Gambling Control Board

Adopted Permanent Rules Relating to Paddlewheel Games

Rules as Adopted
7861.0010 DEFINITIONS.
[For text of subps 1 to 3, see M.R.]
Subp. Ұa. 3c. Gambling equipment. "Gambling equipment" means bingo cards and sheets, devices for selecting bingo numbers, pull-tabs, jar tickets, paddlewheels, paddlewheel tables, paddletickets, paddleticket cards, and tipboardsp-and tipbeard-tiekets.
[For text of subps 4 and 5 , see M.R.]
Subp. 6. Master flare. "Master flare" is used in conjunction with sealed groupings of 100 paddleticket cards. The master flare must describe the paddletickets in the group, state the first paddleticket card number in the group, state the price per play of a paddleticket in the group, describe the wagers that may be placed with a paddleticket in the group, and have a state registration stamp affixed to it bearing the number of the first paddleticket card in the group.
[For text of subps 7 and 8 , see M.R.]
Subp. 9. Paddleticket. "Paddleticket" is a preprinted detachable ticket on a paddleticket card that has preprinted on it a paddleticket card number and either (i) one or more numbers corresponding to the numbers on a paddlewheel used without a paddlewheel table, or (ii) every available wager for a paddlewheel used with a paddlewheel table.

Subp. 10. Paddleticket card. "Paddleticket card" means a card to which is attached either (i) paddletickets bearing all the numbers on a paddlewheel used without a paddlewheel table, or (ii) paddletickets which each bear every available wager for a paddlewheel used with a table. A paddleticket card must have a stub attached that has preprinted on it a paddleticket card number, the price per paddleticket, space for the date played, a

facsimile of a state registration stamp with the license number of the card's manufacturer, and a space in which the winning number is written.

Subp. 11. Paddleticket card number. "Paddleticket card number" means the unique serial number preprinted by the manufacturer on a paddleticket card and its paddletickets.

Subp. lla. Paddlewheel. "Paddlewheel" is a mechanical vertical wheel marked off into sections containing numbers and which, after being spun, uses a pointer to indicate the winning number.

Subp. 1lb. Paddlewheel table. "Paddlewheel table" is the table described in part 7861.0100, subpart 9, and used in the game of paddlewheels governed by part 7861.0100, subparts 2 to 7 and 9 to 16.
[For text of subps 12 and 13 , see M.R.]
7861.0060 CONDUCT OF LAWFUL GAMBLING.
[For text of subps 1 and 2 , see M.R.]
Subp. 3. Posting of flare. The odds, house percentages, or number of tickets must be displayed on the flare accompanying each deal of pull-tabs, tipboards, or the master flare for a group of 100 paddleticket cards.
[For text of subps 4 to 7, see M.R.]
7861.0100 PADDLEWHEELS.

Subpart 1. [See repealer.]
Subp. la. Two versions of paddlewheel game. The game of paddlewheels may be conducted with or without a paddlewheel table. The game of paddlewheels without a paddlewheel table must be conducted in accordance with subparts 2 to 8 and 15 and 16. The game of paddlewheels with a paddlewheel table must be conducted in accordance with subparts 2 to 7 and 9 to 16.

Subp. 2. General conduct of paddlewheels. The following items apply to the conduct of all paddlewheel games:
A. Paddlewheels must be played using paddletickets, paddleticket cards, and a paddlewheel.
B. An organization may not use a paddlewheel that has
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not been approved by the board pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 349.163 , subdivision 6 , or that does not have a state registration stamp affixed to it.
C. Each paddleticket card must have a paddleticket card number preprinted on the stub and on each individual paddleticket. Each paddleticket card must have a different number. An organization may not have two paddleticket cards with the same number in its possession.
D. Each paddleticket card must have a facsimile of the state registration stamp preprinted on the stub. The facsimile must bear the license number of the manufacturer who manufactured the paddleticket card.
E. Each sealed grouping of 100 paddleticket cards must have a state registration stamp affixed to the master flare accompanying the group with the first paddleticket card number in the group stated on the master flare. No paddleticket card may be played unless the master flare for that card is posted in a conspicuous place on the permitted premises for the paddlewheel being played.
F. An organization may not use paddletickets:
(1) which do not have a state registration stamp affixed to the master flare accompanying the group;
(2) when the actual paddleticket card number preprinted on the tickets does not correspond to one of the paddleticket card numbers indicated on the master flare;
(3) when the paddleticket card number preprinted on the stub does not match the paddleticket card number preprinted on the individual tickets; or
(4) which are not attached to the paddleticket card.
G. An organization must deface all unsold paddletickets and all winning paddletickets which have been redeemed.

