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Secretary of State
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Adopted Permanent Rules Relating to Elections; Housekeeping
Rules
Rules as Adopted
8200.6300 COST DETERMINATION.
When the secretary of state or a county auditor determines
the cost of producing lists of registered voters, the secretary
of state or auditor shall take into account only the costs
actually incurred to fill the specific request. The secretary
of state or auditor shall not take into account the general
office expenses or other expenses which would have been incurred
by the secretary of state or auditor's office even without the
preparation of the request.
8205.1000 NOMINATING PETITION FORM, PROCEDURES, AND VERIFICATION.
[For text of subps 1 to 6 , see M.R.]
Subp. 7. Petition in lieu of filing fee. Candidates
filing for office pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section
207A. 02 , may submit a petition in lieu of payment of the filing
fee. The petition must be submitted at the same time that the
affidavit of candidacy is submitted.

The words "PRESIDENTIAL PETITİON IN LIEU OF FILING FEE" must be printed at the top of each page of the petition. The petition must conform in all other respects to the form of the nominating petition provided in subpart 1 with the exception that the number of signatures, residency requirement, and oath requirements of persons signing the petition is as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 204B.11, subdivision 2.

A nominating petition filed pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 207A.02, may also be used as a petition in lieu of filing fee if the words "PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATING PETITION AND PETITION IN LIEU OF FILING FEE" are printed at the top of each page of the petition and a statement indicating that the petition will be used for both purposes is printed on each page

1 of the petition. The petition must conform in all other 2 respects to the form of the nominating petition provided in 3 subpart 1.

The procedures in subparts 2 to 6 apply to petitions in lieu of filing fee and combined nominating and filing fee petitions to the extent practicable.

The secretary of state shall make available sample filing fee and combined nominating and filing fee petition forms at least four weeks before the first day to file affidavits of candidacy for the presidential primary.

### 8210.0200 ABSENTEE BALLOT APPLICATION.

Subpart 1. Application form. An absentee ballot application prepared by the county auditor or municipal clerk pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 203B.06, subdivision 1 , shall be in the form in part 8210.9910. An absentee ballot application for the presidential primary must be in the form in part 8210.9917 or 8210.9918.
[For text of subps 2 to 4, see M.R.]
Subp. 5. Presidential primary. In addition to the information required by subpart 2 , the absentee ballot application for the presidential primary must include the following instruction to the absent voter: "A presidential primary ballot cannot be sent to you unless you indicate on this application which political party's ballot you wish to receive. You may receive the ballot of only one political party."
8210.0250 RECORDING PARTY CHOICE FOR PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARY.

Subpart l. Receipt of applications. Upon receipt of an absentee ballot application for the presidential primary, the county auditor or municipal clerk shall immediately verify that the absent voter has indicated the major political party whose ballot the voter is requesting. If the absent voter has not indicated a party choice, the application must be returned to the voter. An absentee ballot for the presidential primary must not be sent to any voter who has not indicated which political party's ballot the voter wishes to receive.

Subp. 2. Notation on polling place roster. The election judges in the polling place shall indicate in the space provided on the polling place roster the party choice specified on the absentee ballot application for each absent voter whose return envelope has been marked "Accepted." The election judges shall record the party choice at the same time that the letters "A.B." are placed on the roster for the voters whose return envelopes have been marked "Accepted."

If absentee ballots are not counted at the polling place, the election judges of the absentee ballot board shall indicate on the absentee voter list the party choice of the absent voters whose return envelopes have been marked "Accepted." When the judges at the absentee ballot board have completed examining the return envelopes, the absentee voter list must be forwarded to the election judges for each precinct. Upon receipt of the list, the election judges in the polling place shall record the voter's party choice on the roster from the information provided on the list.

### 8210.3000 MAIL BALLOTING.

[For text of subps 1 to 4 , see M.R.]
Subp. 4a. Presidential primary ballots. In precincts voting by mail in the presidential primary, the county auditor shall mail the ballots of each of the major political parties to every registered voter. The county auditor shall include a secrecy envelope that provides a place for the voter to indicate the party whose ballot has been enclosed by the voter. The secretary of state shall supply the county auditors with the format for the secrecy envelope. The voter must be instructed to vote and return the ballot of only one party and indicate their party choice on the secrecy envelope.

The election judges must inspect the secrecy envelope and record the voter's party choice on the polling place roster. If the voter has not indicated a party choice, the return envelope must be marked "rejected."

