- 1 Telecommunication Access for Communication-impaired Persons
- 2 Board

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- 4 Adopted Permanent Rules Relating to Eligibility for Services
- 5 Under the Telecommunication Access for Communication-impaired
- 6 Persons Act

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- 8 Rules as Adopted
- 9 8775.0100 DEFINITIONS.
- 10 Subpart 1. Scope. The terms used in this chapter have the
- 11 meanings given them in this part.
- 12 Subp. 2. Applicable median income. "Applicable median
- 13 income" means the median gross income in Minnesota as estimated
- 14 by the Bureau of the Census in the most recent annual
- 15 announcement of the United States Department of Health and Human
- 16 Services Family Support Administration, published in the Federal
- 17 Register. These announcements are incorporated by reference.
- 18 Subp. 3. Appropriate communication device. "Appropriate
- 19 communication device" means a communication device that most
- 20 efficiently allows access to the telephone system by a
- 21 communication-impaired person.
- 22 Subp. 4. Blind. A person is "blind" if central visual
- 23 acuity does not exceed 20/200 in the better eye with corrective
- 24 lenses or, if greater than 20/200, visual acuity is accompanied
- 25 by a limitation in the fields of vision such that the widest
- 26 diameter of the visual field subtends an angle no greater than
- 27 20 degrees.
- Subp. 5. Board. "Board" means the Telecommunication
- 29 Access for Communication-impaired Persons Board established in
- 30 Minnesota Statutes, section 237.51.
- 31 Subp. 6. Communication device. "Communication device"
- 32 means a device that when connected to a telephone enables a
- 33 communication-impaired person to communicate with another person
- 34 using the telephone system. A communication device includes a
- 35 ring signaler, an amplification device, a telephone device for

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- l the deaf with auxiliary equipment the board considers necessary,
- 2 and a telebraille unit.
- 3 Subp. 7. Communication-impaired person.
- 4 "Communication-impaired person" means a person certified-as
- 5 determined by the division to be deaf, severely hearing
- 6 impaired, hard-of-hearing, or speech impaired, or-deaf-and
- 7 blind,-by-(1)-determination-of-a-qualified-physician,
- 8 audiologist,-or-speech-and-language-pathologist,-or-(2)-when
- 9 made-before-the-adoption-of-parts-8775.0100-to-8775.06007
- 10 determination-of-division-staff-under-the-authority-of-law-or
- 11 other-rules-relating-to-communication-impaired-persons as
- 12 defined by subparts 8, 12, 13, and 20.
- Subp. 8. Deaf. "Deaf" means the condition of a person
- 14 whose hearing in both ears is impaired to the degree that the
- 15 person is unable to understand speech, even when amplified. A
- 16 deaf person requires use of a telephone device for the deaf to
- 17 communicate effectively on the telephone.
- 18 Subp. 9. Deaf and blind. "Deaf and blind" means the
- 19 conditions of a person who is (1) deaf, severely hearing
- 20 impaired, or hard-of-hearing, and (2) blind or visually
- 21 handicapped. A person affected by these conditions requires use
- 22 of a telebraille unit or telephone device for the deaf with
- 23 auxiliary equipment to communicate effectively on the telephone.
- Subp. 10. Division. "Division" means the Deaf Services
- 25 Division of the Minnesota Department of Human Services.
- 26 Subp. 11. Economic hardship. "Economic hardship" means an
- 27 economic condition or level of subsistence on a household income
- 28 that is at or below 60 percent of the applicable median income
- 29 in the state.
- 30 Subp. 12. Hard-of-hearing. "Hard-of-hearing" means a
- 31 condition of a person who has a reduced ability to understand
- 32 speech. Some of the effects of the impairment can be overcome
- 33 with proper amplification. A person that is hard-of-hearing may
- 34 require a communication device to communicate effectively on the
- 35 telephone.
- 36 Subp. 13. Hearing impaired. "Hearing impaired" means a

