Pollution Control Agency 1 2 Adopted Permanent Rules Relating to Individual Septic-Tank 3 Sewage Treatment Systems Program 4 5 Rules as Adopted 6 医血管萎缩 7080.0010 PURPOSE AND INTENT. 7 8 The improper location, design, installation, use, and maintenance of individual sewage treatment systems adversely 9 affects the public health, safety, and general welfare by 10 discharge of inadequately treated sewage to the ground surface, 11 surface waters, and ground waters. In accordance with the 12 13 authority granted in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 103F, 103G, 14 115, and 116, the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency, 15 hereinafter referred to as the agency, does hereby provide the minimum standards and criteria for individual sewage treatment 16 17 systems, and thus protects the surface and ground waters of the state, and promotes the public health, safety, and general 18 19 welfare. This chapter does not address systems treating industrial 20

or animal waste or wastewater that may contain hazardous 21 22 materials. Industrial wastewater treatment systems receiving 23 nonhazardous wastes or-individual-sewage-treatment-systems 24 serving-more-than-20-persons are regulated by the United States Environmental Protection Agency as Class V injection wells under 25 26 Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 144. These federal regulations along with this chapter also cover individual sewage 27 28 treatment systems serving more than 20 persons.

It is the intent of this chapter to provide clear, reliable, and cost-effective technical standards and criteria; to provide a framework for permitting and inspection programs to be administered at the local level; and to describe the responsibilities, licensing, and enforcement requirements for individual sewage treatment system professionals. The technical portions of this chapter are based on current research and

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practical field applications to achieve adequate sewage
 treatment. In conjunction with these minimum standards, the
 agency encourages the use of advanced treatment methods to
 further reduce the discharge of contaminants.

5 In addition to establishing minimum technical standards, 6 this chapter establishes minimum administrative requirements for 7 local units of government that adopt local ordinances to 8 regulate individual sewage treatment systems, establishes 9 requirements for those areas without such ordinances, and 10 establishes programs for licensing businesses and training and 11 registering ISTS professionals.

12 7080.0020 DEFINITIONS.

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[For text of subpart 1, see M.R.]

14 Subp. la. Absorption area. "Absorption area" means the 15 area below a mound that is designed to absorb <u>sewage tank</u> 16 effluent. <u>This area is determined by multiplying the rockbed</u> 17 <u>length by the required absorption width. The required</u> 18 <u>absorption width is determined by using part 7080.0170, subpart</u> 19 <u>5, item B, subitems (4) and (5).</u>

[For text of subp lb, see M.R.]

21 Subp. 2. Aerobic tank. "Aerobic tank" means any sewage 22 tank which uses the principle of oxidation to decompose sewage 23 by introducing air into the sewage.

Subp. 3. Agency. "Agency" means the Minnesota Pollution
25 Control Agency.

Subp. 3a. Alternative standards. "Alternative standards" means individual sewage treatment system standards that differ from technical standards and criteria, are not more restrictive, and adequately protect public health and the environment.

30 Subp. 4. Alternative system. "Alternative system" means 31 an individual sewage treatment system employing methods and 32 devices presented in part 7080.0910, subpart 3.

33 Subp. 4a. Applicable requirements. "Applicable 34 requirements" means local individual sewage treatment system 35 ordinances that comply with this chapter or, in areas without an

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ordinance to regulate individual sewage treatment systems, the
 requirements of this chapter.

3 Subp. 4b. Apprentice. "Apprentice" means an individual 4 who has completed training and passed the examination 5 requirements under parts 7080.0805 and 7080.0810 for the 6 specialty area applicable to the work to be performed <u>and has</u> 7 been designated an apprentice by the commissioner.

8 Subp. 4c. As-builts. "As-builts" means drawings and 9 documentation specifying the final in-place location, size, and 10 type of all system components. These records identify the 11 results of materials testing and describe conditions during 12 construction. As-builts contain a certified statement.

13 Subp. 4d. At-grade system. "At-grade system" means a 14 pressurized soil treatment system where sewage tank effluent is 15 dosed to a drainfield rock bed which is constructed on original 16 soil at the ground surface and covered by loamy soil materials.

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[For text of subp 5, see M.R.]

18 Subp. 6. Bedrock. "Bedrock" means that layer of parent material which is consolidated and unweathered. Bedrock also 19 20 includes layers of which greater than 50 percent by volume consists of unweathered in-place consolidated bedrock fragments. 21 22 Subp. 7. Bedroom. "Bedroom" means any room or unfinished 23 area within a dwelling that might reasonably be used as a sleeping room. 24

25 Subp. 7a. Building. "Building" means all <u>potentially</u> 26 occupied structures and any structure whose foundation could be 27 damaged and structural integrity jeopardized by the seepage of 28 sewage or sewage tank effluent.

[For text of subps 8 and 9, see M.R.]
Subp. 9a. Business. "Business" means an individual or
organization that <u>conducts site evaluations or</u> designs,
installs, maintains, <u>repairs</u>, pumps, or inspects an individual
sewage treatment system.

34 Subp. 10. [See repealer.]

35 Subp. 10a. Certificate of compliance. "Certificate of 36 compliance" means a document written after a compliance

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inspection, certifying that a system is in compliance as
 specified under part 7080.0060, and signed by a qualified
 employee or licensee.

Subp. 10b. Certified statement. "Certified statement"
means a statement signed statement by a licensee or qualified
employee certifying that work was completed in accordance with
applicable requirements.

8 Subp. 11. Cesspool. "Cesspool" means an underground pit 9 or seepage tank into which raw sewage is discharged and from 10 which the liquid seeps into the surrounding soil, bedrock, or 11 other soil materials.

12 Subp. 11a. Chambered system. "Chambered system" means a 13 soil treatment system where sewage tank effluent is discharged 14 to a buried structure creating an enclosed open space with the 15 original soil surface to act as a surface for the infiltration 16 of sewage tank effluent.

Subp. 11b. Clean sand. "Clean sand" means a soil texture 17 18 composed by weight of at least 25 percent very coarse, coarse, 19 and medium sand varying in size from 2.00 millimeters (sieve 20 size 10) to 0.25 millimeters (sieve size 60), less than 40 21 percent fine or very fine sand ranging in size between 0.25 22 millimeters and 0.05 millimeters (sieve size 270), and no more 23 than ten percent smaller than 0.05 millimeters and no larger 24 than 2.00 millimeters. Clean sand also means a soil texture 25 which meets American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) specification C-33 (fine aggregate for concrete) or Minnesota 26 27 Department of Transportation (MnDOT) specification 3126 (fine aggregate for Portland cement concrete). The ASTM specification 28 29 is found in the 1994 Annual Book of ASTM Standards, volume 4.02, which is incorporated by reference. This document is provided 30 by the American Society for Testing and Materials located at 31 32 1916 Race Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103-1187. The MnDOT specification is found in the MnDOT Standard Specifications for 33 34 Construction, 1988 Edition, and the May 2, 1994, Supplemental 35 Specifications, which are incorporated by reference. These 36 documents are provided by the Minnesota Department of

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Transportation located at 395 John Ireland Boulevard, St. Paul,
 Minnesota 55155. All references can be found at the Minnesota
 State Law Library, Judicial Center, 25 Constitution Avenue, St.
 Paul, Minnesota 55155, and are not subject to frequent change.
 Subp. llc. Commissioner. "Commissioner" means the
 commissioner of the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency.

Subp. 11d. Compliance inspection. "Compliance inspection" 7 means conducting-site-investigations,-gathering-and-reviewing 8 information, -or-conducting-tests any evaluation, investigation, 9 inspection, or other such process to make conclusions, 10 recommendations, or statements regarding an individual sewage 11 treatment system to reasonably assure an individual sewage 12 13 treatment system is in compliance as specified under part 7080.0060. Compliance inspections must be conducted by a 14 qualified employee or under a license independent of the owner 15 16 and the installer.

Subp--He--Conforming-systems---"Conforming-systems"-means individual-sewage-treatment-systems-that-were-installed according-to-all-applicable-local-standards-adopted-and-in effect-at-the-time-of-installation7-but-does-not-include-systems which-are-failing-as-defined-in-subpart-l6a-

Subp. 12. DNR. "DNR" means the Minnesota Department ofNatural Resources.

Subp. 12a. Designated registered professional. 24 "Designated registered professional" means an individual who is 25 included on the agency's ISTS professional register with 26 specialty area endorsements that correspond to the license, who 27 28 has been designated by the individual's employer as its 29 representative for work to be done on an individual sewage 30 treatment system, and who is subject to the obligations of a 31 license. An apprentice may be a designated registered professional if the individual has specialty area endorsements 32 33 that correspond to the license, has fulfilled the contractual requirement under part 7080.0815, subpart 1, item B or C, and 34 has a restricted license due to the need for experience. 35 Subp. 12b. Disclosure. "Disclosure" means any conclusions 36

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or statements regarding an ISTS made by the owner of a property
 with or served by an ISTS to fulfill the requirements of
 Minnesota Statutes, section 115.55, subdivision 6. ISTS
 information provided by someone other than the property owner
 must meet the requirements under part 7080.0300, subpart 6.

Subp. 12b- 12c. Distribution box. "Distribution box"
means a device designed to concurrently and equally distribute
sewage tank effluent by gravity to a soil treatment system.

9 Subp. 12e. 12d. Distribution device. "Distribution device"
10 means a device used to receive and transfer effluent from a
11 supply pipe to distribution pipes or downslope supply pipes, or
12 both. These devices are commonly known as drop boxes, valve
13 boxes, distribution boxes, or manifolds.

14 Subp. 12d. 12e. Distribution medium. "Distribution medium" 15 means the material used to distribute the sewage tank effluent 16 within a soil treatment system. This medium includes drainfield 17 rock, gravelless drainfield pipe in a geotextile wrap, or a 18 chambered system.

19 Subp. 13. Distribution pipes. "Distribution pipes" means 20 perforated pipes that are used to distribute sewage tank 21 effluent into a distribution medium.

22 [For text of subps 14 and 15, see M.R.] Subp. 15a. Drainfield rock. "Drainfield rock" means 23 24 igneous rock, or similar insoluble, durable, and decay-resistant material between three-fourths inch and 2-1/2 inches in size 25 with no more than five percent by weight passing a three-fourths 26 inch sieve and no more than one percent by weight passing a 27 number 200 sieve. Materials greater than 2-1/2 inches in size 28 29 shall not exceed five percent by weight.

30 Subp. 15b. Drop box. "Drop box" means a distribution 31 device used for the serial gravity application of sewage tank 32 effluent to a soil treatment system.

33 Subp. 16. Dwelling. "Dwelling" means any building or 34 place used or intended to be used by human occupants as a single-35 family or two-family residence.

36 Subp. 16a. Failing system. "Failing system" means any

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system that discharges untreated-or-partially-treated sewage to 1 the-ground-surface,-surface-water,-or-groundwater; a seepage 2 pit, cesspool, drywell, or leaching pit; and any system with 3 less than three feet of soil or sand between the system bottom 4 of the distribution medium and the saturated soil level or 5 bedrock;-and-any-system-causing-sewage-backup-into-a-dwelling-or 6 other-establishment. In addition, any system posing an imminent 7 threat to public health or safety as defined in subpart 19a 8 shall be considered failing. Upgrade requirements for these 9 systems are found under parts 7080.0060, subparts 3 and 4, and 10 7080.0315 or 7080.0350. 11

12 Subp. 17a. Gas deflecting baffle. "Gas deflecting baffle" 13 means an obstructing device on the septic tank outlet that 14 limits the escape of solids that are carried by septic tank 15 gases.

Subp. 17b. Gravelless drainfield pipe. "Gravelless drainfield pipe" means a distribution medium consisting of a corrugated distribution pipe encased in a geotextile wrap installed in a trench.

20 Subp. 18. Greywater. "Greywater" means liquid-waste-from 21 a-dwelling-or-other-establishment-produced-by-bathing,-laundry, 22 culinary-operations,-and-from-floor-drains-associated-with-these 23 sources,-and-specifically-excluding sewage that does not contain 24 toilet waste wastes.

Subp. 18a. Hazardous waste. "Hazardous waste" means any
substance which, when discarded, meets the definition of
hazardous waste in chapter 7045.

Subp. 19. Holding tank. "Holding tank" means a tank for storage of sewage until it can be transported to a point of approved treatment and disposal.

31 Subp. 19a. Imminent threat to public health or safety. 32 "Imminent threat to public health or safety" means situations 33 with the potential to immediately and adversely impact or 34 threaten public health or safety. At a minimum, ground surface 35 <u>or surface water discharges</u> or-adversely-impacted-wells and any 36 <u>system causing sewage backup into a dwelling or other</u>

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12/18/95 establishment shall constitute an imminent threat. 1 **ISTS.** "ISTS" means an individual sewage 2 Subp. 19b. treatment system as defined under subpart 21. 3 ISTS professional. "ISTS professional" means a 4 Subp. 19c. person who conducts site evaluations or designs, installs, 5 alters, repairs, maintains, pumps, or inspects systems-as-set 6 forth-in-this-chapter all or part of an individual sewage 7 treatment system and is required to comply with applicable 8 9 requirements. 10 Subp. 20. [See repealer.] Subp. 21. Individual sewage treatment system. "Individual 11 12 sewage treatment system" means a sewage treatment system, or 13 part thereof, serving a dwelling, or other establishment, or group thereof, and using sewage tanks or advanced treatment 14 followed by soil treatment and disposal. Individual sewage 15 treatment system includes holding tanks and privies. 16 "Invert" means the lowest point of a 17 Subp. 21a. Invert. channel inside a pipe. 18 Subp. 21b. Landscape position. "Landscape position" means 19 20 the identification of the shape of the land or geomorphic setting of the soil. Terms used to describe landscape position 21 22 include ridge, sideslope, footslope, closed depression or 23 pothole, drainage way or swale, terrace, or floodplain. Subp. 21c. Licensee. "Licensee" means the person to whom 24 a license under part 7080.0705 is issued. The designated **25** · registered professional is subject to the same obligations as 26 the licensee. 27 The license must be applicable to the work being 28 performed. 29 Subp. 22a. [See repealer.] 30 Subp. 22b. Liquid capacity. "Liquid capacity" means the 31 liquid volume of a sewage tank below the invert of the outlet 32 pipe. Subp. 22c. Local ordinance. "Local ordinance" means any 33 34 ordinance that complies with this chapter enacted by the 35 governing body of a local unit of government to regulate individual sewage treatment systems and/or any ordinance to 36

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regulate the issuance of permits or variances for the addition
 of a bedroom or bathroom on property served by an individual
 sewage treatment system.

Subp. 22d. Local unit of government. "Local unit of
government" means a township, statutory or home rule charter
city, or county.

7 Subp. 22e. Lot. "Lot" means a lot in a plat recorded in 8 the office of the county recorder or registrar of titles or a 9 parcel of land created and conveyed, using a specific legal 10 description, for a building site.

Subp. 22f. More restrictive standards. "More restrictive 11 standards" means the modification of this-chapter the technical 12 standards and criteria with the intention of providing an 13 additional measure of public health or environmental protection, 14 additional margins of safety, or greater system longevity. More 15 restrictive standards may place additional requirements on 16 standard systems but may not eliminate the use of a standard 17 18 system.

Subp. 23. Mottling. "Mottling,", as applied to soils, 19 means a zone of chemical and reduction activity, appearing as 20 splotchy patches of red, brown, or gray in the soil. In 21 22 subsoils with a color value of four or more, the term mottling also includes soil having matrix colors with a chroma of two or 23 less as described in "Keys to Soil Taxonomy" 5th Edition, 1992 24 Soil Management Support Services, technical monograph No. 19, 25 which is incorporated by reference. This document is provided 26 by the Agency for International Development, United States 27 Department of Agriculture Soil Conservation Service, Soil 28 Management Support Services. The document was printed by 29 Pocahontas Press, Inc., P.O. Drawer F, Blacksburg, Virginia 30 24063-1020. It can be found at the Minnesota State Law Library, 31 Judicial Center, 25 Constitution Avenue, St. Paul, Minnesota 32 55155, and is not subject to frequent change. 33

34 Subp. 24. Mound system. "Mound system" means a system 35 where the soil treatment area is built above the natural 36 elevation of the soil to overcome limits imposed by proximity to

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saturated soil or bedrock, or by rapidly or slowly permeable 1 2 soils. Subp. 24a. [See repealer.] 3 New construction. "New construction" means Subp. 24b. 4. installing or constructing a new individual sewage treatment 5 system in its entirety; or-a-holding-tank,-curtain-drain,-privy, 6 artificial drainage or collector system; or altering, extending, 7 or adding capacity to an existing individual sewage treatment 8 9 system. Subp--24c---Nonconforming-system---"Nonconforming-system" 10 means-a-failing-system-as-defined-in-subpart-16a-or-a-system-not 11 constructed-in-compliance-with-all-applicable-local-standards 12 adopted-and-in-effect-at-the-time-of-installation-13 Subp. 24d. Notice of noncompliance. "Notice of 14 noncompliance" means a document written and signed by a 15 qualified employee or licensee after a compliance inspection 16 which gives notice that an individual sewage treatment system is 17 not in compliance as specified under part 7080.0060. 18 Subp. 24e. Ordinary high water level. "Ordinary high 19 water level" means-the-boundary-of-public-waters-and-wetlands; 20 that-is-an-elevation-delineating-the-highest-water-level 21 maintained-for-a-sufficient-period-of-time-to-leave-evidence 22 upon-the-landscape7-commonly that-point-where-the-natural 23 vegetation-changes-from-predominantly-aquatic-to-predominantly 24 terrestrial.--For-watercourses,-the-ordinary-high-water-level-is 25 26 the-elevation-of-the-top-of-the-bank-of-a-channel---For reservoirs-and-flowages-the-ordinary-high-water-level-must-be 27 28 the-operating-elevation-of-the-normal-summer-pool has the meaning given in Minnesota Statutes, section 103G.005, 29 30 subdivision 14. Subp. 24f. Original soil. "Original soil" means naturally 31 occurring inorganic soil that has not been moved, smeared, 32 compacted, nor manipulated with construction equipment. 33 Subp. 25. Other establishment. "Other establishment" 34 means any public or private structure other than a dwelling 35

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which generates sewage.

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Subp. 25a. Owner. "Owner" means any person having
 possession of, control over, or title to property with an
 individual sewage treatment system.

Subp. 26. Percolation rate. "Percolation rate" means the
timed rate of drop of a water surface in a test hole as
specified in part 7080.0110, subpart 4.

Subp. 26a. Permit. "Permit" means a building, 7 construction, sanitary, planning, zoning, or other such permit 8 issued for new construction, replacement, repair, alteration, or 9 extension of an individual sewage treatment system, including 10 holding-tanks,-curtain-drains,-privies, artificial drainage and 11 collector systems. Permit also means a permit issued for the 12 addition of a bedroom or bathroom on property served by an 13 individual sewage treatment system. 14

15 Subp. 26b. Permittee. "Permittee" means any person who is 16 named on a permit issued pursuant to local ordinance.

17 Subp. 27. Permitting authority. "Permitting authority" 18 means any unit of government, state agency, or any authorized 19 representative who administers or enforces ordinances or laws or 20 rules through permits.

Subp. 28. Plastic limit. "Plastic limit" means a soil moisture content below which the soil may be manipulated for purposes of installing a soil treatment system, and above which manipulation will cause compaction and puddling. The soil moisture content at the plastic limit can be measured by American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) test number pd318-84.

Subp. 28a. Privy. "Privy" means an aboveground structure
with an underground cavity meeting the requirements of part
7080.0910, subpart 3, item F, which is used for the storage or
treatment and disposal of toilet wastes, specifically excluding
water for flushing and greywater.

33 Subp. 28b. [See repealer.]

Subp. 28a. 28c. Public waters. "Public waters" means any
public waters or wetlands as defined in Minnesota Statutes,
section 103G.005, subdivisions 15 and 19, or identified as

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public waters or wetlands by the inventory prepared pursuant to
 Minnesota Statutes, section 103G.201.

Subp. 28b. 28d. Qualified employee. "Qualified employee" 3 means an employee of state or local government who conducts site 4 evaluations or designs; installs, maintains, pumps, or inspects 5 individual sewage treatment systems as part of employment duties 6 and is registered on the ISTS professional register with 7 specialty area endorsements applicable to the work being 8 conducted. A qualified employee may be an apprentice if the 9 individual has specialty area endorsements applicable to the 10 work to be completed, has fulfilled the contractual requirement 11 under part 7080.0815, subpart 1, item B or C, and has been 12 issued performance restrictions. 13

Subp. 28c. 28c. Replacement. "Replacement" means the replacement of an existing sewage tank, holding tank, dosing chamber, curtain-drain artificial drainage, privy, collector system, or soil treatment system.

