- 1 Minnesota Energy Agency
- 2 Division of Data and Analysis

3

4 Adopted Rules Governing Electric Utility Information Reporting

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- 6 Rules as Adopted
- 7 Chapter Two: 6 MCAR SS 2.0201-2-0213 2.0214
- 8 6 MCAR S 2.0201 Purpose and applicability of these rules.
- 9 A. The purpose of these rules is to implement the
- 10 forecasting, statistical and informational reporting
- 11 requirements of Minn. Stat. SS 116H.10 and 116H.11 (1980).
- 12 These rules are adopted pursuant to the powers of the director
- 13 conferred by Minn. Stat. S 116H.08, clause (a) (1980), and are
- 14 designed to identify emerging energy trends based on supply and
- 15 demand, conservation and public health and safety factors and to
- 16 determine the level of statewide and service area energy needs.
- 17 B. Each electric utility serving the State of Minnesota
- 18 shall submit the information required by these rules to the
- 19 director in the form specified by him.
- 20 6 MCAR S 2.0202 Definitions. For purposes of these rules, the
- 21 following definitions shall apply:
- 22 A. "Adjusted net demand" means system demand, minus firm
- 23 purchases, plus firm sales;
- B. "Agency" means the Minnesota Energy Agency;
- 25 C. "Annual adjusted net demand" means annual system demand,
- 26 minus firm purchases, plus firm sales;
- 27 D. "Annual electrical consumption" means sales of
- 28 megawatt-hours of electricity to ultimate consumers over a
- 29 twelve-month period beginning January 1 and ending December 31
- 30 of the reporting year;
- 31 E. "Annual system demand" means the highest system demand
- 32 occurring during the twelve-month period beginning May 1 of the
- 33 forecast year ending with the current month. For seasonal
- 34 reporting the current month is the last month of the season
- 35 being reported;
- 36 F. "Capacity factor" is the ratio, expressed as a percent,

- 1 of gross generation in megawatt-hours to the product of
- 2 period-hours times maximum dependable capacity. There are 8760
- 3 period-hours per year, except during a leap year when there are
- 4 8784. Maximum dependable capacity is the dependable plant
- 5 capacity in winter or summer, whichever is smaller;
- 6 G. "Director" means the director of the Minnesota Energy
- 7 Agency;
- 8 H. "Distribution only utility" means a utility which
- 9 distributes electricity to ultimate consumers but which does not
- 10 generate electricity except on a standby emergency basis. Such
- 11 emergency power shall not consist of more than five percent of
- 12 total megawatt-hours sales to ultimate consumers;
- 13 I. "Firm purchases" and "firm sales" mean the amount of
- 14 power to be purchased or sold and intended to have assured
- 15 availability;
- 16 J. "Forced outage rate" is the total time a plant was
- 17 unavailable due a measure of the total time the plant was
- 18 unavailable due to forced outage. It is empressed as the ratio
- 19 of forced outage hours to the ratio, expressed as a percent of
- 20 forced outage hours to the sum of the total number of hours the
- 21 plant was actually operated with breakers closed to the station
- 22 bus plus the forced outage hours;
- 23 K. "Generating and transmission utility" means any utility
- 24 which generates in excess of five percent of its total
- 25 megawatt-hours sales to its own ultimate consumers;
- 26 L. "Heat rate" is the measure of thermal efficiency of a
- 27 generating station or plant expressed in BTU's per net
- 28 kilowatt-hour and computed by dividing the total BTU content of
- 29 fuel burned for electric generation by the resulting net
- 30 kilowatt-hour generation;
- 31 M. "Last calendar year" means the calendar year immediately
- 32 preceding the year in which reports are required to be filed;
- N. "Load factor" means the ratio of the average load in
- 34 megawatts supplied during a designated period to the maximum
- 35 load in megawatts which was supplied during that designated
- 36 period;

