[For text of subps 67 and 68, see M.R.]
Subp. 69. Registration Block 221. Registration Block 221
consists of that portion of the state lying within the following
described boundary:
Beginning at the intersection of State Trunk Highway (STH) 27 and County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 8, Morrison County; thence along CSAH 8 to CSAH 39, Morrison County; thence along CSAH 39 to CSAH 33, Morrison County; thence along CSAH 33 to CSAH 26, Morrison County; thence along CSAH 26 to CSAH 30, Morrison County; thence along CSAH 30 to CSAH 3, Benton County; thence along CSAH 3 to STH 25; thence along STH 25 to STH 95; thence along STH 95 to STH 23; thence along STH 23 to the Mississippi River; thence along the east shore of the Mississippi River to a point due west of the junction of CSAH 48, Morrison County, and STH 371; thence due east to said junction; thence along CSAH 48 to STH 25; thence along STH 25 to STH 27; thence along STH 27 to the point of beginning.

Subp. 70. Registration Block 222. Registration Block 222
consists of that portion of the state lying within the following
described boundary:
Beginning at the intersection of State Trunk Highway (STH) 27 and U.S. Highway 169; thence along U.S. Highway 169 to STH 95; thence along STH 95 to STH 25; thence along STH 25 to County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 3, Benton County; thence along CSAH 3 to CSAH 30, Morrison County; thence along CSAH 30 to CSAH 26, Morrison County; thence along CSAH 26 to CSAH 33, Morrison County; thence along CSAH 33 to CSAH 39, Morrison County; thence along CSAH 39 to CSAH 8, Morrison County; thence along CSAH 8 to STH 27; thence along STH 27 to the point of beginning.
[For text of subps 71 and 72 , see M.R.]
Subp. 73. Registration Block 225. Registration Block 225 consists of that portion of the state lying within the following described boundary:

Beginning at the intersection of State Trunk Highway (STH)
$\qquad$

> 23 and U.S. Highway 169 ; thence along STH 23 to the east boundary of the state; thence along the east boundary of the state to STH 95 ; thence along STH 95 to U.S. Highway l69; thence along U.S. Highway 169 to the point of beginning.
> Subp. 74 . [See repealer.]
> Subp. 75. Registration Block 227. Registration Block 227
consists of that portion of the state lying within the following
described boundary:
Beginning at the intersection of U.S. Highway 169 and State Trunk Highway (STH) 95; thence along STH 95 to Interstate Highway 35 (I-35); thence along I-35 to the north border of the Carlos Avery Wildife Management Area; thence along the north and west border of the Carlos Avery Wildlife Management Area to County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 18, Anoka County; thence along CSAH 18 to CSAH 58, Anoka County; thence along CSAH 58 to CSAH 9, Anoka County; thence along CSAH 9 to CSAH 22, Anoka County; thence along CSAH 22 to CSAH 12, Sherburne County; thence along CSAH 12 to U.S. Highway 169; thence along U.S. Highway 169 to the point of beginning.
[For text of subps 75a to 77, see M.R.]
Subp. 77a. Registration Block 242. Registration Block 242
consists of that portion of the state lying within the following described boundary:

Beginning at the intersection of State Trunk Highway (STH) 371 and STH 84; thence along STH 371 to County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 29, Crow Wing County; thence along CSAH 29 to the city limits of Lakeshore, Cass County; thence along the north, west, and south city limits of Lakeshore to County Road 107, Cass County; thence along County Road 107 to CSAH 15, Cass County; thence along CSAH 15 to CSAH 77, Cass County; thence along CSAH 77 to CSAH 18, Cass County; thence along CSAH 18 to STH 210; thence west along STH 210 to CSAH 36, Cass County; thence along CSAH 36 to the Crow Wing River; thence along the north shore of the Crow Wing River to its confluence with the Mississippi River; thence along the west shore of the Mississippi River to STH 2l0; thence along STH 210 to CSAH 3, Crow Wing County; thence along CSAH 3 to CSAH l, Crow Wing County; thence along CSAH 1 to CSAH 2, Cass County; thence along CSAH 2 to STH 84; thence along STH 84 to the point of beginning.

[^0]$\qquad$
consists of that portion of the state lying within the following
described boundary:
Beginning at the intersection of U.S. Highway 10 and U.S. Highway 71; thence along U.S. Highway 71 to County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 17, Wadena County; thence along CSAH 17 to CSAH 23, Wadena County; thence along CSAH 23 to CSAH 15, Wadena County; thence along CSAH 15 to the west bank of the Crow Wing River; thence along the west bank of the Crow Wing River to CSAH 34, Wadena County; thence along CSAH 34 to CSAH 83, Todd County; thence along CSAH 83 to U.S. Highway 10; thence along U.S. Highway 10 to the point of beginning.
[For text of subps 78 and 79, see M.R.]
Subp. 80. Registration Block 246. Registration Block 246
consists of that portion of the state lying within the following
described boundary:
Beginning at the intersection of U.S. Highway 71 and State Trunk Highway (STH) 87; thence along STH 87 to STH 371; thence along STH 371 to County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 29, Crow Wing County; thence along CSAH 29 to the city limits of Lakeshore, Cass County; thence along the north, west, and south city limits of Lakeshore to County Road 107, Cass County; thence along County Road 107 to CSAH 15, Cass County; thence along CSAH 15 to CSAH 77, Cass County; thence along CSAH 77 to CSAH 18, Cass County; thence along CSAH 18 to STH 210; thence along STH 210 to U.S. Highway 10; thence along U.S. Highway 10 to CSAH 83, Todd County; thence along CSAH 83 to CSAH 34, Wadena County; thence along CSAH 34 to the west bank of the Crow Wing River; thence along the west bank of the Crow Wing River to CSAH 15, Wadena County; thence along CSAH 15 to CSAH 23, Wadena County; thence along CSAH 23 to CSAH 17, Wadena County; thence along CSAH 17 to U.S. Highway 71; thence along U.S. Highway 71 to the point of beginning.