Subp. 28e. 28f. Restaurants. "Restaurants" means establishments that prepare and serve meals and at which multiple use dishes and utensils are washed.

21 Subp. 29. [See repealer.]

Subp. 29a. Saturated soil. "Saturated soil" means the highest elevation in the soil where periodically depleted oxygen levels occur because of soil voids being filled with water. Saturated soil is evidenced by presence of soil mottling or other information.

27 Subp. 29b. Seepage bed. "Seepage bed" means an excavated 28 area larger than 36 inches in width which contains drainfield 29 rock and has more than one distribution pipe.

30 Subp. 30. Seepage pit, or leaching pit, or dry well. 31 "Seepage pit, or leaching pit, or dry well" means an underground 32 pit into which a sewage tank discharges effluent and from which 33 the liquid seeps into the surrounding soil at a loading rate 34 greater than 1.20 gallons per day per square foot or with a 35 hydraulic head greater than 30 inches.

36 Subp. 31. Septage. "Septage" means solids and liquids

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removed during periodic maintenance of an individual sewage 1 treatment system, or solids and liquids which are removed 2 from toilet waste treatment devices or a holding tank. 3 "Setback" means a separation distance Subp. 32. Setback. 4 measured horizontally. 5 Subp. 33. Sewage. "Sewage" means any water-carried 6 domestic waste, exclusive of footing and roof drainage, and 7 chemically treated hot tub or pool water, from any industrial, 8 agricultural, or commercial establishment, or any dwelling or 9 any other structure. Domestic waste includes liquid waste 10 produced by toilets, bathing, laundry, culinary operations, and 11 the floor drains associated with these sources. Animal waste 12 13 and commercial or industrial waste are not considered domestic 14 waste. 15 Subp. 34. [See repealer.] "Sewage tank" means a tank meeting 16 Subp. 35. Sewage tank. 17 the criteria in part 7080.0130 and used in the treatment of sewage and includes septic tanks and aerobic tanks. 18 19 [For text of subps 36 to 40, see M.R.] 20 Subp. 41. [See repealer.] Subp. 42. Soil textural classification. "Soil textural 21 22 classification" means the soil particle sizes or textural classification as specified in the Soil Survey Manual, Handbook 23 24 No. 18, United States Department of Agriculture, 1993, incorporated by reference in part 7080.0030. 25 26 Subp. 43. Soil treatment area. "Soil treatment area" 27 means the area of trench, at grade rock bed, or seepage bed bottom which is in direct contact with the distribution medium 28 29 of the soil treatment system. 30 Subp. 44. Soil treatment system. "Soil treatment system" 31 means a system where sewage tank effluent is treated and 32 disposed of into the soil by percolation and filtration, and 33 includes trenches, seepage beds, drainfields, at-grade systems, and mound systems. 34 35 Subp. 45. Standard system. "Standard system" means an individual sewage treatment system specified in parts 7080.0125 36

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1 to 7080.0170.

Subp. 45a. SDS and NPDES permits. "SDS and NPDES permits" means State Disposal System and National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permits issued by the agency to regulate

5 individual sewage treatment systems.

Subp--45b--Standard-system---"Standard-system"-means-an
individual-sewage-treatment-system-built-in-compliance-with
parts-7080-0600-to-7000-0910-

9 Subp. 45c. <u>45b.</u> Supply pipe. "Supply pipe" means any
10 nonperforated pipe whose purpose is the transport of sewage tank
11 effluent. <u>Supply pipes must meet or exceed the requirements for</u>
12 building sewers in part 7080.0120.

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[For text of subp 46, see M.R.]

Subp. 46a. Technical standards and criteria. "Technical standards and criteria" means parts 7080.0020, 7080.0060 to 6 7080.0176, and 7080.0910.

17 Subp. 47. **Ten-year flood.** "Ten-year flood" means a flood 18 which can be expected to occur, on an average, of once in ten 19 years; or the elevation to which flood waters have a ten percent 20 chance of rising in any given year.

Subp. 48. Toilet waste. "Toilet waste" means waste commonly disposed of in toilets including fecal matter, urine, toilet paper, and any water used for flushing and specifically excluding sanitary napkins, tampons, and disposable diapers.
Alternative or experimental systems may allow the disposal of sanitary napkins, tampons, and disposable diapers if the technology specifically addresses the treatment and disposal of

28 these types of solid waste.

Subp. 48a. Toilet waste treatment devices. "Toilet waste treatment devices" means privies and other devices including incinerating, composting, biological, chemical, recirculating, or holding toilets.

33 Subp. 48b. Trench. "Trench" means an area excavated from 34 18 to 36 inches in width which contains drainfield rock or other 35 distribution medium.

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Subp. 49. Valve box. "Valve box" means a watertight

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[REVISOR] CMR/DE AR2572 12/18/95 structure designed for alternate distribution of effluent to a 1 2 soil treatment system. 3 Subp 49a. Voluntary certification program. "Voluntary certification program" means the program administered by the 4 agency that provided certification of education and experience 5 to individual sewage treatment systems professionals who 6 7 volunteered to participate in the program. This program ends on the effective date of this chapter. 8 9 Subp. 50. [See repealer.] "Watertight" means a device 10 Subp. 52. Watertight. constructed so that no water can get into or out of the device 11 except through designed inlets and outlets. 12 [For text of subp 53, see M.R.] 13 14 7080.0025 ADVISORY COMMITTEE. Subpart 1. Creation. There is created an advisory 15 16 committee on individual sewage treatment systems (ISTS). 17 Subp. 2. Duties. The committee shall, subject to the approval of the commissioner, review and advise the agency on: 18 19 A. revisions of standards and legislation relating to 20 ISTS; 21 в. technical data relating to ISTS; 22 С. a technical manual on ISTS; 23 D. educational materials and programs for ISTS; the administration of standards and ordinances 24 Ε. 25 pertaining to ISTS at the state and local level; and 26 F. other ISTS activities considered appropriate by 27 the committee. Subp. 3. Membership. The committee shall consist of the 28 29 following voting members. Of the voting members: 30 one shall be a citizen of Minnesota, Α. representative of the public; 31 32 one shall be from the Minnesota Extension Service в. 33 of the University of Minnesota; 34 C. six shall be county administrators, such as zoning administrators and, sanitarians, and environmental health 35

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1	specialists, one from each of the five agency regions and one
2	from the seven-county metropolitan area;
3	D. one shall be a municipal building inspector;
4	E. six shall be sewage treatment contractors, one
5	from each of the five agency regions and one from the
6	seven-county metropolitan area;
7	F. one shall be a water well contractor; and
8	G. one shall be a township official.
9	Subp. 4. Ex officio members. The following agencies and
10	associations shall each have one nonvoting ex officio member to
11	assist the advisory committee and to be advised, in turn, on
12	matters relating to ISTS: the agency, Department of Natural
13	Resources, Minnesota Department of Health, United States
14	Department of Agriculture Soil Conservation Service,
15	Metropolitan Council, Association of Minnesota Counties,
16	Minnesota Association of Townships, League of Minnesota Cities,
17	Minnesota Society of Engineers, Association of Small Cities,
18	Minnesota Association of Campground Operators, Inc., Minnesota
19	Association of Realtors, Minnesota County Recorders'
20	Association, and Minnesota Environmental Health Association,
21	Minnesota On-site Sewage Treatment Contractor's Association, and
22	the American Society of Home Inspectors.
23	Subp. 5. Appointment; terms. All members shall be
24	appointed by the agency board from recommendations by the
25	affected groups. All members shall serve for four years, with
26	terms staggered so as to maintain continuity. In the case of a
27	vacancy, an appointment shall be made for the unexpired balance
28	of the term. The administrators, inspectors, and contractors
29	shall have been bona fide residents of this state for at least
30	three years before appointment, and shall have had at least
31	three years' experience in their respective businesses.
32	Subp. 6. Robert's rules. Robert's Rules of Order shall
33	prevail at all meetings of the advisory committee.
34	7080.0030 ADMINISTRATION BY STATE AGENCIES; SDS AND NPDES PERMIT
35	REQUIREMENTS.

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Subpart 1. SDS and NPDES permits required. The agency
 issues State Disposal System (SDS) and National Pollutant
 Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permits. Individual sewage
 treatment systems are required to have an NPDES or SDS permit,
 or both, as follows:

When a single individual sewage treatment system, A. 6 or group of individual sewage treatment systems, is located on 7 adjacent properties and under single ownership, the owner or 8 owners shall make application for and obtain a state disposal 9 system permit from the agency in accordance with subpart 2 and 10 chapter 7001 if the individual sewage treatment system or group 11 of systems is designed to treat an average design flow of 12 13 greater than 10,000 gallons per day.

For dwellings such as rental apartments, townhouses, resort 14 units, rental cabins, and condominiums, the sum of the flows 15 from all existing and proposed sources under single management 16 or ownership will be used to determine the need for a state 17 disposal system permit. Individual sewage treatment systems 18 serving establishments or facilities licensed or otherwise 19 regulated by the state of Minnesota shall conform to the 20 requirements of this chapter. 21

22 B. All new or existing systems which discharge to 23 surface waters or the ground surface must obtain either an NPDES 24 or an SDS permit from the agency and shall comply with all NPDES 25 or SDS requirements.

Subp. 2. Application for SDS permit. For an individual 26 sewage treatment system that is required to have an SDS permit 27 under subpart 1, the owner must submit to the agency a complete 28 set of plans and specifications with the completed SDS permit 29 application which includes the information under items A to I in 30 31 such detail as appropriate for the complexity of the system: justification of the need for a large system; 32 Α. 33 в. a site evaluation which includes detailed soil descriptions in accordance with part 7080.0110 and with any 34 35 additional methods as specified in the Soil Survey Manual, Agricultural Handbook No. 18 (October 1993), which is 36

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incorporated by reference. The manual is issued by the United 1 States Department of Agriculture and is available through the 2 Superintendent of Documents, United States Government Printing 3 Office, Washington, D.C. It can be found at the Minnesota State 4 Law Library, Judicial Center, 25 Constitution Avenue, St. Paul, 5 Minnesota 55155, and is not subject to frequent change; 6 a description of methods to meet or exceed permit 7 с. standards for down gradient groundwater quality; 8 an evaluation of groundwater conditions, 9 D. groundwater impacts, and development of a groundwater monitoring 10 and mitigation plan; 11 a plan to identify and eliminate discharges of 12 Ε. nondomestic wastewater; 13 meter readings of flow; F. 14 an operation and maintenance plan; 15 G. a septage disposal plan; and 16 H. 17 I. for joint systems, a written statement signed by all owners of dwellings or other establishments planned to be 18 19 connected to collection systems that they agree to be part of the system, to participate in the construction projects, and to 20 participate in and finance future operation, maintenance, and 21 replacement of the system. 22 Subp. 3. Variance procedures. In certain cases, the owner 23 or other person responsible for an ISTS which requires a 24 variance by the agency may submit a request for a variance from 25 the standards in this chapter. Before granting a requested 26 variance, the agency must find that by reason of exceptional 27 28 circumstances the strict enforcement of any provision of this chapter would cause undue hardship; that disposal of the sewage 29 30 is necessary for the public health, safety, or welfare; or that 31 strict conformity with the standards would be unreasonable, impractical, not feasible under the circumstances, or not 32 reasonable due to proximity of systems. The agency may permit a 33 variance under part 7000.7000 upon conditions as it may 34 prescribe for prevention, control, or abatement of pollution in 35 harmony with the general purpose of this chapter and the intent 36

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of applicable state and federal laws. Variances to separation 1 distances from wells and water supply pipes can only be issued 2 by the Minnesota Department of Health. 3 Subp. 4. Administration by all state agencies. Individual 4 sewage treatment systems serving establishments or facilities 5 licensed or otherwise regulated by Minnesota shall conform to 6 the requirements of this chapter. Any individual sewage 7 treatment systems requiring approval by the state shall also 8 comply with all applicable local codes and ordinances. 9 Plans and specifications must receive the appropriate state and local 10 approval before construction is initiated. 11 MINIMUM TECHNICAL STANDARDS AND CRITERIA FOR INDIVIDUAL 12 SEWAGE TREATMENT SYSTEMS 13 7080.0060 COMPLIANCE CRITERIA. 14 15 Subpart 1. Treatment required. Each individual sewage treatment system shall be designed to receive and treat all 16 sewage from the dwelling or other establishment served. 17 Subp. 2. Hand carried greywater. Hand carried greywater 18 19 shall not be discharged directly to surface waters, drainageways, or in a manner harmful to the environment or to 20 public health. 21 Subp. 3. Compliance. Individual sewage treatment systems 22 23 shall be considered in compliance if: 24 an existing individual sewage treatment system is Α. not a failing system as defined in part 7080.0020, subpart 16a; 25 26 or 27 new construction or replacement meets the в. 28 technical standards and criteria defined in part 7080.0020, 29 subpart 46a. 30 Subp. 4. Required upgrade. Systems not in compliance shall be upgraded, replaced, repaired in compliance with this 31 part, or discontinued. If a compliance inspection indicates 32 33 that a system presents an imminent threat to public health or safety as defined in part 7080.0020, subpart 19a, the owner must 34 35 upgrade, replace, or discontinue use of the system within the

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1 time period established by the local unit of government in areas
2 with local ordinances and by the agency in areas without local
3 ordinances. This time period shall not be longer than ten
4 months after the owner receives a notice of noncompliance.

5 7080.0065 PROHIBITIONS.

A. Sewage, sewage tank effluent, or seepage from a real soil treatment system shall not be discharged into any well or <u>boring as defined in chapter 4725 or any</u> other excavation in the ground not in compliance with this chapter.

10 B. Footing or roof drainage and chemically treated hot tub and pool water shall not enter any part of a system. 11 12 Products containing hazardous materials waste and hazardous substances must not be discharged to a system other than in 13 normal amounts of household products and cleaners designed for 14 15 household use. Substances not intended for use in household cleaning including solvents, pesticides, flammables, photo 16 finishing chemicals, and dry cleaning chemicals must not be 17 discharged to the system. 18

19 C. Unless specifically permitted by the agency, 20 sewage, sewage tank effluent, or seepage from a soil treatment 21 system shall not be discharged to the ground surface or to 22 surface water.

23 7080.0110 SITE EVALUATION.

24 Subpart 1. [See repealer.]

25 Subp. la. Necessity of evaluation. A preliminary and 26 field evaluation shall be conducted for all proposed sites for 27 individual sewage treatment systems.

28 Subp. 2. [See repealer.]

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Subp. 2a. Preliminary evaluation. A preliminary
evaluation shall consist of:

31 A. flow determination for the dwelling or other32 establishment;

B. the investigation of the proposed or existinglocation of:

(1) water supply wells within 100 feet of the

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[REVISOR] CMR/DE AR2572 12/18/95 proposed individual sewage treatment system; 1 (2) existing and proposed buildings on the lot; 2 (3) existing and proposed buried water pipes 3 within 50 feet of the proposed system; 4 C. easements on the lot; 5 ordinary high water level of public waters; D. 6 ten-year floodplain designation and flooding 7 Ε. elevation from published data as available or from data which is 8 acceptable to and approved by the permitting authority or the 9 10 DNR; 11 F. property lines; all required setbacks from the system; 12 G. н. the soil map unit, applicable soil 13 characteristics, and soil suitability as determined by the soil 14 survey report, if available; 15 legal description and lot dimensions; and 16 I. names of property owners. 17 J. Subp. 3. [See repealer.] 18 Subp. 4. Field evaluation. A field evaluation consists of: 19 identifying lot lines, lot improvements, required 20 Α. setbacks, and easements; 21 a description of the following surface features: 22 в. (1) percent and direction of the slope at the 23 proposed system location; 24 25 (2) vegetation type; (3) any evidence of disturbed or compacted area 26 or flooding or run-on potential; and 27 28 (4) landscape position; C. soil observations. 29 The number of soil 30 observations required is the smallest-number-necessary-to 31 adequately-characterize-the-site based on the professional 32 judgment of the individual conducting the site evaluation or the permitting authority with a minimum of one observation per 33 34 site. Soil observations shall be performed in an exposed pit, or by hand augering, or probing. Underground utilities must be 35 located before soil observations are undertaken. Required 36

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safety precautions must be taken before entering soil pits. 1 Flite augers which are noncontinuous or disturb extracted soil 2 Soil samples are not allowable for soil observation. 3 observations shall be conducted prior to any required 4 percolation tests to determine whether the soils are suitable to 5 warrant percolation tests and, if suitable, at what depths 6 percolation tests shall be conducted. The depth of the soil 7 boring shall be to the seasonally saturated layer, bedrock, or 8 three feet below the proposed depth of the system, whichever is 9 less; 10

soil description. A soil description shall be D. 11 written for each soil observation at the proposed site. Soils 12 should only be evaluated under adequate light conditions with 13 the soil in a moist state and include the following: ٦4

(1) the depth of each soil horizon measured from 15 the ground surface. Soil horizons are differentiated by changes 16 in soil texture, soil color, mottling, bedrock, or any other 17 characteristic which may affect water percolation or treatment 18 19 of effluent;

(2) the soil matrix and mottled color described 20 per horizon by the Munsell Soil Color Charts, 1992 Revised 21 Edition, which is incorporated by reference. This document is 22 available from Macbeth Division, Kollmorgen Instruments 23 Corporation, Munsell Color, P.O. Box 230, Newburgh, New York 24 It can be found at the Minnesota State Law Library, 12551-0230. 25 Judicial Center, 25 Constitution Avenue, St. Paul, Minnesota 26 55155 and is not subject to frequent change. 27

(3) the soil texture described using the United 28 States Department of Agriculture (USDA) soil classification 29 system as modified below: 30

USDA

Minnesota 31 32 Clay, sand clay, silty clay Clay loam, sandy clay loam, 33 Clay _ Clay loam 34 = 35 silty clay loam 36 Loam = Loam Sandy loam = Sandy loam 37 38 Silt loam = Silt loam, silt Loamy sand 39 Loamy sand = = Coarse sand 40 Coarse sand (Medium) sand 41 (Medium) sand =

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[REVISOR] CMR/DE AR2572 12/18/95 Fine and very fine sand Fine sand 1 2 (4) bedrock determined according to part 3 7080.0020, subpart 6; 4 (5) depth of standing water in the hole measured 5 from the soil surface, if observed; 6 (6) any other soil characteristic to be 7 described, which must be classified in accordance with chapter 3 8 of the Soil Survey Manual, Agricultural Handbook No. 18, which 9 is incorporated by reference in part 7080.0030. 10 percolation test procedures. Where percolation Ε. 11 tests are required, they shall be made as follows: 12 (1) Each test hole shall be six to eight inches 13 14 in diameter, have vertical sides, be located in the soil treatment or absorption area and be bored or dug to the depth of 15 the bottom of the proposed soil treatment system. 16 (2) Soil texture descriptions shall be recorded 17 noting depths from the ground surface where texture changes 18 19 occur. (3) The bottom and sides of the hole shall be 20 21 carefully scratched to remove any smearing and to provide a natural soil surface into which water may penetrate. 22 23 (4) All loose material shall be removed from the bottom of the test hole and two inches of one-fourth to 24 three-fourths inch gravel or clean sand shall be added to 25 protect the bottom from scouring. 26 (5) The hole shall be carefully filled with clear 27 water to a minimum depth of 12 inches over the soil at the 28 bottom of the test hole and maintained for no less than four 29 30 hours in order for saturation to occur. The soil shall then be allowed to swell for at least 16, 31 but no more than 30 hours. In sandy soils, the saturation and 32 swelling procedure shall not be required and the test may 33 34 proceed if one filling of the hole has seeped away in less than ten minutes. 35 (6) Percolation rate measurement. In sandy 36 soils, adjust the water depth to eight inches over the soil at 37

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From a fixed reference point, the the bottom of the test hole. 1 drop in water level shall be measured in inches to the nearest 2 1/16 inch at approximately ten minute intervals. A measurement 3 can also be made by determining the time it takes for the water 4 level to drop one inch from an eight-inch reference point. If 5 eight inches of water seeps away in less than ten minutes, a 6 shorter interval between measurements shall be used, but in no 7 case shall the water depth exceed eight inches. The test shall 8 continue until three consecutive percolation rate measurements 9 vary by a range of no more than ten percent. 10

In other soils, adjust the water depth to eight inches over 11 the soil at the bottom of the test hole. From a fixed reference 12 13 point, the drop in water level shall be measured in inches to the nearest 1/16 inch at approximately 30-minute intervals, 14 15 refilling between measurements to maintain an eight-inch starting head. If water seeps away in less than 30 minutes, a 16 17 shorter time interval between measurements must be used, but in no case shall the water depth exceed eight inches. 18 The test shall continue until three consecutive percolation rate 19 measurements vary by a range of no more than ten percent. 20 The percolation rate can also be made by observing the time it takes 21 22 the water level to drop one inch from an eight-inch reference point if a constant water depth of at least eight inches has 23 24 been maintained for at least four hours prior to the measurement. 25

(7) Calculating the percolation rate. Divide the 26 time interval in minutes by the drop in water level in inches to obtain the percolation rate in minutes per inch. 27 The percolation rates which are within the ten percent provision 28 29 determined for each test hole shall be averaged to determine the final percolation rate for that hole. The slowest final 30 31 percolation rate for all holes within the soil treatment area 32 shall be used for design.

