

**SENATE  
STATE OF MINNESOTA  
NINETIETH SESSION**

**S.F. No. 3437**

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DATE	D-PG	OFFICIAL STATUS
03/15/2018	6517	Introduction and first reading
		Referred to Aging and Long-Term Care Policy
03/21/2018		Comm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to Health and Human Services Finance and Policy
		Authors added Relph; Ruud; Benson; Abeler

1.1 A bill for an act

1.2 relating to health; making changes to statutory provisions affecting older and

1.3 vulnerable adults; modifying the Minnesota Health Records Act and the health

1.4 care bill of rights; modifying regulation of nursing homes, home care providers,

1.5 housing with services establishments, and assisted living services; modifying

1.6 requirements for reporting maltreatment of vulnerable adults; establishing an

1.7 advisory task force; requiring reports; providing for access to information and data

1.8 sharing; imposing civil and criminal penalties; appropriating money; amending

1.9 Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections 144.6501, subdivision 3, by adding a subdivision;

1.10 144.651, subdivisions 1, 2, 4, 6, 14, 16, 17, 20, 21, by adding subdivisions;

1.11 144A.10, subdivision 1; 144A.44; 144A.441; 144A.442; 144A.45, subdivisions

1.12 1, 2; 144A.474, subdivisions 1, 2, 8, 9; 144A.4791, subdivision 10; 144A.53,

1.13 subdivisions 1, 4; 144D.01, subdivision 1; 144D.02; 144D.04, by adding a

1.14 subdivision; 144G.01, subdivision 1; 325F.71; 609.2231, subdivision 8; 626.557,

1.15 subdivisions 3, 4, 9, 9a, 9b, 9c, 9d, 9e, 10b, 12b, 14, 17; 626.5572, subdivision 6,

1.16 by adding a subdivision; Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, sections 144A.474,

1.17 subdivision 11; 144D.04, subdivision 2; 256.045, subdivisions 3, 4; proposing

1.18 coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 144; 144D; 144G; repealing

1.19 Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 256.021.

1.20 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

1.21 Section 1. CITATION.

1.22 Sections 1 to 63 may be cited as the "Eldercare and Vulnerable Adult Protection Act of

1.23 2018."

1.24 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 144.6501, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

1.25 Subd. 3. **Contracts of admission.** (a) A facility shall make complete unsigned copies

1.26 of its admission contract available to potential applicants and to the state or local long-term

1.27 care ombudsman immediately upon request.

2.1 (b) A facility shall post conspicuously within the facility, in a location accessible to  
 2.2 public view, either a complete copy of its admission contract or notice of its availability  
 2.3 from the facility.

2.4 (c) An admission contract must be printed in black type of at least ten-point type size.  
 2.5 The facility shall give a complete copy of the admission contract to the resident or the  
 2.6 resident's legal representative promptly after it has been signed by the resident or legal  
 2.7 representative.

2.8 (d) The admission contract must contain the name, address, and contact information of  
 2.9 the current owner, manager, and if different from the owner, license holder of the facility,  
 2.10 and the name and physical mailing address of at least one natural person who is authorized  
 2.11 to accept service of process.

2.12 ~~(d)~~ (e) An admission contract is a consumer contract under sections 325G.29 to 325G.37.

2.13 ~~(e)~~ (f) All admission contracts must state in bold capital letters the following notice to  
 2.14 applicants for admission: "NOTICE TO APPLICANTS FOR ADMISSION. READ YOUR  
 2.15 ADMISSION CONTRACT. ORAL STATEMENTS OR COMMENTS MADE BY THE  
 2.16 FACILITY OR YOU OR YOUR REPRESENTATIVE ARE NOT PART OF YOUR  
 2.17 ADMISSION CONTRACT UNLESS THEY ARE ALSO IN WRITING. DO NOT RELY  
 2.18 ON ORAL STATEMENTS OR COMMENTS THAT ARE NOT INCLUDED IN THE  
 2.19 WRITTEN ADMISSION CONTRACT."

2.20 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 144.6501, is amended by adding a subdivision  
 2.21 to read:

2.22 Subd. 3a. **Changes to contracts of admission.** Within 30 days of a change in ownership,  
 2.23 management, or license holder, the facility must provide prompt written notice to the resident  
 2.24 or resident's legal representative of a new owner, manager, and if different from the owner,  
 2.25 license holder of the facility, and the name and physical mailing address of any new or  
 2.26 additional natural person not identified in the admission contract who is newly authorized  
 2.27 to accept service of process.

2.28 Sec. 4. [144.6502] ELECTRONIC MONITORING IN HEALTH CARE FACILITIES.

2.29 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the terms defined in this  
 2.30 subdivision have the meanings given.

2.31 (b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of health.

3.1 (c) "Electronic monitoring device" means a surveillance instrument with a fixed position  
3.2 video camera or an audio recording device that is installed in a resident's room or private  
3.3 living space and broadcasts or records activity or sounds occurring in the room or private  
3.4 living space.

3.5 (d) "Facility" means a facility that is licensed as a nursing home under chapter 144A or  
3.6 as a boarding care home under sections 144.50 to 144.56, or registered as a housing with  
3.7 services establishment under chapter 144D that is also subject to chapter 144G.

3.8 (e) "Legal representative" means a court-appointed guardian or other person with legal  
3.9 authority to make decisions about health care services for the resident, including an individual  
3.10 who is an interested person, as defined in section 626.5572, subdivision 12a.

3.11 (f) "Resident" means a person 18 years of age or older residing in a facility.

3.12 Subd. 2. **Electronic monitoring authorized.** (a) A facility must allow a resident or a  
3.13 resident's legal representative to conduct electronic monitoring of the resident's room or  
3.14 private living space as provided in this section.

3.15 (b) Nothing in this section allows the use of an electronic monitoring device to take still  
3.16 photographs or for the nonconsensual interception of private communications.

3.17 Subd. 3. **Consent to electronic monitoring.** (a) Except as otherwise provided in this  
3.18 subdivision, a resident must consent in writing on a notification and consent form prescribed  
3.19 by the commissioner to electronic monitoring in the resident's room or private living space.  
3.20 If the resident has not affirmatively objected to electronic monitoring and the resident's  
3.21 physician determines that the resident lacks the ability to understand and appreciate the  
3.22 nature and consequences of electronic monitoring, the resident's legal representative may  
3.23 consent on behalf of the resident. For purposes of this subdivision, a resident affirmatively  
3.24 objects when the resident orally, visually, or through the use of auxiliary aids or services  
3.25 declines electronic monitoring. The resident's response must be documented on the  
3.26 notification and consent form.

3.27 (b) Prior to a resident's legal representative consenting on behalf of a resident, the resident  
3.28 must be asked by the resident's legal representative if the resident wants electronic monitoring  
3.29 to be conducted. The resident's legal representative must explain to the resident:

3.30 (1) the type of electronic monitoring device to be used;

3.31 (2) the standard conditions that may be placed on the electronic monitoring device's use,  
3.32 including those listed in subdivision 5;

3.33 (3) with whom the recording may be shared under this section; and

4.1 (4) the resident's ability to decline all recording.

4.2 (c) A resident or roommate may consent to electronic monitoring with any conditions  
4.3 of the resident's or roommate's choosing, including the list of standard conditions provided  
4.4 in subdivision 5. A resident or roommate may request that the electronic monitoring device  
4.5 be turned off or the visual or audio recording component of the electronic monitoring device  
4.6 be blocked at any time.

4.7 (d) Prior to implementing electronic monitoring, a resident must obtain the written  
4.8 consent of any other resident residing in the room or private living space on the notification  
4.9 and consent form prescribed by the commissioner. Except as otherwise provided in this  
4.10 subdivision, a roommate must consent in writing to electronic monitoring in the resident's  
4.11 room or private living space. If the roommate has not affirmatively objected to the electronic  
4.12 monitoring in accordance with this subdivision and the roommate's physician determines  
4.13 that the roommate lacks the ability to understand and appreciate the nature and consequences  
4.14 of electronic monitoring, the roommate's legal representative may consent on behalf of the  
4.15 roommate.

4.16 (e) Any resident conducting electronic monitoring must obtain consent from any new  
4.17 roommate before the resident may resume authorized electronic monitoring. If a new  
4.18 roommate does not consent to electronic monitoring and the resident conducting the electronic  
4.19 monitoring does not remove or disable the electronic monitoring device, the facility must  
4.20 remove the electronic monitoring device.

4.21 **Subd. 4. Withdrawal of consent; refusal of roommate to consent.** (a) Consent may  
4.22 be withdrawn by the resident or roommate at any time and the withdrawal of consent must  
4.23 be documented in the resident's clinical record. If a roommate withdraws consent and the  
4.24 resident conducting the electronic monitoring does not remove or disable the electronic  
4.25 monitoring device, the facility must remove the electronic monitoring device.

4.26 (b) If a resident of a nursing home or boarding care home who is residing in a shared  
4.27 room wants to conduct electronic monitoring and another resident living in or moving into  
4.28 the same shared room refuses to consent to the use of an electronic monitoring device, the  
4.29 facility shall make a reasonable attempt to accommodate the resident who wants to conduct  
4.30 electronic monitoring. A nursing home or boarding care home has met the requirement to  
4.31 make a reasonable attempt to accommodate a resident who wants to conduct electronic  
4.32 monitoring when upon notification that a roommate has not consented to the use of an  
4.33 electronic monitoring device in the resident's room, the nursing home or boarding care home  
4.34 offers to move either resident to another shared room that is available at the time of the

5.1 request. If a resident chooses to reside in a private room in a nursing home or boarding care  
5.2 home in order to accommodate the use of an electronic monitoring device, the resident must  
5.3 pay the private room rate. If a nursing home or boarding care home is unable to accommodate  
5.4 a resident due to lack of space, the nursing home or boarding care home must reevaluate  
5.5 the request every two weeks until the request is fulfilled. A nursing home or boarding care  
5.6 home is not required to provide a private room or a single-bed room to a resident who is  
5.7 not a private-pay resident.

5.8 Subd. 5. **Notice to the facility; form requirements.** (a) Electronic monitoring may  
5.9 begin only after the resident who intends to install an electronic monitoring device completes  
5.10 a notification and consent form prescribed by the commissioner and submits the form to  
5.11 the facility.

5.12 (b) The notification and consent form must include, at a minimum, the following  
5.13 information:

5.14 (1) the resident's signed consent to electronic monitoring or the signature of the resident's  
5.15 legal representative, if applicable. If a person other than the resident signs the consent form,  
5.16 the form must document the following:

5.17 (i) the date the resident was asked if the resident wants electronic monitoring to be  
5.18 conducted;

5.19 (ii) who was present when the resident was asked; and

5.20 (iii) an acknowledgment that the resident did not affirmatively object;

5.21 (2) the resident's roommate's signed consent or the signature of the roommate's legal  
5.22 representative, if applicable. If a roommate's legal representative signs the consent form,  
5.23 the form must document the following:

5.24 (i) the date the roommate was asked if the roommate consents to electronic monitoring;

5.25 (ii) who was present when the roommate was asked; and

5.26 (iii) an acknowledgment that the roommate did not affirmatively object;

5.27 (3) the type of electronic monitoring device to be used;

5.28 (4) any installation needs, such as mounting of a device to a wall or ceiling;

5.29 (5) the proposed date of installation for scheduling purposes;

5.30 (6) a list of standard conditions or restrictions that the resident or a roommate may elect  
5.31 to place on the use of the electronic monitoring device, including, but not limited to:

- 6.1 (i) prohibiting audio recording;
- 6.2 (ii) prohibiting video recording;
- 6.3 (iii) prohibiting broadcasting of audio or video;
- 6.4 (iv) turning off the electronic monitoring device or blocking the visual recording  
6.5 component of the electronic monitoring device for the duration of an exam or procedure by  
6.6 a health care professional;
- 6.7 (v) turning off the electronic monitoring device or blocking the visual recording  
6.8 component of the electronic monitoring device while dressing or bathing is performed; and
- 6.9 (vi) turning off the electronic monitoring device for the duration of a visit with a spiritual  
6.10 advisor, ombudsman, attorney, financial planner, intimate partner, or other visitor; and
- 6.11 (7) any other condition or restriction elected by the resident or roommate on the use of  
6.12 an electronic monitoring device.
- 6.13 (c) A copy of the completed notification and consent form must be placed in the resident's  
6.14 and any roommate's clinical records and a copy must be provided to the resident and the  
6.15 resident's roommate, if applicable.
- 6.16 (d) The commissioner shall prescribe the notification and consent form required in this  
6.17 section no later than January 1, 2019, and shall make the form available on the department's  
6.18 Web site.
- 6.19 (e) Beginning January 1, 2019, facilities must make the notification and consent form  
6.20 available to the residents and inform residents of their option to conduct electronic monitoring  
6.21 of their rooms or private living spaces.
- 6.22 (f) Any resident, legal representative of a resident, or other person conducting electronic  
6.23 monitoring of a resident's room prior to enactment of this section must comply with the  
6.24 requirements of this section by January 1, 2019.
- 6.25 **Subd. 6. Cost and installation.** (a) A resident choosing to conduct electronic monitoring  
6.26 must do so at the resident's own expense, including paying purchase, installation,  
6.27 maintenance, and removal costs.
- 6.28 (b) If a resident chooses to install an electronic monitoring device that uses Internet  
6.29 technology for visual or audio monitoring, that resident may be responsible for contracting  
6.30 with an Internet service provider.

7.1 (c) The facility shall make a reasonable attempt to accommodate the resident's installation  
7.2 needs, including allowing access to the facility's telecommunications or equipment room.  
7.3 A facility has the burden of proving that a requested accommodation is not reasonable.

7.4 (d) All electronic monitoring device installations and supporting services must be  
7.5 UL-listed.

7.6 Subd. 7. **Notice to visitors.** (a) A facility shall post a sign at each facility entrance  
7.7 accessible to visitors that states "Security cameras and audio devices may be present to  
7.8 record persons and activities."

7.9 (b) The facility is responsible for installing and maintaining the signage required in this  
7.10 subdivision.

7.11 Subd. 8. **Obstruction of electronic monitoring devices.** (a) A person must not knowingly  
7.12 hamper, obstruct, tamper with, or destroy an electronic monitoring device installed in a  
7.13 resident's room or private living space without the permission of the resident or the resident's  
7.14 legal representative.

7.15 (b) It is not a violation of this subdivision if a person turns off the electronic monitoring  
7.16 device or blocks the visual recording component of the electronic monitoring device at the  
7.17 direction of the resident or the resident's legal representative, or if consent has been  
7.18 withdrawn.

7.19 Subd. 9. **Dissemination of recordings.** (a) A facility may not access any video or audio  
7.20 recording created through electronic monitoring without the written consent of the resident  
7.21 or the resident's legal representative.

7.22 (b) Except as required under other law, a recording or copy of a recording made as  
7.23 provided in this section may only be disseminated for the purpose of addressing health,  
7.24 safety, or welfare concerns of a resident or residents.

7.25 Subd. 10. **Liability.** (a) A facility is not civilly or criminally liable for the inadvertent  
7.26 or intentional disclosure of a recording by a resident or a resident's legal representative for  
7.27 any purpose not authorized by this section.

7.28 (b) A facility is not civilly or criminally liable for a violation of a resident's right to  
7.29 privacy arising out of any electronic monitoring conducted as provided in this section.

7.30 Subd. 11. **Resident protections.** A facility must not:

7.31 (1) refuse to admit a potential resident or remove a resident because the facility disagrees  
7.32 with the potential resident's or the resident's decisions regarding electronic monitoring;

8.1 (2) intentionally retaliate or discriminate against any resident for consenting or refusing  
 8.2 to consent to electronic monitoring under this section; or

8.3 (3) prevent the installation or use of an electronic monitoring device by a resident who  
 8.4 has provided the facility with notice and consent as required under this section.

8.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2019.

8.6 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 144.651, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

8.7 Subdivision 1. **Legislative intent.** It is the intent of the legislature and the purpose of  
 8.8 this section to promote the interests and well being of the patients and residents of health  
 8.9 care facilities. It is the intent of this section that every patient's and resident's civil and  
 8.10 religious liberties, including the right to independent personal decisions and knowledge of  
 8.11 available choices, must not be infringed and that the facility must encourage and assist in  
 8.12 the fullest possible exercise of these rights. The rights provided under this section are  
 8.13 established for the benefit of patients and residents. No health care facility may require or  
 8.14 request a patient or resident to waive any of these rights at any time or for any reason  
 8.15 including as a condition of admission to the facility. Any guardian or conservator of a patient  
 8.16 or resident or, in the absence of a guardian or conservator, an interested person, may seek  
 8.17 enforcement of these rights on behalf of a patient or resident. An interested person may also  
 8.18 seek enforcement of these rights on behalf of a patient or resident who has a guardian or  
 8.19 conservator through administrative agencies or in district court having jurisdiction over  
 8.20 guardianships and conservatorships. Pending the outcome of an enforcement proceeding  
 8.21 the health care facility may, in good faith, comply with the instructions of a guardian or  
 8.22 conservator. ~~It is the intent of this section that every patient's civil and religious liberties,~~  
 8.23 ~~including the right to independent personal decisions and knowledge of available choices,~~  
 8.24 ~~shall not be infringed and that the facility shall encourage and assist in the fullest possible~~  
 8.25 ~~exercise of these rights.~~

8.26 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 144.651, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

8.27 Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the terms defined in this  
 8.28 subdivision have the meanings given them.

8.29 (b) "Patient" means:

8.30 (1) a person who is admitted to an acute care inpatient facility for a continuous period  
 8.31 longer than 24 hours, for the purpose of diagnosis or treatment bearing on the physical or  
 8.32 mental health of that person;

9.1 (2) a minor who is admitted to a residential program as defined in section 253C.01;

9.2 (3) for purposes of subdivisions 1, 4 to 9, 12, 13, 15, 16, and 18 to 20, "patient" also  
 9.3 means and 34, a person who receives health care services at an outpatient surgical center  
 9.4 or at a birth center licensed under section 144.615. "Patient" also means a minor who is  
 9.5 admitted to a residential program as defined in section 253C.01.; and

9.6 (4) for purposes of subdivisions 1, 3 to 16, 18, 20 and, 30, "patient" also means and 34,  
 9.7 any person who is receiving mental health treatment on an outpatient basis or in a community  
 9.8 support program or other community-based program.

