

CHAPTER 5220
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY
REHABILITATION AND COMPENSATION

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OR REGISTERED REHABILITATION VENDOR REQUIREMENTS;
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**REHABILITATION; QUALIFIED REHABILITATION CONSULTANT
OR REGISTERED REHABILITATION VENDOR REQUIREMENTS;
RULES OF PRACTICE**

5220.0100 DEFINITIONS.

Subpart 1. **Scope.** For the purposes of parts 5220.0100 to 5220.1900, the following terms have the meanings given them.

Subp. 1a. [Repealed, 11 SR 2237]

Subp. 2. [Repealed, 17 SR 3361]

Subp. 3. **Assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant.** "Assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant" means the qualified rehabilitation consultant responsible for consultation, development, and implementation of the rehabilitation plan, whether the qualified rehabilitation consultant is:

- A. selected by the insurer if the employee does not choose;
- B. chosen by the employee if the employee exercises a choice provided by statute;
- C. determined by a documented agreement of the parties or by the commissioner or a compensation judge in the event of a dispute; or
- D. assigned by the commissioner under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102, subdivision 4, paragraph (f).

Subp. 4. **Commissioner.** "Commissioner" means commissioner of the Department of Labor and Industry.

Subp. 5. **Department.** "Department" means the Department of Labor and Industry.

Subp. 6. [Repealed, 16 SR 2520]

Subp. 7. [Repealed, 16 SR 2520]

Subp. 8. [Repealed, 16 SR 2520]

Subp. 9. **Employer.** "Employer" means the employer at the time of injury of the employee, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.

Subp. 10. **Formal course of study.** "Formal course of study" means a program described by a published syllabus with established time parameters for completion which results in a diploma or other certification that is accepted as a credential of basic competence in a vocation.

Subp. 10a. [Repealed, 16 SR 2520]

Subp. 11. [Repealed, 16 SR 2520]

Subp. 12. **Identifying information.** "Identifying information" refers to the name, current mailing address, and current phone number of a person or entity. For employees, identifying information also includes the department file number and date of injury. For employers and insurers, identifying information also includes the name of the individual to contact about the claim. For rehabilitation providers, identifying information includes the rehabilitation provider registration number.

Subp. 12a. **Insurer.** "Insurer" includes self-insured employers.

Subp. 13. **Job analysis.** "Job analysis" means a systematic study that reports work activity as follows:

- A. what the worker does in the job being analyzed in relation to data, people, and things;
- B. what methods and techniques are employed by the worker;
- C. what machines, tools, equipment, and work aids are used;
- D. what materials, products, subject matter, or services result; and
- E. what traits are required of the worker.

Depending upon the purpose for which the analysis is completed, a job analysis may describe a group of positions that are sufficiently alike to justify being covered by a single analysis or, if necessary, may describe a position that is the total work assignment of a single worker.

Subp. 14. [Repealed, 16 SR 2520]

Subp. 15. [Repealed, 16 SR 2520]

Subp. 16. **Job development.** "Job development" means systematic contact with prospective employers resulting in opportunities for interviews and employment that might not otherwise have existed. Job development facilitates a prospective employer's consideration of a qualified employee for employment.

Subp. 17. **Job modification.** "Job modification" means altering the work environment to accommodate physical or mental limitations by making changes in equipment, in the methods of completing tasks, or in job duties.

Subp. 18. **Job placement.** "Job placement" means activities that support a qualified employee's search for work, including the identification of job leads, arranging for job interviews, the preparation of a client to conduct an effective job search, and communication of information about, but not limited to, the labor market, programs or laws offering employment incentives, and the qualified employee's physical limitations and capabilities as permitted by data privacy laws.

Subp. 19. **Job seeking skills training.** "Job seeking skills training" means the formal teaching of independent work search skills including, but not limited to, the completion of applications, preparation of resumes, effectiveness in job interviews, and techniques for obtaining job leads.

Subp. 20. **Medical management.** "Medical management" by a qualified rehabilitation consultant means rehabilitation services that assist communication of information among parties about the employee's medical condition and treatment, and rehabilitation services that coordinate the employee's medical treatment with the employee's vocational rehabilitation services. Medical management refers only to those rehabilitation services necessary to facilitate the employee's return to work.

Subp. 21. **On-the-job training.** "On-the-job training" means training while employed at a workplace where the employee receives instruction from an experienced worker and which is likely to result in employment with the on-the-job training employer upon its completion.

Subp. 22. **Qualified employee.** "Qualified employee" means an employee who, because of the effects of a work-related injury or disease, whether or not combined with the effects of a prior injury or disability:

A. is permanently precluded or is likely to be permanently precluded from engaging in the employee's usual and customary occupation or from engaging in the job the employee held at the time of injury;

B. cannot reasonably be expected to return to suitable gainful employment with the date-of-injury employer; and

C. can reasonably be expected to return to suitable gainful employment through the provision of rehabilitation services, considering the treating physician's opinion of the employee's work ability.

Subp. 23. **Qualified rehabilitation consultant.** "Qualified rehabilitation consultant" means a person who is professionally trained and experienced and who is registered by the commissioner to provide a rehabilitation consultation and to develop and implement an appropriate plan of rehabilitation services for an employee entitled to rehabilitation benefits under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102.

Subp. 24. **Qualified rehabilitation consultant firm.** "Qualified rehabilitation consultant firm" means a public or private business, whether organized as a sole proprietorship, partnership, association,

corporation, or other form, which is held out to the public as a business entity engaged in rehabilitation consultation and services.

Subp. 25. **Registered rehabilitation vendor.** "Registered rehabilitation vendor" means a public or private entity registered by the commissioner and existing wholly or in part for the provision of rehabilitation services in accord with an approved rehabilitation plan.

Subp. 26. **Rehabilitation consultation.** "Rehabilitation consultation" means a meeting of the employee and assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant to determine whether the employee is a qualified employee, as defined in subpart 22 to receive rehabilitation services, as defined in subpart 29, considering the treating physician's opinion of the employee's work ability.

Subp. 27. **Rehabilitation plan.** "Rehabilitation plan" means a written document completed by the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant on a form prescribed by the commissioner describing a vocational goal and the specific services by which the qualified employee will be returned to suitable gainful employment.

Subp. 28. **Rehabilitation provider.** "Rehabilitation provider" means the following four categories of rehabilitation professionals:

- A. qualified rehabilitation consultants;
- B. qualified rehabilitation consultant interns;
- C. qualified rehabilitation consultant firms; and
- D. registered rehabilitation vendors.

Subp. 29. **Rehabilitation services.** "Rehabilitation services" means a program of vocational rehabilitation, including medical management, designed to return an individual to work consistent with Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102, subdivision 1, paragraph (b). The program begins with the first in-person visit of the employee by the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant, including a visit for purposes of a rehabilitation consultation. The program consists of the sequential delivery and coordination of services by rehabilitation providers under an individualized rehabilitation plan. Specific services under this program may include, but are not limited to, vocational evaluation, counseling, job analysis, job modification, job development, job placement, labor market survey, vocational testing, transferable skills analysis, work adjustment, job seeking skills training, on-the-job training, and retraining.

Subp. 30. **Required progress record.** "Required progress record" means a record maintained by the rehabilitation provider that documents the rehabilitation provider's services and the employee's rehabilitation progress. The record shall include all case notes and written reports whether or not they are submitted to the commissioner and all correspondence received or prepared by the rehabilitation provider about an employee's rehabilitation.

Subp. 31. **Required rehabilitation report.** "Required rehabilitation report" means the rehabilitation consultation report, the plan progress report, and any other report that must be submitted to the commissioner whenever a rehabilitation plan is initiated, proposed to be amended, suspended or closed, or when a change of assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant occurs on a case.

Subp. 32. **Retraining plan.** "Retraining plan" means an individualized written plan describing the formal course of study through which the goal of the rehabilitation plan may be accomplished. Adult basic education or remedial programs may be a component of a retraining plan but do not constitute retraining in and of themselves.

Subp. 33. **Review panel.** "Review panel" means the rehabilitation review panel created by Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102, subdivision 3.

Subp. 34. **Suitable gainful employment.** "Suitable gainful employment" means employment which is reasonably attainable and which offers an opportunity to restore the injured employee as soon as possible and as nearly as possible to employment which produces an economic status as close as possible to that which the employee would have enjoyed without disability. Consideration shall be given to the employee's former employment and the employee's qualifications, including, but not limited to, the employee's age, education, previous work history, interests, and skills.

Subp. 35. **Transferable skills analysis.** "Transferable skills analysis" means identifying and comparing skills learned in previous vocational or avocational activities with those required by occupations which are within the qualified employee's physical and mental capabilities.

Subp. 36. **Vocational evaluation.** "Vocational evaluation" means the comprehensive assessment of vocational aptitudes and potential, using information about a qualified employee's past history, medical and psychological status, and information from appropriate vocational testing, which may use paper and pencil instruments, work samples, simulated work stations, or assessment in a real work environment.

Subp. 37. **Vocational rehabilitation.** "Vocational rehabilitation" means the sequential delivery and coordination of services by rehabilitation providers under a rehabilitation plan to achieve the goal of suitable gainful employment.

Subp. 38. **Vocational testing.** "Vocational testing" means the measurement of vocational interests, aptitudes, and ability using standardized, professionally accepted psychometric procedures.

Subp. 39. **Work adjustment.** "Work adjustment" means the use of real or simulated work activity under close supervision at a rehabilitation facility or other work setting to develop appropriate work behaviors, attitudes, or personal characteristics.

Subp. 40. **Work hardening.** "Work hardening" means a physical conditioning program in a clinical setting designed to develop strength and tolerance for work or a schedule of graduated resumption of employment consistent with the employee's physical condition.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 176.102; 176.83*

History: *8 SR 1777; 9 SR 1478; 16 SR 2520; 17 SR 3361*

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5220.0105 INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

The following documents are incorporated by reference only to the extent specifically referenced in chapter 5220. The documents in items A and B are not subject to frequent change, although new editions may occasionally be published. The documents in item C are revised annually. All documents are available through the Minitex interlibrary loan system.

A. The Dictionary of Occupational Titles, fourth edition, 1991, United States Department of Labor, is available for purchase through the Superintendent of Documents, United States Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402.

B. The Guide to Job Analysis, March 1982, is published by and available for purchase through the Materials Development Center, Stout Vocational Rehabilitation Institute, University of Wisconsin-Stout, Menomonie, WI 54751.

C. The Commission on Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities (CARF) Directory of Accredited Organizations Serving People With Disabilities and its Standards Manual for Organizations Serving People With Disabilities, 1992, are available for purchase at 101 North Wilmot Road, Suite 500, Tucson, Arizona 85711.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 175.17; 175.171; 176.102; 176.83*

History: *16 SR 2520; 17 SR 3361; 18 SR 2546*

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5220.0107 SERVICE AND FILING OF REHABILITATION DOCUMENTS; COUNTING DAYS.

Subpart 1. **Service on other parties.** All required rehabilitation reports and progress records that are required to be sent or provided to other parties must be mailed by first class mail to their addresses of record, delivered by personal service, or, if authorized by the recipient, sent by facsimile or electronic mail.

Subp. 2. **Filing with state.** A document is filed upon its receipt by the division by 4:30 p.m. on an open state business day. Documents received after 4:30 p.m. are considered filed on the next open state business day. A party is authorized to file a document with the division by facsimile if the document is 15 pages or less in length. A party may file a document by electronic transmission only as authorized by the division. The filed facsimile or authorized electronically transmitted information has the same force and effect as the original. Where the quality or authenticity of a document filed by facsimile or electronic transmission is at issue, the division may require the original document to be filed. When the quality or authenticity of a document filed by facsimile or electronic transmission is not at issue, the party shall not also file the original document.

Subp. 3. **Counting days.** References to "days" in parts 5220.0100 to 5220.1900 mean calendar days unless specified otherwise.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 176.102; 176.83*

History: *29 SR 1480*

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5220.0110 REHABILITATION REQUEST; DISABILITY STATUS REPORT.

Subpart 1. [Repealed, 17 SR 3361]

Subp. 2. [Repealed, 17 SR 3361]

Subp. 3. [Repealed, 17 SR 3361]

Subp. 4. [Repealed, 17 SR 3361]

Subp. 5. **Rehabilitation consultation request.** The rehabilitation consultation may be requested by the employee, employer, or commissioner. A disability status report is used by the insurer to report rehabilitation consultation referral status.

Subp. 6. **Employee request for consultation.** The employee may request a rehabilitation consultation by giving written notice to the insurer requesting a rehabilitation consultation. Notification of the request shall be filed with the commissioner.

Subp. 7. **Disability status report.** The insurer shall file a disability status report to notify the commissioner of a referral for a rehabilitation consultation or to request a waiver of rehabilitation services.

A. The insurer shall complete a disability status report, file it with the commissioner, and serve a copy on the employee:

- (1) within 14 calendar days after it becomes known that the temporary total disability will likely exceed 13 cumulative weeks;
- (2) within 90 calendar days of the date of injury when the employee has not returned to work following a work injury; or
- (3) within 14 calendar days after receiving a request for rehabilitation consultation, whichever is earlier.

When a waiver of rehabilitation services has been granted under part 5220.0120, the insurer shall complete, serve, and file another disability status report within 14 calendar days of the expiration of the waiver. A disability status report is also required following each request for rehabilitation consultation.

B. The disability status report shall contain the following:

- (1) identifying information on the employee, employer, and insurer;
- (2) information about the duration of disability and the likelihood that the disability will extend beyond 13 weeks;
- (3) the current work status of the employee;
- (4) an indication of whether the employer will return the employee to work;
- (5) information about accommodations or services being provided to the employee to assist in the return to the date-of-injury employer;
- (6) an indication of whether a rehabilitation consultation is occurring or a request for a waiver of consultation is being made under part 5220.0120;
- (7) if rehabilitation consultation is indicated, the name of the qualified rehabilitation consultant who will conduct the rehabilitation consultation; and
- (8) a current treating physician's work ability report must be attached to the form.

C. The employee may object to the insurer's recommendation by filing a rehabilitation request for assistance with the commissioner.

Subp. 8. **Commissioner's authority.** If a disability status report is not filed according to this part, the commissioner may order a rehabilitation consultation by a qualified rehabilitation consultant at the insurer's expense, according to Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102, subdivision 4, paragraphs (b) and (f).

Statutory Authority: *MS s 176.102; 176.83*

History: *16 SR 2520; 17 SR 3361; 29 SR 1480*

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5220.0120 WAIVER OF CONSULTATION AND REHABILITATION SERVICES.

Subpart 1. **Purpose.** A rehabilitation waiver is used to defer the initiation of rehabilitation services including the consultation.

Subp. 2. **Criteria.** A request for a rehabilitation waiver must be filed on the disability status report within the time frames specified in part 5220.0110, subpart 7, item A. A waiver is granted when the employer documents that the otherwise qualified employee will return to the date-of-injury job or other suitable gainful employment with the date-of-injury employer within 90 calendar days after the request for the waiver is filed. The waiver shall not be effective more than 90 calendar days after the waiver is granted. A waiver of consultation and rehabilitation services may not be renewed.

Subp. 3. **Procedure and documentation.** A request for a rehabilitation waiver shall be documented on the disability status report form provided for in part 5220.0110, subpart 7.

Subp. 4. [Repealed, 29 SR 1480]

Subp. 5. **Commissioner's order.** If 90 calendar days have passed since the date of injury and the employee has not returned to work, no rehabilitation consultation has taken place, and no waiver of rehabilitation services has been granted, the commissioner shall order a rehabilitation consultation at the insurer's expense under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102, subdivision 4, paragraph (f), to be provided by the vocational rehabilitation unit of the department if appropriate.

Subp. 6. **Referral for consultation after waiver.** If 90 calendar days have passed since the waiver was granted and the employee has not returned to suitable gainful employment, the insurer shall provide a rehabilitation consultation. The insurer shall also provide a rehabilitation consultation if requested by the employee at any time even if a waiver has been granted.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 176.102; 176.83*

History: *16 SR 2520; 17 SR 3361; 29 SR 1480*

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5220.0130 REHABILITATION CONSULTATION.

Subpart 1. **Purpose.** A rehabilitation consultation is used to determine whether an employee is a qualified employee for rehabilitation services. An employee must be a qualified employee as defined in part 5220.0100, subpart 22, before a rehabilitation plan is implemented.

Subp. 2. **Criteria.** If the employee, employer, or commissioner requests a rehabilitation consultation, the insurer shall arrange for a rehabilitation consultation by a qualified rehabilitation consultant to take place within 15 calendar days of the insurer's receipt of the request.

If the insurer requests a waiver of rehabilitation services which is denied by the commissioner under part 5220.0120, the insurer shall arrange for a rehabilitation consultation by a qualified rehabilitation consultant to take place within 15 calendar days of the notification that the waiver request has not been granted.

The rehabilitation consultation shall be held at a location not more than 50 miles from the employee's residence if the employee lives in Minnesota or within 50 miles of a Minnesota state border. If the employee lives beyond this distance, the qualified rehabilitation consultant may conduct the consultation by telephone.

Subp. 3. **Consultation.** The procedure and documentation for a rehabilitation consultation are contained in items A to E.

A. Preconsultation actions. A copy of the first report of injury, the disability status report, and the accompanying current treating physician's work ability report shall be sent by the insurer to the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant prior to the rehabilitation consultation.

B. Actions. During the first in-person meeting with the employee for purposes of conducting a rehabilitation consultation, the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant shall:

(1) meet with the employee and, including those items in part 5220.1803, subparts 1 and 1a, explain the employee's rights and responsibilities regarding rehabilitation, including the employee's right to choose a qualified rehabilitation consultant; and

(2) gather information which will permit a determination of the employee's eligibility for rehabilitation.

C. Contents of report. The rehabilitation consultation shall be documented by the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant on a rehabilitation consultation report form prescribed by the commissioner containing substantially the following:

(1) identifying information of the employee, employer, insurer, and qualified rehabilitation consultant;

(2) the rehabilitation consultation date;

(3) an indication of the likelihood that the employee will return to the date-of-injury employer or date-of-injury occupation; and

(4) a determination of whether or not the employee is a qualified employee for rehabilitation services and a narrative report explaining the basis for the determination.

D. Time for filing. The assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant shall complete and file with the commissioner a rehabilitation consultation report within 14 calendar days of the first in-person meeting with the employee for the purpose of a rehabilitation consultation, or the first telephone conference if permitted by subpart 2. The assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant shall concurrently provide copies of these documents to the employer, the employee, any attorney for the employee, and the insurer.

E. Objection to the determination. The employee or the insurer may object to the qualified rehabilitation consultant's determination by filing a rehabilitation request for assistance with the commissioner.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 176.102; 176.83*

History: *16 SR 2520; 17 SR 3361; 29 SR 1480*

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5220.0200 [Repealed, 9 SR 1478]

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5220.0210 [Repealed, 16 SR 2520]

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5220.0300 [Repealed, 16 SR 2520]

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5220.0400 [Repealed, 16 SR 2520]

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5220.0410 REHABILITATION PLAN.

Subpart 1. **Purpose.** The purpose of the rehabilitation plan is to communicate to all interested parties the vocational goal, the rehabilitation services, and the projected amounts of time and money that will be needed to achieve the vocational goal.

Authoritative references for describing a vocational history and a vocational goal in the plan and for analyzing jobs are the Dictionary of Occupational Titles and the Guide to Job Analysis. These documents are incorporated by reference in part 5220.0105.