- O. "Minnesota service area" means that portion of a
- 2 utility's system lying within Minnesota;
- 3 P. "Minnesota Wisconsin Power Suppliers Group (MWPSG)" means
- 4 the planning group which represents the following utilities:
- 5 Northern States Power Company, Minnesota Power, Ottertail Power
- 6 Company, Interstate Power Company, Minnkota Power Cooperative,
- 7 Cooperative Power Association, United Power Association,
- 8 Dairyland Power Cooperative and the Southern Minnesota Municipal
- 9 Power Agency;
- 10 Q. "Municipal power agency" means a municipal corporation
- 11 incorporated pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, SS 453-51 through
- 12 453-62 inclusive Minn. Stat. SS 453.51-453.62.
- For purposes of these rules, a municipal power agency may
- 14 elect to supply in aggregate the data required by these rules
- 15 for its members. All data submitted in such fashion shall be in
- 16 the format specified by the director;
- 17 R. "Net generating capacity" means the total amount of
- 18 kilowatts, less station use, that all the generating facilities
- 19 of a system could supply at the time of its maximum system
- 20 demand, including the capacity of the generating units which are
- 21 temporarily out of service for maintenance or repair;
- 22 S. "Net generation" means gross generation minus megawatt-
- 23 hours used for station use;
- 24 T. "Net reserve capacity obligation" means the annual
- 25 adjusted net demand multiplied by the percent reserve capacity
- 26 requirement;
- 27 U. "Operating availability" is the time in hours during
- 28 which a plant a measure of the total time during which a plant
- 29 is available. It is expressed as the ratio of available hours
- 30 to period the ratio, expressed as a percent, of available hours
- 31 to period hours. Available hours are the sum of service hours
- 32 and reserve shutdown hours;
- 33 V. "Participation power" means power and energy which are
- 34 sold from a specific generating unit or units for a period of
- 35 six or more months on a continuously available basis (except
- 36 when such unit or units are temporarily out of service for

- 1 maintenance during which time the delivery of energy from other
- 2 generating units is at the seller's option);
- 3 W. "Participation purchases" and "participation sales" means
- 4 means purchases and sales under a participation power agreement
- 5 or a seasonal participation power agreement;
- 6 X. "Peak demand" means the highest megawatt demand during a
- 7 designated period recorded on a one-hour integrated reading
- 8 basis;
- 9 Y. "Residential electrical space heating customer" means any
- 10 residential customer which derives over one-half of its heating
- 11 requirements from electricity a residential customer who uses
- 12 electricity as a source of space heating throughout the entire
- 13 premises from permanently installed electric heating equipment;
- 14 Z. "Seasonal adjusted net demand" means seasonal system
- 15 demand, minus firm purchases, plus firm sales;
- 16 AA. "Seasonal participation power" means participation power
- 17 sold and bought on a seasonal (summer or winter) basis;
- 18 BB. "Seasonal system demand" means the maximum system demand
- 19 on the applicant's system which occurs or is expected to occur
- 20 in any normal summer season or winter season;
- 21 CC. "Summer season" means the period from May 1 through
- 22 October 31;
- DD. "System" means that combination of generating,
- 24 transmission, and distribution facilities which makes up the
- 25 operating physical plant of the utility, whether owned or
- 26 nonowned, for the delivery of electrical energy to ultimate
- 27 consumers and includes the geographic area where the utility's
- 28 ultimate consumers are located;
- 29 EE. "System demand" means the number of megawatts which is
- 30 equal to the megawatt-hours required in any clock hour,
- 31 attributable to energy required by the system during such hour
- 32 for supply of firm energy to ultimate consumers, including
- 33 system losses, and also including any transmission losses
- 34 occurring on other systems and supplied by the system for
- 35 transmission of firm energy, but excluding generating station
- 36 uses and excluding transmission losses charged to another system;