Subp. 3. Prize value and ticket price restrictions. The following prize value and paddleticket price restrictions apply to all paddlewheel games:
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A. The prize awarded for a winning paddleticket may not exceed $\$ 70$ in value.
B. An organization may not sell a paddleticket for more than $\$ 2$. All the paddletickets on a paddleticket card must be sold for the same price. No person shall be required to purchase more than one paddleticket, or pay for anything other than the ticket, in order to play.

Subp. 4. [See repealer.]
Subp. 5. [See repealer.]
Subp. 6. General restrictions. The following restrictions apply to all paddlewheel games:
A. No gambling employee of an organization shall purchase paddletickets at the site of the employee's place of employment. For purposes of this subpart, the term "employee" includes a volunteer.
B. No organization may have a direct interest in the outcome of the spin of a paddlewheel.

Subp. 7. Balancing, opening, closing, maintenance, and inspection of paddlewheels. The following requirements for the balancing, opening, closing, maintenance, and inspection of paddlewheels apply to all paddlewheel games:
A. To open a paddlewheel on a day when it will be used, an organization's paddlewheel operator must inspect each peg or $p i n$ and the pointer for uneven wear and immediately replace any worn peg or pin or worn pointer, and shall evaluate the balance of the paddlewheel by:
(1) inspecting the back of the paddlewheel for $a$ foreign object that may affect the paddlewheel's balance; and
(2) positioning the pointer so it does not interfere with the spin of the paddlewheel. The paddlewheel must be slowly rotated 45 to 90 degrees at a time in one direction. While the paddlewheel is spinning, the paddlewheel operator shall determine whether there is any abnormality in the rotation or any reverse rotation after the paddlewheel stops. The wheel must continue to be rotated until the entire wheel has been evaluated by this method in both directions. If the
paddlewheel is out of balance, the organization shall balance the paddlewheel before conducting paddlewheels.
B. To close a paddlewheel at the conclusion of its use on a day, an organization's paddlewheel operator shall place a cover over the paddlewheel or otherwise make it inoperable for use.
C. For each month in which an organization uses a paddlewheel, it shall complete a paddlewheel maintenance record on a form prescribed by the board. The record shall contain spaces for the name of the person conducting the maintenance, the date of the maintenance, the type of paddlewheel, and the number of the state registration stamp affixed to the paddlewheel, and shall contain a list of maintenance checks to be performed to ensure that the paddlewheel is in balance.
D. An organization shall make its paddlewheel maintenance records available to employees of the board for inspection and shall permit employees of the board to inspect its paddlewheels to determine whether they are in balance.
E. An organization may not use a paddlewheel that is out of balance.