9.9 (c) "Resident" means a person who is admitted to, resides in, or receives services from:

9.10 (1) a nonacute care facility including extended care facilities;

9.11 (2) a nursing homes, and home;

9.12 (3) a boarding care homes home for care required because of prolonged mental or physical  
 9.13 illness or disability, recovery from injury or disease, or advancing age; and

9.14 (4) for purposes of all subdivisions except subdivisions 28 and 29 1 to 27, "resident"  
 9.15 also means a person who is admitted to and 30 to 34, a facility licensed as a board and  
 9.16 lodging facility under Minnesota Rules, parts 4625.0100 to 4625.2355 chapter 4625, or a  
 9.17 supervised living facility under Minnesota Rules, parts 4665.0100 to 4665.9900 chapter  
 9.18 4665, and which operates a rehabilitation program licensed under Minnesota Rules, parts  
 9.19 9530.6405 9530.6510 to 9530.6590.

9.20 (d) "Health care facility" or "facility" means:

9.21 (1) an acute care inpatient facility;

9.22 (2) a residential program as defined in section 253C.01;

9.23 (3) for the purposes of subdivisions 1, 4 to 9, 12, 13, 15, 16, 18 to 20, and 34, an  
 9.24 outpatient surgical center or a birth center licensed under section 144.615;

9.25 (4) for the purposes of subdivisions 1, 3 to 16, 18, 20, 30, and 34, a setting in which  
 9.26 outpatient mental health services are provided, or a community support program or other  
 9.27 community-based program providing mental health treatment;

9.28 (5) a nonacute care facility, including extended care facilities;

9.29 (6) a nursing home;

9.30 (7) a boarding care home for care required because of prolonged mental or physical  
 9.31 illness or disability, recovery from injury or disease, or advancing age; or

10.1 (8) for the purposes of subdivisions 1 to 27 and 30 to 34, a facility licensed as a board  
10.2 and lodging facility under Minnesota Rules, parts 4625.0100 to 4625.2355, or a supervised  
10.3 living facility under Minnesota Rules, parts 4665.0100 to 4665.9900, and which operates  
10.4 a rehabilitation program licensed under Minnesota Rules, parts 9530.6405 to 9530.6590.

10.5 (e) "Interested person" has the meaning given under section 626.5572, subdivision 12a.  
10.6 An interested person does not include a person whose authority has been restricted by the  
10.7 patient or resident or by a court.

10.8 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 144.651, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

10.9 Subd. 4. **Information about rights.** (a) Patients and residents shall, at admission, be  
10.10 told that there are legal rights for their protection during their stay at the facility or throughout  
10.11 their course of treatment and maintenance in the community and that these are described  
10.12 in an accompanying written statement in plain language and in terms patients and residents  
10.13 can understand of the applicable rights and responsibilities set forth in this section. The  
10.14 written statement must also include the name and address of the state or county agency to  
10.15 contact for additional information or assistance. In the case of patients admitted to residential  
10.16 programs as defined in section 253C.01, the written statement shall also describe the right  
10.17 of a person 16 years old or older to request release as provided in section 253B.04,  
10.18 subdivision 2, and shall list the names and telephone numbers of individuals and organizations  
10.19 that provide advocacy and legal services for patients in residential programs.

10.20 (b) Reasonable accommodations shall be made for people who have communication  
10.21 disabilities and those who speak a language other than English.

10.22 (c) Current facility policies, inspection findings of state and local health authorities, and  
10.23 further explanation of the written statement of rights shall be available to patients, residents,  
10.24 their guardians or their chosen representatives upon reasonable request to the administrator  
10.25 or other designated staff person, consistent with chapter 13, the Data Practices Act, and  
10.26 section 626.557, relating to vulnerable adults.

10.27 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 144.651, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

10.28 Subd. 6. **Appropriate health care.** Patients and residents shall have the right to  
10.29 appropriate medical and personal care based on individual needs. Appropriate care for  
10.30 residents means care designed to enable residents to achieve their highest level of physical  
10.31 and mental functioning-, provided with reasonable regularity and continuity of staff  
10.32 assignment as far as facility policy allows by persons who are properly trained and competent

11.1 to perform their duties. This right is limited where the service is not reimbursable by public  
11.2 or private resources.

11.3 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 144.651, subdivision 14, is amended to read:

11.4 Subd. 14. **Freedom from maltreatment.** (a) Patients and residents shall be free from  
11.5 maltreatment as defined in the Vulnerable Adults Protection Act. "Maltreatment" means  
11.6 conduct described in section 626.5572, subdivision 15, or the intentional and nontherapeutic  
11.7 infliction of physical pain or injury, or any persistent course of conduct intended to produce  
11.8 mental or emotional distress. Patients and residents have the right to notification from the  
11.9 lead investigative agency regarding a report of alleged maltreatment, disposition of a report,  
11.10 and appeal rights, as provided under section 626.557, subdivision 9c.

11.11 (b) Every patient and resident shall also be free from nontherapeutic chemical and  
11.12 physical restraints, except in fully documented emergencies, or as authorized in writing  
11.13 after examination by a patient's or resident's physician for a specified and limited period of  
11.14 time, and only when necessary to protect the resident from self-injury or injury to others.

11.15 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 144.651, subdivision 16, is amended to read:

11.16 Subd. 16. **Confidentiality of records.** Patients and residents shall be assured confidential  
11.17 treatment of their personal, financial, and medical records, and may approve or refuse their  
11.18 release to any individual outside the facility. Residents shall be notified when personal  
11.19 records are requested by any individual outside the facility and may select someone to  
11.20 accompany them when the records or information are the subject of a personal interview.  
11.21 Patients and residents have a right to access their own records and written information from  
11.22 those records. Copies of records and written information from the records shall be made  
11.23 available in accordance with this subdivision and sections 144.291 to 144.298. This right  
11.24 does not apply to complaint investigations and inspections by the Department of Health,  
11.25 where required by third-party payment contracts, or where otherwise provided by law.

11.26 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 144.651, subdivision 17, is amended to read:

11.27 Subd. 17. **Disclosure of services available.** Patients and residents shall be informed,  
11.28 prior to or at the time of admission and during their stay, of services which are included in  
11.29 the facility's basic per diem or daily room rate and that other services are available at  
11.30 additional charges. Patients and residents have the right to at least 30 days' advance notice  
11.31 of changes in services or charges unrelated to changes in the patient's or resident's service  
11.32 or care needs. A facility may not collect a nonrefundable deposit, unless it is applied to the

12.1 first month's charges. Facilities shall make every effort to assist patients and residents in  
 12.2 obtaining information regarding whether the Medicare or medical assistance program will  
 12.3 pay for any or all of the aforementioned services.

12.4 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 144.651, subdivision 20, is amended to read:

12.5 Subd. 20. **Grievances.** (a) Patients and residents shall be encouraged and assisted,  
 12.6 throughout their stay in a facility or their course of treatment, to understand and exercise  
 12.7 their rights as patients, residents, and citizens. Patients and residents may voice grievances,  
 12.8 assert the rights granted under this section personally, or have these rights asserted by an  
 12.9 interested person, and recommend changes in policies and services to facility staff and  
 12.10 others of their choice, free from restraint, interference, coercion, discrimination, retaliation,  
 12.11 or reprisal, including threat of discharge. ~~Notice of the grievance procedure of the facility~~  
 12.12 ~~or program, as well as addresses and telephone numbers for the Office of Health Facility~~  
 12.13 ~~Complaints and the area nursing home ombudsman pursuant to the Older Americans Act,~~  
 12.14 ~~section 307(a)(12) shall be posted in a conspicuous place.~~

12.15 (b) Patients, residents, and interested persons have the right to complain about services  
 12.16 that are provided, services that are not being provided, and the lack of courtesy or respect  
 12.17 to the patient or resident or the patient's or resident's property. The facility must investigate  
 12.18 and attempt resolution of the complaint or grievance. The patient or resident has the right  
 12.19 to be informed of the name of the individual who is responsible for handling grievances.

12.20 (c) Notice must be posted in a conspicuous place of the facility's or program's grievance  
 12.21 procedure, as well as telephone numbers and, where applicable, addresses for the common  
 12.22 entry point, as defined in section 626.5572, subdivision 5, the protection and advocacy  
 12.23 agency, and the area nursing home ombudsman pursuant to the Older Americans Act, section  
 12.24 307(a)(12).

12.25 (d) Every acute care inpatient facility, every residential program as defined in section  
 12.26 253C.01, every nonacute care facility, and every facility employing more than two people  
 12.27 that provides outpatient mental health services shall have a written internal grievance  
 12.28 procedure that, at a minimum, sets forth the process to be followed; specifies time limits,  
 12.29 including time limits for facility response; provides for the patient or resident to have the  
 12.30 assistance of an advocate; requires a written response to written grievances; and provides  
 12.31 for a timely decision by an impartial decision maker if the grievance is not otherwise resolved.  
 12.32 Compliance by hospitals, residential programs as defined in section 253C.01 which are  
 12.33 hospital-based primary treatment programs, and outpatient surgery centers with section

13.1 144.691 and compliance by health maintenance organizations with section 62D.11 is deemed  
13.2 to be compliance with the requirement for a written internal grievance procedure.

13.3 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 144.651, subdivision 21, is amended to read:

13.4 Subd. 21. **Communication privacy.** Patients and residents may associate and  
13.5 communicate privately with persons of their choice and enter and, except as provided by  
13.6 the Minnesota Commitment Act, leave the facility as they choose. Patients and residents  
13.7 shall have access, at their own expense, unless provided by the facility, to writing instruments,  
13.8 stationery, ~~and~~ postage, and Internet service. Personal mail shall be sent without interference  
13.9 and received unopened unless medically or programmatically contraindicated and  
13.10 documented by the physician in the medical record. There shall be access to a telephone  
13.11 where patients and residents can make and receive calls as well as speak privately. Facilities  
13.12 which are unable to provide a private area shall make reasonable arrangements to  
13.13 accommodate the privacy of patients' or residents' calls. Upon admission to a facility where  
13.14 federal law prohibits unauthorized disclosure of patient or resident identifying information  
13.15 to callers and visitors, the patient or resident, or the legal guardian or conservator of the  
13.16 patient or resident, shall be given the opportunity to authorize disclosure of the patient's or  
13.17 resident's presence in the facility to callers and visitors who may seek to communicate with  
13.18 the patient or resident. To the extent possible, the legal guardian or conservator of a patient  
13.19 or resident shall consider the opinions of the patient or resident regarding the disclosure of  
13.20 the patient's or resident's presence in the facility. This right is limited where medically  
13.21 inadvisable, as documented by the attending physician in a patient's or resident's care record.  
13.22 Where programmatically limited by a facility abuse prevention plan pursuant to section  
13.23 626.557, subdivision 14, paragraph (b), this right shall also be limited accordingly.

13.24 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 144.651, is amended by adding a subdivision  
13.25 to read:

13.26 Subd. 34. **Retaliation prohibited.** (a) A provider must not retaliate against a client,  
13.27 resident, employee, or interested person who:

13.28 (1) files a complaint or grievance or asserts any rights on behalf of the client or resident  
13.29 as provided under subdivision 1, paragraph (c), clause (22);

13.30 (2) submits a maltreatment report, whether mandatory or voluntary, on behalf of the  
13.31 client or resident under section 626.557, subdivision 3, 4, or 4a;

13.32 (3) advocates on behalf of the client or resident for necessary or improved care and  
13.33 services or enforcement of rights under this section or other law; or

14.1 (4) contracts to receive services from a service provider of the resident's choice.

14.2 (b) There is a rebuttable presumption that adverse action is retaliatory if taken against  
14.3 a client, resident, employee, or interested person within 90 days of a patient, resident,  
14.4 employee, or interested person filing a grievance as provided in paragraph (a), submitting  
14.5 a maltreatment report, or otherwise advocating on behalf of a patient or resident.

14.6 (c) For purposes of this section, "adverse action" means actions listed in section 626.557,  
14.7 subdivision 17, paragraph (c).

14.8 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 144.651, is amended by adding a subdivision  
14.9 to read:

14.10 Subd. 35. **Electronic monitoring.** A patient, resident, or interested person has the right  
14.11 to install and use electronic monitoring, provided the requirements of section 144.6502 are  
14.12 met.

14.13 Sec. 16. **[144.6511] DECEPTIVE MARKETING AND BUSINESS PRACTICES.**

14.14 (a) Deceptive marketing and business practices are prohibited.

14.15 (b) For the purposes of this section, it is a deceptive practice for a facility to:

14.16 (1) make any false, fraudulent, deceptive, or misleading statements in marketing,  
14.17 advertising, or any other oral or written description or representation of care or services,  
14.18 whether in oral, written, or electronic form;

14.19 (2) arrange for or provide health care or services that are inferior to, substantially different  
14.20 from, or substantially more expensive than those offered, promised, marketed, or advertised;

14.21 (3) fail to deliver any care or services the provider or facility promised or represented  
14.22 that the facility was able to provide;

14.23 (4) fail to inform the patient or resident in writing of any limitations to care services  
14.24 available prior to executing a contract for admission;

14.25 (5) fail to fulfill a written or oral promise that the facility shall continue the same services  
14.26 and the same lease terms if a private pay resident converts to the elderly waiver program;

14.27 (6) fail to disclose and clearly explain the purpose of a nonrefundable community fee  
14.28 or other fee prior to contracting for services with a patient or resident;

15.1 (7) advertise or represent, orally or in writing, that the facility is or has a special care  
 15.2 unit, such as for dementia or memory care, without complying with training and disclosure  
 15.3 requirements under sections 144D.065 and 325F.72, and any other applicable law; or

15.4 (8) define the terms "facility," "contract of admission," "admission contract," "admission  
 15.5 agreement," "legal representative," or "responsible party" to mean anything other than the  
 15.6 meanings of those terms under section 144.6501.

15.7 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 144A.10, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

15.8 Subdivision 1. **Enforcement authority.** The commissioner of health is the exclusive  
 15.9 state agency charged with the responsibility and duty of inspecting all facilities required to  
 15.10 be licensed under section 144A.02, and issuing correction orders and imposing fines as  
 15.11 provided in this section, Minnesota Rules, chapter 4658, or any other applicable law. The  
 15.12 commissioner of health shall enforce the rules established pursuant to sections 144A.01 to  
 15.13 144A.155, subject only to the authority of the Department of Public Safety respecting the  
 15.14 enforcement of fire and safety standards in nursing homes and the responsibility of the  
 15.15 commissioner of human services under sections 245A.01 to 245A.16 or 252.28.

15.16 The commissioner may request and must be given access to relevant information, records,  
 15.17 incident reports, or other documents in the possession of a licensed facility if the  
 15.18 commissioner considers them necessary for the discharge of responsibilities. For the purposes  
 15.19 of inspections and securing information to determine compliance with the licensure laws  
 15.20 and rules, the commissioner need not present a release, waiver, or consent of the individual.  
 15.21 A nursing home's refusal to cooperate in providing lawfully requested information is grounds  
 15.22 for a correction order or fine. The identities of patients or residents must be kept private as  
 15.23 defined by section 13.02, subdivision 12.

15.24 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 144A.44, is amended to read:

15.25 **144A.44 HOME CARE BILL OF RIGHTS.**

15.26 Subdivision 1. **Statement of rights.** (a) For the purposes of this section, "provider"  
 15.27 includes home care providers licensed under this chapter, housing with service establishments  
 15.28 registered under chapter 144D, and individuals or organizations exempt from home care  
 15.29 licensure by section 144A.471, subdivision 8. For the purposes of this section, "services"  
 15.30 means home care services as defined in section 144A.43, subdivision 3; supportive services  
 15.31 as defined in section 144D.01, subdivision 5; and health-related services as defined in section  
 15.32 144D.01, subdivision 6. For the purposes of this section, "service plan" includes a housing  
 15.33 with services contract and a lease agreement with a housing with services establishment.

16.1 (b) All providers must comply with this section. No provider may require or request a  
16.2 person to waive any of the rights listed in this section at any time or for any reason, including  
16.3 as a condition of initiating services or entering into a contract or lease.

16.4 (c) A person who receives ~~home care~~ services has ~~these rights~~ the right to:

16.5 (1) ~~the right to~~ receive written information in plain language about rights before receiving  
16.6 services, including what to do if rights are violated;

16.7 (2) ~~the right to~~ receive care and services according to a suitable and up-to-date plan with  
16.8 reasonable regularity and continuity of staff, ~~and~~ subject to accepted health care, medical  
16.9 or nursing standards, and to take an active part in developing, modifying, and evaluating  
16.10 the plan and services;

16.11 (3) ~~the right to~~ be told before receiving services the type and disciplines of staff who  
16.12 will be providing the services, the frequency of visits proposed to be furnished, other choices  
16.13 that are available for addressing ~~home care~~ the person's needs, and the potential consequences  
16.14 of refusing these services;

16.15 (4) ~~the right to~~ be told in advance of any recommended changes by the provider in the  
16.16 service plan and to take an active part in any decisions about changes to the service plan;

16.17 (5) ~~the right to~~ refuse services or treatment;

16.18 (6) ~~the right to~~ know, before receiving services or during the initial visit, any limits to  
16.19 the services available from a ~~home care~~ provider;

16.20 (7) ~~the right to~~ be told before services are initiated what the provider charges for the  
16.21 services; to what extent payment may be expected from health insurance, public programs,  
16.22 or other sources, if known; and what charges the client may be responsible for paying;

16.23 (8) ~~the right to~~ know that there may be other services available in the community,  
16.24 including other home care services and providers, and to know where to find information  
16.25 about these services;

16.26 (9) ~~the right to~~ choose freely among available providers and to change providers after  
16.27 services have begun, within the limits of health insurance, long-term care insurance, medical  
16.28 assistance, or other health or public programs;

16.29 (10) ~~the right to~~ have personal, financial, and medical information kept private, and to  
16.30 be advised of the provider's policies and procedures regarding disclosure of such information;

16.31 (11) ~~the right to~~ access the client's own records and written information from those  
16.32 records in accordance with sections 144.291 to 144.298;

17.1 (12) ~~the right to~~ be served by people who are properly trained and competent to perform  
17.2 their duties;

17.3 (13) ~~the right to~~ be treated with courtesy and respect, and to have the client's property  
17.4 treated with respect;

17.5 (14) ~~the right to~~ be free from physical and verbal abuse, neglect, financial exploitation,  
17.6 and all forms of maltreatment covered under the Vulnerable Adults Act and the Maltreatment  
17.7 of Minors Act;

17.8 (15) ~~the right to~~ reasonable, advance notice of changes in services or charges;

17.9 (16) ~~the right to~~ know the provider's reason for termination of services or of a service  
17.10 plan;

17.11 (17) ~~the right to~~ at least ~~ten~~ 30 days' advance notice of the termination of a service or  
17.12 service plan by a provider, except in cases where:

17.13 (i) the client engages in conduct that significantly alters the terms of the service plan  
17.14 with the ~~home-care~~ provider;

17.15 (ii) the client, person who lives with the client, or others create an abusive or unsafe  
17.16 work environment for the person providing ~~home-care~~ services; or

17.17 (iii) an emergency or a significant change in the client's condition has resulted in service  
17.18 needs that exceed the current service plan and that cannot be safely met by the ~~home-care~~  
17.19 provider;

17.20 (18) ~~the right to~~ a coordinated transfer when there will be a change in the provider of  
17.21 services;

17.22 (19) ~~the right to~~ complain to staff and others of their choice about services that are  
17.23 provided, or fail to be provided, and the lack of courtesy or respect to the client or the client's  
17.24 property, and the right to recommend changes in policies and services, free from retaliation,  
17.25 including the threat of termination of services or a service plan;

17.26 (20) ~~the right to~~ know how to contact an individual associated with the ~~home-care~~ provider  
17.27 who is responsible for handling problems and to have the ~~home-care~~ provider investigate  
17.28 and attempt to resolve the grievance or complaint;

17.29 (21) ~~the right to~~ know the name and address of the state or county agency to contact for  
17.30 additional information or assistance; ~~and~~

17.31 (22) ~~the right to~~ assert these rights personally, or have them asserted by the client's  
17.32 representative or by anyone on behalf of the client, without retaliation;

18.1 (23) notification from the lead investigative agency regarding a report of alleged  
 18.2 maltreatment, disposition of a report, and appeal rights, as provided under section 626.557,  
 18.3 subdivision 9c;

18.4 (24) Internet service at the person's own expense, unless it is provided by the provider;  
 18.5 and

18.6 (25) place an electronic monitoring device in the person's own private space, provided  
 18.7 the requirements of section 144.6502 are met.