- 1 FF. "Ultimate consumers" means consumers purchasing
- 2 electricity for their use and not for resale;
- 3 GG. "Utility" means any entity engaged in the generation,
- 4 transmission or distribution of electrical energy, including but
- 5 not limited to a private investor-owned utility or a public or
- 6 municipally-owned utility; and
- 7 HH. "Winter season" means the period from November 1 through
- 8 April 30.
- 9 6 MCAR S 2.0203 Registration. Any electric utility which
- 10 commences operations in the state shall file a registration
- 11 statement with the director within 30 days after commencing
- 12 operation. Each registration statement shall be on forms issued
- 13 by the director and shall contain the name and headquarter
- 14 address of the utility, the type of utility, the names and
- 15 addresses of all officers of the utility, and the name, address
- 16 and telephone number of a person who may be contacted for
- 17 information about the utility. Registration statements must be
- 18 updated as a part of each utility's annual report.
- 19 6 MCAR S 2.0204 Reporting dates.
- 20 A. Annual.
- 21 1. Except as provided by the director, each generating
- 22 and transmission utility shall file with the director the
- 23 information required by rules 6 MCAR SS 2.0203, 2.0205, 2.0206,
- 24 2.0207, 2.0208, 2.0209 and 2.0210 by July 1 of each year.
- 25 2. Except as provided by the director, each distribution
- 26 only utility shall file with the director only the information
- 27 required by rules 6 MCAR SS 2.0203, 2.0205 and 2.0210 by July 1
- 28 of each year.
- 29 B. Quarterly.
- 30 1. Except as provided by the director, each utility shall
- 31 file with the director the information required by rule 6 MCAR S
- 32 2.0211 on a quarterly basis as follows:
- 33 a. Information for the period of January 1 to March 31
- 34 shall be filed by April 30.
- 35 b. Information for the period of April 1 to June 30

- 1 shall be filed by July 31.
- 2 c. Information for the period of July 1 to September
- 3 30 shall be filed by October 31.
- d. Information for the period of October 1 to December
- 5 31 shall be filed by January 31 of the following year.
- 6 2. No changes shall be made in reporting dates set forth
- 7 in this section unless each reporting utility which would be
- 8 affected has been given written notice of such change 30 or more
- 9 days before the effective date of such change.
- 10 6 MCAR S 2.0205 Federal reports filed by utilities. Each
- 11 utility shall identify to the director all forms and reports
- 12 which it regularly files with the Federal Power Commission, the
- 13 Rural Electrification Administration, and other Federal
- 14 agencies. Upon request of the director, each utility shall make
- 15 copies of any such forms or reports available to the director.
- 16 6 MCAR S 2.0206 Basic forecast and current data.
- 17 A. Each utility shall submit annually to the director data
- 18 for the last calendar year and a forecast for the present year
- 19 and the 14 subsequent years of the generation, the peak demand,
- 20 and the consumption of electrical energy.
- 21 B. The basic forecast and current data shall contain the
- 22 following data for each year cited in rule 6 MCAR S 2.0206 A. in
- 23 the form requested below.
- 1. The annual electrical consumption, generation and peak
- 25 demand forecast shall include:
- a. annual total electrical consumption in
- 27 megawatt-hours by ultimate consumers within the utility's
- 28 Minnesota service area;
- b. annual total electrical consumption in
- 30 megawatt-hours by the utility's ultimate consumers outside its
- 31 Minnesota service area;
- 32 c. the number of megawatt-hours the utility has
- 33 received or expects to receive from other systems for sale to
- 34 its ultimate consumers or to other utilities;
- d. the number of megawatt-hours the utility has

