1 Pollution Control Agency

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ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS

- 1 1011401011 00110101 11901101
- 3 Adopted Permanent Rules Relating to Composting

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- 5 Rules as Adopted
- 6 7035.2836 COMPOST FACILITIES.
- 7 Subpart 1. Scope. The requirements of subparts 4 to 7
- 8 apply to the owners owner and operators operator of facilities
- 9 a facility used to compost solid waste, including source
- 10 separated compostables except as provided in part 7035.2525,
- 11 subpart 2. The owner or operator of a yard waste compost
- 12 facility must comply with subparts 2 and 3 only.
- 13 Subp. 2. Notification. The owner or operator of a yard
- 14 waste compost facility shall submit a notification form to the
- 15 commissioner on a form prescribed by the commissioner before
- 16 beginning facility operations. The notification must include:
- 17 the facility location; the name, telephone number, and address
- 18 of the contact person; the facility design capacity; the type of
- 19 yard waste to be received; and the intended distribution of the
- 20 finished product.
- 21 Subp. 3. Operation requirements for yard waste compost
- 22 facility.
- 23 A. Odors emitted from the facility shall comply with
- 24 the applicable provisions of chapter-7029-as-proposed-at-State
- 25 Register,-volume-20,-pages-1795-to-1807 any agency odor rules.
- 26 B. Composted yard waste offered for use must be
- 27 produced by a process that includes turning of the yard waste on
- 28 a periodic basis to aerate the yard waste, maintain
- 29 temperatures, and reduce pathogens.
- 30 C. Compost will not contain > greater than three
- 31 percent inert materials (dry weight) that are ≥ greater than or
- 32 equal to four millimeters as determined by the testing procedure
- 33 under subpart 5, item J, subitem (3).
- D. By-products, including residuals and recyclables,
- 35 must be stored in a manner that prevents vector problems and

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- 1 aesthetic degradation. Materials that are not composted must be
- 2 stored and removed at least weekly.
- 3 E. Surface water drainage runoff must be controlled
- 4 to prevent leachate runoff leaving the facility. Surface water
- 5 drainage run-on must be diverted from the compost and storage
- 6 areas.
- 7 F. The facility shall be constructed and operated to
- 8 prevent discharge into-state-waters of yard waste, leachate,
- 9 residuals, and the final product into waters of the state.
- 10 G. The facility operator shall submit an annual
- 11 report to the commissioner by March 1 of each year for the
- 12 preceding calendar year that includes the type and quantity, by
- 13 weight or volume, of yard waste received at the compost
- 14 facility; the quantity, by weight or volume, of compost
- 15 produced; an average of the inert test results; the quantity, by
- 16 weight or volume, of compost removed from the facility; and a
- 17 market description.
- Subp. 4. Design requirements for solid waste compost
- 19 facility. The owner or operator of a compost facility shall
- 20 submit an engineering design report to the commissioner for
- 21 approval with the facility permit application. The engineering
- 22 report must comply with the design requirements in items A to G.
- 23 A. Specifications-for-site-preparation-must-be
- 24 included-in-the-report. Site preparations must include clearing
- 25 and grubbing for the compost operating and storage areas,
- 26 building locations, topsoil stripping, excavations, berm
- 27 construction, drainage control structures, leachate collection
- 28 system, access roads, screening, fencing, and other special
- 29 design features.
- 30 B. Access to the facility must be controlled by a
- 31 perimeter fence and gate or enclosed structures.
- 32 C. Surface water drainage must be diverted around and
- 33 away from the site operating area. A drainage control system,
- 34 including changes in the site topography, ditches, berms,
- 35 sedimentation ponds, culverts, energy breaks, and erosion
- 36 control measures, must be-designed,-constructed,-operated,-and

