1 Department of Natural Resources

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- 3 Adopted Permanent Rules Relating to Quarantine Facilities for
- 4 Fertilized Fish Eggs

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- 6 Rules as Adopted
- 7 6287.0100 DEFINITIONS.
- 8 Subpart 1. Scope. For purposes of this chapter, the terms
- 9 in parts 6287.0100 to 6287.0900 have the meanings given them in
- 10 Minnesota Statutes, section 17.4982, unless otherwise provided
- 11 in this part.
- 12 Subp. 2. Applicant. "Applicant" means an individual,
- 13 association, partnership, cooperative, public or private
- 14 corporation or educational institution, or public agency that
- 15 applies to the department to import fertilized fish eggs into a
- 16 quarantine facility.
- 17 Subp. 3. Effluent. "Effluent" means any water discharged
- 18 from a quarantine facility including fish rearing water,
- 19 backflush or coolant water, floor drainage, and any potable
- 20 drainage that does not flow into a sanitary sewer or approved
- 21 septic system.
- 22 Subp. 4. Heat stress test. "Heat stress test" means a
- 23 test for disease in fish as described in this subpart that is
- 24 conducted for 14 to 21 days at a water temperature between 64
- 25 and 68 degrees Fahrenheit. For catfish, the test is conducted
- 26 for 14 to 21 days at a water temperature above 80 degrees
- 27 Fahrenheit. All fish are fed or injected with an
- 28 immunosuppressant at the beginning of the test. At the
- 29 conclusion of the test, all fish are sampled as provided by
- 30 Minnesota Statutes, section 17.4982, subdivision 12. The number
- 31 of fish sampled must be adequate to statistically determine a
- 32 two percent level of disease prevalence at a 95 percent
- 33 confidence level.
- 34 Subp. 5. Quarantine unit. "Quarantine unit" means an
- 35 enclosed rearing area within a quarantine facility that allows

- 1 for complete isolation from other quarantine units of fish
- 2 hatching and rearing tanks, fish culture supplies and equipment,
- 3 feed, clothing, water supply lines, and drainage lines.
- 4 Subp. 6. Sentinel fish. "Sentinel fish" means a lot of at
- 5 least 150 fish obtained from a facility with no history of
- 6 disease that are known to be sensitive to a particular disease
- 7 agent.
- 8 6287.0200 AUTHORITY, SCOPE, PURPOSE.
- 9 Subpart 1. Authority. This chapter is adopted under
- 10 authority granted in Minnesota Statutes, section 17.496.
- 11 Subp. 2. Scope. This chapter applies to all facilities
- 12 constructed for the quarantine of fertilized fish eggs.
- Subp. 3. Purpose. The purpose of parts 6287.0100 to
- 14 6287.0900 is to prescribe design criteria, operational
- 15 procedures, and release protocols to minimize risk of
- 16 introducing emergency fish diseases to the naturalized fishery
- 17 resources of Minnesota while providing an opportunity for the
- 18 importation of fertilized fish eggs from emergency
- 19 disease-restricted areas and areas with unknown fish health
- 20 history.
- 21 6287.0300 IMPORTATION REQUIREMENTS.
- Only fertilized fish eggs may be imported into a quarantine
- 23 facility.
- 24 6287.0400 CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS OF QUARANTINE FACILITY.
- 25 Subpart 1. Siting. A quarantine facility must be outside
- 26 of the 100-year floodplain and be physically separated from
- 27 other fish raising facilities in the same watershed by not less
- 28 than five miles, except that the commissioner may permit a
- 29 quarantine facility to be within five miles of other fish
- 30 raising facilities if there is minimal risk of transferring
- 31 disease to the other facilities. Criteria used by the
- 32 commissioner to determine the risk will include: flow rate of
- 33 the water which would receive the quarantine facility effluent;
- 34 construction, water source, and siting of potentially affected