When the election judges open the secrecy envelopes, they
shall determine whether the party choice indicated by the voter
on the face of the envelope matches the party of the ballot in
the envelope. If the party choice does not match the ballot,
the ballot is completely defective. If more than one ballot is
included, only the ballot whose party matches the party choice
indicated by the voter can be counted. The remaining ballots
are completely defective.
[For text of subps 5 to 12 , see M.R.]
8210.3015 MAIL VOTER'S CERTIFICATE, REQUIRED IN PART 8210.3000,
SUBPART 4.
MAIL VOTER'S CERTIFICATE
OF
(print or type legal name of voter)
(print or type legal address of voter)
I certify that on election day $I$ will be at least 18 years of
age. I certify that I am a citizen of the United States and a
resident of
$\qquad$ (name of township or territory); that $I$ am not under guardianship of the person, have not been found by a court of law to be legally incompetent to vote, or been convicted of a felony without having my civil rights restored. I have not cast and will not cast any other ballots in this election.
(legal signature of voter)
I hereby certify that the above named voter exhibited the enclosed ballots to me unmarked; that in my presence and in a manner that $I$ could not see, marked the ballots, or if the voter was physically unable to mark the ballots, the ballots were marked by another individual under the personal direction of the voter, and enclosed and sealed them in the ballot envelope.
(date)
(legal signature of witness)
(print or type name of witness)
(legal address if witness is
an eligible voter)

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                                    OR
                                    (official title if witness is
                                    an official)
8210.9910 ABSENTEE BALLOT APPLICATION, SPECIFIED BY PART
8210.0200.
ABSENTEE BALLOT APPLICATION
READ INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE COMPLETING
I hereby apply for absentee ballots for:
(Check one)
\}\{ primary election
general election primary and general election
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I will need an absentee ballot for the following reason:
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I will need an absentee ballot for the following reason:
(Check one)
{{ absence from precinct
illness or disability
religious discipline or
observance of religious holiday
() service as election judge in another precinct
Name
(please print)
My legal residence address is:
Street or Route No. Apt. No. Nural Box No.
(check whichever is applicable)
Mail my absentee ballot to me at the following address:

| Street or Route No. | Apt. No. | Rural Box No. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| City | State | Zip |
| Date | Legal Signature |  |

8210.9916 ABSENTEE BALLOT APPLICATION, SPECIFIED BY PART
8210.0200.
ABSENTEE BALLOT APPLICATION
READ INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE COMPLETING
I hereby apply for absentee ballots for:
(Check one)
primary election
general election
primary and general election
Name

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My legal residence address is:

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Street or Route No.

8210.9917 PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARY ABSENTEE BALLOT APPLICATION,
SPECIFIED BY PART 8210.0200.
                                    PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARY
                                    ABSENTEE BALLOT APPLICATION
Read Instructions Before Completing
I hereby apply for a presidential primary absentee ballot for
the following political party:
(Check one)
_ ......Party
PLEASE NOTE: A presidential primary ballot cannot be sent to you
unless you indicate on this application which political party's
ballot you wish to receive. You may receive the ballot of only
one political party.
I will need an absentee ballot for the following reason:
(Check one)
    (\{ \(\begin{aligned} & \text { absence from precinct } \\ & \text { illness or disability }\end{aligned}\)
    religious discipline or
            observance of religious holiday
            service as election judge in another precinct
        Name
            (please print)
My legal residence address is:
Street or Route No. Apt. No. Rural Box No.
() City () Township County Zip
(check whichever is applicable)
Mail my absentee ballot to me at the following address:
\begin{tabular}{lll}
\hline Street or Route No. & Apt. No. & Rural Box No. \\
\hline City & State & Zip \\
Date & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
8210.9918 PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARY ABSENTEE BALLOT APPLICATION,
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SPECIFIED BY PART 8210.0200.
PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARY
ABSENTEE BALLOT APPLICATION
Read Instructions Before Completing
I hereby apply for a presidential primary absentee ballot for
the following political party:
(Check one)
......Party
......Party