Subp. 2. **Requirements.** If a rehabilitation consultation results in a determination that an employee is a qualified employee for rehabilitation services, the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant shall, in consultation with the parties, develop, record, and file a rehabilitation plan on the form prescribed by the commissioner containing substantially the following:

A. information identifying the employee, employer, insurer, and assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant;

B. the employee's occupation at time of injury; the Dictionary of Occupational Titles, which is incorporated by reference in part 5220.0105, code for that occupation; and the vocational goal of the rehabilitation plan;

C. itemization of the rehabilitation services to be provided including any vendor names, anticipated service completion dates, estimated service costs, and projected total plan cost and plan completion date;

D. the dated signatures of the employee, insurer, and assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant if the parties are in agreement with the plan;

E. employee comments, if any; and

F. instructions to the parties that if they disagree with the plan they have 15 days from their receipt of the proposed plan to resolve the disagreement or object to the proposed plan, and that an objection must be filed with the commissioner.

Subp. 3. **Process.** Upon preparation of the proposed plan, and within 30 days of the first in-person contact between the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant and the employee, the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant shall provide to all parties a copy of the proposed rehabilitation plan.

Subp. 4. **Party's response.** Upon receipt of the proposed rehabilitation plan, each party must, within 15 days, either:

A. sign the plan signifying agreement and return it to the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant; or

B. promptly notify the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant of any objection to the plan and work with the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant to resolve the objection by agreement.

However, if the objection is not resolved, the objecting party must file a rehabilitation request for assistance with the commissioner within 15 days of receipt of the proposed plan. These disputes will be resolved according to part 5220.0950.

If no rehabilitation request for assistance objecting to the plan is filed within 15 days of the party's receipt, the plan approval process will occur as provided in subpart 6.

Subp. 5. **Filing the plan.** The assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant shall file the rehabilitation plan with the commissioner within 45 days of the first in-person contact between the qualified rehabilitation consultant and the employee or within 15 days of circulation to the parties, whichever is earlier.

Subp. 6. **Plan approval.** A rehabilitation plan that all parties have signed is deemed approved by the commissioner upon filing.

If a party fails to sign the plan or fails to file a rehabilitation request for assistance objecting to the proposed plan within the 15 days specified in subpart 4, item B, it shall be presumed that the party is in substantial agreement with the plan's vocational objective and the services that are proposed. In this event the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant shall file the plan with the commissioner along with evidence of the date the plan was sent to each party and, upon receipt, the plan will be deemed approved. A party's failure to sign a plan shall not constitute a waiver of any right to subsequently dispute the plan or to dispute payment of rehabilitation fees relative to the plan.

In reviewing rehabilitation plans pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102, subdivision 6, the commissioner shall notify all interested parties of the nature of any additional information necessary for the review, any recommended modifications to the plan, and any decision approving, modifying, or rejecting a plan.

If the commissioner refers issues relating to a plan to a compensation judge or an administrative conference pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 176.106, all parties shall be notified of that action and of all applicable related procedures.

Commencement of a plan without objection from the commissioner shall not constitute a waiver or an estoppel of the commissioner's or compensation judge's authority over the plan.

Subp. 7. **Communication with treating doctor.** Upon filing the rehabilitation plan with the commissioner, the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant shall, within the limitations of part 5220.1802, subpart 5, send a copy of the employee's rehabilitation plan to the employee's treating doctor.

Subp. 8. **Adherence to plan.** The services provided by rehabilitation providers shall be according to the approved rehabilitation plan.

Subp. 9. **Administration of plan.** All rehabilitation services shall be provided to an employee pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102, as stated in the rehabilitation plan and any subsequent amendments, and shall be administered exclusively by a person or business entity registered and approved by the commissioner as a qualified rehabilitation consultant or a qualified rehabilitation consultant firm.

The assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant shall monitor registered rehabilitation vendor compliance with the rehabilitation plan.

Job development and job placement services shall be provided either by rehabilitation providers registered by the commissioner or by a facility accredited by the National Commission on Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities (CARF), Tucson, Arizona. The CARF Directory of Accredited Organizations Serving People with Disabilities and its Standards Manual for Organizations Serving People with Disabilities are incorporated by reference in part 5220.0105. The insurer may select the vendor of job development or job placement services.

Subp. 10. **Disputes.** In the case of a dispute about a rehabilitation plan or any rehabilitation services provided, any party may file a rehabilitation request for assistance according to Minnesota Statutes, chapter 176, or part 5220.0950.

Subp. 11. **Travel expenses.** The insurer shall reimburse the employee for automobile mileage pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102, subdivision 9, at the rate paid by the employer for ordinary business travel expenses, or the rate paid by the state of Minnesota under the commissioner's plan for employment-related travel, whichever is lower.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 176.102; 176.83*

History: *16 SR 2520; 17 SR 3361; 29 SR 1480*

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5220.0450 PLAN PROGRESS REPORT.

Subpart 1. **Purpose.** The purpose of a plan progress report is to inform parties of the current status of the rehabilitation plan and provide a current estimate of plan cost and duration to completion.

Subp. 2. **Requirements.** Except as otherwise permitted by subpart 3, six months after the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant has filed an approved rehabilitation plan with the commissioner, the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant shall complete a plan progress report on the form prescribed by the commissioner that contains the following:

- A. information identifying the employee, employer, insurer, and assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant;
 - B. the employee's current medical status and work status;
 - C. the costs to date for rehabilitation services by all rehabilitation providers and the estimated costs to plan completion;
 - D. the duration of the rehabilitation plan to date and the estimated duration to plan completion;
- and
- E. the identification of barriers to successful completion of the rehabilitation plan and measures to be taken to overcome those barriers.

Subp. 3. Filing; subsequent and alternative filing; copies to parties.

A. The assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant shall file the six-month plan progress report with the commissioner within 15 days after six months have passed from the date of the filing of the rehabilitation plan. However, the plan progress report is not required to be completed if a plan amendment containing the information in subpart 2, items A to E, is filed within 15 days before or after six months have passed from the date the rehabilitation plan was filed.

B. Subsequent plan progress reports may be requested by the commissioner to monitor the progress of the rehabilitation plan. Subsequent reports must be filed with the commissioner within 15 days after the commissioner's written request.

C. The qualified rehabilitation consultant must provide copies of progress reports to the employee, the insurer, and attorneys representing the employee and insurer, at the time the reports are filed with the commissioner. The qualified rehabilitation consultant shall also provide a copy to the date of injury employer if the goal of the rehabilitation plan is to return the employee to work with that employer.

Subp. 4. **Commissioner's actions.** Based on the information contained in the current plan progress report and in other reports available to the commissioner, the commissioner may perform a more thorough review of the rehabilitation effort. The purpose of the commissioner's review is to determine if the plan is adequate to carry out the objectives of rehabilitation under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102, subdivision 1, paragraph (b). The commissioner's review may include, but is not limited to the following:

A. requesting additional information from the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant, the qualified rehabilitation consultant firm, and the registered rehabilitation vendor;

B. conducting an on-site inspection during normal business hours of the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant's records for documentation of service provision according to the rehabilitation plan; and

C. other actions pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102, subdivision 6, paragraph (b), and parts 5220.1800 to 5220.1806.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 176.102; 176.83*

History: *17 SR 3361; 29 SR 1480*

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5220.0510 PLAN AMENDMENT AND CLOSURE.

Subpart 1. **Reasons for amendment.** Whenever circumstances indicate that the rehabilitation plan objectives are not likely to be achieved, proposals for plan amendment may be considered by the parties. A rehabilitation plan may be amended for good cause, including but not limited to:

A. a new or continuing physical limitation that significantly interferes with the implementation of the plan;

B. the employee is not participating effectively in the implementation of the plan;

C. a need to change the vocational goal of the rehabilitation plan;

D. the projected rehabilitation cost or duration, as stated in the rehabilitation plan, will be exceeded; or

E. the employee feels ill-suited for the type of work for which rehabilitation is being provided.

Subp. 2. **Procedure and responsibilities.** The assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant shall recommend a plan amendment when reasons for amendment are present. Parties other than the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant may propose amendments. It is the responsibility of the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant to facilitate discussion of proposed amendments.

Subp. 2a. **Process.** Upon preparation of the proposed plan amendment the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant shall provide a copy to the employee, the insurer, and any attorneys representing the employee or insurer. The qualified rehabilitation consultant shall also provide a copy to the date of injury employer if the goal of the rehabilitation plan is to return the employee to work with that employer.

Subp. 2b. **Party's response.** Upon receipt of the proposed rehabilitation plan amendment, the employee, insurer, and qualified rehabilitation consultant must, within 15 days, either:

A. sign the plan amendment signifying agreement and return it to the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant; or

B. promptly notify the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant of any objection to the plan amendment and work with the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant to resolve the objection by agreement.

However, if the objection is not resolved, the objecting party must file a rehabilitation request for assistance with the commissioner within 15 days of receipt of the proposed amendment. These disputes will be resolved according to part 5220.0950.

If no rehabilitation request for assistance objecting to the plan amendment is filed within 15 days of the party's receipt, the approval process will occur as provided in subpart 2d.

Subp. 2c. **Filing.** The assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant shall file a copy of the rehabilitation plan amendment with the commissioner within 15 days of circulation to the parties.

Subp. 2d. **Approval.** A rehabilitation plan amendment that all parties have signed is deemed approved by the commissioner upon filing.

If a party fails to sign the plan amendment or fails to file a rehabilitation request for assistance objecting to the proposed plan within the 15 days specified in subpart 2b, it shall be presumed that the party is in substantial agreement with the plan amendment's vocational objective and the services that are proposed. In this event the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant shall file the plan amendment with the commissioner along with evidence of the date the plan amendment was sent to each party and, upon receipt, the plan amendment will be deemed approved. The insurer is liable for reasonable fees for a rehabilitation plan that is deemed approved under this subpart until a further plan amendment is filed or ordered by the commissioner or compensation judge. A party's failure to sign a plan amendment shall not constitute a waiver of any right to subsequently dispute it or to dispute whether the rehabilitation fees relative to it are reasonable.

Subp. 3. **Requirements.** The rehabilitation plan amendment shall be filed on the form prescribed by the commissioner. The prescribed form shall contain substantially the following:

A. identifying information on the employee, employer, insurer, the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant, and any change of qualified rehabilitation consultant;

B. the proposed amendment;

C. a rationale for the amendment;

D. if the amendment adds rehabilitation services, an itemization of each additional rehabilitation service to be provided including any registered rehabilitation vendor names, dates of initiation and completion, and estimated costs of each service;

E. if the amendment will result in a change in the projected plan completion date, the new completion date;

F. if the amendment will result in a change in the projected plan cost, the new estimated cost;

G. employee comments, if any; and

H. the dated signatures of the employee, insurer, and assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant.

Subp. 3a. Reporting a change of qualified rehabilitation consultant.

A. When the employee has the right to change qualified rehabilitation consultants without approval under part 5220.0710, subpart 1, the plan amendment form is not required to be circulated to the parties for signature under subparts 2b, 2c, and 2d, but the new qualified rehabilitation consultant shall notify the department of the change by filing a plan amendment form with the commissioner. The plan amendment shall be filed with the commissioner within 15 calendar days of receipt of information transferred by the former qualified rehabilitation consultant as required by part 5220.1802, subpart 4a. The new qualified rehabilitation consultant shall also send a copy of the form to the parties as specified in subpart 2a when it is sent to the commissioner for filing.

B. If approval of a change of qualified rehabilitation consultants is required under part 5220.0710 and the insurer has approved the change, the new qualified rehabilitation consultant shall reflect the change on the plan amendment form, circulate the form for signatures, and file the form with the commissioner within 15 calendar days of obtaining the signatures. The former qualified rehabilitation consultant shall transfer information to the new qualified rehabilitation consultant as required by part 5220.1802, subpart 4a. If approval is required and the insurer has not agreed to the change, the employee shall proceed according to part 5220.0710, subpart 3.

C. If a qualified rehabilitation consultant elects to withdraw as the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant under subpart 7a, item C, the consultant shall document the withdrawal on the plan amendment form. The qualified rehabilitation consultant shall file the plan amendment form with the commissioner and send a copy to the parties as specified in subpart 2a and the department's vocational rehabilitation unit when it is sent to the commissioner for filing.

Subp. 4. Amendment by commissioner. If a plan is modified for good cause pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102, subdivision 8, or as a result of an administrative conference pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 176.106, the commissioner shall notify all interested parties of the modification and the reasons for the modification.

Subp. 5. Request for closure before plan completion by filing request for assistance. At any time, the insurer or employee may request the closure or suspension of rehabilitation services by filing a rehabilitation request for assistance with the commissioner. The commissioner or a compensation judge may close or suspend rehabilitation services for good cause, including, but not limited to:

- A. a new or continuing physical limitation that significantly interferes with the implementation of the plan;
- B. the employee's performance indicates that the employee is unlikely to successfully complete the plan;
- C. the employee is not participating effectively in the implementation of the plan; or
- D. the employee is not likely to benefit from further rehabilitation services.

Subp. 6. Commissioner's authority to initiate closure. If the commissioner initiates the termination of rehabilitation services pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102, subdivision 6, or through an administrative conference pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 176.106, all interested parties shall be provided written notice of the proposed decision and an opportunity to be heard either in person or through the submission of written information.

Subp. 7. **Closure report by assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant.** The assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant shall file a rehabilitation plan closure report on a form prescribed by the commissioner within 30 calendar days of knowledge that:

- A. the employee has been steadily working at suitable gainful employment for 30 days or more, or the time period provided for in the plan;
- B. the employee's rehabilitation benefits have been closed out by an award on stipulation or award on mediation;
- C. the employee and insurer have agreed to close the rehabilitation plan;
- D. the qualified rehabilitation consultant has been unable to locate the employee following a good faith effort to do so;
- E. the employee has died; or
- F. the commissioner or a compensation judge has ordered that the rehabilitation plan be closed and there has been no timely appeal of that order.

The form reporting plan closure must be sent to the employee and the insurer when filed with the commissioner. The form shall contain substantially the following:

- (1) identifying information on the employee, employer, insurer, and assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant;
- (2) the reason for closure of the rehabilitation plan;
- (3) if the employee is working, information identifying the employer with whom the employee returned to work, the job title, the return to work date, the weekly wage upon return to work, and whether the employee has continued working for 30 calendar days;
- (4) a summary of the rehabilitation services provided and rehabilitation costs by all rehabilitation providers;
- (5) the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant's dated signature and a statement that the qualified rehabilitation consultant certifies that the form was served on the employee and insurer, any attorneys representing them, and the vocational rehabilitation unit, if applicable, on the date specified; and
- (6) notice to the employee about how to contact the department with questions or concerns about the closure.

Subp. 7a. **Plan closure report; insurer's denial of further liability.**

A. The qualified rehabilitation consultant shall also file the plan closure report form specified in subpart 7 if the consultant decides to withdraw as the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant after the insurer has provided written notice to the employee, the employee's attorney, the commissioner, and the qualified rehabilitation consultant that the insurer is denying further liability for the injury for which rehabilitation services are being provided. The qualified rehabilitation consultant shall attach a copy of the insurer's notice to the plan closure form and shall provide a copy of the form and notice to the employee, any attorney for the employee, and the vocational rehabilitation unit established under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.104.

B. The qualified rehabilitation consultant shall continue to provide services according to the approved plan until the plan closure report form is filed and provided to the parties and the vocational rehabilitation unit as specified in item A.

C. This subpart does not apply if a claim petition, objection to discontinuance, request for an administrative conference, or other document initiating litigation has been filed on the liability issue. Where any of these litigation documents have been filed and the qualified rehabilitation consultant decides to withdraw as the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant, the consultant shall document the withdrawal on the rehabilitation plan amendment form according to subpart 3a, item C.

Subp. 8. **Disputes.** In the case of a dispute about a plan amendment or closure, any party may file a rehabilitation request for assistance according to Minnesota Statutes, chapter 176, and part 5220.0950.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 176.102; 176.83*

History: *16 SR 2520; 17 SR 3361; 29 SR 1480*

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5220.0710 EMPLOYEE CHOICE OF QUALIFIED REHABILITATION CONSULTANT; CHANGE OF QUALIFIED REHABILITATION CONSULTANT.

Subpart 1. **Employee right to choose.** Pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102, subdivision 4, the employee has a right to choose a qualified rehabilitation consultant as defined in part 5220.0100, subpart 23, once at any time in the period beginning before the rehabilitation consultation and ending 60 days after filing of the rehabilitation plan. Within these time limitations, the employee need not seek the approval of the insurer when choosing a qualified rehabilitation consultant. If the employee chooses a qualified rehabilitation consultant under this part, the employee shall notify the insurer in writing of the name, address, and telephone number of the qualified rehabilitation consultant chosen.

Subp. 2. **Documentation.** When a change of qualified rehabilitation consultant occurs, the new assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant shall promptly inform the commissioner of the change in assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant by filing the prescribed form with the commissioner. The prescribed form shall contain identifying information on the employee, employer, insurer, the new assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant, and the former assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant.

Subp. 3. **Dispute resolution.** After exhaustion of the employee's choices in subpart 1, any party may propose a change of assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant. The parties may at any time agree to a change and select a new qualified rehabilitation consultant. If a dispute about change or selection arises, and the parties are not able to resolve that dispute, the dispute shall be resolved by a determination of the commissioner or a compensation judge as provided in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 176, and part 5220.0950. If the employee's choice has not been exhausted as outlined in subpart 1, the determination shall be made according to the employee's choice. If the employee's choice has been exhausted or if the request to change qualified rehabilitation consultants is filed more than 60 days after the rehabilitation plan was filed, the determination shall be made according to the best interest of the parties. The best interest of the parties shall be determined based on the goals of rehabilitation as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102, subdivision 1, paragraph (b). If the commissioner or compensation judge determines the qualified

rehabilitation consultant's work to be unsatisfactory or the qualified rehabilitation consultant withdraws from the case, and the parties are unable to agree on the selection of a qualified rehabilitation consultant, the commissioner or compensation judge shall assign a new qualified rehabilitation consultant.

Subp. 4. **Employee residing or moving out of Minnesota.** Qualified employees who reside outside of Minnesota or who move out of Minnesota may receive services from a rehabilitation professional qualified under that jurisdiction's workers' compensation law to provide rehabilitation services. This subpart does not require the assignment of another rehabilitation professional if the services can be reasonably furnished by a rehabilitation provider registered in Minnesota. When services are provided outside of Minnesota by a rehabilitation professional qualified in that jurisdiction, an assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant in Minnesota shall monitor the provision of services.

Subp. 5. **Change of consultant not an exercise of choice by employee.** A change of assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant necessitated by circumstances outside the control of the employee is not a choice by the employee and does not exhaust the employee's right to choice. Such circumstances include, but are not limited to, the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant leaving practice or the extended illness of the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant.

If the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant leaves a firm to work for another firm or to start a solo practice, the employee may either choose to continue with the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant or remain with the qualified rehabilitation consultant's former firm. Neither option will exhaust the employee's right to choice of a qualified rehabilitation consultant pursuant to subpart 1.

Disputes about changes shall be resolved according to subpart 3.

Subp. 6. **Transfer of information.** The former qualified rehabilitation consultant shall transfer pertinent documents to the new assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant pursuant to part 5220.1802, subpart 4a.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 176.102; 176.83*

History: *16 SR 2520; 17 SR 3361; 29 SR 1480*

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5220.0750 RETRAINING.

Subpart 1. **Purpose.** The purpose of retraining is to return the employee to suitable gainful employment through a formal course of study. Retraining is to be given equal consideration with other rehabilitation services, and proposed for approval if other considered services are not likely to lead to suitable gainful employment.