- 1 fish culture facilities; and disease susceptibility of the
- 2 species being raised by potentially affected fish culture
- 3 facilities. Siting is prohibited if effluent from the facility
- 4 will be discharged into designated trout waters or other waters
- 5 containing or managed for salmonids.
- 6 Subp. 2. Water supply. The water supply must be from a
- 7 spring or well groundwater source, free of fish and fish
- 8 pathogens, and covered. Water supply systems must be
- 9 constructed to prevent transmission of pathogens among
- 10 quarantine units.
- 11 Subp. 3. Egg receiving area. Each facility must have an
- 12 egg receiving area isolated from quarantine units with respect
- 13 to equipment, supplies, and clothing.
- 14 Subp. 4. Quarantine facility size. Each facility must be
- 15 designed to consist of no more than six quarantine units and an
- 16 egg receiving area.
- 17 Subp. 5. Quarantine units. Quarantine units must be
- 18 isolated with respect to fish tanks, equipment, supplies, feed,
- 19 water supply lines, drainage lines, and laboratory clothing.
- 20 The capacity of each unit must not exceed 100,000 eggs.
- 21 Subp. 6. On-site laboratory space. There must be a
- 22 minimum of 16 square feet in at least eight linear feet of
- 23 counter space within each quarantine unit for pathological
- 24 examination of fish. Each work area must include a sink,
- 25 running water, adequate lighting, and electrical outlets.
- 26 Subp. 7. Disinfection stations. Each quarantine unit and
- 27 egg receiving area must have separate disinfection stations.
- 28 This station must include disinfectant supplies, hand washes,
- 29 foot baths (preferably sunken), an emergency shower, and a
- 30 locker room where clothes can be changed, stored, and
- 31 disinfected.
- 32 Subp. 8. Effluent treatment. Effluent water from all
- 33 quarantine units and egg receiving areas must enter a common
- 34 collector. The collector must incorporate a primary
- 35 disinfectant-sterilization system and an automatic backup system
- 36 to disinfect all pathogens. All pipes into and out of the

- 1 collector must be designed to prevent backflow.
- Subp. 9. Backup systems. Every quarantine facility must
- 3 have installed backups for all systems vital to maintaining the
- 4 aquatic environment within the facility. A backup generator
- 5 sized to handle all necessary electrical equipment must be
- 6 installed to automatically activate during power failures. Each
- 7 quarantine unit must be monitored with a flow alarm.
- 8 Subp. 10. Contingency plan. A contingency plan for
- 9 disease control and accidental escapement must be submitted to
- 10 and approved by the commissioner prior to the operation of a
- 11 quarantine facility. The plan must contain maps of the
- 12 watershed in which the facility is located, locations where
- 13 sentinel fish will be confined, identification of sufficient
- 14 personnel to execute the plan, source of chlorine supply for
- 15 disinfectant procedures, length and flow rates of feeder streams
- 16 and main branches, and identification of financial resources to
- 17 mitigate damage that may occur from the accidental release of
- 18 fish or fish pathogens.
- 19 Subp. 11. Security. Minimum security measures must
- 20 include locking devices on all building entrances and facility
- 21 gates, and fencing around unenclosed components of the facility.
- 22 6287.0500 QUARANTINE FACILITY LICENSING.
- 23 Subpart 1. Quarantine facility licensing and inspection.
- 24 No facility may be licensed as a quarantine facility unless the
- 25 commissioner determines that standards specified in parts
- 26 6287.0400 to 6287.0600 are met. The commissioner may conduct an
- 27 on-site inspection of a quarantine facility at reasonable times.
- 28 Subp. 2. Personnel qualifications. A quarantine facility
- 29 must have at least one full-time person with two years of fish
- 30 culture experience and fish health training from an accredited
- 31 academic or United States Fish and Wildlife Service program.
- 32 6287.0600 OPERATION OF QUARANTINE FACILITY.
- 33 Subpart 1. Egg receiving. All egg deliveries must have a
- 34 certified health inspection statement for parental stock from
- 35 which the eggs were taken. Fish eggs may only be received in

- 1 the receiving area. A complete disinfection, as described in
- 2 subpart 5, of the egg receiving area is required before and
- 3 after each egg delivery. All eggs must be disinfected before
- 4 transfer into quarantine units. Transfer of disinfected eggs
- 5 from the egg receiving area shall be done by a person who was
- 6 not in contact with the incoming eggs before they were
- 7 disinfected. All packing materials, excess fluids, and other
- 8 materials related to the shipping of eggs must be incinerated or
- 9 chlorinated to avoid potential spread of pathogen.
- 10 Subp. 2. Transfer into quarantine. Eggs from the same lot
- 11 may be transferred into more than one quarantine unit provided
- 12 the units remain isolated.
- 13 Subp. 3. Quarantine period. All fish hatched from
- 14 quarantined eggs must remain quarantined for a minimum of 12
- 15 months, unless they are sold directly to an outlet for
- 16 processing and human consumption, or unless the fish develop a
- 17 certifiable disease and must be removed as provided by subpart 6.
- 18 Subp. 4. Facility disinfection. The following procedure
- 19 will be considered a complete disinfection when using chlorine.
- 20 A. All objects to be disinfected must be cleansed of
- 21 all organic matter before application of chlorine.
- B. A chlorine solution must be maintained on all
- 23 surfaces at not less than 200 parts per million for the first
- 24 hour and at not less than 100 parts per million for an
- 25 additional four hours.
- 26 C. All raceways, troughs, drain pipes and lines, and
- 27 loose equipment, such as buckets, nets, and screens, must be
- 28 disinfected as specified in item B.
- 29 D. All interior surfaces of the quarantine unit must
- 30 be sprayed with a solution of 1,600 parts per million chlorine.
- 31 Sufficient quantity and pressure must be applied so that
- 32 crevices will be penetrated to destroy infectious organisms.
- 33 E. All disinfected objects must be thoroughly rinsed
- 34 with clean water and neutralized with a solution of three parts
- 35 sodium thiosulfate to one part chlorine upon completion of the
- 36 disinfection.