18.8 (d) Providers must:

18.9 (1) encourage and assist in the fullest possible exercise of these rights;

18.10 (2) provide the names and telephone numbers of individuals and organizations that  
 18.11 provide advocacy and legal services for clients seeking to assert their rights under this  
 18.12 section;

18.13 (3) make every effort to assist clients in obtaining information regarding whether  
 18.14 Medicare, medical assistance, or housing supports will pay for services;

18.15 (4) make reasonable accommodations for people who have communication disabilities  
 18.16 and those who speak a language other than English; and

18.17 (5) provide all information and notices in plain language and in terms the client can  
 18.18 understand.

18.19 ~~Subd. 2. **Interpretation and enforcement of rights.** These rights are established for~~  
 18.20 ~~the benefit of clients who receive home care services. All home care providers, including~~  
 18.21 ~~those exempted under section 144A.471, must comply with this section. The commissioner~~  
 18.22 ~~shall enforce this section and the home care bill of rights requirement against home care~~  
 18.23 ~~providers exempt from licensure in the same manner as for licensees. A home care provider~~  
 18.24 ~~may not request or require a client to surrender any of these rights as a condition of receiving~~  
 18.25 ~~services. This statement of The rights does provided under this section are established for~~  
 18.26 ~~the benefit of clients who receive home care services, do not replace or diminish other rights~~  
 18.27 ~~and liberties that may exist relative to clients receiving home care services, persons providing~~  
 18.28 ~~home care services, or providers licensed under sections 144A.43 to 144A.482, and may~~  
 18.29 ~~not be waived. Any oral or written waiver of the rights provided under this section is void~~  
 18.30 ~~and unenforceable.~~

18.31 Subd. 3. **Public enforcement of rights.** The commissioner shall enforce this section  
 18.32 and the home care bill of rights requirement against home care providers exempt from  
 18.33 licensure in the same manner as for licensees.

19.1 Subd. 4. **Retaliation prohibited.** (a) A provider must not retaliate against a client,  
 19.2 employee, or interested person who:

19.3 (1) files a complaint or grievance or asserts any rights on behalf of the client or resident  
 19.4 as provided under subdivision 1, paragraph (c), clause (22);

19.5 (2) submits a maltreatment report, whether mandatory or voluntary, on behalf of the  
 19.6 client or resident under section 626.557, subdivision 3, 4, or 4a;

19.7 (3) advocates on behalf of the patient or resident for necessary or improved care and  
 19.8 services or enforcement of rights under this section or other law; or

19.9 (4) contracts to receive services from a service provider of the resident's choice.

19.10 (b) There is a rebuttable presumption that adverse action is retaliatory if taken against  
 19.11 the client, resident, employee, or interested person within 90 days of filing a grievance as  
 19.12 provided in paragraph (a), submitting a maltreatment report, or otherwise advocating on  
 19.13 behalf of a patient or resident.

19.14 (c) For purposes of this section, "adverse action" means actions listed in section 626.557,  
 19.15 subdivision 17, paragraph (c).

19.16 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 144A.441, is amended to read:

19.17 **144A.441 ASSISTED LIVING BILL OF RIGHTS ADDENDUM.**

19.18 Assisted living clients, as defined in section 144G.01, subdivision 3, shall be provided  
 19.19 with the home care bill of rights required by section 144A.44, except that the home care  
 19.20 bill of rights provided to these clients must include the following provision in place of the  
 19.21 provision in section 144A.44, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), clause (17):

19.22 "(17) the right to reasonable, advance notice of changes in services or charges, including  
 19.23 at least 30 days' advance notice of the termination of a service by a provider, except in cases  
 19.24 where:

19.25 (i) ~~the recipient of services engages in conduct that alters the conditions of employment~~  
 19.26 ~~as specified in the employment contract between the home care provider and the individual~~  
 19.27 ~~providing home care services, or creates~~ and the home care provider can document an  
 19.28 abusive or unsafe work environment for the individual providing home care services;

19.29 (ii) a doctor or treating physician, certified nurse practitioner, or physician's assistant  
 19.30 documents that an emergency for the informal caregiver or a significant change in the  
 19.31 recipient's condition has resulted in service needs that exceed the current service provider  
 19.32 agreement and that cannot be safely met by the home care provider; or

20.1 (iii) the provider has not received payment for services, for which at least ten days'  
 20.2 advance notice of the termination of a service shall be provided."

20.3 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 144A.442, is amended to read:

20.4 **144A.442 ASSISTED LIVING CLIENTS; SERVICE ARRANGED HOME CARE**  
 20.5 **PROVIDER RESPONSIBILITIES; TERMINATION OF SERVICES.**

20.6 Subdivision 1. Contents of service termination notice. If an arranged home care  
 20.7 provider, as defined in section 144D.01, subdivision 2a, who is not also Medicare certified  
 20.8 terminates a service agreement or service plan with an assisted living client, as defined in  
 20.9 section 144G.01, subdivision 3, the home care provider shall provide the assisted living  
 20.10 client and the legal or designated representatives of the client, if any, with a written notice  
 20.11 of termination ~~which~~ that includes the following information:

20.12 (1) the effective date of termination;

20.13 (2) the reason for termination;

20.14 (3) without extending the termination notice period, an affirmative offer to meet with  
 20.15 the assisted living client or client representatives within no more than five business days of  
 20.16 the date of the termination notice to discuss the termination;

20.17 (4) contact information for a reasonable number of other home care providers in the  
 20.18 geographic area of the assisted living client, as required by section 144A.4791, subdivision  
 20.19 10;

20.20 (5) a statement that the provider will participate in a coordinated transfer of the care of  
 20.21 the client to another provider or caregiver, as required by section 144A.44, subdivision 1,  
 20.22 paragraph (c), clause (18);

20.23 (6) the name and contact information of a representative of the home care provider with  
 20.24 whom the client may discuss the notice of termination;

20.25 (7) a copy of the home care bill of rights; and

20.26 (8) a statement that the notice of termination of home care services by the home care  
 20.27 provider does not constitute notice of termination of the housing with services contract with  
 20.28 a housing with services establishment.

20.29 Subd. 2. Discontinuation of services. An arranged home care provider's responsibilities  
 20.30 when voluntarily discontinuing services to all clients are governed by section 144A.4791,  
 20.31 subdivision 10.

21.1 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 144A.45, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

21.2 Subdivision 1. **Regulations.** The commissioner shall regulate home care providers  
21.3 pursuant to sections 144A.43 to 144A.482. The regulations shall include the following:

21.4 (1) provisions to assure, to the extent possible, the health, safety, well-being, and  
21.5 appropriate treatment of persons who receive home care services while respecting a client's  
21.6 autonomy and choice;

21.7 (2) requirements that home care providers furnish the commissioner with specified  
21.8 information necessary to implement sections 144A.43 to 144A.482;

21.9 (3) standards of training of home care provider personnel;

21.10 (4) standards for provision of home care services;

21.11 (5) standards for medication management;

21.12 (6) standards for supervision of home care services;

21.13 (7) standards for client evaluation or assessment;

21.14 (8) requirements for the involvement of a client's health care provider, the documentation  
21.15 of health care providers' orders, if required, and the client's service plan;

21.16 (9) standards for the maintenance of accurate, current client records;

21.17 (10) the establishment of basic and comprehensive levels of licenses based on services  
21.18 provided; and

21.19 (11) provisions to enforce these regulations and the home care bill of rights, including  
21.20 provisions for issuing penalties and fines as allowed under law.

21.21 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 144A.45, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

21.22 Subd. 2. **Regulatory functions.** The commissioner shall:

21.23 (1) license, survey, and monitor without advance notice, home care providers in  
21.24 accordance with sections 144A.43 to 144A.482;

21.25 (2) survey every temporary licensee within one year of the temporary license issuance  
21.26 date subject to the temporary licensee providing home care services to a client or clients;

21.27 (3) survey all licensed home care providers on an interval that will promote the health  
21.28 and safety of clients;

21.29 (4) with the consent of the client, visit the home where services are being provided;

22.1 (5) issue correction orders and assess civil penalties in accordance with ~~section~~ sections  
 22.2 144.653, subdivisions 5 to 8, 144A.474, and 144A.475, for violations of sections 144A.43  
 22.3 to 144A.482;

22.4 (6) take action as authorized in section 144A.475; and

22.5 (7) take other action reasonably required to accomplish the purposes of sections 144A.43  
 22.6 to 144A.482.

22.7 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 144A.474, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

22.8 Subdivision 1. **Surveys.** The commissioner shall conduct surveys of each home care  
 22.9 provider. ~~By June 30, 2016, the commissioner shall conduct a survey of home care providers~~  
 22.10 ~~on a frequency of~~ at least once every ~~three~~ four years. Survey frequency may be based on  
 22.11 the license level, the provider's compliance history, the number of clients served, or other  
 22.12 factors as determined by the department deemed necessary to ensure the health, safety, and  
 22.13 welfare of clients and compliance with the law.

22.14 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 144A.474, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

22.15 Subd. 2. **Types of home care surveys.** (a) "Initial full survey" means the survey of a  
 22.16 new temporary licensee conducted after the department is notified or has evidence that the  
 22.17 temporary licensee is providing home care services to determine if the provider is in  
 22.18 compliance with home care requirements. Initial full surveys must be completed within 14  
 22.19 months after the department's issuance of a temporary basic or comprehensive license.

22.20 (b) "Core survey" means periodic inspection of home care providers to determine ongoing  
 22.21 compliance with the home care requirements, focusing on the essential health and safety  
 22.22 requirements. Core surveys are not available to home care providers during the provider's  
 22.23 first three years of operation. Core surveys are available to licensed home care providers  
 22.24 who have been licensed for more than three years and surveyed at least once in the past  
 22.25 ~~three~~ four years with the latest survey having no widespread violations beyond Level 1 nor  
 22.26 a violation of Level 3 or greater, as provided in subdivision 11. Core surveys are not available  
 22.27 to home care providers with a past violation of Level 3 or greater until the home care provider  
 22.28 has three consecutive annual full surveys having no violations above Level 1. Providers  
 22.29 must also not have had any substantiated licensing complaints, substantiated complaints  
 22.30 against the agency under the Vulnerable Adults Act or Maltreatment of Minors Act, or an  
 22.31 enforcement action as authorized in section 144A.475 in the past three years.

23.1 (1) The core survey for basic home care providers must review compliance in the  
 23.2 following areas:

- 23.3 (i) reporting of maltreatment;
- 23.4 (ii) orientation to and implementation of the home care bill of rights;
- 23.5 (iii) statement of home care services;
- 23.6 (iv) initial evaluation of clients and initiation of services;
- 23.7 (v) client review and monitoring;
- 23.8 (vi) service plan implementation and changes to the service plan;
- 23.9 (vii) client complaint and investigative process;
- 23.10 (viii) competency of unlicensed personnel; and
- 23.11 (ix) infection control.

23.12 (2) For comprehensive home care providers, the core survey must include everything  
 23.13 in the basic core survey plus these areas:

- 23.14 (i) delegation to unlicensed personnel;
- 23.15 (ii) assessment, monitoring, and reassessment of clients; and
- 23.16 (iii) medication, treatment, and therapy management.

23.17 (c) "Full survey" means the ~~periodic~~ annual inspection of home care providers to  
 23.18 determine ongoing compliance with the home care requirements that cover the core survey  
 23.19 areas and all the legal requirements for home care providers. A full survey is conducted for  
 23.20 all temporary licensees and for providers who do not meet the requirements needed for a  
 23.21 core survey, and when a surveyor identifies unacceptable client health or safety risks during  
 23.22 a core survey. A full survey must include all the tasks identified as part of the core survey  
 23.23 and any additional review deemed necessary by the department, including additional  
 23.24 observation, interviewing, or records review of additional clients and staff.

23.25 (d) "Follow-up surveys" means surveys conducted to determine if a home care provider  
 23.26 has corrected deficient issues and systems identified during a core survey, full survey, or  
 23.27 complaint investigation. Follow-up surveys may be conducted via phone, e-mail, fax, mail,  
 23.28 or on-site reviews.

23.29 ~~Follow-up surveys, other than complaint~~ (e) All surveys, shall be concluded with an exit  
 23.30 conference and written information provided on the process for requesting a reconsideration  
 23.31 of the survey results. This paragraph does not apply to on-site visits performed as part of a

24.1 maltreatment or licensing complaint investigation conducted under sections 144A.51 to  
 24.2 144A.54.

24.3 ~~(e)~~ (f) Upon receiving information alleging that a home care provider has violated or is  
 24.4 currently violating a requirement of sections 144A.43 to 144A.482, the commissioner shall  
 24.5 investigate the complaint according to sections 144A.51 to 144A.54.

24.6 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 144A.474, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

24.7 Subd. 8. **Correction orders.** (a) A correction order may be issued whenever the  
 24.8 commissioner finds upon survey or during a complaint investigation that a home care  
 24.9 provider, a managerial official, or an employee of the provider is not in compliance with  
 24.10 sections 144A.43 to 144A.482. The correction order shall cite the specific statute and  
 24.11 document areas of noncompliance and the time allowed for correction. In addition to issuing  
 24.12 a correction order, the commissioner may impose an immediate fine. The home care provider  
 24.13 must submit a correction plan to the commissioner.

24.14 (b) The commissioner shall mail copies of any correction order to the last known address  
 24.15 of the home care provider, or electronically scan the correction order and e-mail it to the  
 24.16 last known home care provider e-mail address, within 30 calendar days after the survey exit  
 24.17 date. A copy of each correction order, the amount of any immediate fine issued, the correction  
 24.18 plan, and copies of any documentation supplied to the commissioner shall be kept on file  
 24.19 by the home care provider, and public documents shall be made available for viewing by  
 24.20 any person upon request. Copies may be kept electronically.

24.21 (c) By the correction order date, the home care provider must document in the provider's  
 24.22 records and submit in writing to the commissioner any action taken to comply with the  
 24.23 correction order. ~~The commissioner may request a copy of this documentation and the home~~  
 24.24 ~~care provider's action to respond to the correction order in future surveys, upon a complaint~~  
 24.25 ~~investigation, and as otherwise needed.~~

24.26 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 144A.474, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

24.27 Subd. 9. **Follow-up surveys.** For providers that have Level 3 or Level 4 violations under  
 24.28 subdivision 11, or any violations determined to be widespread, the department shall conduct  
 24.29 a follow-up survey within 90 calendar days of the survey. When conducting a follow-up  
 24.30 survey, the surveyor will focus on whether the previous violations have been corrected and  
 24.31 may also address any new violations that are observed while evaluating the corrections that  
 24.32 have been made. If a new violation is identified on a follow-up survey, ~~no fine will be~~  
 24.33 ~~imposed unless it is not corrected on the next follow-up survey~~ the surveyor shall issue a

25.1 correction order for the new violation and may impose an immediate fine for the new  
25.2 violation.

25.3 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 144A.474, subdivision 11, is  
25.4 amended to read:

25.5 Subd. 11. **Fines.** (a) Fines and enforcement actions under this subdivision may be assessed  
25.6 based on the level and scope of the violations described in paragraph (c) as follows:

25.7 (1) Level 1, no fines or enforcement;

25.8 (2) Level 2, fines ranging from \$0 to \$500, in addition to any of the enforcement  
25.9 mechanisms authorized in section 144A.475 for widespread violations;

25.10 (3) Level 3, fines ranging from \$500 to \$1,000, in addition to any of the enforcement  
25.11 mechanisms authorized in section 144A.475; and

25.12 (4) Level 4, fines ranging from \$1,000 to \$5,000, in addition to any of the enforcement  
25.13 mechanisms authorized in section 144A.475.

25.14 (b) Correction orders for violations are categorized by both level and scope and fines  
25.15 shall be assessed as follows:

25.16 (1) level of violation:

25.17 (i) Level 1 is a violation that has no potential to cause more than a minimal impact on  
25.18 the client and does not affect health or safety;

25.19 (ii) Level 2 is a violation that did not harm a client's health or safety but had the potential  
25.20 to have harmed a client's health or safety, but was not likely to cause serious injury,  
25.21 impairment, or death;

25.22 (iii) Level 3 is a violation that harmed a client's health or safety, not including serious  
25.23 injury, impairment, or death, or a violation that has the potential to lead to serious injury,  
25.24 impairment, or death; and

25.25 (iv) Level 4 is a violation that results in serious injury, impairment, or death.