- 1 condition in which hearing in both ears is impaired. These
- 2 individuals require use of a telephone device for the deaf to
- 3 communicate effectively on the telephone.
- Subp. ±3 14. Household criteria. For determining priority
- 5 when initially distributing equipment or receiving more than one
- 6 communication device, "household criteria" means the higher
- 7 priority given for a household having more than one
- 8 communication-impaired person or for a household with a
- 9 communication-impaired person living alone.
- 10 Subp. 14 15. Household income. "Household income" means
- 11 the total income of a communication-impaired person and
- 12 immediate family living in the same residence. The immediate
- 13 family includes spouse and minor children. However, The income
- 14 of a minor child must not be included unless when the dependent
- 15 minor child is over under 15 years of age and residing with the
- 16 parents or custodial parent. If the communication-impaired
- 17 person is a minor child, then parents and siblings residing with
- 18 the minor are immediate family. If-a-dependent-minor-child-is
- 19 temporarily-living-outside-the-family-or-custodial-parent's
- 20 residence, the household-income-is-considered-to-be-the-income
- 21 of-the-parents-or-custodial-parent-plus-the-income-of-minor
- 22 siblings-over-the-age-of-15-and-residing-with-the-parents-or
- 23 custodial-parent.
- Subp. 15 16. Income. "Income" means money received in the
- 25 preceding calendar year from each of the following sources:
- A. money, wages, or salary;
- B. net income from nonfarm employment as defined for
- 28 federal tax purposes;
- 29 C. net income from farm self-employment as defined
- 30 for federal taxes;
- 31 D. income from any social security program;
- 32 E. supplemental social security income;
- F. public assistance or welfare payments;
- 34 G. interest on savings or other investments that pay
- 35 interest;
- 36 H. dividend income from estates or trusts, or net

- l rental income;
- veterans' payments, unemployment compensation
- 3 payments, and workers' compensation payments;
- J. private or public employee pensions; and
- 5 K. alimony, child support, regular contributions from
- 6 persons not living in the household, and other periodic income.
- 7 This definition of income comes from that of the Bureau of the
- 8 Census and is interpreted according to its standards as
- 9 published in "Consumer Income," series P-60, No. 156, Money,
- 10 Income of Households, Families and Persons in the United
- 11 States: 1985. These standards are incorporated by reference,
- 12 are not subject to frequent change, and are located in the
- 13 government publications reference department of the University
- 14 of Minnesota and in the Minitex interlibrary loan system.
- 15 Subp. 16 17. Resident of Minnesota. "Resident of
- 16 Minnesota" means an individual who lives in Minnesota or who has
- 17 moved to Minnesota and intends to remain in Minnesota.
- 18 Subp:-17:--Severely-hearing-impaired:-- Severely-hearing
- 19 impaired means-a-condition-in-which-hearing-in-both-ears-is
- 20 impaired-to-the-degree-that-the-affected-person-is-unable-to
- 21 understand-speech; -even-when-amplified: -- These-individuals
- 22 require-use-of-a-telephone-device-for-the-deaf-to-communicate
- 23 effectively-on-the-telephone-
- Subp. 18. Significant visual impairment. "Significant
- 25 visual impairment" means a visual disability that does not
- 26 constitute legal blindness but which constitutes a substantial
- 27 handicap to employment or limits the person's ability to live
- 28 independently, perform self-care activities, or grow and develop.
- 29 Subp. 19. Special needs. "Special needs" means the needs
- 30 of an eligible person that may require that the person be given
- 31 priority when initially distributing the equipment or be given
- 32 more than one communication device because of severity of
- 33 communication impairment or presence of multiple disabilities.
- 34 Subp. 20. Speech impaired. "Speech impaired" means a
- 35 condition that renders a person physically incapable of speaking
- 36 clearly. The severity of the impairment may vary; however, it

- l renders speech on an ordinary telephone unintelligible or
- 2 impossible and requires a communication device to communicate
- 3 effectively on the telephone.
- 4 Subp. 21. TACIP. "TACIP" means telecommunication access
- 5 for communication-impaired persons.
- 6 8775.0200 PURPOSE AND CONSTRUCTION.
- 7 The purpose of this chapter is to develop and implement a
- 8 statewide program to distribute telephone communication devices
- 9 to eligible communication-impaired persons for improving access
- 10 to telephone communications services for communication-impaired
- 11 persons. This chapter is to be liberally construed to further
- 12 these purposes.
- 13 8775.0300 ELIGIBILITY FOR TACIP SERVICES.
- 14 Subpart 1. Information provided. On request, the division
- 15 shall offer to a person an application form developed by the
- 16 division and a brochure that describes the TACIP eligibility
- 17 requirements and application process.
- 18 Subp. 2. Application process. The applicant shall
- 19 complete the application form and return it to the division's
- 20 regional service center for hearing-impaired people. An
- 21 application may be made by the applicant, the applicant's
- 22 spouse, or a person authorized by the applicant to act in the
- 23 applicant's behalf. All documentation must be provided within
- 24 30 days of the first interview with the division. The applicant
- 25 shall provide medical documentation of hearing loss on request.
- Subp. 3. Documenting, verifying, and reviewing
- 27 eligibility. The division shall verify the applicant's
- 28 household income, age, and access to telephone service, and that
- 29 the applicant is a communication-impaired person. When If the
- 30 division becomes aware that a condition of eligibility changes
- 31 has changed, the division may verify eligibility:
- 32 A. In-a-timely-manner Within 30 days, an applicant
- 33 shall document income or authorize the division to verify the
- 34 income. The division shall help an applicant or recipient
- 35 obtain documents that the applicant does not possess and cannot