Subp. 2. **Plan submission.** A proposed retraining plan shall be filed on a form prescribed by the commissioner and must contain substantially the following:

- A. identifying information on the employee, employer, insurer, and assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant;
- B. the retraining goal;
- C. information about the formal course of study required by the retraining plan, including:
 - (1) the name of the school;
 - (2) titles of classes;

- (3) the course's length in weeks, listing beginning and ending dates of attendance;
 - (4) an itemized cost of tuition, books, and other necessary school charges;
 - (5) mileage costs; and
 - (6) other required costs;
- D. starting and completion dates;
- E. preinjury job title and economic status, including, but not limited to preinjury wage;
- F. a narrative rationale describing the reasons why retraining is proposed, including a summary comparative analysis of other rehabilitation alternatives and information documenting the likelihood that the proposed retraining plan will result in the employee's return to suitable gainful employment;
- G. dated signatures of the employee, insurer, and assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant signifying an agreement to the retraining plan; and
- H. an attached copy of the published course syllabus, physical requirements of the work for which the retraining will prepare the employee, medical documentation that the proposed training and field of work is within the employee's physical restrictions, reports of all vocational testing or evaluation, and a recent labor market survey of the field for which the training is proposed.

Subp. 3. **Amendment.** The commissioner or a compensation judge may amend a retraining plan at the request of an employee if the employee believes that the occupation the employee is being trained for is not suitable, and if the employee's request is made within 90 days from the commencement date of the retraining. No more than one change shall be permitted for this reason. Other amendments may be requested by the parties according to part 5220.0510.

Subp. 4. [Repealed, 17 SR 3361]

Subp. 5. **Retraining plan approval.** When the retraining plan is submitted to the commissioner, the commissioner shall review the proposed retraining plan within 30 days of its submission and notify the parties of plan approval or denial. The commissioner may also request additional information from the parties, confer with the parties, recommend modifications and otherwise seek agreement about the plan. The commissioner may make a determination or pursue resolution of questions regarding the plan consistent with part 5220.0950, subpart 3.

Subp. 6. **Disputes.** In the case of a dispute about a retraining plan, any party may file a rehabilitation request for assistance according to Minnesota Statutes, chapter 176 or part 5220.0950.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 176.102; 176.83*

History: *16 SR 2520; 17 SR 3361*

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5220.0850 ON-THE-JOB TRAINING.

Subpart 1. **Objective of on-the-job training.** The primary objective of on-the-job training as defined in part 5220.0100, subpart 21, is suitable gainful employment with the on-the-job training employer that is

likely to restore the employee as close as possible to preinjury economic status. A proposed on-the-job training plan may be rejected by the commissioner or compensation judge if the plan is unlikely to achieve this primary objective. However, documentation that the training will increase employability with other employers may be a basis for approval.

Subp. 2. **Plan submission.** A proposed on-the-job training plan shall be filed on a form prescribed by the commissioner and must contain the following:

- A. identifying information on the employee, employer, insurer, and assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant;
- B. information identifying the on-the-job training employer;
- C. the title of the job for which the employee is being trained and its Dictionary of Occupational Titles code number;
- D. a job analysis of the training position;
- E. information documenting that the training position is within the employee's physical restrictions;
- F. a description of the skills the employee will acquire as a result of the training;
- G. training commencement and completion dates;
- H. the intervals at which the progress of the on-the-job training plan will be assessed;
- I. information indicating whether the on-the-job training employer will provide employment to the employee upon completion of the training;
- J. the employee's wage during and after training;
- K. supplies and tools required by the plan and their cost;
- L. weekly workers' compensation benefits to be paid by the insurer during the training;
- M. dated signatures of the employee, insurer, assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant, on-the-job training employer, and training instructor signifying agreement with the plan; and
- N. a narrative rationale describing the reasons why on-the-job training is proposed, including information that demonstrates that the on-the-job training will result in the employee's return to a job that produces, as close as possible, the preinjury economic status.

Subp. 3. **Duration of plan.** A plan for on-the-job training that will last longer than six months may be justified by information that a plan that exceeds six months is needed to master required skills, or that training that exceeds six months will significantly increase the likelihood that the employee will recover preinjury economic status.

Subp. 4. **On-the-job training plan approval.** When an on-the-job training plan is submitted to the commissioner, the commissioner shall review the proposed plan within 30 days of its submission and notify the parties of plan approval or rejection. The plan approval process shall be subject to the procedures under part 5220.0410, subpart 6. The commissioner may make a determination or pursue resolution of questions regarding the plan consistent with part 5220.0950, subpart 3.

Subp. 5. **Disputes.** In the case of a dispute about an on-the-job training plan, any party may request resolution according to Minnesota Statutes, chapter 176 and part 5220.0950.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 176.102; 176.83*

History: *16 SR 2520; 17 SR 3361*

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5220.0900 [Repealed, 16 SR 2520]

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5220.0950 DISPUTES.

Subpart 1. **Rehabilitation request for assistance.**

A. Where issues exist about an employee's entitlement to rehabilitation services, the appropriateness of a proposed plan, or any other dispute about rehabilitation, the employer, employee, or insurer may request assistance to resolve the disputed issues by filing a rehabilitation request on a form prescribed by the commissioner. The form with all its attachments must be served on all parties and be filed with the commissioner. The form must contain the following:

- (1) identifying information on the employee, employer, insurer, and assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant;
- (2) a statement of the rehabilitation issues to be resolved;
- (3) a statement of what the requester wants and supporting evidence and arguments;
- (4) a list showing that all parties were served and the date they were served;
- (5) the requester's name and signature; and
- (6) instructions for completion of the form.

B. The assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant may file with the commissioner and serve on all parties a rehabilitation request to resolve issues involving elements of a rehabilitation plan or fees for rehabilitation services.

C. Except where the insurer has denied ongoing liability for the injury in writing, the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant shall file with the commissioner and serve on all parties a rehabilitation request for assistance to determine the direction of an approved rehabilitation plan if no party has done so and the qualified rehabilitation consultant is unable to plan or implement rehabilitation services.

Subp. 1a. **Rehabilitation response.** If the employee or the qualified rehabilitation consultant has filed a rehabilitation request, the insurer must file a rehabilitation response form with the division and serve copies on the other parties no later than ten days after service of the rehabilitation request form. When an administrative conference is not scheduled, the insurer's failure to file a timely rehabilitation response may result in a determination based solely on the written submissions of the requester.

Subp. 2. **Action by commissioner.** If the commissioner refers a dispute to a compensation judge or, based on the written submission of the parties, determines the dispute or schedules an administrative conference to determine the dispute, all parties shall be served with written notice of that action.

The commissioner may require the parties to meet and confer informally prior to a scheduled administrative conference if the facts and issues involved show that a meeting would facilitate resolution of the dispute.

When the commissioner or compensation judge makes a determination on the issues in dispute, copies shall be served on the parties. No determination will be made by the commissioner under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.106, with respect to rehabilitation entitlement if primary liability has been denied.

Subp. 3. **Commissioner's initiation of dispute resolution.** If the commissioner independently determines that issues exist regarding an employee's entitlement to rehabilitation or the appropriateness of a proposed plan, or otherwise initiates proceedings before a compensation judge or through an administrative conference, written notice of the issues in dispute shall be served upon the parties.

Subp. 4. **Formal hearing.** A party that disagrees with a decision of the commissioner under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.106, may request a formal hearing pursuant to part 5220.1010. The request for hearing will be referred to the Office of Administrative Hearings pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 176.106, subdivision 7.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 176.102; 176.83*

History: *16 SR 2520; 29 SR 1480*

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5220.1000 [Repealed, 16 SR 2520]

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5220.1010 REQUEST FOR A FORMAL HEARING.

Any party who disagrees with a decision of the commissioner about rehabilitation under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.106 and part 5220.0950 may request a new, formal hearing by filing a form prescribed by the commissioner within 30 days of the service and filing of the commissioner's decision. The request must state what issues continue to be in dispute and must be received by the commissioner within 30 days of service and filing of the commissioner's decision. A copy of the request for hearing shall be served on all parties at the time of filing.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 176.102; 176.83*

History: *16 SR 2520*

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5220.1100 LEGAL REPRESENTATION.

When an employee or insurer is represented by an attorney and if a notice of representation has not already been filed, the attorney shall notify the commissioner as provided in part 1415.0800. The attorney will receive notices as provided in part 1415.0700. The value of rehabilitation services shall not be used in the calculation of attorney's fees. The legal fees shall be calculated in the manner provided by law. An attorney who has so advised the commissioner will be notified of any proceedings, and will receive rehabilitation reports as provided by part 5220.1802, subpart 3.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 176.102; 176.83*

History: *16 SR 2520; 17 SR 3361*

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5220.1200 REHABILITATION SERVICES, SETTLEMENT AGREEMENTS.

Rehabilitation services pursuant to an approved rehabilitation plan are mandatory for qualified employees. However, if a good faith dispute exists regarding entitlement to rehabilitation services, that dispute may be converted into cash by settlement agreement between the parties pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 176.521. Any settlement agreement purporting to compromise all rehabilitation services must be approved by the commissioner, a compensation judge, or the Workers' Compensation Court of Appeals.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 176.102; 176.83*

History: *16 SR 2520*

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5220.1250 ROLES OF REGISTERED REHABILITATION PROVIDERS.

An entity may be approved to provide rehabilitation services either as a registered rehabilitation vendor or as a qualified rehabilitation consultant firm. An individual may be approved to provide rehabilitation services as a qualified rehabilitation consultant intern or, in cases of completion of internship and registration renewal, as a qualified rehabilitation consultant.

A qualified rehabilitation consultant and a qualified rehabilitation consultant intern are approved for the purpose of developing, administering, and implementing a rehabilitation plan, including the provision of rehabilitation services, in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, chapter 176 and the rules adopted to administer it.

A qualified rehabilitation consultant firm is approved for the purpose of employing qualified rehabilitation consultants, qualified rehabilitation consultant interns, and other professional staff as provided in part 5220.1600.

A registered rehabilitation vendor is approved for the purpose of providing the workers' compensation rehabilitation services of job development and job placement under an approved rehabilitation plan.

The roles of vendor and consultant are distinct and, therefore, a registered rehabilitation vendor or its employee may not be, or function as, a qualified rehabilitation consultant firm, a qualified rehabilitation consultant, or a qualified rehabilitation consultant intern. Nor may a qualified rehabilitation consultant firm, qualified rehabilitation consultant, or qualified rehabilitation consultant intern be or function as a registered rehabilitation vendor or as the agent of a vendor.

The distinction of roles between registered rehabilitation vendor and qualified rehabilitation consultant means the following: A registered rehabilitation vendor and its employees may provide job development and job placement services under an approved rehabilitation plan for any qualified employee; a qualified rehabilitation consultant firm and its employees may provide job development and job placement services only in cases for which a qualified rehabilitation consultant or qualified rehabilitation consultant intern employed by that firm is the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant.

There shall be no ownership or financial relationships of any kind between any registered rehabilitation vendor and qualified rehabilitation consultant firm, qualified rehabilitation consultant, or qualified rehabilitation consultant intern.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 176.102; 176.83*

History: *16 SR 2520; 17 SR 3361*

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5220.1300 [Repealed, 16 SR 2520]

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5220.1400 QUALIFYING CRITERIA FOR REHABILITATION CONSULTANT.

Subpart 1. **Requirement.** To be registered as a qualified rehabilitation consultant, the requirements of subparts 2 to 5 must be met.

Subp. 2. **Certification.** A qualified rehabilitation consultant shall possess at least one of the following credentials:

A. certification by the Commission on Rehabilitation Counselor Certification as a certified rehabilitation counselor; or

B. certification by the Certification of Disability Management Specialists Commission as a certified disability management specialist.

A qualified rehabilitation consultant or qualified rehabilitation consultant intern registered with the department before July 1, 2005, may either continue to meet the certification requirements in effect at the time of initial registration or meet the certification requirements in items A and B.

Subp. 3. **Qualified rehabilitation consultant intern.** The purpose of internship is to provide a supportive, structured period of professional supervision and case review following registration. An individual who meets the requirements of subpart 2 may be registered as a qualified rehabilitation consultant intern. An individual who is not certified under subpart 2 at the time of application may be registered as a qualified rehabilitation consultant intern by documenting how the certification will be obtained within three years from the date of registration. A qualified rehabilitation consultant intern must complete an introductory training session sponsored by the department within 12 months of approval of registration. A qualified rehabilitation consultant intern shall not be a solo practitioner.

The failure to comply with the standards of performance and professional conduct contained in parts 5220.1800 and 5220.1801 or the violation of any of the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 176, parts 5220.0100 to 5220.1900, or orders issued under the statutes or rules constitute grounds for denial of registration as a qualified rehabilitation consultant or qualified rehabilitation consultant intern under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102, subdivision 3, discipline under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102, subdivision 3a, or delay of completion of internship. The intern may appeal the decision of the commissioner denying registration as provided in part 5220.1500, subpart 2.

In cases where an intern has been supervised by a qualified rehabilitation consultant who leaves the organization with which the intern has been employed and no other qualified rehabilitation consultant is available to supervise the intern, the intern may, with the prior written approval of the commissioner, sign all required documents in the capacity of a qualified rehabilitation consultant for a period of time deemed appropriate by the commissioner. Past performance and overall experience shall be taken into consideration for this approval.

Subp. 3a. **Commissioner's approval for supervised internship.** When an individual applies for registration as a qualified rehabilitation consultant intern, the applicant's employer shall provide the commissioner with the name of the qualified rehabilitation consultant under whose direct supervision the intern will work, and shall submit a plan of supervision addressing the following items: the evaluation methods used; frequency of supervisory reviews and communication; procedures for dealing with administrative conferences or hearings and file reviews; procedures for review of the rules of practice; and procedures for review of progress toward obtaining certification, including the date the intern will be eligible to take the certification examination. "Direct supervision" means that the supervisor is directly responsible for the rehabilitation work on any case, and for monitoring progress toward the certification required by subpart 2. To provide direct supervision, an intern supervisor must have at least 52 weeks of full-time experience as a qualified rehabilitation consultant not including any service provided while still a qualified rehabilitation consultant intern. The intern supervisor need not maintain an office at the same location as the intern. The supervisor shall cosign all written work being done by the intern. There shall be no billing by the supervisor for these supervisory duties. The supervisor shall attend all administrative conferences with the intern and shall arrange for training as required by the commissioner. The intern shall be designated as an "intern" on all documents bearing the name of the intern.

Subp. 4. **Completion of internship.** The intern must work at least one year full time as an intern in the rehabilitation of injured workers under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102. Evidence of experience shall include documentation of a history of employment in a position of vocational rehabilitation. For purposes of this subpart, "full-time employment" is consistent with the employment experience requirement of the certifying body chosen by the qualified rehabilitation consultant intern. Where there is no definition of full-time employment by the certifying body chosen by the qualified rehabilitation consultant intern, full-time employment means a minimum of 37 hours per week during a 52-week period. Any part-time employment will be prorated based on this definition. The burden of proof of experience shall be on the applicant.

The intern may make application for completion of internship when the minimum requirements in subparts 2 to 5 have been met.

A qualified rehabilitation consultant intern must obtain certification by one of the entities specified in subpart 2 within three years of approval of registration as an intern by the commissioner. Failure to obtain certification within three years will result in a decision and order denying registration renewal.

The commissioner's action on the intern's application for completion of internship shall be based in part on the report of the qualified rehabilitation consultant intern supervisor about the competence of the intern to practice independently. The supervisor shall attach examples of the following forms and reports completed by the intern as documentation of the intern's understanding of rehabilitation procedures and ability to communicate in writing: rehabilitation consultation report, rehabilitation plan, plan progress report, notice of rehabilitation plan closure, initial evaluation narrative report, labor market analysis, and closure report. At least one of the narrative reports must show understanding of vocational testing and transferable skills analysis.

The commissioner shall also consider information about the intern's professional competence including that obtained in the course of any investigation about professional conduct, and on any substantiated complaints regarding professional conduct. "Substantiated complaints" for purposes of denial of completion of internship means there has been a stipulation or order of discipline.

Subp. 5. **General criteria.** All persons who are qualified rehabilitation consultants shall be self-employed or employed by a single organization that is approved for the employment of qualified

rehabilitation consultants as a qualified rehabilitation consultant firm or an employer or insurer. Qualified rehabilitation consultants must be available to clients, and for administrative conferences or hearings during normal business hours. A qualified rehabilitation consultant employed by an employer or insurer that is not registered as a qualified rehabilitation consultant firm is permitted to provide rehabilitation consultation and services only for the claims being handled by the entity by whom the consultant is employed. A qualified rehabilitation consultant shall notify the department immediately upon changing employment. Notification shall include the name of the former place of employment, the name, address, and telephone number of the new place of employment and the effective date of new employment.

Registration shall require Minnesota residency. The commissioner may grant an exception for persons who reside no more than 100 miles by road from the Minnesota border. Any such qualified rehabilitation consultant agrees, as an additional condition of registration, to appear at any administrative conference or hearing when requested, in the same manner as if subpoenaed. A qualified rehabilitation consultant shall notify the department immediately upon any change in residency to or from Minnesota.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 176.102; 176.83*

History: *8 SR 1777; 9 SR 1478; 10 SR 17; 11 SR 2237; 16 SR 2520; 17 SR 3361; 29 SR 1480*

Published Electronically: *June 11, 2008*

5220.1500 PROCEDURE FOR REGISTRATION AS QUALIFIED REHABILITATION CONSULTANT.

Subpart 1. **Application to become a qualified rehabilitation consultant intern.** An individual desiring to receive approval and registration as a qualified rehabilitation consultant intern shall submit to the commissioner, a complete application consisting of the following:

- A. completed, signed, and notarized application form;
- B. copy of any pertinent license or certification or documentation showing how certification will be obtained within three years from the date of registration;
- C. documentation supporting any applicable experience requirements;
- D. official transcripts of all pertinent postsecondary education;
- E. the annual registration application fee of \$100; and
- F. a plan of supervision as required by part 5220.1400, subpart 3a.

Qualified rehabilitation consultant applicants employed by the vocational rehabilitation unit of the Department of Labor and Industry are exempt from payment under this subpart.

Subp. 1a. **Approval of registration as qualified rehabilitation consultant intern.** Where the requirements for registration are met, the commissioner shall issue a letter to the applicant so indicating within 60 days of receiving the completed application. After registration has been approved, the registration application fee is not refundable. If the requirements for qualified rehabilitation consultant intern are not met, the commissioner shall issue a decision and order denying registration to the applicant within 60 days of receipt of the completed application. If the application for registration is not approved, one-half of the registration application fee may be refunded.

Subp. 2. **Appeal process.** The appeal process provides a mechanism for applicants to request reconsideration of a decision and order denying registration or renewal of registration.

A written notice of appeal shall be filed with the commissioner within 30 days of filing and service of the order. If the appeal is for denial of renewal of registration, the filing will stay the effect of the denial until final disposition.

The appeal shall be referred to the rehabilitation review panel according to Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102, subdivision 3.

Subp. 3. **Registration number and renewal.** The commissioner shall assign a registration number to each registered rehabilitation provider.

Registration must be renewed annually. A rehabilitation provider shall request renewal on a form prescribed by the commissioner. Application for renewal is due 60 days before expiration of registration, accompanied by the appropriate registration fee. Registration renewal applications that are not complete, are not accompanied by the registration renewal fee, or are not accompanied by documentation of certification or satisfactory documentation of continuing education will be returned to the applicant for completion. Completed registration renewal applications received later than the due date shall be assessed a \$25 late fee. Registration renewal applications received more than 30 days after the due date shall be assessed an additional \$10 per day late fee for each day after the request is 30 days late. No late fee in excess of \$125 may be assessed.

A qualified rehabilitation consultant or qualified rehabilitation consultant intern who does not file a complete and timely application for renewal of registration along with payment of all required fees shall not continue to provide rehabilitation services pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102, beyond the expiration date.

Qualified rehabilitation consultant's employed by the vocational rehabilitation unit of the Department of Labor and Industry are exempt from payment under this subpart.

Failure to meet the standards of performance and professional conduct contained in parts 5220.1800 and 5220.1801, or the violation of any provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 176, parts 5220.0100 to 5220.1900, or orders issued under the statutes or rules, constitute grounds for denial of registration renewal as a qualified rehabilitation consultant or qualified rehabilitation consultant intern under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102, subdivision 3, discipline under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102, subdivision 3a, or delay of completion of internship. The decision of the commissioner may be appealed as provided in subpart 2.