- 1 delivered or expects to deliver to other systems for resale;
- e. total annual net generation of electrical energy by
- 3 the utility in megawatt-hours;
- f. electrical energy loss in megawatt-hours due to
- 5 transmission line and substation losses;
- 6 g. peak demand for the system during the summer season
- 7 and during the winter season;
- 8 h. load factor for the system during the summer season
- 9 and during the winter season.
- 10 C. For the last calendar year historical data shall be
- 11 supplied. If recorded figures are not available, estimates
- 12 shall be used and shall be identified as such. When the
- 13 recorded figures become available, they shall be supplied as a
- 14 supplement to the data. For each other reporting year, a
- 15 forecast shall be made using the methodology which yields the
- 16 most meaningful results for the utility's system. The forecast
- 17 shall be based on the factors which the reporting utility deems
- 18 most likely to occur in its Minnesota service area. The
- 19 procedures, assumptions and factors used in arriving at the
- 20 forecast shall be stated in writing. Each utility shall comment
- 21 on probable deviations from the projection. Any utility
- 22 required to file an extended forecast pursuant to rule 6 MCAR S
- 23 2.0207 need not file the forecast documentation required in rule
- 24 6 MCAR S 2.0206 C.
- 25 6 MCAR S 2.0207 The extended forecast.
- A. The following utilities must file an extended forecast:
- 27 Northern States Power Company, Minnesota Power, Otter Tail Power
- 28 Company, Interstate Power Company, Minnkota Power Cooperative,
- 29 Cooperative Power Association, United Power Association and
- 30 Dairyland Power Cooperative, United Minnesota Municipal Power
- 31 Agency, and the Southern Minnesota Municipal Power Agency. Data
- 32 which is compiled within the same calendar year for either an
- 33 extended forecast or a certificate of need application may be
- 34 substituted interchangeably to satisfy those portions of both
- 35 sets of rules which have identical data requirements. In such
- 36 cases, references to the material substituted and a copy of the

- 1 appropriate reference material shall be submitted to meet the
- 2 reporting requirements.
- 3 B. Content of extended forecast. The following data shall
- 4 be provided:
- 5 l. annual electrical consumption by ultimate consumers
- 6 and number of customers at year's end within the utility's
- 7 system and for its Minnesota service area only for the past
- 8 calendar year, the present calendar year, and the subsequent 14
- 9 years, for each of the following categories:
- 10 a. farm, excluding irrigation and drainage pumping
- ll (for reporting purposes, any tract of land used primarily for
- 12 agricultural purposes);
- b. irrigation and drainage pumping;
- c. nonfarm residential (including electricity supplied
- 15 through a single meter for both residential and commercial uses
- 16 reported according to its principal use and apartment buildings
- 17 reported as residential even if not separately metered);
- d. commercial (including wholesale and retail trade;
- 19 communications industries; public and private office buildings,
- 20 banks, and dormitories; insurance, real estate and rental
- 21 agencies; hotels and motels; personal business and auto repair
- 22 services; medical and educational facilities; governmental
- 23 units, excluding military bases; warehouses other than
- 24 manufacturer owned; electric, gas, water and water pumping other
- 25 than pumping for irrigation, and other utilities);
- e. mining;
- f. industrial (including all manufacturing industries,
- 28 construction operations and petroleum refineries);
- g. street and highway lighting;
- h. electrified transportation (including energy
- 31 supplied for the propulsion of vehicles, but not energy supplied
- 32 for office buildings, depots, signal lights or other associated
- 33 facilities which shall be reported as commercial or industrial);
- i. other (including municipal water pumping
- 35 facilities, oil and gas pipeline pumping facilities, military
- 36 camps and bases, and all other consumers not reported in

