1 Pollution Control Agency

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3 Adopted Rules Relating to Hazardous Waste Recycling and Reuse

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- 5 Rules as Adopted
- 6 7001.0520 PERMIT REQUIREMENTS.
- 7 Subpart 1. [Unchanged.]
- 8 Subp. 2. Exclusions. A person who conducts any of the
- 9 following activities is not required to obtain a hazardous waste
- 10 facility permit for that activity:
- 11 A. The accumulation by generators of hazardous waste
- 12 on site for fewer than 90 days as provided in part 7045.0292.
- B. The disposal by farmers of hazardous wastes that
- 14 have been generated by their own use of pesticides as provided
- 15 in part 7045.0304.
- 16 C. The ownership or operation of a totally enclosed
- 17 treatment facility as defined in part 7045.0020.
- D. The storage by transporters of manifested
- 19 shipments of hazardous waste in containers that meet the
- 20 requirements of part 7045.0270, subpart 4, at a transfer
- 21 facility for a period of ten days or fewer as provided in part
- 22 7045.0365.
- 23 E. An activity conducted to immediately contain or
- 24 treat a spill or an imminent and substantial threat of a spill
- 25 of hazardous waste or a material that, when spilled, becomes a
- 26 hazardous waste. This exclusion does not apply to a person who
- 27 treats, stores, or disposes of the spilled material or spill
- 28 residue or debris after the immediate response activities have
- 29 been completed.
- 30 F. The addition of absorbent material to hazardous
- 31 waste in a container, or the addition of hazardous waste to
- 32 absorbent material in a container, if the addition occurs at the
- 33 time waste is first placed in the container, and if the addition
- 34 is accomplished in accordance with parts 7045.0456, subpart 2,
- 35 and 7045.0526, subparts 2 and 3.

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- 1 G. To the extent provided by part 7045.0125, the
- 2 ownership or operation of a facility that recycles hazardous
- 3 waste.
- 4 H. The management of hazardous waste as provided in
- 5 part 7045.0120, item L; 7045.0127, subpart 1; 7045.0135, subpart
- 6 5, items C and E; 7045.0218; or 7045.0219, subpart 2.
- 7 I. To the extent provided by part 7045.0675, the
- 8 ownership or operation of a facility that stores or reclaims
- 9 hazardous waste for recovery of economically significant amounts
- 10 of precious metals.
- J. To the extent provided in part 7045.0685, the
- 12 ownership or operation of a facility that stores or reclaims
- 13 spent lead-acid batteries.
- 14 Subp. 3. and 4. [Unchanged.]
- 15 7045.0020 DEFINITIONS.
- 16 Subpart 1. to 6. [Unchanged.]
- 17 Subp. 6a. Boiler. "Boiler" means an enclosed device using
- 18 controlled flame combustion and having the characteristics
- 19 specified in item A or B.
- 20 A. (1) The unit must have physical provisions for
- 21 recovering and exporting thermal energy in the form of steam,
- 22 heated fluid, or heated gases.
- 23 (2) The unit's combustion chamber and primary
- 24 energy recovery sections must be of integral design (physically
- 25 formed into one manufactured or assembled unit). A unit in
- 26 which the combustion chamber and the primary energy recovery
- 27 sections are joined only by ducts or connections carrying flue
- 28 gas is not integrally designed; secondary energy recovery
- 29 equipment (such as air preheaters or economizers) need not be
- 30 physically formed into the same unit as the combustion chamber
- 31 and the primary energy recovery section. Process heaters which
- 32 transfer energy directly to a process stream and fluidized bed
- 33 combustion units are not precluded from being considered boilers
- 34 under this definition solely because they are not of integral
- 35 design.

- 1 (3) While in operation, the unit must maintain a
- 2 thermal energy efficiency of at least 60 percent, calculated in
- 3 terms of the recovered energy compared with the thermal value of
- 4 the fuel.
- 5 (4) The unit must export and utilize at least 75
- 6 percent of the recovered energy, calculated on an annual basis.
- 7 No credit shall be given for recovered heat used internally in
- 8 the same unit for purposes such as preheating fuel or combustion
- 9 air or the driving of induced or forced draft fans or feedwater
- 10 pumps.
- 11 B. The unit is one which the director has determined
- 12 meets the criteria for a boiler after considering the standards
- 13 in part 7045.0075, subpart 4.
- 14 Subp. 6b. By-product. "By-product" means a material that
- 15 is not one of the primary products of a production process and
- 16 is not solely or separately produced by the production process.
- 17 Examples are process residues such as slags or distillation
- 18 column bottoms.
- 19 Subp. 7. to 14. [Unchanged.]
- 20 Subp. 15. Designated facility. "Designated facility"
- 21 means a hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facility
- 22 which:
- A. (1) has received interim status;
- 24 (2) has received an agency permit,
- 25 (3) is subject to the requirements of part
- 26 7045.0125, subpart 5, 6, or 10, or subpart 9, item B, or part
- 27 7045.0685; or
- 28 (4) if located outside Minnesota, has been
- 29 exempted from the requirements to obtain a permit by the United
- 30 States Environmental Protection Agency; has either received an
- 31 Environmental Protection Agency permit or a permit from an
- 32 authorized state, or has interim status; and
- 33 B. has been designated on the manifest by the
- 34 generator pursuant to part 7045.0261, or has been designated on
- 35 a shipping paper or management plan required by part 7045.0125.
- 36 Subp. 16. and 17. [Unchanged.]