25.26 (2) scope of violation:

25.27 (i) isolated, when one or a limited number of clients are affected or one or a limited  
25.28 number of staff are involved or the situation has occurred only occasionally;

25.29 (ii) pattern, when more than a limited number of clients are affected, more than a limited  
25.30 number of staff are involved, or the situation has occurred repeatedly but is not found to be  
25.31 pervasive; and

26.1 (iii) widespread, when problems are pervasive or represent a systemic failure that has  
26.2 affected or has the potential to affect a large portion or all of the clients.

26.3 (c) If the commissioner finds that the applicant or a home care provider required to be  
26.4 licensed under sections 144A.43 to 144A.482 has not corrected violations by the date  
26.5 specified in the correction order or conditional license resulting from a survey or complaint  
26.6 investigation, the commissioner may impose a an additional fine for noncompliance with  
26.7 a correction order. A notice of noncompliance with a correction order must be mailed to  
26.8 the applicant's or provider's last known address. The ~~noncompliance~~ notice of noncompliance  
26.9 with a correction order must list the violations not corrected and any fines imposed.

26.10 (d) The license holder must pay the fines assessed on or before the payment date specified  
26.11 on a correction order or on a notice of noncompliance with a correction order. If the license  
26.12 holder fails to ~~fully comply with the order~~ pay a fine by the specified date, the commissioner  
26.13 may issue a ~~second~~ late payment fine or suspend the license until the license holder ~~complies~~  
26.14 by paying the fine pays all outstanding fines. A timely appeal shall stay payment of the late  
26.15 payment fine until the commissioner issues a final order.

26.16 (e) A license holder shall promptly notify the commissioner in writing when a violation  
26.17 specified in ~~the order~~ a notice of noncompliance with a correction order is corrected. If upon  
26.18 reinspection the commissioner determines that a violation has not been corrected as indicated  
26.19 by the ~~order~~ notice of noncompliance with a correction order, the commissioner may issue  
26.20 ~~a second~~ an additional fine for noncompliance with a notice of noncompliance with a  
26.21 correction order. The commissioner shall notify the license holder by mail to the last known  
26.22 address in the licensing record that ~~a second~~ an additional fine has been assessed. The license  
26.23 holder may appeal the ~~second~~ additional fine as provided under this subdivision.

26.24 (f) A home care provider that has been assessed a fine under this subdivision or  
26.25 subdivision 8 has a right to a reconsideration or a hearing under this section and chapter 14.

26.26 (g) When a fine has been assessed, the license holder may not avoid payment by closing,  
26.27 selling, or otherwise transferring the licensed program to a third party. In such an event, the  
26.28 license holder shall be liable for payment of the fine.

26.29 (h) In addition to any fine imposed under this section, the commissioner may assess  
26.30 costs related to an investigation that results in a final order assessing a fine or other  
26.31 enforcement action authorized by this chapter.

26.32 (i) Fines collected under this subdivision shall be deposited in the state government  
26.33 special revenue fund and credited to an account separate from the revenue collected under  
26.34 section 144A.472. Subject to an appropriation by the legislature, the revenue from the fines

27.1 collected must be used by the commissioner for special projects to improve home care in  
27.2 Minnesota as recommended by the advisory council established in section 144A.4799.

27.3 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 144A.4791, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

27.4 Subd. 10. **Termination of service plan.** (a) Except as provided in section 144A.442, if  
27.5 a home care provider terminates a service plan with a client, and the client continues to need  
27.6 home care services, the home care provider shall provide the client and the client's  
27.7 representative, if any, with a written notice of termination which includes the following  
27.8 information:

27.9 (1) the effective date of termination;

27.10 (2) the reason for termination;

27.11 (3) a list of known licensed home care providers in the client's immediate geographic  
27.12 area;

27.13 (4) a statement that the home care provider will participate in a coordinated transfer of  
27.14 care of the client to another home care provider, health care provider, or caregiver, as  
27.15 required by the home care bill of rights, section 144A.44, subdivision 1, paragraph (c),  
27.16 clause (17);

27.17 (5) the name and contact information of a person employed by the home care provider  
27.18 with whom the client may discuss the notice of termination; and

27.19 (6) if applicable, a statement that the notice of termination of home care services does  
27.20 not constitute notice of termination of the housing with services contract with a housing  
27.21 with services establishment.

27.22 (b) When the home care provider voluntarily discontinues services to all clients, the  
27.23 home care provider must notify the commissioner, lead agencies, and ombudsman for  
27.24 long-term care about its clients and comply with the requirements in this subdivision.

27.25 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 144A.53, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

27.26 Subdivision 1. **Powers.** The director may:

27.27 (a) Promulgate by rule, pursuant to chapter 14, and within the limits set forth in  
27.28 subdivision 2, the methods by which complaints against health facilities, health care  
27.29 providers, home care providers, or residential care homes, or administrative agencies are  
27.30 to be made, reviewed, investigated, and acted upon; provided, however, that a fee may not  
27.31 be charged for filing a complaint.

28.1 (b) Recommend legislation and changes in rules to the state commissioner of health,  
28.2 governor, administrative agencies or the federal government.

28.3 (c) Investigate, upon a complaint or upon initiative of the director, any action or failure  
28.4 to act by a health care provider, home care provider, residential care home, or a health  
28.5 facility.

28.6 (d) Request and receive access to relevant information, records, incident reports, or  
28.7 documents in the possession of an administrative agency, a health care provider, a home  
28.8 care provider, a residential care home, or a health facility, and issue investigative subpoenas  
28.9 to individuals and facilities for oral information and written information, including privileged  
28.10 information which the director deems necessary for the discharge of responsibilities. For  
28.11 purposes of investigation and securing information to determine violations, the director  
28.12 need not present a release, waiver, or consent of an individual. The identities of patients or  
28.13 residents must be kept private as defined by section 13.02, subdivision 12.

28.14 (e) Enter and inspect, at any time, a health facility or residential care home and be  
28.15 permitted to interview staff; provided that the director shall not unduly interfere with or  
28.16 disturb the provision of care and services within the facility or home or the activities of a  
28.17 patient or resident unless the patient or resident consents.

28.18 (f) Issue correction orders and assess civil fines pursuant to ~~section~~ sections 144.653<sub>2</sub>,  
28.19 144A.10, 144A.45, and 144A.474; Minnesota Rules, chapters 4655, 4658, 4664, and 4665;  
28.20 or any other law which or rule that provides for the issuance of correction orders or fines  
28.21 to health facilities, residential care homes, or home care provider, or under section 144A.45  
28.22 providers. A health facility's, residential care home's, or home's home care provider's refusal  
28.23 to cooperate in providing lawfully requested information may also be grounds for a correction  
28.24 order or fine.

28.25 (g) Recommend the certification or decertification of health facilities pursuant to Title  
28.26 XVIII or XIX of the United States Social Security Act.

28.27 (h) Assist patients or residents of health facilities or residential care homes in the  
28.28 enforcement of their rights under Minnesota law.

28.29 (i) Work with administrative agencies, health facilities, home care providers, residential  
28.30 care homes, and health care providers and organizations representing consumers on programs  
28.31 designed to provide information about health facilities to the public and to health facility  
28.32 residents.

29.1 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 144A.53, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

29.2 Subd. 4. **Referral of complaints.** (a) If a complaint received by the director relates to  
 29.3 a matter more properly within the jurisdiction of law enforcement, an occupational licensing  
 29.4 board, or other governmental agency, the director shall forward the complaint to ~~that agency~~  
 29.5 appropriately and shall inform the complaining party of the forwarding. ~~The~~

29.6 (b) An agency shall promptly act in respect to the complaint, and shall inform the  
 29.7 complaining party and the director of its disposition. If a governmental agency receives a  
 29.8 complaint which is more properly within the jurisdiction of the director, it shall promptly  
 29.9 forward the complaint to the director, and shall inform the complaining party of the  
 29.10 forwarding.

29.11 (c) If the director has reason to believe that an official or employee of an administrative  
 29.12 agency, a home care provider, residential care home, ~~or health facility~~, or a client or resident  
 29.13 of any of these has acted in a manner warranting criminal or disciplinary proceedings, the  
 29.14 director shall refer the matter to the state commissioner of health, the commissioner of  
 29.15 human services, an appropriate prosecuting authority, or other appropriate agency.

29.16 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 144D.01, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

29.17 Subdivision 1. **Scope.** As used in sections 144D.01 to ~~144D.06~~ 144D.11, the following  
 29.18 terms have the meanings given them.

29.19 Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 144D.02, is amended to read:

29.20 **144D.02 REGISTRATION REQUIRED.**

29.21 No entity may establish, operate, conduct, or maintain a housing with services  
 29.22 establishment in this state without registering and operating as required in sections 144D.01  
 29.23 to ~~144D.06~~ 144D.11.

29.24 Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 144D.04, subdivision 2, is amended  
 29.25 to read:

29.26 Subd. 2. **Contents of contract.** A housing with services contract, which need not be  
 29.27 entitled as such to comply with this section, shall include at least the following elements in  
 29.28 itself or through supporting documents or attachments:

29.29 (1) the name, street address, and mailing address of the establishment;

30.1 (2) the name and mailing address of the owner or owners of the establishment and, if  
30.2 the owner or owners is not a natural person, identification of the type of business entity of  
30.3 the owner or owners;

30.4 (3) the name and mailing address of the managing agent, through management agreement  
30.5 or lease agreement, of the establishment, if different from the owner or owners;

30.6 (4) the name and physical mailing address of at least one natural person who is authorized  
30.7 to accept service of process on behalf of the owner or owners and managing agent;

30.8 (5) a statement describing the registration and licensure status of the establishment and  
30.9 any provider providing health-related or supportive services under an arrangement with the  
30.10 establishment;

30.11 (6) the term of the contract;

30.12 (7) a description of the services to be provided to the resident in the base rate to be paid  
30.13 by the resident, including a delineation of the portion of the base rate that constitutes rent  
30.14 and a delineation of charges for each service included in the base rate;

30.15 (8) a description of any additional services, including home care services, available for  
30.16 an additional fee from the establishment directly or through arrangements with the  
30.17 establishment, and a schedule of fees charged for these services;

30.18 (9) a conspicuous notice informing the tenant of the policy concerning the conditions  
30.19 under which and the process through which the contract may be modified, amended, or  
30.20 terminated, including whether a move to a different room or sharing a room would be  
30.21 required in the event that the tenant can no longer pay the current rent;

30.22 (10) a description of the establishment's complaint resolution process available to residents  
30.23 including the toll-free complaint line for the Office of Ombudsman for Long-Term Care;

30.24 (11) the resident's designated representative, if any;

30.25 (12) the establishment's referral procedures if the contract is terminated;

30.26 (13) requirements of residency used by the establishment to determine who may reside  
30.27 or continue to reside in the housing with services establishment;

30.28 (14) billing and payment procedures and requirements;

30.29 (15) a statement regarding the ability of a resident to receive services from service  
30.30 providers with whom the establishment does not have an arrangement;

31.1 (16) a statement regarding the availability of public funds for payment for residence or  
31.2 services in the establishment; ~~and~~

31.3 (17) a statement regarding the availability of and contact information for long-term care  
31.4 consultation services under section 256B.0911 in the county in which the establishment is  
31.5 located;

31.6 (18) a statement that a resident has the right to request a reasonable accommodation;  
31.7 and

31.8 (19) a statement describing the conditions under which a contract may be amended.

31.9 Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 144D.04, is amended by adding a subdivision  
31.10 to read:

31.11 Subd. 2b. **Changes to contract.** The housing with services establishment must provide  
31.12 prompt written notice to the resident or resident's legal representative of a new owner,  
31.13 manager, and if different from the owner, license holder of the housing with services  
31.14 establishment, and the name and physical mailing address of any new or additional natural  
31.15 person not identified in the admission contract who is authorized to accept service of process.

31.16 Sec. 35. **[144D.095] TERMINATION OF SERVICES.**

31.17 A termination of services initiated by an arranged home care provider is governed by  
31.18 section 144A.442.

31.19 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 144G.01, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

31.20 Subdivision 1. **Scope; other definitions.** For purposes of sections 144G.01 to ~~144G.05~~  
31.21 144G.08, the following definitions apply. In addition, the definitions provided in section  
31.22 144D.01 also apply to sections 144G.01 to ~~144G.05~~ 144G.08.

31.23 Sec. 37. **[144G.07] TERMINATION OF LEASE.**

31.24 A lease termination initiated by a registered housing with services establishment using  
31.25 "assisted living" is governed by section 144D.09.

31.26 Sec. 38. **[144G.08] TERMINATION OF SERVICES.**

31.27 A termination of services initiated by an arranged home care provider as defined in  
31.28 section 144D.01, subdivision 2a, is governed by section 144A.442.

32.1 Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 256.045, subdivision 3, is amended  
32.2 to read:

32.3 Subd. 3. **State agency hearings.** (a) State agency hearings are available for the following:

32.4 (1) any person applying for, receiving or having received public assistance, medical  
32.5 care, or a program of social services granted by the state agency or a county agency or the  
32.6 federal Food Stamp Act whose application for assistance is denied, not acted upon with  
32.7 reasonable promptness, or whose assistance is suspended, reduced, terminated, or claimed  
32.8 to have been incorrectly paid;

32.9 (2) any patient or relative aggrieved by an order of the commissioner under section  
32.10 252.27;

32.11 (3) a party aggrieved by a ruling of a prepaid health plan;

32.12 (4) except as provided under chapter 245C<sub>2</sub>;

32.13 (i) any individual or facility determined by a lead investigative agency to have maltreated  
32.14 a vulnerable adult under section 626.557 after they have exercised their right to administrative  
32.15 reconsideration under section 626.557; and

32.16 (ii) any vulnerable adult who is the subject of a maltreatment investigation under section  
32.17 626.557 or, unless restricted by the vulnerable adult or by a court, an interested person as  
32.18 defined in section 626.5572, subdivision 12a, after the right to administrative reconsideration  
32.19 under section 626.557, subdivision 9d, has been exercised;

32.20 (5) any person whose claim for foster care payment according to a placement of the  
32.21 child resulting from a child protection assessment under section 626.556 is denied or not  
32.22 acted upon with reasonable promptness, regardless of funding source;

32.23 (6) any person to whom a right of appeal according to this section is given by other  
32.24 provision of law;

32.25 (7) an applicant aggrieved by an adverse decision to an application for a hardship waiver  
32.26 under section 256B.15;

32.27 (8) an applicant aggrieved by an adverse decision to an application or redetermination  
32.28 for a Medicare Part D prescription drug subsidy under section 256B.04, subdivision 4a;

32.29 (9) except as provided under chapter 245A, an individual or facility determined to have  
32.30 maltreated a minor under section 626.556, after the individual or facility has exercised the  
32.31 right to administrative reconsideration under section 626.556;

33.1 (10) except as provided under chapter 245C, an individual disqualified under sections  
33.2 245C.14 and 245C.15, following a reconsideration decision issued under section 245C.23,  
33.3 on the basis of serious or recurring maltreatment; a preponderance of the evidence that the  
33.4 individual has committed an act or acts that meet the definition of any of the crimes listed  
33.5 in section 245C.15, subdivisions 1 to 4; or for failing to make reports required under section  
33.6 626.556, subdivision 3, or 626.557, subdivision 3. Hearings regarding a maltreatment  
33.7 determination under clause (4) or (9) and a disqualification under this clause in which the  
33.8 basis for a disqualification is serious or recurring maltreatment, shall be consolidated into  
33.9 a single fair hearing. In such cases, the scope of review by the human services judge shall  
33.10 include both the maltreatment determination and the disqualification. The failure to exercise  
33.11 the right to an administrative reconsideration shall not be a bar to a hearing under this section  
33.12 if federal law provides an individual the right to a hearing to dispute a finding of  
33.13 maltreatment;

33.14 (11) any person with an outstanding debt resulting from receipt of public assistance,  
33.15 medical care, or the federal Food Stamp Act who is contesting a setoff claim by the  
33.16 Department of Human Services or a county agency. The scope of the appeal is the validity  
33.17 of the claimant agency's intention to request a setoff of a refund under chapter 270A against  
33.18 the debt;

33.19 (12) a person issued a notice of service termination under section 245D.10, subdivision  
33.20 3a, from residential supports and services as defined in section 245D.03, subdivision 1,  
33.21 paragraph (c), clause (3), that is not otherwise subject to appeal under subdivision 4a;

33.22 (13) an individual disability waiver recipient based on a denial of a request for a rate  
33.23 exception under section 256B.4914; or

33.24 (14) a person issued a notice of service termination under section 245A.11, subdivision  
33.25 11, that is not otherwise subject to appeal under subdivision 4a.

33.26 (b) The hearing for an individual or facility under paragraph (a), clause (4), (9), or (10),  
33.27 is the only administrative appeal to the final agency determination specifically, including  
33.28 a challenge to the accuracy and completeness of data under section 13.04. Hearings requested  
33.29 under paragraph (a), clause (4), apply only to incidents of maltreatment that occur on or  
33.30 after October 1, 1995. Hearings requested by nursing assistants in nursing homes alleged  
33.31 to have maltreated a resident prior to October 1, 1995, shall be held as a contested case  
33.32 proceeding under the provisions of chapter 14. Hearings requested under paragraph (a),  
33.33 clause (9), apply only to incidents of maltreatment that occur on or after July 1, 1997. A  
33.34 hearing for an individual or facility under paragraph (a), clauses (4), (9), and (10), is only

34.1 available when there is no district court action pending. If such action is filed in district  
34.2 court while an administrative review is pending that arises out of some or all of the events  
34.3 or circumstances on which the appeal is based, the administrative review must be suspended  
34.4 until the judicial actions are completed. If the district court proceedings are completed,  
34.5 dismissed, or overturned, the matter may be considered in an administrative hearing.

34.6 (c) For purposes of this section, bargaining unit grievance procedures are not an  
34.7 administrative appeal.

34.8 (d) The scope of hearings involving claims to foster care payments under paragraph (a),  
34.9 clause (5), shall be limited to the issue of whether the county is legally responsible for a  
34.10 child's placement under court order or voluntary placement agreement and, if so, the correct  
34.11 amount of foster care payment to be made on the child's behalf and shall not include review  
34.12 of the propriety of the county's child protection determination or child placement decision.

