1 Pollution Control Agency

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- 3 Adopted Permanent Rules Relating to Owners and Operators of
- 4 Hazardous Waste Facilities

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- 6 Rules as Adopted
- 7 7045.0075 PETITIONS.
- 8 [For text of subps 1 to 11, see M.R.]
- 9 Subp. 12. Petition for alternate design or operating
- 10 practices. An owner or operator may submit a petition to the
- 11 commissioner for approval to use alternate design or operating
- 12 practices in lieu of the requirements of parts 7045.0532,
- 13 7045.0534, 7045.0538, 7045.0630, 7045.0632, and 7045.0638. The
- 14 commissioner's decision shall be based on a demonstration by the
- 15 petitioner that the alternate design or operating practices,
- 16 together with location characteristics, will prevent the
- 17 migration of any hazardous wastes or hazardous constituents into
- 18 surface and ground water as effectively as the requirements of
- 19 parts 7045.0532, 7045.0534, 7045.0538, 7045.0630, 7045.0632, and
- 20 7045.0638.
- 21 7045.0532 SURFACE IMPOUNDMENTS.
- [For text of subps 1 and 2, see M.R.]
- Subp. 3. Design and operating requirements. Design and
- 24 operating requirements are as follows:
- A. A surface impoundment must have a double liner
- 26 system that is designed, constructed, and installed to prevent
- 27 migration of waste out of the impoundment to the adjacent soil
- 28 or ground water or surface water at any time during the active
- 29 life, including the closure period and post closure periods, of
- 30 the impoundment. The double liner system must consist of two
- 31 liners with a leak detection, collection, and removal system
- 32 between the liners. This system must be designed, constructed,
- 33 maintained, and operated to detect, collect, and remove liquids
- 34 from the space between the liners, without clogging, through the
- 35 scheduled post closure care period of the surface impoundment.

Approved by Revisor _

- 1 The liners must conform to the requirements of item B or C, as
- 2 appropriate, and must be:
- 3 (1) constructed of materials that have
- 4 appropriate chemical properties and sufficient strength and
- 5 thickness to prevent failure due to pressure gradients,
- 6 including static head and external hydrogeologic forces,
- 7 physical contact with the waste or leachate to which they are
- 8 exposed, climatic conditions, the stress of installation, and
- 9 the stress of daily operation;
- 10 (2) placed upon a foundation or base capable of
- 11 providing support to the liner and resistance to pressure
- 12 gradients above and below the liner to prevent failure of the
- 13 liner due to settlement, compression, or uplift; and
- 14 (3) installed to cover all surrounding earth
- 15 likely to be in contact with the waste or leachate.
- 16 B. For any surface impoundment that is not covered by
- 17 item C or part 7045.0630, the liners may be constructed of
- 18 materials that may allow wastes to migrate into the liner, but
- 19 not into the adjacent subsurface soil or drainage layer or
- 20 ground water or surface water, -during-the-active-life, -including
- 21 the-closure-period,-of-the-facility provided that the
- 22 impoundment is closed according to subpart 7, item A, subitem
- 23 (1). For impoundments that will be closed according to subpart
- 24 7, item A, subitem (2), at least one liner must be constructed
- 25 of materials that can prevent wastes from migrating into the
- 26 liner during-the-active-life,-including-the-closure-period,-of
- 27 the-facility.
- 28 C. For any new surface impoundment, new surface
- 29 impoundment unit at an existing facility, replacement of an
- 30 existing surface impoundment unit, and lateral expansion of an
- 31 existing surface impoundment unit that accepts waste after
- 32 issuance of a permit for units where Part B of the permit
- 33 application is received by the commissioner after November 8,
- 34 1984, the top liner must be constructed of materials that can
- 35 prevent wastes from migrating into the liner during-the-active
- 36 life,-including-the-closure-period,-of-the-facility. The lower

- l liner may be constructed of materials that may allow wastes to
- 2 migrate into the liner, but not into the adjacent subsurface
- 3 soil or drainage layer or ground water or surface water, -during
- 4 the-active-life,-including-the-closure-period. For the purpose
- 5 of the preceding sentence, a lower liner satisfies the
- 6 requirement if it is constructed of at least a three-foot thick
- 7 layer of recompacted clay or other natural material with a
- 8 permeability of no more than 1×10^{-7} centimeter per second.
- D. A surface impoundment must be designed,
- 10 constructed, maintained, and operated to prevent overtopping
- 11 resulting from normal or abnormal operations; overfilling; wind
- 12 and water action; rainfall; run-on; malfunctions of level
- 13 controllers, alarms, and other equipment; and human error.
- 14 E. A surface impoundment must have dikes that are
- 15 designed, constructed, and maintained with sufficient structural
- 16 integrity to prevent massive failure of the dikes. Massive
- 17 failure of the dikes means any uncontrolled flow of hazardous
- 18 waste from the surface impoundment. In ensuring structural
- 19 integrity, it must not be presumed that the liner system will
- 20 function without leakage during the active life of the unit.
- 21 F. The owner or operator of a surface impoundment
- 22 shall have a method of emptying its wastes in an emergency.
- 23 Acceptable methods include backup surface impoundments or tanks.
- G. The owner or operator of a surface impoundment
- 25 shall submit to the agency with the permit application a plan
- 26 for the treatment and disposal of leachate which is removed from
- 27 the surface impoundment.
- 28 H. An owner or operator may petition for alternate
- 29 design and operating practices under part 7045.0075, subpart 12.
- 30 I. The agency shall specify in the permit all design
- 31 and operating practices that are necessary to ensure that the
- 32 requirements of items A to H are satisfied.
- [For text of subps 4 to 10, see M.R.]
- 34 7045.0534 WASTE PILES.
- 35 [For text of subps 1 and 2, see M.R.]