## Subp. 8. Conduct of paddlewheels without a paddlewheel

 table. The following items apply to the conduct of paddlewheels without a paddlewheel table:A. The paddlewheel must be marked off into equally spaced sections which each contain a different number. A protruding peg or pin must be located, on the circumference of the paddlewheel, at least at the dividing line between each of the sections of the wheel. There must be positioned above the paddlewheel a pointer which stops the spin of the wheel and determines the winning number.
B. The paddletickets must contain one or more numbers corresponding to the numbers on the paddlewheel. The one or more numbers on a paddleticket may not be duplicated on any other paddleticket with the same paddleticket card number. Each paddleticket must be sold separately and must constitute a separate and equal chance to win with all other paddletickets
with the same paddleticket card number.
C. All the paddletickets sold for a spin of the paddlewheel must bear the same paddleticket card number. All the paddletickets on a paddleticket card must be sold before the spinning of the paddlewheel. If all the paddletickets on the card cannot be sold, the organization shall refund the gross proceeds to the players in exchange for the unplayed paddletickets.
D. The paddlewheel must be spun by the organization's paddlewheel operator. The winning number is determined by the position of the pointer when the paddewheel stops spinning. The paddlewheel must make at least four revolutions before stopping at the winning number. If four revolutions are not made, the spin is void and the paddlewheel must be spun again. An organization may not have multiple spins of the paddlewheel to award multiple prizes for one paddleticket card.
E. The paddletickets must be sold by the organization on the permitted premises for the paddlewheel being played and must be sold on the same day the paddlewheel game is conducted. No person may be required to be present when the paddlewheel is spun in order to be eligible for the prize. No person may be required to keep a paddleticket on the permitted premises in order to be eligible for the prize. However, the player with the winning paddleticket must claim the prize by redeeming the ticket on the permitted premises before the conclusion of the organization's lawful gambling activity for that day on the premises. Otherwise, the player forfeits the prize.
F. The prize awarded may be cash or merchandise. No cash prize amount may be a variable multiple of the standard price of a paddlewheel ticket. Merchandise prizes must be valued at actual market value or suggested market value, whichever is less. An organization must pay for in full or otherwise become the owner, without lien or interest of others, of merchandise to be awarded as a prize prior to the sale of paddletickets eligible for the prize. The organization must keep records showing its ownership of the merchandise, the
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actual and suggested market value of the merchandise, and its complete inventory of paddlewheel prize merchandise. An organization may not substitute cash for merchandise prizes which have been won.
G. For all winning paddletickets which have been redeemed, an organization shall keep records of the date played, the winner number, and the cash prize amount or merchandise prize awarded.
H. An organization must post clear and legible house rules on the play of paddlewheels in a conspicuous place on the permitted premises for the paddlewheel being played. The rules must include the following information:
(1) A paddlewheel is used for the selection of the winner.
(2) All paddletickets on a card must be sold before the spinning of the paddlewheel.
(3) No person shall be required to purchase more than one paddleticket, or pay for anything other than the ticket, in order to play.
(4) The paddlewheel must make at least four revolutions.
(5) The winner is not required to be present when the paddlewheel is spun; however, the winner must claim the prize by the conclusion of the lawful gambling activity for the day.
I. An organization must post in a conspicuous place on the permitted premises for the paddlewheel being played a clear and legible sign stating the prize to be awarded to the winning paddleticket. The sign must be at least 18 inches by 24 inches in size.

Subp. 9. Standards for paddlewheels and paddletickets used with a paddlewheel table, and for paddlewheel tables and chips. Paddlewheels with a paddlewheel table must be conducted with a paddlewheel, paddlewheel tables, and paddlewheel chips which conform to the following standards:
A. The paddlewheel must be divided into three
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concentric circles. Each circle must be a different color and must be marked off into equally spaced sections. Each section in a circle must contain a different number. The outer circle may contain up to 40 numbers. Each inner circle may contain up to one-half of the number of numbers as that circle's adjacent outer circle. The numbers in each circle must be sequential starting with the number "one" but may be placed randomly in that circle. The paddlewheel may have specifically designated "house numbers" in regard to an "odd" or "even" bet. A protruding peg or pin must be located, on the circumference of the paddlewheel, at least at the dividing line between each of the sections of the outside concentric circle. There must be positioned above the paddlewheel a pointer that stops the spin of the wheel and determines the winning colored number or set of colored numbers.
B. Each paddleticket must have preprinted on it all the colored numbers on the paddlewheel and every available wager expressed by a colored number or set of colored numbers.
C. A paddlewheel table must have a state registration stamp affixed to its front and must conform to the following standards:
(1) The table playing surface must be permanently and clearly imprinted with the colored numbers which correspond to the colored numbers in each concentric circle of the paddlewheel. The table playing surface may also contain letters, each of which corresponds to a set of numbers of the same color representing a line bet. The table playing surface may also contain statements of "ODD" or "EVEN" for placing a bet that any number of a designated concentric circle of the paddlewheel will be odd or even. The letters and the statements must also be permanently and clearly imprinted on the table playing surface.
(2) The table playing surface must have a slot for the placing of paddletickets for each single colored number, each letter that corresponds to a set of colored numbers representing a line bet, each statement of "ODD," and each
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statement of "EVEN."
(3) The table must be equipped with a
double-locking or triple-locking removable metal container known as a "drop box" into which must be deposited all issuance of duplicate fill slips, issuance of original credit slips, and coin or currency received from players for the purchase of paddlewheel chips. The drop box must have one lock that secures the drop box to the table and one or two separate locks which secure the contents placed into the drop box. The key to each of the two or three locks must be different from each of the other locks.
(4) The table must accommodate the placement of bets by players on the front and both sides of the table. The table must also have a rail for holding a player's paddlewheel chips. Inclusive of the rail, the table may be no longer than nine feet and no wider than four feet.
D. Paddlewheel chips may not be made of plastic, wood, or paper. An organization may issue paddlewheel chips in denominations of $\$ 1, \$ 2, \$ 5$, and $\$ 25$. One dollar chips must be white, $\$ 2$ chips must be yellow, $\$ 5$ chips must be red, and $\$ 25$ chips must be green. Each chip must have permanent edge spots which are different in color than the rest of the chip. Each paddlewheel chip must also be clearly and permanently impressed, engraved, or imprinted on at least one side with the license number of the organization holding the premises permit for the premises at which the chips are being used and on at least the opposite side with the specific dollar value of the chip. This item is effective one year from the date the notice of its adoption is published in the State Register.

