REVISOR

2770.5100 HEARINGS.

Hearings:

A. When the secretary has received the essential facts and contentions from the controverting reparation obligors, the issue in the case shall be scheduled for a hearing by the arbitration panel at the earliest practicable date.

B. Hearing date shall be determined by the chair of the arbitration panel, and one or more cases may be considered at any scheduled hearing.

C. Representatives of controverting parties shall be notified by the secretary of the time and place of a scheduled hearing at least two weeks in advance of the hearing date. Notice of hearing shall be sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, to any respondent which has not filed a written answer.

D. Adjournments may be granted for cause by the chair of the arbitration committee or a designee.

E. Evidence which controverting parties desire to submit in support of their allegations shall be made available for examination by the arbitrators at the hearing. Such evidence may also be examined by the opposing parties at the hearing. If one of the controverting parties fails to produce evidence at a scheduled arbitration hearing, after due notice thereof, the arbitrators may at their discretion consider the information in the arbitration notice of such party and render a decision accordingly.

F. Procedure at arbitration panel hearings shall be informal. Controverting parties are expected to present the facts of their respective cases in a brief, frank, and direct manner.

G. The controverting parties shall submit for consideration to the arbitrators, briefs of the law involved when requested by the arbitration panel hearing the case.

H. Controverting parties may present witnesses at an arbitration hearing, if considered necessary, after notice to the other interested party or parties sufficiently in advance of the hearing date to permit such other party or parties also to present witnesses if desired.

I. Controverting parties may, if they so desire, be represented at arbitration hearings by members of their staff or by anyone employed or retained by them.

J. Documentary evidence submitted by controverting parties shall be left with the arbitrators for their scrutiny and consideration while reaching a decision.

K. If representatives of controverting parties attend an arbitration hearing, they must withdraw after presentation of their cases and may not be present while the arbitrators are considering their decision.

Statutory Authority: MS s 65B.53

History: 17 SR 1279

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