- l obtain. Information previously verified and retained by the
- 2 division need not be verified again unless the information no
- 3 longer applies to current circumstances.
- 4 B. The division shall not request information about
- 5 an applicant for or recipient of TACIP services that is not of
- 6 public record from a source other than within the division
- 7 without the applicant's or recipient's previous written
- 8 consent. The division may request information about an
- 9 applicant or recipient that is not of public record from the
- 10 telephone companies by obtaining the applicant's or recipient's
- 11 previous written consent on an application or recertification
- 12 redetermination form. The division shall not provide third
- 13 parties with access to information about an applicant's
- 14 eligibility status or other case record information without the
- 15 previous written consent of that applicant or recipient, except
- 16 when access to specific case information is granted to agencies
- 17 designated by the Minnesota Government Data Practices Act,
- 18 Minnesota Statutes, chapter 13. Information designated as
- 19 confidential by the Minnesota Government Data Practices Act may
- 20 only be made available to agencies granted access under that law
- 21 and must not be provided to an applicant, recipient, or third
- 22 party.
- 23 C. The division shall inform the recipient of the
- 24 recipient's responsibility to report permanent changes in
- 25 circumstances that affect eligibility within ten days of each
- 26 change.
- 27 Subp. 4. Eligibility criteria. To be eligible for the
- 28 TACIP program, a person must:
- 29 A. be at least five years of age;
- 30 B. be a communication-impaired person;
- 31 C. be a resident of Minnesota;
- 32 D. be a resident in a household at or below the
- 33 applicable median income in the state, except that a deaf and
- 34 blind person applying for a telebraille unit may reside in a
- 35 household that has a median income no more than 150 percent of
- 36 the applicable median household income in the state; and

- 1 E. have or have applied for telephone service and
- 2 been assigned a telephone number. A person who at the time of
- 3 application does not have telephone service, but meets all other
- 4 eligibility requirements, will be declared "conditionally
- 5 eligible" and, in order to be declared "eligible," must apply
- 6 for telephone service and be assigned a telephone number.
- 7 Subp. 5. Persons not eligible. Persons who are residents
- 8 of a residential or treatment facilities facility that
- 9 receive directly or indirectly receives federal funds-under
- 10 funding and is required to be fully accessible to all residents
- 11 by the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, United States Code, title 29,
- 12 section 774, and are eligible for and can obtain communication
- 13 devices through federal provisions are not eligible to receive
- 14 TACIP services under this chapter.
- 15 Subp. 6. Notification of eligibility. Within 30 days of
- 16 the receipt of the application and the necessary documentation
- 17 the division shall notify the applicant in writing whether the
- 18 applicant is found eligible and, if the applicant is denied, the
- 19 reasons for denial.
- 20 Subp. 7. Determination of appropriate communication
- 21 device. The division shall determine the appropriate
- 22 communication device for a recipient.
- 23 8775.0400 PRIORITY FOR INITIAL DISTRIBUTION OF COMMUNICATION
- 24 DEVICES.
- 25 Subpart 1. First priority: deaf and blind. The first in
- 26 priority are those eligible, deaf and blind persons having
- 27 special needs, experiencing economic hardship, or meeting the
- 28 household criteria standards.
- 29 Subp. 2. Second priority: deaf. The second in priority
- 30 are those eligible, deaf persons having special needs,
- 31 experiencing economic hardship, or meeting the household
- 32 criteria standards.
- 33 Subp. 3. Third priority: impaired speech. The third in
- 34 priority are those eligible, speech-impaired persons having
- 35 special needs, experiencing economic hardship, or meeting the