Subp. 3a. **Continuing education.** To retain registration, a qualified rehabilitation consultant or qualified rehabilitation consultant intern shall submit satisfactory documentation of current certification required by part 5220.1400, subpart 2. A qualified rehabilitation consultant intern who is not yet certified shall submit satisfactory documentation of continuing education pertinent to the workers' compensation rehabilitation field equivalent to 20 contact hours each year at the time registration is renewed. Continuing education includes, but is not limited to, the following:

- A. postsecondary course work in rehabilitation related fields, including vocational rehabilitation, medical rehabilitation, psychology of disability, and occupational safety;
- B. publicly or privately sponsored training in rehabilitation related fields, including vocational rehabilitation, medical rehabilitation, psychology of disability, and occupational safety;
- C. continuing legal education courses about workers' compensation law; and
- D. rehabilitation related training sponsored and approved by the commissioner.

Satisfactory documentation shall include legible certificates of attendance bearing the name of the participant that are signed and dated by the sponsoring institution or organization. Receipts for tuition are not acceptable as satisfactory documentation of attendance.

Continuing education units must be obtained in the 12-month period immediately preceding the date on which registration renewal forms are due.

The Department of Labor and Industry's rehabilitation provider update sessions when held are mandatory for all rehabilitation providers.

Nonattendance at the mandatory orientation or update sessions is prohibited conduct for rehabilitation providers, but may be allowed only for emergency situations and must be reported to the commissioner.

Subp. 4. **Inactive status.** A qualified rehabilitation consultant or a qualified rehabilitation consultant intern may move to inactive status upon written notification to the department. Individuals on inactive status may apply for reinstatement of registration by providing verification to the commissioner of all of the following:

- A. current certification as required by part 5220.1400;
- B. attendance at the most recent update session or a recording of that session;
- C. documentation of continuing education requirements as provided by subpart 3a;
- D. payment of any applicable late fees if the applicant failed to notify the commissioner that registration renewal was not being sought; and
- E. if the applicant has been on inactive status or has failed to renew registration for more than two years, the applicant must also complete an orientation training session before acceptance is final.

An order denying renewal of registration may be appealed to the rehabilitation review panel according to Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102, subdivision 3.

Subp. 5. **Monitoring.** The commissioner shall review the professional activities and services of rehabilitation providers to determine if they are reasonable and comply with the standards of performance and professional conduct contained in parts 5220.1800 and 5220.1801, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 176, parts 5220.0100 to 5220.1900, and orders issued under the statutes or rules.

Subp. 6. **Revocation.** The revocation process shall be conducted as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102, subdivision 3a.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 16A.128; 176.102; 176.83*

History: *8 SR 1777; 9 SR 1478; 11 SR 2237; 14 SR 375; 16 SR 2520; 17 SR 3361; 29 SR 1480*

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5220.1600 PROCEDURE FOR APPROVAL AS QUALIFIED REHABILITATION CONSULTANT FIRM.

Subpart 1. **Criteria.** Each office of the qualified rehabilitation consultant firm that provides services to injured employees under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 176, shall be listed on the application described in subpart 2.

The management staff shall consist of at least one employee who is registered as a qualified rehabilitation consultant.

At least 60 percent of qualified rehabilitation consultant firm employees providing rehabilitation services to qualified employees shall be qualified rehabilitation consultants or qualified rehabilitation consultant interns.

Any firm employing four or fewer full-time qualified rehabilitation consultants or qualified rehabilitation consultant interns may employ up to two employees who are not qualified rehabilitation consultants or qualified rehabilitation interns who may, under the direct supervision of the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant or qualified rehabilitation consultant intern, provide the services of job analysis, job seeking skills training, job development, and job placement. However, as restricted by part 5220.1250, employees who are not qualified rehabilitation consultants or qualified rehabilitation consultant interns may provide these prescribed services only in cases for which a qualified rehabilitation consultant or qualified rehabilitation consultant intern employed by the same firm is the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant. Any branch office openings or closings shall be reported to the department within two weeks of the occurrence as shall any change in the firm address, telephone number, or contact person. Any change of staff who provide direct services to injured workers under a rehabilitation plan or of staff who directly supervise those persons shall be reported to the department within two weeks of the change.

Subp. 2. **Application.** A private or public entity desiring to be approved as a qualified rehabilitation consultant firm shall submit to the commissioner a complete application consisting of the following:

- A. a completed, signed, and notarized application;
- B. any data or information attached to support the application;
- C. the annual registration application fee of \$200 per firm; and
- D. the name and telephone number of a contact person and an address where certified mail can be delivered.

The Vocational Rehabilitation Unit of the Department of Labor and Industry is exempt from payment under this subpart.

Subp. 2a. **Approval of registration as a qualified rehabilitation consultant firm.** The approval process shall be conducted the same as provided in part 5220.1500, subpart 1a.

Subp. 3. **Appeal process.** The appeal process shall be conducted the same as that provided in part 5220.1500, subpart 2.

Subp. 4. **Renewal.** The renewal process shall be conducted the same as that provided in part 5220.1500, subpart 3.

Subp. 5. **Revocation.** The revocation process shall be conducted as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102, subdivision 3a.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 16A.128; 176.102; 176.83*

History: *9 SR 1478; 11 SR 2237; 14 SR 375; 16 SR 2520; 17 SR 3361; 29 SR 1480*

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5220.1700 PROCEDURE FOR APPROVAL AS REGISTERED REHABILITATION VENDOR.

Subpart 1. **Application criteria.** A private or public entity desiring to be approved as a registered rehabilitation vendor shall submit to the commissioner a complete application consisting of all of the following:

- A. A completed, signed, and notarized application.
- B. Any data or information to support an application should be attached.
- C. The annual registration application fee of \$200 for each registered rehabilitation vendor.
- D. The name and telephone number of a contact person and an address where certified mail can be delivered.

Any change in the firm address, telephone number, or contact person shall be reported to the department within two weeks of the occurrence.

Subp. 1a. **Approval as registered rehabilitation vendor.** The approval process shall be conducted the same as provided in part 5220.1500, subpart 1a. A registered rehabilitation vendor must have at least one person from the firm complete an introductory training session sponsored by the department within 12 months of approval of registration.

Subp. 2. **Appeal process.** The appeal process herein shall be conducted as provided in part 5220.1500, subpart 2.

Subp. 3. **Renewal.** The renewal process herein shall be conducted the same as that provided in part 5220.1500, subpart 3.

Subp. 4. **Revocation.** The revocation process herein shall be conducted as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102, subdivision 3a.

Subp. 5. **Restriction.** Registered rehabilitation vendors shall not employ or otherwise engage the services of qualified rehabilitation consultants.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 16A.128; 176.102; 176.83*

History: *8 SR 1777; 14 SR 375; 16 SR 2520; 29 SR 1480*

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5220.1800 STANDARDS OF PERFORMANCE.

Monitoring and supervision of rehabilitation providers by the commissioner shall include an assessment of rehabilitation provider professional competence and effectiveness of rehabilitation services based upon substantial noncompliance with prevailing norms of the profession to be established by rule from data collected by the department regarding duration of service, cost of service, and case outcomes.

In addition, the standards of conduct described in parts 5220.1801 to 5220.1806 which establish minimum standards concerning the professional activities and services of rehabilitation providers shall be taken into account.

The administration of rehabilitation provider discipline under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102, subdivision 3a, will also be based upon the standards in parts 5220.1801 to 5220.1806, as well as on adherence to Minnesota Statutes, chapter 176, rules adopted to administer it, and orders of the commissioner or a compensation judge.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 176.102; 176.83*

History: *8 SR 1777; 16 SR 2520; 17 SR 3361*

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5220.1801 PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT.

Subpart 1. **Prompt provision of service and assessment of progress.** The assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant and any registered rehabilitation vendor providing services under a plan shall provide prompt and necessary rehabilitation services to assist a qualified employee to return to suitable gainful employment. The qualified rehabilitation consultant shall periodically assess progress toward plan objectives.

Subp. 2. **Assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant.** Only the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant, or a qualified rehabilitation consultant designated by the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant to function in an advisory capacity to the assigned consultant, shall be involved at any given time in the employee's rehabilitation plan, except as stated in subparts 5 and 7. The assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant shall advise the insurer before involving or requesting advisory services from any other qualified rehabilitation consultant. No qualified rehabilitation consultant or qualified rehabilitation consultant firm shall provide rehabilitation services to a case that has an assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant employed by another qualified rehabilitation consultant firm. This subpart shall not apply to a qualified rehabilitation consultant acting on behalf of the reinsurance association in a monitoring or advisory capacity on a reinsurance claim file.

Subp. 3. [Repealed, 16 SR 2520]

Subp. 4. [Repealed, 16 SR 2520]

Subp. 4a. **Objectivity.** Good faith disputes may arise among parties about rehabilitation services or about the direction of a rehabilitation plan. A rehabilitation provider shall remain professionally objective in conduct and in recommendations on all cases.

Subp. 5. **Evaluation of employee by other than assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant.** Except as provided in subpart 7, where retraining has been recommended, or in Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102, subdivision 13 as ordered, a rehabilitation provider is prohibited from performing an independent evaluation of an employee at any time unless litigation pursuant to part 1415.0100, is pending. If that litigation is pending, a qualified rehabilitation consultant who is not the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant may perform an evaluation of the employee at the request of one of the parties solely for the purpose of the proceeding.

Subp. 6. [Repealed, 17 SR 3361]

Subp. 7. **Referrals.** An assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant may make recommendations for referrals to appropriate resources.

Subp. 8. **Separate roles and functions.**

A. The roles and functions of a claims agent and a rehabilitation provider are separate. A qualified rehabilitation consultant, qualified rehabilitation consultant intern, registered rehabilitation vendor, or an agent of a rehabilitation provider, shall engage only in those activities designated in Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102, and rules adopted thereunder.

B. A qualified rehabilitation consultant, qualified rehabilitation consultant intern, or registered rehabilitation vendor shall not act as an advocate for or advise any party about a claims or entitlement issue. Except as permitted by item C, qualified rehabilitation consultants, qualified rehabilitation consultant interns, and registered rehabilitation vendors shall at no time in any capacity engage in any of the following activities regarding any claim for workers' compensation benefits pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, chapter 176:

- (1) claims adjustment;
- (2) claims investigation;
- (3) determining liability or setting reserves for a claim;
- (4) authorizing or denying provision of future medical or rehabilitation services;
- (5) recommending, authorizing, or denying payment of medical or rehabilitation bills;
- (6) making recommendations about the determination of workers' compensation monetary benefits;
- (7) arranging for medical examinations not recommended by the treating doctor; or
- (8) arranging for or participating in surveillance or investigative services.

C. This subpart shall not prohibit a registered rehabilitation provider from engaging in the activities in item B, subitems (4) and (5), while providing medical case management services for a certified managed care plan to the extent permitted by part 5218.0760. However, a medical case manager for an employee covered by a certified managed care plan may not be the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant for that same employee.

This subpart shall not prohibit a qualified rehabilitation consultant acting on behalf of the reinsurance association from consulting with the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant regarding the rehabilitation plan.

Subp. 9. **Prohibited conduct.** The conditions and restrictions of practice as a rehabilitation provider are contained in parts 5220.0100 to 5220.1900 and Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102. The following conduct is specifically prohibited and is also grounds for discipline:

A. Reporting or filing false or misleading information or a statement in connection with a rehabilitation case or in procuring registration or renewal of registration as a rehabilitation provider, whether for oneself or for another.

B. Conviction of a felony or a gross misdemeanor reasonably related to the provision of rehabilitation services.

C. Conviction of crimes against persons. For purposes of this chapter, a crime against a person means a violation of any of the following sections: Minnesota Statutes, section 609.185, 609.19, 609.195, 609.20, 609.205, 609.21, 609.215, 609.221, 609.222, 609.223, 609.224, 609.23, 609.231, 609.235, 609.24, 609.245, 609.25, 609.255, 609.265, 609.26, 609.342, 609.343, 609.344, 609.345, 609.365, 609.498, 609.50, 609.561, 609.562, or 609.595.

D. Restriction, limitation, or other disciplinary action against the rehabilitation provider's certification, registration, or right to practice as a rehabilitation provider in another jurisdiction for offenses that would be subject to disciplinary action in this state, or failure to report to the department the charges which have been brought in another state or jurisdiction against the rehabilitation provider's certification, registration, or right to practice.

E. Failure or inability to perform professional rehabilitation services with reasonable skill because of negligence, habits, or other cause, including the failure of a qualified rehabilitation consultant to monitor a vendor or qualified rehabilitation consultant intern, or the failure of a rehabilitation provider to adequately monitor the performance of services provided by a person working at the rehabilitation provider's direction.

F. Engaging in conduct likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public or demonstrating a willful or careless disregard for the health, welfare, or safety of a rehabilitation client.

G. Engaging in conduct with a client that is sexual or may be reasonably interpreted by the client as sexual or in any verbal behavior that is seductive or sexually demeaning to a client or engaging in sexual exploitation of a client or a former client.

H. Obtaining money, property, or services other than reasonable fees for services provided to the client through the use of undue influence, harassment, duress, deception, or fraud.

I. Engaging in fraudulent billing practice.

J. Knowingly aiding, assisting, advising, or allowing an unqualified person to engage in providing rehabilitation services.

K. Engaging in adversarial communication or activity. Adversarial communication includes, but is not limited to:

(1) requesting or reporting information not directly related to an employee's rehabilitation plan;

(2) deliberate failure or delay to report to all parties pertinent information regarding an employee's rehabilitation including, but not limited to, whether the employee is a qualified employee as defined in part 5220.0100, subpart 22;

(3) misrepresentation of any fact or information about rehabilitation; or

(4) failure to comply with an authorized request for information about an employee's rehabilitation.

L. Providing an opinion on settlement and recommending entering into a settlement agreement.

M. Making a recommendation about retirement; however, a rehabilitation provider may assist an employee in contacting resources about a choice of retirement or return to work.

N. Failure to take due care to ensure that a rehabilitation client is placed in a job that is within the client's physical restrictions.

O. Failure to maintain service activity on a case without advising the parties of the reason why service activity might be stopped or reduced.

P. Failure to recommend plan amendment, closure, or another alternative when it may be reasonably known that the plan's objective is not likely to be achieved.

Q. Unlawful discrimination against any person on the basis of age, gender, religion, race, disability, nationality, or sexual preference, or the imposition on a rehabilitation client of any stereotypes of behavior related to these categories.

Subp. 10. **Professional competence.** Rehabilitation providers shall limit themselves to the performance of only those services for which they have the education, experience, and qualifications.

Rehabilitation providers shall accurately represent their level of skill and competency to the department, the public, and colleagues.

Rehabilitation providers shall not administer or interpret tests without proper training, experience, or credentials. Administration of tests must be supervised by a person who is so trained, experienced, or credentialed.

A rehabilitation provider shall understand the areas of competence of other professional persons with whom the rehabilitation client establishes relationships, and act with due regard for the needs, privileged nature, special competencies, and obligations of colleagues and other professionals and not disparage their qualifications.

Subp. 11. **Impaired objectivity.** A rehabilitation provider shall not use alcoholic beverages, medication, or controlled substances in a manner that impairs the provider's ability to perform the rehabilitation services.

Rehabilitation providers shall not use a professional relationship to further personal, religious, political, or financial interests, although adherence to ethical norms shall not be construed as personal or religious interest.

A rehabilitation provider must not undertake or continue a professional relationship in which the objectivity of the provider is or would be impaired due to a familial, social, emotional, economic, supervisory, or political interpersonal relationship.

The rehabilitation provider shall disclose any potential conflicts of interest to the parties to the case and their attorneys.

Adjudication of a rehabilitation provider as mentally incompetent, mentally ill, chemically dependent, or dangerous to the public by a court in any state is grounds for suspension or revocation of registration.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 176.102; 176.83*

History: *8 SR 1777; 9 SR 1478; 16 SR 2520; 17 SR 3361; 29 SR 1480*

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5220.1802 COMMUNICATIONS.

Subpart 1. **Legibility and content of required reports.** All required rehabilitation reports and required progress records prepared by a rehabilitation provider shall be legible and show the employee's name, department file number, and date of injury.

Subp. 2. **Submission of reports.** All required rehabilitation reports shall be submitted on department forms prescribed by the commissioner.

Subp. 3. **Copies of reports and records.** The assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant shall file all required rehabilitation reports with the commissioner, and provide copies to all parties and their attorneys as the reports are created by the consultant. The qualified rehabilitation consultant shall provide a copy of required progress records to the employee, the insurer, and their attorneys, and also to the employer upon the employer's request. The qualified rehabilitation consultant may not charge for the initial copy or photocopy of required rehabilitation reports or required progress records. If additional copies are requested by any party, the qualified rehabilitation consultant is entitled to reasonable compensation for cost from the requesting party. A dispute about cost is not a basis for a provider to withhold required reports or records when requested.

The requesting party shall pay for reasonable costs incurred by a rehabilitation provider in creating a report not required by rule or requested by the commissioner or compensation judge.

Subp. 4. **Registered rehabilitation vendor reporting.** At least each 30 days, the registered rehabilitation vendor shall submit all required progress records, required rehabilitation reports and cost

information on an employee's case directly to the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant with copies to the employee, the insurer, and their attorneys, and also to the employer upon the employer's request.

Subp. 4a. **Transfer of information.** Whenever there is a change of assigned qualified rehabilitation consultants or consultant firms, the former qualified rehabilitation consultant firm shall cooperate in transferring to the new assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant or qualified rehabilitation consultant firm all data, required rehabilitation reports, required progress records, and incurred rehabilitation cost information along with other relevant information within 15 days from the receipt of notice that a new consultant is assigned under part 5220.0710 and Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102. The former qualified rehabilitation consultant firm may not charge a party for the transfer of information to the new assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant or qualified consultant firm.

Subp. 5. **Data privacy.** A rehabilitation provider must comply with Minnesota Statutes, chapters 175 and 176, the rules adopted under those chapters, Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, part 2, Minnesota Statutes, sections 129A.05; 144.291 to 144.298; 144.651; 147.091; 181.954; 181.960; 268A.05; 363A.20, subdivision 8; and 595.02, as applicable, and all other applicable data privacy laws.

A rehabilitation provider shall not engage in communications with health care providers about an employee without the written consent of the employee.

A rehabilitation provider shall safeguard and maintain under conditions of security all information obtained in the course of providing rehabilitation consultation and services and shall limit records access to those parties for whom access is prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102, subdivision 7, this chapter, or other applicable law.

When permitted by data privacy laws, disclosure of information obtained in the course of providing rehabilitation services is restricted to what is necessary, verified, and relevant to implementation of the rehabilitation plan.

A rehabilitation provider shall request only the information and data that will assist the parties in developing and carrying out the rehabilitation plan.

Subp. 6. [Repealed, 16 SR 2520]

Subp. 7. [Repealed, 16 SR 2520]

Subp. 8. [Repealed, 16 SR 2520]

Subp. 9. [Repealed, 16 SR 2520]

Subp. 10. **Providing records.** The rehabilitation provider assigned to a case shall maintain all required progress records and copies of all required rehabilitation reports regarding a case and shall make these records available upon request to the commissioner. This subpart shall not apply to the reinsurance association, unless the reinsurance association has assumed primary responsibility for the claim pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 79.35, clause (g).

Subp. 11. **Access to medical and rehabilitation reports.** The assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant shall furnish other rehabilitation providers designated by the rehabilitation plan with copies of all appropriate medical and rehabilitation reports necessary for effective service provision by the other providers.

Subp. 12. **Communication with certified managed care plan.** When the employee is covered by a certified managed care plan, the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant shall communicate with the assigned medical case manager who is providing services in accordance with part 5218.0760.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 176.102; 176.83*

History: *8 SR 1777; 9 SR 1478; 16 SR 2520; 17 SR 3361; 29 SR 1480; L 2007 c 147 art 10 s 15*

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5220.1803 RESPONSIBILITIES.