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1 categories a through h); and
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- j. the sum of categories a through i;
- 3 2. an estimate of the demand for power by ultimate
- 4 consumers in the utility's system for each of the categories
- 5 listed in rule 6 MCAR S 2.0207 B.1. at the time of the last
- 6 annual system peak demand;
- 7 3. the utility's system peak demand by month for the last
- 8 calendar year;
- 9 4. the utility's seasonal firm purchases and seasonal
- 10 firm sales for each utility involved in each transaction for the
- 11 last year, the present year, and the 14 subsequent years;
- 12 5. the utility's seasonal participation purchases and
- 13 participation sales for each utility involved in each
- 14 transaction for the last year, the present year, and the 14
- 15 subsequent years;
- 16 6. for the summer season and for the winter season of the
- 17 last year, the present year, and the 14 subsequent years, the
- 18 load and generation capacity data requested in items a. through
- 19 m. listed below, including all anticipated purchases, sales,
- 20 capacity retirements, and capacity additions, including those
- 21 which may depend upon certificates of need not yet issued:
- 22 a. seasonal system demand;
- b. annual system demand;
- 24 c. total seasonal firm purchases;
- d. total seasonal firm sales;
- e. seasonal adjusted net demand (a-c+d);
- f. annual adjusted net demand (b-c+d);
- g. net generating capacity;
- h. total participation purchases;
- i. total participation sales;
- j. adjusted net capability (g+h-i);
- 32 k. net reserve capacity obligation;
- 1. total firm capacity obligation (e+k); and
- m. surplus or deficit (-) capacity (j-1);
- 7. the utility's proposed additions and retirements. For
- 36 the present calendar year and the subsequent 14 years, each

- 1 utility shall provide a list in megawatts of proposed additions
- 2 and retirements in generating capability; and
- 3 8. the utility's method of determining its system reserve
- 4 margin and the appropriateness of the margin.
- 5 C. Forecast documentation for rules 6 MCAR SS 2.0206 and
- 6 2.0207.
- 7 1. Forecast methodology. Each applicant may use the
- 8 forecast methodology which yields the most useful results for
- 9 its system. However, the applicant shall detail in written form
- 10 the forecast methodology employed to obtain the forecasts
- 11 provided under rules 6 MCAR SS 2.0206 and 2.0207 including:
- a. the overall methodological framework which is used;
- b. the specific analytical techniques which are used,
- 14 their purpose, and the component(s) of the forecast to which
- 15 they have been applied;
- 16 c. the manner in which these specific techniques are
- 17 related in producing the forecast;
- d. where statistical techniques have been used, the
- 19 purpose of the technique, typical computations (e.g., computer
- 20 printouts, formulas used) specifying variables and data, and the
- 21 results of appropriate statistical tests;
- e. forecast confidence levels or ranges of accuracy
- 23 for annual peak demand and annual electrical consumption;
- f. a brief analysis of the methodology used, including
- 25 its strengths and weaknesses, its suitability to the system,
- 26 cost considerations, data requirements, past accuracy, and any
- 27 other factors considered significant by the utility; and
- g. an explanation of any discrepancies which appear
- 29 between the forecasts presented by the utility in rule 6 MCAR S
- 30 2.0207 and those contained in rule 6 MCAR S 2.0206 this year or
- 31 in the past years.
- 32 2. Data base for forecasts. The utility shall discuss in
- 33 written form the data base used in arriving at the forecast
- 34 presented in rules 6 MCAR SS 2.0206 and 2.0207 including:
- a. a complete list of all data sets used in making the
- 36 forecast, including a brief description of each data set and an