Subp. 81. Registration Block 247. Registration Block 247
consists of that portion of the state lying within the following
described boundary:
Beginning at the intersection of County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 1 and CSAH 3, Crow Wing County; thence along CSAH 3 to STH 25; thence along STH 25 to STH 18; thence along STH 18 to STH 6; thence along STH 6 to CSAH 1 , Crow Wing County; thence along CSAH 1 to the point of beginning.
$\qquad$
[For text of subp 82, see M.R.]
Subp. 83. Registration Block 249. Registration Block 249
consists of that portion of the state lying within the following described boundary:

Beginning at the intersection of the Mississippi River and State Trunk Highway (STH) 210 in Brainerd; thence along STH 210 to STH 25; thence along STH 25 to STH 18; thence along STH 18 to its junction with U.S. Highway 169; thence due east from said junction to the shore of Mille Lacs Lake; thence along the west, north, east, and south shore of Mille Lacs Lake to a point due north of the junction of U.S. Highway 169 and County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 35, Mille Lacs County; thence due south to said junction; thence along U.S. Highway 169 to STH 27; thence along STH 27 to STH 25; thence along STH 25 to CSAH 48, Morrison County; thence along CSAH 48 to a junction with STH 371; thence due west to the Mississippi River; thence along the west bank of the river to the point of beginning.
[For text of subp 84 , see M.R.]
Subp. 84a. Registration Block 283. Registration Block 283
consists of that portion of the state lying within the following
described boundary:
Beginning at the intersection of State Trunk Highway (STH) 1 and the east boundary of the Red Lake Indian Reservation; thence along STH 1 to STH 72; thence along STH 72 to County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 32, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 32 to CSAH 15, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 15 to the south boundary of the Red Lake Indian Reservation; thence along the south and east sides of the Red Lake Indian Reservation to the point of beginning.

Subp. 85. Registration Block 284. Registration Block 284
consists of that portion of the state lying within the following
described boundary:
Beginning at the intersection of U.S. Highway 2 and the line between Range 37 West and Range 38 West; thence south along said range line to State Trunk Highway (STH) 113; thence along STH 113 to the west boundary of Itasca State Park; thence along the west, north, and east boundaries of said park to STH 200; thence along STH 200 to County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 31, Hubbard County; thence along CSAH 31 to Hubbard County Road (CR) 94; thence along CR 94
$\qquad$
to CSAH 39, Hubbard County; thence along CSAH 39 to CSAH 5, Hubbard County; thence along CSAH 5 to CSAH 69, Cass County; thence along CSAH 69 to CSAH 9, Hubbard County; thence along CSAH 9 to CSAH 45, Hubbard County; thence along CSAH 45 to CSAH 46 , Hubbard County; thence along CSAH 46 to CSAH 4, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 4 to CSAH 25, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 25 to CSAH 8 , Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 8 to CSAH 27, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 27 to CSAH 12, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 12 to CSAH 27, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 27 to CSAH 20, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 20 to CSAH 39, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 39 to STH 72; thence along STH 72 to CSAH 32, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 32 to CSAH 15, Beltrami County; thence along CSAH 15 to the south boundary of the Red Lake Indian Reservation; thence along said reservation boundary to the Sandy River; thence along the Sandy River to CSAH 32 , Beltrami County; thence west to CSAH 4, Clearwater County; thence along CSAH 4 to CSAH 14, Clearwater County; thence along CSAH 14 to CSAH 23, Clearwater County; thence along CSAH 23 to U.S. Highway 2; thence along U.S. Highway 2 to the point of beginning.

Subp. 86. Registration Block 285. Registration Block 285
consists of that portion of the state lying within the following described boundary:

Beginning at the intersection of State Trunk Highway (STH) 92 and U.S. Highway 2; thence along STH 92 to County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 5, Clearwater County; thence along CSAH 5 to the south boundary of the Red Lake Indian Reservation; thence along the south boundary of said reservation to the Sandy River; thence along the Sandy River to CSAH 32, Beltrami County; thence west to CSAH 4 , Clearwater County; thence along CSAH 4 to CSAH 14 , Clearwater County; thence along CSAH 14 to CSAH 23, Clearwater County; thence along CSAH 23 to U.S. Highway 2; thence along U.S. Highway 2 to the point of beginning.

Subp. 87. [See repealer.]
[For text of subp 88, see M.R.]
Subp. 89. Registration Block 297. Registration Block 297
consists of that portion of the state lying within the following
described boundary:
Beginning on County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 3, Mahnomen County, at the north boundary of Mahnomen County; thence along CSAH 3 to State Trunk Highway (STH) ll3; thence along
$\qquad$

STH 113 to CSAH 13, Mahnomen County; thence along CSAH 13 to CSAH 21, Becker County; thence along CSAH 21 to STH 224; thence along STH 224 to CSAH 21, Becker County; thence along CSAH 21 to the south boundary of the White Earth Indian Reservation; thence along the south, west, and north boundaries of said reservation to the point of beginning.

Subp. 90. Registration Block 298. Registration Block 298
consists of that portion of the state lying within the following
described boundary:
Beginning on County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 3, Mahnomen County, at the north boundary of Mahnomen County; thence along CSAH 3 to State Trunk Highway (STH) 113; thence along STH 113 to CSAH 13, Mahnomen County; thence along CSAH 13 to CSAH 21, Becker County; thence along CSAH 21 to STH 224; thence along STH 224 to CSAH 23, Becker County; thence along CSAH 23 to the south boundary of the White Earth Indian Reservation; thence along said boundary to the west boundary of the Tamarac National Wildlife Refuge; thence along the west, north, and east boundaries of said refuge to the south boundary of the White Earth Indian Reservation; thence along the south and east boundaries of said reservation to STH 113; thence along STH 113 to the boundary line between Range 37 West and Range 38 West; thence along said range line to the north boundary of the White Earth Indian Reservation; thence along the north boundary of said reservation to the point of beginning.
[For text of subps 91 to 157, see M.R.]
6234.0300 TAKING SHARP-TAILED GROUSE.
[For text of subpart l, see M.R.]
Subp. 2. Open area. The open area to take sharp-tailed grouse is statewide except in that portion of the state lying within the following described boundary:

