CHAPTER 1365 DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION MINNESOTA STATE BUILDING CODE APPENDIX ON SNOW LOADS

1365 0050	SCOPE	1365 0500	VALLEY AREA OF SLOPED ROOFS.
1365.0100	BASIC SNOW LOADS.	1365.0600	LOWER LEVEL OF MULTILEVEL
1365.0200	VARIATIONS OF SNOW LOADS.		ROOFS.
1365.0300	CALCULATING INCREASES OR	1365.0700	LOWER ROOF WITH SLOPING UPPER
	DECREASES.		ROOF.
1365.0400	TABLE OF PITCH VERSUS DEGREE.	. 1365.0800	PROJECTIONS AND OBSTRUCTIONS.

1365.0050 SCOPE.

This chapter regulates the application of snow loads on buildings in this state. The provisions of this chapter that govern the increase or decrease of the basic snow load do not apply to Group R, Division 3, and Group U occupancies.

Statutory Authority: MS s 16B.61

History: 19 SR 1340

1365.0100 BASIC SNOW LOADS.

A basic snow load of 40 pounds per square foot of horizontal projection is required in the following counties: Anoka, Carlton, Carver, Chisago, Cook, Dakota, Hennepin, Isanti, Lake, Pine, Ramsey, Saint Louis, Scott, and Washington. A basic snow load of 30 pounds per square foot of horizontal projection is required for all other counties.

Exception: A basic snow load of 30 pounds per square foot of horizontal projection shall be acceptable for detached Group U occupancies in all counties.

Statutory Authority: MS s 16B.61

History: 19 SR 1340

1365.0200 VARIATIONS OF SNOW LOADS.

The minimum snow loads for the design of both ordinary and multiple series roofs, either flat, pitched, or curved, shall be determined by multiplying the appropriate snow load given in part 1365.0100 by the appropriate coefficients Cs (see parts 1365.0500 to 1365.0800). The full intensity of the roof snow load shall be applied to any one contiguous portion of the roof area if it produces a more unfavorable effect than the full intensity applied over the entire roof area.

Statutory Authority: MS s 16B.59 to 16B.73

History: 19 SR 1340

1365.0300 CALCULATING INCREASES OR DECREASES.

Subpart 1. Decreases. The basic snow load coefficient Cs shall be decreased according to the following conditions:

A. A decrease (due to slide-off of snow load) on the horizontal projection of pitched roofs, of one pound per square foot for each degree, by which the slope angle exceeds 20 degrees. In no case shall the allowable design load be less than 20 pounds per square foot.

B. A decrease of 20 percent of the basic uniform snow load may be used for rounded (arch) roofs with a ratio of rise to span between 1/8 and 3/8. Roofs with rise to span ratio equal to or greater than 3/8, the basic uniform snow load may be reduced 40 percent. In no case shall the allowable uniform snow load be less than 20 pounds per square foot.

Subp. 2. Increases. The basic roof loads shall be increased for the following conditions:

A. Roof valley condition in accordance with part 1365.0500 and applicable load cases.

B. Roof areas abutting vertical walls, of adjacent buildings in accordance with part 1365.0600 and applicable formulas.

C. Lower level roof areas abutting sloping upper roof areas in accordance with part 1365.0700 and applicable descriptive conditions.

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D. Roof areas adjacent to or containing projections and/or obstructions in accordance with part 1365.0800 and applicable formulas.

Statutory Authority: MS s 16B.59 to 16B.73

History: 19 SR 1340

1365.0400 TABLE OF PITCH VERSUS DEGREE.

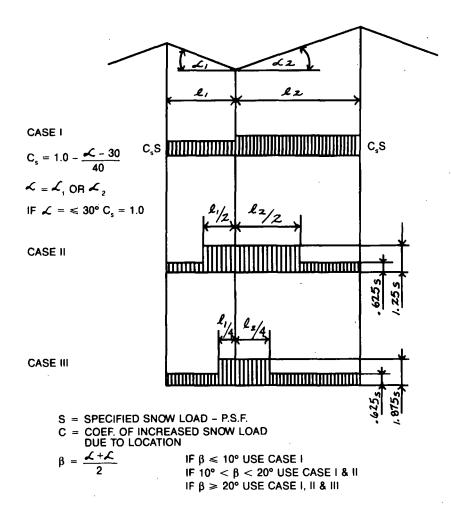
Degrees
9°–28'
11°-46'
14°-2'
16°–15 1/2'
18°-26'
20°-33'
22°–37'
24°-37'
26°-34'