- 1 explanation of how each was obtained, (e.g., monthly
- 2 observations, billing data, consumer survey, etc.) or a citation
- 3 to the source (e.g., population projection from the state
- 4 demographer); and
- b. a clear identification of any adjustments made to
- 6 raw data to adapt them for use in forecasts, including the
- 7 nature of the adjustment, the reason for the adjustment and the
- 8 magnitude of the adjustment.
- 9 3. Assumptions and special information.
- 10 a. Discussion. The utility shall discuss in writing
- 11 each essential assumption made in preparing the forecasts,
- 12 including the need for the assumption, the nature of the
- 13 assumption, and the sensitivity of forecast results to
- 14 variations in the essential assumptions. Among the assumptions
- 15 that shall be discussed are current and anticipated saturation
- 16 levels of major electric appliances and electric space heating
- 17 within the utility's service area.
- b. Subject of assumption. The utility shall discuss
- 19 the assumptions made regarding the availability of alternative
- 20 sources of energy, the expected conversion from other fuels to
- 21 electricity or vice versa, future prices of electricity for
- 22 customers in the utility's system and the effect that such price
- 23 changes will likely have on the utility's system demand, the
- 24 assumptions made in arriving at any data requested in 6 MCAR SS
- 25 2.0206 or 2.0207 which is not available historically or not
- 26 generated by the utility in preparing its own internal forecast,
- 27 the effect of existing energy conservation programs under
- 28 federal or state legislation on long-term electrical demand, the
- 29 projected effect of new conservation programs which the utility
- 30 deems likely to occur through future state and federal
- 31 legislation on long-term electrical demand, and any other factor
- 32 considered by the utility in preparing the forecast. In
- 33 addition the utility shall state what assumptions were made, if
- 34 any, regarding current and anticipated saturation levels of
- 35 major electric appliances and electric space heating within the
- 36 utility's service area. If a utility makes no assumptions in

- 1 preparing its forecast with regard to current and anticipated
- 2 saturation levels of major electrical appliances and electric
- 3 space heating it shall simply state this in its discussion of
- 4 assumptions.
- 5 4. Coordination of forecasts with other systems. The
- 6 utility shall provide in writing:
- 7 a. a description of the extent to which the utility
- 8 coordinates its load forecasts with those of other systems, such
- 9 as neighboring systems, associate systems in a power pool, or
- 10 coordinating organizations; and
- b. a description of the manner in which such forecasts
- 12 are coordinated, and any problems experienced in efforts to
- 13 coordinate load forecasts.
- 14 6 MCAR S 2.0208 Generating facilities.
- 15 A. Present facilities. Each utility required to report
- 16 under rule 6 MCAR S 2.0204 A.1. shall provide the following
- 17 information with regard to each power plant serving or capable
- 18 of serving its Minnesota service area as of January 1 of the
- 19 current year:
- 20 1. the name and type of the plant;
- 21 2. its location and address;
- 3. actual summer and winter plant capacity as measured by
- 23 the maximum load that could be supplied by present equipment on
- 24 a peaking basis;
- 4. the total number of net megawatt-hours generated by
- 26 the plant for non-plant use during the last calendar year;
- 5. the annual heat rate of the plant;
- 28 6. the quantities of primary and secondary fuels consumed
- 29 during the last calendar year;
- 7. the year in which the plant or each unit of a
- 31 multiunit plant began operation;
- 32 8. the type of unit and name plate megawatt rating for
- 33 each unit of generating equipment in the plant;
- 9. if available, for all base load plants provide the
- 35 capacity factor, operating availability, and forced outage rate.
- 36 B. Future facility additions. Each utility required to

- 1 report under rule 6 MCAR S 2.0204 A.1. shall estimate the
- 2 additional power plants or additions to existing plants
- 3 necessary to provide for the energy growth predicted by the
- 4 forecasts in rules 6 MCAR SS 2.0206 and 2.0207. Each utility
- 5 shall supply the following information about each additional
- 6 plant or addition:
- 7 1. the proposed general location of each plant currently
- 8 in the planning stage, or the actual location of each plant
- 9 currently under construction;
- 10 2. the year the plant is to begin operation;
- 11 3. the estimated cost of the new facility at the time of
- 12 construction;
- 13 4. the estimated summer and winter plant capacity of
- 14 anticipated generating equipment;
- 15 5. the estimated total annual net megawatt-hours
- 16 generated for nonplant use by the plant operating at normal
- 17 conditions under normal maintenance and circumstances, during
- 18 its first full calendar year of operation;
- 19 6. the estimated type and amount of fuel to be used to
- 20 operate the plant on an annual basis under conditions set forth
- 21 in 6 MCAR S 2.0208 B.5.;
- 7. the estimated heat rate of the plant; and
- 8. the type of unit or units proposed for the plant.
- 24 C. Future facility retirements. Each utility required to
- 25 report under rule 6 MCAR S 2.0204 A.1. shall list any planned
- 26 facility retirements that will take place within the next 15
- 27 years. Each utility shall provide the following information
- 28 about each facility retirement:
- 1. the location and type of the plant;
- 30 2. the forecasted retirement date; and
- 31 3. the plant's actual summer and winter capacity.
- 32 D. Fuel requirements and generation by fuel type.
- 1. Based on the data reported under rule 6 MCAR S 2.0208
- 34 A. each utility shall report the quantity of coal, natural gas,
- 35 middle distillates, heavy oils, nuclear energy, and other fuels
- 36 used by its Minnesota power plants during the last calendar