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- 1 Subp. 18. Discarded. "Discarded" means abandoned by being:
- 2 A. disposed of;
- B. burned or incinerated; or
- 4 C. accumulated, stored, or treated, but not recycled,
- 5 before or in lieu of being disposed of, burned, or incinerated.
- 6 Subp. 19. to 34. [Unchanged.]
- 7 Subp. 35. Hazardous waste incinerator. "Hazardous waste
- 8 incinerator" means an enclosed device using controlled flame
- 9 combustion, a purpose of which is to thermally break down
- 10 hazardous waste and that neither meets the criteria for
- 11 classification as a boiler nor is listed or can be classified as
- 12 an industrial furnace.
- Subp. 36. to 43. [Unchanged.]
- 14 Subp. 43a. Industrial furnace. "Industrial furnace" means
- 15 any of the following enclosed devices that are integral
- 16 components of manufacturing processes and that use controlled
- 17 flame devices to accomplish recovery of materials or energy:
- 18 cement kilns; lime kilns; aggregate kilns; phosphate kilns; coke
- 19 ovens; blast furnaces; smelting, melting, and refining furnaces.
- 20 including pyrometallurgical devices, such as cupolas,
- 21 reverberator furnaces, sintering machines, roasters, and foundry
- 22 furnaces; titanium dioxide chloride process oxidation reactors;
- 23 methane reforming furnaces; pulping liquor recovery furnaces;
- 24 combustion devices used in the recovery of sulfur values from
- 25 spent sulfuric acid; and such other devices as the director
- 26 determines qualify for inclusion based on one or more of the
- 27 following factors:
- 28 A. the design and use of the device primarily to
- 29 accomplish recovery of material products;
- 30 B. the use of the device to burn or reduce raw
- 31 materials to make a material product;
- 32 C. the use of the device to burn or reduce secondary
- 33 materials as effective substitutes for raw materials, in
- 34 processes using raw materials as feedstocks;
- 35 D. the use of the device to burn or reduce secondary
- 36 materials as ingredients in an industrial process to make a

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- 1 material product; or
- 2 E. the use of the device in common industrial
- 3 practice to produce a material product.
- 4 Subp. 44. to 62. [Unchanged.]
- 5 Subp. 63. Other waste material. "Other waste material"
- 6 means any solid, liquid, semi-solid, or gaseous material,
- 7 resulting from industrial, commercial, mining, or agricultural
- 8 operations, or from community activities, and which:
- 9 A. is discarded or is being accumulated, stored, or
- 10 physically, chemically, or biologically treated prior to being
- ll discarded; or
- B. is recycled or is accumulated, stored, or treated
- 13 prior to being recycled; or
- 14 C. is a spent material or by-product.
- 15 Subp. 64. to 68. [Unchanged.]
- 16 Subp. 69. [See Repealer.]
- 17 Subp. 70. to 73. [Unchanged.]
- 18 Subp. 73a. Reclamation. "Reclamation" means the
- 19 processing or regeneration of a waste to recover a usable
- 20 product. Examples are the recovery of lead values from spent
- 21 batteries and regeneration of spent solvents.
- 22 Subp. 73b. Recycle. "Recycle" means the reclamation,
- 23 reuse, or use of a hazardous waste.
- Subp. 74. and 75. [Unchanged.]
- 25 Subp. 75a. Reuse. "Reuse" means employing a waste as an
- 26 ingredient in an industrial process to make a product or as an
- 27 effective substitute for a commercial product, provided that
- 28 distinct components of the waste are not recovered as end
- 29 products.
- 30 Subp. 76. to 79. [Unchanged.]
- 31 Subp. 79a. Scrap metal. "Scrap metal" means bits and
- 32 pieces of metal parts (for example, bars, turnings, rods,
- 33 sheets, wire) or metal pieces that may be combined together with
- 34 bolts or soldering (for example, radiators, scrap automobiles,
- 35 railroad box cars) which when worn or superfluous can be
- 36 recycled.

- Subp. 80. to 84. [Unchanged.]
- 2 Subp. 84a. Speculative accumulation. "Speculative
- 3 accumulation" means accumulation of a hazardous waste before it
- 4 is recycled. Speculative accumulation does not include
- 5 accumulation of a waste if there is a feasible method of
- 6 recycling for the waste and at least 75 percent by volume or
- 7 weight of the waste is recycled during a calendar year. The 75
- 8 percent requirement applies to each waste of the same type that
- 9 is recycled in the same way.
- 10 Subp. 84b. Spent material. "Spent material" means a
- 11 material that has been used and as a result of contamination can
- 12 no longer serve the purpose for which it was produced without
- 13 processing.
- 14 Subp. 85. to 100. [Unchanged.]
- 15 Subp. 100a. Used oil. "Used oil" means any oil which has
- 16 been refined from crude oil, used, and as a result of such use
- 17 has become contaminated by physical or chemical impurities.
- 18 Subp. 101. to 108. [Unchanged.]
- 19 7045.0075 PETITIONS.
- 20 Subpart 1. and 2. [Unchanged.]
- 21 Subp. 3. Petition for reduced regulation of hazardous
- 22 waste being speculatively accumulated or reclaimed prior to
- 23 use. The agency may, upon presentation of a petition for those
- 24 purposes, reduce any of the requirements of chapter 7045
- 25 applicable to reclamation, reuse, or recycling. The agency
- 26 shall apply the standards and criteria set forth below in
- 27 determining whether to grant a petition to reduce the regulatory
- 28 requirements for the following recycled hazardous wastes.
- 29 A. Any person seeking a reduction in regulation of
- 30 hazardous wastes that are accumulated speculatively as defined
- 31 in part 7045.0020 without sufficient amounts being recycled as
- 32 defined in part 7045.0020 may petition under this subpart. The
- 33 petitioner must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the agency
- 34 that sufficient amounts will be recycled or transferred for
- 35 recycling in the following year. Such a reduction in regulation