- 1 F. Other disinfection methods and procedures as must
- 2 be approved by the commissioner.
- 3 Subp. 5. Effluent disinfection. Effluent treatment
- 4 methods must be approved by the commissioner and must comply
- 5 with chapter 7050. If chlorine disinfectant is used, a
- 6 measurable residual level of 1.0 part per million active
- 7 chlorine must be maintained for one hour of retention time. The
- 8 design must include a backup system that ensures noninterrupted
- 9 treatment of effluent. Concentration of the disinfectant must
- 10 be monitored by a recording-sensing device that is functional at
- ll all times.
- 12 Subp. 6. Inspection and disposal of diseased fish. Daily
- 13 mortalities may be inspected by the commissioner. Mortalities
- 14 not required for inspection must remain in the quarantine unit
- 15 and be placed in disinfectant until they are properly disposed.
- 16 If a certifiable disease is detected, a confirmational test
- 17 must be done. Upon confirmation of a certifiable disease, the
- 18 commissioner may order that fish be destroyed, sold for human
- 19 consumption, or otherwise disposed.
- 20 Each quarantine facility must dispose of fish mortalities
- 21 by use of a gas- or oil-fired incinerator or by other disposal
- 22 methods approved by the commissioner. Equipment and solid waste
- 23 materials that are potentially contaminated with fish pathogens
- 24 must be treated by chlorination or an alternate method approved
- 25 by the commissioner.
- 26 Subp. 7. Disinfection required. A complete disinfection
- 27 of the quarantine unit, as described in subpart 5, is required
- 28 after fish are released from quarantine or after the discovery
- 29 of a certifiable disease.
- 30 If a certifiable disease is detected, sentinel fish must be
- 31 kept in the affected quarantine unit after disinfection to
- 32 verify the effectiveness of disinfections, and held for at least
- 33 120 days following disinfection. All mortalities of sentinel
- 34 fish must be monitored and inspected for disease. Surviving
- 35 sentinel fish must be subjected to a heat stress test.
- 36 Subp. 8. Personnel movement. Access to quarantine

- 1 facilities must be limited to designated personnel only.
- 2 Personnel entering or exiting an egg receiving area or
- 3 quarantine unit must use a disinfection station. Personnel must
- 4 disinfect themselves using foot baths and hand washes, and wear
- 5 protective clothing prior to entering or exiting a quarantine
- 6 unit or an egg receiving area. Used outer clothing must be
- 7 disposed of or laundered with disinfectants.
- 8 6287.0700 RECORD KEEPING AND REPORTING.
- 9 A daily log must be kept on mortality, transfers, feeding,
- 10 approved chemical use, treatments, assessments, water quality,
- 11 inspections, disinfectant levels in effluent, and personnel
- 12 movement. Any signs of disease must be reported to the
- 13 commissioner within 24 hours. Chemical use to treat disease
- 14 requires prior confirmation of a diagnosed fish health problem
- 15 by the commissioner. Mortality reports for each quarantine unit
- 16 must be submitted to the commissioner weekly. Approved chemical
- 17 usage and effluent disinfectant operation must be reported and
- 18 submitted to the commissioner monthly.
- 19 6287.0800 INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS.
- 20 Fish in quarantine must be monitored and inspected for
- 21 certifiable disease agents at monthly intervals by a fish health
- 22 inspector. If requested, the commissioner will conduct fish
- 23 health inspections for a fee as provided in Minnesota Statutes,
- 24 section 17.4988, subdivision 3.
- 25 6287.0900 RELEASE FROM QUARANTINE.
- 26 Subpart 1. Final testing. A final inspection must be
- 27 conducted after fish have been in quarantine and have been
- 28 feeding for 12 to 16 months. This inspection must include the
- 29 use of a heat stress test on all sampled fish. Results of the
- 30 inspection must be reviewed and approved by the commissioner.
- 31 Subp. 2. Quarantine report. A completed quarantine report
- 32 on forms provided by the commissioner must accompany each lot of
- 33 fish to be released from quarantine.
- 34 Subp. 3. Release of fish. Fish released from a quarantine

- 1 facility cannot be released into the wild and must be processed
- 2 for use as food or kept in a facility licensed by the
- 3 commissioner under part 6250.0300, subpart 1, or Minnesota
- 4 Statutes, section 17.4984, subdivision 1, or 97A.401,
- 5 subdivision 3.