Beginning on U.S. Highway 2 at the west boundary of the state; thence along U.S. Highway 2 to U.S. Highway 71; thence northeast along U.S. Highway 71 to State Trunk Highway (STH) 1; thence east along STH 1 to STH 73; thence south along STH 73 to U.S. Highway 2; thence west on U.S. Highway 2 to STH 200; thence west on STH 200 to STH 6; thence south on STH 6 to STH 18; thence east on STH 18 to STH 65; thence south on STH 65 to STH 70; thence east on STH 70 to the east boundary of the state; thence along the east, south, and west boundary of the state to the point of
beginning.
In addition, a person with a valid prairie chicken license may take sharp-tailed grouse in an open prairie chicken permit area where the person is licensed to take prairie chickens during the time the license is valid. The taking of sharp-tailed grouse by a licensed prairie chicken hunter is subject to all other restrictions for taking sharp-tailed grouse and the person must meet small game hunting license requirements to take sharp-tailed grouse.
[For text of subp 3, see M.R.]
6234.0400 TAKING PHEASANTS.

Subpart 1. Open season. Only cock (male) pheasants may be taken by firearm or bow and arrow from the Saturday on or nearest October 13 to December 31 from 9:00 a.m. to sunset each day.
[For text of subps 2 and 3, see M.R.] 6234.0800 HUNTING BY FALCONRY.

Subpart l. Bag limits. A person may not take more than three small game animals per day in the aggregate or possess more than six small game animals in the aggregate, other than rabbits and squirrels. A person may take and possess the limits of rabbits and squirrels allowed under parts 6234.0600 and 6234.0700 .
[For text of subps 2 to 4, see M.R.]
6234.1200 TAKING RACCOON.

Subpart 1. Open season. Raccoons may be taken statewide
$\qquad$
with legal firearms, bow and arrow, and by trapping from 9:00 a.m. on the Saturday nearest October 22 to March 15.
[For text of subps 2 and 3 , see M.R.]
6234.1300 TAKING RED FOX AND GRAY FOX.

Subpart 1. Open season. Gray and red fox may be taken statewide with legal firearms, bow and arrow, and by trapping from 9:00 a.m. on the Saturday nearest October 22 to March 15. [For text of subps 2 and 4 , see M.R.]
6234.1400 TAKING BADGER AND OPOSSUM.

Subpart 1. Open season. Badgers and opossums may be taken statewide with legal firearms, bow and arrow, and by trapping from 9:00 a.m. on the Saturday nearest October 22 to March 15. [For text of subp 2 , see M.R.]
6234.1600 TAKING BOBCAT.

Subpart 1. Open season. Bobcats may be taken with legal firearms, bow and arrow, and by trapping from the first Saturday following Thanksgiving to the Sunday nearest January 6.
[For text of subps 2 to 4 , see M.R.]
6234.1700 TAKING FISHER AND PINE MARTEN.

Subpart 1. Open season. Fisher and pine marten may be taken by trapping from the first Saturday following Thanksgiving to the Sunday nearest December 12.

Subp. 2. Bag limits. The combined limit for fisher and pine marten is five per season, in aggregate. A person may not take more than five fisher and pine marten, combined, per season
$\qquad$
or possess more than five fisher and pine marten, combined, at a time, except that a person may possess additional pelts that the person lawfully took, tagged, and registered during previous seasons.

Subp. 3. Tagging. Pelts and skinned carcasses of fisher and pine marten are subject to the provisions of part 6234.2600.

Subp. 4. Open area. Fisher and pine marten may be taken only in that area of the state lying north of Interstate Highway 94 (I-94) beginning at the west boundary of the state; thence along I-94 to U.S. Highway 10; and thence along U.S. Highway 10 to the east boundary of the state.
6234.2000 TAKING OTTER.
[For text of subps 1 to 3, see M.R.]
Subp. 4. Tagging otter. Pelts are subject to the provisions of part 6234.2600.
6234.2100 SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR TAKING BEAVER AND OTTER.
[For text of subp l, see M.R.]
Subp. 2. Damage to beaver house or dam. A person may not damage a beaver house or dam, except as otherwise authorized by law or permit or by employees of the department in the performance of their official duties.
[For text of subps 3 to 6 , see M.R.]
6234.2300 GENERAL RESTRICTIONS ON USE OF SNARES.
[For text of subpart l, see M.R.]
Subp. 2. Snaring fox. Snares may be used for taking fox by permit issued by a conservation officer. Permits are
$\qquad$
effective during the regular fox trapping season and are valid until revoked.
[For text of subp 3, see M.R.]
6234.2400 SPECIAL RESTRICTIONS ON USE OF SNARES.
[For text of subpart l, see M.R.]
Subp. 2. Farmland Furbearer Zone restrictions. In the Farmland Furbearer zone, a person may use snares as follows:
A. from April 1 to November 30, a person may not set, place, or operate any snare except as a waterset;
B. from December 1 to March 31, a person may not set, place, or operate any snare on public lands, on road rights-of-way, or in fencelines along road rights-of-way, except as a waterset.
[For text of subps 3 to 10 , see M.R.]
6234.2600 PELT TAGGING AND REGISTRATION.

Subpart 1. [See repealer.]
Subp. 2. [See repealer.]
Subp. 3. Registration of pelts. The pelt of each bobcat, fisher, pine marten, and otter and the whole carcass of each bobcat must be presented, by the person taking it, to a state wildife manager designee for registration before the pelt is sold and before the pelt is transported out of the state, but in no event more than 48 hours after the season closes for each species, respectively. The entire carcass of bobcat and the entire head of pine marten must be surrendered to the state wildlife manager designee. The pelt of bobcat, otter, fisher,
$\qquad$
and pine marten must have been removed from the carcass.
[For text of subp 4, see M.R.]
Subp. 5. Requirement for tags and seals to remain affixed. Registration tags or seals must remain affixed to the raw pelt until the pelt is tanned or mounted.
6234.2800 PAYMENT OF PELTING FEES.