- l is valid only for the following year, but may be renewed on an
- 2 annual basis by filing a new petition. The agency's decision to
- 3 grant the petition shall be based on the following standards and
- 4 criteria:
- 5 (1) the manner in which the hazardous waste is to
- 6 be recycled, where when the waste is expected to be recycled,
- 7 and whether the expected disposition is likely to be affected by
- 8 past practice, market factors, the nature of the hazardous
- 9 waste, or contractual arrangements for recycling;
- 10 (2) the reason that the applicant has accumulated
- 11 the hazardous waste for one or more years without recycling 75
- 12 percent of the volume accumulated at the beginning of the
- 13 previous year;
- 14 (3) the quantity of the hazardous waste already
- 15 accumulated and the quantity expected to be generated and
- 16 accumulated before the hazardous waste is recycled;
- 17 (4) the extent to which the hazardous waste is
- 18 handled to minimize loss; and
- 19 (5) any additional information the director may
- 20 reasonably request which may be required to evaluate the
- 21 petition.
- 22 B. Any person seeking a reduction in regulation of
- 23 hazardous wastes that are reclaimed and then reused as feedstock
- 24 within the original primary production process in which the
- 25 hazardous wastes were generated if the reclamation is an
- 26 essential part of the production process may petition under
- 27 these provisions. The agency's decision regarding the petition
- 28 shall be based on the following standards and criteria:
- 29 (1) how economically viable the production
- 30 process would be if it were to use virgin materials rather than
- 31 the reclaimed hazardous waste;
- 32 (2) the prevalence of the practice on an
- 33 industry-wide basis;
- 34 (3) the extent to which the hazardous waste is
- 35 handled before reclamation to minimize loss;
- 36 (4) the time periods between generating the

- 1 hazardous waste and its reclamation, and between reclamation and
- 2 return to the original primary production process;
- 3 (5) the location of the reclamation operation in
- 4 relation to the production process;
- 5 (6) whether the hazardous waste as reclaimed is
- 6 used for the purpose for which it was originally produced when
- 7 it is returned to the original process, and whether it is
- 8 returned to the process in substantially its original form;
- 9 (7) whether the person who generates the
- 10 hazardous waste also reclaims it; and
- 11 (8) any additional information the director may
- 12 reasonably request which may be required to evaluate the
- 13 petition.
- 14 C. Any person seeking a reduction in regulation of
- 15 hazardous waste that has been reclaimed but must be reclaimed
- 16 further before recovery is completed if, after initial
- 17 reclamation, the resulting material is used like a commodity,
- 18 may petition under this subpart. The agency's decision to grant
- 19 the petition shall be based on the following standards and
- 20 criteria:
- 21 (1) the degree of processing the hazardous waste
- 22 has undergone and the degree of further processing that is
- 23 required;
- 24 (2) the value of the hazardous waste after it has
- 25 been reclaimed;
- 26 (3) the degree to which the reclaimed hazardous
- 27 waste is like an analogous raw material;
- 28 (4) the extent to which an end market for the
- 29 reclaimed hazardous waste is guaranteed;
- 30 (5) the extent to which the reclaimed hazardous
- 31 waste is handled to minimize loss; and
- 32 (6) any additional information the director may
- 33 reasonably request that may be required to evaluate the petition.
- 34 Subp. 4. Petition to be classified as a boiler. In
- 35 accordance with the definition of boiler in part 7045.0020, the
- 36 director may determine that certain enclosed devices using

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- 1 controlled flame combustion are boilers, although they do not
- 2 otherwise meet the definition of boiler, based on the following
- 3 standards and criteria:
- 4 A. the extent to which the unit has provisions for
- 5 recovering and exporting thermal energy in the form of steam,
- 6 heated fluids, or heated gases;
- 7 B. the extent to which the combustion chamber and
- 8 energy recovery equipment are of integral design;
- 9 C. the efficiency of energy recovery, calculated in
- 10 terms of the recovered energy compared with the thermal value of
- ll fuel;
- D. the extent to which the exported energy is
- 13 utilized;
- 14 E. the extent to which the device is in common and
- 15 customary use as a "boiler" functioning to produce steam, heated
- 16 fluids, or heated gases; and
- 17 F. any additional information the director may
- 18 reasonably request which may be required to evaluate the
- 19 petition.
- 20 7045.0120 EXEMPT WASTES.
- 21 The following wastes may be stored, labeled, transported,
- 22 treated, processed, and disposed of without complying with the
- 23 requirements of this chapter:
- A. to L. [Unchanged.]
- M. used oil which does not contain waste listed in
- 26 part 7045.0135 and is to be recycled;
- N. [Unchanged.]
- O. pulping liquors (for example, black liquor) that
- 29 are reclaimed in a pulping liquor recovery furnace and then
- 30 reused in the pulping process, unless they are accumulated
- 31 speculatively as defined in part 7045.0020; or
- 32 P. spent sulfuric acid used to produce virgin
- 33 sulfuric acid, unless it is accumulated speculatively as defined
- 34 in part 7045.0020.
- 35 7045.0125 MANAGEMENT OF WASTE BY USE, REUSE, RECYCLING, AND