33 (8) Frost. A percolation test shall not be run
34 where frost exists below the depth of the proposed soil
35 treatment system; and

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F. the-suitable-soil-treatment-system-area-and

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absorption-areas-shall-be-protected the individual conducting 1 the site evaluation shall provide a means of protection from 2 compaction and disturbance for the area proposed for the soil 3 treatment system. 4 Subp. 5. [See repealer.] 5 Subp. 5a. Site evaluation reporting. A written report on 6 the site evaluation shall be prepared covering at least the 7 following: 8 subparts 2a, items A to J, and 4, items B to E; 9 Α. dates of preliminary and field evaluations; 10 Β. a map drawn to scale or dimension, with a north 11 с. arrow, and including: 12 (1) horizontal and vertical reference point of 13 soil observation and percolation tests and distance to all 14 required setbacks, lot improvements, easements, ordinary high 15 water mark of public waters, property lines, direction, and 16 17 percent slope; (2) the location of any unsuitable, 18 19 disturbed/compacted areas; and (3) the access route for tank maintenance; 20 estimated depth of seasonally saturated layer, 21 D. bedrock, or flood elevation, if appropriate; 22 proposed elevation of the bottom of the soil 23 E. 24 treatment system; final soil sizing factor; F. 25 G. anticipated construction-related issues; and 26 name, address, telephone number, and signature of 27 н. the site-evaluator/designer individual conducting the site 28 29 evaluation. 30 Subpr-6---Additional-soil-treatment-areas---If-a-suitable additional-soil-treatment-area-is-available7-it-must-be 31 identified-in-the-site-evaluation-32 33 7080.0120 BUILDING SEWERS. Subpart 1. Plumbing and Well Codes. The design, 34 construction, and location of, and the materials for use in 35

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[REVISOR] CMR/DE AR2572 12/18/95 building sewers are-governed by shall be in accordance with the Minnesota State Building Code, chapter 1300, which incorporates

by reference portions of the Minnesota Plumbing Code, chapter 3 4715, and specific provisions of the Minnesota rules relating to 4 wells and borings, chapter 4725. 5

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[See repealer.]
Subp. 2.
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7 7080.0125 SEWAGE FLOW DETERMINATION FOR DWELLINGS AND OTHER ESTABLISHMENTS. 8

9 System sizing. Where the construction of Subpart 1. 10 additional bedrooms, the installation of mechanical equipment, or other factors likely to affect the operation of the system 11 12 can be reasonably anticipated, the installation of a system for 13 the anticipated need shall be required.

14 Subp. 2. Dwellings. Average design flow shall be used to 15 size soil treatment systems for dwellings. The average design flow estimated for any dwelling shall provide for at least two 16 For multiple residential units, the average design 17 bedrooms. 18 flow shall consist of the sum of the average design flows for 19 each individual unit.

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Table I

Average Design Flow (gallons per day) 21 22 Number of Classification of Dwelling 23 Bedrooms I 24 II III 25 26 2 or less. 300 225 180 27 3 450 300 218 28 4 600 375 256 29 5 750 450 294 30 6 900 525 332 31

Table I is based on the following formulas: 32

33 Classification I: The average design flow for classification I dwellings is determined by multiplying 150 by 34 35 the number of bedrooms. Classification I dwellings are defined as having a total floor area of the dwelling divided by the 36 37 number of bedrooms of more than 800 square feet per bedroom, or 38 more than two of the following water-use appliances are installed or anticipated: automatic washer, dishwasher, water 39 40 conditioning unit, whirlpool bath, garbage disposal, or

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1 self-cleaning humidifier in furnace.

2 Classification II: The average design flow for classification II dwellings is determined by multiplying 75 by 3 the number of bedrooms plus one. Classification II dwellings 4 are defined as having more than 500 square feet of total 5 dwelling floor area per bedroom and no more than two of the 6 water-use appliances listed in Classification I. 7 8 Classification III: The average design flow for classification III dwellings is determined by adding 66 to the 9 product of 38 times the number of bedrooms plus one. 10 Classification III dwellings are defined as having less than 500 11 square feet of total dwelling floor area per bedroom and no more 12 13 than two of the water-use appliances listed in Classification I. Subp. 3. Other establishments. For other establishments, 14 average design flow shall be used to size soil treatment 15 systems. Maximum design flow shall be used to size sewage 16 tanks. Design flows shall be calculated using estimated or 17 measured values for other establishments according to items A 18 19 and B. Estimated average and maximum design flows: 20 the Α. best available data as provided by the agency shall be used if 21 estimating the average and maximum design flows. 22 Measured average and maximum design flows: 23 в. 24 (1) the average design flow shall be determined by averaging the measured daily flows for a consecutive 25 seven-day period in which the establishment is at maximum 26 capacity or use; and 27 28 (2) the maximum design flow shall be the 29 anticipated peak daily flow. An individual sewage treatment 30 Subp. 4. Water meter. system that serves other establishments must not be installed 31 unless a water meter is provided to measure the flow to the 32 treatment system. For metered systems that have sewage tank 33 effluent pumped to a soil treatment system, an electrical event 34 counter or other method of flow measuring must also be employed. 35

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12/18/95 [REVISOR] CMR/DE AR2572 7080.0130 SEWAGE TANKS. 1 2 Subpart 1. General. All tanks, regardless of material or method of construction, must: 3 [For text of items A to C, see M.R.] 4 not be subject to corrosion or decay; 5 D. Ε. have the manufacturer's name, model number, and 6 tank capacity in gallons permanently displayed on the tank above 7 the outlet pipe; 8 9 F. not be constructed on site when saturated soil conditions during construction are closer than three inches to 10 the bottom of the excavation; 11 be protected against flotation under high water 12 G. 13 table conditions; and have a written and graphic label affixed to 14 н. manhole maintenance hole covers of sewage tanks warning of the 15 hazardous conditions inside the tanks. 16 Subp. 2. Design of septic tanks. All tanks, regardless of 17 18 material or method of construction, shall conform to the following criteria: 19 20 Α. The liquid depth of any septic tank or compartment thereof shall not be less than 30 inches. 21 22 в. No tank or compartment thereof shall have an inside horizontal dimension less than 24 inches. 23 Baffles shall be installed at each inlet and 24 с. outlet of the tank and each compartment. 25 [For text of item D, see M.R.] 26 Inlet and outlet baffles shall be constructed of 27 Ε. 28 acid resistant concrete, acid resistant fiberglass, or plastic not subject to corrosion or decay. Inlet baffles not conducive 29 to the movement of solids shall not be used. 30 [For text of items F and G, see M.R.] 31 The outlet baffle and the baffles between 32 H. 33 compartments shall extend below the liquid surface a distance equal to 40 percent of the liquid depth except that the 34 penetration of the indicated baffles or sanitary tees for 35 horizontal cylindrical tanks shall be 35 percent of the total 36

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[REVISOR] CMR/DE AR2572 12/18/95 They also shall extend above the liquid surface liquid depth. 1 as required in item D. In no case shall they extend less than 2 six inches above the liquid surface. Gas deflecting baffles 3 shall be installed on the outlet of the final septic tank which 4 services another an other establishment. 5 The top of the inlet baffle may extend through the I. 6 top of the tank or manhole maintenance hole cover. The cap must 7 be easily accessible. 8 J. In a single compartmented tank, the inlet invert 9 shall be at least two inches above the outlet invert. 10 The inlet and outlet shall be located opposite K. 11 each other along the axis of maximum dimension. The horizontal 12 distance between the nearest points of the inlet and outlet 13 baffles shall be at least four feet. 14 Inlet baffles, other than sanitary tees, shall be L. 15 no less than six inches or no more than 12 inches from the end 16 Outlet of the inlet pipe to the nearest point on the baffle. 17 baffles, other than sanitary tees, shall be six inches measured 18 from beginning of the outlet pipe to the nearest point on the 19 Sanitary tees used as inlet or outlet baffles shall be baffle. 20 at least four inches in diameter. 21 Access to the septic tank shall be as follows: 22 Μ. [For text of subitem (1), see M.R.] 23 (2) There shall be an inspection pipe of at least 24 four inches in diameter over both the inlet and outlet baffles. 25 The inspection pipe shall extend through the tank cover or the 26 manhole maintenance hole cover, be secured, and be capped flush 27 with or above finished grade. A downward projection of the 28 center line of the inspection pipe shall be directly in line 29 with the center line of the inlet or outlet device. 30 [For text of subitem (3), see M.R.] 31 Compartmentation of single tanks. 32 N. 33 (1) A septic tank larger than 3,000 gallons shall be divided into two or more compartments. 34 (2) When a septic tank is divided into two 35 compartments, the volume of the first compartment shall be 36

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between one-half and two-thirds of the total tank volume. 1 (3) When a septic tank is divided into three or 2 more compartments, one-half of the total volume shall be in the 3 first compartment and the other half equally divided in the 4 other compartments. 5 (4) In-compartmented-tanks-a-minimum-two-inch 6 drop-shall-occur-between-the-inlet-and-outlet-of-each 7 compartment. Connections between compartments shall be baffled 8 to obtain effective retention of scum and sludge. The 9 submergence of the inlet and outlet baffles of each compartment 10 shall be as specified in items G and H. 11 (5) Adequate venting shall be provided between 12 compartments by baffles or $\mathbf{b}_{\mathbf{y}}^{\scriptscriptstyle i}$ an opening of at least 50 square 13 . inches near the top of the compartment wall. 14 (6) Adequate access to each compartment shall be 15 provided by one or more manholes maintenance holes, at least 20 16 inches least dimension, and located within six feet of all walls 17 of the tank. The manhole maintenance hole shall extend through 18 the top of the tank compartment cover to a point between zero 19 and a 12 inch depth below finished grade. If the manhole 20 maintenance hole is between zero and six inches below finished 21 grade, the manhole maintenance hole cover must be secured to 22 prevent unauthorized access. 23 24 O. Multiple tanks. (1) Where more than one tank is used to obtain 25 the required liquid volume, the tanks shall be connected in 26 27 series. (2) No more than four tanks in series can be used 28 to obtain the required liquid volume. 29 (3) The first tank shall be equal to or larger 30 than any subsequent tank in the series. 31 Outlet pipe from septic tank. 32 Ρ. [For text of subitems (1) to (3), see M.R.] 33 (4) The soil around the pipe extending from the 34 septic tank must be compacted to at least original density for a 35 length of three feet beyond the edge of the tank excavation. 36

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12/18/95 [REVISOR] CMR/DE AR2572 Liquid capacity of septic tanks. Any liquid 1 Subp. 3. depth which is greater than 78 inches shall not be used when 2 calculating the tank capacity. Liquid capacity of septic tanks 3 is as described in items A to E. 4 Dwellings. The liquid capacity of a septic tank 5 Α. serving a dwelling shall be based on the number of bedrooms 6 existing and anticipated in the dwelling served and shall be at 7 least as large as the liquid capacities given in Table II (see 8 part 7080.0020, subpart 7). 9 10 Table II Number of Bedrooms 11 Septic Tank Liquid 12 Capacities (gallons) 13 14 2 or less 750 15 3 or 4 1,000 16 5 1,500 or 6 2,000 17 7, 8 or 9 For ten or more bedrooms, the septic tank shall be sized as 18 19 another an other establishment. See item B. 20 в. Other establishments. The liquid capacity of septic tanks serving other establishments using shall use the 21 method in subitem (1), (2), or (3). 22 (1) Sufficient capacity shall provide a sewage 23 24 detention period of not less than 36 hours in the tank for maximum design flows of less than 1,500 gallons per day, but in 25 no instance shall the liquid capacity be less than 750 gallons. 26 27 (2) For maximum design flows greater than 1,500 gallons per day the minimum liquid capacity shall equal 1,125 28 29 gallons plus 75 percent of the maximum design flow. 30 (3) For restaurants and laundromats, sufficient 31 detention time or pretreatment must be provided to produce an 32 effluent quality suitable for discharge to a soil treatment 33 system. For laundromats the outlet baffle of a all septic tank tanks and baffles between compartments must be submerged to a 34 depth of 50 percent of the liquid depth of the tank. 35 36 C. Garbage disposals. If a garbage disposal unit is 37 anticipated or installed in a dwelling or other establishment, 38 the septic tank capacity must be at least 50 percent greater than that required in item A or B, subitem (1) or (2), and 39

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1 either multiple compartments or multiple tanks must be provided.
2 D. Pumping of raw sewage. If waste-containing toilet
3 waste is pumped under pressure to a septic tank, either subitem
4 (1) or (2) must be used.

5 (1) If the liquid capacity is determined by item 6 A or B, subitem (1) or (2), the dosing volume to the tank shall 7 not exceed one percent of the liquid volume capacity of the 8 tank. If multiple tanks or compartments are used, the dose 9 volume shall not exceed one percent of the first compartment or 10 tank.

(2) A dosing volume up to five percent of the liquid capacity of the first tank or compartment is allowed if multiple tanks or compartments are used with the total liquid la capacity being twice that of item A or B, subitem (1) or (2).

E. Garbage disposal and pumping of raw sewage. Systems designed for dwellings or other establishments with garbage disposals and pump raw sewage must provide for multiple tanks or compartments, have a liquid capacity of twice of item A or B, subitem (1) or (2), and have a dosing volume of five percent or less of the liquid capacity of the first tank or compartment.

22 Subp. 4. Location of sewage tanks. The sewage tank shall 23 be placed so that it is easily accessible for the removal of 24 liquids and accumulated solids.

The sewage tank shall be placed on firm and settled soil capable of bearing the weight of the tank and its contents. Sewage tanks shall be set back as specified in part 28 7080.0170, subpart 2, item A, Table IV.

Sewage tanks shall not be placed in areas subject to 29 30 flooding or in flood plains delineated by local ordinances adopted in compliance with chapter 6120 or in areas for which 31 32 regional flood information is available from the DNR, except that in areas where ten-year flood information is available from 33 and/or approved by the DNR, sewage tanks may be installed as an 34 alternative system in accordance with all provisions of part 35 7080.0910, subpart 3, item D. 36

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1 Subp. 5. [See repealer.] Subp. 6. Aerobic tanks. Aerobic tank treatment systems 2 shall comply with the general requirements for sewage tanks set 3 forth in subpart 1, and with the following: 4 The treatment system including each individual 5 Α. unit or compartment shall be easily accessible for inspection 6 and maintenance and shall be provided with secured covers. 7 B. Aerobic tanks shall comply with National 8 Sanitation Foundation Standard (NSF) No. 40 (November 1990), 9 which is incorporated by reference. The publication is 10 available through the National Sanitation Foundation, 3475 11 Plymouth Road, P.O. Box 1468, Ann Arbor, Michigan 48106. The 12 publication can be found at the Minnesota State Law Library, 13 Judicial Center, 25 Constitution Avenue, St. Paul, Minnesota 14 55155 and is not subject to frequent change. Effluent quality 15 shall meet or exceed NSF class II standards. 16 No additional reduction in soil treatment or 17 c. absorption area shall be allowed with the use of an aerobic tank. 18 A An effective maintenance service contract 19 D. acceptable-to-the-permitting-authority shall be maintained at 20 The maintenance service contract must be acceptable 21 all times. to the permitting authority, if applicable. 22 7080.0150 DISTRIBUTION OF EFFLUENT. 23 Subpart 1. General. Supply pipes must be protected from 24 freezing where the pipe passes under driveways, sidewalks, 25 roadways, or other areas where deep frost penetration is 26 27 expected. 28 Subp. 2. Gravity distribution. Drop-boxes-or-valve-boxes Serial distribution must 29 Α. be used to distribute effluent to individual trenches in a soil 30 treatment system unless the necessary elevation differences 31 between trenches for drop boxes cannot be achieved by natural 32 topography or by varying the excavation depths, in which case a 33 34 parallel distribution box-or-a-valve-box shall be used. If the drop boxes are used, they must meet the following standards in 35

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1 subitems (1) to (6). (1) The drop box shall be watertight and 2 constructed of durable materials not subject to corrosion or 3 decay. 4 (2) The invert of the inlet pipe shall be at 5 least one inch higher than the invert of the outlet pipe to the 6 next drop box. 7 (3) The invert of the outlet pipe to the next 8 drop box shall be at-least no greater than two inches higher 9 than the crown of the outlet pipe of the trench in which the box 10 is located. 11 (4) When sewage tank effluent is delivered to the 12 drop box by a pump, the pump discharge shall be directed against 13 a wall or side of the box on which there is no outlet. 14 (5) The drop box shall be covered by a minimum of 15 six inches of soil. If the top of the box is deeper than six 16 inches, access must be provided above, at, or within six inches 17 of finished grade. 18. 19 (6) The drop box shall be placed on firm and 20 settled soil. Systems using valve boxes shall comply with the 21 Β. requirements in part 7080.0170, subpart 3. The valve boxes 22 shall meet the standards in subitems (1) to (5). 23 [For text of subitems (1) and (2), see M.R.] 24 (3) When sewage tank effluent is pumped to a 25 valve box, either a baffle wall must be installed in the valve 26 box or the pump discharge must be directed against a wall or 27 side of the box on which there is no outlet. The baffle must be 28 secured to the box and extend at least one inch above the crown **29** 30 of the inlet pipe. (4) The valve box shall be covered by a minimum 31 of six inches of soil. If the top of the box is deeper than six 32 inches, access must be provided above, at, or within six inches 33 of finished grade. 34 (5) The valve box shall be placed on firm and 35 36 settled soil.

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Distribution boxes must meet the following 1 С. 2 standards: (1) The box must be watertight and must be 3 constructed of durable materials not subject to corrosion or 4 5 decay. (2) The distribution box shall be covered by a 6 minimum of six inches of soil. If the top of the box is deeper 7 than six inches, access must be provided above, at, or within 8 six inches of the finished grade. 9 (3) The inverts of all outlets must be set and 10 maintained at the same elevation. 11 (4) The inlet invert must be either at least one 12 inch above the outlet inverts or be sloped such that an 13 equivalent elevation above the outlet invert is obtained within 14 the last eight feet of the inlet pipe. 15 (5) Each drain field trench line must be 16 connected separately to the distribution box and must not be 17 subdivided. Distribution boxes must not be connected to one 18 another if each box has distribution pipes. 19 (6) When sewage tank effluent is delivered by 20 21 pump, either a baffle wall must be installed in the distribution box or the pump discharge must be directed against a wall or 22 side of the box on which there is no outlet. The baffle must be 23 secured to the box and must extend at least one inch above the 24 crown of the inlet pipe. 25 D. Distribution pipes. 26 (1) Distribution pipes used in trenches or beds 27 for gravity distribution must be at least four inches in 28 diameter and must be constructed of sound and durable material 29 30 not subject to corrosion or decay or to loss of strength under continuously wet conditions. Distribution pipes must have a 31 load bearing capacity of not less than 1,000 pounds per lineal 32 foot. 33 34 (2) Distribution pipes used for gravity distribution must have one or more rows of holes of no less than 35 one-half inch in diameter spaced no more than 40 inches apart. 36

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Holes must be spaced to prevent failure due to loads. 1 (3) The distribution pipes for gravity 2 distribution must be laid level or on a uniform slope away from 3 the distribution device of no more than four inches per 100 feet. 4 (4) Gravity distribution pipes in seepage beds 5 must be uniformly spaced no more than five feet apart and not 6 more than 30 inches from the side walls of the seepage bed. 7 Pressure distribution. Subp. 3. 8 Pressure distribution must be used for the 9 Α. following soil treatment systems: 10 (1) all mound systems; 11 (2) all at-grade systems; and 12 (3) systems where the soil percolation rate is 13 0.1 to five minutes per inch if the effluent is pumped to a 14 seepage bed or to trenches that are all at the same elevation. 15 [For text of items B and C, see M.R.] 16 Perforations must be no smaller than 3/16 inch D. 17 diameter and no larger than one-quarter inch diameter. The 18 number of perforations, perforation spacing, and pipe size for 19 pressure distribution laterals must be as shown in Table III. 20 The friction loss in any individual perforated lateral must not 21 exceed 20 percent of the average pressure head on the 22 perforations. 23 Table III 24 Maximum Allowable Number of One-Fourth Inch Diameter, 25 or Smaller, Perforations Per Lateral 26 Pipe Diameter, Nominal and Inside 27 28 1-1/4" 1-1/2" יי ר 2" Perforation 29 1.380 1.610 2.067 1.049 Spacing in feet 30 31 18 28 32 2.5 8 14 13 17 26 33 8 3 25 7 7 3.3 12 16 34 35 23 11 15 4 22 36 5 6 10 14 Perforation holes must be drilled straight into Ε. 37 the pipe and not at an angle. The perforated pipe laterals must 38 be installed level with the perforations downward. Perforation 39 holes must be free of burrs. 40 Laterals must be spaced no further than 60 inches 41 F.