Subp. 10. Opening and closing of paddlewheel tables.
A. To open a paddlewheel table for use, a gambling employee or volunteer of the organization shall lift the top of the table and inspect the cavity for any paddleticket, paddlewheel chip, or foreign object that may have fallen through the slots, and shall seetre affix a paddlewheel chip tray to the table and lock a paddlewheel drop box to the table.
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B. To close a paddlewheel table after its use, a gambling employee or volunteer of the organization shall notify the players that their paddlewheel chips must be redeemed through the cash bank cashier, and shall collect all outstanding identification cards from the players.

Subp. 11. Conduct of paddlewheels with a paddlewheel
table. The following items apply to the conduct of paddlewheels with a paddlewheel table:
A. Only cash prizes may be awarded. No cash prize amount may be a variable multiple of the standard price of a paddleticket.
B. The paddlewheel must be spun by the organization's paddlewheel operator. The winning colored number or set of colored numbers is determined by the position of the pointer when the paddlewheel stops spinning. The paddlewheel must make at least four revolutions before stopping at the winning colored number or set of colored numbers.
C. Paddlewheel chips must be purchased only at the paddlewheel table from the organization's paddlewheel operator. Paddletickets must be purchased only at the paddlewheel table from the organization's paddlewheel operator, and must be purchased only with paddlewheel chips except that paddletickets for the immediate next spin may be purchased directly with cash in an amount equal to the value of the tickets.
D. All paddletickets must be sold on the permitted premises for the paddlewheel being played and must be sold immediately preceding a spin to be valid for that spin. Each paddleticket must be sold separately and must constitute a separate and equal chance to win with all other paddletickets sold for the spin. There may be no partially sold paddleticket cards for a spin. If all the tickets on a card cannot be sold, the organization shall refund the gross proceeds to the players in exchange for the unplayed tickets of that card.
E. When a player first purchases paddlewheel chips, the organization's paddlewheel operator shall provide the player with a card containing a unique identification number. The
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player shall return the card to the paddlewheel operator immediately after the player stops playing. Each player must write the player's assigned identification number on the back of the player's paddletickets prior to placing the tickets in a betting slot on the paddlewheel table.
F. A player shall bet all the player's purchased paddletickets on the immediate next spin. If a player purchases a paddleticket and does not bet the ticket on the immediate next spin, the ticket is void, the ticket may not be wagered on any other spin of the paddlewheel, and the player shall surrender the ticket to the organization's paddlewheel operator who shall treat it as a losing ticket.
G. To bet, a player shall place the player's paddleticket in a betting slot on the paddlewheel table. A player's paddleticket is void and must be treated as a losing ticket if the player forces it all the way through the slot into the cavity of the table. The organization's paddlewheel operator may assist a player provided that the operator first verbally announces to all the players at the table that the operator is assisting the player and what assistance is being rendered.
H. A player may bet a paddleticket while another player is purchasing a ticket.
I. An organization's paddlewheel operator shall sequentially number each spin of the paddlewheel for each day of activity beginning with "one" for the first spin of the day and progressing with each spin. The spin number must be written either on the face of the first paddleticket card stub for which paddletickets have been sold for a particular spin or on the back of the last stub from which tickets have been sold for a particular spin. All spin numbers must be consistently recorded in the same location on the stub for all spins of the day. However, when the sale of tickets for a particular spin continues into a new sealed grouping of paddleticket cards, then the sequential spin number must be written on the face of the first stub of the group from which tickets are continuing to be