- 1 maintained-according-to comply with part 7035.2855, subpart 3,
- 2 items C to E.
- 3 D. The composting, curing, and storage areas for
- 4 immature compost must be located on a liner capable of
- 5 minimizing migration of waste or leachate into the subsurface
- 6 soil, groundwater, and surface water. The liner must have a
- 7 permeability no greater than 1×10^{-7} centimeters per second
- 8 and, if constructed of natural soils, be at least two feet thick.
- 9 The liner must be-designed, constructed, operated, and
- 10 maintained-according-to comply with part 7035.2855, subparts 3,
- ll item A; 4; and 5.
- 12 E. Liquid in contact with waste, immature compost,
- 13 and residuals must be diverted to a leachate collection and
- 14 treatment system. The leachate collection and treatment system
- 15 must be-designed,-constructed,-operated,-and-maintained
- 16 according-to comply with part 7035.2855, subpart 3, item B, and
- 17 the applicable portions of part 7035.2815, subpart 9, items B to
- 18 K. The-commissioner-may-require-the-facility-owner-or-operator
- 19 to-monitor-the-collected-leachate:
- 20 F. The facility must be designed for collection of
- 21 residuals and must provide for the final transportation and
- 22 proper disposal of residuals.
- 23 G. The facility must be designed and operated to
- 24 control odors in compliance with the applicable provisions of
- 25 chapter-7029-as-proposed-at-State-Register,-volume-20,-pages
- 26 1795-to-1807 any agency odor rules.
- 27 Subp. 5. Operation requirements for solid waste compost
- 28 facility. The owner or operator of a compost facility shall
- 29 submit an operation and maintenance manual to the commissioner
- 30 for approval with the facility permit application. The manual
- 31 must include a personnel training program plan, a leachate
- 32 management plan, and a compost sampling plan and must comply
- 33 with the operation requirements in items A to L.
- A. All access points must be secured when the
- 35 facility is not open for business or when no authorized
- 36 personnel are on site.

- B. The personnel training program plan must be
- 2 submitted-with-the-manual---The-plan-must address the
- 3 requirements of part 7035.2545, subparts 3 and 4, and the
- 4 specific training needed to operate a compost facility in
- 5 compliance with this subpart and subparts 6 and 7.
- 6 C. All wastes delivered to the facility must be
- 7 confined to a designated delivery area and processed or removed
- 8 at least once a week to prevent nuisances such as odors, vector
- 9 intrusion, and aesthetic degradation.
- 10 D. All salvageable and recyclable materials must be
- 11 containerized or stored and removed from the facility in a
- 12 manner that prevents nuisances such as odors, vector intrusion,
- 13 and aesthetic degradation.
- 14 E. All compost residuals must be stored to prevent
- 15 nuisances such as odors, vector intrusion, and aesthetic
- 16 degradation. The residuals must be removed and properly
- 17 disposed of at least once a week.
- 18 F. The leachate management plan must describe how the
- 19 facility will store, reuse, or dispose of collected leachate.
- 20 If leachate is to be recirculated into the compost, it must be
- 21 added prior to initiating the PFRP process described in item I.
- G. Odors emitted by the facility must comply with the
- 23 any applicable provisions-of-chapter-7029-as-proposed-at-State
- 24 Register,-volume-20,-pages-1795-to-1807 agency odor rules.
- 25 H. Ef-the-storage-area-contains-any-particulate
- 26 matter-that-may-be-the-subject-of-wind-dispersion, The owner or
- 27 operator must cover or otherwise manage the waste to control
- 28 wind dispersion of any particulate matter.
- 29 I. Compost must be produced by a process to further
- 30 reduce pathogens (PFRP). The temperature and retention time for
- 31 the material being composted must be monitored and recorded each
- 32 working day. Three acceptable methods of a PFRP are described
- 33 in subitems (1) to (3) τ :
- 34 (1) The windrow method for reducing pathogens
- 35 consists of an unconfined composting process involving periodic
- 36 aeration and mixing. Aerobic conditions must be maintained

- 1 during the compost process. A temperature of 55 degrees Celsius
- 2 must be maintained in the windrow for at least three weeks. The
- 3 windrow must be turned at least once every three to five days.
- 4 (2) The static aerated pile method for reducing
- 5 pathogens consists of an unconfined composting process involving
- 6 mechanical aeration of insulated compost piles. Aerobic
- 7 conditions must be maintained during the compost process. The
- 8 temperature of the compost pile must be maintained at 55 degrees
- 9 Celsius for at least seven days.
- 10 (3) The enclosed vessel method for reducing
- 11 pathogens consists of a confined compost process involving
- 12 mechanical mixing of compost under controlled environmental
- 13 conditions. The retention time in the vessel must be at least
- 14 24 hours with the temperature maintained at 55 degrees Celsius.
- 15 A stabilization period of at least seven days must follow the
- 16 enclosed vessel retention period. Temperature in the compost
- 17 pile must be maintained at least at 55 degrees Celsius for three
- 18 days during the stabilization period.
- J. The owner or operator must perform-compost
- 20 sampling-according-to comply with the compost sampling and
- 21 testing plan approved by the commissioner. Proposed changes to
- 22 sampling equipment or procedures must be submitted to the
- 23 commissioner for review and approval. Testing must be conducted
- 24 as-frequently-as when each batch of compost matures. The
- 25 commissioner-may-decrease-or-increase-the-parameters-to-be
- 26 analyzed-for-or-the-frequency-of-analysis-based-on-monitoring
- 27 data-and-changes-in-the-waste-stream-or-processing-by-the
- 28 facility. The plan must comply-with include the sampling and
- 29 testing requirements in subitems (1) to (6).
- 30 (1) The compost maturity must be determined using
- 31 testing protocol described in the sampling plan. "Mature" means
- 32 more than 60 percent decomposition has been achieved as
- 33 determined by an ignition-loss analysis and one test method
- 34 approved by the commissioner including, but not limited to, the
- 35 following:

