7009.1070 TABLE 2: **EMISSION** REDUCTION **OBJECTIVES FOR** PARTICULATE MATTER.

EMISSION FACILITY

AIR POLLUTION **ALERT**

AIR POLLUTION WARNING

AIR POLLUTION **EMERGENCY**

- 1. Coal or facilities.
- a. Substantial oil-fired electric reduction by utilization by utilization of fuels by utilization of fuels power generating of fuels having lowest having lowest available having lowest available available ash content.
 - Maximum b. utilization of midday (12:00 noon to 4:00 p.m.) atmospheric turbulence for boiler lancing and soot blowing
 - c. Substantial reduction by diverting by diverting electric electric power generation to facilities facilities outside of outside of Alert Area.

- a. Maximum reduction a. Maximum reduction ash content.
- b. Maximum utilization of midday (12:00 noon to 4:00 p.m.) atmospheric turbulence for boiler lancing and soot blowing.
- power generation to Warning Area.

- ash content. b. Maximum
- utilization of midday (12:00 noon to 4:00 p.m.) atmospheric turbulence for boiler lancing and soot blowing.
- c. Maximum reduction c. Maximum reduction by diverting electric power generation to facilities outside of Emergency Area.

- 2. Coal or facilities
- a. Substantial available ash content.
- a. Maximum reduction a. Maximum reduction oil-fired process reduction by utilization by utilization of fuels by reducing heat and steam generating of fuels having lowest having lowest available steam demands to ash content.
 - absolute necessities consistent with preventing equipment damage.

- b. Maximum utilization of midday (12:00 noon to 4:00 p.m.) atmospheric turbulence for boiler lancing and soot blowing.
- Maximum utilization of midday (12:00 noon to 4:00 p.m). atmospheric turbulence for boiler lancing and soot blowing
- b. Maximum utilization of midday (12:00 noon to 4:00 p.m.) atmospheric turbulence for boiler landing and soot blowing.

- c. Reduction of steam load demands consistent with continuing plant operation.
- c. Reduction of steam load demands consistent with continuing plant operations.

d. Making ready for use a plan of

action to be taken if an emergency develops.

c. Taking the action called for in the emergency plan.

- 3. A-Manufacturing. processing, and mining industries. **AND** B-Other persons required by this rule to prepare standby plans.
- a. Substantial reduction of air contaminants from manufacturing operations by curtailing, postponing, reasonable economic and allied operations.
- a. Maximum reduction a. Elimination of of air contaminants from manufacturing operations by, if necessary, assuming or deferring production hardship by postponing and allied operations production and allied operations.
- air contaminants from manufacturing operations by ceasing, curtailing, postponing or deferring production to the extent possible without causing injury to persons or damage to equipment.
- b. Maximum reduction b. Maximum reduction b. Elimination of air by deferring trade waste disposal operations which emit operations which emit processes which emit particles.
- c. Reduction of particulate producing heat load demands for processing consistent with continuing plant operations.
- by deferring trade waste disposal particles.
- c. Reduction of particulate producing heat load demands for processing consistent with continuing plant operations.
- contaminants from trade waste disposal particles.
- c. Maximum reduction of particulate producing heat load demands for processing.

4. Refuse disposal operations.

a. Maximum reduction a. Maximum reduction burning.

b. Substantial reduction by limiting burning of refuse in incinerators to the hours between 12:00 noon and 4:00 p.m.

by prevention of open by prevention of open by prevention of open burning.

> b. Complete elimination of the use of incinerators.

burning.

b. Complete elimination of the use of incinerators.

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