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sold. For each subsequent spin of the same group of
paddleticket cards, the spin number must be recorded consistent
with the organization's standard practice, written either on the
face of the first stub for which paddletickets have been sold or
on the back of the last stub from which tickets have been sold.
The paddlewheel operator may not continue the sale of tickets
for any particular spin into a new group of paddleticket cards
unless the master flare for the group reflects the same prize
payout as the master flare associated with the previous group.
The master flare of the new group for which the sale of tickets
is continuing and the master flare of the finished group from
which tickets were sold for the same spin must be posted until
the end of the spin, after which the old master flare must be
removed. The paddlewheel operator must initial each
paddeticket card stub. Both this initialing and the recording
of spin numbers on card stubs must be done with a nonerasable
marker.
J. When the organization's paddlewheel operator has determined that no other player desires to purchase a paddleticket for the immediate next spin of the paddlewheel, that there is no partially sold paddleticket card, and that the players have bet all their tickets, the operator shall announce "bets closed." Thereafter, no player may bet a paddleticket, change a bet of a previously placed ticket, touch any ticket, or place the player's hands on top of the paddlewheel table.
K. After the winning colored number or set of colored numbers is determined, the organization's paddlewheel operator shall record with a nonerasable marker the winning colored number and set of colored numbers on the face of the paddleticket card stub with the lowest serial number, or on the back of the paddleticket card stub with the highest serial number, of the cards related to that spin of the paddlewheel. The paddlewheel operator shall then remove all losing paddletickets from the slots on the paddlewheel table and visibly tear in half and discard the tickets in a container that is not easily accessible by a player. The operator shall next

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pay off the winning tickets slot by slot. To pay off the
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winning tickets, the operator shall:
(1) circle or record the winning colored number or set of colored numbers on the face or on the back of the winning ticket with a nonerasable marker;
(2) pay off the winning ticket directly to the player who has the card containing the unique identification number written on the back of the ticket; and
(3) record on the face or on the back of the winning ticket the prize amount with a nonerasable marker.
L. An organization must post clear and legible house rules on the play of paddlewheels in a conspicuous place on the permitted premises for the paddlewheel being played. The rules must include the following information:
(1) The cash denominations at which paddlewheel chips issued by the organization are sold and redeemed.
(2) A player must first purchase paddlewheel
chips from the paddlewheel operator.
(3) Chips must be safeguarded. A chip dropped into a table betting slot must be retrieved by authorized personnel.
(4) Purchase, with chips, only as many
paddletickets as the player desires to bet on the immediate next spin of the paddlewheel.
(5) A player is assigned a unique identification number that the player must write on the back of purchased paddletickets.
(6) Place a bet by carefully inserting a paddleticket in a selected betting slot on the paddlewheel table. Jammed tickets are void.
(7) No player may touch a paddleticket after the paddlewheel operator announces "bets closed" and until the operator announces "place bets."
(8) A paddlewheel must make at least four
revolutions.
(9) If the pointer stops directly on top of a peg
or pin, the number preceding the peg or pin is the winning number.
(10) A winning "odd" or "even" bet is determined by a winning number of only the designated colored circle. However, a player loses all "odd" and "even" bets if the pointer stops on a specially designated "house number.." This rule must be posted only if an "odd" or "even" bet is accepted.
(11) A prize payout is made in chips which may be redeemed through the cashier.
(12) A player must be present to win.