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[REVISOR] CMR/DE 12/18/95 AR2572 apart in seepage beds and mound rock beds and must be spaced no 1 further than a horizontal distance of 30 inches from the outside 2 edge of a drainfield rock layer. 3 [For text of items G and H, see M.R.] 4 7080.0160 DOSING OF EFFLUENT. 5 6 Subpart 1. Dosing chamber. A dosing device is not necessary in all situations but, where used, shall comply with 7 8 the following requirements: The dosing chamber shall be watertight and 9 Α. constructed of sound and durable materials not subject to 10 11 excessive corrosion or decay, vented, and must be designed and constructed to withstand lateral pressures when the tank is 12 13 empty. 14 Β. There shall be one or more manholes maintenance 15 holes, at least 20 inches least dimension and located directly 16 above the dosing device. The manhole maintenance hole shall extend through the dosing chamber cover to final grade and shall 17 be so constructed as to prevent unauthorized entry. 18 19 С. The dosing chamber shall either include an alternating two-pump system or have a minimum 500-gallon 20 capacity total capacity of 500 gallons or 100 percent of the 21 22 average design flow, whichever is greater. 23 D. A dosing device must employ an alarm device to 24 warn of failure. 25 Ε. Pumps shall be elevated from the bottom of the dosing chamber to protect the pump from settled solids. 26 The 27 pump, pump controls, and pump discharge line shall be installed 28 so as to be accessible for servicing without entering the dosing chamber. 29 30 F. Electrical installations shall comply with 31 applicable laws and ordinances including the latest codes, rules, and regulations of public authorities having jurisdiction 32 33 and with part 1315.0200, incorporating the National Electrical 34 Code. 35 Subp. 2. Dosing devices for gravity distribution. Dosing

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devices for gravity distribution: 1 2 A. Where a dosing device is employed, a pump or siphon shall deliver the dose to the soil treatment system for 3 gravity distribution over the soil treatment area. 4 [For text of items B to F, see M.R.] 5 Dosing devices for pressure distribution. Dosing Subp. 3. 6 7 devices for pressure distribution: The dosing device shall be a pump which is cast 8 Α. 9 iron or bronze fitted and with stainless steel screws or constructed of sound, durable, and corrosion-resistant materials. 10 The pump discharge capacity shall be based upon 11 в. 12 the perforation discharges for an average head of 1.0 foot for dwellings and 2.0 feet for other establishments. Perforation 13 discharge will be determined by the following formula: 14 $Q = 19.65 \text{ cd}^2 h^{1/2}$ 15 where: Q = discharge in gallons per minute 16 c = 0.60 = coefficient of discharge17 d = perforation diameter in inches 18 19 h = head in feet.The pump discharge head shall be at least five 20 C. 21 feet greater than the head required to overcome pipe friction losses and the elevation difference between the pump and the 22 distribution device. 23 24 D. The quantity of effluent delivered for each pump cycle shall be no greater than 25 percent of the average design 25 26 flow. 27 E. A siphon will not be allowed as a dosing device to 28 deliver effluent to a pressure distribution system. 7080.0170 FINAL TREATMENT AND DISPOSAL. 29 30 Subpart 1. In general. Final treatment and disposal of 31 all sewage tank effluent shall be by discharge into the 32 soil treatment system. The required soil treatment area shall be 33 Α. 34 determined by the average design flow and the soil sizing factor 35 in accordance with Table V in subpart 2.

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[REVISOR] CMR/DE AR2572 12/18/95 Distribution shall be made in accordance with all Β. 1 2 applicable requirements of part 7080.0150. Subp. 2. Trenches and seepage beds. 3 Location of trenches and seepage beds: Δ Α. (1) On slopes greater than 12 percent, the soil 5 profile shall be carefully evaluated in the location of the 6 proposed soil treatment system and downslope to identify the 7 presence of layers with different permeabilities that may cause 8 sidehill seepage. In no case shall a trench be located within 9 10 15 feet of where such a layer surfaces on the downslope. (2) Seepage bed construction shall be limited to 11 areas having natural slopes of less than six percent. 12 Beds shall not be placed in soils with percolation rates slower than 13 14 60 minutes per inch or in floodplain areas. (3) Soil treatment systems shall be located as 15 specified in Table IV. 16 Table IV. Minimum setback distances (feet). 17 18 Sewage Soil Treatment Building Tank or 19 Feature or Absorption Sewer 20 Holding Area **** or Supply 21 Tank or Privy Pipes 22 23 Water Supply * * * 24 25 * Wells buried water suction * * 26 pipe, and 27 * * * 28 Buried pipe distributing 29 water under pressure 30 31 10 20 Buildings** 32 Property Lines***** 33 10 10 34 The Ordinary High Water Level of Public Waters 35 *** *** 36 37 38 *Setbacks from buried water pipes and water supply wells and-buried-water-pipes are governed by chapters 4715 and 4725, 39 40 respectively. 41 **For structures other than buildings these setbacks may be 42 reduced if necessary due to site conditions, but in no case shall any part of the individual sewage treatment system be 43 located under or within the structure. Infringement on building 44 45 setbacks for areas without local ordinance requires submittal of a written notification by the owner indicating the proposed 46

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[REVISOR] CMR/DE AR2572 12/18/95 setback and approval by the commissioner. 1 ***Setbacks from lakes, rivers, and streams are governed by 2 chapters 6105 and 6120. 3 ****Refer to subpart 5, item A, subitem (3). 4 *****Infringement on property setbacks for areas without 5 local ordinances requires written permission from any 6 potentially affected party, and approval by the commissioner. 7 [For text of subitem (4), see M.R.] 8 Distribution medium for trenches and seepage beds. 9 в. (1) General. Distribution medium shall consist 10 11 of drainfield rock, gravelless drainfield pipe, or a chambered 12 system. (2) Drainfield rock. 13 (a) Drainfield rock shall meet the 14 requirements of part 7080.0020, subpart 15a. 15 (b) There shall be a layer of at least six 16 but no more than 24 inches of drainfield rock below the 17 18 distribution pipe. The drainfield rock shall completely encase the top and sides of the distribution pipes to a depth of at 19 20 least two inches. The total thickness of rock-filled trenches shall not exceed 30 inches. 21 22 (3) Gravelless drainfield pipe. Gravelless 23 drainfield pipe including appurtenances shall be: (a) of commercially fabricated corrugated 24 plastic pipe completely encased by the manufacturer in a 25 26 geotextile wrap specific to this purpose; (b) an eight-inch or ten-inch nominal ID 27 28 pipe that conforms to subunits i and ii and meets the 29 requirements of American Society of Testing Materials (ASTM) F667, which is incorporated by reference. The annual book of 30 ASTM standards F667 "Standard Specification for Large Diameter 31 Corrugated Polyethylene Tubing and Fittings" was issued in 1985 32 33 and is available at ASTM, 1916 Race Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19103. The standards can be found at the Minnesota 34 State Law Library, Judicial Center, 25 Constitution Avenue, St. 35 Paul, Minnesota 55155, and are not subject to frequent change. 36

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[REVISOR] CMR/DE AR2572 12/18/95 The pipes must be marked with an i. 1 alignment stripe visible through the geotextile wrap and 2 installed with this stripe at top center. 3 ii. The pipes shall contain two a row 4 or rows of cleanly cut three eighths inch to one-half inch 5 diameter holes located 120-degrees-apart,-with-each-row-120 6 degrees-to-each-side-of-the-alignment-stripe in such a manner to 7 provide storage of solids. Each row shall contain a hole in 8 every other corrugation valley, staggered such that every 9 corrugation valley contain one hole. 10 (c) geotextile wraps specifically designed 11 and tested for use with gravelless pipe and for installation and 12 use in individual sewage treatment systems and designed to 13 transmit sewage at a long-term acceptance rate which corresponds 14 to the sizing factor as prescribed in item C, subitem (2); and 15 (d) protected from heat and ultraviolet rays 16 17 prior to installation. (4) Chambered systems. Chamber media including 18 all piping and appurtenances shall be constructed: 19 (a) of commercially fabricated materials 20 specific to this purpose; 21 22 (b) of materials resistant to sewage tank effluent; 23 (c) with an open bottom; 24 (d) to support the load of overburden and 25 26 sidewall soil; (e) with slotted or perforated sides to 27 allow sewage to move laterally into the soil and prevent soil 28 penetration into the chamber; 29 (f) no greater than three feet in width; and 30 (g) with vertical outside dimensions less 31 32 than 30 inches. 33 C. Sizing of trenches and seepage beds. (1) Drainfield rock media. Table V gives the 34 soil sizing factors used to calculate trench bottom area 35 assuming six inches of drainfield rock below the distribution 36

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[REVISOR] CMR/DE 12/18/95 The trench bottom area is calculated by multiplying the 1 pipe. average design flow by the appropriate soil sizing factor. 2 The bottom area may be reduced, for trenches only, by the following 3 percentages: 20 percent for 12 inches of drainfield rock below 4 the distribution pipe; 34 percent for 18 inches; and 40 percent 5 for 24 inches. Unless pressure distribution is used, all 6 7 seepage bed bottom areas must be 1.5 times the soil sizing factors required in Table V. 8 9 Table V Soil Sizing Factors 10 11 (Square Feet of Trench Percolation Rate Bottom per Gallon of Average 12 (Minutes per Design Flow per Day) 13 Inch) 14 15 Faster than 0.1* 16 0.1 to 5** 0.83**** 17 18 6 to 15 19 1.27 20 21 16 to 30 1.67 22 23 31 to 45 2.00 24 25 46 to 60 2.20 26 61 to 120*** 27 28 Slower than 120***** 29 30 *See part 7080.0910, subpart 3, item B, for special 31 32 requirements for these soils. 33 **See subpart 4, or part 7080.0910, subpart 3, item B, for special requirements for these soils. 34 ***See subpart 5 or part 7080.0910, subpart 3, item A, 35 subitem (1), for special requirements for these soils. 36 37 ****For soils having more than 50 percent of very fine sand 38 by weight, plus fine sand having a particle size range of 0.05 millimeters (sieve size 270) to 0.25 millimeters (sieve size 39 40 60), the soil sizing factor is 1.67 square feet per gallon of sewage flow per day. 41 42 ****See part 7080.0910, subpart 3, item A, subitem (2), for special requirements for these soils. 43 (2) Gravelless drainfield pipe media. Sizing 44 shall be based on subitem (1), except no reduction shall be 45 46 given as specified in subitem (1). An eight-inch ID pipe shall

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[REVISOR] CMR/DE AR2572 12/18/95 be equivalent to a two-foot wide rock bed filled trench with six 1 inches of drainfield rock below the distribution pipe and a 2 ten-inch ID pipe shall be equivalent to a three-foot wide 3 rock bed filled trench with six inches of drainfield rock below 4 the distribution pipe. 5 (3) Chambered media. Sizing shall be based on 6 subitem (1) with the depth of slatted sidewalls being equivalent 7 to the corresponding depth of rock below the distribution pipe. 8 Design and construction of trenches and seepage 9 D. 10 beds: (1) The bottom and sides of trenches and beds 11 shall be in original soils at least three feet above saturated 12 soil or bedrock. In no case shall the bottom of the 13 distribution medium be deeper than 48 inches from the final 14 15 grade. (2) The trenches shall not be less than 18 inches 16 17 nor more than 36 inches wide. Any excavation wider than 36 inches shall be considered a bed. No bed may be wider than 25 18 feet and parallel beds must be at least ten feet apart. 19 The width of the excavation for gravelless drainfield pipe and 20 chambered systems shall be installed per manufacturer's 21 recommendation. 22 (3) Drainfield rock must be used as the 23 distribution medium in seepage beds. 24 (4) The bottom and sides of the soil treatment 25 26 system to the top of the distribution medium shall be excavated in such a manner as to expose the original soil structure in an 27 28 unsmeared and uncompacted condition. Excavate into the soil treatment area only when the soil moisture content is at or less 29 30 than the plastic limit at-all-depths-of-excavation. 31 (5) Do not drive excavation equipment or other vehicles on the excavated trench or seepage bed bottom. 32 Once the trench or seepage bed is excavated, it shall not be exposed 33 34 to rainfall prior to placement of the final backfill. (6) A vertical inspection pipe at least 1-1/235 inches in diameter shall be installed and secured in the 36

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distribution medium of every trench or seepage bed. The 1 inspection pipe must be located at an end opposite from where 2 the sewage tank effluent enters the medium. The inspection pipe 3 must have three-eighths inch or larger perforations spaced 4 vertically no more than six inches apart. At least two 5 perforations must be located in the distribution medium. No 6 perforations shall be located above the geotextile cover or 7 The inspection pipe must extend to the bottom of the wrap. 8 distribution medium and must be capped flush with or above 9 finished grade. 10 (7) The top and bottom of the distribution medium 11 shall be level in all directions. 12 (8) Drainfield rock must be covered with a 13 durable nonwoven geotextile cover specific to this purpose. The 14 cover must be of sufficient strength to undergo installation 15 without rupture. In addition, the cover must permit passage of 16 water without allowing the passage of overlying soil material 17 into drainfield rock. 18 (9) The minimum depth of cover over the 19 distribution medium shall be at least six inches. 20 21 (10) The trenches or beds shall be backfilled and crowned above finished grade to allow for settling. The top six 22 inches of soil shall have the same texture as the adjacent soil. 23 (11) A grass vegetative cover shall be 24 established over the soil treatment system. The soil treatment 25 system shall be protected until a grass vegetative cover is 26 established. The vegetative cover established shall not 27 interfere with the hydraulic performance of the system and shall 28 provide adequate frost and erosion protection. 29 (12) All joints for gravelless drainfield pipes 30 31 or chambered systems must be secured as recommended by the 32 manufacturer. (13) Backfilling for gravelless drainfield pipe 33

34 and chambered systems shall not crush or damage the medium.
35 Subp. 3. Dual field systems.

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A. Dual field systems shall be used only where the

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l	percolation rate is slower than five minutes per inch, unless a
2	liner or pressure distribution system is employed as specified
3	in part 7080.0150, subpart 3, or 7080.0910, subpart 3, item B.
4	B. Dual field systems shall be sized, designed, and
5	constructed as set forth above for standard systems except as
6	follows:
7	(1) The soil treatment area shall be divided into
8	two or more parts.
9	(2) Alternating soil treatment areas shall each
10	be connected to a valve box outlet.
11	C. A part of the soil treatment area shall be used no
12	more than one year unless inspection-of the effluent level
13	indicates that a longer duration can be used.
14	Subp. 4. Rapidly permeable soils.
15	A. Soil treatment systems placed in soils
16	with percolation-rates-between-one-tenth-and-five-minutes-per
17	inch, a soil sizing factor of 0.83 gallons per day per square
18	foot must provide at least one of the following treatment
19	techniques:
20	A. (1) distribute the sewage tank effluent by
21	pressure flow over the treatment area as specified in part
22	7080.0150, subpart 3;
23	B_{τ} (2) divide the total soil treatment area into
24	at least four parts with no part larger than 25 percent of the
25	area required by subpart 2, item C, and the parts constructed
26	for serial application.
27	B. Soil treatment systems placed in soils with
28	percolation rates of less than one-tenth minute per inch must
29	provide at least one of the following treatment techniques:
30	(1) a mound system;
31	(2) a trench system with at least one foot of
32	clean sand placed between the distribution medium and the coarse
33	soil along the excavation bottom and sidewalls if provisions of
34	item A, subitem (1) or (2), are followed; or
35	(3) in accordance with part 7080.0910, subpart 3,
36	item B.

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Subp. 5. Mounds. l A. Location of mounds. 2 (1) Mounds must be constructed on original soils 3 so that there is at least 36 inches of separation between the 4 bottom of the drainfield rock bed and saturated soil or bedrock. 5 (2) There must be at least 12 inches of original 6 soil with a percolation rate faster than 120 minutes per inch 7 above saturated soil or bedrock. 8 (3) Setbacks shall be in accordance with Table 9 IV, subpart 2, item A, subitem (3). For-mounds-on-stopes-tess 10 than-or-equal-to-one-percent,-the-absorption-area-is-the 11 required-absorption-width-by-rock-bed-length-plus-five-feet-on 12 13 each-end-of-the-rock-bed---For-mounds-on-slopes-greater-than-one percent7-the-absorption-area-is-the-required-absorption-width 14 plus-five-feet-on-the-upslope-side-of-the-rock-bed-by-rock-bed 15 length-plus-five-feet-on-each-end-of-the-rock-bed-16 (4) Absorption areas shall not be placed in areas 17 subject to flooding as described in subpart 2, item A, subitem 18 19 (4). 20 (5) On slopes of one percent or greater, and where the percolation rate in the top foot of original soil is 21 22 in the 61 to 120 minutes per inch range, mounds must not be located where the ground surface contour lines directly below 23 the long axis of the rock bed represent a swale or draw, unless 24 the contour lines have a radius of curvature greater than 100 25 feet. Mounds must never be located in swales or draws where the 26 radius of curvature of the contour lines is less than 50 feet. 27 Design of mounds. Drainfield rock must be used as 28 в. 29 the distribution medium in mounds. (1) The bottom area of the rock bed shall be 30 calculated by multiplying the average design flow by 0.83 square 31 32 feet per gallon per day. 33 (2) The width of a single rock bed must not exceed ten feet. 34 (3) A minimum of six 12 inches of clean sand must 35 be placed where the rock bed is to be located. 36

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(4) The required absorption width is calculated 1 by multiplying the rock bed width by the absorption ratio. The 2 absorption ratio shall be determined according to Table VI using 3 the percolation rate of the upper 12 inches of soil in the 4 proposed absorption area. For mounds with side-by-side rock 5 beds, the required absorption width shall be increased by four 6 7 feet. Table VI 8 Absorption 9 ratio 10 Percolation rate of 11 original soil under sand layer, minutes 12 13 per inch Faster than 5 1.00 14 6 to 15 1.50 15 2.00 16 16 to 30 17 31 to 45 2.40 18 46 to 60 2.67 61 to 120 19 5.00 *See part 7080.0910, 20 120 plus 21 subpart 3, item A, 22 subitem (2) 23 (5) The required absorption width for mounds 24 constructed on slopes from zero to one percent shall be centered 25 under the rock bed width. The required absorption width for 26 mounds constructed on slopes greater than one percent shall be 27 measured downslope from the upslope edge of the rock bed 28 width and measured in the direction of the original land slope 29 and perpendicular to the original contours. 30 (6) Mounds may be located on natural slopes 31 exceeding 12 percent if the required absorption width is at 32 least 25 percent larger than that required in Table VI. 33 (7) The side slopes on the mound must not be 34 steeper than three horizontal units to one vertical unit and 35 36 shall extend beyond the required absorption area, if necessary. (8) On slopes of one percent or greater, the 37 upslope edge of the level drainfield rock bed must be placed on 38 39 the contour. (9) Whenever mounds are located on slopes greater 40 than one percent, a diversion must be constructed immediately 41 upslope from the mound to intercept and direct runoff. 42 43 (10) A maximum of two ten-foot wide beds may be

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installed side by side in a single mound if the original soil
 percolation rate is between five and 60 minutes per inch to a
 depth of at least 24 inches below the sand layer. The beds must
 be separated by at least four feet of clean sand.

5 (11) Distribution of effluent over the rock bed 6 must be by level perforated pipe under pressure. A pump must be 7 used as specified in part 7080.0160, subpart 3.

8 (12) The rock bed shall completely encase the top 9 and sides of the distribution pipes to a depth of at least two 10 inches above the pipe. The rock shall extend nine inches below 11 the pipe.

(13) A vertical inspection pipe at least 1-1/212 inches in diameter shall be installed and secured at each rock 13 bed/sand interface of every mound. The inspection pipe must 14 have three-eighths inch or larger perforations spaced vertically 15 no more than six inches apart. At least two perforations must 16 17 be located in the rock bed. No perforations shall be located above the permeable synthetic fabric. The inspection pipe must 18 extend to the bottom of the rock bed and must be capped flush 19 with or above finished grade. 20

(14) The rock bed must be covered with a durable nonwoven geotextile cover specific to this purpose. The cover must be of sufficient strength to undergo installation without rupture. In addition, the cover must permit passage of water without passage of overlying soil material into the drainfield rock.