36 Test Method

Maturity Standard

1 2 3 4 5 6	(a)	Carbon/nitrogen ratio - U.S. EPA Method 9060A: Total Organic Carbon and Dumas	In the range of 10:1 to 20:1	
7 8 9	(b)	Dewar Self-Heating Method	Temperature rise above ambient in C°, range of 0° - 20° Celsius	
10 11 12 13	(c)	Respiration Rate, CO ₂ Analysis	<2-5 (mg. CO ₂ -C/g compost carbon-day)	
14 15 16 17 18 19	(d)	U of M Z-test - Soil and Crop Research on Municipal Solid Waste Class I Compost Utilization in Minnesota, April 10, 1994	The weight of the worms in the cellulose treatment increases and that of the worms in the noncellulose treatment remains the same	
21 22 23 24	(e)	Cress Seed Germination - Recommended Test Methods, The Composting Council	Germination index in the range of 1.0 - 0.8	
25		(2) Once Each ba	tch of compost that has been	
26	det	ermined to be mature, must b	e analyzed for the metal	
27	con	caminants listed in subpart	6, item A, subitem (1), must-be	
28	analyzed-for using the U.S. EPA test methods in EPA SW-846. The			
29	level-of PCBs in the compost must be determined PCBs-must-be			
30	extracted using either method 3540 or 3550 and analyzed with			
31	method 8080 or-another-method-approved-by-the-commissioner.			
32	(3) Once The amount of inert material in each			
33	batch of compost that has been determined to be mature,-the			
34	inert-content-shall must be determined using testing protocol			
35	described in the sampling plan. Inert content greater than four			
	des	cribed in the sampling plan.	Inert content greater than four	
36			Inert content greater than four by passing four replicates of	
36 3.7	mil:		by passing four replicates of	
	mil: 250	limeters shall be determined cc oven-dried (70 degrees C	by passing four replicates of	
3.7	mil: 250 thre	limeters shall be determined cc oven-dried (70 degrees Cough a four millimeter sieve	by passing four replicates of celsius) samples of compost	
3.7 38	mil: 250 thre	limeters shall be determined cc oven-dried (70 degrees Cough a four millimeter sieve we shall be visually inspect	by passing four replicates of celsius) samples of compost Material remaining on the	
3.7 38 39	mil: 250 thro sie meta	limeters shall be determined cc oven-dried (70 degrees Cough a four millimeter sieve we shall be visually inspectal, and plastic, shall be se	by passing four replicates of celsius) samples of compost Material remaining on the ced and inerts, including glass,	
3.7 38 39 40	mil: 250 thre sie met: of	limeters shall be determined cc oven-dried (70 degrees Cough a four millimeter sieve we shall be visually inspectal, and plastic, shall be set the separated foreign-matter	by passing four replicates of celsius) samples of compost Material remaining on the ced and inerts, including glass, caparated and weighed. The weight	
3.7 38 39 40 41	mil. 250 thresie meta of weight	limeters shall be determined cc oven-dried (70 degrees Cough a four millimeter sieve we shall be visually inspectal, and plastic, shall be set the separated foreign-matter ght of the total sample, mul	by passing four replicates of celsius) samples of compost Material remaining on the ced and inerts, including glass, eparated and weighed. The weight inert material divided by the	
3.7 38 39 40 41 42	mil. 250 thresie meta of weight	limeters shall be determined cc oven-dried (70 degrees Cough a four millimeter sieve we shall be visually inspected, and plastic, shall be set the separated foreign-matter ght of the total sample, multiple cent dry weight of the foreign-matter	by passing four replicates of celsius) samples of compost Material remaining on the ed and inerts, including glass, eparated and weighed. The weight inert material divided by the tiplied by 100, shall be the	
3.7 38 39 40 41 42 43	mil: 250 thro sie meta of weice pers	limeters shall be determined cc oven-dried (70 degrees Cough a four millimeter sieve we shall be visually inspected, and plastic, shall be set the separated foreign-matter ght of the total sample, multiple cent dry weight of the foreign (4) The mature of	by passing four replicates of celsius) samples of compost a. Material remaining on the ced and inerts, including glass, ceparated and weighed. The weight inert material divided by the ctiplied by 100, shall be the center inert material content.	
3.7 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	mil: 250 thre sie met: of weid per:	limeters shall be determined cc oven-dried (70 degrees Cough a four millimeter sieve we shall be visually inspected, and plastic, shall be set the separated foreign-matter ght of the total sample, multiple cent dry weight of the foreign (4) The mature of	by passing four replicates of celsius) samples of compost Material remaining on the ced and inerts, including glass, caparated and weighed. The weight inert material divided by the ciplied by 100, shall be the cap-matter inert material content.	
3.7 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	mil: 250 thre sie met: of weid per:	limeters shall be determined cc oven-dried (70 degrees Cough a four millimeter sieve we shall be visually inspected, and plastic, shall be set the separated foreign-matter ght of the total sample, multiple cent dry weight of the foreight (4) The mature could be set to the separated foreight of the foreign of the forei	by passing four replicates of celsius) samples of compost Material remaining on the ced and inerts, including glass, caparated and weighed. The weight inert material divided by the ciplied by 100, shall be the cap-matter inert material content.	