If a person recovers, treats, preserves, or transports the pelt of any fur-bearing animal that was accidentally killed, or lawfully killed while causing or threatening injury or damage, the person may be entitled to a pelting fee equal to 50 percent of the average value of a pelt in the lot of fur in which the pelt was sold or 50 percent of the proceeds of the sale of the pelt if not sold in a lot of fur, not to exceed $\$ 25$ per pelt. A pelting fee will not be paid on muskrats.
6236.0300 TURKEY HUNT DRAWING.

Subpart 1. License application drawings. Applications for all hunts must be made according to this part and according to application instructions provided by the commissioner. Each person must apply at an electronic license system agent or the Department of Natural Resources License Center. Drawings will be conducted by the department to determine persons who will be eligible to purchase licenses for each season. The drawings will be subject to the quotas established by the commissioner. Preference in the respective drawings is given to applicants based upon the number of times they have correctly applied for a license for that hunt but have been unsuccessful. A person
$\qquad$
selected by the drawings is eligible to purchase a license to hunt turkey. Upon issuance of a turkey license for the spring or fall season, all accumulated preference for that season is lost, except as provided in subpart 6.

Subp. 2. Participation in application drawings.
Applicants may complete an application for either the spring or fall turkey hunt or both. A person may not apply more than once for a hunt, whether as an individual or as a member of a group. Qualifying individuals may apply for the resident landowner-tenant turkey drawing. All of the information in items $A$ to $G$ must be supplied on the application forms.
[For text of items $A$ to $C$, see M.R.]
D. An applicant must select a first choice of wild turkey permit area and time period and may select a second choice of wild turkey permit area in specified time periods as authorized by the commissioner.
E. Up to four persons desiring to hunt together as a group may apply as a group. Group applications shall either all be selected or none selected. All group members must apply for the same wild turkey permit areas and time periods. The preference rating of applicants who apply as a group shall be determined by the individual in the group with the lowest preference. Group applications may be made up of all general or all landowner-tenant applications, but not both.
F. A person who applies as a landowner or tenant but does not meet the definition as provided by this part will be ineligible for that season's drawings.
$\qquad$
G. Application deadlines are as follows:
(1) spring season: the first Friday in December; and
(2) fall season: the last Friday in July.

Subp. 3. Landowner-tenant drawing. A landowner-tenant license application drawing will be held subject to the restrictions in items $A$ to $F$.
A. An applicant must meet all eligibility requirements and must provide a complete and accurate description of the qualifying land.
B. An applicant must be a landowner, tenant, or a member of the landowner's or tenant's immediate family. Family members include those related by blood, marriage, or adoption.
C. For each wild turkey permit area and time period, no more than 20 percent of the successful participants will be drawn from the special landowner-tenant applications.
D. An individual participant in the landowner-tenant drawing may submit only one application and only for the turkey wild turkey permit area in which the participant resides.
E. Applicants unsuccessful in the landowner-tenant drawing will be included in the general drawing.
F. Landowner-tenant licensees must allow turkey hunting as provided by Minnesota Statutes, section 97A.435, and the commissioner will make descriptions of these lands available to licensed turkey hunters.
[For text of subp 4, see M.R.]
Subp. 5. Drawing application fee. An applicant must pay a
$\qquad$
fee as provided by statute at the time of application at the electronic license system-point of sale (ELS-POS) agent. Any check that is returned to the department for nonpayment will invalidate the application and the check will be destroyed. Refunds of application fees will not be made for any reason. Subp. 6. Undersubscribed wild turkey permit areas. In permit areas and time periods with fewer applicants than available licenses, the remaining available licenses may be first offered to unsuccessful applicants for other permit areas or time periods on a first-come, first-served basis. An eligible person must apply individually and in person at an ELS-POS (point-of-sale) agent location or individually through the ELS-Internet or ELS-Telephone system to obtain a remaining available license. Any remaining available licenses not purchased by unsuccessful applicants may then be issued to any eligible person on a first-come, first-served basis. Individuals who purchase these remaining available licenses retain their accumulated preference.
6236.0600 SPRING TURKEY SEASON.

Subpart 1. Open dates. The spring turkey season opens the Wednesday nearest April 15 and consists of six consecutive five-day periods followed by two consecutive seven-day periods.

Subp. 2. Shooting hours. Shooting hours for turkeys during the spring season are from one-half hour before sunrise to 5:00 p.m.
[For text of subp 3, see M.R.]
Subp. 4. Open areas. Wild turkey permit areas are open
$\qquad$
for the spring turkey season as prescribed by the commissioner. Turkey licenses are valid for taking turkeys only in the wild turkey permit area specified on the license, except for archery-only licenses issued under Minnesota Statutes, section 97A.435, subdivision 5, paragraph (a).

Subp. 5. Registration. Turkeys must be registered within 24 hours after being taken during the spring turkey season.
6236.0700 FAL工 TURKEY SEASON.
[For text of subps 1 to 3, see M.R.]
Subp. 4. Open areas. Wild turkey permit areas are open for the fall turkey season as prescribed by the commissioner. Turkey licenses are valid for taking turkeys only in the wild turkey permit area specified on the license.
[For text of subp 5, see M.R.]
6236.0810 WILD TURKEY PERMIT AREA DESCRIPTIONS.

Wild turkey permit areas are comprised of registration blocks with the same numbers, as established in part 6232.4700. 6236.0900 SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR TAKING TURKEYS.
[For text of subpart 1 , see M.R.]
Subp. 2. Electronic devices. Turkeys may not be taken with the aid of any electronic device, except that a hearing aid or other device designed to enhance hearing may be used and except that electronic sights that self-illuminate but that do not cast rays of light may be used.
[For text of subp 3, see M.R.]
Subp. 4. Game refuges open to taking turkeys. The Lost
$\qquad$

Lake Refuge in Fillmore County, the Whitewater State Game Refuge in Winona County, the Albert Lea and Moscow State Game Refuges in Freeborn County, the Linn Lake State Game Refuge in Chisago County, the Rochester State Game Refuge in Olmsted County, the Stearns County State Game Refuge in Stearns County, the Claremont State Game Refuge in Dodge County, the Nerstrand State Game Refuge in Dodge County, and the St. Croix River and Stillwater Game Refuges in Washington County are open for the taking of turkeys during open wild turkey seasons in the zones in which they are located.
[For text of subp 5, see M.R.]
6236.1070 YOUTH WILD TURKEY SPECIAL HUNTS.