(15) Sandy to loamy soil material must be placed on the rock bed to a depth of one foot in the center of the mound and to a depth of six inches at the sides. When two rock beds are installed side by side, the soil material must be 18 inches deep at the center of the mound and six inches deep at the sides.

33 (16) Six inches of top soil must be placed over
34 the entire mound. Topsoil does not include peat soil textures.
35 C. Surface preparation <u>for mounds</u>.

36 (1) The supply pipe from the pump to the mound

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area must be installed before mound soil surface preparation.
 The trench excavated for the supply pipe must be carefully
 backfilled and compacted to prevent seepage of effluent.

4 (2) All vegetation in excess of two inches in
5 length and dead organic debris must be removed from the
6 absorption area. Trees must be cut nearly flush with the ground
7 and stumps should not be removed.

8 (3) All surface preparation must take place when 9 the upper 12 inches of soil has a moisture content of less than 10 the plastic limit and soil conditions allow field testing of 11 soil properties and these properties are maintained throughout 12 installation.

(4) The absorption area must be roughened by 13 backhoe teeth or moldboard, or chisel plowed to a depth of eight 14 inches. Discing is allowed if the upper eight inches of soil 15 has a texture of sandy loam or coarser. If plowed, furrows must 16 17 be thrown uphill and there must not be a dead furrow in the absorption area. A rubber-tired tractor may be used for plowing 18 or discing. Rototilling or pulverizing the soil is not 19 allowed. The original soil must not be excavated or moved more 20 than one foot from its original location during soil surface 21 22 preparation.

(5) Prior to placement of six inches of clean
sand, no vehicle shall be driven on the absorption area after
the surface preparation is completed. If rainfall occurs on the
prepared surface, the site must be allowed to dry below the
plastic limit and roughened as specified in subitem (4).
D. Mound construction.

(1) The clean sand must be placed by using a
construction technique that minimizes compaction. If the clean
sand is driven on for construction, a crawler or track-type
tractor must be used for mound construction. At least six
inches of sand must be kept beneath equipment to minimize
compaction of the prepared surface.

35 (2) The sand layer upon which the rock bed is36 placed must be level in all directions.

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(3) The top of the rock bed must be level in all 1 2 directions. (4) Construction vehicles must not be allowed on 3 the rock bed until backfill is placed. 4 (5) A grass vegetative cover must be established 5 over the entire area of the mound. The soil treatment 6 system mound shall be protected until a grass vegetative cover 7 is established. The vegetative cover established shall not 8 interfere with the hydraulic performance of the system and shall 9 provide adequate frost and erosion protection. 10 (6) Shrubs must not be planted on the top of the 11 Shrubs may be placed at the foot and side slopes of the 12 mound. mound. 13 Subp. 6. At-grade systems. 14 A. Location of at-grade systems. 15 (1) At-grade systems must be constructed on 16 17 original soils so that there is at least 36 inches of separation between the bottom of the rock bed and saturated soil or bedrock. 18 (2) Where required, percolation tests shall be 19 conducted in the upper 12 inches of original soil in accordance -20 with part 7080.0110, subpart 4, item E. At-grade systems are 21 considered standard if constructed on soils with percolation 22 rates faster than 61 minutes per inch. 23 (3) At-grade systems shall not be installed in 24 25 areas with slopes greater than 25 percent. (4) Setbacks must be in accordance with subpart 26 2, item A, subitem (3), Table IV. Setbacks shall be measured 27 from the edge of the rock bed. 28 в. Design of at-grade systems. 29 30 (1) Rock bed absorption width shall be calculated by multiplying the linear loading rate by the soil sizing factor 31 as identified in subpart 2, item C, Table V, using the 32 percolation rate of the upper 12 inches of soil in the proposed 33 absorption area. The linear loading rate shall be between two 34 and eight gpd/ft as determined by the relationship between 35 vertical and horizontal water movement in the soil. Total rock 36

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[REVISOR] CMR/DE AR2572 12/18/95 bed width for sloping ground shall consist of the rock bed l absorption width plus enough rock on the upslope side to provide 2 stability. 3 (2) Rock bed length shall be calculated by 4 multiplying the soil sizing factor by the average design flow 5 and dividing by the rock bed width. 6 (3) At-grade systems shall be pressurized in 7 accordance with parts 7080.0150, subpart 3, and 7080.0160, 8 subparts 1 and 3. Distribution pipe shall be installed in the 9 center of the rock bed on slopes less than one percent and on 10 the upslope edge at the rock bed absorption width on slopes one 11 percent or greater. 12 C. Construction of at-grade systems. 13 (1) Surface preparation for at-grade systems 14 shall be in accordance with subpart 5, item C. 15 (2) Drainfield rock must be used as the 16 distribution medium in at-grade systems. 17 (3) The upslope edge of an at-grade system shall 18 be installed along the natural contour with-no-more-than-a 19 12-inch-difference-in-elevation-from-the-upslope-corners-of-the 20 21 rock-bed. (4) The rock bed shall completely encase the top 22 and sides of the distribution pipe to a depth of at least two 23 inches above the pipe. There shall be at least nine inches of 24 rock below the distribution pipe. 25 (5) The entire rock bed shall be covered with a 26 durable nonwoven geotextile cover specific to this purpose. The 27 cover must be of sufficient strength to undergo installation 28 without rupture. In addition, the cover must permit passage of 29 water without allowing the passage of overlying soil material 30 into the drainfield rock. 31 (6) One foot of loamy or sandy cover material 32 shall be installed over the rock bed. Cover shall extend at 33 least five feet from the ends of the rock bed and be sloped to 34 divert surface water. Side slopes shall not be steeper than 35 four horizontal units to one vertical unit. The upper six 36

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inches of the loamy soil cover must be topsoil. Topsoil must be 1 of a quality that provides a good vegetative cover on the 2 at-grade system and must exclude peaty material. 3 (7) Three vertical inspection pipes of at least 4 1.5 inches in diameter shall be installed and secured along the 5 downslope portion of the rock bed. These pipes shall be located 6 within three feet of the downslope edge of the rock bed at the 7 middle and one-sixth of the total rock bed length and placed as 8 measured from the ends of the rock bed. The inspection pipes 9 shall have three-eighths inch or larger perforations spaced 10 vertically no more than six inches apart. No perforations shall 11 exist above the permeable synthetic fabric. The inspection 12 pipes must extend to the rock bed/soil interface and must be 13 stabilized and capped flush with or above finished grade. 14 (8) A grass vegetative cover must be established 15 over the entire area of the at-grade system. The soil treatment 16 at-grade system shall be protected until a vegetative cover is 17 18 established. The vegetative cover established shall not interfere with the hydraulic performance of the system and shall 19 provide adequate frost and erosion protection. 20 21 7080.0175 MAINTENANCE.

A. The individual sewage treatment system and all components must be maintained in compliance with this chapter and other manufacturer requirements.

B. The owner of an individual sewage treatment system or the owner's agent shall regularly, but in no case less frequently than every three years, inspect-the-septic-tank,-drop boxes,-distribution-boxes,-soil-treatment-system,-and-other related-appurtenances-for-signs-of-corrosion,-leakage, accumulation-of-liquids-and-solids,-and-any-other-related-items that-may-indicate-the-need-for-maintenance.

32 E.--At-each-inspection, measure or remove the 33 accumulations of scum, which includes grease and other floating 34 materials at the top of the each septic tank and compartment 35 along with the sludge, which includes the solids denser than

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water7-must-be-measured-or-the-contents-removed. The owner of a 1 septic tank or tanks or the owner's agent must arrange for the 2 removal and proper disposal of septage from the tank 3 whenever all tanks or compartments in which the top of the 4 sludge layer is less than 12 inches below the bottom of the 5 outlet baffle or whenever the bottom of the scum layer is less 6 than three inches above the bottom of the outlet baffle. 7 Maintenance-shall-take-place All accumulations of sludge, scum, 8 and liquids must be removed through the manhole --- If-the-sewage 9 tank7-other-than-a-holding7-has-a-manhole7-all-accumulations-of 10 sludge7-scum7-and-liquids-must-be-removed-from-the 11 tank maintenance hole. The owner or the owner's agent shall 12 install maintenance holes in sewage tanks in accordance with 13 part 7080.0130, subpart 2, to allow for maintenance to take 14 place through the maintenance hole. 15 D. C. Individual sewage additives must not be used as 16 a means to reduce the frequency of proper maintenance and 17 removal of septage from the septic tank as specified in item B. 18 E---Whenever-inspections-of-pump-stations7 19 20 distribution-devices7-valve-boxes7-or-drop-boxes-indicate-the accumulation-of-solids7-the-accumulation-shall-be-considered 21 22 septage-F. D. Individual sewage treatment system additives 23 which contain hazardous materials substances must not be used in 24 individual sewage treatment systems. 25 E. Any accumulation of solids in pump stations, 26 distribution devices, valve boxes, or drop boxes shall be 27 28 considered septage. 29 6. F. Septage shall be disposed in accordance with state, federal, or local requirements. 30 H. G. If septage is disposed into a municipal sewage 31 treatment facility, a written agreement must be provided between 32 33 the accepting facility and the septage disposal firm. \pm . Activities on the soil treatment area or the 34 replacement additional soil treatment area which may impair the 35 treatment abilities or hydraulic performance of the soil 36

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l	treatment system are prohibited.
2	I. Any maintenance activity used to increase the
3	acceptance of effluent to a soil treatment system must:
4	(1) not be used on failing systems;
5	(2) not decrease the separation to the saturated
6	soil or bedrock;
7	(3) not cause preferential flow from the system
8	bottom to the saturated soil or bedrock; and
9	(4) be conducted by a qualified employee or under
10	an installer license.
11	7080.0176 SYSTEM ABANDONMENT.
12	A. Tank abandonment procedures for sewage tanks,
13	cesspools, leaching pits, dry wells, seepage pits, privies, and
14	distribution devices are as follows: all solids and liquids
15	shall be removed and disposed of in accordance with part
16	7080.0175 and abandoned chambers shall be removed or be filled
17	with granular soil material.
18	B. Access for future discharge to the system shall be
19	permanently denied.
20	C. If soil treatment systems are removed,
21	contaminated materials shall be properly handled to prevent
22	human contact prior-to-disposal and shall be disposed of in a
23	manner assuring that public health and the environment are
24	protected.
25	7080.0300 GENERAL.
26	Subpart 1. ISTS professionals. A person who conducts site
27	evaluations or designs, installs, alters, repairs, maintains,
28	pumps, or inspects all or part of an individual sewage treatment
29	system, shall comply with applicable requirements.
30	ISTS professionals shall comply with parts 7080.0020,
31	7080.0060 to 7080.0176, and 7080.0910. In areas with local
32	ordinances, ISTS professionals shall also comply with parts
33	7080.0305 to 7080.0315. In areas without local ordinances, ISTS
34	professionals shall also comply with part 7080.0350.
35	Subp. 2. Additional soil treatment area. Lots created

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1 after the effective date of this chapter shall have a minimum of 2 one additional soil treatment area which can support a standard 3 soil treatment system. If a suitable additional soil treatment 4 area is available on lots created before the effective date of 5 this chapter, it must be identified in the site evaluation.

6 Subp. 3. Local unit of government with a local ordinance. 7 Local units of government with local ordinances shall comply 8 with parts 7080.0305 to 7080.0315.

9 Pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, sections 103F.121; 10 103F.335, subdivision 1; and 103F.221, certain counties and 11 cities must enact ordinances which comply with the appropriate 12 rules of the Minnesota Department of Natural Resources, some of 13 which in turn require compliance with the rules of the Minnesota 14 Pollution Control Agency.

Subp. 4. Areas without a local ordinance. In areas without a local ordinance, the requirements of part 7080.0350 apply.

18 Subp. 5. Other jurisdictions. Outside of the 19 jurisdictions covered by subpart 3, this chapter provides 20 technical and administrative standards for the adoption of local 21 ordinances for the location, design, construction, use, and 22 maintenance of individual sewage treatment systems.

If other jurisdictions issue construction permits for 23 24 individual sewage treatment systems, compliance inspections must be conducted to-approve-systems-according-to in accordance with 25 this chapter. At a minimum, the system-must-meet-the 26 requirements of part 7080.0350 must be met. The other 27 area jurisdiction must maintain records of the location and 28 design of the individual sewage treatment systems for the life 29 30 of the systems.

31 <u>Subp. 6.</u> Disclosure. Any evaluation, investigation,
32 inspection, recommendation, or other such process used to
33 prepare a disclosure and conducted by a party who is not the
34 property owner shall constitute a compliance inspection and must
35 be conducted in accordance with part 7080.0315 or 7080.0350.
36 REQUIREMENTS FOR LOCAL UNITS OF GOVERNMENT

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WITH A LOCAL ORDINANCE 1 7080.0305 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR LOCAL ORDINANCES. 2 Subpart 1. Deadline for compliance with this chapter. Any 3 local ordinance adopted by a local unit of government to 4 regulate individual sewage treatment systems must be in 5 compliance with this chapter by January 1, 1998. 6 7 Subp. 2. Adoption of technical standards and criteria. If a local unit of government adopts an ordinance to regulate 8 individual sewage treatment systems, the ordinance shall 9 incorporate provisions of parts 7080.0020 and 7080.0060 to 10 Incorporation of part 7080.0910 is discretionary. 7080.0176. 11 More restrictive or alternative standards can be adopted in the 12 ordinance if the procedures under subparts 3-to-9 6 to 8 are 13 14 fulfilled. Variances. After December 31, 1995, a local unit 15 Subp. 3. of government shall not issue a variance for replacement, or for 16 17 the addition of a bedroom or bathroom on property served by a system unless the individual sewage treatment system is in 18 compliance with local ordinance, as evidenced by a certificate 19 of compliance. A variance shall not be issued for new 20 construction unless a permit for new construction has received 21 preliminary approval and includes a construction schedule. Only 22 23 the governing state agency may issue variances to chapters 4725, 6105, and 6120. Variances to decrease the three feet of 24 vertical separation required beneath the distribution medium and 25 the saturated soil or bedrock must be approved by the 26 commissioner in accordance with part 7080.0030, subpart 3. 27 The variance request shall be accompanied by items described in 28 subpart 6 as appropriate to the request- and must contain: 29 A. the specific language in the rule or rules from 30 which the variance is requested; 31 32 B. the reasons why the rule cannot be met; C. the alternative measures that will be taken to 33 ensure a comparable degree of protection to public health or the 34 environment if the variance is granted; 35

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٦	D the length of time for which the variance is
- -	requested.
2	Icquested;
3	E. a statement that the party applying for the
4	variance will comply with the terms of the variance, if granted;
5	and
6	F. other relevant information the commissioner
7	determines necessary to properly evaluate the request for the
8	variance.
9	Subp. 4. Requirements for local ordinances. Local
10	ordinances shall include:
11	A. a provision that requires failing systems to be
12	upgraded, replaced, or repaired in compliance with part
13	7080.0060, as applicable, within a reasonable time period;
14	B. a provision to adopt the requirements under
15	subpart 2; and
16	C. a provision that requires all design,
17	installation, alteration, repair, maintenance, pumping, and
18	inspection activities for an individual sewage treatment system
19	to be completed under a license or by a qualified employee, or
20	as exempted under part 7080.0700, subpart 1. A local unit of
21	government may not require additional local licenses for ISTS
22	professionals; and
23	D. a provision that requires all lots created after
24	the effective date of this chapter shall have a minimum of one
25	additional soil treatment area which can support a standard soil
26	treatment system.
27	Subp. 5. Submittal of ordinance to commissioner. A copy
28	of all local ordinances regulating ISTS adopted to meet the
 29	deadline under subpart 1, and future ordinances or amendments
20	must be submitted to the commissioner within 30 days after
21	adoption Iogal ordinances with alternative standards under
2T 2	auoption. Local ordinances with atternative standards under
32	this subpart and subpart 6 must be submitted for approval before
33	being adopted by the local unit of government.
34	Subp. 6. Requirements for alternative standards. Local
35	units of government may adopt and enforce alternative standards
36	if the standards receive the commissioner's approval before they

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[REVISOR] CMR/DE AR2572 12/18/95 The commissioner shall maintain are adopted as an ordinance. 1 records of approved alternative standards. The local unit of 2 government must submit a written request for review to the 3 commissioner with the following: 4 the draft ordinance containing the alternative 5 Α. standards under the heading "for existing systems" and clearly 6 labeled as alternative standards; 7 a description of the area within the jurisdiction Β. 8 of the local unit of government where the alternative standards 9 would be implemented. This description includes: 10 11 (1) soil types; (2) density of systems and wells including 12 projected population growth; 13 (3) zoning designation; 14 (4) type and number of facilities served by ISTS; 15 16 and (5) groundwater conditions including: 17 (a) relationship between the shallow water 18 table and the aquifers used for potable water; 19 20 (b) well depths and construction; (c) potential use of the shallow water table 21 or aguifer; 22 (d) travel times of contaminants; and 23 24 (e) discharge point of the shallow water 25 table; an explanation of the need for the alternative 26 с. 27 standards; an explanation of why the variance process or the 28 D. allowance of experimental or alternative systems on a 29 case-by-case basis will not accomplish the same goal or is 30 31 inappropriate; and an explanation of how each alternative standard 32 Ε. will protect public health and the environment with the 33 34 supporting information under subitems (1) to (5), as appropriate to the request: 35 (1) replicated research by independent and 36

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[REVISOR] · CMR/DE AR2572 12/18/95 gualified professionals, including research results, 1 recommendations, and methodologies, demonstrating that the 2 alternative standards meet the treatment capabilities of 3 individual sewage treatment systems constructed in accordance 4 with technical standards and criteria; 5 (2) a summary of literature searches on published 6 papers applicable to the alternative standards requested. The 7 summary must include research paper title, author, year, and 8 publication source; 9 (3) research results or recommendations found 10 while conducting the literature search for subitem (2) that 11 conflict with those submitted under subitem (1), and an 12 explanation of why the conflicting research does not apply; 13 (4) a summary of the credentials of the person or 14 persons who conducted the submitted research demonstrating that 15 the person is knowledgeable about individual sewage treatment 16 systems and the application ϕf research methodology; and 17 (5) monitoring data from the area that will be 18 impacted by the alternative standards. 19 Review process for alternative standards. After 20 Subp. 7. the request for review and the supporting items required under 21 subpart 5 are submitted to the commissioner and determined to be 22 complete. The commissioner must evaluate the proposed 23 alternative standards in consultation with specialists qualified 24 to evaluate submitted research to determine if the proposed 25 alternative standards will protect public health and the 26 environment. After this determination is complete, the 27 consultants must recommend whether to certify the alternative 28 The specialists must state reasons for their 29 standards. 30 recommendation. Subp. 8. Requirements for more restrictive standards. 31 Local units of government may adopt and enforce more restrictive 32 standards for a designated area provided each more restrictive 33 standard is clearly labeled, identified as meeting at least one 34 of the three criteria in the definition, and submitted to the 35 commissioner under subpart 5. Local units of government must 36

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submit local ordinances with more restrictive standards to the 1 commissioner with an explanation of each provision that is more 2 restrictive than technical standards and criteria. 3 Subp. 9. Enforcement of local ordinances. Local units of 4 government shall enforce local ordinances that regulate 5 individual sewage treatment systems through permitting programs 6 that meet the requirements under part 7080.0310 and inspection 7 programs that meet the requirements under part 7080.0315. Local 8 units of government may also enforce local ordinances that are 9 applicable requirements under Minnesota Statutes, section 10 115.071, subdivisions 3 and 4. 11 7080.0310 PERMIT PROGRAM FOR INDIVIDUAL SEWAGE TREATMENT SYSTEMS. 12 13 General requirements for permit program. Subpart 1. 14 A local unit of government with a local ordinance Α. to regulate individual sewage treatment systems must have a 15 16 corresponding permit program that specifically addresses the 17 following: 18 (1) permit application requirements; 19 (2) permit review and approval requirements and 20 procedures; 21 (3) recordkeeping; and 22 (4) reporting. 23 These program elements must contain the minimum requirements under subparts 2 to 5. Permits are required for 24 25 all new construction and replacement. 26 в. A local unit of government with a local ordinance 27 to regulate bedroom or bathroom additions must comply with subparts 3, item B, and 4. 28 29 Subp. 2. ISTS permit application requirements. ISTS permit applications must include exhibits described under 30 31 subpart 4 indicating, items A and B, and include general requirements to adequately identify the property and owners, a 32 33 site evaluation report, a design summary and drawings, applicable construction information, and any other information 34 requested by the permitting authority pertinent to this 35

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Exhibits for site evaluation, design, and applicable 1 process. construction information must be complete and include a 2 certified statement from the person who conducted the work. In 3 the event of a change in the application information which 4 served as the basis for issuing a permit, the permittee must 5 file an amended application for reapproval prior to initiating 6 construction, detailing the changed conditions for approval or 7 denial by the permitting authority. 8

9 Subp. 3. Permit approval requirements and procedures. The 10 permit program must include the following requirements:

11 A. A qualified employee or licensee authorized by the local unit of government must review the permit application and 12 exhibits to determine whether the proposed system will meet 13 applicable requirements. The local unit of government will 14 either grant preliminary approval or denial. Construction shall 15 not be initiated until preliminary approval is granted. 16 Final approval shall be evidenced by issuance of a notice certificate 17 18 of compliance.