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PLEASE NOTE: A presidential primary ballot cannot be sent to you
unless you indicate on this application which political party's
ballot you wish to receive. You may receive the ballot of only
one political party.
    Name
                            (please print)
My legal residence address is:
\begin{tabular}{ccc}
\hline Street or Route No. & Apt. No. & Rural Box No. \\
\hline () City () Township & County & Zip
\end{tabular}
(check whichever is applicable)
Mail my absentee ballot to me at the following address:
\begin{tabular}{llc}
\hline Street or Route No. & Apt. No. & Rural Box No. \\
\hline City & State & Zip
\end{tabular}
Date
                                    Legal Signature
8210.9920 INSTRUCTIONS TO ABSENT VOTER, SPECIFIED BY PART
8210.0500 .
            INSTRUCTIONS TO ABSENT VOTER
    Follow these instructions carefully. AN IMPROPERLY
COMPLETED BALLOT OR ABSENT VOTER'S CERTIFICATE WILL INVALIDATE
YOUR BALLOT.
    (1) Locate any one of the following people to serve as your
witness:
    a. an eligible voter of the same county in which you are
registered or registering to vote;
    b. a notary public;
    c. a United States postmaster, assistant postmaster,
postal supervisor or clerk of a postal contract station;
    d. any officer having authority to administer an oath.
    (2) If no voter registration card is enclosed with your
ballot, you are properly registered and may proceed to (4).
(3) If a registration card is enclosed with your ballot, you are not registered and must complete the registration card in order to have your ballot counted. After completing the voter registration card you must furnish proof of residence to your witness by one of the following means:
a. valid Minnesota Driver's License or Learner's Permit or a receipt for either that contains your valid address in the precinct in which you are registering;
b. valid Minnesota Identification Card issued by the Minnesota Department of Public Safety or a receipt thereof that contains your valid address in the precinct in which you are registering;
c. a current student identification card, a current student fee statement, or copy of a current student registration card that contains your valid address in the precinct in which you are registering;
d. valid registration in the same precinct under a different address;
e. "ineffective registration notice" mailed by the county auditor or municipal clerk;
f. a person who is registered to vote in the precinct and knows you are a resident of the precinct swearing to your residence.

Show these instructions to your witness. Your witness must indicate in the proper box on the Absent Voter's Certificate on the white Absentee Ballot Return Envelope which method of proving residence you used. INSERT THE COMPLETED VOTER REGISTRATION CARD IN THE WHITE ABSENTEE BALLOT RETURN ENVELOPE. DO NOT PUT THE VOTER REGISTRATION CARD IN THE BUFF-COLORED BALLOT ENVELOPE.
(4) Exhibit the unmarked ballots to your witness.
(5) In the presence of your witness mark the ballots in such a manner that your vote is not visible to your witness. If you are physically unable to mark your ballot or cannot read English, you may ask your witness to mark your ballot for you.
(6) Fold each ballot separately so that your cross marks cannot be seen without unfolding the ballot and so that the blank lines for the election judges' initials on the back of the ballot can be seen without unfolding the ballot. DO NOT PUT YOUR NAME, INITIALS, OR ANY OTHER IDENTIFYING MARK ON THE BALLOTS.
(7) Enclose all the ballots in the buff-colored Ballot Envelope and seal the envelope. Do not write on the Ballot Envelope.
(8) Print your name and address and sign your name on the Absent Voter's Certificate on the back of the white Absentee Ballot Return Envelope. Your witness must complete the rest of the certificate with the date, the witness's printed or typed name, signature, and title if the witness is an official or address if the witness is an eligible voter.
(9) Insert the buff-colored Ballot Envelope in the white Absentee Ballot Return Envelope. If you received a voter registration card, be sure it is completed and enclosed in the white Absentee Ballot Return Envelope. Seal the white Absentee Ballot Return Envelope. An unsealed envelope will not be accepted.
(10) You may deposit the Absentee Ballot Return Envelope in the mail or hand deliver it to the county auditor or municipal clerk from whom you received it.
(11) You may designate an agent to mail the Absentee Ballot Return Envelope or to deliver it in person to the county auditor or municipal clerk from whom you received it. An agent must be at least 18 years old. No individual may serve as the agent for more than three voters in one election. Be sure to SEAL your Absentee Ballot Return Envelope before giving it to your agent.
(12) You may mark and mail or deliver your ballots at any time after you receive them. However, if mailing your ballots, allow sufficient time so that they can be delivered by the United States postal service on election day. If you or your agent deiiver in person your Absentee Ballot Return Envelope, the auditor or clerk must receive it before 7:00 p.m. on the day
before election day.
8210.9930 ABSENT VOTER'S CERTIFICATE, SPECIFIED BY PART 8210.0600, SUBPART 1.