34.13 (e) The scope of hearings under paragraph (a), clauses (12) and (14), shall be limited to  
34.14 whether the proposed termination of services is authorized under section 245D.10,  
34.15 subdivision 3a, paragraph (b), or 245A.11, subdivision 11, and whether the requirements  
34.16 of section 245D.10, subdivision 3a, paragraphs (c) to (e), or 245A.11, subdivision 2a,  
34.17 paragraphs (d) to (f), were met. If the appeal includes a request for a temporary stay of  
34.18 termination of services, the scope of the hearing shall also include whether the case  
34.19 management provider has finalized arrangements for a residential facility, a program, or  
34.20 services that will meet the assessed needs of the recipient by the effective date of the service  
34.21 termination.

34.22 (f) A vendor of medical care as defined in section 256B.02, subdivision 7, or a vendor  
34.23 under contract with a county agency to provide social services is not a party and may not  
34.24 request a hearing under this section, except if assisting a recipient as provided in subdivision  
34.25 4.

34.26 (g) An applicant or recipient is not entitled to receive social services beyond the services  
34.27 prescribed under chapter 256M or other social services the person is eligible for under state  
34.28 law.

34.29 (h) The commissioner may summarily affirm the county or state agency's proposed  
34.30 action without a hearing when the sole issue is an automatic change due to a change in state  
34.31 or federal law.

34.32 (i) Unless federal or Minnesota law specifies a different time frame in which to file an  
34.33 appeal, an individual or organization specified in this section may contest the specified  
34.34 action, decision, or final disposition before the state agency by submitting a written request

35.1 for a hearing to the state agency within 30 days after receiving written notice of the action,  
35.2 decision, or final disposition, or within 90 days of such written notice if the applicant,  
35.3 recipient, patient, or relative shows good cause, as defined in section 256.0451, subdivision  
35.4 13, why the request was not submitted within the 30-day time limit. The individual filing  
35.5 the appeal has the burden of proving good cause by a preponderance of the evidence.

35.6 Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 256.045, subdivision 4, is amended  
35.7 to read:

35.8 Subd. 4. **Conduct of hearings.** (a) All hearings held pursuant to subdivision 3, 3a, 3b,  
35.9 or 4a shall be conducted according to the provisions of the federal Social Security Act and  
35.10 the regulations implemented in accordance with that act to enable this state to qualify for  
35.11 federal grants-in-aid, and according to the rules and written policies of the commissioner  
35.12 of human services. County agencies shall install equipment necessary to conduct telephone  
35.13 hearings. A state human services judge may schedule a telephone conference hearing when  
35.14 the distance or time required to travel to the county agency offices will cause a delay in the  
35.15 issuance of an order, or to promote efficiency, or at the mutual request of the parties. Hearings  
35.16 may be conducted by telephone conferences unless the applicant, recipient, former recipient,  
35.17 person, or facility contesting maltreatment objects. A human services judge may grant a  
35.18 request for a hearing in person by holding the hearing by interactive video technology or  
35.19 in person. The human services judge must hear the case in person if the person asserts that  
35.20 either the person or a witness has a physical or mental disability that would impair the  
35.21 person's or witness's ability to fully participate in a hearing held by interactive video  
35.22 technology. The hearing shall not be held earlier than five days after filing of the required  
35.23 notice with the county or state agency. The state human services judge shall notify all  
35.24 interested persons of the time, date, and location of the hearing at least five days before the  
35.25 date of the hearing. Interested persons may be represented by legal counsel or other  
35.26 representative of their choice, including a provider of therapy services, at the hearing and  
35.27 may appear personally, testify and offer evidence, and examine and cross-examine witnesses.  
35.28 The applicant, recipient, former recipient, person, or facility contesting maltreatment shall  
35.29 have the opportunity to examine the contents of the case file and all documents and records  
35.30 to be used by the county or state agency at the hearing at a reasonable time before the date  
35.31 of the hearing and during the hearing. In hearings under subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clauses  
35.32 (4), (9), and (10), either party may subpoena the private data relating to the investigation  
35.33 prepared by the agency under section 626.556 or 626.557 that is not otherwise accessible  
35.34 under section 13.04, provided the identity of the reporter may not be disclosed.

36.1 (b) The private data obtained by subpoena in a hearing under subdivision 3, paragraph  
36.2 (a), clause (4), (9), or (10), must be subject to a protective order which prohibits its disclosure  
36.3 for any other purpose outside the hearing provided for in this section without prior order of  
36.4 the district court. Disclosure without court order is punishable by a sentence of not more  
36.5 than 90 days imprisonment or a fine of not more than \$1,000, or both. These restrictions on  
36.6 the use of private data do not prohibit access to the data under section 13.03, subdivision  
36.7 6. Except for appeals under subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clauses (4), (5), (9), and (10), upon  
36.8 request, the county agency shall provide reimbursement for transportation, child care,  
36.9 photocopying, medical assessment, witness fee, and other necessary and reasonable costs  
36.10 incurred by the applicant, recipient, or former recipient in connection with the appeal. All  
36.11 evidence, except that privileged by law, commonly accepted by reasonable people in the  
36.12 conduct of their affairs as having probative value with respect to the issues shall be submitted  
36.13 at the hearing and such hearing shall not be "a contested case" within the meaning of section  
36.14 14.02, subdivision 3. The agency must present its evidence prior to or at the hearing, and  
36.15 may not submit evidence after the hearing except by agreement of the parties at the hearing,  
36.16 provided the petitioner has the opportunity to respond.

36.17 (c) In hearings under subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clauses (4), (9), and (10), involving  
36.18 determinations of maltreatment or disqualification made by more than one county agency,  
36.19 by a county agency and a state agency, or by more than one state agency, the hearings may  
36.20 be consolidated into a single fair hearing upon the consent of all parties and the state human  
36.21 services judge.

36.22 (d) For hearings under subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clause (4) or (10), involving a  
36.23 vulnerable adult, the human services judge shall notify the vulnerable adult who is the  
36.24 subject of the maltreatment determination and an interested person, as defined in section  
36.25 626.5572, subdivision 12a, if known, a guardian of the vulnerable adult appointed under  
36.26 section 524.5-310, or a health care agent designated by the vulnerable adult in a health care  
36.27 directive that is currently effective under section 145C.06 and whose authority to make  
36.28 health care decisions is not suspended under section 524.5-310, of the hearing and shall  
36.29 notify the facility or individual who is the alleged perpetrator of maltreatment. The notice  
36.30 must be sent by certified mail and inform the vulnerable adult or the alleged perpetrator of  
36.31 the right to file a signed written statement in the proceedings. A guardian or health care  
36.32 agent who prepares or files a written statement for the vulnerable adult must indicate in the  
36.33 statement that the person is the vulnerable adult's guardian or health care agent and sign the  
36.34 statement in that capacity. The vulnerable adult, the guardian, or the health care agent may  
36.35 file a written statement with the human services judge hearing the case no later than five

37.1 business days before commencement of the hearing. The human services judge shall include  
 37.2 the written statement in the hearing record and consider the statement in deciding the appeal.  
 37.3 This subdivision does not limit, prevent, or excuse the vulnerable adult or alleged perpetrator  
 37.4 from being called as a witness testifying at the hearing or grant the vulnerable adult, the  
 37.5 guardian, or health care agent a right to participate in the proceedings or appeal the human  
 37.6 services judge's decision in the case. The lead investigative agency must consider including  
 37.7 the vulnerable adult victim of maltreatment as a witness in the hearing. If the lead  
 37.8 investigative agency determines that participation in the hearing would endanger the  
 37.9 well-being of the vulnerable adult or not be in the best interests of the vulnerable adult, the  
 37.10 lead investigative agency shall inform the human services judge of the basis for this  
 37.11 determination, which must be included in the final order. If the human services judge is not  
 37.12 reasonably able to determine the address of the vulnerable adult, the guardian, the alleged  
 37.13 perpetrator, or the health care agent, the human services judge is not required to send a  
 37.14 hearing notice under this subdivision.

37.15 Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 325F.71, is amended to read:

37.16 **325F.71 SENIOR CITIZENS, VULNERABLE ADULTS, AND ~~DISABLED~~**  
 37.17 **PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES; ADDITIONAL CIVIL PENALTY FOR**  
 37.18 **DECEPTIVE ACTS.**

37.19 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** For the purposes of this section, the following words have  
 37.20 the meanings given them:

37.21 (a) "Senior citizen" means a person who is 62 years of age or older.

37.22 (b) "~~Disabled~~ Person with a disability" means a person who has an impairment of physical  
 37.23 or mental function or emotional status that substantially limits one or more major life  
 37.24 activities.

37.25 (c) "Major life activities" means functions such as caring for one's self, performing  
 37.26 manual tasks, walking, seeing, hearing, speaking, breathing, learning, and working.

37.27 (d) "Vulnerable adult" has the meaning given in section 626.5572, subdivision 21.

37.28 Subd. 2. **Supplemental civil penalty.** (a) In addition to any liability for a civil penalty  
 37.29 pursuant to sections 325D.43 to 325D.48, regarding deceptive trade practices; 325F.67,  
 37.30 regarding false advertising; and 325F.68 to 325F.70, regarding consumer fraud; a person  
 37.31 who engages in any conduct prohibited by those statutes, and whose conduct is perpetrated  
 37.32 against one or more senior citizens, vulnerable adults, or ~~disabled~~ persons with a disability,

38.1 is liable for an additional civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000 for each violation, if one or  
 38.2 more of the factors in paragraph (b) are present.

38.3 (b) In determining whether to impose a civil penalty pursuant to paragraph (a), and the  
 38.4 amount of the penalty, the court shall consider, in addition to other appropriate factors, the  
 38.5 extent to which one or more of the following factors are present:

38.6 (1) whether the defendant knew or should have known that the defendant's conduct was  
 38.7 directed to one or more senior citizens, vulnerable adults, or ~~disabled~~ persons with a  
 38.8 disability;

38.9 (2) whether the defendant's conduct caused one or more senior citizens, vulnerable adults,  
 38.10 or ~~disabled~~ persons with a disability to suffer: loss or encumbrance of a primary residence,  
 38.11 principal employment, or source of income; substantial loss of property set aside for  
 38.12 retirement or for personal or family care and maintenance; substantial loss of payments  
 38.13 received under a pension or retirement plan or a government benefits program; or assets  
 38.14 essential to the health or welfare of the senior citizen, vulnerable adult, or ~~disabled~~ person  
 38.15 with a disability;

38.16 (3) whether one or more senior citizens, vulnerable adults, or ~~disabled~~ persons with a  
 38.17 disability are more vulnerable to the defendant's conduct than other members of the public  
 38.18 because of age, poor health or infirmity, impaired understanding, restricted mobility, or  
 38.19 disability, and actually suffered physical, emotional, or economic damage resulting from  
 38.20 the defendant's conduct; ~~or~~

38.21 (4) whether the defendant's conduct caused senior citizens, vulnerable adults, or ~~disabled~~  
 38.22 persons with a disability to make an uncompensated asset transfer that resulted in the person  
 38.23 being found ineligible for medical assistance; or

38.24 (5) whether the defendant provided or arranged for health care or services that are inferior  
 38.25 to, substantially different than, or substantially more expensive than offered, promised,  
 38.26 marketed, or advertised.

38.27 Subd. 3. **Restitution to be given priority.** Restitution ordered pursuant to the statutes  
 38.28 listed in subdivision 2 shall be given priority over imposition of civil penalties designated  
 38.29 by the court under this section.

38.30 Subd. 4. **Private remedies.** A person injured by a violation of this section may bring a  
 38.31 civil action and recover damages, together with costs and disbursements, including costs  
 38.32 of investigation and reasonable attorney's fees, and receive other equitable relief as  
 38.33 determined by the court.

39.1 Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 609.2231, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

39.2 Subd. 8. **Vulnerable adults.** (a) As used in this subdivision, "vulnerable adult" has the  
39.3 meaning given in section 609.232, subdivision 11.

39.4 (b) Whoever assaults ~~and inflicts demonstrable bodily harm on~~ a vulnerable adult,  
39.5 knowing or having reason to know that the person is a vulnerable adult, is guilty of a gross  
39.6 misdemeanor.

39.7 Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 626.557, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

39.8 Subd. 3. **Timing of report.** (a) A mandated reporter who has reason to believe that a  
39.9 vulnerable adult is being or has been maltreated, or who has knowledge that a vulnerable  
39.10 adult has sustained a physical injury which is not reasonably explained shall ~~immediately~~  
39.11 report the information to the common entry point as soon as possible but in no event longer  
39.12 than 24 hours. If an individual is a vulnerable adult solely because the individual is admitted  
39.13 to a facility, a mandated reporter is not required to report suspected maltreatment of the  
39.14 individual that occurred prior to admission, unless:

39.15 (1) the individual was admitted to the facility from another facility and the reporter has  
39.16 reason to believe the vulnerable adult was maltreated in the previous facility; or

39.17 (2) the reporter knows or has reason to believe that the individual is a vulnerable adult  
39.18 as defined in section 626.5572, subdivision 21, paragraph (a), clause (4).

39.19 (b) A person not required to report under the provisions of this section may voluntarily  
39.20 report as described above.

39.21 (c) Nothing in this section requires a report of known or suspected maltreatment, if the  
39.22 reporter knows or has reason to know that a report has been made to the common entry  
39.23 point.

39.24 (d) Nothing in this section shall preclude a reporter from also reporting to a law  
39.25 enforcement agency.

39.26 (e) A mandated reporter who knows or has reason to believe that an error under section  
39.27 626.5572, subdivision 17, paragraph (c), clause (5), occurred must make a report under this  
39.28 subdivision. If the reporter or a facility, at any time believes that an investigation by a lead  
39.29 investigative agency will determine or should determine that the reported error was not  
39.30 neglect according to the criteria under section 626.5572, subdivision 17, paragraph (c),  
39.31 clause (5), the reporter or facility may provide to the common entry point or directly to the  
39.32 lead investigative agency information explaining how the event meets the criteria under

40.1 section 626.5572, subdivision 17, paragraph (c), clause (5). The lead investigative agency  
40.2 shall consider this information when making an initial disposition of the report under  
40.3 subdivision 9c.

40.4 Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 626.557, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

40.5 Subd. 4. **Reporting.** (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), a mandated reporter shall  
40.6 immediately make an oral report to the common entry point. The common entry point may  
40.7 accept electronic reports submitted through a Web-based reporting system established by  
40.8 the commissioner. Use of a telecommunications device for the deaf or other similar device  
40.9 shall be considered an oral report. The common entry point may not require written reports.  
40.10 To the extent possible, the report must be of sufficient content to identify the vulnerable  
40.11 adult, the caregiver, the nature and extent of the suspected maltreatment, any evidence of  
40.12 previous maltreatment, the name and address of the reporter, the time, date, and location of  
40.13 the incident, and any other information that the reporter believes might be helpful in  
40.14 investigating the suspected maltreatment. The common entry point must provide a method  
40.15 for the reporter to electronically submit evidence to support the maltreatment report, including  
40.16 but not limited to uploading photographs, videos, or documents. A mandated reporter may  
40.17 disclose not public data, as defined in section 13.02, and medical records under sections  
40.18 144.291 to 144.298, to the extent necessary to comply with this subdivision.

40.19 (b) A boarding care home that is licensed under sections 144.50 to 144.58 and certified  
40.20 under Title 19 of the Social Security Act, a nursing home that is licensed under section  
40.21 144A.02 and certified under Title 18 or Title 19 of the Social Security Act, or a hospital  
40.22 that is licensed under sections 144.50 to 144.58 and has swing beds certified under Code  
40.23 of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 482.66, may submit a report electronically to the  
40.24 common entry point instead of submitting an oral report. ~~The report may be a duplicate of~~  
40.25 ~~the initial report the facility submits electronically to the commissioner of health to comply~~  
40.26 ~~with the reporting requirements under Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 483.13.~~  
40.27 The commissioner of health may modify these reporting requirements to include items  
40.28 required under paragraph (a) that are not currently included in the electronic reporting form.

40.29 (c) All reports must be directed to the common entry point, including reports from  
40.30 federally licensed facilities, vulnerable adults, and interested persons.

40.31 Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 626.557, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

40.32 Subd. 9. **Common entry point designation.** (a) Each county board shall designate a  
40.33 common entry point for reports of suspected maltreatment, for use until the commissioner

41.1 of human services establishes a common entry point. Two or more county boards may  
41.2 jointly designate a single common entry point. The commissioner of human services shall  
41.3 establish a common entry point effective July 1, 2015. The common entry point is the unit  
41.4 responsible for receiving the report of suspected maltreatment under this section.

41.5 (b) The common entry point must be available 24 hours per day to take calls from  
41.6 reporters of suspected maltreatment. The common entry point staff must receive training  
41.7 on how to screen and dispatch reports efficiently and in accordance with this section. The  
41.8 common entry point shall use a standard intake form that includes:

41.9 (1) the time and date of the report;

41.10 (2) the name, address, and telephone number of the person reporting;

41.11 (3) the time, date, and location of the incident;

41.12 (4) the names of the persons involved, including but not limited to, perpetrators, alleged  
41.13 victims, and witnesses;

41.14 (5) whether there was a risk of imminent danger to the alleged victim;

41.15 (6) a description of the suspected maltreatment;

41.16 (7) the disability, if any, of the alleged victim;

41.17 (8) the relationship of the alleged perpetrator to the alleged victim;

41.18 (9) whether a facility was involved and, if so, which agency licenses the facility;

41.19 (10) any action taken by the common entry point;

41.20 (11) whether law enforcement has been notified;

41.21 (12) whether the reporter wishes to receive notification of the initial and final reports;

41.22 and

41.23 (13) if the report is from a facility with an internal reporting procedure, the name, mailing  
41.24 address, and telephone number of the person who initiated the report internally.

41.25 (c) The common entry point is not required to complete each item on the form prior to  
41.26 dispatching the report to the appropriate lead investigative agency.

41.27 (d) The common entry point shall immediately report to a law enforcement agency any  
41.28 incident in which there is reason to believe a crime has been committed.

42.1 (e) If a report is initially made to a law enforcement agency or a lead investigative agency,  
42.2 those agencies shall take the report on the appropriate common entry point intake forms  
42.3 and immediately forward a copy to the common entry point.