1	(c) particle size;
2	(d) NPK ratio; and
3	(e) soluble salt content.
4	(5) The sampling plan must contain techniques for
5	collecting and processing the samples required in subitems (1)
6	to (4), including:
7	(a) specifications-of the training and
8	experience qualifications of persons who collect samples;
9	(b) a-description-of equipment used to
L O	collect, process, and store samples;
1	(c) identification-of sampling equipment
L 2	cleaning procedures and other actions taken to prevent sample
L3	contamination;
L 4	(d) identification-of the location or
L 5	locations where samples are collected;
L6	(e) a-description-of procedures used to
L7	collect grab samples;
L8	(f) a-description-of procedures used to
L9	process grab samples to form composite samples;
20	(g) a-description-of chain-of-custody and
21	sample storage procedures; and
22	(h) identification-of compost sampling
23	quality assurance and quality control measures.
24	(6) The sampling plan must describe how the test
25	results from the samples required in subitems (1) to (4) will be
26	utilized to define the compost at distribution, and must include:
27	(a) a description of the batch process,
28	statistical average, or other method used to classify the
29	compost, and assign it physical and chemical properties; and
30	(b) a description of the method used to
31	calculate the cumulative and annual pollutant loading rates for
32	Class II compost.
33	K. An annual report in-accordance complying with part
34	7035.2585 must be submitted to the commissioner by March 1 of
35	each year for the preceding calendar year. A record of the
36	following information must be maintained at the facility

- 1 and reported included in the annual report:
- 2 (1) the quantity of source-separated compostables
- 3 or solid waste delivered to the facility;
- 4 (2) the quantity and general material breakdown
- 5 of recyclables and rejects removed from the waste;
- 6 (3) the sources and quantities of other materials
- 7 used in the compost process, such as nutrient or bulking agents;
- 8 (4) a summary of temperature and retention time
- 9 for all compost produced verifying that the process, set out in
- 10 item I, to further reduce pathogens is being met according-to
- 11 item-I;
- 12 (5) the quantity and classification of all
- 13 compost produced;
- 14 (6) a summary of all lab analysis analyses
- 15 conducted according to the approved sampling plan approved under
- 16 item J;
- 17 (7) a record of each Class II compost
- 18 distribution, including the following:
- 19 (a) a copy of the information sheet or label
- 20 accompanying all Class II compost distributions according to
- 21 subpart 7;
- (b) the name of the compost user and a legal
- 23 description of the application site location, including the
- 24 quantity of compost and acreage over which it was distributed;
- 25 (c) copies of the letters of notification to
- 26 the local governments; and
- 27 (d) a copy of the United States Geological
- 28 Survey map of the application site and the surrounding areas
- 29 showing contours and surface waters.
- 30 L. If, for any reason, the facility becomes
- 31 inoperable, the owner or operator of the facility must notify
- 32 the commissioner within 48 hours and implement the contingency
- 33 action plan developed under part 7035.2615.
- 34 Subp. 6. Compost classification. Compost produced at a
- 35 solid waste compost facility must be classified as Class I or
- 36 Class II compost based on the criteria outlined in items A and

- 1 B. Compost test results shall be used to classify the compost
- 2 according to the approved sampling plan under subpart 5, item J,
- 3 the maturity standard in subpart 5, item J, subitem (1), and the
- 4 PFRP requirement in subpart 5, item I.
- 5 A. Class I compost must meet the following criteria:
- 6 (1) Class I compost cannot exceed the contaminant
- 7 concentrations in milligram per kilogram on a dry weight basis
- 8 as listed in the following table or Code of Federal Regulations,
- 9 title 40, sections -503 -10 to -503 -18 section 503.13 (b) (3), as
- 10 amended, with the exception of mercury, which cannot exceed
- 11 contaminant concentrations of five milligrams per kilogram.