Subp. 12. Operating procedures and internal controls. The following operating procedures and internal controls apply to the conduct of paddlewheels with a paddlewheel table:
A. An organization must keep records adequate to account for the cash won or lost for each sealed grouping of 100 paddleticket cards and records adequate to account for the paddletickets, paddleticket cards, paddlewheel chips, gross receipts, actual net receipts, actual cash profit, and cash long or short for each accounting period. For purposes of this subpart, an "accounting period" is a continuous time period during which a paddlewheel table is open for play.
B. For each accounting period for a paddlewheel
table, an organization must maintain a record form with the following information:
(1) the premises permit number for the premises at which the table is located;
(2) the state registration stamp numbers for the table, the paddlewheel, and the paddleticket cards used;
(3) the date and time of the accounting period;
(4) the starting and ending cash bank amount;
(5) the starting and ending paddlewheel chip
inventories by denomination and total dollar value; and
(6) the denomination and total dollar value of paddlewheel chips taken to the table from inventory, taken from the table to inventory, and redeemed for cash.
C. An organization is responsible for the
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safeguarding and secure storage of paddleticket cards and paddlewheel chips.
D. Paddlewheel chips shall be redeemed only through an organization's paddlewheel chip and cash bank cashier. The cash bank used by the organization to redeem its paddlewheel chips must be kept completely separate and apart from all other cash of the organization. Paddlewheel chips shall be redeemed for cash at the value for which they were sold, except when the chips were obtained or being used unlawfully. Redeemed chips must be kept completely separate and apart from the chip bank until after the organization completes the records for the accounting period during which the chips were redeemed.
E. An organization's paddlewheel operator shall redeem the actual paddlewheel chips received as tips through the organization's paddlewheel chip and cash bank cashier and shall not exchange those chips for other chips from any chip tray. This item does not preclude the pooling of tips.
F. The organization's paddlewheel chip and cash bank cashier must prepare a fill slip whenever paddlewheel chips are distributed to a paddlewheel table from the chip bank. An organization may not transfer or make change of chips directly from one table to another table. The fill slip must be at least a two-part carbonless form. On the original and duplicate fill slip, at least the following information must be recorded:
(1) the date and time;
(2) the denomination of chips;
(3) the quantity and total dollar value, by
denomination, of chips;
(4) the total dollar value of chips; and
(5) the table identification number if required
by subpart $z 14$, item $A$.
The original copy of the fill slip must be retained by the cashier. The duplicate copy of the fill slip must be deposited in the paddlewheel table drop box by the paddlewheel operator.
G. The organization's paddlewheel operator must prepare a credit slip whenever paddlewheel chips are returned
from the paddlewheel table to the chip bank. The credit slip must be at least a two-part carbonless form. The same information must be recorded on the original and duplicate credit slip as on a fill slip under item $F$. The original copy of the credit slip must be deposited in the paddlewheel table drop box by the paddlewheel operator. The duplicate copy of the credit slip must be retained by the cashier.
H. After play has commenced, a money plunger must remain in the paddlewheel table drop box slot while the drop box is attached to the table except when coin, currency, or forms are inserted into the drop box. All cash taken in on paddlewheel chips must be placed immediately into the drop box. No person may access the contents of the drop box prior to the drop box cash count under item I.
I. During an accounting period, the key to at least one lock securing the contents of the paddlewheel drop box must be maintained and controlled by a person who is not acting as a paddlewheel operator or paddlewheel chip and cash bank cashier during that period. At the close of an accounting period, the drop box shall be opened and counted by two persons, at least one of whom did not act as a paddlewheel operator or paddlewheel chip and cash bank cashier during that period.

Subp. 13. Bet and prize payoff restrictions. The following bet and prize payoff restrictions apply to the conduct of paddlewheels with a paddlewheel table:
A. No person may place a bet that exceeds one or more of the following limits:
(1) $\$ 50$ in aggregate for a spin of the
paddlewheel;
(2) \$10 on a single colored number;
(3) \$25 for a line bet; and
(4) \$25 on either "odd" or "even."