- 1 Subp. 3. Design and operating requirements. Design and
- 2 operating requirements are as follows:
- [For text of items A to G, see M.R.]
- 4 H. An owner or operator may petition for alternate
- 5 design or operating practices under part 7045.0075, subpart 12.
- 6 I. The agency shall specify in the permit all design
- 7 and operating practices that are necessary to ensure that the
- 8 requirements of items A to H are satisfied.
- 9 [For text of subps 6 to 10, see M.R.]
- 10 7045.0538 LANDFILLS.
- [For text of subps 1 and 2, see M.R.]
- 12 Subp. 3. Design and operation. Design and operation
- 13 requirements are as follows:
- 14 A. A landfill must have a double liner system that is
- 15 designed, constructed, and installed to prevent any migration of
- 16 wastes out of the landfill to the adjacent subsurface soil or
- 17 ground water or surface water at any time during the active
- 18 life, including the closure period and post closure periods, of
- 19 the landfill. The double liner system must consist of two
- 20 liners with a leak detection, collection, and removal system.
- 21 This system must be designed, constructed, maintained, and
- 22 operated to detect, collect, and remove liquids without
- 23 clogging, through the scheduled post closure care period of the
- 24 landfill. Both liners and the leak detection, collection, and
- 25 removal system must conform to the requirement requirements of
- 26 item B or C, as appropriate, and must be:
- 27 (1) constructed of materials that have
- 28 appropriate chemical properties and sufficient strength and
- 29 thickness to prevent failure due to pressure gradients,
- 30 including static head and external hydrogeologic forces,
- 31 physical contact with the waste or leachate to which they are
- 32 exposed, climatic conditions, the stress of installation, and
- 33 the stress of daily operation;
- 34 (2) placed upon a foundation or base capable of
- 35 providing support to the liner and resistance to pressure

- l gradients above and below the liner to prevent failure of the
- 2 liner due to settlement, compression, or uplift; and
- 3 (3) installed to cover all surrounding earth
- 4 likely to be in contact with the waste or leachate.
- 5 B. For any landfill that is not covered by item C or
- 6 part 7045.0638, one of the liners may be constructed of
- 7 materials that may allow wastes to migrate into the liner, but
- 8 not into the adjacent subsurface soil, drainage layer, or ground
- 9 water or surface water, -during-the-active-life-of-the-facility
- 10 and-the-post-closure-care-period. At least one liner must be
- ll constructed of materials that prevent wastes from passing into
- 12 the liner during-the-active-life-of-the-facility-including-the
- 13 post-closure-care-period. The double liner system must consist
- 14 of two liners with a leak detection, collection, and removal
- 15 system between the liners. This-system-must-be-designed,
- 16 constructed,-maintained,-and-operated-to-detect,-collect,-and
- 17 remove-liquids-from-the-space-between-the-liners,-without
- 18 clogging,-through-the-scheduled-post-closure-care-period-of-the
- 19 landfill.
- 20 C. For any new landfill, new landfill unit at an
- 21 existing facility, replacement of an existing landfill unit, and
- 22 lateral expansion of an existing landfill unit that accepts
- 23 waste after issuance of a permit for units where Part B of the
- 24 permit application is received by the commissioner after
- 25 November 8, 1984, the top liner must be constructed of materials
- 26 that can prevent wastes from migrating into the liner during-the
- 27 active-life,-including-the-closure-period,-of-the-facility. The
- 28 lower liner may be constructed of materials that may allow
- 29 wastes to migrate into the liner, but not into the adjacent
- 30 subsurface soil or drainage layer or ground water or surface
- 31 water,-during-the-active-life,-including-the-closure-period.
- 32 For the purpose of the preceding sentence, a lower liner
- 33 satisfies the requirement if it is constructed of at least a
- 34 three-foot thick layer of recompacted clay or other natural
- 35 material with a permeability of no more than 1 \times 10⁻⁷ centimeter
- 36 per second. The double liner system must consist of two liners

