# CHAPTER 8031 <br> DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE INCOME AND FRANCHISE TAXES PARTNERSHIPS 

8031.0100 INCOME AND CREDITS OF PARTNER.

### 8031.0100 INCOME AND CREDITS OF PARTNER.

Subpart 1. [Repealed, 26 SR 435]
Subp. 2. [Repealed, 26 SR 435]
Subp. 3. Gross income of a partner. Where it is necessary to determine the amount or character of the gross income of a partner, gross income shall include the partner's distributive share of the partnership, that is, the amount of gross income of the partnership from which was derived the partner's distributive share of partnership taxable income or loss (including items described in Minnesota Statutes, section 290.31, subdivision 2, clause (1), (a) to ( f ). For example, a partner is required to include the partner's distributive share of partnership gross income:
A. in computing gross income for the purpose of determining the necessity of filing a return (Minnesota Statutes, section 290.37);
B. in determining the application of the provision permitting the spreading of income for services rendered over a 36-month period (Minnesota Statutes, section 290.071, subdivision 2); and
C. in determining a partner's "gross income from farming" (Minnesota Statutes, section 290.09, subdivision 21).

In determining the applicability of the 6-1/2 year period of limitation on assessment and collection provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 290.49, subdivision 3 (relating to omission of more than 25 percent of gross income), a partner's gross income includes the partner's distributive share of partnership gross income. In this respect, the amount of partnership gross income from which was derived the partner's distributive share of any item of partnership income, gain, loss, deduction, or credit (as included or disclosed in the partner's return) is considered as an amount of gross income stated in the partner's return for the purposes of Minnesota Statutes, section 290.49, subdivision 3. For example, A, who is entitled to onefourth of the profits of the ABCD partnership, which has $\$ 10,000$ gross income and $\$ 2,000$ taxable income, reports only $\$ 300$ as A's distributive share of partnership profits. A should have shown $\$ 500$ as A's distributive share of profits, which amount was derived from $\$ 2,500$ of partnership gross income. However, since A included only $\$ 300$ on the return without explaining in the return the difference of $\$ 200$, A is regarded as having stated in the return only $\$ 1,500$ ( $\$ 300 / \$ 500$ of $\$ 2,500$ ) as gross income from the partnership.

Statutory Authority: MS s 270.06; 270C.06; 290.52
History: 17 SR 1279; 26 SR 435; L 2005 c 151 art 1 s 114
8031.0200 [Repealed, L 1987 c 268 art 1s 128]
8031.0300 [Repealed, 26 SR 435]
8031.0400 [Repealed, L 1987 c 268 art 1 s 128]