B. After December 31, 1995, a local unit of 19 20 government shall not issue a permit for a bedroom or bathroom 21 addition on property served by a system unless the individual sewage treatment system is in compliance with applicable 22 requirements, as evidenced by a certificate of compliance. 23 24 Subp. 4. Recordkeeping requirements. Local units of government must maintain copies of certificates of compliance, 25 notices of noncompliance, permit applications, issued permits, 26 27 enforcement proceedings, variance requests, and other actions Records must be available for review by the commissioner. 28 taken. Permit files must also include: 29

A. site evaluation records including items identified
in part 7080.0110;

32 B. design records including calculations and 33 summaries for all system component sizings; and

C. construction-records-including-plastic-limit-test
results7-sand-and-rock-cleanliness-comments-or-test-results7
dates-of-construction7-weather-conditions7-plan-changes7-any

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problems-encountered-and-their-resolution,-and as-builts. 1 Subp. 5. Reporting requirements. Local units of 2 government must submit annual reports to the commissioner to 3 demonstrate enforcement of the local ordinance. At a minimum, 4 the reports must include a copy of the standard permit and 5 inspection forms used if they are different than agency forms, 6 the name and address of the program administrator, all qualified 7 employees and contracted licensees authorized by the local unit 8 of government, the number of permits issued, the number and 9 methods of inspections conducted, the number and type of 10 variances issued, and the number and type of alternative or and 11 experimental systems, and the monitoring results for 12 experimental systems as specified in part 7080.0910, subpart 13 The reports shall contain information from the calendar 14 3a. year and shall be received by the commissioner no later than 15

16 March 1 of the following year.

17 7080.0315 INSPECTION PROGRAM FOR INDIVIDUAL SEWAGE TREATMENT 18 SYSTEMS.

19 Subpart 1. Inspection requirements. The inspection 20 program conducted by the local unit of government to fulfill the 21 enforcement requirement under part 7080.0305, subpart θ <u>9</u>, must 22 specify the frequency and times of inspections, the requirements 23 of an inspection, an inspection protocol if an inspection cannot 24 be completed within a timely manner, and, at a minimum, the 25 requirements for a compliance inspection under subpart 2.

26 Subp. 2. Compliance inspection. A compliance inspection 27 shall be conducted:

A. to ensure compliance with local-ordinance applicable requirements. Persons conducting compliance inspections for disclosures shall also meet the requirements of part 7080.0300, subpart 6;

B. for an existing system if a local unit of government issues permits or variances for the addition of a bedroom or bathroom on property served by the system; C. for all new construction or replacement; and

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[REVISOR] CMR/DE AR2572 12/18/95 by a qualified employee or under a license 1 D. authorized by the local unit of government who is independent of 2 the owner and the installer; 3 E. to reasonably ensure an individual sewage 4 treatment system is in compliance as specified under part 5 7080.0060; and 6 F. for disclosures as described under part 7080.0300, 7 subpart 6. 8 Subp. 3. Certificate of compliance /; notice of 9 noncompliance. A certificate of compliance or notice of 10 noncompliance must be submitted to the local unit of government 11 and the owner within 30 days after any compliance inspection. A 12 certificate of compliance or notice of noncompliance must 13 include a certified statement from the licensee or qualified 14 employee who conducted the compliance inspection, identify the 15 type of system inspected, and a-copy-must-be-submitted-to-the 16 local-unit-of-government-and+owner-within-30-days-after-the 17 inspection indicate whether the individual sewage treatment 18 system is in compliance with part 7080.0060. At a minimum, a 19 notice of noncompliance must be issued for systems not in 20 compliance as described under part 7080.0060. If a compliance 21 inspection indicates that the system presents an imminent threat 22 to public health or safety as defined in part 7080.0020, subpart 23 19a, the notice must also contain a statement to this effect and 24 state that the owner must upgrade, replace, or discontinue use 25 of the system within the time period established by the local 26 unit of government. This time period cannot exceed ten months 27 after the owner receives a notice of noncompliance. 28 REQUIREMENTS IN AREAS WITHOUT A LOCAL ORDINANCE 29 7080.0350 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS. 30 Subpart 1. Requirements for work done on individual sewage 31 treatment systems. In areas that do not have a local ordinance, 32 any person who conducts site evaluations or designs, installs, 33 alters, repairs, maintains, pumps, or inspects all or part of an 34

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individual sewage treatment system must complete work according

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to this chapter. All ISTS work activities must be completed 1 under a license or by a qualified employee, or as exempted under 2 part 7080.0700, subpart 1. Local units of government may not 3 require additional local licenses for ISTS professionals. 4 Subp. 2. Compliance inspections. 5 A. Compliance inspections are required for all new 6 construction or replacement and must be completed according 7 to items-A-and-B: subitems (1) and (2). 8 A. (1) Compliance inspections must be conducted 9 by a gualified employee or under a license independent of the 10 owner and the installer to ensure-compliance-with-the 11 requirements-of-this-chapter reasonably ensure an individual 12 sewage treatment system is in compliance as specified under part 13 7080.0060. 14 B. (2) A certificate of compliance or notice of 15 noncompliance must be submitted to the owner within 30 days of 16 any compliance inspection. All notices of noncompliance must 17 also be submitted to the commissioner. A certificate of 18 compliance or notice of noncompliance must include a certified 19 statement from the licensee or qualified employee who conducted 20 the compliance inspection, identify the type of system 21 22 inspected, and a-copy-must-be-submitted-to-the-commissioner-and owner-within-30-days-after-the-inspection must indicate whether 23 24 the individual sewage treatment system is in compliance with part 7080.0060. At a minimum, a notice of noncompliance must be 25 26 issued for systems not in compliance under part 7080.0060. If a compliance inspection indicates that the system presents an 27 imminent threat to public health or safety as defined in part 28 7080.0020, subpart 19a, the motice must also contain a statement 29 to this effect and state that the owner must upgrade, replace, 30 or discontinue use of the system within the time period 31 established by the commissioner. This time period may not 32 exceed ten months after the ϕ wner receives a notice of 33 noncompliance. The owner must submit to the commissioner a copy 34 of the certificate of compliance after the system upgrade or 35 replacement has occurred or a written notification indicating 36

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l	discontinued use of the individual sewage treatment system.
2	B. Compliance inspections meeting the requirements
3	under item A must be conducted for disclosures as described
4	under part 7080.0300, subpart 6.
5	Subp. 3. Variances. Variances to chapters 4725, 6105,
6	6120, and 7080 may only be approved by the governing state
7	agency. Variances to chapter 7080 must be approved by the
8	commissioner in accordance with part 7080.0030, subpart 3. The
9	variance request shall be accompanied by items described in part
10	7080.0305, subpart 6, as appropriate to the request and must
11	contain:
12	A. the specific language in the rule or rules from
13	which the variance is requested;
14	B. the reasons why the rule cannot be met;
15	C. the alternative measures that will be taken to
16	ensure a comparable degree of protection to public health or the
17	environment if the variance is granted;
18	D. the length of time for which the variance is
19	requested;
20	E. a statement that the party applying for the
21	variance will comply with the terms of the variance, if granted;
22	and
23	F. other relevant information the commissioner
24	determines necessary to properly evaluate the request for the
25	variance.
26	Subp. 4. Additional soil treatment area. Lots created
27	after the effective date of this chapter shall have a minimum of
28	one additional soil treatment area which can support a standard
29	soil treatment system.
30	INDIVIDUAL SEWAGE TREATMENT SYSTEM LICENSE PROGRAM
31	7080.0700 LICENSES.
32	Subpart 1. State license required. A state license
33	applicable to the type of work being performed is required for
34	any business that conducts work to site evaluate, design,
35	install, maintain, pump, or inspect all or part of an ISTS. A

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license is not required for: 1 an individual who is a qualified employee 2 Α. performing work as directed by the state or local government 3 employer; 4 an individual who is constructing a system on land в. 5 that is owned or leased by the individual and functions solely 6 as a dwelling or seasonal dwelling for that individual after 7 consulting with a designer I or II. The system must be 8 inspected before being covered and a compliance-report 9 certificate of compliance or notice of noncompliance must be 10 provided to the local unit of government after the inspection; 11 C. an individual who performs labor or services under 12 a licensee; or 13 D. a farmer who pumps and-disposes-of sewage waste 14 from individual sewage treatment systems from dwellings or other 15 establishments that are owned or leased by the farmer and 16 17 disposes of those wastes on land that is owned or leased by the farmer; or 18 E. a property owner who personally gathers 19 20 information, evaluates, or investigates the ISTS on or serving the property to provide a disclosure as defined under part 21 7080.0020, subpart 12b. 22 Subp. 2. State license categories. The commissioner may 23 issue the following licenses: 24 designer I license for conducting site evaluations 25 A. and compliance inspections, designing ISTS, issuing written 26 certificates of compliance and notices of noncompliance, and 27 issuing and maintaining inspection reports; 28 designer II license for conducting site 29 в. 30 evaluations and designing ISTS; installer license for constructing, installing, 31 C. altering, extending, maintaining, and repairing ISTS; ensuring 32 all work is done according to a written site evaluation and 33 design report; ensuring inspections are conducted for new 34 construction or replacement in areas without ordinances; 35 ensuring site conditions allow for construction; providing 36

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evidence to verify compliance with applicable requirements;
 maintaining quality control/quality assurance records; and
 maintaining as-builts of all work;

pumper license for measuring scum and sludge D. 4 depths for the accumulation of solids and removing these 5 deposits; maintaining portable toilets; storing and hauling 6 septage; disposing of septage; identifying problems related to 7 sewage tanks, dosing chambers, baffles, manhole maintenance hole 8 covers and extensions, and pumps, and making repairs, -and; 9 inspecting and evaluating water tightness of sewage tanks, 10 dosing chambers, distribution devices, valve boxes, or drop 11 boxes; and cleaning supply pipes and distribution pipes; and 12

E. inspector license for evaluating site evaluations and designs; conducting compliance inspections and permitting and inspection activities; issuing written certificates of compliance and notices of noncompliance; and issuing and maintaining inspection reports.

18 Subp. 3. Applicable license category. In the case of ISTS 19 work not described under subpart 2, the commissioner shall 20 determine which license category is applicable.

21 Subp. 4. Restricted licenses. The commissioner may add 22 restrictions to a license for the following reasons:

A. as an enforcement action under part 7080.0900;
B. as a method to gain experience as described under
part 7080.0815, subpart 1, item B or C; or

C. as a method to limit the amount-of-responsibility for-specialty-area-endorsements-under scope of the work to be conducted under the license to coincide with restrictions placed on the designated registered professional in accordance with part 7000-0050 7080.0860, subpart 5 6.

31 7080.0705 APPLICATION FOR LICENSE; FEES; RENEWAL.

32 Subpart 1. Eligibility. A business is eligible to apply
33 for a license when it meets the following requirements:
34 A. the business has one or more designated registered
35 professionals with specialty area endorsement matching the

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[REVISOR] CMR/DE AR2572 12/18/95 requested license to meet the responsibilities under part 1 7080.0715, subpart 2; 2 the business has acquired general liability 3 Β. insurance as required under part 7080.0710; and 4 c. the business has acquired a corporate surety bond 5 as required under part 7080.0710. 6 Subp. 2. Requirements for obtaining or renewing licenses. 7 A business that meets the eligibility requirements under subpart 8 1 may apply for or renew a license on forms provided by the 9 commissioner. The application must be submitted no later than 10 60 days prior to the expiration/renewal date. Issuance of new 11 licenses will also require a 60-day review and approval period. 12 To be licensed by March 31, 1996, an application must be 13 submitted to the commissioner by February 1, 1996. 14 The annual license fee is \$100 for each 15 Subp. 3. Fees. license specialty-area category under part 7080.0700, subpart 2. 16 Issuance. Upon the commissioner's approval of Subp. 4. 17 the license application and payment of the license fees, a 18 license will be issued to the proprietor for a sole 19 proprietorship, the partners of a partnership, or the corporate 20 chief executive officer or qualifying person in Minnesota 21 designated by the corporation. 22 Term. The license is valid for one year after 23 Subp. 5. the date of issuance. 24 Subp. 6. Denial. The commissioner shall deny the issuance 25 or renewal of a license if the applicant is determined to be 26 ineligible under subpart 1. A license may also be denied as an 27 enforcement action according to part 7080.0900. 28 7080.0710 BONDING AND INSURANCE FOR LICENSES. 29 Submittal. At the time an initial or renewal Subpart 1. 30 application for a license is submitted to the commissioner, the 31 applicant must show proof of holding a corporate surety bond in 32 the amount of at least 10,000, and proof of general liability 33 insurance meeting the following requirements: 34 the bond must be submitted to the commissioner on 35 Α.

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the bond forms provided in part 7080.0920, and must name the 1 applicant as the principal; 2 the bond must be signed by an official of the 3 в. business who is legally authorized to represent the business; 4 the bond must be written to cover work to be done c. 5 under all licenses to be held by the business; and 6 proof of general liability insurance must be 7 D. evidenced by a notarized certificate of insurance form and must 8 be in effect, at a minimum, for the term of the license. 9 If a business holds more than Subp. 2. Multiple licenses. 10 one license, one bond and one general liability insurance policy 11 will fulfill the bond requirement for all the licenses. 12 Subp. 3. Bond use. The bond must be conditioned on the 13 principal faithfully performing the duties and in all things 14 complying with all laws, ordinances, and rules pertaining to the 15 license applied for and all contracts entered into. 16 17 Subp. 4. Term of bond. The term of the bond must be continuous with the term of the license. The penal sum of the 18 bond is noncumulative and is not to be aggregated every year 19 that the bond is in force. 20 Bond components. The bond must be written by a 21 Subp. 5. corporate surety licensed to do business in Minnesota. 22 The corporate surety shall be responsible for providing 30 days' 23 written notice to the commissioner of cancellation of a 24 licensee's bond. If a bond is canceled, a licensee must not 25 perform work requiring the bond as a condition of ISTS license 26 registration until the licensee obtains another bond meeting the 27 requirements in this part. 28 7080.0715 LICENSE CONDITIONS. 29 30 Subpart 1. General license conditions. All ISTS licenses shall include the following conditions. The licensee must: 31 32 A. ensure that all work to site evaluate, design, 33 install, maintain, repair, pump, or inspect an ISTS is done according to applicable requirements; 34 35

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ensure that the designated registered Β.

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[REVISOR] CMR/DE AR2572 12/18/95 professionals fulfill the conditions under subpart 2; 1 designate an adequate number of registered 2 C. professionals to meet the requirements under subpart 2; 3 notify the commissioner within 30 days after any D. 4 change in the registered professional designations; and 5 maintain the bond and insurance required under Ε. 6 7 part 7080.0710;-and. F---provide-an-apprentice-with-a-pumping-endorsement 8 on-the-worksite-in-the-absence-of-the-designated-registered 9 10 professional-Subp. 2. Conditions for designated registered 11 professional. The designated registered professional is subject 12 to the obligations of a license and must: 13 provide direction and personal supervision to Α. 14 other employees working on an individual sewage treatment 15 system; 16 ensure the work completed meets applicable 17 в. requirements; 18 с. ensure a compliance inspection is conducted prior 19 to completion and covering work and to be present during 20 inspections under an installation license; 21 D. be on the worksite: 22 (1) to meet supervision needs as determined by 23 the training and experience level of the crew; and 24 (2) to make determinations about material 25 quality, work methods, and problem detection when activities are 26 being performed that are critical to the evaluation of the site, 27 design, installation, pumping, or inspection of the system and 28 any other time that is appropriate to ensure compliance with 29 applicable requirements; and 30 complete a certified statement for site Ε. 31 evaluations, designs, as-builts, pumping records, inspection 32 reports, and other formal work products; and 33 F. make repairs and evaluate watertightness of sewage 34 tanks, dosing chambers, distribution devices, valve boxes, or 35 drop boxes under a pumper license. 36

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7080.0720 QUALIFIED EMPLOYEE 1 A qualified employee must fulfill the conditions under part 2 7080.0715, subpart 2, items A, B, and D to F, that are 3 applicable to the work being performed. 4 INDIVIDUAL SEWAGE TREATMENT SYSTEM PROFESSIONAL TRAINING 5 PROGRAM 6 7080.0800 ISTS PROFESSIONALS TRAINING PROGRAM REVIEW. 7 Subpart 1. Purpose. Parts 7080.0800 to 7080.0820 8 establish the ISTS professional training program. This program 9 establishes training, experience, and examination requirements. 10 Individuals may receive endorsement in the following specialty 11 12 areas: designer I; 13 Α. 14 в. designer II; installer; C. 15 pumper; and 16 D. inspector. Ε. 17 Subp. 2. Program components. The training program has 18 four components: 19 20 Α. training, described under part 7080.0805; examination, described under part 7080.0810; в. 21 experience, described under part 7080.0815; and 22 с. continuing education, described under part 23 D. 7080.0820. 24 Individuals that complete subpart Subp. 3. Recordkeeping. 25 2, items A to C, for a specialty area can apply to be registered 26 by the commissioner as a professional and to have their progress 27 recorded by the commissioner according to part 7080.0850. 28 Individuals that complete subpart 2, items A and B, for a 29 specialty area can apply to receive an apprentice designation 30 and to have their progress recorded by the commissioner 31 according to part 7080.0855. 32 Subp. 4. Registration period. Registrations issued by the 33 commissioner shall be issued for a three-year period. 34

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1 7080.0805 TRAINING.

Subpart 1. Required training. To fulfill the training
requirement for one or more specialty areas under the training
program, an individual must successfully complete:

A. course work that covers basic knowledge regarding individual sewage treatment system and soil treatment theory; design and construction fundamentals; and state licensing requirements, standards, and criteria for systems under this chapter; and

B. course work that provides the knowledge necessary
to fulfill the responsibilities under part 7080.0850, subpart 5,
and includes skills appropriate for each specialty area.
Subp. 2. Accreditation of training. Training used to
fulfill the requirements under subpart 1 and part 7080.0820 must
be accredited by the commissioner as provided under part
7080.0830.

17 7080.0810 EXAMINATION.

Subpart 1. Examinations. An examination for basic 18 information regarding individual sewage treatment systems and 19 each of the specialty areas under part 7080.0800, subpart 1, 20 will be offered by the commissioner at least annually. 21 The examinations will be based on the skill, knowledge, experience, 22 23 and education that a person must have to perform the duties and responsibilities under part 7080.0850, subpart 5, for each 24 25 specialty area. Both examinations are required for registration 26 and apprentice designation.

Subp. 2. Expiration of test score validity. The validity of the examination score for a specialty area expires if the continuing education requirements under part 7080.0820, subpart l, are not fulfilled. An individual with an expired test examination score must retest retake the examination.

32 Subp. 3. Retesting Failure on examination. A person who 33 fails an examination is ineligible to retake the same 34 examination for six months unless the person has completed 12 35 hours of ISTS training in the subject matter covered by the

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failed examination in addition to those required under part 1 7080.0805, subpart 1. Official documentation of this training 2 must be provided at the time the test examination is retaken. 3 Training hours used to fulfill this retesting reexamination 4 requirement may not be used to fulfill continuing education 5 requirements. Failure to pass the examination in one specialty 6 area does not prevent the person from taking an examination for 7 a different specialty area endorsement. 8

9 7080.0815 EXPERIENCE.

10 Subpart 1. Options to gain experience. The experience 11 needed to qualify for one of the specialty areas listed under 12 part 7080.0800, subpart 1, can be acquired by either one of the 13 following methods:

A. experience completed at the direction of and under the personal supervision of the designated registered professional who has a specialty area endorsement and works under a license that is the same as the specialty area sought by the individual acquiring the experience; or

19 experience completed under a signed agreement for в. 20 direction and personal supervision with a qualified employee for direction-and-personal-supervision-when-the-individual-seeking 21 22 the-experience-has who has a specialty area registration 23 endorsement that is the same as the specialty area sought by the 24 individual acquiring the experience, a designer I, or an inspector and under a restricted license because-a-lack-of held 25 by the individual seeking the experience that-corresponds-to-the 26 27 specialty-area-endorsement-sought.