Subpart 1. **Instruction by qualified rehabilitation consultant.** The assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant shall, at the first in-person contact, instruct employees of their rights and responsibilities relating to rehabilitation and of the purpose of rehabilitation services. The assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant shall sign and date the prescribed rehabilitation rights and responsibilities form at the first in-person contact with the employee, and provide the employee, insurer, and commissioner with a copy.

Subp. 1a. **Disclosure of information.** The disclosures required by Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102, subdivision 4, must be made at the first meeting or written communication with an employee. For purposes of the disclosures, the following terms shall have the meanings given them.

A. "Ownership interest" includes, but is not limited to, any partnership or holding, subsidiary, or corporate relationship as well as ordinary ownership interest.

B. "Business referral" means any referral arrangement, whether documented or not.

Subp. 2. **Knowledge of laws and rules.** A rehabilitation provider shall be knowledgeable and informed regarding portions of the workers' compensation law and rules that directly relate to the provision of rehabilitation services. Communication of inaccurate information regarding workers' compensation is grounds for discipline.

Subp. 3. [Repealed, 16 SR 2520]

Subp. 4. [Repealed, 16 SR 2520]

Subp. 5. **Reporting requirements.** The assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant shall file with the commissioner, by attaching to all rehabilitation plans, an initial evaluation narrative report about the employee that includes the following information in summary fashion: medical status, vocational history, educational history, social history, relevant economic factors, transferable skills, employment barriers, and recommendations. The qualified rehabilitation consultant shall file additional progress summaries, if requested by the commissioner.

The assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant shall periodically report progress and case activity in writing to the parties at reasonable intervals or as requested by the parties.

The rehabilitation provider registration number assigned by the commissioner shall be on all reports submitted by the rehabilitation provider.

The assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant shall maintain individual employee files containing required rehabilitation reports and required progress records about an employee's case and shall provide copies to the commissioner, a compensation judge, or the parties at their request or as required by rule. For the purpose of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 176, and parts 5220.0100 to 5220.1900, individual employee files containing all required rehabilitation reports and required progress records must be maintained by the qualified rehabilitation consultant firm for five years after the date of file closure. This requirement is in addition to and does not otherwise change or alter any other data retention time period required by law.

The assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant must provide the commissioner with any other requested pertinent information about a qualified employee's rehabilitation for purposes of rehabilitation monitoring by the department.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 176.102; 176.83*

History: *8 SR 1777; 16 SR 2520; 17 SR 3361*

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5220.1804 [Repealed, 11 SR 2237]

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5220.1805 BUSINESS PRACTICES.

All rehabilitation providers shall abide by the following rules concerning a provider's business practices:

- A. Rehabilitation providers shall adhere to all federal, state, and local laws.
 - B. Rehabilitation providers shall not misrepresent themselves, their duties, or credentials. Rehabilitation providers must not promise or offer services or results they cannot deliver or have reason to believe they cannot provide. Advertising must be factually accurate and must avoid exaggerating claims as to costs, results, and endorsements by other parties.
 - C. A rehabilitation provider shall not solicit referrals directly or indirectly by offering money or gifts. De minimis gifts are not considered the offering of money or gifts. De minimis gifts are those that have a fair market value of less than \$25.
 - D. A rehabilitation provider shall not request or authorize a rehabilitation client to solicit other business on behalf of the rehabilitation provider.
 - E. A rehabilitation provider shall advise the referral source and payer of its fees and reporting procedures in advance of rendering any services and shall also furnish, upon request, detailed and accurate time records regarding any bills in question.
- Rehabilitation providers shall fully disclose to a payer the basis for computing and prorating a fee so that the payer may determine the reasonableness of the fee charged. When more than one employee is served during the same time period, the rehabilitation provider shall prorate the fee.
- F. Any fee arrangement which prevents or compromises individualized assessment and services for each employee is grounds for discipline. This may include any fee arrangement which provides employees with standardized services whether or not the services are necessary.
 - G. A rehabilitation provider shall not incur profit, split fees, or have an ownership interest with another rehabilitation provider outside of the firm that employs the provider.
 - H. Qualified rehabilitation consultants shall not incur profit, split fees, or have an ownership interest with health care providers. "Health care providers" means those defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 176.011, subdivision 24.
 - I. The prohibitions of items G and H shall not be construed to prevent married couples or family members from engaging simultaneously in rehabilitation or health care.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 176.102; 176.83*

History: *8 SR 1777; 9 SR 1478; 16 SR 2520; 17 SR 3361*

Published Electronically: *June 11, 2008*

5220.1806 DISCIPLINARY ACTION.

Subpart 1. **Discipline.** A rehabilitation provider is subject to disciplinary action, including a fine as provided by statute, suspension, and revocation of registration. Failure to comply with the standards of performance and professional conduct contained in parts 5220.1800 and 5220.1801 or the violation of any of the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 176, parts 5220.0100 to 5220.1900, or orders issued under the statutes or rules constitute grounds for discipline.

Subp. 2. **Complaints.** The commissioner shall review the activities of rehabilitation providers. Complaints about activities or services of rehabilitation providers relating to noncompliance with laws, rules, or orders shall be made in writing to the commissioner. A complaint may be submitted by any party who becomes aware of a violation, including designees of the commissioner, administrative law judges, and presiding officials at judicial proceedings.

If a rehabilitation provider fails to comply with the standards of performance and professional conduct contained in parts 5220.1800 and 5220.1801 or any of the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 176, parts 5220.0100 to 5220.1900, or orders issued under the statutes or rules, a rehabilitation provider having knowledge of the violation must so advise the commissioner.

Subp. 3. **Review and investigation.** The commissioner shall investigate all complaints to determine whether there has been a violation of the standards of performance and professional conduct contained in parts 5220.1800 and 5220.1801 or any of the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 176, parts 5220.0100 to 5220.1900, or orders issued under the statutes or rules. If the matter is outside the jurisdiction of the commissioner, the commissioner may refer the matter to a forum or agency that has jurisdiction.

If an investigation indicates that discipline is warranted, the commissioner shall begin a contested case for disciplinary action under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102, subdivision 3a, and the Minnesota Administrative Procedure Act. The report of the administrative law judge shall be made to the rehabilitation review panel which shall make the determination on disciplinary action.

If the commissioner determines that discipline is not warranted, but if the facts and issues involved warrant instruction of the provider, the commissioner shall issue the instruction in writing. The commissioner shall notify the complaining party of the disposition of the case.

Subp. 4. **Cooperation with disciplinary proceedings.** A rehabilitation provider who is the subject of a complaint investigated by the commissioner under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102, subdivisions 3 and 3a, shall cooperate fully with the investigation. Cooperation shall include responding fully and promptly to any questions raised by the commissioner relating to the subject of the investigation, and providing copies of records, reports, logs, data, and cost information as requested by the commissioner to assist in the investigation. Cooperation shall also include attending, in person, a meeting scheduled by the commissioner for the purposes in subpart 5.

Subp. 5. **In-person meeting.** When conferring with the parties to a complaint is deemed appropriate for clarification or settlement of issues, the commissioner may schedule a meeting. The commissioner may conduct a meeting for the purpose of obtaining information, instructing parties to the complaint, or for the purpose of resolving issues.

Subp. 6. **Resolution written agreement.** The commissioner may enter into stipulated consent agreements regarding discipline with complaint subjects in lieu of initiating contested case proceedings.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 176.102; 176.83*

History: *16 SR 2520; 17 SR 3361*

Published Electronically: *June 11, 2008*

5220.1900 REHABILITATION SERVICE FEES AND COSTS.

Subpart 1. **Monitoring.** The insurer has the primary responsibility for monitoring and paying the cost of necessary rehabilitation services provided.

The commissioner shall monitor rehabilitation services and costs and shall also conduct periodic audits of costs, services, case outcomes, and compliance with reporting and record keeping requirements. The insurer and the rehabilitation provider shall furnish the commissioner with itemized listings of case services and costs upon request.

Subp. 1a. **Billing.** All rehabilitation provider billings shall be on the vocational rehabilitation invoice prescribed by the commissioner containing substantially the following:

A. identifying information on the insurer, rehabilitation providers, employee and employer, including the insurer file number;

B. information about the cost and duration of the rehabilitation plan, including the date the plan was filed and cost-to-date amounts billed by the qualified rehabilitation consultant firm, job placement vendor, and previous qualified rehabilitation consultant firms and job placement vendors;

C. a listing of the services billed, including date of service, service description, service category code, time units, mileage, and expenses. Service category codes are available from the department upon request; and

D. a summary of the charges billed, including a total of the professional services provided, the professional hourly rate, a total of the nonprofessional services provided, the nonprofessional hourly rate, the number of miles driven, the mileage rate, and the total expenses.

Sample vocational rehabilitation invoice forms are available from the department upon request. Billing information on job placement costs shall be provided to the qualified rehabilitation consultant who shall report those costs on a monthly basis on the vocational rehabilitation invoice. The job placement vendor shall bill the insurer directly.

Subp. 1b. **Fees.** Hourly fees for rehabilitation services shall not exceed the maximum rates in subparts 1c, 1d, 1e, and 1f, except that the maximum rates may be increased annually beginning October 1, 1993, but any annual increase is limited by the annual adjustment under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.645.

Subp. 1c. **Consultants.** When billing on an hourly basis for the services of qualified rehabilitation consultants, a qualified rehabilitation consultant or qualified rehabilitation consultant firm shall bill at an hourly rate not to exceed \$65 per hour as adjusted under subpart 1b. A rehabilitation provider shall bill one-half of the hourly rate for wait time, and three-fourths of the hourly rate for travel time. Travel time shall be prorated as outlined in part 5220.1805, item E.

Subp. 1d. **Interns.** When billing on an hourly basis, the upper billing limit for qualified rehabilitation consultant interns shall be \$10 per hour less than the hourly rate charged for services provided by qualified rehabilitation consultants employed by that qualified rehabilitation consultant firm.

Subp. 1e. **Job development and placement services.** Whether provided by registered rehabilitation vendors or qualified rehabilitation consultant firms, job development and job placement services, when billed on an hourly basis, shall be billed at an hourly rate not to exceed \$50 per hour as adjusted under subpart 1b.

Subp. 1f. **Fee reduction.** Billing for services by the qualified rehabilitation consultant or qualified rehabilitation consultant intern based upon an hourly rate shall be reduced by \$10 per hour when:

A. the duration of the rehabilitation case exceeds 39 weeks from the date of the first in-person visit between an assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant and the employee; or

B. the costs of rehabilitation services billed by the qualified rehabilitation consultant have exceeded \$3,500, whichever comes first. Payment exceeding that permitted by this rule is prohibited.

Subp. 1g. **Payment.** As soon as reasonably possible, and no later than 30 calendar days after receiving the rehabilitation provider's bill for rehabilitation services, the employer or insurer shall pay the charge or any portion of the charge that is not denied, deny all or a part of the charge stating the specific service charge and the reason it is excessive or unreasonable, or specify the additional data needed, with written notification to the rehabilitation provider.

Subp. 2. **Reasonable and necessary services.** A rehabilitation provider shall bill for only those necessary and reasonable services which are rendered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102 and the rules adopted to administer that section. A dispute about reasonable and necessary services and costs shall be determined by the commissioner or a compensation judge. The commissioner's or a compensation judge's review must include all the following factors:

A. the employee's unique disabilities and assets in relation to the goals, objectives, and timetable of the rehabilitation plan;

B. the type of rehabilitation services provided and the actual amount of time and expense incurred in providing the service;

C. an evaluation of whether services provided were unnecessary, duplicated other services, were available at no charge to public, or were excessive relative to the actual needs of the employee; and

D. an evaluation of whether services rendered were expressly called for by the employee's rehabilitation plan.

Subp. 3. [Repealed, 16 SR 2520]

Subp. 4. [Repealed, 16 SR 2520]

Subp. 5. [Repealed, 16 SR 2520]

Subp. 6. [Repealed, 16 SR 2520]

Subp. 6a. **Billing limits on qualified rehabilitation consultant services.** When a rehabilitation provider other than a qualified rehabilitation consultant is providing and billing for job development or job placement services pursuant to an approved rehabilitation plan, the qualified rehabilitation consultant shall limit the qualified rehabilitation consultant's billing to no more than two hours in any 30-calendar-day period. Billing beyond this limit will require specific approval of the parties or a determination by the department or a compensation judge.

Subp. 6b. **Plans; exceptions.** The qualified rehabilitation consultant shall bill no more than eight hours for a rehabilitation consultation as described in Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102, subdivision 4, and part 5220.0100, subpart 26, and the development, preparation, and filing of a rehabilitation plan as described in Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102, subdivision 4, and part 5220.0410. If conditions exist that necessitate traveling over 50 miles to visit the employee, employer, or health care provider, or an unusually difficult medical situation is documentable, billing beyond this limit is allowed upon the express consent of the parties or a determination by the department or compensation judge.

Subp. 7. **Case activities requiring insurer consent for payment.** The rehabilitation provider must obtain the consent of the insurer before billing for the following case activities, however, the presence or absence of consent shall not preclude the commissioner or a compensation judge from determining the reasonable value or necessity of these case activities:

A. when not directed by the plan, phone calls, or visits to health care providers and accompanying employee to appointments or examinations;

B. follow-up activity with employers during job placement services to verify employee applications or applications not arranged by the rehabilitation provider;

C. phone calls to the department regarding general procedures or questions on rehabilitation direction not related to a specific rehabilitation plan;

D. unanswered attempted phone calls;

E. time spent for report writing not required by rules or requested by a party;

F. assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant service during vendor activity periods beyond required reporting or specific problem solving activity;

G. time for attendance at an administrative conference by the supervisor of the qualified rehabilitation consultant intern who is providing services to the employee;

H. before a determination of eligibility, services rendered when a rehabilitation waiver has been requested and was not denied or when the insurer disputes the employee's eligibility for rehabilitation services;

I. time spent reviewing the file and initial contact to establish rapport with interested parties by an assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant or registered rehabilitation vendor when a case has been transferred from another qualified rehabilitation consultant or vendor within the same rehabilitation firm;

J. time spent by a supervisor, another qualified rehabilitation consultant, or support staff in addition to the assigned qualified rehabilitation consultant;

K. job placement activities beyond 90 days from the start of the job placement effort without a formal plan review or case planning meeting with the employee and insurer;

L. wait time for a visit without a prearranged meeting or early arrival for a prearranged appointment;

M. services that duplicate services already provided;

N. charges beyond the hourly fee for testimony at a judicial hearing when the qualified rehabilitation consultant or registered rehabilitation vendor has provided rehabilitation services under the plan;

O. travel costs beyond those needed to develop or complete a plan; or

P. services after a request to suspend or terminate the rehabilitation plan has been filed.

Subp. 8. **Disputes.** In the event of a dispute about the reasonableness and necessity or cost of a rehabilitation service, the insurer or a rehabilitation provider may make a request for a determination by the commissioner or a compensation judge of reasonable costs and necessity of services. Such a request may be made by filing a request for assistance according to Minnesota Statutes, chapter 176 or part 5220.0950.

Subp. 9. **Collection prohibited.** No rehabilitation provider shall attempt to collect a fee or reimbursement for an unnecessary or unreasonable service from any party, including the employee, another insurer, the special compensation fund, or any government program. This prohibition shall apply to any fee determined excessive in amount by the commissioner or a compensation judge.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 176.102; 176.83*

History: *8 SR 1777; 9 SR 1478; 16 SR 2520; 17 SR 3361; 25 SR 81; 29 SR 1480*

Published Electronically: *June 11, 2008*

5220.1910 [Repealed, 17 SR 3361]

Published Electronically: *June 11, 2008*

5220.2500 [Repealed, 11 SR 1530]

Published Electronically: *June 11, 2008*

WORKERS' COMPENSATION RULES OF PRACTICE

5220.2510 SCOPE AND PURPOSE.

This chapter governs all workers' compensation matters before the commissioner of the Department of Labor and Industry and the Office of Administrative Hearings. The Joint Rules of Practice of the Workers' Compensation Division and the Office of Administrative Hearings in chapter 1415 also govern workers' compensation matters.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 175.17; 175.171; 176.102; 176.83*

History: *11 SR 1530; 17 SR 3361; 18 SR 2546*

Published Electronically: *October 3, 2013*

5220.2520 DEFINITIONS.

Subpart 1. **Scope.** Terms used in parts 5220.2510 to 5220.2960 have the meanings given them in part 1415.0300 and this part and Minnesota Statutes, section 176.011.

Subp. 2. **Commissioner.** "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the Department of Labor and Industry.

Subp. 3. **Days.** "Days" refers to calendar days unless otherwise indicated.

Subp. 4. **Department.** "Department" means the Department of Labor and Industry.

Subp. 5. **Division.** "Division" means the Workers' Compensation Division of the Department of Labor and Industry.

Subp. 6. **Health care provider.** "Health care provider" has the meaning given it in Minnesota Statutes, section 176.011, subdivision 24.

Subp. 7. **Insurer.** "Insurer" includes self-insured employers.

Subp. 8. **Office.** "Office" means the Office of Administrative Hearings.

Subp. 9. [Repealed, 18 SR 2546]

Subp. 10. [Repealed, 18 SR 2546]

Statutory Authority: *MS s 175.17; 175.171; 176.83*

History: *11 SR 1530; 18 SR 2546*

Published Electronically: *June 11, 2008*

5220.2525 ELECTRONIC FILING.

Where parts 5220.2510 to 5220.2960 authorize or require a document to be filed with the commissioner, department, or division, the commissioner is authorized to allow or require the document to be filed electronically in the manner and format specified by the commissioner under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.285.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 14.388*

History: *35 SR 2015*

Published Electronically: *July 6, 2011*

5220.2530 FIRST REPORT OF INJURY.

Subpart 1. **Definitions.** For purposes of this part, the following terms have the meanings given:

A. "Electronic first report of injury" means an original, changed, or corrected first report of injury that is submitted to the division by electronic data interchange (EDI), or the Minnesota eFROI Web portal, and that complies with:

- (1) the requirements in sections 2 to 4 of the Minnesota implementation guide; and
- (2) the IAIABC Claims Release 3.0 standards, implemented according to sections 2 to 4 of the Minnesota implementation guide.

B. "Minnesota implementation guide" means the Minnesota Department of Labor and Industry Electronic Filing of First Report of Injury Implementation Guide incorporated by reference in subpart 4.

C. "IAIABC Claims Release 3.0" means the IAIABC EDI Implementation Guide for Claims, First, Subsequent, Header, Trailer & Acknowledgment Detail Records Release 3.0, and the corresponding Supplement of Pending Changes, established by the International Association of Industrial Accident Boards and Commissions, which are incorporated by reference in subpart 4.

Subp. 2. **Timely reporting.** The first report of injury must be fully completed and submitted to the division as provided in subparts 3 and 5 within the time limits established by Minnesota Statutes, section 176.231.

Subp. 3. **Employer report.** This subpart applies only when Minnesota Statutes, section 176.231, subdivision 2, requires an employer to file a written first report of injury with the commissioner within

seven days of death or serious injury. If an insurer, except for a self-insured employer, files the report on behalf of the employer, an electronic first report of injury must be filed according to subpart 5. Except where a self-insured employer elects to file an electronic first report of injury according to subpart 5, an employer must file a written first report of injury on a paper form prescribed by the commissioner containing substantially the information in items A to H:

- A. information identifying the employee, employer, insurer, and any third-party administrator, including addresses and numbers identifying the employer, insurer, third-party administrator, and insurer class code;
- B. the claim number, if one has been assigned;
- C. information regarding all wages paid to the employee;
- D. information regarding employment status, work schedule, and occupation, including date of hire;
- E. information regarding the circumstances of the injury, including the date, place, time, persons or objects involved, and the date notice was received by the employer;
- F. a description of the claimed injury and how and where it occurred;
- G. information regarding lost time from work; and
- H. the employee's date of birth, gender, and marital status.