\section*{ABSENT VOTER'S CERTIFICATE}

OF
(print or type legal name of voter)
(print or type legal name of voter)
I swear or affirm that on election day \(I\) will meet the requirements provided by law to vote by absentee ballot, and that I have not cast another absentee ballot in this election.
(legal signature of voter)
I hereby certify that the above named voter exhibited the enclosed ballots to me unmarked; that in my presence and in a manner that I could not see, the voter marked the ballots, or if the voter was physically unable to mark the ballots they were marked by another individual under the personal direction of the voter, and enclosed and sealed them in the ballot envelope; that if the above-named voter registered to vote by enclosing a voter registration card in the Absentee Ballot Return Envelope, then proof of residence was provided as indicated below.
(legal signature of witness)
(print or type name of witness)
(official title if witness is an
official)
(legal address if witness is an
eligible voter)

FOR REGISTRATION ONLY - Indicate method used by voter to prove residence.

Method used by voter to prove residence:
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Driver's License
(number)
Receipt
Minn. ID Card or
Minn. ID Card or }\overline{(number)
same precinct
or Permit or (number)

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Notice of Ineffective
Registration
\(\qquad\)
Student ID
(number)
(legal signature of registered voter in the precinct who
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                                    attested to residence in
                                    the precinct)
                                    (legal address of registered
                                    voter in the precinct who
                                    attested to residence in
                                    the precinct)
    8210.9935 ALTERNATIVE ABSENT VOTER'S CERTIFICATE, SPECIFIED BY
PART 8210.0600, SUBPART 4.
ABSENTEE VOTER'S CERTIFICATE
OF
(print or type legal name of voter)
(print or type legal address of voter)
I swear or affirm that on election day I will meet the
requirements provided by law to vote by absentee ballot, and
that I have not cast another absentee ballot in this election.
(legal signature of voter)
I hereby certify that the above named voter exhibited the
enclosed ballots to me unmarked; that in my presence and in a
manner that I could not see, marked the ballots and enclosed and
sealed them in the ballot envelope.
(date)
(legal signature of witness)
(print or type name of witness)
(official title if witness is
an official)
(legal address if witness is an
eligible voter.)
8220.1150 TEST BALLOTS.
All test ballots must be marked "TEST."
Ballots must be prepared having votes in excess of the number allowed by law for each office and proposal appearing on the ballot.
For district offices in which the number of candidates appearing on the ballot for that office varies by district, test ballots must be prepared with the number of votes allowed by law for that office in that district and also must include votes in positions which are assigned to that office for which no

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candidate's name appears in those positions for that district.
In partisan primary elections test ballots must be prepared to check the program for splitting tickets. Test ballots must be prepared with votes appearing in the same ballot for candidates of opposite political parties, nonpartisan candidates, and proposals. At least one ballot must be prepared with votes for one party and including votes for a nonpartisan office in excess of the number permitted by law.

Test ballots must be prepared in which votes appear in positions other than those used for candidates or proposals. In preparing the test deck or ballot image a number of the ballots must be voted to include valid votes in the partisan, nonpartisan, and proposal sections of the ballot.

Blank ballots in which no positions have been voted must be included in the test deck or ballot image.

At least one test ballot must be prepared with votes in all positions where there is a candidate or measure on the ballot.

A duplicate of the test deck must be prepared to be used with the duplicate or backup computer program.

\subsection*{8220.1650 ADDITIONAL TEST DECKS.}

Upon request the secretary of state must be provided a test deck for any state, county, municipal, or school district election computer program, in which case a test deck of at least 50 blank ballots must be delivered to the secretary of state with directions for its use. The state chair of a major political party or designee may obtain a test deck for use at the public accuracy test. The secretary of state may request a test deck from a jurisdiction no later than 15 days prior to the election. The use of test decks provided by the secretary of state or a major political party does not substitute for the requirement for an election jurisdiction to prepare and use a test deck in accordance with parts 8220.1050 and 8220.1150.
8230.0250 ARRANGEMENT OF VOTING DEVICES.