- 1 RECLAMATION.
- 2 Subpart 1. Scope. This part regulates hazardous waste
- 3 that is to be recycled except for use constituting disposal as
- 4 provided in parts part 7045.0665, hazardous waste utilized for
- 5 precious metals recovery as provided in part 7045.06757-and; or
- 6 spent lead-acid batteries being reclaimed as provided in part
- 7 7045.0685.
- 8 Subp. 2. [See Repealer.]
- 9 Subp. 3. [Unchanged.]
- 10 Subp. 4. Management of specific hazardous wastes.
- 11 Management of the following wastes when recycled, is not subject
- 12 to regulation under parts 7045.0205 to 7045.0685: industrial
- 13 ethyl alcohol that is reclaimed; used batteries or used battery
- 14 cells returned to a battery manufacturer for regeneration; and
- 15 scrap metal.
- 16 Subp. 5. Requirements for use of hazardous wastes as
- 17 feedstock.
- 18 A. Except as provided in items B to D, hazardous
- 19 wastes that are shown to be recycled by being utilized in a
- 20 manner specified in subitems (1) to (3), are not subject to
- 21 regulation under parts 7045.0205 to 7045.0685. This subpart
- 22 does not apply to wastes being accumulated speculatively as
- 23 defined in part 7045.0020, or being managed by use constituting
- 24 disposal, or burning for energy recovery, as regulated under
- 25 part 7045.0665, or subpart 10. Hazardous wastes are considered
- 26 to be used as feedstock if they are:
- 27 (1) used or reused as ingredients in an
- 28 industrial process to make a product, provided the hazardous
- 29 wastes are not being reclaimed;
- 30 (2) used or reused as effective substitutes for
- 31 commercial products; or
- 32 (3) returned to the original process from which
- 33 they are generated, without first being reclaimed. The
- 34 hazardous waste must be returned as a substitute for raw
- 35 material feedstock, and the process must use raw materials as
- 36 principal feedstocks.

hazardous wastes.

1 Generators of hazardous wastes for use as 2 feedstock are subject to the following requirements: 3 (1) parts 7045.0214 to 7045.0217; 4 (2) parts 7045.0220 to 7045.0249; 5 (3) part 7045.0296, subpart 5; 6 (4) within 45 days of shipment, the generator 7 must provide the director a copy of the shipping papers confirming that the hazardous waste was delivered to the 8 designated facility as indicated in the management plan; and 9 10 (5) the generator must keep records showing: the volume of these wastes stored at the beginning of the calendar 11 12 year; the amount of these hazardous wastes generated during the calendar year; the amount of these hazardous wastes used as a 13 14 feedstock during the calendar year; and the amount of these 15 hazardous wastes remaining at the end of the calendar year. 16 Transporters of hazardous wastes for use as 17 feedstock must comply with all applicable requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 221.033, and Code of Federal 18 Regulations, title 49, parts 171 to 179. 19 20 Owners or operators of facilities that manage hazardous wastes for use as feedstock are subject to the 21 22 following requirements: 23 (1) prior to receiving the waste, as a designated 24 facility, the owner or operator must provide the director with written evidence to document that the hazardous waste is used as 25 specified in item A and that the facility has the equipment 26 necessary to manage the hazardous waste; and 27 28 (2) the owner or operator must keep records 29 showing: the volume of these hazardous wastes stored at the 30 beginning of the calendar year; the amount of these wastes 31 received during the calendar year; the amount of these hazardous wastes used as a feedstock during the calendar year; and the 32 33 amount of these hazardous wastes remaining at the end of the calendar year. 34 35 Subp. 6. Requirements for reclamation of specific

- A. A by-product or a sludge that is hazardous only
- 2 because it exhibits a characteristic of hazardous waste and is
- 3 reclaimed is subject to the following requirements:
- 4 (1) Generators of such a hazardous waste are
- 5 subject to regulation under parts 7045.0214 to 7045.0217;
- 6 7045.0220 to 7045.0255; and 7045.0296, subpart 5. In addition,
- 7 within 45 days of shipment the generator must provide the
- 8 director a copy of the shipping papers confirming that the waste
- 9 was delivered to the designated facility as indicated in the
- 10 management plan. The generator must keep records showing: the
- 11 volume of such hazardous wastes stored at the beginning of the
- 12 calendar year; the amount of these wastes generated during the
- 13 calendar year; the amount of such waste reclaimed during the
- 14 calendar year; and the amount of such hazardous wastes remaining
- 15 at the end of the calendar year.
- 16 (2) Transporters of such a hazardous waste must
- 17 comply with all applicable requirements of Minnesota Statutes,
- 18 section 221.033, and Code of Federal Regulations, title 49,
- 19 parts 171 to 179.
- 20 (3) Owners or operators of designated facilities
- 21 receiving a hazardous characteristic by-product or sludge must
- 22 provide written evidence to the director prior to receiving such
- 23 hazardous waste that the owner or operator has the equipment and
- 24 capability to reclaim such hazardous waste, and must keep
- 25 records showing: the volumes of such hazardous waste stored at
- 26 the beginning of the year; the amount of such hazardous waste
- 27 received during the calendar year; the amount of such hazardous
- 28 waste reclaimed during the calendar year; and the amount of such
- 29 hazardous waste remaining at the end of the calendar year.
- 30 B. This subpart does not apply to hazardous wastes
- 31 being accumulated speculatively as defined in part 7045.0020 or
- 32 being managed by use constituting disposal, as regulated under
- 33 part 7045.0665 or being burned for energy recovery under subpart
- 34 10.
- 35 Subp. 7. Generator requirements. Except as provided in
- 36 subpart 4, 5, 6, or 10, generators of hazardous waste destined