Subp. 4. **Implementation guides incorporated by reference.** For purposes of this part, the following documents are incorporated by reference:

A. The Minnesota implementation guide, dated July 1, 2013. It is subject to frequent change, and future changes are also incorporated by reference into this subpart. It can be found at the Minnesota Law Library, Judicial Center, 25 Constitution Avenue, St. Paul, Minnesota, 55155, and on the department Web site at <http://www.dli.mn.gov/WC/Edi.asp>, and is available through the Minitex interlibrary loan system.

B. The IAIABC Claims Release 3.0, dated January 1, 2013, and the corresponding Supplement of Pending Changes, 2013 Edition, both published by the International Association of Industrial Accident Boards and Commissions (IAIABC). They are subject to frequent change, but future changes are not incorporated by reference into this part unless the changes are included in a future publication of the Minnesota implementation guide referenced in item A. They are available for free download by IAIABC EDI members, or for purchase by nonmembers, at <http://www.iaabc.org>. A paper copy can be viewed at the Minnesota Law Library, Judicial Center, 25 Constitution Avenue, St. Paul, Minnesota, 55155, and is available through the Minitex interlibrary loan system.

Subp. 5. **Insurer report.** Except as provided in subpart 3, insurers and self-insured employers must file with the division an electronic first report of injury in all cases where a first report of injury is required to be filed under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 176. A first report of injury submitted by the insurer or self-insured employer in any other manner or format is not considered filed with the division. The division must "reject," "accept without errors," or "accept with errors" a first report of injury submitted electronically according to the requirements in sections 2 to 4 of the Minnesota implementation guide as follows:

- A. A first report of injury submitted electronically that is "rejected" is not considered filed with the division.
- B. An electronic first report of injury that is "accepted without errors" is considered filed with the division on the date as provided in item D.

C. An electronic first report of injury that is "accepted with errors" is considered filed with the division on the date as provided in item D. However, the insurer or self-insured employer must file a changed or corrected electronic first report of injury that corrects all identified errors within 60 days after the division sent the insurer or self-insured employer an electronic acknowledgment transmission describing the errors.

D. An accepted electronic first report of injury that is transmitted to the division at or before 4:30 p.m. central time on a state business day is considered filed on that day. An accepted electronic first report of injury that is transmitted after 4:30 p.m. central time or on a nonbusiness day is considered filed on the next day the state is open for business.

Subp. 6. **Penalty for untimely report.** Failure to file a paper or electronic first report of injury within the time frames required by Minnesota Statutes, chapter 176, and this part may result in a penalty assessment against the employer or insurer of the penalty set out in part 5220.2820 and against the insurer of the penalty set out in part 5220.2770.

Subp. 7. **Penalty for untimely corrected report.** Failure to file a changed or corrected electronic first report of injury that corrects all errors within 60 days after the division sends an electronic acknowledgment transmission describing the errors under subpart 5, item C, may result in a penalty assessment against the insurer or self-insured employer under part 5220.2830.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 175.17; 175.171; 176.83*

History: *11 SR 1530; 18 SR 2546; 38 SR 726*

Published Electronically: *December 6, 2013*

5220.2540 PAYMENT OF TEMPORARY TOTAL, TEMPORARY PARTIAL, OR PERMANENT TOTAL COMPENSATION.

Subpart 1. **Time of payment.** Payment of compensation must be commenced within 14 days of:

- A. notice to or knowledge by the employer of an injury compensable under the act;
- B. notice to or knowledge by the employer of a new period of lost time due to a previous work-related injury unless an extension is requested under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.221, subdivision 1; or
- C. an order by the division, compensation judge, or Workers' Compensation Court of Appeals requiring payment of benefits which is not appealed. A party's consideration of an appeal does not excuse payment beyond the 14-day time limit. When an appeal is not filed, payments made after the 14th day are subject to penalties and interest under parts 5220.2760 and 5220.2780.

Once temporary total or permanent total disability benefits have been commenced, they must continue to be paid on a regular basis at the intervals the employee would have received wages from the employer had the employee continued working. Less frequent payments may be arranged by written agreement of the parties. With the initial payment of temporary total or permanent total disability benefits, the insurer must notify the employee in writing of the day of the week that further payments will be made and the frequency with which payments will be made. If the initial payment is a first and final payment, then notification need not be sent.

The same time limits apply to payments of temporary partial disability benefits. If the current wage varies so that wage documentation for calculation of temporary partial disability benefits is necessary, payment is due ten days following the date the employee or employer sends wage verification to the insurer.

Subp. 2. **Place of payment.** With the exception of payments made subject to part 5220.2560 or other order of a compensation judge or the division, all payments of compensation must be made directly to the employee or dependent at the home address unless the employee or dependent, in writing, authorizes payment to be sent elsewhere. The employee or dependent may authorize payment to be sent to a bank, savings association, or other financial institution by providing the employer or insurer with a written request for redirection of payment, the name and address of the institution, and the account number to which the payments should be credited. The insurer must comply with the request without a specific order from the division. The insurer must file a copy of the request with the division.

Subp. 3. **Notice to division.** The insurer must keep the division advised of all payments of compensation and amounts withheld and amounts paid for attorney fees by the filing of interim status reports each year and upon specific request by the division.

The insurer must also file with the division proof of payment which must indicate the amount of compensation paid and the date when the first payment was made, at each of the following times:

- A. when the insurer makes the first payment to the employee following the injury;
- B. when payments are reinstated after they have been previously discontinued by a notice of intention to discontinue benefits or an order of the division under part 5220.2640, subpart 7;
- C. when monitoring period compensation is commenced under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.101, subdivision 3i; and
- D. when payments are commenced by order of the division, a compensation judge, the Workers' Compensation Court of Appeals, or the Minnesota Supreme Court.

Subp. 4. **Penalties.** If payment is not made within the time limits of subpart 1, and no denial of liability has been filed under part 5220.2570, subpart 1, or notice of appeal filed from an order of the division, compensation judge, Workers' Compensation Court of Appeals, or the Minnesota Supreme Court, the division may assess penalties under Minnesota Statutes, sections 176.221 and 176.225, and parts 5220.2770, 5220.2780, and 5220.2790. A penalty for failure to file a notice required under this part may be assessed under part 5220.2830.

Subp. 5. **Removal from the labor market.** An employee who voluntarily removes himself or herself from the labor market is no longer entitled to temporary total, temporary partial, or permanent total disability benefits. A removal from the labor market has occurred when the employee is released to return to work by a health care provider and the employee retires or the employee's opportunities for gainful employment or suitable employment are significantly diminished due to the employee's move to another labor market.

Subp. 6. **Apprentices, temporary partial disability benefits.** An apprentice, upon return to the same apprenticeship program in the same position or a similar position to that held on the date of injury, has not suffered a loss of earning capacity where the wage upon return to the apprenticeship program is the same or greater than the wage on the date of injury. Temporary partial disability benefits are not owing where there is no loss in earning capacity.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 175.17; 175.171; 176.83*

History: *11 SR 1530; 18 SR 2546; L 1995 c 202 art 1 s 25*

Published Electronically: *June 11, 2008*

5220.2550 PAYMENT OF PERMANENT PARTIAL DISABILITY, INCLUDING IMPAIRMENT COMPENSATION AND ECONOMIC RECOVERY COMPENSATION.

Subpart 1. **Time of payment.** Permanent partial disability must be paid at the time specified in Minnesota Statutes, sections 176.021 and 176.101. When permanent partial disability compensation is being paid periodically following the payment of temporary total benefits or following or concurrent with the payment of temporary partial benefits, the payments must be continued without interruption at the same intervals that the temporary benefits were paid. When the employee reaches maximum medical improvement, the insurer must request an initial assessment of any permanent partial disability from the employee's physician.

A. When the extent of permanent partial disability is not disputed, upon receipt of a medical report containing a permanency rating or medical information from which the insurer may determine a rating, the employer or insurer must, within 30 days:

- (1) make a lump sum payment or begin periodic payments to the employee; or
- (2) inform the employee in writing of the disability rating and the time when the permanent partial disability payment will be payable under the statute.

B. When the extent of permanent partial disability is disputed, upon receipt of a medical report containing a permanency rating or medical information from which the insurer may determine a rating, the employer or insurer must, within 30 days:

- (1) make a minimum lump sum payment or begin periodic payments based on the minimum undisputed permanent partial disability ascertainable; and
- (2) notify the employee in writing that an adverse medical examination has been scheduled and the date, time, and place of the examination. The disability rating must be determined and any remaining permanent partial disability payments made or periodic payment begun, within 120 days of the insurer's receipt of the initial medical report containing a permanency rating; or

C. If permanent partial disability benefits are not currently payable under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.101, inform the employee in writing of the disability rating and the time when the permanent partial disability payment will be payable by statute.

Subp. 2. Notice of benefit payment.

A. For injuries before January 1, 1984, the employer or insurer must, when payment is made, file with the division and serve on the employee an itemized proof of payment indicating the amount of compensation paid and the date of payment together with a copy of the medical report upon which payment is based.

B. For injuries on or after January 1, 1984, when the insurer makes a lump sum payment of permanent partial disability benefits or begins periodic payment, the employer or insurer shall fully complete, serve on the employee, and file with the division a notice of permanent partial disability benefits which must be on a form prescribed by the commissioner, containing substantially the following information:

- (1) information identifying the employee, employer, insurer, and any adjusting company;
- (2) claim numbers or codes;
- (3) the date of the injury;

- (4) an explanation of the amount, type, and time of payment of permanent partial disability benefits, including the legal authority for the rating;
- (5) monitoring period information;
- (6) instructions to the employee concerning any disagreement about the payment;
- (7) information regarding possible future permanent partial disability payments;
- (8) information regarding previous permanent partial disability payments;
- (9) copies of medical reports containing disability ratings or medical information upon which the insurer bases the rating;
- (10) verification by the insurer, including the name and telephone number of the person making the decision to pay benefits; and
- (11) the date the notice was served on the employee.

Subp. 3. **Place of payment.** Payment under this part is to be made as provided in part 5220.2540, subpart 2.

Subp. 4. **Penalties.** If benefits are not paid as required under subpart 1 or 2, the division may assess penalties under Minnesota Statutes, sections 176.221 and 176.225, and parts 5220.2750, 5220.2760, and 5220.2790. A penalty for failure to file a notice required by this subpart may be assessed under part 5220.2830.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 175.17; 175.171; 176.83*

History: *11 SR 1530; 18 SR 2546*

Published Electronically: *June 11, 2008*

5220.2555 RETRAINING COMPENSATION.

An employee who has been approved for retraining under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102, subdivision 11, may petition the commissioner or a compensation judge for additional compensation, not to exceed 25 percent of the compensation otherwise payable, if the employee will incur a special, unusual, or unique circumstance during the retraining period that would otherwise reduce the likelihood that the retraining plan will be successfully completed. Additional compensation is not warranted under this subpart if the circumstance on which the request is based is compensable as a cost of the rehabilitation plan under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.102, subdivision 9. The commissioner or a compensation judge may order an award of additional compensation and specify the amount to be awarded. When the employee is entitled to additional compensation for retraining, the compensation shall begin on the first day the special, unusual, or unique circumstance of the retraining is present but not before the start of the retraining program, and shall stop at any time the special, unusual, or unique circumstance is no longer present. The commissioner or compensation judge may determine the date of commencement and the date of discontinuance of the additional compensation.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 175.17; 175.171; 176.83*

History: *18 SR 2546*

Published Electronically: *June 11, 2008*

5220.2560 ATTACHMENT AND GARNISHMENT OF BENEFITS.

Workers' compensation benefits are not subject to attachment or garnishment, although they may be withheld under Minnesota Statutes, section 518A.53, and paid for child support or spousal maintenance if the other requirements of that statute are met. Upon request, the insurer shall file with the division a statement of the amount being withheld from the employee's benefits and paid to the county or obligee, a copy of the order for withholding of income, and verification of payments made.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 175.17; 175.171; 176.83*

History: *11 SR 1530; 18 SR 2546; L 1997 c 203 art 6 s 92; L 2005 c 164 s 29; L 2005 1Sp7 s 28*

Published Electronically: *June 11, 2008*

5220.2570 DENIALS OF LIABILITY.

Subpart 1. **Form.** When an employer or insurer denies liability for a work-related injury, it shall serve and file the documents prescribed by this part.

Subp. 2. **Denial of liability form.** A denial of primary liability under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.221, subdivision 1, except a letter denial under subpart 4 or 5, must be fully completed and on a form prescribed by the commissioner, containing substantially the following:

- A. information identifying the employee, employer, insurer, and any adjusting company;
- B. the date of the claimed injury;
- C. claim numbers or codes;
- D. the name and telephone number of the person who made the determination;
- E. a specific reason for the denial which must be in language easily readable and understandable to a person of average intelligence and education and a clear statement of the facts forming the basis for the denial. A denial which states only that the injury did not arise out of and in the course and scope of employment or that the injury was denied for lack of a medical report, for example, is not specific within the meaning of this item;
- F. a copy of a medical report or summary of any health care provider contact which forms a basis for the denial; and
- G. instructions to the employee if the employee disagrees, including the availability of rehabilitation benefits, the statute of limitations for filing a workers' compensation claim, and the address and telephone numbers of division offices the employee may contact for information.

Subp. 3. **Notice of intention to discontinue benefits.** A denial of primary liability filed more than 60 days after notice to or knowledge by the employer of a work-related injury which is required to be reported to the commissioner under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.231, subdivision 1, and for which benefits are being paid must be made by a notice of intention to discontinue benefits under part 5220.2630 and must clearly indicate that its purpose is to deny liability for the entire claim.

Subp. 4. **Letter denial for new period of temporary total.** A denial of liability for temporary total disability benefits for a new period of lost time due to a previous work-related injury must be in writing and include:

- A. information identifying the employee, employer, insurer, and any adjusting company;

- B. the date of the claimed injury;
- C. claim numbers or codes;
- D. the signature, name, and telephone number of the person who made the decision; and
- E. a specific reason for the denial in language easily readable and understandable to a person of average intelligence and education and a clear statement of the facts forming the basis for the denial.

Subp. 5. **Letter denial for other benefits.** A denial of liability for a portion of benefits or any other compensation where primary liability has been accepted must be in writing and include:

- A. information identifying the employee, employer, insurer, and any adjusting company;
- B. the date of the claimed injury;
- C. claim numbers or codes;
- D. the signature, name, and telephone number of the person who made the decision; and
- E. a specific reason for the denial in language easily readable and understandable to a person of average intelligence and education and a clear statement of the facts forming the basis for the denial.

Subp. 6. **Service.** The employer or insurer shall serve on the employee the form or letter under subparts 1 to 5 with any relevant medical or other reports attached and file a copy with the division.

Subp. 7. **Time for filing.** Denials of liability must be filed with the division within the following time limits:

A. Where appropriate, a denial under subpart 2 must be filed with the commissioner and served on the employee within 14 days of notice to or knowledge by the employer of an injury which is required to be reported to the commissioner under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.231, subdivision 1. Where appropriate, a denial under subpart 2 must be filed with the commissioner and served on the employee within 30 days after notice or knowledge where an extension has been requested in the event of a new period of temporary total or if payment has commenced. When payment of compensation has commenced, a denial more than 60 days after notice or knowledge must be filed under subpart 3.

B. A denial of liability under subpart 3 must be filed with the commissioner and served on the employee in accordance with part 5220.2630, subpart 4.

C. A denial of liability under subpart 4 must be filed with the commissioner and served on the employee within 14 days of notice or knowledge of a new period of lost time due to a previous work-related injury unless an extension is requested under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.221, subdivision 1.

D. A denial under subpart 5 must be filed with the commissioner and served on the employee within the time frame required by statute for the type of benefit being denied.

Subp. 8. [Repealed, 18 SR 2546]

Subp. 9. **Penalty; timeliness.** Failure to pay or deny in a timely manner may result in the assessment of the penalties in parts 5220.2770 and 5220.2790.

Subp. 10. **Penalty; frivolous denial.**

A. A frivolous denial under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.225, subdivision 1, clause (a) or (e), includes one which:

(1) does not state facts indicating that an investigation has been completed or that a good faith effort to investigate has been attempted; or

(2) states a basis which is a clearly inaccurate statement of fact or the applicable law.

B. In addition to any workers' compensation benefits due and a penalty under subpart 9, a penalty may be assessed by the division or compensation judge under parts 5220.2760 and 5220.2770 and Minnesota Statutes, sections 176.221, subdivision 3a, and 176.225, subdivision 1, for a frivolous denial.

Subp. 11. **Penalty; nonspecific denial.** A nonspecific denial as defined in subpart 2, item E; 4, item E; or 5, item E, may result in the assessment of a penalty in the amount of \$500 under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.84, subdivision 2. A penalty for a nonspecific denial may be assessed without regard to the substantive validity of the denial of benefits. A penalty under this subpart may be assessed in addition to the penalties described in subparts 9 and 10 and is payable to the commissioner for deposit in the assigned risk safety account.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 14.388; 175.17; 175.171; 176.129; 176.138; 176.221; 176.225; 176.231; 176.238; 176.83; 176.84*

History: *11 SR 1530; 18 SR 2546; 23 SR 1484; 35 SR 2015*

Published Electronically: *July 6, 2011*

5220.2580 CLAIM FOR REFUND FROM EMPLOYEE OR DEPENDENT; OVERPAYMENTS.

Subpart 1. **Request for refund.** All requests for refunds or reimbursements by an insurer for payments made under a mistake of fact or law, which were allegedly not received by an employee or dependent in good faith, must be made in writing to the employee with a copy immediately mailed to the attorney representing the employee or dependent, if any, and upon request to the division.

Subp. 2. **Contents of request.** All requests must contain the following information:

- A. amount of alleged overpayment;
- B. what the original payment was made for;
- C. the date on which the payment was made;
- D. the mistake of fact or law which forms the basis for the claimed overpayment;
- E. the reason the insurer believes the payments were not received in good faith; and

F. a statement informing the employee that, if the employee has any questions regarding the legal obligations to repay any claims for overpayment alleged to have not been received in good faith, the employee should contact either a private attorney or the division.

Subp. 3. **Overpayments.** The insurer that overpaid benefits that were received by the employee in good faith may take the credit allowed under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.179, after giving notice to the employee of the information in subpart 2, items A to F. Benefits paid pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 176.239, subdivision 3, are not overpaid benefits unless so ordered by a compensation judge under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.239, subdivision 9.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 175.17; 175.171; 176.83*

History: *11 SR 1530; 18 SR 2546*

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5220.2590 [Repealed, 18 SR 1472; 18 SR 2546]

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5220.2600 [Repealed, 11 SR 1530]

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5220.2605 [Repealed, 29 SR 1448]

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5220.2610 [Repealed, 29 SR 1448]

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5220.2620 [Repealed, 29 SR 1448]

Published Electronically: *June 11, 2008*

5220.2630 DISCONTINUANCE OF COMPENSATION.

Subpart 1. **Generally.** When an insurer proposes or intends to reduce, suspend, or discontinue an employee's benefits, it shall file one of the following documents described in this part. A form need not be filed when an insurer increases or decreases an employee's periodic temporary partial benefit due to changes in the employee's earnings while employed, provided that a payment continues to be made based on the employee's actual earnings.

Subp. 2. **Petition.** The filing of a petition to discontinue compensation with the division under part 1415.1000 and Minnesota Statutes, section 176.238, subdivision 5, commences a formal action to reduce, suspend, or discontinue compensation. A petition is required to reduce, suspend, or discontinue permanent total benefits if a judicial or administrative order finding permanent total status was previously issued. The division shall refer the matter to the office under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.238.