Voting devices may be used in voting booths or self-contained stations. The booths or stations must be
equipped with lights or arranged so that adequate lighting is
available for voters to be able to see and mark the ballots.
Precincts using punch card or optical scan voting systems may
provide voting booths or self-contained stations for use by
voters in casting their ballots. The booths or stations must be
arranged so the secrecy of the ballot is not violated. If a
voter claims that the arrangement of the booths or stations does
not afford the opportunity to vote in secrecy, the judges shall
rearrange the device or booth to provide for increased secrecy.
8230.3950 COPIES OF RETURNS.

The election official in charge of the counting center must certify at least three copies of the returns. The certification must state the name of the community, municipality or township, precinct numbers, offices, names of candidates, number of persons registered before polls open on election day, number of ballots counted, vote totals, and any other data required by the secretary of state such as precinct identification number. Authorized personnel in the counting center shall transfer any numbers to forms supplied by the secretary of state for the purpose of state reporting of election results. The statement of returns may be a computer printout as well as any forms designated by the secretary of state for the purpose of preparing the state canvassing board report and publication of election results.
8230.4050 DISTRIBUTION OF RETURNS.

Returns referred to in part 8230.3950 must be certified to the municipal clerk who shall retain one copy of the statement of returns and send at least two copies to the county auditor, along with any forms determined by the secretary of state to be filed with the state. The county auditor shall retain one copy of the statement and forward at least one copy of the statement to the secretary of state together with two copies of the report of the county canvassing board report. Copies of any additional forms required by the secretary of state for preparation of the state canvassing board report and other public reports of the
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election must be completed and returned to the secretary of
state.

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8230.4350 OPTICAL SCAN VOTING SYSTEMS
[For text of subpart l, see M.R.]
    Subp. 2. Ballot cards. Each ballot card must have printed
on it either the name of the precinct and a machine-readable
precinct identifier, or a ballot style indicator. Voting
instructions must be printed at the top of the ballot card on
each side that includes ballot information. The instructions
must include an illustration of the proper mark to be used to
indicate a vote. Detachable stubs or consecutive numbers are
not required. Lines for the initials of at least two election
judges must be printed on one side of the ballot card so that
the judges' initials are visible when the ballot is enclosed in
a secrecy sleeve.

Ballot cards must meet or exceed the specifications the equipment manufacturer has filed with the secretary of state. The election official responsible for preparing the ballots must supply to the ballot printer the manufacturer's recommended standards and specifications for ballot printing.

The equipment manufacturer must file with the secretary of state recommended procedures and standards for checking ballot specifications. Upon receipt of the ballots the election jurisdiction must immediately examine the ballot cards to determine that they meet the required specifications. The ballot cards must be packaged and stored in a manner to protect against moisture.
[For text of subps 3 and 4, see M.R.]
Subp. 5. Precinct counting equipment. Precinct counting systems that read ballots as they are inserted into the ballot box may not be used for a central counting center, except that one ballot counter may be supplied for up to ten precincts with a combined total of fewer than 1,500 registered voters. Separate prom packs must be used for each of the precincts. Except as provided in this subpart, at least one ballot counter
must be supplied to each precinct.
If the ballot counter will be used to count ballots of only one precinct, machine readable ballot configuration identification may be printed on each ballot card in place of the precinct name and identification required by subpart 2. A ballot configuration means a unique ballot format prepared for use in one or more precincts in which all ballot information, including offices and questions to be voted on, candidate names, and rotation sequence, is identical.

If the locked ballot box cannot be detached from the ballot counter, the number of ballot counters supplied to the precinct must be sufficient so that the number of ballots expected to be counted on any counter will be at least ten percent less than the maximum capacity of the ballot box. The maximum capacity must be determined on the basis of the size of the ballot to be voted at the election.

The auditor or clerk must test each prom pack individually and, after testing, seal it with a numbered seal. Each ballot counter must be tested to ensure that the components are operating properly. The election judges shall verify that the ballot counter at the precinct has the correct seal number and certify the seal number on the summary statement.

Before opening the polls, the election judges shall initialize the ballot counter in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. The judges shall verify that the initial counts for the voting positions are zero, that the public counter is set at zero, and that the ballot positions and other ballot information for each candidate and proposal printed on the initial tape agree with those on the ballot cards.

If the ballot counter is programmed to return to the voter a ballot having defects, the rejected ballot must be treated as a spoiled ballot and a new ballot must be issued to the voter after the spoiled ballot has been deposited in the spoiled ballot container. The election judges shall read the error message to the voter and may explain the conditions that cause a ballot to be rejected, but the judges shall not examine the
voted ballot unless the voter requests assistance as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 204C.15. Election judges monitoring the depositing of ballots into an optical scan precinct counting system must be stationed no closer than six feet from the precinct ballot counter.