Subpart 1. Requirements. Persons participating in youth wild turkey hunts must be at least 12 years of age and under 18 years of age by the beginning hunt date. A valid wild turkey license and firearms safety certificate must be obtained prior to being issued a permit. All participants must be accompanied by a parent or legal guardian who is at least 18 years of age. The accompanying parent or guardian may not hunt, but may assist during the hunt. All participants and their accompanying parent or guardian must attend a prehunt orientation offered by the hunt sponsors. Participating youth hunters must be sponsored and selected by a sponsoring nonprofit or selected by lottery.

Subp. 2. Open areas. Youth hunt permittees may hunt in open areas and special seasons as designated by the commissioner. 6237.0100 PRAIRIE CHICKEN LICENSE ELIGIBILITY.
$\qquad$

To be eligible for a prairie chicken license, a person must not have any small game hunting privileges revoked.
6237.0200 PRAIRIE CHICKEN HUNT DRAWING.

Subpart 1. License application drawings. Applications for all hunts must be made according to this part and according to application instructions provided by the commissioner. Each person must apply at an electronic license system agent or the Department of Natural Resources License Center. Drawings shall be conducted by the department to determine persons who are eligible to purchase licenses for the season. The drawings are subject to the quotas established by the commissioner. Preference in the respective drawings is given to applicants based upon the number of times they have correctly applied for a license for the hunt but have been unsuccessful. A person selected by the drawings is eligible to purchase a license to hunt prairie chicken. Upon issuance of a prairie chicken license, all accumulated preference for prairie chicken hunting is lost.

Subp. 2. Participation in application drawings.
A. Applicants must complete an application for the prairie chicken hunt. A person may not apply more than once as an individual or as member of a group. Qualifying individuals may apply for the resident landowner-tenant prairie chicken drawing.
B. A resident applicant must provide the applicant's individual Minnesota driver's license number of 13 characters, a 13-character firearm safety number, or an official state
$\qquad$
identification number of 13 characters issued by the Department of Public Safety.
C. An applicant must choose one of the prairie chicken permit areas and one of the time periods.
D. Up to four persons desiring to hunt together as a group may apply as a group. Group applications shall either be all selected or none selected. Applications by a group must all be for the same prairie chicken permit area and time period. The preference rating of applicants who apply as a group shall be based on the individual in the group with the lowest preference. Group applications must be made up of either all general or all landowner-tenant applications.
E. A person who applies as a landowner or tenant but does not meet the definition as provided in this chapter is ineligible for that season's drawings.
F. The application deadline is the last Friday in July.

Subp. 3. Landowner-tenant drawing.
A. For purposes of this chapter, "landowner or tenant" means a person who is an owner or tenant of at least 40 acres of prairie or grassland within the zone being applied for. A landowner-tenant license application drawing shall be held subject to the restrictions in items $B$ to $G$.
B. An applicant must meet all eligibility requirements and must provide a complete and accurate description of the qualifying land.
C. An applicant must be a landowner or tenant or a
$\qquad$
member of the landowner's or tenant's immediate family. Family members include those related by blood, marriage, or adoption.
D. For each prairie chicken permit area and time period, no more than 20 percent of the successful participants shall be drawn from the special landowner-tenant applications.
E. An individual participant in the landowner-tenant drawing may submit only one application and only for the prairie chicken permit area in which the participant's qualifying property is located.
F. Landowners or tenants unsuccessful in the landowner-tenant drawing shall be included in the general drawing.
G. Landowner-tenant licensees must allow public prairie chicken hunting on their land during that prairie chicken season and the commissioner shall provide descriptions of these lands to licensed prairie chicken hunters.

Subp. 4. Modification of quota numbers for group
applications. The quota of licenses or permits for a drawing may be increased to accommodate group members if the last applicant to be selected is a member of a group.

Subp. 5. Drawing application fee. An applicant must pay a fee as prescribed by statute at time of application at the electronic license system-point of sale (ELS-POS). Refunds of application fees shall not be made for any reason. Subp. 6. Undersubscribed prairie chicken permit areas. In permit areas with fewer applicants than available licenses, the remaining available licenses may be first offered to
$\qquad$
unsuccessful applicants for other permit areas on a first-come, first-served basis. An eligible person must apply individually and in person at an ELS-POS agent location or individually through the ELS-Internet or ELS-Telephone system to obtain a remaining available license. Any remaining available licenses not purchased by unsuccessful applicants may then be issued as prescribed by the commissioner to any eligible person on a first-come, first-served basis. Individuals who purchase these remaining available licenses retain their accumulated preference.
6237.0300 OBTAINING A LICENSE.

Subpart l. Notification. Only successful applicants shall be notified.

Subp. 2. Obtaining licenses. Successful applicants shall receive instructions from the commissioner on how to obtain their license through the electronic license system.
6237.0400 TAKING PRAIRIE CHICKENS.

Subpart l. Open season and methods. Prairie chickens may be taken during the five-day period beginning on the Saturday nearest October 20.

Subp. 2. Arms restrictions. Prairie chickens may be taken by shotgun or bow and arrow. A person may not take prairie chickens with a rifle or handgun.

Subp. 3. Bag limit. A person may not take more than two prairie chickens per season or possess more than two prairie chickens.

Subp. 4. Open areas. Prairie chicken permit areas are
$\qquad$
open for the prairie chicken season as prescribed by the commissioner. Prairie chicken licenses are valid only in the prairie chicken permit area specified on the license.

Subp. 5. Game refuges open to taking prairie chickens. The Clay County Game Refuge in Clay County is open for the taking of prairie chickens during open prairie chicken seasons in the zone in which it is located.