The agreement must be approved by the commissioner before 28 29 an application for a restricted license or for a qualified 30 employee apprentice will be accepted by the commissioner. The commissioner may monitor progress under the agreement. 31 If the • 32 objectives for acquiring experience are not being fulfilled, the commissioner may require that the agreement be discontinued or 33 34 modified to correct problems. A final evaluation shall be made to determine if the agreement successfully fulfilled the 35

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1 experience requirement.

C. Experience completed under a plan where-the
individual-seeking-the-experience-has-a-restricted-license
because-of-the-lack-of-experience-corresponding-to-the-specialty
area-endorsement-sought approved by the commissioner. A
restricted license must be issued if a designated registered
professional will be working under an approved experience plan.

The experience plan must be approved by the commissioner 8 before an application for a restricted license or for a 9 qualified employee apprentice will be accepted by the 10 commissioner. The commissioner may monitor progress under the 11 experience plan. If the objectives for acquiring experience are 12 not being fulfilled, the commissioner may require that the plan 13 be discontinued or modified to correct problems. A final 14 evaluation shall be made to determine if the plan successfully 15 fulfilled the experience requirement. 16

Subp. 2. Basic experience requirements. The following basic requirements must be met for experience to be used to qualify to be registered as a professional. The applicant must: A. complete the experience requirement in accordance with one of the methods under subpart 1;

B. complete the amount of experience required under
subparts 3 to 7 for the specialty area endorsement sought;
C. complete the documentation requirements under
subpart 9;

D. provide certification by a designated registered professional or qualified employee with an endorsement for inspection that work submitted under subparts 3 to 7 is in compliance with applicable requirements; and

30 E. have acquired the experience within six years 31 preceding the submittal date of the completed application for 32 professional registration.

Subp. 3. Designer I. An individual seeking the
endorsement for the site designer I specialty area must have
completed the experience required under subparts 4 and 7.
Subp. 4. Designer II. An individual seeking the

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endorsement for the site designer II specialty area must have
 completed a minimum of 15 site evaluations and 15 individual
 sewage treatment system designs.

Installer. An individual seeking the endorsement Subp. 5. 4 for the installation specialty area must have completed a 5 minimum of 15 individual sewage treatment system installations. 6 Pumper. An individual seeking the endorsement 7 Subp. 6. for the pumper specialty area must have pumped out and have 8 proper disposal for a minimum of 15 individual sewage treatment 9 system components. 10

11 Subp. 7. Inspector. An individual seeking the endorsement 12 for the inspector specialty area must have completed a minimum 13 of 15 individual sewage treatment system inspections to 14 determine whether new or existing systems comply with applicable 15 requirements.

16 Subp. 8. Reduction of required experience. The experience 17 requirements under subparts 3 to 7 may be reduced from 15 to ten 18 work products if 12 hours of continuing-education accredited or 19 <u>authorized</u> training are taken in addition to the training 20 required under parts 7080.0805, subpart 1; 7080.0810, subpart 2; 21 and 7080.0820.

22 Subp. 9. Experience documentation. Documentation of 23 experience must include:

A. a summary of the work performed that includes dates and locations;

B. the signature and registration number of the designated registered professional or, if under an agreement or experience plan required under subpart 1, item B or C, a qualified employee that supervised the performed work; and

30 C. a statement from the designated registered 31 professional or qualified employee authorized as an inspector 32 that the work was completed in accordance with applicable 33 standards.

34 7080.0820 CONTINUING EDUCATION.

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5 Subpart 1. Renewal requirements. Individuals registered

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as professionals and apprentices must complete the applicable 1 hours of continuing education under items item A and or B that 2 meet the criteria under subpart 2 for each three-year period. 3 The continued education requirement is not increased for 4 multiple specialty area endorsements. Continuing education 5 hours earned in excess of those required under this subpart 6 cannot be carried over to meet the requirements for future 7 three-year periods. The three-year period begins after an 8 individual has received a passing score on the examination under 9 part 7080.0810 for one specialty area endorsement. 10

11 A. An individual with a designer I, designer II, 12 installer, or inspector endorsement must complete 12 hours of 13 continuing education training related to individual sewage 14 treatment systems.

B. An individual with a pumper endorsement must complete 12 hours of continuing education related in general to individual sewage treatment systems or nine hours of continuing education specifically related to pumping individual sewage treatment systems or land application of septage.

20 Subp. 2. Criteria for continuing education. A continuing 21 education activity must be taken through a program accredited or 22 otherwise authorized by the commissioner for credit to be 23 eligible toward maintaining a professional registration or 24 apprentice designation.

Subp. 3. Voluntary certification program participants.
Individuals who were qualified under part 7080.0850, subpart 1,
item B, are not exempt from the continuing education
requirements.

29 7080.0830 ACCREDITATION OF TRAINING PROGRAMS AND AUTHORIZATION 30 OF TRAINING FOR CONTINUING EDUCATION CREDITS.

31 Subpart 1. Requirements. To receive ISTS professional 32 training program accreditation, a program must submit to the 33 commissioner the following:

A. a written objective that describes expected outcomes for the participant;

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a summary of the credentials of the persons 1 в. conducting the training demonstrating the trainers' knowledge 2 about individual sewage treatment systems and specifying the 3 specific subject area that the trainers will be responsible for; 4 a training plan that demonstrates how the course 5 C. will meet the requirements under parts 7080.0805, subpart 1 and 6 7080.0820, including a method for evaluating successful 7 completion and a form for providing documentation of course 8 participation and successful completion; 9 a description of how much time will be spent on D. 10 training during the hours the course is conducted; and 11 a document signed by a representative of the 12 Ε.

13 sponsoring organization certifying that the sponsor will 14 maintain records of participants, attendance, and successful 15 completions for a minimum of three years.

Subp. 2. Procedures for approval. The commissioner shall 16 approve a training course if the information submitted under 17 subpart 1 demonstrates that the training meets the training 18 objectives for a specific specialty area under part 7080.0805, 19 subpart 1, or for continued education under part 7080.0820. The 20 commissioner shall evaluate the submitted information to 21 determine how many continuing education credits will be 22 awarded. The accreditation may be reevaluated by the 23 commissioner at any time. The commissioner may require that the 24 training program be updated to ensure recent industry 25 26 developments are included. Accreditation may be canceled by the commissioner if the program sponsor does not respond to the 27 commissioner's written request for program information or 28 training course revisions. 29

30 Subp. 3. Authorization of training for continuing 31 education credits. Nonaccredited training may qualify for 32 continuing education credits only if authorized by the 33 commissioner. The person requesting the credits must provide 34 the information requirements of subpart 1, items A, B, and D, 35 for any nonaccredited training attended, and document in written 36 format how the course will meet the requirements under parts

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1	7080-0525-and 7080.0805, subpa	art 1, and 7080.0820, including a
2	proof of successful completion	of the training. The
3	commissioner may prorate the c	redit hours granted based on the
4	amount of the training which p	pertains to the ISTS specialty area
5	for which it is requested.	
6	INDIVIDUAL SEWA	GE TREATMENT SYSTEM
7	REGI	STRATION
8	7080.0850 ISTS PROFESSIONAL RE	GISTRATION.
9	Subpart 1. Qualification	as. The commissioner shall
10	register individuals in the ap	propriate specialty area who meet
11	either of the following requir	ements as an ISTS professional:
12	A. an individual wh	o successfully completes the
13	requirements under parts 7080.	0805 to 7080.0820 as applicable to
14	a specialty area under part 70	80.0800, subpart 1, and submits a
15	complete application as requir	ed under part 7080.0860, subpart
16	1, that is approved by the com	missioner; or
17	B. an individual wh	o is fully certified under the
18	voluntary certification progra	am on the effective date of this
19	part, meets the requirements o	of part 7080.0820, and submits a
20	complete application as requir	ed under part 7080.0860, subpart
21	l, by March 31, 1996.	
22	Subp. 2. Multiple endors	sements. An endorsement for each
23	specialty area successfully co	ompleted shall be added to an
24	individual's registration.	
25	Subp. 3. Registration re	equired. Except as provided under
26	part 7080.0855, subpart 2, and	beginning March 31, 1996, the
27	following individuals must be	registered under this part:
28	A. designated regis	stered professionals under part
29	7080.0705, subpart l, item A;	and
30	B. qualified employ	rees.
31	Subp. 4. Maintaining reg	jistration. To maintain a
32	professional registration, an	individual must fulfill the
33	continuing education requireme	ents under part 7080.0820, complete
34	the renewal requirements under	part 7080.0860, subpart 4, and
35	fulfill the responsibilities u	under subpart 5 that are applicable

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1 to earned specialty area endorsements.

2 Subp. 5. Specific responsibilities. The following 3 requirements provide the minimum basis of professional 4 responsibility:

A. Individuals who have inspector endorsements must have the knowledge and ability to assess site evaluations, evaluate designs, evaluate installations, pumping and septage disposal activities, conduct compliance inspections, conduct permitting activities, issue written certificates of compliance and notices of noncompliance, and issue and maintain inspection reports.

B. Individuals who have designer I endorsements must have the knowledge and ability to conduct site evaluations, design ISTS, evaluate installations, pumping and septage disposal activities, conduct compliance inspections, issue written certificates of compliance and notices of noncompliance, and issue and maintain inspection reports.

18 C. Individuals who have designer II endorsements must
19 have the knowledge and ability to conduct site evaluations and
20 design ISTS.

Individuals who have installer endorsements must 21 D. have the knowledge and ability to construct, install, alter, 22 extend, maintain, and repair ISTS; ensure all work is done in 23 accordance to a written site evaluation and design report; 24 ensure inspections are conducted for new construction or 25 replacement in areas without ordinances; ensure site conditions 26 allow for construction; provide evidence to verify compliance 27 with applicable requirements; maintain quality control/quality 28 assurance records; and maintain as-builts of all work. 29

E. Individuals who have pumper endorsements must have the knowledge and ability to measure scum and sludge depths for the accumulation of solids and, as needed, completely remove, store, and haul septage; properly dispose of septage; identify problems related to sewage tanks, baffles, manhole maintenance <u>hole</u> covers, and extensions, and make repairs as necessary; and <u>inspect</u>, evaluate watertightness of sewage tanks, dosing

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l	1 chambers, distribution devices, val	ve boxes or drop boxes, and
2	2 properly dispose of septage.	
3	3 Subp. 6. Register maintenance	. The commissioner shall
4	4 assign registration numbers, mainta	in a statewide register,
5	5 record training, and monitor perfor	mance.
6	6 7080.0855 APPRENTICE.	
7	7 Subpart 1. Qualifications. A	n individual shall be
8	8 designated as an apprentice if the	individual successfully
9	9 completes the requirements under pa	rts 7080.0805 and 7080.0810,
10	0 for the specialty areas listed unde	r part 7080.0800, subpart 1,
11	1 and submits a complete application	as required under part
12	2 7080.0860, subpart 1, that is appro	ved by the commissioner.
13	3 Subp. 2. Apprentice required.	Individuals and qualified
14	4 employees who will acquire their ex	perience according to the
15	5 methods under part 7080.0815, subpa	rt 1, item B or C7 <u>:</u>
16	6 <u>A.</u> must be designated by	the commissioner as an
17	7 apprentice apprentices; and	
18	8 <u>B. are eligible to be de</u>	signated registered
19	9 professionals under a license if th	e individuals have a
20	0 specialty area endorsement that cor	responds to the license,
21	1 fulfill the contractual requirement	s for acquiring experience,
22	2 and operate under a restricted lice	nse that corresponds to the
23	3 specialty area endorsement sought.	
24	4 Subp. 3. Maintaining apprenti	ce designation. To maintain
25	5 an apprentice designation, an indiv	idual must fulfill the
26	6 continuing education requirements u	nder part 7080.0820; complete
27	7 the renewal requirements under part	7080.0860, subpart 4; and
28	8 fulfill the responsibilities under	part 7080.0850, subpart 5,
29	9 that are applicable to earned speci	alty area endorsements. An
30	0 endorsement for each specialty area	successfully completed shall
31	be added to an individual's registr	ation and apprentice
32	2 designation.	
33	3 7080.0860 ADMINISTRATION OF PROFESS	IONAL REGISTER AND APPRENTICE

34 PROGRAM.

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35 Subpart 1. Application; issuance. An individual meeting

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the qualifications under part 7080.0850, subpart 1, or 1 7080.0855, subpart 1, is eligible to apply for registration or 2 apprentice designation on a form provided by the commissioner. 3 The commissioner requires 60 days for review of applications. 4 To be registered by the statutory effective date of March 31, 5 1996, an application must be submitted to the commissioner by 6 February 1, 1996. A complete application consists of 7 documentation of training and experience or the experience 8 agreement or plan meeting the requirements under part 7080.0815, 9 subpart $\pm \theta$ 1. 10

11 Subp. 2. Approval of registration or apprentice 12 designation. Upon the commissioner's approval of the 13 registration or apprentice application, a number and 14 verification of an individual's status shall be issued to the 15 applicant.

Subp. 3. Registration period. The commissioner shall issue registrations for a three-year period.

18 Subp. 4. Renewal. Every three years, the registrant or 19 apprentice shall submit an application for renewal on forms 20 provided by the commissioner no later than 60 days prior to the 21 expiration date. The renewal application must be accompanied by 22 documentation of continuing education under part 7080.0820.

Subp. 5. Denial of application. The commissioner may deny an application or renewal application for a professional registration or apprentice based on written evidence documenting actions listed under part 7080.0900. Notice of the denial shall be served on the applicant by mail.

Subp. 6. Restrictions; conditions. The commissioner may add performance restrictions and training conditions to a professional registration of <u>or</u> apprentice designation at any time to address unusual work situations, <u>or</u> experience requirements, or <u>to take</u> enforcement action under part 7080.0900, or to limit the scope of responsibilities under subpart 5 for an individual.

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ENFORCEMENT

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7080.0900 ENFORCEMENT ACTION. 1 Subpart 1. Business licenses. The commissioner may deny, 2 suspend, restrict, or revoke a business license issued under 3 part 7080.0705 for any of the following reasons: 4 failure to meet the requirements of a license; Α. 5 failure to comply with applicable requirements; or в. 6 submission of false or misleading information or 7 C. credentials in order to obtain or renew a license. 8 Subp. 2. Professional registration; apprentice. The 9 commissioner may deny, suspend, restrict, or revoke an 10 individual professional registration issued under part 7080.0850 11 or apprentice designation made under part 7080.0855 for any of 12 the following reasons: 13 failure to meet the registration requirements; 14 Α. incompetence, hegligence, or inappropriate conduct в. 15 in the performance of the duties on an ISTS professional; 16 17 C. failure to comply with applicable requirements; or submission of false or misleading information or D -18 credentials in order to obtain or renew professional 19 20 registration. Subp. 3. License complaints. Upon receiving a signed 21 written complaint that alleges the existence of grounds for 22 potential enforcement action against a business or an individual 23 under subpart 1, the commissioner shall initiate an 24 investigation. 25 The complaint must contain the name, address, and 26 A. telephone number of the complainant, the name of the alleged 27 violators, the alleged violations, dates, locations, and any 28 other pertinent information to demonstrate the validity of the 29 30 complaint. The commissioner shall evaluate the results of the в. 31 investigation and determine whether enforcement actions are 32 necessary. 33 Enforcement actions may not be taken before 34 с. written notice is given to the licensee or individual and an 35 opportunity is provided for a contested case hearing complying 36

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1 with Minnesota Statutes, chapter 14.

2 Subp. 4. Enforcement action. If the commissioner finds 3 that enforcement action is necessary, the actions described in 4 items A to C shall be taken.

A written notice shall be mailed to the licensee, Α. 5 registered individual, or apprentice. The written notice shall 6 contain, as applicable, the effective date of the enforcement 7 action, the nature of the violation or violations constituting 8 the basis for the enforcement action, the facts which support 9 the conclusion that a violation or violations have occurred, 10 specific actions necessary to fulfill the terms of the notice, 11 and a statement that a licensee or registered individual who 12 13 desires a contested case hearing, must within ten calendar days, exclusive of the day of service, file a written request with the 14 commissioner. 15

B. If a hearing is requested, the enforcement action
shall be stayed pending the outcome of the hearing. If the
licensee or registered individual does not request a hearing,
the individual shall forfeit any opportunity for a hearing.
C. A licensee or registered individual whose license
or registration has been revoked shall not be entitled to apply

for a license or registration until at least one year following the effective date of revocation or for any longer period of time specified in the revocation notice. A licensee or registered individual with a revoked or suspended license or registration shall return the license or registration identification card to the commissioner.

Subp. 5. Enforcement; general. General agency enforcement authority under Minnesota Statutes, sections 115.071, 115.56, 116.071, and 116.072, is available for enforcement actions under this program.

32 ALTERNA

ALTERNATIVE AND EXPERIMENTAL SYSTEMS

33 7080.0910 ALTERNATIVE AND EXPERIMENTAL SYSTEMS.

34 Subpart 1. General. The intent of this part is to provide 35 standards for the location, design, installation, use, and

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maintenance of alternative and experimental sewage treatment
 systems. Alternative systems must meet the requirements of
 subpart 3 and experimental systems must meet the requirements of
 subpart 3a. They may be employed provided:

5 A. reasonable assurance of performance of the system 6 is presented to the permitting authority;

B. the engineering design of the system is first
8 approved by the permitting authority;

9 C. there is no discharge to the ground surface or to 10 surface waters. Systems designed with a ground surface or 11 surface water discharge are not covered under this chapter and 12 must obtain a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System 13 permit or state disposal system permit from the agency;

D. a three-foot minimum separation is provided between the bottom of the distribution medium and the saturated soil or bedrock. Proposed experimental systems which do not provide this minimum separation must follow the variance procedure in part 7080.0305, subpart 3;

E. treatment and disposal of wastes is completed in a
manner that protects the public health and general welfare;
F. the system complies with all local codes and

22 ordinances and is subject to periodic inspections by the 23 permitting authority to assure adherence to specifications; and 24 G. provide a mitigative plan to the permitting

25 authority, indicating what will be done if the system fails to 26 provide treatment and disposal.