- 1 for recycle, are subject to the requirements of parts 7045.0205
- 2 to 7045.0304.
- 3 Subp. 8. Transporter requirements. Except as provided in
- 4 subpart 4, 5, 6, or 10, transporters of hazardous waste destined
- 5 for recycle are subject to the requirements of parts 7045.0351
- 6 to 7045.0397.
- 7 Subp. 9. Facility requirements. Except as provided in
- 8 subpart 4, 5, 6, or 10, owners or operators of facilities which
- 9 recycle hazardous waste are subject to the following
- 10 requirements:
- 11 A. If the recyclable hazardous waste is stored before
- 12 it is recycled, the owners or operators are subject to the
- 13 requirements of parts 7045.0450 to 7045.0534, 7045.0552 to
- 14 7045.0632, and chapter 7001.
- B. If the recyclable hazardous waste is recycled
- 16 without storing before recycling, the owners or operators are
- 17 subject to the requirements of parts 7045.0556, subpart 2;
- 18 7045.0580; and 7045.0582.
- 19 Subp. 10. Hazardous waste which is beneficially used by
- 20 burning. Hazardous waste that is transported or stored prior to
- 21 a beneficial use by burning is subject to regulation under the
- 22 following:
- A. A waste that is hazardous solely due to
- 24 ignitability and is transported or stored prior to a beneficial
- 25 use involving burning is subject to the agency's permitting
- 26 procedures in chapter 7001 for hazardous waste storage
- 27 facilities and the requirements of parts 7045.0205 to 7045.0534,
- 28 7045.0544, 7045.0552 to 7045.0632, and 7045.1000 to 7045.1030.
- B. A hazardous waste that is a sludge, or is or
- 30 contains a waste listed in part 7045.0135 for reasons other than
- 31 ignitability, or is or contains a waste that is toxic under part
- 32 7045.0131, subpart 6, and is transported or stored prior to a
- 33 beneficial use involving burning is subject to the agency's
- 34 permitting procedures in chapter 7001 for hazardous waste
- 35 storage facilities and the following requirements: parts
- 36 7045.0205 to 7045.0534; 7045.0544; 7045.0542, except subpart 4,

- 1 item C, and subpart 7, item A, subitem (2); 7045.0552 to
- 2 7045.0632; 7045.0640; and 7045.1000 to 7045.1030; and must apply
- 3 for or have an air quality facility permit as required.
- 4 7045.0135 LISTS OF HAZARDOUS WASTES.
- 5 Subpart 1. [Unchanged.]
- 6 Subp. 2. Hazardous wastes from nonspecific sources.
- 7 Hazardous wastes from nonspecific sources are listed as follows:

8	Hazardous		Hazard
9	Waste	No. Hazardous Waste	Code
10		대통령하다 사람이 되었다. 기업을 하고 바라를 하고 하는 사람이 되었다. 그는데,	
11	Generic:		
12	F001	The following spent halogenated solvents used in	(T)
13		degreasing: tetrachloroethylene, trichloroethylene	
14		methylene chloride, 1,1,1-trichloroethane, carbon	
15		tetrachloride, and chlorinated fluorocarbons, and	
16		sludges from the recovery of these solvents in	
17	H000	degreasing operations	
18	F002	The following spent halogenated solvents:	(T)
19		tetrachloroethylene, methylene chloride,	
20		trichloroethylene, 1,1,1-trichloroethane,	
21		chlorobenzene, 1,1,2-trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	
22 23		orthodichlorobenzene, and trichlorofluoromethane, and	
24	T1002	the still bottoms from the recovery of these solvent	
25	F003	The following spent nonhalogenated solvents:	(I)
26		xylene, acetone, ethyl acetate, ethyl benzene,	
27		ethyl ether, methyl isobutyl ketone, n-butyl	
28		alcohol, cyclohexanone, and methanol, and the	
29	F004	still bottoms from the recovery of these solvents The following spent nonhalogenated solvents:	/m\
30	LUU4	la eta di ante declara e catalis ille sembla di fermana di segui de segui di 18 actoria e in la la la la latificació de la	(T)
31		cresols and cresylic acid, and nitrobenzene, and the still bottoms from the recovery of these solvents	=
32	F005	The following spent nonhalogenated solvents:	(I,T)
33	TOOD	toluene, methyl ethyl ketone, carbon disulfide,	( 1 / 1 /
34		isobutanol, and pyridine, and the still	
35		bottoms from the recovery of these solvents	
36	F006	Wastewater treatment sludges from electroplating	(T)
37	1000	operations except from the following processes:	( - )
38		(1) sulfuric acid anodizing of aluminum,	
39		(2) tin plating on carbon steel, (3) zinc plating	
40		(segregated basis) on carbon steel, (4) aluminum	
41		or zinc-aluminum plating on carbon steel,	
42		(5) cleaning/stripping associated with tin, zinc	
43		and aluminum plating on carbon steel, and	
44		(6) chemical etching and milling of aluminum	
45	F019	Wastewater treatment sludges from the chemical	(T)
46		conversion coating of aluminum	(-)
47	F007	Spent cyanide plating bath solutions from	(R,T)
48		electroplating operations	
49	F008	Plating bath sludges from the bottom of plating	(R,T)
50		baths from electroplating operations where	
51		cyanides are used in the process	
52	F009	Spent stripping and cleaning bath solutions	(R,T)
53		from electroplating operations where cyanides	
54		are used in the process	
55	F010	Quenching bath residues from oil baths from	(R,T)
56		metal heat-treating operations where cyanides	
57		are used in the process	
58	F011	Spent cyanide solutions from salt bath	(R,T)
59		pot cleaning from metal heat-treating operations	
60	F012	Quenching wastewater treatment sludges from	(T)
61		metal heat-treating operations where cyanides	
62		are used in the process	
63		Subp. 3. [Unchanged.]	
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- Subp. 4. Discarded commercial chemical products,
- 2 off-specification species, containers, and spill residues. The
- 3 following materials or items are hazardous wastes when they are
- 4 discarded or intended to be discarded as defined in part
- 5 7045.0020, when they are burned for purposes of energy recovery
- 6 in lieu of their original intended use, when they are used to
- 7 produce fuels in lieu of their original intended use, when they
- 8 are applied to the land in lieu of their original intended use,
- 9 or when they are contained in products that are applied to the
- 10 land in lieu of their original intended use.
- 11 A. to F. [Unchanged.]
- 12 Subp. 5. [Unchanged.]
- 13 7045.0214 EVALUATION OF WASTES.
- 14 Subpart 1. General requirement. Any person who produces a
- 15 waste within the state of Minnesota or any person who produces a
- 16 waste outside the state of Minnesota that is managed within the
- 17 state of Minnesota, must evaluate the waste to determine if it
- 18 is hazardous. A material is determined to be a waste in
- 19 accordance with the conditions specified under the definition of
- 20 other waste material in part 7045.0020. Any waste evaluated and
- 21 exempted under part 7045.0075 or 7045.0120 does not need to be
- 22 reevaluated under this part.
- 23 Subp. 2. [Unchanged.]
- Subp. 3. Wastes generated by treatment, storage, or
- 25 disposal. Wastes generated by treatment, storage, or disposal
- 26 of hazardous waste are as follows:
- 27 A. Except as provided in items B and C, any waste
- 28 generated from the treatment, storage, or disposal of hazardous
- 29 waste, including any sludge, spill residue, ash, emission
- 30 control dust or leachate, but not including precipitation
- 31 run-off, is a hazardous waste if it meets the criteria of
- 32 subpart 2 or if it is derived from a waste that is listed in
- 33 part 7045.0135.
- 34 B. Waste pickle liquor sludge generated by lime
- 35 stabilization of spent pickle liquor from the iron and steel

- 1 industry, standard industrial classification codes 331 and 332,
- 2 is not a hazardous waste unless it exhibits one or more
- 3 characteristics of hazardous waste under part 7045.0131.
- 4 C. Materials that have been reclaimed from hazardous
- 5 wastes and from wastes that have been reclaimed that are
- 6 beneficially used are not hazardous wastes unless the reclaimed
- 7 material is used in a manner constituting disposal under part
- 8 7045.0665 or burned for energy recovery under part 7045.0125,
- 9 subpart 10.
- 10 7045.0219 SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS FOR SMALL QUANTITY GENERATORS OF
- 11 HAZARDOUS WASTE.
- 12 Subpart 1. Applicability; quantities. A generator is a
- 13 small quantity generator subject to the requirements of subparts
- 14 2 to 6 if, in a calendar month, he generates less than:
- A. a total of 1,000 kilograms of hazardous waste not
- 16 listed in part 7045.0135, subpart 4, item E; and
- B. a total of one kilogram of commercial chemical
- 18 products and manufacturing chemical intermediates having the
- 19 generic names listed in part 7045.0135, subpart 4, item E and
- 20 off-specification commercial chemical products and manufacturing
- 21 chemical intermediates which, if they met specification, would
- 22 have the generic names listed in part 7045.0135, subpart 4, item
- 23 E; and
- C. a total of 100 kilograms of any residue or
- 25 contaminated soil, water, or other debris resulting from the
- 26 cleanup of a spill, into or on any land or water, of any
- 27 commercial chemical products or manufacturing chemical
- 28 intermediates having the generic names listed in part 7045.0135,
- 29 subpart 4, item E, or any residue or contaminated soil, water,
- 30 or other debris resulting from the cleanup of a spill, into or
- 31 on any land or water, of any off-specification commercial
- 32 chemical products or manufacturing chemical intermediates which,
- 33 if they met specification would have the generic names listed in
- 34 part 7045.0135, subpart 4, item E.
- 35 A generator shall not consider the wastes specified under