Subp. 3. **Notice of benefit payment.**

A. The employer or insurer may make a lump sum or final payment of the benefit indicated by the filing of a notice of benefit payment with the division and service of the notice on the other parties at the time that the payment occurs when the payment represents:

- (1) a lump sum payment of full permanent partial disability compensation;
- (2) a final periodic payment of permanent partial disability compensation, impairment compensation, or economic recovery compensation;
- (3) a final payment under an award, order, or stipulation;
- (4) for injuries occurring before August 1, 1975, where the employee is not permanently totally disabled, a final payment of temporary total disability or for injuries occurring before May 28, 1977, a final payment of temporary partial disability based on a statutory maximum number of weekly payments; or
- (5) a final payment of monitoring period compensation.

B. A notice of benefit payment must be fully completed and on the form prescribed by the commissioner, containing substantially the relevant information described in part 5220.2550, subpart 2.

Subp. 4. Notice of intention to discontinue benefits.

A. To discontinue temporary total, temporary partial, or permanent total benefits in situations not specified in subpart 3, the employer or insurer must serve upon the employee and file with the division a notice of intention to discontinue benefits or a petition under subpart 2. The insurer may serve and file a notice of intention to discontinue permanent total benefits under this subpart only where no judicial or administrative decision finding permanent total status was previously issued. The notice of intention to discontinue benefits must be accompanied by a form prescribed by the commissioner with which to request an administrative conference on the proposed discontinuance. The form must contain the employer's name, the date of the injury or disease, and the name, Social Security number or workers' compensation identification number assigned by the department, and address of the employee and a space for the employee to indicate the reason the employee objects to the proposed discontinuance.

B. A notice of intention to discontinue benefits must be fully completed and on the form prescribed by the commissioner, containing substantially the following:

- (1) information identifying the employee, employer, insurer, and any adjusting company;
- (2) the date of the injury or disease;
- (3) claim numbers or codes;
- (4) the type of benefits being reduced or discontinued;
- (5) the legal reason or reasons for the proposed discontinuance or reduction, stated in language which may easily be read and understood by a person of average intelligence and education, and in sufficient detail to inform the employee of the factual basis for the discontinuance or reduction;
- (6) the effective date of the discontinuance;
- (7) information regarding benefits previously paid;
- (8) information regarding attorney fees;
- (9) the date the notice was served on the employee and the employee's attorney;
- (10) verification and information identifying the person making the proposal to discontinue benefits;
- (11) instructions to the employee, including who to contact for more information and how to request a conference or hearing;
- (12) copies of relevant medical reports; and
- (13) copies of any other relevant documents.

Supporting documents must be attached to all copies of the discontinuance notice when served.

C. The liability of the insurer to make compensation payments continues at least until the notice of intention to discontinue benefits is received by the division and served on the employee and the employee's attorney, except that benefits may be discontinued on the date the employee returned to work and temporary partial benefits may be discontinued as of the date the employee ceased employment. Continuation of benefits following service and filing of a notice of intention to discontinue benefits where the employee has requested an administrative conference is set out in part 1415.3900, subpart 3.

Subp. 5. [Repealed, 18 SR 2546]

Subp. 6. **Penalties.** Where compensation is discontinued, reduced, or suspended in violation of this part, a penalty may be assessed under parts 5220.2720, 5220.2760, and 5220.2790.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 14.388; 175.17; 175.171; 176.129; 176.138; 176.221; 176.225; 176.231; 176.238; 176.83; 176.84*

History: *11 SR 1530; 18 SR 2546; 23 SR 1484; 35 SR 2015*

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5220.2640 [Repealed, 29 SR 1448]

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5220.2650 [Repealed, 18 SR 2546]

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5220.2655 [Repealed, 29 SR 1448]

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5220.2660 [Repealed, 18 SR 2546]

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5220.2670 MEDIATION.

Subpart 1. **Evaluation for mediation.** The commissioner may refer, or any party to a workers' compensation matter or dispute may, at any stage of the proceedings, request evaluation of a disputed matter by the mediation unit to determine suitability of the matter for further action by the unit. If the matter is found to be suitable for resolution by the mediation process, the mediation unit will contact the parties or their attorneys, if they are represented, to attempt conciliation or schedule a mediation session.

Subp. 2. **Conciliation.** Conciliation is the resolution of a matter through informal means without conducting a full conference. If the matter is appropriate for conciliation, the mediation unit may conciliate an agreement of the parties.

Subp. 3. **Agreement to mediate.** If conciliation does not occur or is not successful and all parties consent to participate in the mediation process, the unit will schedule a mediation session. The mediation unit will notify the parties of the date, time, and place for the session. An agreement to mediate must be executed by the parties prior to the commencement of mediation.

Subp. 4. **Mediation resolution.** If the mediation session results in a resolution of one or more of the disputed issues, the parties shall sign a written statement outlining the agreement. The mediation resolution need not contain all of the items listed in part 1415.2000, but must include a list of the issues under discussion and agreements reached by the parties. An intervenor is not required to sign the statement if it provides for reimbursement in full to the intervenor.

Subp. 5. **Mediation award.** A designee of the commissioner shall review the mediation resolution as provided by Minnesota Statutes, section 176.521, and shall issue a mediation award if the terms conform with the workers' compensation act. The award and the resolution must be served on the parties by mail within ten days of the conclusion of mediation unless the parties agree to allow a party to draft the mediation resolution. Both documents will be attached to and become part of the judgment roll of the division's file.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 175.17; 175.171; 176.83*

History: *11 SR 1530; 18 SR 2546*

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5220.2680 SECOND INJURY LAW.

Subpart 1. [Repealed, 18 SR 2546]

Subp. 2. [Repealed, 18 SR 2546]

Subp. 3. [Repealed, 18 SR 2546]

Subp. 4. [Repealed, 18 SR 2546]

Subp. 5. **Notice of intention to claim reimbursement.** Notice of intention to claim reimbursement under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.131, subdivision 6, must be on forms prescribed by the division. In a claim under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.131, subdivision 1, forms must be filed within one year after the payment of sufficient weekly benefits or medical expenses to make claim against the special compensation fund. In a claim under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.131, subdivision 2, forms must be filed within one year from the first payment of weekly benefits or medical expense. The insurer must file with the division one clean copy suitable for imaging and one copy of the notice of intention to claim reimbursement.

Subp. 6. **Claim for reimbursement.** Reimbursement will be made by an order of the division or Workers' Compensation Court of Appeals from the special compensation fund on a yearly basis upon application for reimbursement on forms prescribed by the division. The insurer must file one clean copy suitable for imaging and one copy of the claim for reimbursement with the division. The application must be verified, set out in detail expenditures made and expenditures for which reimbursement is claimed, and must be supported by medical reports, showing the nature and extent of disability and relationship to the injury and physical impairment for which reimbursement is claimed.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 175.17; 175.171; 176.83*

History: *11 SR 1530; 18 SR 2546; L 1998 c 294 s 7*

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5220.2690 [Repealed, 29 SR 1448]

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5220.2700 [Repealed, 11 SR 1530]

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5220.2710 ASSESSMENT OF PENALTIES.

All penalties assessed by the commissioner or an authorized designee under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 176, shall be assessed within two years of the violation by service of a notice of assessment upon the party against whom the penalty is assessed which shall contain substantially the following:

- A. a statement of the legal basis for the penalty assessment including a citation to the applicable statutes;
- B. a clear and concise statement of the factual basis for the penalty assessment;
- C. a statement of the right to object to the penalty assessment and the right to a hearing;
- D. the procedure and time limits for making an objection and obtaining a hearing;
- E. the amount of the penalty; and
- F. the date payment is due if a timely objection is not filed.

The notice of assessment must be served upon the employee if it is payable to the employee, the employer, and the insurer.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 175.17; 176.83*

History: *11 SR 1530*

Published Electronically: *June 11, 2008*

5220.2720 IMPROPER DISCONTINUANCES; PENALTY.

Subpart 1. **Basis.** A penalty assessment for improper discontinuance will be made by the division, if appropriate where:

- A. benefits were discontinued without timely notice to the employee and the employee's attorney as required under part 5220.2630 and Minnesota Statutes, section 176.238;
- B. the discontinuance occurred despite an administrative determination denying a request to discontinue under part 5220.2640 and Minnesota Statutes, section 176.239;
- C. the discontinuance occurred without notice despite a final decision of a compensation judge, the Workers' Compensation Court of Appeals, or the Supreme Court requiring payment of ongoing benefits;
- D. an administrative conference was requested and the request was not withdrawn, the discontinuance occurred before the date of the administrative conference, except where allowed by part 5220.2640, subpart 3; or
- E. when a notice of intention to discontinue benefits is required to be filed but the discontinuance is retroactive, taking effect prior to the date that the notice of intention to discontinue benefits is served and filed with the division or served on the employee, except as allowed by part 5220.2630.

Subp. 2. **Amount.** When the division makes a determination under subpart 1, notice will be given and fines assessed as follows:

- A. (1) If an insurer has not had a penalty assessed in the one-year period before the assessment for violation of a particular item in subpart 1, the division will send a warning notice to the insurer that the division has determined the discontinuance is improper. The warning notice will direct the insurer to pay the

improperly discontinued benefits and serve and file any required notice of discontinuance within ten days of service of notice or a penalty will be assessed.

(2) If the improperly discontinued benefits are not paid and any proper discontinuance filed within the following time periods after the warning notice is served, the division will send notice that a penalty is imposed as follows:

- (a) 11 to 20 days late, \$200;
- (b) 21 to 30 days late, \$600;
- (c) 31 to 60 days late, \$800; and
- (d) over 60 days late, \$1,000.

B. If an insurer has had a penalty assessed in the one-year period before the assessment for violation of an item in subpart 1 and again violates the same item, the following penalties apply if the improperly discontinued benefit is not paid and a discontinuance notice is not filed when required:

- (1) one to ten days late, \$400;
- (2) 11 to 20 days late, \$600;
- (3) 21 to 30 days late, \$800; and
- (4) over 30 days late, \$1,000.

C. Alternatively, a penalty may be assessed as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 176.221, subdivision 3, payable to the commissioner for deposit in the assigned risk safety account.

D. In addition to a penalty payable to the commissioner for deposit in the assigned risk safety account under this part, a penalty may be assessed under part 5220.2760.

Subp. 3. **Payable to.** Penalties under this part are payable to the commissioner for deposit in the assigned risk safety account.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 14.388; 175.17; 175.171; 176.129; 176.138; 176.221; 176.225; 176.231; 176.238; 176.83; 176.84*

History: *11 SR 1530; 18 SR 2546; 23 SR 1484; 35 SR 2015*

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5220.2730 [Repealed, 18 SR 2546]

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5220.2740 FAILURE TO PAY OR DENY MEDICAL CHARGES; PENALTY.

Subpart 1. **Basis.** Under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.221, subdivision 6a, a penalty may be assessed where payment or denial of medical charges is not made in a timely manner as provided in part 5221.0600 and Minnesota Statutes, section 176.135.

Subp. 2. **Amount.** Under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.221, subdivision 3a, a penalty of up to \$2,000 shall be assessed as follows:

- A. one to 15 days late, \$500;
- B. 16 to 30 days late, \$1,000;

C. 31 to 60 days late, \$1,500; and

D. over 60 days late, \$2,000.

Subp. 3. [Repealed, 18 SR 2546]

Subp. 4. **Payable to.** Penalties assessed under this part are payable to the commissioner for deposit in the assigned risk safety account.

Subp. 5. **Interest.** Interest on the sums owed under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.221, subdivision 8, is payable to the health care provider.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 14.388; 175.17; 175.171; 176.129; 176.138; 176.221; 176.225; 176.231; 176.238; 176.83; 176.84*

History: *11 SR 1530; 18 SR 2546; 23 SR 1484; 35 SR 2015*

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5220.2750 FAILURE TO MAKE TIMELY PAYMENT OF PERMANENT PARTIAL DISABILITY, ECONOMIC RECOVERY COMPENSATION, OR IMPAIRMENT COMPENSATION; PENALTY.

Subpart 1. **Basis.** A penalty may be assessed where payment of permanent partial disability compensation, economic recovery compensation, or impairment compensation is not made in a timely manner as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 176.101, and part 5220.2550.

Subp. 2. **Amount.** A penalty may be assessed under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.221, subdivisions 3 and 6a, in the amounts provided by Minnesota Statutes, section 176.221, subdivision 3.

Subp. 3. **Payable to.** The penalty is payable to the commissioner for deposit in the assigned risk safety account.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 14.388; 175.17; 175.171; 176.129; 176.138; 176.221; 176.225; 176.231; 176.238; 176.83; 176.84*

History: *11 SR 1530; 18 SR 2546; 23 SR 1484; 35 SR 2015*

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5220.2760 ADDITIONAL AWARD AS PENALTY.

Subpart 1. **Basis.** Penalties under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.225, subdivision 1, in an amount up to 30 percent of the total amount of the compensation award shall be assessed by the division on the grounds listed in that section, including:

A. underpaying, delaying payment of, or refusing to pay within 14 days of the filing of an order by the division or a compensation judge, the Workers' Compensation Court of Appeals or the Minnesota Supreme Court unless the order is appealed within the time limits for an appeal. If the payor does not appeal the order, payments made more than 14 days after the order is served and filed are late, however, the division shall not issue a penalty under this part unless payment is made after the 30th day following a final order. A penalty may be issued, however, for a payment after the 14th day and through the 30th day following a settlement award under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.521. Payments made after the 14th day must include interest pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 176.221, subdivision 7, or 176.225, subdivision 5, to the payee;

B. delay of payment, underpayment, or refusal to pay permanent partial disability benefits as provided in part 5220.2550; and

C. other violations under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.225, subdivision 1, clause (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), or (6).

This part does not affect the employee's independent right to seek penalties by filing a claim petition under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.271.

Subp. 2. **Amount.** A penalty assessed under this part will be for at least six percent of the compensation owing and shall be assessed as follows:

- A. one to five days late, six percent;
- B. six to 15 days late, 12 percent;
- C. 16 to 30 days late, 18 percent;
- D. 31 to 60 days late, 24 percent; and
- E. over 60 days late, 30 percent.

Subp. 3. **Payable to.** Penalties assessed under this part are payable to the employee.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 14.388; 175.17; 175.171; 176.129; 176.138; 176.221; 176.225; 176.231; 176.238; 176.83; 176.84*

History: *11 SR 1530; 18 SR 2546; 23 SR 1484; 35 SR 2015*

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5220.2770 FAILURE TO PAY OR DENY; PENALTY.

Subpart 1. **Basis.** Where payment is not made in a timely manner and no denial of primary liability is filed with the commissioner and served on the employee as provided by Minnesota Statutes, section 176.221, subdivision 1, the division may assess the penalties provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 176.221, subdivisions 3 and 3a.

Subp. 2. **Amount.** The commissioner's designee must use the following procedure to determine the amount of the penalty.

A. The commissioner's designee must complete a delayed payment worksheet containing information identifying the claim and setting forth the time period of late payment.

B. Calculation of the amount of the penalty will be in the following manner:

(1) the 14-day period is first calculated. The period will begin on the next day after either the first day of lost time or day of notice, whichever is latest;

(2) the number of days after the 14-day period until payment is made constitute the days late;

(3) the penalty due for the number of days late is calculated under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.221, subdivision 3.

C. Where an old injury recurs causing disability, an extension under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.221, subdivision 1, is filed, and payment is not made within 30 days, calculation of the amount owing under item B shall be made using a period of 30 days rather than 14 days.

D. Where no compensation has been paid but the insurer has failed to file and serve on the employee a denial of liability within the statutory 14- or 30-day limit on a claim required to be reported to the division, a penalty of up to \$2,000 may be assessed under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.221, subdivision 3a, as follows:

- (1) one to 15 days late, \$250;
- (2) 16 to 30 days late, \$500;
- (3) 31 to 60 days late, \$1,000; and
- (4) over 60 days late, \$2,000.

E. Where the insurer has filed a frivolous denial under part 5220.2570, subpart 10, a penalty may be assessed under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.221, subdivision 3a, as follows:

- (1) one to five violations in the two-year period before the assessment, \$1,000; and
- (2) six or more violations in the two-year period before the assessment, \$2,000.

Subp. 3. **Payable to.** This penalty is payable to the commissioner for deposit in the assigned risk safety account.

Subp. 4. **Repeated failure.** An insurer that has been penalized for failure to pay benefits or deny under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.221, on five or more percent of their claims required by statute to be filed within a given calendar year will be subject to the action set out in Minnesota Statutes, section 176.231, subdivision 2.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 14.388; 175.17; 175.171; 176.129; 176.138; 176.221; 176.225; 176.231; 176.238; 176.83; 176.84*

History: *11 SR 1530; 18 SR 2546; 23 SR 1484; 35 SR 2015*

Published Electronically: *July 6, 2011*

5220.2780 FAILURE TO PAY UNDER ORDER; PENALTY.

Subpart 1. **Basis.** Where payment of compensation or expenses is not made within 14 days following an order as required by Minnesota Statutes, section 176.221, subdivisions 6a and 8, the division may assess the penalties provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 176.221, subdivision 3 or 3a, however, the division shall not issue a penalty under this part unless payment is made after the 30th day following a final order. A penalty may be issued, however, for a payment after the 14th day and through the 30th day following a settlement award under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.521. Payments made after the 14th day must include interest to the payee.

Subp. 2. **Amount.** The penalty available under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.221, subdivision 3 or 3a, shall be assessed where there has been a failure to pay under an order which has not been appealed. If the payor chooses not to appeal the order, payments made more than 14 days after the order is served and filed are late. Each day after the 14th day is considered a day late. Penalties under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.221, subdivision 3a, shall be assessed as follows:

- A. one to 15 days late, \$500;
- B. 16 to 30 days late, \$1,000;
- C. 31 to 60 days late, \$1,500; and

D. over 60 days late, \$2,000.

Subp. 3. **Payable to.** The penalty is payable to the commissioner for deposit in the assigned risk safety account.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 14.388; 175.17; 175.171; 176.129; 176.138; 176.221; 176.225; 176.231; 176.238; 176.83; 176.84*

History: *11 SR 1530; 16 SR 2520; 17 SR 3361; 18 SR 2546; 23 SR 1484; 35 SR 2015*

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5220.2790 INEXCUSABLE DELAY IN MAKING PAYMENT, INCREASE IN PAYMENT.

Subpart 1. **Basis.**

A. When a claim has not been denied but payment is not made as provided by Minnesota Statutes, section 176.221, the failure is deemed inexcusable delay under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.225, subdivision 5.

B. Where other payment of temporary total, temporary partial, permanent total, or permanent partial disability benefits is not made within three business days of the date provided by statute or rule on more than three occasions in any 12-month period, the failure is deemed inexcusable.

Subp. 2. **Amount.** The amount of the increase in payment under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.225, subdivision 5, for a delay under subpart 1, item A, is calculated as 25 percent of the payment found to be delayed.

The amount of the increase in payment assessed under subpart 1, item B, will be calculated at 25 percent of the payment found to be delayed.

Subp. 3. **Payable to.** The amount of any penalty assessed under this part is payable to the employee.

Subp. 4. **Assessment.**

A. The commissioner's designee must complete a delayed payment worksheet containing information identifying the claim and setting forth the time period of late payment.

B. The calculation of a penalty under this part for late payment of temporary total, temporary partial, or permanent total disability benefits must be as follows:

- (1) The due date specified in part 5220.2540 or 5220.2550 is determined.
- (2) The number of days after the due date until payment is made constitute the days late.
- (3) The compensation due for the number of days late is determined.
- (4) The penalty is calculated at 25 percent of the sum paid in an untimely manner.

C. The calculation of a penalty for late payment of permanent partial disability benefits, including economic recovery compensation and impairment compensation under subpart 1, item B, must be as follows:

- (1) the due date specified in part 5220.2540 or 5220.2550 is determined;
- (2) if payment of the sum due is not made within three business days of the due date on more than three occasions in any 12-month period, a penalty of 25 percent of the sum paid in an untimely manner is assessed.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 175.17; 175.171; 176.129; 176.138; 176.221; 176.225; 176.231; 176.238; 176.83; 176.84*

History: *11 SR 1530; 18 SR 2546; 23 SR 1484*

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5220.2800 [Repealed, 11 SR 1530]

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5220.2810 FAILURE TO RELEASE MEDICAL DATA; PENALTY.

