## 7151.5600 CORROSION PROTECTION.

- Subpart 1. **Tanks.** The floor of a steel aboveground storage tank must be protected from corrosion using one of the following methods:
- A. the tank is elevated so that the underside of the tank floor is not in contact with any surface other than the tank supports;
- B. the tank rests on a continuous concrete slab that is designed to prevent water from accumulating under the tank floor;
  - C. the tank is double walled;
  - D. the tank is double-bottomed with:
    - (1) a vacuum pulled on the interstitial space; or
    - (2) a cathodic protection system installed in the interstitial space;
  - E. the tank floor is:
    - (1) cathodically protected; and
- (2) internally lined in accordance with American Petroleum Institute Standard 652;
  - F. the tank floor is:
    - (1) cathodically protected; and
- (2) internally inspected in accordance with American Petroleum Institute Standard 653; or
  - G. the tank floor is:
- (1) internally lined in accordance with American Petroleum Institute Standard 652; and
- (2) internally inspected in accordance with American Petroleum Institute Standard 653.
- Subp. 2. **Lines.** A steel line must be protected from external corrosion using one of the following methods:
  - A. the line is not in contact with soil;
  - B. the line is cathodically protected; or
  - C. the line is double walled.

- Subp. 3. **Design criteria.** Cathodic protection of new steel tanks and lines must meet the following design criteria:
- A. the cathodic protection system must be designed by a corrosion expert in accordance with American Petroleum Institute Standards 651 and 1632, as applicable; and
- B. underground lines and the underside of the floor of a shop-fabricated steel tank must be coated with dielectric material in accordance with Steel Tank Institute Recommended Practice R893-89.

Statutory Authority: MS s 115.03

History: 23 SR 883; 25 SR 556

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