12	Contaminant	Concentration (mg/kg)
13	•		
14	Arsenic (As)	41	
15	Cadmium (Cd)	39	
16	Copper (Cu)	1,500	
17	Lead (Pb)	300	
18	Mercury (Hg)	5	
19	Molybdenum (Mo)	18	
20	Nickel (Ni)	420	
21	Selenium (Se)	100	
22	PCB	6	
23	Zinc (Zn)	2,800	
24			

- 25 (2) Class I compost must not contain > greater
- 26 than three percent inert materials (dry weight) ≥ greater than
- 27 or equal to four millimeters as determined by tests according to
- 28 the approved sampling plan under subpart 5, item J, subitems (1)
- 29 to (5).
- 30 B. Class II compost consists of any compost that
- 31 fails to meet the Class I standards and meets the criteria in
- 32 subitems (1) and (2):
- 33 (1) Class II compost must meet the following
- 34 pollutant loading rates and have a PCB concentration that does
- 35 not exceed six milligrams per kilogram.

36	Pollutant	Cumulative Pollut	ant Loading Rate
37		(lbs/acre)	(kg/hectare)
38	Arsenic	37	41
39	Cadmium	. 34	39
40	Copper	1,338	1,500
41	Lead	267	300
42	Mercury	5	5
43	Molybdenum	16	18
44	Nickel	374	420
45	Selenium	89	100
46	Zinc	2,497	2,800
47			
48	Pollutant	Annual Pollutant	Loading Rate
49		(for a containeri	zed compost)

1					(lbs/acre)		(kg/hectar	ce)
2	Arsenic				1.8		2	
3	Cadmium				1.7		1.9	
4	Copper				66.8		75	
5	Lead				13.3		15	
6	Mercury				0.25		0.25	
7	Molybdenum				0.5		0.5	
8	Nickel				18.7		21	
9	Selenium				4.5		5	
10	Zinc				124.6		140	
11						٠.		
12		(2)	Class	II	compost must	not	contain >	gre

- <u>eater</u>
- than four percent inert materials (dry weight) ≥ greater than or 13
- equal to four millimeters as determined by tests according to 14
- the approved sampling plan under subpart 5, item J, subitems (3) 15
- 16 and (5).
- Compost distribution and end use. The owner or 17
- 18 operator of a solid waste compost facility shall submit a
- compost distribution plan to the commissioner for approval with 19
- the facility permit application. The plan must comply with the 20
- distribution requirements in items A to C. 21
- Compost distributed or marketed as a fertilizer, 22
- specialty fertilizer, soil amendment, or plant amendment, as 23
- defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 18C.005, must be 24
- registered with the Minnesota Department of Agriculture. 25
- The allowable end uses for the compost must be 26
- 27 listed and described in the plan.
- Class I compost may be distributed for 28
- unrestricted use. Class II compost may be distributed on a 29
- restricted basis. The commissioner or a compost operator 30
- trained as required in subpart 5, item B, shall determine the 31
- appropriate distribution for a Class II compost used in land 32
- application. Compost proposed to be distributed for end uses 33
- other than land application may be distributed with the 34
- commissioner's approval or as part of the approved facility 35
- compost distribution plan under this subpart. All Class II 36
- compost distributed must be accompanied by an information sheet 37
- 38 or label describing the compost product and its physical and
- chemical quality, including at least the following information: 39
- (1) the name and address of the generator; 40
- (2) a statement from the generator certifying 41

1	that the compost meets the Class II classification standards
2	under subpart 6, item B, and providing the standards;
3	(3) a list of best management practices to use
4	when applying the compost;
5	(4) the annual or cumulative application rate
6	calculated according to the testing and reporting methods
7	approved under subpart 5, item J, subitem (6);
8	(5) the compost maturity tested and reported
9	according to subpart 5, item J, subitem (1);
10	(6) the compost inert content tested and reported
11	according to subpart 5, item J, subitem (3); and
12	(7) a statement of the compost parameter values
13	tested and reported according to subpart 5.
14	

- INSTRUCTION TO REVISOR. The revisor shall change references in 15
- Minnesota Rules from part 7035.2835 to part 7035.2836. 16
- 17 REPEALER. Minnesota Rules, part 7035.2835, is repealed.