- 1 part 7045.0125, subparts 4, 5, and 6 when calculating the volume
- 2 of waste generated.
- 3 Subp. 2. to 6. [Unchanged.]
- 4 7045.0296 ANNUAL REPORTING.
- 5 Subpart 1. to 4. [Unchanged.]
- 6 Subp. 5. Wastes which are recycled. Generators of wastes
- 7 that are recycled in accordance with the provisions of part
- 8 7045.0125 and are exempt from the requirements of parts
- 9 7045.0261 and 7045.0265 must include the following information
- 10 in the annual report:
- 11 A. evidence that the waste was recycled as indicated
- 12 in the management plan; and
- B. evidence that a continuing market exists for the
- 14 waste.
- 15 7045.0450 FACILITIES GOVERNED BY FACILITY STANDARDS.
- Subpart 1. and 2. [Unchanged.]
- 17 Subp. 3. Exemptions. Parts 7045.0450 to 7045.0544 do not
- 18 apply to the following:
- 19 A. the owner or operator of a facility managing
- 20 recyclable hazardous wastes subject to regulation under part
- 21 7045.0125, 7045.0665, 7045.0675, or 7045.0685, except-to-the
- 22 extent-that; however, this exemption does not apply where part
- 23 7045.0125, 7045.0665, 7045.0675, or 7045.0685 apply-and
- 24 make makes the requirements of parts 7045.0450 to 7045.0544
- 25 applicable; by cross-reference.
- B. to J. [Unchanged.]
- 27 7045.0542 THERMAL TREATMENT.
- 28 Subpart 1. Scope. This part applies as follows:
- 29 A. This part applies to owners and operators of
- 30 facilities that thermally treat hazardous waste, except as part
- 31 7045.0450 provides otherwise. The following facility owners or
- 32 operators are considered to thermally treat hazardous waste:
- 33 owners or operators of hazardous waste incinerators as defined
- 34 in part 7045.0020; and owners or operators who burn hazardous

- 1 waste in boilers or in industrial furnaces in order to destroy
- 2 the waste.
- B. to F. [Unchanged.]
- 4 Subp. 2. to 9. [Unchanged.]
- 5 7045.0552 FACILITIES GOVERNED BY INTERIM STATUS.
- 6 Subpart 1. and 2. [Unchanged.]
- 7 Subp. 3. Exemptions. The requirements of parts 7045.0522
- 8 to 7045.0642 do not apply to:
- 9 A. [Unchanged.]
- 10 B. The owner or operator of a facility managing
- 11 recyclable hazardous wastes subject to regulation under part
- 12 7045.0125, 7045.0665, 7045.0675, or 7045.0685, except-to-the
- 13 extent-that; however, this exemption does not apply where part
- 14 7045.0125, 7045.0665, 7045.0675, or 7045.0685 apply,-and
- 15 make makes the requirements of parts 7045.0450 7045.0522 to
- 16 7045.0544 7045.0642 applicable by cross-reference.
- 17 C. to J. [Unchanged.]
- 18 7045.0640 THERMAL TREATMENT FACILITIES.
- 19 Subpart 1. Scope. This part applies to owners and
- 20 operators of facilities that thermally treat hazardous waste,
- 21 except as part 7045.0552 provides otherwise.
- The following facility owners or operators are considered
- 23 to thermally treat hazardous waste: owners or operators of
- 24 hazardous waste incinerators as defined in part 7045.0020; and
- 25 owners or operators who burn hazardous wastes in boilers or in
- 26 industrial furnaces in order to destroy the wastes.
- Owners and operators of thermal treatment facilities that
- 28 thermally treat hazardous waste are exempt from all the
- 29 requirements of this part except subpart 5, if the owner or
- 30 operator has documented, in writing, that the waste would not
- 31 reasonably be expected to contain constituents listed in part
- 32 7045.0141, and the documentation is kept at the facility, and
- 33 the waste to be treated is:
- 34 A. to D. [Unchanged.]
- 35 Subp. 2 to 6. [Unchanged.]

- 1 7045.0665 USE CONSTITUTING DISPOSAL.
- 2 Subpart 1. Scope. This part applies to hazardous wastes
- 3 that are used in a manner constituting disposal. For the
- 4 purposes of this part, use constituting disposal means the
- 5 application or placement of recyclable wastes in or on the land:
- 6 A. without mixing with other substances;
- 7 B. after mixing with any other substances unless the
- 8 recyclable waste undergoes a chemical reaction so as to become
- 9 inseparable from the other substances by physical means; or
- 10 C. after combination with any other substances if the
- ll resulting material is not produced for the general public's
- 12 use. Products produced for the general public's use that are
- 13 used in a manner constituting disposal and that contain
- 14 recyclable wastes that have undergone a chemical reaction in the
- 15 course of producing a product so as to become inseparable by
- 16 physical means are exempt from regulation under this
- 17 part. Commercial fertilizers that are produced for the general
- 18 public's use that contain recyclable materials also are not
- 19 subject to regulation under this chapter.
- 20 Subp. 2. Standards applicable to generators of wastes used
- 21 in a manner that constitutes disposal. Generators of wastes
- 22 that are used in a manner that constitutes disposal are subject
- 23 to the requirements of parts 7045.0205 to 7045.0304.
- Subp. 3. Standards applicable to transporters of wastes
- 25 used in a manner that constitutes disposal. Transporters of
- 26 wastes that are used in a manner that constitutes disposal are
- 27 subject to the requirements of parts 7045.0351 to 7045.0397.
- Subp. 4. Standards applicable to facilities managing
- 29 wastes that are to be used in a manner that constitutes
- 30 disposal. Facilities managing wastes in a manner that
- 31 constitutes disposal are subject to the following requirements:
- 32 A. owners or operators of facilities that store
- 33 recyclable wastes that are to be used in a manner that
- 34 constitutes disposal, but who are not the ultimate users of the
- 35 wastes are subject to all applicable provisions of parts