If the ballot counter is programmed to return to the voter a ballot having defects, no means of overriding the rejection may be used that do not meet the conditions in items \(A\) to \(C\).
A. The override must be protected against being inadvertently activated.
B. The override must not allow more than one ballot to be processed each time it is operated.
C. A message, to be initialed by the election judges who activated the override, must be printed on the results tape each time the override is operated.

As soon as voting has ended, the election judges shall process any ballots in the auxiliary ballot box and then secure the ballot counter against receiving any more ballots. The election judges shall produce a printed record of results and sign the certificate that is part of the printed record.

At a general election, after the ballot counter has been secured against receiving additional ballots, the election judges shall open the write-in compartment and count and record on the summary statement the valid write-in votes.

One unbroken tape that includes the initial zero report at the opening of the polls, messages printed during the hours of voting, and the first printout of results must be certified to the county canvassing board. In the event of equipment failure, the election judges and any technicians working on the equipment shall make entries on the tape of initials and time of occurrence to indicate the points at which the equipment failed and was returned to service. If the tape has been broken, the election judges shall seal the parts together and sign over the seal so that it cannot be broken without disturbing the continuity of the signatures. Additional copies of the record of results must be certified as required by the election
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jurisdiction.

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    [For text of subps 6 and 7, see M.R.]
8235.0200 AUTOMATIC AND ADMINISTRATIVE RECOUNTS.
    This chapter establishes procedures for the conduct of all automatic and administrative recounts provided for in Minnesota Statutes, sections 204C. 35 and 204C.36. The secretary of state or secretary of state's designee is the recount official for recounts conducted by the State Canvassing Board. The county auditor or auditor's designee is the recount official for recounts conducted by the county canvassing board. The county auditor or auditor's designee shall conduct recounts for county offices. The municipal clerk or clerk's designee is the recount official for recounts conducted by the municipal governing body. The school district clerk or clerk's designee is the recount official for recounts conducted by the school board, or by a school district canvassing board as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 205A.l0, subdivision 5 . When the person who would otherwise serve as recount official is a candidate for the office to be recounted, the appropriate canvassing board shall select an election official from another jurisdiction to conduct the recount. "Legal adviser" means counsel to the recount official and the canvassing board for the office being recounted. The scope of an automatic or administrative recount is limited to the recount of the ballots cast and the declaration of the person nominated or elected.
8235.0800 COUNTING AND CHALLENGING BALLOTS.

Ballots must be recounted by precinct. The recount official shall open the sealed envelope of ballots and recount them in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 204C.22. If a candidate or candidate's representative disagrees with the recount official's determination of whether and for whom the ballot should be counted, the ballot may be challenged. At a recount of a ballot question, the manner in which a ballot is counted may be challenged by the person who requested the recount or that person's representative. Challenges may not be
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automatic or frivolous and the challenger must state the basis
for the challenge. The precinct name, the reason for the
challenge, and the name of the person challenging the ballot
must be marked on the back of each challenged ballot before it
is placed in an envelope marked "Challenged Ballots." After the
count of votes for the precinct has been determined, all ballots
except the challenged ballots must be resealed in the ballot
envelopes and returned with the other election materials to the
custodian of the ballots. After the count of votes for all
precincts has been determined, the challenged ballot envelope
must be sealed and kept secure for presentation to the
canvassing board.
8240.1300 COURSES REQUIRED.
An election judge who must receive training pursuant to
Minnesota Statutes, section 204B.25 shall successfully complete
a basic training course which meets the requirements of part
8240.1600. After completing the basic training course, an
election judge may serve at future elections by successfully
completing a review course which meets the requirements of part
8240.1700 before service at such election. The basic training
course need not be repeated if the judge serves at least one
election every four years.
The basic training course and the review course shall be conducted not more than 60 days or fewer than three days before the election. When one or more election judges are unable to attend a scheduled training session, a makeup session shall be held which conforms to the scheduled training session so far as practicable.
A special training course must be conducted for all election judges not more than 60 nor fewer than three days before a presidential primary election. The county auditor shall establish either a one or two hour training course for the presidential primary. The length of training for the presidential primary should be determined by the voting method used at the presidential primary, and the experience level of

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election judges with the voting method.
    No election judge who successfully completes the training
required by these rules for a state primary election shall be
required to complete additional training for the succeeding
general election.