A bet is void to the extent it exceeds one or more of these limits. The paddletickets used to make the excess portion of the bet must be treated as losing tickets.
B. The prize payoff to a player is the value of

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paddlewheel chips to be paid out for a winning paddleticket per dollar spent on the ticket. An organization must post near the paddlewheel table a clear and legible sign stating the prize payoff and the bet restrictions for the paddlewheel game being conducted. The sign must be at least 18 inches by 24 inches in size.
C. The prize payoff must be a predetermined variable multiple of the amount wagered and must be in the form of paddlewheel chips. The prize payoff may not exceed the following ratios:
(1) 40 to 1 for a bet on a single colored number in the outer concentric circle of the paddlewheel;
(2) 20 to 1 for a bet on a single colored number in the middle concentric circle of the paddlewheel;
(3) 10 to 1 for a bet on a single colored number in the inner concentric circle of the paddlewheel;
(4) 5 to 1 for a line bet; or
(5) 2 to 1 for an "odd" or "even" bet.

Subp. 14. Restrictions. The following restrictions apply to the conduct of paddlewheels with a paddlewheel table:
A. No more than two paddlewheel tables may be located at a lawful gambling site. If there are two paddlewheel tables at a site, each table and its paddlewheel drop boxes must bear a paddlewheel table identification number that distinguishes them from the other table and its drop boxes.
B. All tips must be made only with paddlewheel chips.
C. An organization shall not redeem, exchange, or allow to be used as a paddlewheel wager or a tip any paddlewheel chip that does not bear the organization's license number.

Subp. 15. Retention of records.
A. The records required to be kept by an organization pursuant to this part must be retained by the organization for at least 3-1/2 years.
B. An organization must retain for at least 3-1/2 years all paddleticket card stubs and the accompanying master flares, all unsold paddletickets, and all winning paddletickets
which have been redeemed.
Subp. 16. Reports. The use of paddletickets must be reported in the same manner as for pull-tabs under part 7861.0080, subpart 6. An organization must complete a detailed monthly report in a standard format approved by the commissioner of revenue for each sealed grouping of paddleticket cards from which paddletickets were sold that month. The reports must provide sufficient detail to determine the actual net receipts, actual cash profit, and the cash long and short for each sealed grouping of paddleticket cards.

Subp. 17. Paddlewheel gambling equipment approval. After July 1,1993 , the board will consider the approval under Minnesota Statutes, section 349.163 , subdivision 6 , of new types of paddlewheel gambling equipment which: (1) are for paddlewheel games not approved for use in Minnesota as of the effective date of this subpart; (2) were prohibted by the moratorium in Minnesota Statutes, section 349.163 , subdivision 6a; and (3) do not conform to all the design criteria set forth in this part for such gambling equipment. The board may approve such gambling equipment after July 1,1993 , if the equipment satisfies all applicable statutory criteria. 7863.0020 DISTRIBUTOR OPERATIONS, ACCOUNTS, AND REPORTS.
[For text of subps 1 and 2 , see M.R.]
Subp. 3. Registration of gambling equipment. The following items apply to the registration of gambling equipment: [For text of items $A$ and $B$, see M.R.]
C. For gambling equipment received by a distributor from a manufacturer on or after August 1, 1990, a distributor shall place a state registration stamp on each master flare for a group of 100 paddleticket cards, on the front of each paddlewheel, on the front of each paddlewheel table, and on each device for selecting bingo numbers. This requirement does not apply to sales by distributors to out-of-state customers for use out of state.
[For text of items $D$ to $G$, see M.R.]
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[For text of subp 4 , see M.R.]

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7864.0020 MANUFACTURER OPERATIONS, ACCOUNTS, AND RECORDS.
    Subpart 1. Sale of gambling equipment. The following
items apply to the sale of gambling equipment:
            [For text of items A and B, see M.R.]
            C. A manufacturer may not sell or provide any deal of
pull-tabs or tipboards to a licensed distributor unless the deal
meets the standards established in subpart 2.
            [For text of subitem (1), see M.R.]
                    (2) The manufacturer must provide a master flare
with each sealed grouping of up-to }100\mathrm{ paddleticket cards.
            [For text of subitem (3), see M.R.]
            [For text of item D, see M.R.]
            [For text of subps 2 to 4, see M.R.]
REPEALER. Minnesota Rules, part 7861.0100, subparts 1, 4, and
5, are repealed.
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