- 1 year, and the net megawatt-hours of electrical energy generated
- 2 by each type of fuel. Net generation from Minnesota hydro power
- 3 plants shall also be provided. If data is reported for other
- 4 fuels, the type of fuel shall be specified.
- 5 2. Each utility shall estimate the quantities of the fuel
- 6 which will be necessary for use by its Minnesota power plants to
- 7 provide for the electrical energy growth predicted by the
- 8 forecast projected in rules 6 MCAR SS 2.0206 and 2.0207. Each
- 9 utility shall also estimate by fuel type the net megawatt-hours
- 10 electricity which will be produced by its Minnesota power plants
- 11 under the forecast. A forecast of net generation from Minnesota
- 12 hydro power plants shall also be provided. In preparing such
- 13 estimates, each utility shall consider increases in fuel use by
- 14 existing facilities and possible conversions between fuel types.
- 15 6 MCAR S 2.0209 Transmission lines.
- 16 A. Existing transmission lines. Each utility shall report
- 17 the following information in regard to each transmission line
- 18 over 200 kilovolts now in existence:
- 19 1. a map showing the location of each line;
- 20 2. the design voltage of each line;
- 3. the size and type of conductor;
- 4. the approximate location of D.C. terminals or A.C.
- 23 substations; and
- 5. the approximate length of each line in Minnesota.
- 25 B. Transmission line additions. Each generating and
- 26 transmission utility, as defined in 6 MCAR S 2.0202, shall
- 27 report the information required in rule 6 MCAR S 2.0209 A. for
- 28 all future transmission lines over 200 kilovolts which the
- 29 utility plans to build within the next 15 years.
- 30 C. Transmission line retirements. Each generation and
- 31 transmission utility as defined in 6 MCAR S 2.0202 shall
- 32 identify all present transmission lines over 200 kilovolts which
- 33 the utility plans to retire within the next 15 years.
- 34 6 MCAR S 2.0210 Other information reported annually. Each
- 35 utility shall provide the following information for the last

- 1 calendar year:
- 2 A. a table and a graphed curve of the demand in megawatts by
- 3 hour over a 24-hour period for:
- 4 1. the 24-hour period during the summer season when the
- 5 megawatt demand on the system was the greatest; and
- 6 2. the 24-hour period during the winter season when the
- 7 megawatt demand on the system was the greatest;
- 8 B. the names, addresses, and the kilowatt-hours of
- 9 electricity consumed by customers of the utility who annually
- 10 consume over 600,000 kilowatt-hours;
- 11 C. the names and addresses of the utility's suppliers of
- 12 primary fuels. Provide for each supplier of primary fuels the
- 13 type of fuel purchased;
- D. a detailed map, on which the scale is indicated, of the
- 15 utility's Minnesota service area, identifying power plants,
- 16 principal substations, and transmission lines over 200
- 17 kilovolts, identified by voltage;
- 18 E. a listing of the purchases and sales for resales the
- 19 utility had with other utilities, including:
- 20 1. the name of any such utility;
- 21 2. megawatt-hours purchased or sold for resale during the
- 22 last year;
- 23 F. its present rate schedules as of June 1 of the present
- 24 year;
- 25 G. a copy of whichever of the following reports it files
- 26 with either the Energy Information Administration of the U.S.
- 27 Department of Energy or the U.S. Department of Agriculture:
- 28 1. F.P.C. Form Number 12;
- 29 2. Part D. of the financial and statistical report to the
- 30 United States Department of Agriculture;
- 31 H. for distribution-only utilities the megawatt-hours
- 32 generated on an emergency standby basis and the amount of fuel
- 33 used to generate such electricity;
- I. actual data on the number of residential electric space
- 35 heating customers and units it has and the total megawatt-hours
- 36 of electricity sold these customers during the past calendar