- 1 with a leak detection, collection, and removal system above and
- 2 between the liners. This-system-must-be-designed,-constructed,
- 3 maintained,-and-operated-to-detect,-collect,-and-remove-liquids
- 4 from-the-space-between-the-liners,-without-clogging,-through-the
- 5 scheduled-post-closure-care-period-of-the-landfill.
- 6 D. A landfill must have a leachate collection and
- 7 removal system immediately above each liner that is designed,
- 8 constructed, maintained, and operated to collect and remove
- 9 leachate from the landfill. The agency shall specify design and
- 10 operating conditions in the permit to ensure that the leachate
- 11 depth over each liner does not exceed 30 centimeters (one foot)
- 12 at any point. The leachate collection and removal systems must
- 13 be:
- (1) constructed of materials that are chemically
- 15 resistant to the waste managed in the landfill and the leachate
- 16 expected to be generated, and of sufficient strength and
- 17 thickness to prevent collapse under the pressures exerted by
- 18 overlying wastes, waste cover materials, and by any equipment
- 19 used at the landfill; and
- 20 (2) designed, constructed, maintained, and
- 21 operated to function without clogging through the scheduled post
- 22 closure care period of the landfill.
- 23 E. The owner or operator shall design, construct,
- 24 operate, and maintain a run-on control system capable of
- 25 preventing flow onto the active portion of the landfill during
- 26 peak discharge from at least a 100-year storm.
- 27 F. The owner or operator shall design, construct,
- 28 operate, and maintain a run-off management system to collect and
- 29 control at least the water volume resulting from a 24-hour,
- 30 100-year storm.
- 31 G. Collection and holding facilities such as tanks or
- 32 basins, associated with run-on and run-off control systems must
- 33 be emptied or otherwise managed expeditiously after storms to
- 34 maintain design capacity of the system.
- 35 H. The owner or operator shall cover or otherwise
- 36 manage the landfill to control wind dispersal of particulate

- 1 matter.
- 2 I. The owner or operator shall develop the landfill
- 3 in appropriately sized cells to minimize the amounts of liquids
- 4 entering each cell due to precipitation.
- J. The owner or operator of a landfill shall submit
- 6 to the agency with the permit application a plan for the
- 7 treatment and disposal of run-off contained in the run-off
- 8 management system and leachate which is removed from the
- 9 landfill.
- 10 K. An owner or operator may petition for alternate
- 11 design or operating practices under part 7045.0075, subpart 12.
- 12 L. The agency shall specify in the permit all design
- 13 and operating practices that are necessary to ensure that the
- 14 requirements of items A to K are satisfied.
- [For text of subps 4 to 13, see M.R.]
- 16 7045.0630 SURFACE IMPOUNDMENTS.
- [For text of subpart 1, see M.R.]
- 18 Subp. la. Design requirements. Design requirements are as
- 19 follows:
- A. The owner or operator of a surface impoundment
- 21 must install two or more lines <u>liners</u> and leachate collection
- 22 systems according to part 7045.0532, subpart 3, items A to H,
- 23 with respect to each new unit, replacement of an existing unit,
- 24 or lateral expansion of an existing unit that is within the area
- 25 identified in the Part A permit application, and with respect to
- 26 waste received beginning May 8, 1985.
- B. The owner or operator of each unit referred to in
- 28 item A must notify the commissioner at least 60 days before
- 29 receiving waste. The owner or operator of each facility
- 30 submitting notice must file a Part B application within six
- 31 months of the commissioner's receipt of the notice.
- 32 [For text of subps 2 to 8, see M.R.]
- 33 7045.0632 WASTE PILES.
- [For text of subps 1 to 4, see M.R.]
- 35 Subp. 4a. Design requirements. The owner or operator of a

- 1 waste pile is subject to the requirements for liners and
- 2 leachate collection and removal systems provided in part
- 3 7045.0534, subpart 3, with respect to each new unit, replacement
- 4 of an existing unit, or lateral expansion of an existing unit
- 5 that is within the area identified in Part A permit application,
- 6 and with respect to waste received beginning May 8, 1985.
- 7 [For text of subps 5 to 7, see M.R.]
- 8 7045.0638 LANDFILLS.
- 9 [For text of subpart 1, see M.R.]
- 10 Subp. la. Design requirements. Design requirements are as
- 11 follows:
- 12 A. The owner or operator of a landfill must install
- 13 two or more lines liners and leachate collection systems
- 14 according to part 7045.0538, subpart 3, items A to K, with
- 15 respect to each new unit, replacement of an existing unit, or
- 16 lateral expansion of an existing unit that is within the area
- 17 identified in the part A permit application, with respect to
- 18 waste received beginning May 8, 1985.
- 19 B. The owner or operator of each unit referred to in
- 20 item A must notify the commissioner at least 60 days before
- 21 receiving waste. The owner or operator of each facility
- 22 submitting notice must file a part B application within six
- 23 months of the commissioner's receipt of the notice.
- [For text of subps 2 to 9, see M.R.]