APPOOVED IN THE HEREOP OF STATUTES OFFICE BY:

- 1 7045.0450 to 7045.0534, 7045.0544, 7045.0552 to 7045.0632, and
- 2 chapter 7001; and
- B. owners or operators of facilities that use
- 4 recyclable wastes that are to be used in a manner that
- 5 constitutes disposal are subject to all applicable provisions of
- 6 parts 7045.0450 to 7045.0538, 7045.0544, 7045.0552 to 7045.0638,
- 7 and chapter 7001.
- 8 7045.0675 RECYCLABLE HAZARDOUS WASTE UTILIZED FOR PRECIOUS METAL
- 9 RECOVERY.
- 10 Subpart 1. Scope. This part applies to recyclable
- 11 hazardous waste that is reclaimed to recover economically
- 12 significant amounts of gold, silver, platinum, paladium,
- 13 irridium, osmium, rhodium, ruthenium, or any combination of
- 14 these.
- Subp. 2. Requirements for generators. Generators of
- 16 recyclable hazardous waste regulated under this part are subject
- 17 to the requirements of parts 7045.0205 to 7045.0304.
- 18 Subp. 3. Requirements for transporters. Transporters of
- 19 recyclable hazardous waste regulated under this part are subject
- 20 to the requirements of parts 7045.0351 to 7045.0397.
- 21 Subp. 4. Requirements for persons who store. Persons who
- 22 store recyclable hazardous waste that is regulated under this
- 23 part are subject to the following requirements:
- A. If the hazardous waste is not being accumulated
- 25 speculatively as defined in part 7045.0020, the following apply:
- 26 (1) parts 7045.0556, subpart 2, 7045.0580, and
- 27 7045.0582;
- 28 (2) the generator and facility owner or operator
- 29 must keep records showing: the volume of the hazardous wastes
- 30 stored at the beginning of the calendar year; the amount of the
- 31 hazardous wastes generated or received during the calendar year;
- 32 and the amount of hazardous wastes remaining at the end of the
- 33 calendar year.
- 34 B. If the hazardous waste is being accumulated
- 35 speculatively as defined in part 7045.0020, the recyclable

- 4

- l hazardous waste is subject to all applicable requirements of
- 2 parts 7045.0205 to 7045.0642 and chapter 7001.
- 3 7045.0685 SPENT LEAD-ACID BATTERIES BEING RECLAIMED.
- 4 Subpart 1. Scope. The requirements of this part apply to
- 5 persons who generate, transport, collect, store, or reclaim
- 6 spent lead-acid batteries that are recyclable. Except as
- 7 provided in subpart 2, persons who generate, transport, or
- 8 collect spent batteries, or who store spent batteries but do not
- 9 reclaim them are not subject to regulation under parts 7045.0205
- 10 to 7045.0685 and chapter 7001 for such generation,
- 11 transportation, and storage of spent batteries. For the purpose
- 12 of this part, indoor storage is storage within a permanently
- 13 constructed building consisting of at least a roof and three
- 14 walls permanently affixed to a masonry or other composition
- 15 floor placed on the ground.
- 16 Subp. 2. Standards for storage of spent batteries.
- 17 Storage of spent batteries by persons who do not reclaim them is
- 18 subject to the following requirements:
- 19 A. Storage of batteries indoors shall be on an
- 20 impermeable curbed surface and provisions shall be made to
- 21 recontainerize leaking or broken batteries, with regular
- 22 inspection to assure the integrity of the stored batteries.
- B. Storage of spent batteries in a manner other than
- 24 by indoor storage as defined in subpart 1 shall be subject to
- 25 the following requirements:
- 26 (1) If the storage does not meet the criteria of
- 27 speculative accumulation as described in part 7045.0020, the
- 28 storage is subject to the following requirements: storage shall
- 29 be on an impermeable curbed surface and provisions shall be made
- 30 to recontainerize leaking or broken batteries, with regular
- 31 inspection to assure the integrity of the stored batteries; and
- 32 the requirements of part 7045.0526, subparts 2 to 6, and 9.
- 33 (2) If the storage of spent batteries meets the
- 34 criteria of speculative accumulation as defined in part
- 35 7045.0020, the storage is subject to the following

- 1 requirements: parts 7045.0452 to 7045.0456; 7045.0460 to
- 2 7045.0470; 7045.0478 to 7045.0534; 7045.0544; 7045.0552 to
- 3 7045.0562; 7045.0566 to 7045.0578; 7045.0584 to 7045.0632; and
- 4 the permitting requirements of chapter 7001 for hazardous waste
- 5 storage facilities.
- 6 Subp. 3. Standards for owners or operators of facilities
- 7 that store spent batteries before reclaiming them. The owners
- 8 or operators of facilities that store batteries before
- 9 reclaiming them are subject to regulation under parts 7045.0452
- 10 to 7045.0456; 7045.0460 to 7045.0470; 7045.0478 to 7045.0534;
- 11 7045.0544; 7045.0552 to 7045.0562; 7045.0566 to 7045.0578;
- 12 7045.0584 to 7045.0632; and the permitting requirements of
- 13 chapter 7001 for hazardous waste storage facilities.

- REPEALER. Minnesota Rules, parts 7045.0020, subpart 69;
- 16 7045.0125, subpart 2; and 7045.0142 are repealed.