- l household criteria standards.
- Subp. 4. Fourth priority: hard-of-hearing hearing
- 3 impaired. The fourth in priority are those
- 4 eligible, hard-of-hearing hearing-impaired persons having
- 5 special needs, experiencing economic hardship, or meeting the
- 6 household criteria standards.
- 7 Subp. 5. Fifth priority: others without special needs.
- 8 The fifth in priority are those eligible, communication-impaired
- 9 persons having no special needs, not experiencing economic
- 10 hardship, and not meeting the household criteria standards.
- 11 Subp. 6. Use of priority system. Initially, the priority
- 12 system must be used to determine the priority of eligible
- 13 applicants for receiving telecommunication devices, for example,
- 14 to establish a waiting list of eligible applicants. Only if
- 15 allotted program money is insufficient to provide all eligible
- 16 applicants with needed equipment may the priority system be used
- 17 to determine which individuals will receive equipment.
- 18 8775.0500 HOUSEHOLDS ELIGIBLE TO RECEIVE SEVERAL DEVICES.
- 19 Subpart 1. Deaf. A communication-impaired person who is
- 20 deaf or severely hearing impaired is eligible for a telephone
- 21 device for the deaf and a ring signaler.
- 22 Subp. 2. Deaf and blind. A communication-impaired person
- 23 who is deaf and blind is eligible to receive use of a telephone
- 24 device for the deaf with auxiliary equipment approved by the
- 25 board and necessary for efficient communication.
- Subp. 3. Two or more eligible persons. If a household
- 27 contains more than one eligible communication-impaired person
- 28 with various communication impairments, the board or its
- 29 designee may approve more than one telephone device as necessary
- 30 for efficient communication.
- 31 Subp. 4. Hard-of-hearing Hearing impaired. A
- 32 communication-impaired person who is hard-of-hearing hearing
- 33 impaired is eligible for a ring signaler and amplification
- 34 device if both-devices-are more than one device is necessary for
- 35 efficient communication.

- 1 8775.0600 TRAINING AND MAINTENANCE.
- 2 The commissioner of human services shall maintain the
- 3 communication devices until the five-year warranty period
- 4 expires and at which time the board shall decide whether to
- 5 repair or replace defective units. The commissioner shall
- 6 provide training, without charge, to first-time users of the
- 7 devices.
- 8 8775.0700 OWNERSHIP.
- 9 Communication devices distributed under this chapter are
- 10 and must remain the property of the state of Minnesota.
- 11 8775.0800 APPEALS.
- 12 Subpart 1. Aggrieved party. An aggrieved party may appeal
- 13 a decision of the division. An aggrieved party is an applicant:
- 14 A. who is determined ineligible for TACIP service
- 15 under part 8775.0300, subpart 4;
- 16 B. who disagrees with the division's determination
- 17 regarding the appropriate communication device under part
- 18 8775.0300, subpart 6;
- 19 C. who disagrees with the division's decision
- 20 regarding priority for initial distribution of communication
- 21 devices under part 8775.0400; or
- D. whose TACIP service is terminated.
- 23 Subp. 2. Procedure. Requests for appeal must be made
- 24 within 30 calendar days of receiving notice of adverse action
- 25 or, for good cause shown, within 60 calendar days of receiving
- 26 the notice. Requests for appeal can be made through written,
- 27 telephone, or face-to-face contact with a designated
- 28 representative of the Regional Service Center for the Hearing
- 29 Impaired.
- 30 Subp. 3. Conciliation conference. Within ten 30 calendar
- 31 days of receiving a request for appeal, a representative of the
- 32 Regional Service Center for the Hearing Impaired shall meet with
- 33 the aggrieved party and attempt to resolve informally the matter
- 34 leading to the appeal. Within five ten calendar days of the

- l conciliation conference, the representative shall prepare a
- 2 written summary of the issues addressed at the conciliation
- 3 conference and shall send a copy of the written summary to the
- 4 aggrieved party and to the board.
- 5 Subp. 4. Formal hearings. If still dissatisfied after
- 6 receiving a copy of the conciliation conference summary, the
- 7 aggrieved party may request a hearing before the board by making
- 8 written, telephone, or face-to-face contact with a designated
- 9 representative of the Regional Service Center for the Hearing
- 10 Impaired. A hearing before the board must be scheduled within
- 11 90 days. At the hearing, the aggrieved party may introduce
- 12 evidence relevant to the issues on appeal. An aggrieved party
- 13 may be represented by legal counsel or a lay advocate at the
- 14 hearing.
- 15 Subp. 5. Service pending appeal. Termination of TACIP
- 16 services must be stayed pending an appeal.