Subpart 1. **Application for penalty.** Any party or the division may request a penalty assessment against a collector or possessor for failure to release medical data in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 176.138. The application must be in writing, clearly state the factual basis upon which the penalty is requested, and be accompanied by copies of the written requests for medical data made by the applicant and any response received. The application also must be accompanied by a copy of the written notification to the employee of the request for medical data, unless the employee requested the medical data.

Subp. 2. **Assessment of penalty.** Upon receipt of an application for a penalty assessment, the division shall assess a penalty if it determines that the request meets the following requirements:

A. the medical data requested is related to a current claim for compensation, which means any claim for compensation under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 176, for which benefits are currently being paid or are being claimed by an employee, whether or not a claim petition has been filed;

B. the requested medical data is specifically identified and in existence at the time of the request;

C. the requested medical data is directly related to a current injury or disability for which compensation is claimed or being paid;

D. the applicant sent written notification of the request for medical data to the employee at the time the request was made;

E. if required by federal law, appropriate authorizations for release of information were furnished; and

F. the requested medical data was not provided within seven working days after receipt of the request by a party and receipt of appropriate authorizations, if required by federal law.

Subp. 3. **Amount.**

A. The division must send a warning letter before a monetary penalty is assessed unless the initial request for records is from the division. The warning letter must advise the collector or possessor against whom the penalty is sought of the obligation to provide medical data under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.138, and that a penalty will be assessed if it fails to provide the requested data within seven working days after the warning letter and to file written verification of the release of the data or a copy of the data with the division within that time.

B. If the requested data is not provided and written verification filed with the division within seven working days after receipt of a required warning letter or the division's request where no warning letter is required, a penalty of \$300 shall be imposed.

C. If the requested data is not provided and written verification filed with the division within 30 days after the date of a required warning letter or the division's request where no warning letter is required, a penalty of \$450 will be imposed.

D. If the requested data is not provided and written verification filed with the division within 60 days after the date of a required warning letter or the division's request where no warning letter is required, a penalty of \$600 will be imposed.

Subp. 4. **Payable to.** The amount of any penalty assessed under this part is payable to the commissioner for deposit in the assigned risk safety account.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 14.388; 175.17; 175.171; 176.129; 176.138; 176.221; 176.225; 176.231; 176.238; 176.83; 176.84*

History: *11 SR 1530; 18 SR 2546; 23 SR 1484; 35 SR 2015*

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5220.2820 FAILURE TO MAKE TIMELY REPORT OF INJURY; PENALTY.

Subpart 1. **Basis.** A penalty may be assessed under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.231, subdivision 10:

- A. against the employer, if a work-related death or serious injury occurs to an employee and:
 - (1) the commissioner is not notified within 48 hours; or
 - (2) the commissioner is initially notified within 48 hours of the occurrence but the report of the injury is not filed with the commissioner within seven days of the occurrence as provided in part 5220.2530, subpart 3;
- B. against the employer, if any other injury which must be reported to the division occurs and:
 - (1) the employer is self-insured and the electronic first report of injury is filed with the division, as provided in part 5220.2530, more than 14 days after the first day of lost time due to the injury or 14 days after the date when notice of lost time due to the injury was received by the employer, whichever is later; or
 - (2) the employer is not self-insured and the first report of injury is received by the insurer more than ten days after the first day of lost time due to the injury or ten days after the date when notice of lost time due to the injury was received by the employer, whichever is later; or
- C. against the insurer, if:
 - (1) an injury which must be reported to the division occurs;
 - (2) the first report of injury is received by the insurer from the employer within the ten-day period described in item B, subitem (2); and
 - (3) the electronic first report of injury is filed with the division, as provided in part 5220.2530, more than 14 days after the first day of lost time due to the injury, or 14 days after the date when notice of lost time due to the injury was received by the employer, whichever is later.

Subp. 2. **Amount.** If the employer or insurer has violated subpart 1 and has had no similar violations in the 12-month period prior to the assessment, an advisory letter informing the employer or insurer of the violation and the statutory requirement must be sent. If the employer or insurer has had one violation of

subpart 1 in the past 12 months, a penalty of \$125 must be assessed. If the employer or insurer has had two violations in the past 12 months, a penalty of \$250 must be assessed. If the employer or insurer has had three violations in the past 12 months, a penalty of \$375 must be assessed. If the employer or insurer has had four or more violations in the past 12 months, a penalty of \$500 must be assessed.

Subp. 3. **Assessment.** The penalty must be assessed by written notice of penalty assessment informing the employer or insurer of the number of violations in the past 12 months on record and the amount of the penalty. The notice must contain instructions for payment.

Subp. 4. **Payable to.** The penalty is payable to the commissioner for deposit in the assigned risk safety account.

Subp. 5. [Repealed, 18 SR 2546]

Statutory Authority: *MS s 14.388; 175.17; 175.171; 176.129; 176.138; 176.221; 176.225; 176.231; 176.238; 176.83; 176.84*

History: *11 SR 1530; 18 SR 2546; 23 SR 1484; 35 SR 2015; 38 SR 726*

Published Electronically: *December 6, 2013*

5220.2830 OTHER FAILURE TO FILE REPORT IN MANNER OR WITHIN TIME LIMITS PROVIDED; PENALTY.

Subpart 1. **Basis.** The division may assess a penalty for failure to file a required report if:

A. a report other than the first report of injury required to be filed by Minnesota Statutes, section 176.231, is not filed in the manner or within the time limitations prescribed;

B. a report on a form prescribed by the commissioner is requested by the commissioner but is not provided within 21 days of the commissioner's request; or

C. a changed or corrected electronic first report of injury that corrects all identified errors, as provided in part 5220.2530, subpart 5, item C, is not filed within 60 days after the division sent the insurer or self-insured employer an electronic acknowledgment transmission describing the errors.

Subp. 2. **Amount.**

A. If a report under subpart 1, item A, is not filed in the manner or within the time limitations prescribed, a penalty may be assessed under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.231, subdivision 10, as follows:

- (1) if more than 30 days after the date due, \$125;
- (2) if more than 90 days after the date due, \$375; and
- (3) if more than 180 days after the date due, \$500.

B. If, after a letter request from the commissioner or authorized designee, a report under subpart 1, item B, is not received by the division within 21 days, a penalty of \$125 must be assessed. A failure to file a report after a second request will result in an additional penalty assessment of \$375. A subsequent failure will result in penalty assessments of \$500.

C. If the changed or corrected report under subpart 1, item C, is not electronically filed in the manner or within the time limitations prescribed, a penalty may be assessed under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.231, subdivision 10, as follows:

- (1) if more than 30 days after the date due, \$125;

- (2) if more than 90 days after the date due, \$375; and
- (3) if more than 180 days after the date due, \$500.

Subp. 3. **Payable to.** The penalty is payable to the commissioner for deposit in the assigned risk safety account.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 14.388; 175.17; 175.171; 176.129; 176.138; 176.221; 176.225; 176.231; 176.238; 176.83; 176.84*

History: *11 SR 1530; 18 SR 2546; 23 SR 1484; 35 SR 2015; 38 SR 726*

Published Electronically: *December 6, 2013*

5220.2840 FAILURE TO MAKE PAYMENT OR REPORT TO SPECIAL FUND; PENALTY.

Subpart 1. **Due date.** For workers' compensation benefits paid from January 1 through June 30, the due date of the completed assessment form and corresponding assessment amount is August 15 of the same calendar year.

For workers' compensation benefits paid from July 1 through December 31, the due date of the corresponding assessment amount is March 1 of the following calendar year.

Notice of the assessment rate and instructions for payment will be issued by the fund 45 or more days before the due date.

Insurers no longer licensed to provide, or no longer providing workers' compensation insurance in Minnesota, and employers no longer self-insured to provide workers' compensation benefits must continue to file the assessment form until five years have elapsed since a policy of workers' compensation insurance or self-insurance was provided, or three years after the last indemnity payment was made, whichever is later. Insurers not owing an assessment must report zero liability during the required reporting years.

Subp. 2. **Basis.** A penalty will be assessed under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.129, subdivision 10, where either:

A. the completed assessment form and payment of the special compensation fund assessment;
or

B. written certification that the assessment report and assessment payment will not be made by the due date because of reasons beyond the control of the insurer or because no assessment is owing, is not received by the special compensation fund on or before the due date.

Subp. 3. **Amount.** Within 30 days of the due date, the special compensation fund will give notice of penalty to those who have neither filed the completed assessment form and paid the assessment amount, nor submitted a certified reason for nonpayment by the due date as follows:

- A. Either:
- (1) 2.5 percent of the assessment amount due if the assessment payment is received at the fund within five days after the due date;
 - (2) five percent of the assessment amount due if the assessment payment is received at the fund within six to 30 days after the due date;
 - (3) ten percent of the assessment amount due if the assessment payment is received at the fund within 31 to 60 days after the due date; or

(4) 15 percent of the assessment amount due if the assessment payment is received at the fund 61 or more days after the due date;

B. \$1,000, whichever is greater; or

C. \$200 for failure to timely report under subpart 2, item B, that no assessment is due.

Subp. 4. **Payable to.** The penalty is payable to the commissioner for deposit in the assigned risk safety account.

Subp. 5. **Continued nonpayment.** If the insurer penalized does not make payment within six months of the due date, the fund director shall refer the file to the Department of Commerce for consideration of license or permit revocation.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 14.388; 175.17; 175.171; 176.129; 176.138; 176.221; 176.225; 176.231; 176.238; 176.83; 176.84*

History: *11 SR 1530; 13 SR 2686; 18 SR 2546; 23 SR 1484; 35 SR 2015*

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5220.2850 FAILURE OF UNINSURED OR SELF-INSURED TO PAY; PENALTY.

The commissioner, through an authorized designee or representative, will seek reimbursement of benefits paid from the special fund and the penalties provided under Minnesota Statutes, sections 176.181, subdivision 3, and 176.183, subdivision 2, by filing petitions for contribution and reimbursement or recovery, and through other collection mechanisms or remedies available in the civil courts.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 14.388; 175.17; 175.171; 176.83*

History: *11 SR 1530; 18 SR 2546; 35 SR 2015*

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5220.2860 [Repealed, 23 SR 1484]

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5220.2865 FAILURE TO INSURE; PENALTY.

Subpart 1. **Definitions.** For purposes of this part, the following terms have the meanings given them.

A. "Avoided premium" means the workers' compensation insurance premium computed pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, chapter 79, by multiplying the employer's payroll for the uninsured period by the applicable assigned risk plan workers' compensation insurance rate and adjusted for any applicable experience modification.

B. "Objection" means the written objection filed by an employer with the commissioner pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 176.181, subdivision 3.

C. "Order to comply and notice of penalty assessment" means the order to comply and notice of penalty assessment issued by the commissioner and issued to the employer under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.181, subdivision 3.

Subp. 2. **Determination of penalty.** In determining the amount of the administrative penalty for the failure to insure, the commissioner must take into consideration the factors listed in Minnesota Statutes,

section 14.045. The basis for determining the penalty shall be the employer's avoided premium which shall be adjusted by the factors listed in Minnesota Statutes, section 14.045.

A. No uninsured employer shall be assessed an administrative penalty of less than \$200, nor more than \$1,000 per employee per week uninsured.

B. For purposes of this subpart, the ability to pay shall not be considered a factor for adjusting the penalty amount.

Subp. 3. **Business license or permit penalty.** In addition to the assessed administrative penalty, the commissioner shall assess the penalty amount specified in Minnesota Statutes, section 176.182, against the uninsured employer who did not report, or falsely reported, the required information about their workers' compensation insurance coverage to any state or local governmental agency when obtaining or renewing a license or permit to operate a business in Minnesota.

Subp. 4. **Order to comply and penalty assessment.** The commissioner shall, by certified mail, issue to the employer an order to comply and penalty assessment after conducting the investigation authorized by Minnesota Statutes, section 176.181, subdivision 8, paragraph (b).

Subp. 5. **Contents of order.** An order to comply and penalty assessment must describe the alleged violations and reference the statute or rule which the employer has violated. The order to comply and penalty assessment must state that the employer has ten working days to object to the order by filing a written objection with the commissioner and stating in detail its reasons for objecting.

Subp. 6. **Objections.** The objection must contain:

- A. the employer's name and address;
- B. the investigation number; and
- C. a detailed statement of the reasons for objecting.

Subp. 7. **Filing.** The written objection must be filed with the commissioner within ten working days of the date the employer receives the order to comply and penalty assessment. Upon receipt of a timely objection, the commissioner shall attempt to settle informally an agreed upon penalty. If the parties fail to agree, the commissioner shall refer the matter to the Office of Administrative Hearings for an expedited hearing before a compensation judge. An objection may be filed with the commissioner by postage-paid first class mail, personal delivery, or facsimile transmission.

Subp. 8. **Hearing.** The compensation judge shall use the contested case procedures contained in Minnesota Statutes, sections 14.57 to 14.62, in conducting the expedited hearing under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.181, subdivision 3.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 175.17; 175.171; 176.129; 176.138; 176.221; 176.225; 176.231; 176.238; 176.83; 176.84*

History: *23 SR 1484*

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5220.2870 PENALTY OBJECTION AND HEARING.

A party to whom notice of assessment has been issued may object to the penalty assessment by filing a written objection with the division on the form prescribed by the commissioner. The objection must also be served on the employee if the penalty is payable to the employee. The objection must be filed and

served within 30 days after the date the notice of assessment was served on that party by the division. The written objection must contain a detailed statement explaining the legal or factual basis for the objection and including any documentation supporting the objection. Upon receipt of a timely objection, unresolved issues shall be referred for a hearing to determine the amount and conditions of any penalty. Objections which are not served and filed within the 30-day objection period must be dismissed by a compensation judge.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 175.17; 175.171; 176.129; 176.138; 176.221; 176.225; 176.231; 176.238; 176.83; 176.84*

History: *11 SR 1530; 18 SR 2546; 23 SR 1484*

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5220.2880 EXAMINATION OF WORKERS' COMPENSATION FILES.

Subpart 1. **Division case.** Persons desiring to examine a file maintained by the division, shall present a written document authorizing their inspection of the file to designated personnel of the division. The authorization must be signed and dated within the preceding six months by a party to the claim who is either the employee, the employer, the insurer, the special compensation fund, a dependent in death cases, or a legal guardian in cases of mental or physical incapacity. The authorization must specify the person or party authorized to review the file. The authorization is placed in and becomes part of the file. Information from division files may not be released over the telephone without the written authorization required by this subpart.

Subp. 2. **Limitation on access.** This part shall not be construed to grant greater access to the files than that given by the Minnesota Government Data Practices Act or the Workers' Compensation Act.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 175.17; 176.83*

History: *11 SR 1530*

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5220.2910 [Repealed, 18 SR 2546]

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5220.2920 Subpart 1. [Repealed, 29 SR 1448]

Subp. 2. [Repealed, 29 SR 1448]

Subp. 3. [Repealed, 29 SR 1448]

Subp. 4. [Repealed, 29 SR 1448]

Subp. 5. [Repealed, 29 SR 1448]

Subp. 6. [Repealed, 35 SR 2015]

Subp. 7. [Repealed, 29 SR 1448]

Subp. 8. [Repealed, 29 SR 1448]

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5220.2930 DEPENDENT'S BENEFITS.

Subpart 1. Allocation of compensation by judge.

A. A party may petition for an allocation of benefits under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.111, subdivision 10. The petition may contain a proposed allocation. The petition must be served on all parties and filed with the division within one year after the date of death. If a petition for allocation is not filed in a timely manner and the death occurred after June 30, 1981, the allocation will be as provided in subpart 2.

B. A party may object to a proposed allocation by serving on all parties and filing an objection with the division within 20 days after service of the petition. The objection must contain a clear and concise statement of the specific grounds for the objection and must be accompanied by any documentary evidence supporting the objection.

C. A settlement judge shall rule on the petition without a hearing. If a party objects to the judge's decision, the party may request a hearing by filing with the division a written request for hearing within 30 days after the decision was filed. Upon receipt of a timely request for hearing, the matter will be referred to the office for hearing.

Subp. 2. Allocation of compensation in other cases. In all cases where there has been no allocation of benefits by a judge under subpart 1, and the death occurs after June 30, 1981, compensation to which dependents are entitled under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.111, shall be allocated as follows:

A. If the deceased employee leaves a surviving spouse and one dependent child, 84 percent of the compensation due under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.111, shall be paid to the surviving spouse and the remaining 16 percent of the compensation shall be paid for the benefit of the dependent child.

B. If the deceased employee leaves a surviving spouse and two or more dependent children, 75 percent of the compensation due under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.111, shall be paid to the surviving spouse and the remaining 25 percent shall be paid for the benefit of the dependent children.

This allocation shall apply from the date of death until a court-determined allocation is made, if any.

Subp. 3. [Repealed, 18 SR 2546]

Subp. 4. Factors in allocating. Factors which may justify a different allocation from that provided in subpart 2 include special circumstances which necessitate greater income to one or more of the dependents and the existence of other adequate means of support, other than workers' compensation benefits, for certain dependents but not for others.

Subp. 5. Offset for government survivor benefits. An offset for government survivor benefits is allowed under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.111, subdivision 21, only to the extent that the government survivor benefits, when combined with the weekly workers' compensation benefits, exceed the weekly wage of the deceased employee at the time of death or exceeds the dependents allocated portion of the weekly

wage for deaths occurring prior to July 1, 1981. For purposes of this offset, the weekly wage must be increased by the adjustments provided by Minnesota Statutes, section 176.645.

A. Deaths prior to July 1, 1981. If there is a surviving spouse and one or more dependent children in a single household, the offset must be computed twice, once separately for the spouse and once separately for the children, the children being taken as a group. For purposes of this computation, the weekly wage, as adjusted pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 176.645, is allocated between the spouse and children in the same proportion as benefits are allocated pursuant to this rule. Mother's and father's insurance benefits under United States Code, title 42, section 402(g), must be allocated to the children.

B. Deaths after June 30, 1981.

(1) Surviving spouse responsible for support of all dependents. If the support of all dependent children is the responsibility of the surviving spouse, the offset shall be computed only once, taking the spouse and dependent children together as one group. All government survivor benefits, including mother's and father's insurance benefits, received by any member of the group shall be lumped together for purposes of computing the offset.

(2) Surviving spouse not responsible for support of all dependents. If support of one or more of the dependent children is not the responsibility of the surviving spouse, the offset shall be computed twice, once for the surviving spouse and the children dependent on the surviving spouse, all taken as a group, and once for the children whose support is not the responsibility of the surviving spouse. For purposes of the offset, the weekly wage, as adjusted under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.645, must be allocated between the spouse and children in the same proportion as benefits are allocated pursuant to this part. Mother's and father's insurance benefits must be allocated to the group comprised of the dependent children for whose benefit the mother's and father's insurance benefits are being paid.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 14.388; 175.17; 175.171; 176.83*

History: *11 SR 1530; 18 SR 2546; 35 SR 2015*

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5220.2940 [Repealed, 18 SR 2546]

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5220.2950 [Repealed, 18 SR 2546]

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5220.2960 COMMISSIONER INTERIM NOTICES AND ORDERS.

The commissioner may develop and publish commissioner interim notices and orders concerning matters within the authority of the department. Interim notices and orders do not have the force and effect of law, except where specifically authorized by statute, but may be relied upon by the public until revoked or modified to bind the department. The purpose of an interim notice or order is to provide uniform information and guidance to the public concerning department action. An interim notice or order may be relied upon to bind the department until a statute, Appellate Court decision, rule, or subsequent commissioner's notice or order conflicts with the notice or order, until the date stated in the notice or order, or until one year after publication, whichever occurs first. An interim notice or order under this part binds

the department only if the published notice or order is clearly identified as an interim notice or order and is given an indexing number.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 175.17; 175.171; 176.83*

History: *18 SR 2546*

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