### 6237.0500 PRAIRIE CHICKEN PERMIT AREA DESCRIPTION.

Subpart l. Generally. Prairie chicken permit areas are comprised of partial, single, or grouped registration blocks, as established in part 6232.4700, and are described according to this part.

Subp. 2. Area 405A. Prairie chicken permit area 405A consists of those portions of registration block 405 described as follows:

Beginning at the intersection of U. S. Highway 2 and State Trunk Highway (STH) 9; thence along U. S. Highway 2 to STH 32; thence along STH 32 to $\operatorname{STH}$ 102; thence along STH 102 to STH 9; thence along STH 9 to point of beginning.

Subp. 3. Area 407A. Prairie chicken permit area 407A consists of those portions of registration block 407 described as follows:

Beginning at the intersection of State Trunk Highway (STH) 9 and STH 102; thence along STH 102 to STH 32; thence along STH 32 to STH 200; thence along STH 200 or STH 9; thence along STH 9 to point of beginning.

Subp. 4. Area 407B. Prairie chicken permit area 407B consists of those portions of registration block 407 described as follows:

Beginning at the intersection of State Trunk Highway (STH)
$\qquad$

9 and STH 200; thence along STH 200 to STH 32; thence along STH 32 to County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 34, Clay County; thence along CSAH 34 to STH 9; thence along STH 9 to point of beginning.

Subp. 5. Area 407C. Prairie chicken permit area 407C consists of those portions of registration block 407 described as follows:

Beginning at the intersection of State Trunk Highway (STH) 9 and County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 34, Clay County; thence along CSAH 34 to STH 32; thence along STH 32 to U. S. Highway 10; thence along U. S. Highway 10 to STH 9 ; thence along STH 9 to point of beginning.

Subp. 6. Area 420A. Prairie chicken permit area 420A
consists of those portions of registration block 420 described as follows:

Beginning at the intersection of State Trunk Highway (STH) 9 and U. S. Highway 10; thence along U. S. Highway 10 to STH 32; thence along STH 32 to STH 34; thence along STH 34 to Interstate Highway 94 (I-94); thence along I-94 to STH 9 ; thence along STH 9 to point of beginning.

Subp. 7. Area 420B. Prairie chicken permit area 420B consists of those portions of registration block 420 described as follows:

Beginning at the intersection of State Trunk Highway (STH) 9 and Interstate Highway 94 (I-94); thence along I-94 to County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 26, Wilkin County; thence along CSAH 26 to STH 9; thence along STH 9 to point of beginning.

Subp. 8. Area 421A. Prairie chicken permit area 421A consists of those portions of registration block 421 described as follows:

Beginning at the intersection of State Trunk Highway (STH) 9 and County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 26, Wilkin County; thence along CSAH 26 to Interstate Highway 94 (I-94); thence along I-94 to STH 2l0; thence along STH 210 to STH 9; thence along STH 9 to point of beginning.
$\qquad$

### 6237.0600 TAGGING PRAIRIE CHICKENS.

Immediately after taking a prairie chicken, a hunter must validate the tag as prescribed by the commissioner and must attach a tag provided with the license to the prairie chicken as specified by the commissioner. The tag must remain attached to the prairie chicken during transit.
6237.0700 PRAIRIE CHICKEN REGISTRATION.

Prairie chickens must be registered no later than 24 hours after the close of the season.
6240.0200 GENERAL RESTRICTIONS FOR TAKING AND POSSESSION OF MIGRATORY GAME BIRDS.

Subpart l. Shooting hours. Shooting hours for migratory waterfowl, coots, gallinules, rails, and snipe are one-half hour before sunrise to sunset, except as follows:
A. on the opening day of the duck season, shooting hours begin at 9:00 a.m.; and
B. from the opening day of the duck season to the Saturday nearest October 8, shooting hours end at 4:00 p.m.
[For text of subps 2 to 6 , see M.R.]
6240.0610 YOUTH WATERFOWL HUNTING DAYS.

Subpart 1. Dates, eligibility, and license requirements. Ducks, mergansers, coots, moorhens, and Canada geese may be taken statewide on special youth waterfowl hunting days by hunters 15 years of age or younger. An adult mentor 18 years of age or older, who is authorized by the youth's parent or guardian, must accompany the youth hunter at all times during
$\qquad$
the hunt. The accompanying adult may not hunt. No hunting license or waterfowl stamps are required.

Subp. 2. Shooting hours. Shooting hours are one-half hour before sunrise to 4:00 p.m.

Subp. 3. Bag limits. The daily bag limit for ducks, mergansers, coots, and moorhens is as allowed by federal rule. The daily bag limit for geese is five Canada geese, except in those areas where taking Canada geese near water is restricted under part 6240.1200, subpart l, item A, where the daily bag limit is one Canada goose.
6240.1000 TAKING GEESE IN SOUTHEAST GOOSE ZONE.

Subpart l. Zone. The Southeast Goose Zone is comprised of that part of the state within the following described boundaries:

Beginning at the intersection of U.S. Highway 52 and the south boundary of the Twin Cities Metro Canada Goose Zone; thence southerly along U.S. Highway 52 to State Trunk Highway (STH) 57; thence southerly along STH 57 to U.S. Highway 14; thence along U.S. Highway 14 to County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 13, Dodge County; thence southerly along CSAH 13 to STH 30; thence easterly along STH 30 to U.S. Highway 63; thence southerly along U.S. Highway 63 to the south boundary of the state; thence along the south and east boundaries of the state to the south boundary of the Twin Cities Metro Canada Goose Zone; thence along said boundary to the point of beginning.

Subp. 2. [See repealer.]
6240.1100 TAKING CANADA GEESE IN REMAINDER OF STATE.

Subpart 1 . Zone and season. The remainder of the state consists of all areas not within the Northwest, West Central, and West Goose Zones. Canada geese may be taken in the remainder of the state during the 70 -day period beginning the Saturday on or nearest October 1 .
$\qquad$

Subp. 2. Daily limit. A person may not take more than two Canada geese each day in the remainder of the state.
6240.1150 TAKING SNOW, BLUE, ROSS', AND WHITE-FRONTED GEESE AND BRANT.