- 1 year. If a utility cannot provide actual data estimates may be
- 2 accepted.
- 3 J. its deliveries to ultimate consumers for the last
- 4 calendar year broken down by categories determined by the
- 5 director. (This rule is not applicable to electric utilities
- 6 completing rule S 2.0207 B.1.)
- 7 6 MCAR S 2.0211 Quarterly reports of energy delivered to
- 8 ultimate consumers.
- 9 A. Beginning in the year 1976 all utilities, except
- 10 municipal utilities with sales of under 20 million
- 11 kilowatt-hours annually, shall report quarterly the
- 12 kilowatt-hours delivered each month during the preceding quarter
- 13 to ultimate consumers, broken down by customer class/geographic
- 14 area combination.
- 15 1. Geographic areas will be defined by the customer's
- 16 county.
- 2. Customer class will be defined by standard industrial
- 18 classification (SIC) codes with extensions for more detailed
- 19 breakdown of households and governmental units.
- 3. In each customer class/geographic area combination the
- 21 utility shall report the number of customers and the total
- 22 kilowatt-hours consumed.
- 23 B. Said information shall be in the form determined by the
- 24 director. Upon written application, the director may allow a
- 25 utility to report said information in a different form.
- 26 6 MCAR S 2.0212 The Minnesota Wisconsin Power Suppliers Group
- 27 (MWPSG). For purposes of these rules the MWPSG may provide a
- 28 joint report to either the agency, or both the agency and the
- 29 Minnesota Environmental Quality Board (MEQB) on behalf of its
- 30 member utilities. Such a joint report shall contain all
- 31 information required by these rules and shall be in a format
- 32 deemed acceptable by the director. Such a joint report shall
- 33 fulfill the obligations of the member utilities in meeting these
- 34 rules and the statutory informational requirements of Minn.
- 35 Stat. SS 116H.10 and 116H.11 (1980).

- 1 Within these rules where the agency's reporting
- 2 requirements and those of the MEQB are similar the MWPSG in its
- 3 report need file only one joint listing of the required
- 4 information so long as that listing provides all the data
- 5 requirements of these rules and is in a format acceptable to the
- 6 director.
- 7 The following rules within these reporting requirements
- 8 shall be considered similar to those of the MEQB: 6 MCAR SS
- 9 2.0207 B.4.-7., 2.0208 B.-C., and 2.0209 A.-B. In addition to
- 10 these rules, the director may designate other rules similar as
- 11 well.
- 12 6 MCAR S 2.0213 Corrections. Substantial corrections of any
- 13 report or statement must be filed with the agency within 10 days
- 14 following the date of the event prompting the change in reported
- 15 information or the date upon which the person filing became
- 16 aware of the inaccuracy. The change or correction shall
- 17 identify the form and the paragraph of the information to be
- 18 changed or corrected.
- 19 6 MCAR S 2.0214 Federal or state data substitution for Energy
- 20 Agency data requirements. Upon written request by any utility,
- 21 the director may allow it to substitute data provided to the
- 22 federal government or another state agency in lieu of data
- 23 required by these regulations if the data required by both
- 24 agencies is substantially the same.