42.4 (f) The common entry point staff must ~~receive training on how to screen and dispatch~~  
42.5 ~~reports efficiently and in accordance with this section~~ cross-reference multiple complaints  
42.6 to the lead investigative agency concerning:

42.7 (1) the same alleged perpetrator, facility, or licensee;

42.8 (2) the same vulnerable adult; or

42.9 (3) the same incident.

42.10 (g) The commissioner of human services shall maintain a centralized database for the  
42.11 collection of common entry point data, lead investigative agency data including maltreatment  
42.12 report disposition, and appeals data. The common entry point shall have access to the  
42.13 centralized database and must log the reports into the database and immediately identify  
42.14 and locate prior reports of abuse, neglect, or exploitation.

42.15 (h) When appropriate, the common entry point staff must refer calls that do not allege  
42.16 the abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a vulnerable adult to other organizations that might  
42.17 resolve the reporter's concerns.

42.18 (i) A common entry point must be operated in a manner that enables the commissioner  
42.19 of human services to:

42.20 (1) track critical steps in the reporting, evaluation, referral, response, disposition, and  
42.21 investigative process to ensure compliance with all requirements for all reports;

42.22 (2) maintain data to facilitate the production of aggregate statistical reports for monitoring  
42.23 patterns of abuse, neglect, or exploitation;

42.24 (3) serve as a resource for the evaluation, management, and planning of preventative  
42.25 and remedial services for vulnerable adults who have been subject to abuse, neglect, or  
42.26 exploitation;

42.27 (4) set standards, priorities, and policies to maximize the efficiency and effectiveness  
42.28 of the common entry point; and

42.29 (5) track and manage consumer complaints related to the common entry point, including  
42.30 tracking and cross-referencing multiple complaints concerning:

42.31 (i) the same alleged perpetrator, facility, or licensee;

43.1 (ii) the same vulnerable adult; and

43.2 (iii) the same incident.

43.3 (j) The commissioners of human services and health shall collaborate on the creation of  
43.4 a system for referring reports to the lead investigative agencies. This system shall enable  
43.5 the commissioner of human services to track critical steps in the reporting, evaluation,  
43.6 referral, response, disposition, investigation, notification, determination, and appeal processes.

43.7 Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 626.557, subdivision 9a, is amended to read:

43.8 Subd. 9a. **Evaluation and referral of reports made to common entry point.** (a) The  
43.9 common entry point must screen the reports of alleged or suspected maltreatment for  
43.10 immediate risk and make all necessary referrals as follows:

43.11 (1) if the common entry point determines that there is an immediate need for emergency  
43.12 adult protective services, the common entry point agency shall immediately notify the  
43.13 appropriate county agency;

43.14 (2) if the common entry point determines an immediate need exists for response by law  
43.15 enforcement, including the urgent need to secure a crime scene, interview witnesses, remove  
43.16 the alleged perpetrator, or safeguard the vulnerable adult's property, or if the report contains  
43.17 suspected criminal activity against a vulnerable adult, the common entry point shall  
43.18 immediately notify the appropriate law enforcement agency;

43.19 (3) the common entry point shall refer all reports of alleged or suspected maltreatment  
43.20 to the appropriate lead investigative agency as soon as possible, but in any event no longer  
43.21 than two working days;

43.22 (4) if the report contains information about a suspicious death, the common entry point  
43.23 shall immediately notify the appropriate law enforcement agencies, the local medical  
43.24 examiner, and the ombudsman for mental health and developmental disabilities established  
43.25 under section 245.92. Law enforcement agencies shall coordinate with the local medical  
43.26 examiner and the ombudsman as provided by law; and

43.27 (5) for reports involving multiple locations or changing circumstances, the common  
43.28 entry point shall determine the county agency responsible for emergency adult protective  
43.29 services and the county responsible as the lead investigative agency, using referral guidelines  
43.30 established by the commissioner.

43.31 (b) If the lead investigative agency receiving a report believes the report was referred  
43.32 by the common entry point in error, the lead investigative agency shall immediately notify

44.1 the common entry point of the error, including the basis for the lead investigative agency's  
44.2 belief that the referral was made in error. The common entry point shall review the  
44.3 information submitted by the lead investigative agency and immediately refer the report to  
44.4 the appropriate lead investigative agency.

44.5 Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 626.557, subdivision 9b, is amended to read:

44.6 Subd. 9b. **Response to reports.** Law enforcement is the primary agency to conduct  
44.7 investigations of any incident in which there is reason to believe a crime has been committed.  
44.8 Law enforcement shall initiate a response immediately. If the common entry point notified  
44.9 a county agency for emergency adult protective services, law enforcement shall cooperate  
44.10 with that county agency when both agencies are involved and shall exchange data to the  
44.11 extent authorized in subdivision 12b, paragraph ~~(g)~~ (k). County adult protection shall initiate  
44.12 a response immediately. Each lead investigative agency shall complete the investigative  
44.13 process for reports within its jurisdiction. A lead investigative agency, county, adult protective  
44.14 agency, licensed facility, or law enforcement agency shall cooperate with other agencies in  
44.15 the provision of protective services, coordinating its investigations, and assisting another  
44.16 agency within the limits of its resources and expertise and shall exchange data to the extent  
44.17 authorized in subdivision 12b, paragraph ~~(g)~~ (k). The lead investigative agency shall obtain  
44.18 the results of any investigation conducted by law enforcement officials, and law enforcement  
44.19 shall obtain the results of any investigation conducted by the lead investigative agency to  
44.20 determine if criminal action is warranted. The lead investigative agency has the right to  
44.21 enter facilities and inspect and copy records as part of investigations. The lead investigative  
44.22 agency has access to not public data, as defined in section 13.02, and medical records under  
44.23 sections 144.291 to 144.298, that are maintained by facilities to the extent necessary to  
44.24 conduct its investigation. Each lead investigative agency shall develop guidelines for  
44.25 prioritizing reports for investigation. Nothing in this subdivision alters the duty of the lead  
44.26 investigative agency to serve as the agency responsible for investigating reports made under  
44.27 section 626.557.

44.28 Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 626.557, subdivision 9c, is amended to read:

44.29 Subd. 9c. **Lead investigative agency; notifications, dispositions, determinations.** (a)  
44.30 ~~Upon request of the reporter,~~ The lead investigative agency shall notify the reporter that it  
44.31 has received the report, and provide information on the initial disposition of the report within  
44.32 five business days of receipt of the report, provided that the notification will not endanger  
44.33 the vulnerable adult or hamper the investigation.

45.1 (b) The lead investigative agency must provide the following information to the vulnerable  
45.2 adult or the vulnerable adult's interested person, if known, within five days of receipt of the  
45.3 report:

45.4 (1) the nature of the maltreatment allegations, including the report of maltreatment as  
45.5 allowed under law;

45.6 (2) the name of the facility or other location at which alleged maltreatment occurred;

45.7 (3) the name of the alleged perpetrator if the lead investigative agency believes disclosure  
45.8 of the name is necessary to protect the vulnerable adult;

45.9 (4) protective measures that may be recommended or taken as a result of the maltreatment  
45.10 report;

45.11 (5) contact information for the investigator or other information as requested and allowed  
45.12 under law; and

45.13 (6) confirmation of whether the facility is investigating the matter and, if so:

45.14 (i) an explanation of the process and estimated timeline for the investigation; and

45.15 (ii) a statement that the lead investigative agency will provide an update on the  
45.16 investigation approximately every three weeks upon request by the vulnerable adult or the  
45.17 vulnerable adult's interested person and a report when the investigation is concluded.

45.18 (c) The lead investigative agency may assign multiple reports of maltreatment for the  
45.19 same or separate incidences related to the same vulnerable adult to the same investigator,  
45.20 as deemed appropriate. Reports related to the same vulnerable adult must, at a minimum,  
45.21 be cross-referenced.

45.22 (d) Upon conclusion of every investigation it conducts, the lead investigative agency  
45.23 shall make a final disposition as defined in section 626.5572, subdivision 8.

45.24 ~~(e)~~ (e) When determining whether the facility or individual is the responsible party for  
45.25 substantiated maltreatment or whether both the facility and the individual are responsible  
45.26 for substantiated maltreatment, the lead investigative agency shall consider at least the  
45.27 following mitigating factors:

45.28 (1) whether the actions of the facility or the individual caregivers were in accordance  
45.29 with, and followed the terms of, an erroneous physician order, prescription, resident care  
45.30 plan, or directive. This is not a mitigating factor when the facility or caregiver is responsible  
45.31 for the issuance of the erroneous order, prescription, plan, or directive or knows or should

46.1 have known of the errors and took no reasonable measures to correct the defect before  
46.2 administering care;

46.3 (2) the comparative responsibility between the facility, other caregivers, and requirements  
46.4 placed upon the employee, including but not limited to, the facility's compliance with related  
46.5 regulatory standards and factors such as the adequacy of facility policies and procedures,  
46.6 the adequacy of facility training, the adequacy of an individual's participation in the training,  
46.7 the adequacy of caregiver supervision, the adequacy of facility staffing levels, and a  
46.8 consideration of the scope of the individual employee's authority; and

46.9 (3) whether the facility or individual followed professional standards in exercising  
46.10 professional judgment.

46.11 ~~(d)~~ (f) When substantiated maltreatment is determined to have been committed by an  
46.12 individual who is also the facility license holder, both the individual and the facility must  
46.13 be determined responsible for the maltreatment, and both the background study  
46.14 disqualification standards under section 245C.15, subdivision 4, and the licensing actions  
46.15 under section 245A.06 or 245A.07 apply.

46.16 ~~(e)~~ (g) The lead investigative agency shall complete its final disposition within 60  
46.17 calendar days. If the lead investigative agency is unable to complete its final disposition  
46.18 within 60 calendar days, the lead investigative agency shall notify the following persons  
46.19 provided that the notification will not endanger the vulnerable adult or hamper the  
46.20 investigation: (1) the vulnerable adult or ~~the vulnerable adult's guardian or health care agent~~  
46.21 interested person, when known, if the lead investigative agency knows them to be aware of  
46.22 the investigation; and (2) the facility, where applicable. The notice shall contain the reason  
46.23 for the delay and the projected completion date. If the lead investigative agency is unable  
46.24 to complete its final disposition by a subsequent projected completion date, the lead  
46.25 investigative agency shall again notify the vulnerable adult or ~~the vulnerable adult's guardian~~  
46.26 ~~or health care agent~~ interested person, when known if the lead investigative agency knows  
46.27 them to be aware of the investigation, and the facility, where applicable, of the reason for  
46.28 the delay and the revised projected completion date provided that the notification will not  
46.29 endanger the vulnerable adult or hamper the investigation. The lead investigative agency  
46.30 must notify the health care agent of the vulnerable adult only if the health care agent's  
46.31 authority to make health care decisions for the vulnerable adult is currently effective ~~under~~  
46.32 ~~section 145C.06~~ and not suspended under section 524.5-310 ~~and the investigation relates~~  
46.33 ~~to a duty assigned to the health care agent by the principal~~. A lead investigative agency's  
46.34 inability to complete the final disposition within 60 calendar days or by any projected  
46.35 completion date does not invalidate the final disposition.

47.1 ~~(f)~~ (h) Within ten calendar days of completing the final disposition, the lead investigative  
 47.2 agency shall provide a copy of the public investigation memorandum under subdivision  
 47.3 12b, paragraph ~~(b)~~, ~~clause (1)~~ (d), when required to be completed under this section, to the  
 47.4 following persons:

47.5 (1) the vulnerable adult, or ~~the vulnerable adult's guardian or health care agent~~ an  
 47.6 interested person, if known, unless the lead investigative agency knows that the notification  
 47.7 would endanger the well-being of the vulnerable adult;

47.8 (2) the reporter, ~~if~~ unless the reporter requested ~~notification~~ otherwise when making the  
 47.9 report, provided this notification would not endanger the well-being of the vulnerable adult;

47.10 (3) the alleged perpetrator, if known;

47.11 (4) the facility; ~~and~~

47.12 (5) the ombudsman for long-term care, or the ombudsman for mental health and  
 47.13 developmental disabilities, as appropriate;

47.14 (6) law enforcement; and

47.15 (7) the county attorney, as appropriate.

47.16 ~~(g)~~ (i) If, as a result of a reconsideration, review, or hearing, the lead investigative agency  
 47.17 changes the final disposition, or if a final disposition is changed on appeal, the lead  
 47.18 investigative agency shall notify the parties specified in paragraph ~~(f)~~ (h).

47.19 ~~(h)~~ (j) The lead investigative agency shall notify the vulnerable adult who is the subject  
 47.20 of the report or ~~the vulnerable adult's guardian or health care agent~~ an interested person, if  
 47.21 known, and any person or facility determined to have maltreated a vulnerable adult, of their  
 47.22 appeal or review rights under this section or section ~~256.021~~ 256.045.

47.23 ~~(i)~~ (k) The lead investigative agency shall routinely provide investigation memoranda  
 47.24 for substantiated reports to the appropriate licensing boards. These reports must include the  
 47.25 names of substantiated perpetrators. The lead investigative agency may not provide  
 47.26 investigative memoranda for inconclusive or false reports to the appropriate licensing boards  
 47.27 unless the lead investigative agency's investigation gives reason to believe that there may  
 47.28 have been a violation of the applicable professional practice laws. If the investigation  
 47.29 memorandum is provided to a licensing board, the subject of the investigation memorandum  
 47.30 shall be notified and receive a summary of the investigative findings.

48.1        ~~(j)~~ (l) In order to avoid duplication, licensing boards shall consider the findings of the  
 48.2 lead investigative agency in their investigations if they choose to investigate. This does not  
 48.3 preclude licensing boards from considering other information.

48.4        ~~(k)~~ (m) The lead investigative agency must provide to the commissioner of human  
 48.5 services its final dispositions, including the names of all substantiated perpetrators. The  
 48.6 commissioner of human services shall establish records to retain the names of substantiated  
 48.7 perpetrators.

48.8        Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 626.557, subdivision 9d, is amended to read:

48.9        Subd. 9d. **Administrative reconsideration; review panel.** (a) Except as provided under  
 48.10 paragraph ~~(e)~~ (d), any individual or facility which a lead investigative agency determines  
 48.11 has maltreated a vulnerable adult, or the vulnerable adult or an interested person acting on  
 48.12 behalf of the vulnerable adult, regardless of the lead investigative agency's determination,  
 48.13 who contests the lead investigative agency's final disposition of an allegation of maltreatment,  
 48.14 may request the lead investigative agency to reconsider its final disposition. The request  
 48.15 for reconsideration must be submitted in writing to the lead investigative agency within 15  
 48.16 calendar days after receipt of notice of final disposition or, if the request is made by an  
 48.17 interested person who is not entitled to notice, within 15 days after receipt of the notice by  
 48.18 the vulnerable adult or the vulnerable adult's guardian or health care agent. If mailed, the  
 48.19 request for reconsideration must be postmarked and sent to the lead investigative agency  
 48.20 within 15 calendar days of the individual's or facility's receipt of the final disposition. If the  
 48.21 request for reconsideration is made by personal service, it must be received by the lead  
 48.22 investigative agency within 15 calendar days of the individual's or facility's receipt of the  
 48.23 final disposition. An individual who was determined to have maltreated a vulnerable adult  
 48.24 under this section and who was disqualified on the basis of serious or recurring maltreatment  
 48.25 under sections 245C.14 and 245C.15, may request reconsideration of the maltreatment  
 48.26 determination and the disqualification. The request for reconsideration of the maltreatment  
 48.27 determination and the disqualification must be submitted in writing within 30 calendar days  
 48.28 of the individual's receipt of the notice of disqualification under sections 245C.16 and  
 48.29 245C.17. If mailed, the request for reconsideration of the maltreatment determination and  
 48.30 the disqualification must be postmarked and sent to the lead investigative agency within 30  
 48.31 calendar days of the individual's receipt of the notice of disqualification. If the request for  
 48.32 reconsideration is made by personal service, it must be received by the lead investigative  
 48.33 agency within 30 calendar days after the individual's receipt of the notice of disqualification.

49.1 (b) Except as provided under paragraphs (d) and (e) ~~and (f)~~, if the lead investigative  
49.2 agency denies the request or fails to act upon the request within 15 working days after  
49.3 receiving the request for reconsideration, the person, including the vulnerable adult or an  
49.4 interested person acting on behalf of the vulnerable adult, or facility entitled to a fair hearing  
49.5 under section 256.045, may submit to the commissioner of human services a written request  
49.6 for a hearing under that statute. ~~The vulnerable adult, or an interested person acting on~~  
49.7 ~~behalf of the vulnerable adult, may request a review by the Vulnerable Adult Maltreatment~~  
49.8 ~~Review Panel under section 256.021 if the lead investigative agency denies the request or~~  
49.9 ~~fails to act upon the request, or if the vulnerable adult or interested person contests a~~  
49.10 ~~reconsidered disposition.~~ The lead investigative agency shall notify persons who request  
49.11 reconsideration of their rights under this paragraph. The request must be submitted in writing  
49.12 to the review panel and a copy sent to the lead investigative agency within 30 calendar days  
49.13 of receipt of notice of a denial of a request for reconsideration or of a reconsidered  
49.14 disposition. The request must specifically identify the aspects of the lead investigative  
49.15 agency determination with which the person is dissatisfied.

49.16 (c) If, as a result of a reconsideration or review, the lead investigative agency changes  
49.17 the final disposition, it shall notify the parties specified in subdivision 9c, paragraph ~~(f)~~ (h).

49.18 ~~(d) For purposes of this subdivision, "interested person acting on behalf of the vulnerable~~  
49.19 ~~adult" means a person designated in writing by the vulnerable adult to act on behalf of the~~  
49.20 ~~vulnerable adult, or a legal guardian or conservator or other legal representative, a proxy~~  
49.21 ~~or health care agent appointed under chapter 145B or 145C, or an individual who is related~~  
49.22 ~~to the vulnerable adult, as defined in section 245A.02, subdivision 13.~~

49.23 ~~(e)~~ (d) If an individual was disqualified under sections 245C.14 and 245C.15, on the  
49.24 basis of a determination of maltreatment, which was serious or recurring, and the individual  
49.25 has requested reconsideration of the maltreatment determination under paragraph (a) and  
49.26 reconsideration of the disqualification under sections 245C.21 to 245C.27, reconsideration  
49.27 of the maltreatment determination and requested reconsideration of the disqualification  
49.28 shall be consolidated into a single reconsideration. If reconsideration of the maltreatment  
49.29 determination is denied and the individual remains disqualified following a reconsideration  
49.30 decision, the individual may request a fair hearing under section 256.045. If an individual  
49.31 requests a fair hearing on the maltreatment determination and the disqualification, the scope  
49.32 of the fair hearing shall include both the maltreatment determination and the disqualification.