Statutory Authority: MS s 16B.59 to 16B.73

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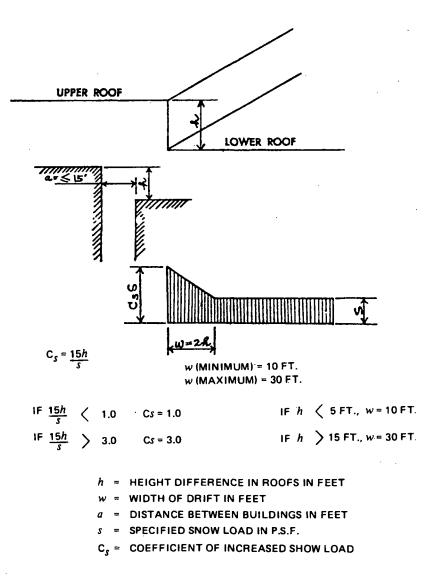
1365.0500 VALLEY AREA OF SLOPED ROOFS.



Statutory Authority: MS s 16B.59 to 16B.73

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1365.0600 LOWER LEVEL OF MULTILEVEL ROOFS.



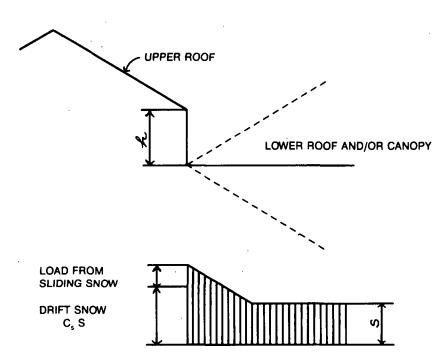
Statutory Authority: MS s 16B.59 to 16B.73

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1365.0700 APPENDIX ON SNOW LOADS

1365.0700 LOWER ROOF WITH SLOPING UPPER ROOF.



DESIGN LOWER ROOF OR CANOPY FOR LOADS ACCORDING TO FIGURE II + 50% OF DESIGN LOAD FROM UPPER. THE DISTRIBUTION SHOULD BE MADE DEPENDING ON THE RELATIVE SIZES, SLOPES AND POSITIONS OF THE TWO ROOFS.

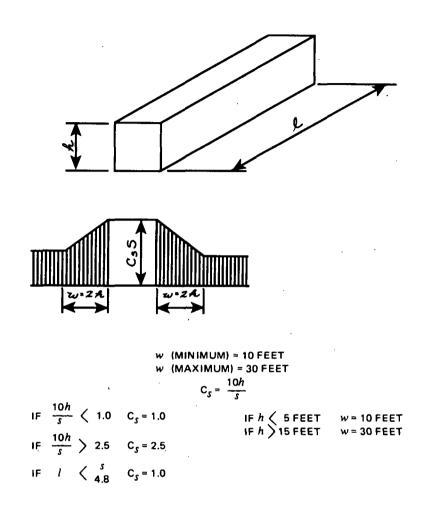
IF, BECAUSE OF A RELATIVELY SMALL LOWER ROOF OR CANOPY, ALL OF THE SLIDING SNOW CANNOT BE RETAINED, APPROPRIATE REDUCTIONS MAY BE MADE. THE DENSITY OF SLIDING SNOW MAY BE RATHER HIGH.

DESIGN UPPER ROOF AS THOUGH IT IS A SINGLE SPAN BUILDING.

Statutory Authority: MS s 16B.59 to 16B.73

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1365.0800 PROJECTIONS AND OBSTRUCTIONS.



- h = HEIGHT OF OBSTRUCTION IN FEET
- w = WIDTH OF DRIFT IN FEET
- 1 = LENGTH OF OBSTRUCTION OR PROJECTION IN FEET
- s = SPECIFIED SNOW LOAD IN P.S.F.
- c = COEFFICIENT OF INCREASED SNOW LOAD

Statutory Authority: MS s 16B.59 to 16B.73

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