Subpart l. Seasons. Snow, blue, Ross', and white-fronted geese and brant may be taken statewide during the 86-day period beginning the Saturday on or nearest October 1 .

Subp. 2. Daily limit. A person may not take more than 20 snow, blue, and Ross' geese in combination; two white-fronted geese; and one brant each day.
6240.1200 SPECIAL PROVISIONS ON TAKING GEESE DURING EARLY SEASONS.

Subpart l. Taking near water.
A. Taking Canada geese during the early seasons is prohibited on or within 100 yards of all surface waters in the following areas:
(l) the Northwest, Southeast, and Twin Cities

Metro Goose Zones;
(2) all of the Carlos Avery Wildiife Management Area, including that portion outside the Twin Cities Metro Goose zone; and
(3) the Swan Lake area in Nicollet County, within the boundary described as follows:

Beginning at the junction of State Trunk Highway (STH) 14 and County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 12 north along CSAH 12 to CSAH 5; thence east along CSAH 5 to CSAH 13; thence south along CSAH 13 to STH 99; thence west along STH 99 to CSAH 17; thence south along CSAH 17 to STH 14; thence northwest and west along STH 14 to CSAH 12.
$\qquad$
B. Taking Canada geese on or within 100 yards of surface waters during the early Canada goose seasons is allowed for youth hunters participating in youth waterfowl hunting days and on specific bodies of water in closed zones as described or shown on maps provided by the commissioner.
[For text of subp 2 , see M.R.]
6240.1500 TAKING GEESE IN TWIN CITIES METRO CANADA GOOSE ZONE.

Subpart 1. Open season. The open season for taking Canada geese in the Twin Cities Metro Canada Goose Zone begins the first Saturday in September, except the season begins on Sunday, September 1 , in any year when the first Saturday falls on September 7. The season closes on September 22, except the season closes on the first Friday before the duck season opens in years when the duck season opens on or before September 22.
[For text of subps 2 and 3, see M.R.]
6240.1600 TAKING GEESE IN FIVE GOOSE ZONE.

Subpart l. Open season. The open season for taking Canada geese in the Five Goose Zone begins the first Saturday in September, except the season begins on Sunday, September 1 , in any year when the first Saturday falls on September 7. The season closes on September 22 , except the season closes on the first Friday before the duck season opens in years when the duck season opens on or before September 22.

Subp. 2. Daily limits. A person may not take more than five Canada geese per day during the early season.
[For text of subps 3 and 4 , see M.R.]
$\qquad$
6240.1700 TAKING GEESE IN SOUTHEAST ZONE EARLY SEASON.

Subpart 1. Open season. The open season for taking Canada geese in the Southeast Zone begins the first Saturday in September, except the season begins on Sunday, September 1 , in any year when the first Saturday falls on September 7. The season closes on September 22, except the season closes on the first Friday before the duck season opens in years when the duck season opens on or before September 22.
[For text of subp 2, see M.R.]
Subp. 3. Zone description. The Southeast Zone is that portion of the state described in part 6240.1000.
6240.1750 TAKING GEESE IN NORTHWEST GOOSE ZONE.

Subpart 1. Open season. The open season for taking Canada geese in the Northwest Goose zone, described in part 6240.0860, begins the first Saturday in September, except the season begins on Sunday, September 1 , in any year when the first Saturday falls on September 7. The season closes on September 15.

Subp. 2. Daily limits. A person may not take more than two Canada geese per day during the early season.
6240.1800 EARLY GOOSE HUNT LICENSE.

Subpart 1. License required. The early seasons described in parts $6240.1500,6240.1600$, and 6240.1700 are special seasons for purposes of the special season Canada goose license required under Minnesota Statutes, section 97B. 802.

Subp. 2. [See repealer.]
Subp. 3. [See repealer.]
$\qquad$

1 6240.1850 REFUGES OPEN TO THE TAKING OF GEESE.

Subpart l. Goose refuges. Those portions of the Douglas County Goose Refuge in Douglas County, the Otter Tail County Goose Refuge in Otter Tail County, and the Sauk Rapids-Rice Goose Refuge in Benton County, in the respective zone or zones in which they are located, are open to goose hunting during the early, regular, and late goose seasons for those zones. All other goose hunting regulations apply in these refuges. Taking waterfowl from public roads and their rights-of-way is prohibited. The Ashby Goose Refuge in Grant County is open to Canada goose hunting during the early September goose season.

Subp. 2. Game refuges. The Fox Lake Game Refuge in Martin County and the Saint James Game Refuge in Watonwan County are open to goose hunting during the first three days of the regular goose season in the respective zones in which they are located. The Fox Lake Game Refuge is open to goose hunting from the Saturday on or nearest November 26 to the end of the goose season in the zone in which it is located, except there is no goose hunting within 100 yards of Fox and Temperence Lakes.

Subp. 3. Waterfowl refuges. The Harstad Slough Waterfowl Refuge in Stevens County is open to Canada goose hunting during the early September goose season. The Mud-Bardwell Waterfowl Refuge in Martin County is open to Canada goose hunting from the Saturday on or nearest October 30 to the end of the goose season in the zone in which it is located, except there is no goose hunting within 100 yards of Mud and Bardwell Lakes. The Rickert Lake Waterfowl Refuge in Steele County is open to Canada goose
$\qquad$
hunting during the early September goose season. The waterfowl sanctuary within this refuge is closed to hunting and trespass, as posted.
6240.1900 LATE SEASONS FOR TAKING CANADA GEESE.

Subpart 1. Daily limit. A person may not take more than five Canada geese per day during the late seasons, except that no more than two Canada geese per day may be taken in the Southeast Goose Zone.
[For text of subp 2 , see M.R.]
Subp. 3. Seasons. Canada geese may be taken statewide during the late seasons, except in the West Central Goose Zone.