49.33 ~~(f)~~ (e) If a maltreatment determination or a disqualification based on serious or recurring  
49.34 maltreatment is the basis for a denial of a license under section 245A.05 or a licensing  
49.35 sanction under section 245A.07, the license holder has the right to a contested case hearing

50.1 under chapter 14 and Minnesota Rules, parts 1400.8505 to 1400.8612. As provided for  
50.2 under section 245A.08, the scope of the contested case hearing must include the maltreatment  
50.3 determination, disqualification, and licensing sanction or denial of a license. In such cases,  
50.4 a fair hearing must not be conducted under section 256.045. Except for family child care  
50.5 and child foster care, reconsideration of a maltreatment determination under this subdivision,  
50.6 and reconsideration of a disqualification under section 245C.22, must not be conducted  
50.7 when:

50.8 (1) a denial of a license under section 245A.05, or a licensing sanction under section  
50.9 245A.07, is based on a determination that the license holder is responsible for maltreatment  
50.10 or the disqualification of a license holder based on serious or recurring maltreatment;

50.11 (2) the denial of a license or licensing sanction is issued at the same time as the  
50.12 maltreatment determination or disqualification; and

50.13 (3) the license holder appeals the maltreatment determination or disqualification, and  
50.14 denial of a license or licensing sanction.

50.15 Notwithstanding clauses (1) to (3), if the license holder appeals the maltreatment  
50.16 determination or disqualification, but does not appeal the denial of a license or a licensing  
50.17 sanction, reconsideration of the maltreatment determination shall be conducted under sections  
50.18 626.556, subdivision 10i, and 626.557, subdivision 9d, and reconsideration of the  
50.19 disqualification shall be conducted under section 245C.22. In such cases, a fair hearing shall  
50.20 also be conducted as provided under sections 245C.27, 626.556, subdivision 10i, and  
50.21 626.557, subdivision 9d.

50.22 If the disqualified subject is an individual other than the license holder and upon whom  
50.23 a background study must be conducted under chapter 245C, the hearings of all parties may  
50.24 be consolidated into a single contested case hearing upon consent of all parties and the  
50.25 administrative law judge.

50.26 ~~(g)~~ (f) Until August 1, 2002, an individual or facility that was determined by the  
50.27 commissioner of human services or the commissioner of health to be responsible for neglect  
50.28 under section 626.5572, subdivision 17, after October 1, 1995, and before August 1, 2001,  
50.29 that believes that the finding of neglect does not meet an amended definition of neglect may  
50.30 request a reconsideration of the determination of neglect. The commissioner of human  
50.31 services or the commissioner of health shall mail a notice to the last known address of  
50.32 individuals who are eligible to seek this reconsideration. The request for reconsideration  
50.33 must state how the established findings no longer meet the elements of the definition of  
50.34 neglect. The commissioner shall review the request for reconsideration and make a

51.1 determination within 15 calendar days. The commissioner's decision on this reconsideration  
51.2 is the final agency action.

51.3 ~~(f)~~ (g) For purposes of compliance with the data destruction schedule under subdivision  
51.4 12b, paragraph ~~(e)~~ (h), when a finding of substantiated maltreatment has been changed as  
51.5 a result of a reconsideration under this paragraph, the date of the original finding of a  
51.6 substantiated maltreatment must be used to calculate the destruction date.

51.7 ~~(2)~~ (h) For purposes of any background studies under chapter 245C, when a determination  
51.8 of substantiated maltreatment has been changed as a result of a reconsideration under this  
51.9 paragraph, any prior disqualification of the individual under chapter 245C that was based  
51.10 on this determination of maltreatment shall be rescinded, and for future background studies  
51.11 under chapter 245C the commissioner must not use the previous determination of  
51.12 substantiated maltreatment as a basis for disqualification or as a basis for referring the  
51.13 individual's maltreatment history to a health-related licensing board under section 245C.31.

51.14 Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 626.557, subdivision 9e, is amended to read:

51.15 Subd. 9e. **Education requirements.** (a) The commissioners of health, human services,  
51.16 and public safety shall cooperate in the development of a joint program for education of  
51.17 lead investigative agency investigators in the appropriate techniques for investigation of  
51.18 complaints of maltreatment. This program must be developed by July 1, 1996. The program  
51.19 must include but need not be limited to the following areas: (1) information collection and  
51.20 preservation; (2) analysis of facts; (3) levels of evidence; (4) conclusions based on evidence;  
51.21 (5) interviewing skills, including specialized training to interview people with unique needs;  
51.22 (6) report writing; (7) coordination and referral to other necessary agencies such as law  
51.23 enforcement and judicial agencies; (8) human relations and cultural diversity; (9) the  
51.24 dynamics of adult abuse and neglect within family systems and the appropriate methods  
51.25 for interviewing relatives in the course of the assessment or investigation; (10) the protective  
51.26 social services that are available to protect alleged victims from further abuse, neglect, or  
51.27 financial exploitation; (11) the methods by which lead investigative agency investigators  
51.28 and law enforcement workers cooperate in conducting assessments and investigations in  
51.29 order to avoid duplication of efforts; and (12) data practices laws and procedures, including  
51.30 provisions for sharing data.

51.31 (b) The commissioner of human services shall conduct an outreach campaign to promote  
51.32 the common entry point for reporting vulnerable adult maltreatment. This campaign shall  
51.33 use the Internet and other means of communication.

52.1 (c) The commissioners of health, human services, and public safety shall offer at least  
52.2 annual education to others on the requirements of this section, on how this section is  
52.3 implemented, and investigation techniques.

52.4 (d) The commissioner of human services, in coordination with the commissioner of  
52.5 public safety shall provide training for the common entry point staff as required in this  
52.6 subdivision and the program courses described in this subdivision, at least four times per  
52.7 year. At a minimum, the training shall be held twice annually in the seven-county  
52.8 metropolitan area and twice annually outside the seven-county metropolitan area. The  
52.9 commissioners shall give priority in the program areas cited in paragraph (a) to persons  
52.10 currently performing assessments and investigations pursuant to this section.

52.11 (e) The commissioner of public safety shall notify in writing law enforcement personnel  
52.12 of any new requirements under this section. The commissioner of public safety shall conduct  
52.13 regional training for law enforcement personnel regarding their responsibility under this  
52.14 section.

52.15 (f) Each lead investigative agency investigator must complete the education program  
52.16 specified by this subdivision within the first 12 months of work as a lead investigative  
52.17 agency investigator.

52.18 A lead investigative agency investigator employed when these requirements take effect  
52.19 must complete the program within the first year after training is available or as soon as  
52.20 training is available.

52.21 All lead investigative agency investigators having responsibility for investigation duties  
52.22 under this section must receive a minimum of eight hours of continuing education or  
52.23 in-service training each year specific to their duties under this section.

52.24 (g) The commissioners of health and human services shall develop and maintain written  
52.25 guidance for facilities that explains and illustrates the reporting requirements under this  
52.26 section; the guidance shall also explain and illustrate the reporting requirements under Code  
52.27 of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 483.12(c), for the benefit of facilities subject to  
52.28 those requirements.

52.29 Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 626.557, subdivision 10b, is amended to read:

52.30 Subd. 10b. **Investigations; guidelines.** (a) Each lead investigative agency shall develop  
52.31 guidelines for prioritizing reports for investigation. When investigating a report, the lead  
52.32 investigative agency shall conduct the following activities, as appropriate:

52.33 (1) interview of the alleged victim;

53.1 (2) interview of the reporter and others who may have relevant information;

53.2 (3) interview of the alleged perpetrator;

53.3 (4) examination of the environment surrounding the alleged incident;

53.4 (5) review of pertinent documentation of the alleged incident; and

53.5 (6) consultation with professionals.

53.6 (b) The lead investigator must contact the alleged victim or, if known, an interested  
 53.7 person, within five days after initiation of an investigation to provide the investigator's name  
 53.8 and contact information, and communicate with the alleged victim or interested person  
 53.9 approximately every three weeks during the course of the investigation.

53.10 Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 626.557, subdivision 12b, is amended to read:

53.11 Subd. 12b. **Data management.** (a) In performing any of the duties of this section as a  
 53.12 lead investigative agency, the county social service agency shall maintain appropriate  
 53.13 records. Data collected by the county social service agency under this section are welfare  
 53.14 data under section 13.46. Notwithstanding section 13.46, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), data  
 53.15 under this paragraph that are inactive investigative data on an individual who is a vendor  
 53.16 of services are private data on individuals, as defined in section 13.02. The identity of the  
 53.17 reporter may only be disclosed as provided in paragraph ~~(e)~~ (g).

53.18 (b) Data maintained by the common entry point are ~~confidential~~ private data on  
 53.19 individuals or protected nonpublic data as defined in section 13.02, provided that the name  
 53.20 of the reporter is confidential data on individuals. Notwithstanding section 138.163, the  
 53.21 common entry point shall maintain data for three calendar years after date of receipt and  
 53.22 then destroy the data unless otherwise directed by federal requirements.

53.23 ~~(b)~~ (c) The commissioners of health and human services shall prepare an investigation  
 53.24 memorandum for each report alleging maltreatment investigated under this section. County  
 53.25 social service agencies must maintain private data on individuals but are not required to  
 53.26 prepare an investigation memorandum. During an investigation by the commissioner of  
 53.27 health or the commissioner of human services, data collected under this section are  
 53.28 confidential data on individuals or protected nonpublic data as defined in section 13.02,  
 53.29 provided that data may be shared with the vulnerable adult or an interested person if both  
 53.30 commissioners determine that sharing of the data is needed to protect the vulnerable adult.  
 53.31 Upon completion of the investigation, the data are classified as provided in ~~clauses (1) to~~  
 53.32 ~~(3) and paragraph (e)~~ paragraphs (d) to (g).

- 54.1 ~~(d)~~ (d) The investigation memorandum must contain the following data, which are public:
- 54.2 ~~(i)~~ (1) the name of the facility investigated;
- 54.3 ~~(ii)~~ (2) a statement of the nature of the alleged maltreatment;
- 54.4 ~~(iii)~~ (3) pertinent information obtained from medical or other records reviewed;
- 54.5 ~~(iv)~~ (4) the identity of the investigator;
- 54.6 ~~(v)~~ (5) a summary of the investigation's findings;
- 54.7 ~~(vi)~~ (6) statement of whether the report was found to be substantiated, inconclusive,
- 54.8 false, or that no determination will be made;
- 54.9 ~~(vii)~~ (7) a statement of any action taken by the facility;
- 54.10 ~~(viii)~~ (8) a statement of any action taken by the lead investigative agency; and
- 54.11 ~~(ix)~~ (9) when a lead investigative agency's determination has substantiated maltreatment,
- 54.12 a statement of whether an individual, individuals, or a facility were responsible for the
- 54.13 substantiated maltreatment, if known.

54.14 The investigation memorandum must be written in a manner which protects the identity

54.15 of the reporter and of the vulnerable adult and may not contain the names or, to the extent

54.16 possible, data on individuals or private data or individuals listed in ~~clause (2)~~ paragraph (e).

54.17 ~~(2)~~ (e) Data on individuals collected and maintained in the investigation memorandum

54.18 are private data on individuals, including:

- 54.19 ~~(i)~~ (1) the name of the vulnerable adult;
- 54.20 ~~(ii)~~ (2) the identity of the individual alleged to be the perpetrator;
- 54.21 ~~(iii)~~ (3) the identity of the individual substantiated as the perpetrator; and
- 54.22 ~~(iv)~~ (4) the identity of all individuals interviewed as part of the investigation.

54.23 ~~(3)~~ (f) Other data on individuals maintained as part of an investigation under this section

54.24 are private data on individuals upon completion of the investigation.

54.25 ~~(e)~~ (g) After the assessment or investigation is completed, the name of the reporter must

54.26 be confidential, except:

- 54.27 (1) the subject of the report may compel disclosure of the name of the reporter only with
- 54.28 the consent of the reporter ~~or~~;
- 54.29 (2) upon a written finding by a court that the report was false and there is evidence that
- 54.30 the report was made in bad faith; or

55.1 (3) the mandated reporter may disclose that the individual was the reporter to support a  
 55.2 claim of retaliation that is prohibited under section 144.651, subdivision 34, or 626.557,  
 55.3 subdivisions 4a and 17, or other law.

55.4 This subdivision does not alter disclosure responsibilities or obligations under the Rules  
 55.5 of Criminal Procedure, except that where the identity of the reporter is relevant to a criminal  
 55.6 prosecution, the district court shall do an in-camera review prior to determining whether to  
 55.7 order disclosure of the identity of the reporter.

55.8 ~~(d)~~ (h) Notwithstanding section 138.163, data maintained under this section by the  
 55.9 commissioners of health and human services must be maintained under the following  
 55.10 schedule and then destroyed unless otherwise directed by federal requirements:

55.11 (1) data from reports determined to be false, maintained for three years after the finding  
 55.12 was made;

55.13 (2) data from reports determined to be inconclusive, maintained for four years after the  
 55.14 finding was made;

55.15 (3) data from reports determined to be substantiated, maintained for seven years after  
 55.16 the finding was made; and

55.17 (4) data from reports which were not investigated by a lead investigative agency and for  
 55.18 which there is no final disposition, maintained for three years from the date of the report.

55.19 ~~(e)~~ (i) The commissioners of health and human services shall annually publish on their  
 55.20 Web sites the number and type of reports of alleged maltreatment involving licensed facilities  
 55.21 reported under this section, the number of those requiring investigation under this section,  
 55.22 and the resolution of those investigations. On a biennial basis, the commissioners of health  
 55.23 and human services shall jointly report the following information to the legislature and the  
 55.24 governor:

55.25 (1) the number and type of reports of alleged maltreatment involving licensed facilities  
 55.26 reported under this section, the number of those requiring investigations under this section,  
 55.27 the resolution of those investigations, and which of the two lead agencies was responsible;

55.28 (2) trends about types of substantiated maltreatment found in the reporting period;

55.29 (3) if there are upward trends for types of maltreatment substantiated, recommendations  
 55.30 for addressing and responding to them;

55.31 (4) efforts undertaken or recommended to improve the protection of vulnerable adults;

56.1 (5) whether and where backlogs of cases result in a failure to conform with statutory  
56.2 time frames and recommendations for reducing backlogs if applicable;

56.3 (6) recommended changes to statutes affecting the protection of vulnerable adults; and

56.4 (7) any other information that is relevant to the report trends and findings.

56.5 ~~(f)~~ (j) Each lead investigative agency must have a record retention policy.

56.6 ~~(g)~~ (k) Lead investigative agencies, prosecuting authorities, and law enforcement agencies  
56.7 may exchange not public data, as defined in section 13.02, if the agency or authority  
56.8 requesting the data determines that the data are pertinent and necessary to the requesting  
56.9 agency in initiating, furthering, or completing an investigation under this section. Data  
56.10 collected under this section must be made available to prosecuting authorities and law  
56.11 enforcement officials, local county agencies, and licensing agencies investigating the alleged  
56.12 maltreatment under this section. ~~The lead investigative agency shall exchange not public  
56.13 data with the vulnerable adult maltreatment review panel established in section 256.021 if  
56.14 the data are pertinent and necessary for a review requested under that section.~~

56.15 Notwithstanding section 138.17, upon completion of the review, not public data received  
56.16 by the review panel must be destroyed.

56.17 ~~(h)~~ (l) Each lead investigative agency shall keep records of the length of time it takes to  
56.18 complete its investigations.

56.19 ~~(i)~~ (m) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) or (b), a lead investigative agency may share  
56.20 common entry point or investigative data and may notify other affected parties, including  
56.21 the vulnerable adult and their authorized representative, if the lead investigative agency has  
56.22 reason to believe maltreatment has occurred and determines the information will safeguard  
56.23 the well-being of the affected parties or dispel widespread rumor or unrest in the affected  
56.24 facility.

56.25 ~~(j)~~ (n) Under any notification provision of this section, where federal law specifically  
56.26 prohibits the disclosure of patient identifying information, a lead investigative agency may  
56.27 not provide any notice unless the vulnerable adult has consented to disclosure in a manner  
56.28 which conforms to federal requirements.

56.29 Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 626.557, subdivision 14, is amended to read:

56.30 Subd. 14. **Abuse prevention plans.** (a) Each facility, except home health agencies and  
56.31 personal care ~~attendant services providers~~ assistance provider agencies, shall establish and  
56.32 enforce an ongoing written abuse prevention plan. The plan shall contain an assessment of  
56.33 the physical plant, its environment, and its population identifying factors which may

57.1 encourage or permit abuse, and a statement of specific measures to be taken to minimize  
57.2 the risk of abuse. The plan shall comply with any rules governing the plan promulgated by  
57.3 the licensing agency.

57.4 (b) Each facility, including a home health care agency and personal care attendant  
57.5 services providers, shall develop an individual abuse prevention plan for each vulnerable  
57.6 adult residing there or receiving services from them. The plan shall contain an individualized  
57.7 assessment of: (1) the person's susceptibility to abuse by other individuals, including other  
57.8 vulnerable adults; (2) the person's risk of abusing other vulnerable adults; and (3) statements  
57.9 of the specific measures to be taken to minimize the risk of abuse to that person and other  
57.10 vulnerable adults. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "abuse" includes self-abuse.

57.11 (c) If the facility, except home health agencies and personal care attendant services  
57.12 providers, knows that the vulnerable adult has committed a violent crime or an act of physical  
57.13 aggression toward others, the individual abuse prevention plan must detail the measures to  
57.14 be taken to minimize the risk that the vulnerable adult might reasonably be expected to pose  
57.15 to visitors to the facility and persons outside the facility, if unsupervised. Under this section,  
57.16 a facility knows of a vulnerable adult's history of criminal misconduct or physical aggression  
57.17 if it receives such information from a law enforcement authority or through a medical record  
57.18 prepared by another facility, another health care provider, or the facility's ongoing  
57.19 assessments of the vulnerable adult.

57.20 (d) The commissioner of health must issue a correction order and may impose an  
57.21 immediate fine upon a finding that the facility has failed to comply with this subdivision.