The training authority shall determine the maximum number of trainees in each training session conducted pursuant to parts 8240.1600 and 8240.1700. The maximum number of trainees shall be appropriate to the methods of instruction used.
8240.1650 PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARY TRAINING COURSE.

Subpart l. Length. The training course shall be established by the country auditor at either one or two hours in length.

Subp. 2. Materials. By February 1 in years in which a presidential primary is conducted, the secretary of state shall provide each county auditor with examples of all forms and documents used by election judges that are unique to the presidential primary. The county auditor shall provide copies of this material to each training authority in the county. The forms and documents provided to a county auditor must include but are not limited to: polling place rosters; absentee ballot applications and return envelopes; ballots; and precinct summary statements. Additional material may be provided by the training authority as considered useful.

Subp. 3. Use of equipment. A voting system or specimen paper ballot and ballot box must be used at each training session to familiarize each election judge with the voting procedures used at the presidential primary.

Subp. 4. Course content. The presidential primary training course must include information and preparation in the following areas:
A. declaration of party preference noted on polling place roster;
B. transfer of party preference from absentee ballot applications to polling place roster;
C. counting of ballots, including party order and write-in ballots;
D. all forms, rules, laws, and procedures unique to the presidential primary; and
E. methods for responding to voters concerns about privacy.
8240.1655 QUALIFICATIONS FOR TRAINEE ELECTION JUDGES.

Subpart 1. Requirement. Trainee election judges appointed under Minnesota Statutes, section 204B.19, must meet the requirements of this part.

Subp. 2. Training. A trainee election judge must complete the basic two hour training course as defined in part 8240.1650 before serving in a special, primary, or general election.

Subp. 3. Qualifications. A trainee election judge must be a United States citizen, a resident of the municipality in which the trainee election judge serves, and be at least 16 years of age. Trainee election judges must provide certification from their school that they are enrolled in a Minnesota high school, have completed or be enrolled in a course on government at the time of service, and are performing at an academic level acceptable to the principal of the trainee's high school.

Subp. 4. Appointment. Trainee election judges may be appointed by the municipality or school district conducting the election if:
A. the trainee election judge is appointed without party affiliation;
B. the trainee election judge has submitted a written request, approved and signed by the trainee's parent or guardian, to be absent from school to the principal of the trainee's high school;
C. a certificate from the appointing authority is submitted with the request stating the date and hours the student will serve as a trainee election judge;
D. the request and certificate are submitted to the student's principal at least ten days prior to the election; and
E. the appointment will not require the trainee election judge to serve past 10:00 p.m.

Subp. 5. Payment. For attending required training or for service as a trainee election judge, students must be paid not less than two-thirds of the minimum wage for large employers as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 177.24.

Subp. 6. Number of trainee election judges allowed per precinct. No more than one-third of the election judges at a precinct may be trainees. The appointment of trainee election judges may count towards meeting the minimum number of election judges required by Minnesota Statutes, section 204B.22.
8250.0350 FORM OF STATE PRIMARY BALLOT.

The state partisan primary paper ballot must be prepared in the same manner as the white ballot, except as provided in this part. Ballot preparation for the state partisan primary ballot used with optical scan voting systems must conform to this part as much as practicable. The columns containing the names of candidates must be \(5-1 / 4\) inches wide. If fewer than three major political parties appear on the ballot, the center column containing instructions must be three inches wide.

The statements required by Minnesota Statutes, section 204D.08, subdivision 4 , must be printed in upper case in as large as practicable but not smaller than l0-point type. Directly above the statement preceding the party names the words "INSTRUCTIONS TO VOTERS" must be printed in upper case and bold face in as large as practicable but not smaller than 12 -point type.
8250.0360 FORM OF PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARY BALLOTS.
[For text of subps 1 to 4 , see M.R.]
Subp. 5. Order of candidates. The secretary of state or the county auditor shall prepare a separate ballot for each major political party containing the names of the candidates of each party certified by the secretary of state. The names of the candidates must be rotated in the manner provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 204D.08, subdivision 3. In the

1 first position under the last candidate name, the words
2 "UNCOMMITTED DELEGATES" must be printed. In the second position 3 under the last candidate name, a blank line must be printed to 4 allow a voter to write in the name of an individual whose name 5 is not listed on the ballot.```