Subp. 4. Special season Canada goose license required. The late seasons established in this part are special seasons for purposes of the special season Canada goose license required under Minnesota Statutes, section 97B. 802.
6240.2000 MIGRATORY WATERFOWL FEEDING AND RESTING AREA RESTRICTIONS.
[For text of subps 1 to 3, see M.R.]
Subp. 4. Use of electric motors. On the lakes listed in
 pounds thrust within the designated migratory waterfowl feeding and resting area during the open waterfowl season:
A. Beltrami County: Puposky Lake, Little Puposky

Lake;
B. Carver County: Tiger Lake;
C. Faribault and Blue Earth Counties: Minnesota
$\qquad$

1 Lake;

4 Lake;
5 areas:

Name
A. Bakers Lake Bear Lake Big Rice Lake Cottonwood Lake Diamond Lake Dora Lake Lake Johanna
Lake Lillian Little Puposky Lake
Mud Lake
Mud Lake
Nelson Lake Oakleaf Lake Pleasant Lake Puposky Lake
Rice Lake
Rice Lake
Sanborn Lake
Scotch Lake
Squaw Lake

Subpart l. Designation of entire lakes. The following lakes are designated as migratory waterfowl feeding and resting

Location
T.ll4N; R.29W
T.lolN; R.22W
T.l40, 141N; R.26W
T. 106N; R.25W
T.lloN; R.23W
T.ll0N; R.23W
T.l23N; R.36W
T.ll7N; R.33, 34W
T.l49N; R.33, 34W
T.131N; R.43W
T.114N; R.26W
T.124N; R.38W
T.lloN; R.26W
T.113N; R.23W
T.149N; R.33, 34W
T.l48, 149N; R.27W
T.lllN; R.23W
T.ll2N; R.23W
T.lloN; R.25W
T.148, 149N; R.27W
T.ll5N; R.26W

County
McLeod
Freeborn
Cass
Blue Earth
Le Sueur
Le Sueur
Pope
Kandiyohi
Beltrami
Otter Tail
Sibley
Pope
Nicollet
Scott
Beltrami
Itasca
Le Sueur
Le Sueur
Le Sueur
Itasca
Carver
$\qquad$
$08 / 16 / 05$
1 V .
2 W.
3 X.
4 Y.
5 Z. hunting.

Turtle Lake Unnamed Lake Upper Rice Lake Wagonga Lake Washington Lake
[REVISOR ] CKM/DN AR3327
T.l48N; R.39W Polk
T.114N; R.29W; S. 28 McLeod T.145N; R.36, 37W T.ll8, ll9N; R.34, 35W T.ll4N; R.26W

Clearwater Kandiyohi Sibley
[For text of subps 2 to 8 , see M.R.]
Subp. 9. Minnesota Lake, Faribault and Blue Earth Counties. All that portion of Minnesota Lake in Faribault and Blue Earth Counties within the area posted by signs or buoys and identified as a migratory waterfowl feeding and resting area is designated as a migratory waterfowl feeding and resting area.
6240.2600 TAKING COMMON CROWS IN WATERFOWL PRODUCTION AREAS, GAME REFUGES, AND WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT AREAS.

Common crows may be taken on wildlife management areas and federal waterfowl production areas that are open to hunting. Common crows may also be taken within state game refuges open to small game hunting, except those refuges closed to waterfowl

TERM CHANGE. The term "deer and bear registration block" is changed to "registration block" wherever the term appears in parts 6232.4700 and 6236.0100.

REPEALER. Minnesota Rules, parts 6230.0400, subpart 29; 6230.0800, subpart 3; 6232.0200, subparts 3 and 5a; 6232.1100, subpart 5; 6232.1200; 6232.1900; 6232.2450; 6232.3800, subpart 2; 6232.4700, subparts $3,4,6,7,11,12,13,14,15,17,18$, 19, $22,23,24,27,30,34,36,38,41,42,44,47,49,50,51$, 53, 66, 74, and 87; 6234.1800; 6234.2600, subparts 1 and 2; 6240.1000, subpart 2; and 6240.1800, subparts 2 and 3 , are
$\qquad$

1 repealed.

9 EFFECTIVE PERIOD. The amendments to Minnesota Rules, part

116230.0400 , subparts $2,4,5,8,11,21,22,31,54,55,56,57$,

12 and 58; 6232.0200, subparts 4a, 5, and 9; 6232.0300, subparts 1 , 13 3, 5, 6, and 8; 6232.0400, subpart 4; 6232.0500; 6232.0600, 14 subpart 2; 6232.0700; 6232.0900, subpart 2; 6232.1000, subparts 15 1 and 2; 6232.1100, subpart 1; 6232.1250; 6232.1300; 6232.1400; 16 6232.1950; 6232.2000, subpart 2; 6232.2050; 6232.2550;

17 6232.2560; 6232.4700, subparts $2,5,8,9,10,16,20,21,25$, $1826,28,29,32,33,35,39,40,43,45,46,48,52,59,65,69$, $1970,73,75,77 \mathrm{a}, 77 \mathrm{~b}, 80,81,83,84 \mathrm{a}, 85,86,89$, and 90 ;

The expedited emergency amendments to Minnesota Rules, parts 6232.2900, subpart 2, published in the State Register, volume 28, page 1213, April 5, 2004; 6236.0300, subparts 1, 2, and 6, and 6232.0600, subparts $1,2,4$, and 5 , published in the State Register, volume 29, page 597, November 22, 2004; and 6236.0810, published in the State Register, volume 28, page 609, November 10, 2003, are repealed. 6234.0400, subpart $1 ; 6234.1200$, subpart $1 ; 6234.1300$, subpart 1; 6234.1400, subpart 1; 6240.0610; 6240.1000, subpart 1; 6240.1100; 6240.1150; 6240.1200, subpart 1; 6240.1500, subpart 1; 6240.1600, subparts 1 and $2 ; 6240.1700$, subparts 1 and 3 ; 6240.1750; 6240.1800, subpart 1; 6240.1850; 6240.1900, subparts 1, 3, and 4; 6240.2000, subpart 4; and 6240.2100, subparts 1 and 9 are effective January 2, 2006.
$\qquad$


[^0]:    Subp. 77b. Registration Block 243. Registration Block 243