57.22 Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 626.557, subdivision 17, is amended to read:

57.23 Subd. 17. **Retaliation prohibited.** (a) A facility or person shall not retaliate against any  
57.24 person who reports in good faith, or who the facility or person believes reported, suspected  
57.25 maltreatment pursuant to this section, or against a vulnerable adult with respect to whom a  
57.26 report is made, because of the report or presumed report, whether mandatory or voluntary.

57.27 (b) In addition to any remedies allowed under sections 181.931 to 181.935, any facility  
57.28 or person which retaliates against any person because of a report of suspected maltreatment  
57.29 is liable to that person for actual damages, punitive damages up to \$10,000, and attorney  
57.30 fees. A claim of retaliation may be brought upon showing that the claimant has a good faith  
57.31 reason to believe retaliation as described under this subdivision occurred. The claim may  
57.32 be brought regardless of whether or not there is confirmation that the name of the mandated  
57.33 reporter was known.

58.1 (c) There shall be a rebuttable presumption that any adverse action, as defined below,  
 58.2 within 90 days of a report, is retaliatory. For purposes of this ~~clause~~ paragraph, the term  
 58.3 "adverse action" refers to action taken by a facility or person involved in a report against  
 58.4 the person making the report or the person with respect to whom the report was made because  
 58.5 of the report, and includes, but is not limited to:

58.6 (1) discharge or transfer from the facility;

58.7 (2) discharge from or termination of employment;

58.8 (3) demotion or reduction in remuneration for services;

58.9 (4) restriction or prohibition of access of the vulnerable adult to the facility or its residents;

58.10 ~~or~~

58.11 (5) any restriction of rights set forth in section 144.651~~7~~, 144A.44, or 144A.441;

58.12 (6) any restriction of access to or use of amenities or services;

58.13 (7) termination of services or lease agreement;

58.14 (8) sudden increase in costs for services not already contemplated at the time of the  
 58.15 maltreatment report;

58.16 (9) deprivation of technology, communication, or electronic monitoring devices; and

58.17 (10) filing a maltreatment report in bad faith against the reporter; or

58.18 (11) oral or written communication of false information about the reporter.

58.19 Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 626.5572, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

58.20 Subd. 6. **Facility.** (a) "Facility" means:

58.21 (1) a hospital or other entity required to be licensed under sections 144.50 to 144.58;

58.22 (2) a nursing home required to be licensed to serve adults under section 144A.02;

58.23 (3) a facility or service required to be licensed under chapter 245A;

58.24 (4) a home care provider licensed or required to be licensed under sections 144A.43 to  
 58.25 144A.482;

58.26 (5) a hospice provider licensed under sections 144A.75 to 144A.755;

58.27 (6) a housing with services establishment registered under chapter 144D, including an  
 58.28 entity operating under chapter 144G, assisted living title protection; or

59.1 (7) a person or organization that offers, provides, or arranges for personal care assistance  
 59.2 services under the medical assistance program as authorized under sections 256B.0625,  
 59.3 subdivision 19a, 256B.0651 to 256B.0654, 256B.0659, or 256B.85.

59.4 (b) For personal care assistance services identified in paragraph (a), clause (7), that are  
 59.5 provided in the vulnerable adult's own home or in another unlicensed location other than  
 59.6 an unlicensed setting listed in paragraph (a), the term "facility" refers to the provider, person,  
 59.7 or organization that offers, provides, or arranges for personal care assistance services, and  
 59.8 does not refer to the vulnerable adult's home or other location at which services are rendered.

59.9 Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 626.5572, is amended by adding a subdivision  
 59.10 to read:

59.11 Subd. 12a. **Interested person.** "Interested person" means:

59.12 (1) a court-appointed guardian or conservator or other person designated in writing by  
 59.13 the vulnerable adult, including a nominated guardian or conservator, to act on behalf of the  
 59.14 vulnerable adult;

59.15 (2) a proxy or health care agent appointed under chapter 145B or 145C or similar law  
 59.16 of another state; or

59.17 (3) a spouse, parent, adult child and siblings, or next of kin of the vulnerable adult.

59.18 Interested person does not include a person whose authority has been restricted by the  
 59.19 vulnerable adult or by a court or who is the alleged or substantiated perpetrator of  
 59.20 maltreatment of the vulnerable adult.

59.21 Sec. 57. **ASSISTED LIVING LICENSURE AND DEMENTIA CARE**  
 59.22 **CERTIFICATION TASK FORCE.**

59.23 Subdivision 1. **Creation.** (a) The Assisted Living Licensure and Dementia Care  
 59.24 Certification Task Force consists of 16 members, including the following:

59.25 (1) one senator appointed by the majority leader;

59.26 (2) one senator appointed by the minority leader;

59.27 (3) one member of the house of representatives appointed by the speaker of the house;

59.28 (4) one member of the house of representatives appointed by the minority leader;

59.29 (5) the commissioner of health or a designee;

59.30 (6) the commissioner of human services or a designee;

- 60.1 (7) the Ombudsman for Long-Term Care or a designee;
- 60.2 (8) one member appointed by the Minnesota Board on Aging;
- 60.3 (9) one member appointed by AARP Minnesota;
- 60.4 (10) one member appointed by the Alzheimer's Association Minnesota-North Dakota
- 60.5 Chapter;
- 60.6 (11) one member appointed by Elder Voices Family Advocates;
- 60.7 (12) one member appointed by Minnesota Elder Justice Center;
- 60.8 (13) one member appointed by Care Providers of Minnesota;
- 60.9 (14) one member appointed by LeadingAge Minnesota;
- 60.10 (15) one member appointed by Minnesota HomeCare Association; and
- 60.11 (16) one member appointed by the Home Care and Assisted Living Program Advisory
- 60.12 Council established in Minnesota Statutes, section 144A.4799.
- 60.13 (b) The appointing authorities must appoint members by July 1, 2018.
- 60.14 (c) The commissioner of health or a designee shall act as chair of the task force and
- 60.15 convene the first meeting no later than August 1, 2018.
- 60.16 **Subd. 2. Legislative report on assisted living licensure and dementia care.** (a) The
- 60.17 task force shall review existing state regulation and oversight of assisted living and dementia
- 60.18 care. By February 1, 2019, the task force shall report to the legislature on the findings of
- 60.19 the task force concerning the current regulation and oversight of assisted living and dementia
- 60.20 care. The task force must include in its report recommendations regarding:
- 60.21 (1) a single licensing structure for assisted living to replace housing with services
- 60.22 registration under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 144D, and assisted living title protection
- 60.23 under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 144G;
- 60.24 (2) a regulation and fine structure for licensed assisted living; and
- 60.25 (3) dementia care certification.
- 60.26 (b) The report must include draft legislation to implement the task force's recommended
- 60.27 changes to statutes. The draft legislation provided to the legislature in the task force's report
- 60.28 must also include a proposal for improving the structure and organization of Minnesota
- 60.29 Statutes, chapters 144, 144A, 144D, and 144G, with respect to the licensing and regulation
- 60.30 of a residential setting in which home care services or dementia care are provided. The draft
- 60.31 legislation shall attempt to eliminate ambiguous terms, use consistent terms across settings

61.1 and services where appropriate, minimize similar language appearing in multiple sections,  
 61.2 be consistent with language related to nursing homes, and consolidate the various bills of  
 61.3 rights that appear in these chapters.

61.4 Subd. 3. **Administrative provisions.** (a) The task force must meet at least monthly.

61.5 (b) The commissioner of health shall provide meeting space and administrative support  
 61.6 for the task force.

61.7 (c) The commissioner of health and the commissioner of human services shall provide  
 61.8 technical assistance to the task force.

61.9 Subd. 4. **Expiration.** The task force expires on May 20, 2019.

61.10 Sec. 58. **ASSISTED LIVING REPORT CARD WORKING GROUP.**

61.11 Subdivision 1. **Creation.** (a) The Assisted Living Report Card Working Group consists  
 61.12 of the following 16 members:

61.13 (1) two residents of senior housing with services establishments appointed by the  
 61.14 commissioner of health;

61.15 (2) four providers from the senior housing with services profession appointed by the  
 61.16 commissioner of health;

61.17 (3) two family members of residents of senior housing with services establishments  
 61.18 appointed by the commissioner of health;

61.19 (4) a representative from the University of Minnesota with expertise in data and analytics  
 61.20 appointed by the commissioner of health;

61.21 (5) one member appointed by the Home Care and Assisted Living Advisory Council;

61.22 (6) one member appointed by Care Providers of Minnesota;

61.23 (7) one member appointed by LeadingAge Minnesota;

61.24 (8) the commissioner of human services or a designee;

61.25 (9) the commissioner of health or a designee;

61.26 (10) the Ombudsman for Long-Term Care or a designee; and

61.27 (11) one member of the Minnesota Board on Aging, selected by the board.

61.28 (b) The executive director of the Minnesota Board on Aging serves on the working group  
 61.29 as a nonvoting member.

62.1 (c) The appointing authorities must complete their appointments no later than July 1,  
62.2 2018.

62.3 (d) The working group shall elect a chair from among its members at its first meeting.

62.4 Subd. 2. **Duties; recommendations and report.** (a) The working group shall consider  
62.5 and make recommendations on the development of an assisted living report card. The quality  
62.6 metrics considered shall include, but are not limited to:

62.7 (1) an annual customer satisfaction survey measure using the consolidated criteria for  
62.8 reporting qualitative research (COREQ) questions for assisted living residents and family  
62.9 members;

62.10 (2) a measure utilizing Level 3 or 4 citations from Department of Health home care  
62.11 survey findings and substantiated findings against a home care agency or housing with  
62.12 services establishment;

62.13 (3) a home care and housing with services staff retention measure; and

62.14 (4) a measure that scores a home care provider's and housing with services establishment's  
62.15 staff according to their level of training and education.

62.16 (b) By January 15, 2019, the working group must report on its findings and  
62.17 recommendations to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees  
62.18 with jurisdiction over health and human services policy and finance. The working group's  
62.19 report shall include draft legislation to implement changes to statute it recommends.

62.20 Subd. 3. **Administrative provisions.** (a) The commissioner of health shall provide  
62.21 meeting support and administrative support for the working group.

62.22 (b) The commissioners of health and human services shall provide technical assistance  
62.23 to the assisted living report card working group.

62.24 (c) The meetings of the assisted living report card working group shall be open to the  
62.25 public.

62.26 Subd. 4. **Expiration.** The working group expires May 20, 2019, or the day after  
62.27 submitting the report required by this section, whichever is later.

62.28 Sec. 59. **CRIMES AGAINST VULNERABLE ADULTS ADVISORY TASK FORCE.**

62.29 Subdivision 1. **Task force established; membership.** (a) The Crimes Against Vulnerable  
62.30 Adults Advisory Task Force consists of the following members:

62.31 (1) the commissioner of the Department of Public Safety or a designee;

- 63.1 (2) the commissioner of the Department of Human Services or a designee;
- 63.2 (3) the commissioner of the Department of Health or a designee;
- 63.3 (4) the attorney general or a designee;
- 63.4 (5) a representative from the Minnesota Bar Association;
- 63.5 (6) a representative from the Minnesota judicial branch;
- 63.6 (7) one member appointed by the Minnesota County Attorneys Association;
- 63.7 (8) one member appointed by the Minnesota Association of City Attorneys;
- 63.8 (9) one member appointed by the Minnesota Elder Justice Center;
- 63.9 (10) one member appointed by the Minnesota Home Care Association;
- 63.10 (11) one member appointed by Care Providers of Minnesota;
- 63.11 (12) one member appointed by LeadingAge Minnesota; and
- 63.12 (13) one member appointed by AARP Minnesota.
- 63.13 (b) The advisory task force may appoint additional members it deems necessary to carry
- 63.14 out its duties under subdivision 2.
- 63.15 (c) The appointing authorities must complete the appointments listed in paragraph (a)
- 63.16 by July 1, 2018.
- 63.17 (d) At its first meeting, the task force shall elect a chair from among the members listed
- 63.18 in paragraph (a).
- 63.19 **Subd. 2. Duties; recommendations and report.** (a) The advisory task force's duties
- 63.20 are to review and evaluate laws relating to crimes against vulnerable adults, and any other
- 63.21 information the task force deems relevant.
- 63.22 (b) By December 1, 2018, the advisory task force shall submit a report to the chairs and
- 63.23 ranking minority members of the legislative committees with primary jurisdiction over
- 63.24 health and human services and criminal policy. The report must contain the task force's
- 63.25 findings and recommendations, including discussion of the benefits and problems associated
- 63.26 with proposed changes. The report must include draft legislation to implement any
- 63.27 recommended changes to statute.
- 63.28 **Subd. 3. Administrative provisions.** (a) The commissioner of human services shall
- 63.29 provide meeting space and administrative support to the advisory task force.

64.1 (b) The commissioners of human services and health and the attorney general shall  
64.2 provide technical assistance to the advisory task force.

64.3 (c) Advisory task force members shall serve without compensation and shall not be  
64.4 reimbursed for expenses.

64.5 Subd. 4. **Expiration.** The advisory task force expires on May 20, 2019.

64.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

64.7 Sec. 60. **DIRECTION TO THE COMMISSIONER OF HEALTH.**

64.8 By March 1, 2019, the commissioner of health must issue a report to the chairs and  
64.9 ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health, human  
64.10 services, or aging on the progress toward implementing each recommendation of the Office  
64.11 of the Legislative Auditor with which the commissioner agreed in the commissioner's letter  
64.12 to the legislative auditor dated March 1, 2018. The commissioner shall include in the report  
64.13 existing data collected in the course of the commissioner's continuing oversight of the Office  
64.14 of Health Facility Complaints sufficient to demonstrate the implementation of the  
64.15 recommendations with which the commissioner agreed.

64.16 Sec. 61. **DIRECTION TO THE COMMISSIONER OF HEALTH.**

64.17 On a quarterly basis until January 2021, and annually thereafter, the commissioner of  
64.18 health must submit a report on the Office of Health Facility Complaints' response to  
64.19 allegations of maltreatment of vulnerable adults. The report must include:

64.20 (1) a description and assessment of the office's efforts to improve its internal processes  
64.21 and compliance with federal and state requirements concerning allegations of maltreatment  
64.22 of vulnerable adults, including any relevant timelines;

64.23 (2) the number of reports received by the type of reporter, the number of reports  
64.24 investigated, the percentage and number of reported cases awaiting triage, the number and  
64.25 percentage of open investigations, and the number and percentage of investigations that  
64.26 have failed to meet state or federal timelines by cause of delay;

64.27 (3) a trend analysis of internal audits conducted by the office; and

64.28 (4) trends and patterns in maltreatment of vulnerable adults, licensing violations by  
64.29 facilities or providers serving vulnerable adults, and other metrics as determined by the  
64.30 commissioner.

65.1 Sec. 62. **APPROPRIATION.**

65.2 (a) \$75,000 in fiscal year 2019 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner  
65.3 of health for the Assisted Living Licensure and Dementia Care Certification Task Force  
65.4 described in section 57.

65.5 (b) \$75,000 in fiscal year 2019 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner  
65.6 of health for the Assisted Living Report Card Working Group described in section 58.

65.7 Sec. 63. **APPROPRIATION.**

65.8 \$75,000 in fiscal year 2019 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner  
65.9 of human services for the Crimes Against Vulnerable Adults Advisory Task Force described  
65.10 in section 59.

65.11 Sec. 64. **REPEALER.**

65.12 Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 256.021, is repealed.

**256.021 VULNERABLE ADULT MALTREATMENT REVIEW PANEL.**

Subdivision 1. **Creation.** (a) The commissioner of human services shall establish a review panel for purposes of reviewing lead investigative agency determinations regarding maltreatment of a vulnerable adult in response to requests received under section 626.557, subdivision 9d, paragraph (b). The panel shall hold quarterly meetings for purposes of conducting reviews under this section.

(b) The review panel consists of:

(1) the commissioners of health and human services or their designees;

(2) the ombudsman for long-term care and ombudsman for mental health and developmental disabilities, or their designees;

(3) a member of the board on aging, appointed by the board; and

(4) a representative from the county human services administrators appointed by the commissioner of human services or the administrator's designee.

Subd. 2. **Review procedure.** (a) If a vulnerable adult or an interested person acting on behalf of the vulnerable adult requests a review under this section, the panel shall review the request at its next quarterly meeting. If the next quarterly meeting is within ten days of the panel's receipt of the request for review, the review may be delayed until the next subsequent meeting. The panel shall review the request and the investigation memorandum and may review any other data on the investigation maintained by the lead investigative agency that are pertinent and necessary to its review of the final disposition. If more than one person requests a review under this section with respect to the same final disposition, the review panel shall combine the requests into one review. The panel shall submit its written request for the case file and other documentation relevant to the review to the supervisor of the investigator conducting the investigation under review.

(b) Within 30 days of the review under this section, the panel shall notify the director or manager of the lead investigative agency and the vulnerable adult or interested person who requested the review as to whether the panel concurs with the final disposition or whether the lead investigative agency must reconsider the final disposition. If the panel determines that the lead investigative agency must reconsider the final disposition, the panel must make specific recommendations to the director or manager of the lead investigative agency. The recommendation must include an explanation of the factors that form the basis of the recommendation to reconsider the final disposition and must specifically identify the disputed facts, the disputed application of maltreatment definitions, the disputed application of responsibility for maltreatment, and the disputed weighing of evidence, whichever apply. Within 30 days the lead investigative agency shall conduct a review and report back to the panel with its determination and the specific rationale for its final disposition. At a minimum, the specific rationale must include a detailed response to each of the factors identified by the panel that formed the basis for the recommendations of the panel.

(c) Upon receiving the report of reconsideration from the lead investigative agency, the panel shall communicate the decision in writing to the vulnerable adult or interested person acting on behalf of the vulnerable adult who requested the review. The panel shall include the specific rationale provided by the lead investigative agency as part of the communication.

Subd. 3. **Report.** By January 15 of each year, the panel shall submit a report to the committees of the legislature with jurisdiction over section 626.557 regarding the number of requests for review it receives under this section, the number of cases where the panel requires the lead investigative agency to reconsider its final disposition, and the number of cases where the final disposition is changed, and any recommendations to improve the review or investigative process.

Subd. 4. **Data.** Data of the review panel created or received as part of a review under this section are private data on individuals as defined in section 13.02.