27 Subp. 2. Adoption and use. Where parts 7080.0010 to 28 7080.0200 are administered by a municipality, those 29 municipalities may adopt this part, in whole or in part, as part of a local code or ordinance. Nothing in parts 7080.0010 to 30 31 7080.0200 or this part, however, shall require the adoption of 32 any part of this part as local ordinance or code. Further, nothing in parts 7080.0010 to 7080.0200 or this part shall 33 34 require municipalities to allow the installation of any system in this part. 35

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This part defines the minimum requirements for alternative

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[REVISOR] CMR/DE 12/18/95 AR2572 systems serving establishments or facilities licensed or 1 2 otherwise regulated by the state of Minnesota or this agency pursuant to part 7080.0030. 3 Subp. 3. Alternative systems. Use of alternative systems 4 in items A to K is allowed only in areas where a standard system 5 cannot be installed or is not the most suitable treatment. 6 Slowly permeable soils. The methods in subitems Α. 7 (1) and (2) may be used for slowly permeable soils. 8 (1) Soil treatment systems placed in soils with 9 percolation rates between 61 and 120 minutes per inch shall 10 comply with units $(a)_7 - (c)_7 - and to (d)$ and part 7080.0170. 11 (a) Drainfield rock for trench systems must 12 not be placed in contact with original soil having a percolation 13 rate slower than 61 minutes per inch. 14 (b) Where the percolation rate of the 15 original soil is slower than 61 minutes per inch, at least 12 16 inches of clean sand must be placed between the drainfield rock 17 for trench systems and the original soil. 18 (c) If a mound system is necessary to 19 20 overcome limitations to consolidated impermeable bedrock and the 21 mound is placed on a slope of one percent or greater, the mound must be designed with a linear loading rate of four gallons per 22 day per square foot or less as described in part 7080.0170, 23 subpart 6, item B. 24 25 (d) The size of the soil treatment system 26 must be based on a soil sizing factor of 4.2 square feet per 27 gallon per day. 28 (2) Soils with percolation rates slower than 120 29 minutes per inch are subject to the requirements under units (a) 30 and (b). 31 (a) Excavation for the purpose of 32 constructing a soil treatment system must not be made in a soil layer having a percolation rate slower than 120 minutes per inch. 33 34 (b) Mounds may be allowed on original soils with percolation rates slower than 120 minutes per inch if the 35 following special design requirements, in addition to those 36

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listed in part 7080.0170, subpart 5, are used: 1 the width of the drainfield rock 2 i. bed is determined by using a linear loading rate of four gallons 3 per day per square lineal foot or less as described in part 4 7080.0170, subpart 6, item B; 5 beds are not to be installed side ii. 6 7 by side; and iii. the absorption ratio used to 8 9 calculate the required absorption width is 6.0. 10 Rapidly permeable soils. Distribution medium for в. a soil treatment system must not be placed in contact with 11 original soil having a percolation rate faster than one-tenth 12 minute per inch. For coarse soils having a percolation rate 13 faster than one-tenth minute per inch, at least 12 inches of 14 loamy sand material having a percolation rate between six and 15 15 minutes per inch at the original site must be placed between the 16 17 distribution medium and the coarse soil along the excavation bottom and sidewalls. The size of the soil treatment system 18 19 must be based on the required treatment area for a soil having a 20 percolation rate of 16 to 30 minutes per inch as specified in part 7080.0170, subpart 2, item C, subitem (1), Table V. 21 This criterion may be used as an alternative design for soils with 22 percolation rates between 0.1 and five minutes per inch. 23 24 C. Artificial drainage. (1) Where natural drainage will not provide three 25 26 feet of separation between the bottom of the distribution medium and the highest known level of saturated soil, artificial 27 28 drainage may be used to intercept or lower the seasonal high 29 water table, except within shorelands of public waters. There 30 shall be at least ten feet of undisturbed soil between the sidewall of the soil treatment unit and the artificial 31 drainage. Designs to lower the seasonal high water table must 32 be supported by engineering calculations and monitoring after 33 34 installation. Water table measuring piezometers shall be 35 strategically placed, capped, and extend at least three feet lower than the bottom of the soil distribution medium. 36

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Monitoring shall occur by measuring water table depths prior to 1 installation and over time, including during wet periods. 2 Monitoring records must be maintained. If the artificial drain 3 includes a dedicated surface discharge, periodic sampling as 4 approved by the permitting authority must occur. 5 (2) Within shorelands of public waters, 6 artificial drainage may be used to intercept the high water 7 table provided the water table has a slope of at least two feet 8 per hundred feet toward the public water and that drainage 9 exists upslope of the soil treatment system. There shall be at 10 least 20 feet of undisturbed soil between the sidewall of the 11 soil treatment unit and the artificial drainage. 12 (3) In all cases the greatest practicable 13 vertical separation distance from the system bottom to saturated 14 soil shall be provided with a minimum of three feet. 15 Floodplain areas. 16 D. 17 (1) There shall be no pipe or other installed opening between the distribution medium and the soil surface. 18 19 (2) Trench systems shall be located on the highest feasible area of the lot and shall have location 20 21 preference over all other improvements except the water supply well. The bottom of the distribution medium shall be at least 22 as high as the elevation of the ten-year flood. The sewage tank 23 may be located so as to provide gravity flow to the trenches. 24 (3) If a dosing chamber is used to move effluent 25 from the sewage tank to the trenches, provisions shall be made 26 to prevent the pump from operating when inundated with flood 27 28 waters. (4) When it is necessary to raise the elevation 29 30 of the soil treatment area, a mound system as specified in part 7080.0170, subpart 5, may be used with the following additional 31 requirement: The elevation of the mound shall be such that the 32 elevation of the bottom of the rock bed shall be at least 33 one-half foot above the ten-year flood elevation. Inspection 34 pipes shall not be installed unless the top of the mound is 35 above the elevation of the regional flood. 36

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(5) When the top of a sewage tank is inundated, 1 the dwelling must cease discharging sewage into it. This may be 2 accomplished by either temporarily evacuating the structure 3 until the system again becomes functional, or by diverting the 4 sewage into a holding tank sized and installed according to item 5 6 Κ. (6) The building sewer shall be designed to 7 prevent backflow of liquid into the building when the system is 8 If a holding tank is used, the building sewer shall 9 inundated. be designed to permit rapid diversion of sewage into the holding 10 tank when the system is inundated. 11 (7) If a holding tank is used for a dwelling, its 12 liquid capacity shall equal 100 gallons times the number of 13 bedrooms times the number of days between the ten-year stage on 14 the rising limb of the regional flood hydrograph and the 15 ten-year stage on the falling limb of the hydrograph, or 1,000 16 gallons, whichever is greater. For other establishments, 17 storage equal to at least five times the average design flow 18 must be provided. The holding tank must be accessible for 19 removal of tank contents under flooded conditions. 20 (8) Whenever the water level has reached a stage 21 22 above the top of a sewage tank, the tank shall be pumped to remove all solids and liquids after the flood has receded before 23 24 use of the system is resumed. Greywater system. A toilet waste treatment device 25 Ε. 26 shall be used in conjunction with a greywater system. In all cases, only toilet wastes shall be discharged to toilet waste 27 treatment devices. Greywater or garbage shall not be discharged 28 to the device except as specifically recommended by a 29 manufacturer. 30 31 (1) Plumbing. The drainage system in new dwellings or other establishments shall be based on a pipe 32 33 diameter of two inches to prevent installation of a water flush There shall be no openings or connections to the 34 toilet. drainage system, including floor drains, larger than two inches 35 in diameter. For repair or replacement of an existing system, 36

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٦	the existing drainage system	may be used.
- 2	Toilets or urinals of a	ny kind shall not be connected to
3	the drainage system. Toilet	waste or garbage shall not be
4	discharged to the drainage s	ystem.
5	Garbage grinders shall	not be connected to the drainage
6	system.	
7	(2) Building	sewer. The building sewer shall
8	meet all requirements of par	t 7080.0120 except that the building
9	sewer for a greywater system	shall be no greater than two inches
10	in diameter.	
11	(3) Sewage ta	nk. Greywater septic tanks shall
12	meet all requirements of par	t 7080.0130, subpart 1, except that
13	the liquid capacity of a gre	ywater septic tank serving a
14	dwelling shall be based on t	he number of bedrooms existing and
15	anticipated in the dwelling	served and shall be at least as
16	large as the capacities give	n in Table A-l. See parts
17	7080.0020, subparts 7 and 18	, and 7080.0125.
18	(4) Soil trea	tment area sizing. The soil
19	treatment area shall be 60 p	ercent of the amount calculated in
20	part 7080.0170, subpart 2, i	tem C.
21	(5) Septic ta	nk sizing. The septic tank for a
22	greywater system shall be ba	sed on Table A-1.
23	T	able A-1
24 25	Number of Bedrooms	Tank Liquid Capacity (gallons)
26 27	2 or less or hand pump	300
28 29	3 or 4 5 or 6	750
30 31	7, 8, or 9	1,000
32	For ten or more bedroom	s or other establishments, the
33	greywater septic tank shall	be sized as for any other
34	establishment (see part 7080	.0130, subpart 3, item B) except
35	that the minimum liquid capa	city shall be at least 300 gallons.
36	Greywater aerobic tanks	shall meet all requirements of part
3/	/080.0130, subpart 6.	ion and doging Distribution and
20	(o) Distribut	et all requirements of parts
22	dosing of greywater shall me	et all requirements of parts
40	/000.0130 and /080.0100.	

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(7) Final treatment and disposal. A standard 1 greywater system shall meet all requirements of part 7080.0170. 2 Privies. Pit privies shall not be installed where 3 F. the bottom of the pit is less than three feet above saturated 4 soil or bedrock. A vault privy shall be used in areas not 5 meeting the three-foot separation. The vault of a vault privy 6 shall be constructed in the same manner as a sewage tank. See 7 part 7080.0130, subpart 1. 8 Privies shall be set back from surface waters, buildings, 9 10 property lines, and water supply wells as prescribed in Table IV. Pits or vaults shall be of sufficient capacity for the 11 dwelling they serve, but shall have at least 50 cubic feet of 12 13 capacity. 14 The sides of the pit shall be curbed to prevent cave-in. The privy shall be constructed so as to be easily 15 maintained, and it shall be insect proof. The door and seat 16 17 shall be self-closing. All exterior openings including vent openings, shall be screened. 18 19 Privies shall be adequately vented. When the privy is filled to within one foot of the top of .20 21 the pit, the solids shall be removed. Abandoned pits shall have the solids removed and be filled with clean earth and slightly 22 mounded to allow for settling. Removed solids shall be disposed 23 of according to part 7080.0175. 24 Other toilet waste treatment devices. Other 25 G. toilet waste treatment devices may be used where reasonable 26 27 assurance of performance is provided. 28 All devices shall be vented. 29 All electric, gas, and water connections shall conform to 30 all local ordinances and codes. 31 Operation and maintenance shall follow the manufacturer's recommendations. 32 H. All-materials-removed,-including-ashes,-compost, 33 34 and-all-solids-and-liquids-shall-be-disposed-of-according-to state7-federal7-or-local-requirements. 35 36 I. Existing dwellings on small lots. If a system

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meeting the size requirements of part 7080.0170, subpart 2, item 1 C, cannot be constructed to serve an existing dwelling or other 2 establishment, a downsized soil treatment system may be 3 constructed provided that adequate capacity to hold excess 4 sewage is constructed. Adequate holding capacity for gravity 5 systems shall consist of a holding tank. Adequate holding 6 capacity for pressure systems shall be provided by timed dosing 7 of the effluent. The timing of the dosing must not exceed the 8 average design flow. All applicable portions of item J and 9 parts 7080.0110 to 7080.0170 shall be employed. 10

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J- I. Collector systems.

(1) In general. Where site or soil conditions do 12 13 not allow for final treatment and disposal on an individual lot, a system where a soil treatment system is located on another lot 14 or lots may be employed, where approved by the municipality. 15 Plans and specifications shall comply with local ordinances 16 17 on such issues as zoning, joint ownership of land, joint maintenance responsibilities, easements, and other 18 considerations and shall be approved by the municipality. 19 20 (2) Design.

(a) Sewer systems shall be designed on the sum of all flows for dwellings and other establishments as indicated in part 7080.0125. Flows shall be increased to allow for 200 gallons of infiltration per inch of pipe diameter per mile per day.

(b) The system shall be designed with each dwelling or other establishment having a sewage tank or with a common sewage tank. In the case of a common tank, the capacity of the tank shall be the sum of the tanks sized according to part 7080.0130, subpart 3, item A, and shall meet all applicable requirements under part 7080.0130.

32 (c) The sewer for systems with common sewage 33 tanks shall be so constructed to give mean velocities, when 34 flowing full, of not less than two feet per second. The sewer 35 for systems with individual sewage tanks shall be so constructed 36 and designed to hydraulically conduct the flow for which they

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In no case shall a gravity sewer be less than were designed. 1 four inches in diameter. The diameter and grade line should be 2 based on a flow equal to 50 percent of the average design flow 3 occurring in a one-hour period. 4 (d) Infiltration or exfiltration shall not 5 exceed 200 gallons per inch of pipe diameter per mile per day. 6 (e) Cleanouts, brought flush with or above 7 finished grade, shall be provided wherever a common sewer joins 8 an individual building sewer or piping from an individual sewer 9 tank, or every 100 feet, whichever is less, unless 10 manhole maintenance hole access is provided. 11 (f) There shall be no physical connection 12 between sewers and water supply systems. Sewers shall be set 13 back from water supply systems and piping as required for 14 building sewers. Where it is not possible to obtain proper 15 separation distances, the sever connections shall be watertight 16 and pressure tested. 17 (g) Pipes, and pipe joints shall be 18 19 watertight. (h) Dosing chambers shall meet all 20 21 requirements in part 7080.0160, subpart 1. 22 (i) Pumps and dosing chambers shall be sized to handle 50 percent of the average design flow in a one-hour 23 period. Common pump tanks shall have a pumpout capacity of ten 24 percent of average design flow plus-a-reserve-capacity-of-25 25 percent-of-the-average-design-flow-or and two alternating pumps. 26 27 (j) An A separate alarm system for each pump shall be provided for all pumping stations to warn of pump 28 29 failure, overflow, or other malfunction. (k) For systems with individual septic 30 tanks, a stilling tank of at least 1,500 gallons liquid capacity 31 or ten percent of the average design flow, whichever is greater, 32 should be provided before the soil treatment system. 33 34 (3) Maintenance. All persons using a common individual sewage system shall assure, by contract with 35 maintenance personnel or other equivalent means, that the system 36

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will be maintained throughout its useful life. The system so maintained includes common soil treatment systems, common sewage 2 tanks, common pumps, common pump stations, common sewers, and 3 all individual tanks connected to the common system. 4 K- J. Holding tanks. 5 (1) Holding tanks may be allowed only as 6 replacements for existing nonconforming failing systems, systems 7 which pose an imminent threat to public health or safety, or on 8 existing lots as of the date of the enactment of this chapter 9 and only where it can conclusively be shown that a standard, or 10 alternative system as described in this subpart, cannot be 11 feasibly installed. 12 (2) A holding tank shall be constructed of the 13 same materials and by the same procedures as those specified 14 under part 7080.0130, subpart 1. 15 (3) A cleanout pipe of at least six inches 16 diameter shall extend to the ground surface and be provided with 17 seals to prevent odor and to exclude insects and vermin. Α 18 manhole maintenance hole of at least 20 inches least dimension 19 shall extend through the cover to a point within 12 inches, but 20 no closer than six inches below finished grade. The manhole 21 maintenance hole cover shall be backfilled with at least six 22 inches of earth. 23 (4) For a dwelling, the minimum size shall be 24 1,000 gallons, or 400 gallons times the number of bedrooms, 25 whichever is greater. 26 For other establishments, the minimum capacity shall be at 27 least five times the average design flow. Tank sizing for 28 floodplain areas shall be in accordance with item E, subitem 29 Tank sizing for reduced sized systems as described in item 30 (7). F shall be upon discretion of the permitting authority. 31 (5) Holding tanks shall be located: in an area 32 readily accessible to the pump truck under all weather 33 conditions; as specified for septic tanks in Table IV, part 34 7080.0170, subpart 2; where accidental spillage during pumping 35 will not create a nuisance. 36

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(6) A contract for disposal and treatment of the 1 septage shall be maintained by the owner with a pumper, 2 municipality, agency, or firm established for that purpose. 3 (7) Holding tanks shall be monitored to minimize 4 the chance of accidental sewage overflows. Techniques such as 5 visual observation, warning lights, or audible alarms, or 6 regularly scheduled pumping shall be used. For other 7 establishments, a positive warning system shall be installed 8 which allows 25 percent reserve capacity after actuation. 9 Subp. 3a. Experimental systems. Experimental systems may 10 be used in areas where a standard system cannot be installed or 11 if a system is considered new technology with limited data on 12 13 reliability. In addition to the requirements under subparts 1 and 2, 14 experimental systems must also: 15 include an installed water meter; 16 Α. be designed with no single portion of the-soil в. 17 treatment a trench system taking over 25 percent of the average 18 design flow in part 7080.0125; 19 C. provide a loading rate calculation to the 20 21 permitting authority; 22 D. provide a monitoring plan to the permitting authority, indicating what type of monitoring will take place 23 and who is responsible for monitoring and timelines; 24 provide results of monitoring to the permitting 25 Ε. 26 authority and the commissioner; experimental systems will not be allowed in areas 27 F. where a new system or modifications to the experimental system 28 are not feasible if failure occurs; 29 G. comply with all conditions established by the 30 31 permitting authority necessary for the protection of the environment and public health; and 32 33 in areas without ordinances, the ISTS professional H. must maintain records subject to commissioner review. 34 FORMS 35

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1	7080.0920 MINNESOTA POLLUTION	CONTROL AGENCY SURETY BOND FORM.
23		Bond No.
4	MINNESOTA POLI	LUTION CONTROL AGENCY
5	INDIVIDUAL SEWAGE TREATMENT SYSTEM (ISTS) PROFESSIONAL	
6	SURETY BOND	
7	KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRI	ESENTS:
8 9 10	THAT (Name of Licensee)	of
11 12	doing business as	at
13 14 15	(Address)	, Minnesota, as Principal, and
16 17	(Name of Surety)	, a corporation authorized
18	to do surety business in the	State of Minnesota, as Surety, are
19	hereby held and firmly bound	to the Commissioner of the
20	Minnesota Pollution Control Z	Agency-State of Minnesota and any
21	persons aggrieved by reason o	of the Principal's failure to
22	faithfully perform the duties	s, and in all things comply with all
23	laws, ordinances, and rules,	pertaining to the Principal's
24	license or any permit applied	for and all contracts entered
25	into, in the sum of TEN THOUS	SAND DOLLARS (\$10,000.00). For the
26	payment of this sum, Principa	al and Surety bind themselves, their
27	heirs, representatives, succe	essors and assigns, jointly and
28	firmly by these presents.	
29	THE CONDITION of the abo	ove obligation is such, that WHEREAS
30	the said Principal is making	application with the Minnesota
31	Pollution Control Agency to b	be licensed as, or has been licensed
32	as, an ISTS Professional:	
33	<u></u>	
34	(specific licenses).	· · · ·
35	NOW THEREFORE, if said I	Principal shall faithfully and
36	lawfully perform the duties,	and in all things comply with the
37	laws and ordinances, includin	ng all Amendments thereto,
38	appertaining to the license of	or permit applied for, then this
39	obligation shall be void; ot	nerwise to remain in full force and
40	effect.	
41	The aggregate liability	of the Surety, regardless of the
42	number of claims made against	t the bond or the number of years

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the bond remains in force, shall in no event exceed the amount 1 set forth above. Any revision of the bond amount shall not be 2 cumulative. This bond may be canceled by the Surety as to 3 future liability by giving written notice to the Minnesota 4 Pollution Control Agency, stating the date of cancellation, 5 which in no event shall be less than thirty (30) days after the 6 mailing of said notice; however, the Surety shall remain liable 7 for any and all acts of the Principal covered by this bond up to 8 the date of cancellation. 9

PROVIDED, it is the intention of the parties that this bond 10 be continuous. This bond may be canceled at any time upon 11 giving the said Principal and the Minnesota Pollution Control 12 Agency 30 days written notice, said notice to be served by 13 registered mail, whereupon, except as to any liabilities or 14 indebtedness incurred prior to the termination of this said 30 · 15 days notice, the liability of the Surety under this bond shall 16 17 cease.

By their signatures below, the parties certify that the wording of this surety bond is identical to the wording specified in Minnesota Rules, part 7080.0920, as the rules were constituted on the date the parties executed the bond.

22 Signed this _____ day of _____, 19_.

23 Signed, sealed and delivered in the presence of:

(Witness as to Principal)

(Witness as to Surety)

(Signature)

(Licensee name)

(Name of Surety Company) By

Approved

by Revisor

(Attorney-in-Fact)

INDIVIDUAL OR PARTNERSHIP ACKNOWLEDGMENT

37 STATE OF 38 COUNTY OF 39 40 day of 19/20 On the before me, a Notary Public within and for said county, 41 to me known to 42 personally appeared, be the person(s) described in and who executed the foregoing 43 instrument, as Principal(s), and acknowledged to me that s/he executed the same as her/his free act and deed. 44 45

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12345678911112314516782	(Notarial Seal) (Notarial Seal) CORPORATE STATE OF COUNTY OF On the day of before me personally appeared to me, who being duly sworn, resides in	<pre>[REVISOR] CMR/DE AR2572 Notary Public, County, My Commission Expires ACKNOWLEDGMENT) , 19/20, did depose and say: that s/he the s/he is the</pre>
19 20 21 22 23 24 25	described in and which execut he knows the seal of said cor said instrument is such corpo by order of the board of dire s/he signed her/his name ther	the corporation the corporation ed the foregoing instrument; that poration; that the seal affixed to orate seal; that it was so affixed ectors of said corporation; and that eto by like order.
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	(Notarial Seal)	Notary Public, County, My Commission Expires
36 37	ACKNOWLEDGMENT	OF CORPORATE SURETY
38 39 40	STATE OF COUNTY OF	}
41 42 43 45 46 47 49 50 51	on the day of personally appeared, known, who being duly sworn, the s attorney in fact of corporation; that the seal af is the corporate seal of said instrument as signed and seal the aforesaid officer, by aut and the aforesaid officer ack free act and deed of said cor	, 19/20 before me to me did say: that s/he resides in /he is the aforesaid officer or a fixed to the foregoing instrument corporation; and that said ed in behalf of said corporation by hority of its board of directors; nowledged said instrument to be the poration.
5234555789012		Notary Public, County,
	(Notarial Seal)	My Commission Expires
62 63	***SURETY COMPANY POWER	OF ATTORNEY MUST BE ATTACHED***
64	REPEALER. Minnesota Rules, p	arts 7080.0020, subparts 10, <u>lle,</u>
		97 Approved by Revisor

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20, 22a, 24a, <u>28b</u>, 29, 34, 41, and 50; 7080.0040; 7080.0050;
 7080.0070; 7080.0080; 7080.0090; 7080.0100; 7080.0110, subparts
 1, 2, 3, and 5; 7080.0120, subpart 2; 7080.0130, subpart 5;
 7080.0180; 7080.0200; and 7080.0210, are repealed.