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SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETY-THIRD SESSION

S.F. No. 4602

(SENATE AUTHORS: KUPEC, Mitchell, Maye Quade, Mann and Boldon)						
OFFICIAL STATUS						
Introduction and first reading						
Referred to Commerce and Consumer Protection						
Author stricken McEwen						
Author added Boldon						
Withdrawn and re-referred to Health and Human Services						

1.1	A bill for an act
1.2	relating to consumer protection; modifying various provisions governing debt
1.3	collection, garnishment, and consumer finance; providing for debtor protections;
1.4	requiring a review of certain statutory forms; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022,
1.5	sections 176.175, subdivision 2; 332.31, subdivision 3, by adding subdivisions;
1.6	332.32; 332.37; 332.39; 334.01, by adding a subdivision; 519.05; 541.04; 541.053;
1.7	548.09, subdivision 1; 550.37, subdivisions 2, 4, 6, 12a, 14, 20, 22, 23, by adding
1.8	subdivisions; 550.39; 563.01, subdivisions 3, 4, 8, 9, 10; 563.02, subdivision 2;
1.9	571.72, subdivisions 6, 9; 571.76; 571.911; 571.914, subdivision 1; 571.92;
1.10	571.921; 571.922; 571.924, subdivision 1; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement,
1.11	section 270A.03, subdivision 2; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota
1.12	Statutes, chapters 62Q; 332; 550; 571.
1.13	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

1.14 Section 1. [62Q.491] OUT-OF-POCKET MAXIMUM OR COST-SHARING 1.15 REQUIREMENT; ENROLLEE CONTRIBUTION CALCULATION.

1.16 (a) To the extent permitted by federal law, a health plan company must include any

1.17 amounts paid by the enrollee or paid on behalf of the enrollee by another person when

- 1.18 calculating an enrollee's overall contribution toward any out-of-pocket maximum or
- 1.19 <u>cost-sharing requirement under a health plan.</u>
- 1.20 (b) For purposes of this section, "cost sharing" means a co-payment, coinsurance, or
 1.21 deductible.
- 1.22 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 176.175, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 1.23 Subd. 2. Nonassignability. No claim for compensation or settlement of a claim for
- 1.24 compensation owned by an injured employee or dependents is assignable. Except as otherwise
- 1.25 provided in this chapter, any claim for compensation owned by an injured employee or

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2.1	de n endents is	exempt from seiz	ure or sale for the	payment of any debt or	·liability un to a
2.1	•	of \$1,000,000 per			<u>nuonity, up to u</u>
2.2		<u>1 01,000,000 per</u>	erann and subseq		
2.3	Sec. 3. Minr	nesota Statutes 202	23 Supplement, se	ction 270A.03, subdivis	ion 2, is amended
2.4	to read:				
2.5	Subd. 2. C	laimant agency.	"Claimant agency	" means any state agend	cv. as defined by
2.6				niversity of Minnesota,	•
2.7			-	le charter city, including	-
2.8			-	ublic library or a munic	-
2.9		-		e licensed under chapter	-
2.10	agency respor	sible for child sur	oport enforcemen	t, any public agency res	ponsible for the
2.11	collection of c	court-ordered resti	tution, and any p	ablic agency established	by general or
2.12				ion of a low-income ho	
2.13	Sec. 4. Mini	nesota Statutes 202	22, section 332.31	, is amended by adding	a subdivision to
2.14	read:				
2.15	Subd. 2a.	Collecting party.	"Collecting party	" means a person who, i	in the ordinary
2.16	course of busi	ness, regularly en	gages in debt coll	ection on behalf of the	person or others.
2.17	Sec. 5. Mini	nesota Statutes 202	22, section 332.31	l, subdivision 3, is amer	nded to read:
2.18	Subd. 3. C	collection agency.	"Collection agen	cy" or "licensee" means	(1) a person
2.19	engaged in the	e business of colle	ection for others a	ny account, bill, or othe	r indebtedness,
2.20	except as here	inafter provided; o	or (2) a debt buyer	. It Collection agency or	licensee includes
2.21	but is not limi	ted to: (1) attorne	ys whose principa	l or exclusive practice i	nvolves debt
2.22	collection; or	(2) persons who f	urnish collection	systems carrying a name	e which simulates
2.23	the name of a	collection agency	and who supply	forms or form letters to	be used by the
2.24	creditor, even	though such form	s direct the debtor	to make payments direc	etly to the creditor
2.25	rather than to	such fictitious age	ency.		
2.26	Sec. 6. Mini	nesota Statutes 202	22, section 332.31	l, is amended by adding	a subdivision to
2.27	read:				
2.28	Subd. 7a.	Debt. "Debt" mea	ns any obligation	or alleged obligation to p	bay money arising
2.29	out of a transa	ction in which the	money, property,	insurance, or services th	nat are the subject
2.30	of the transact	tion are primarily	for personal, fami	ly, or household purpose	es, whether or not

the obligation has been reduced to judgment. For purposes of this chapter, the term debt 2.31

	business, as defined in section 645.445, regardless of the small business's purpose.
	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 332.31, is amended by adding a subdivision to
	read:
	Subd. 8a. Debtor. "Debtor" means a natural person obligated or allegedly obligated to
	pay any debt.
	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 332.32, is amended to read:
	332.32 EXCLUSIONS.
	(a) The term "collection agency" does not include banks when collecting accounts owed
	to the banks and when the bank will sustain any loss arising from uncollectible accounts,
	abstract companies doing an escrow business, real estate brokers, public officers, persons
â	acting under order of a court, lawyers, trust companies, insurance companies, credit unions,
	savings associations, loan or finance companies unless they are engaged in asserting,
	enforcing or prosecuting unsecured claims which have been purchased from any person,
	firm, or association when there is recourse to the seller for all or part of the claim if the
	claim is not collected.
	(b) The term "collection agency" shall not include a trade association performing services
	authorized by section 604.15, subdivision 4a, but the trade association in performing the
	services may not engage in any conduct that would be prohibited for a collection agency
	under section 332.37.
	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 332.37, is amended to read:
	332.37 PROHIBITED PRACTICES.
	(a) No collection agency, debt buyer, or collector collecting party shall:
	(1) in collection letters or publications, or in any communication, oral or written, threaten
	wage garnishment or legal suit by a particular lawyer, unless it the collecting party has
	actually retained the lawyer;
	(2) use or employ sheriffs or any other officer authorized to serve legal papers in
	connection with the collection of a claim, except when performing their legally authorized
	duties;
	(3) use or threaten to use methods of collection which violate Minnesota law;

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4.1 (4) furnish legal advice to debtors or otherwise engage in the practice of law or represent 4.2 that it the collecting party is competent to do so;

4.3 (5) communicate with debtors in a misleading or deceptive manner by <u>falsely</u> using the
4.4 stationery of a lawyer, forms or instruments which only lawyers are authorized to prepare,
4.5 or instruments which simulate the form and appearance of judicial process;

4.6 (6) <u>if the collecting party is a collection agency</u>, exercise authority on behalf of a client
4.7 to employ the services of lawyers unless the client has specifically authorized the agency
4.8 in writing to do so and the agency's course of conduct is at all times consistent with a true
4.9 relationship of attorney and client between the lawyer and the client;

4.10 (7) publish or cause to be published any list of debtors except for credit reporting
4.11 purposes, use shame cards or shame automobiles, advertise or threaten to advertise for sale
4.12 any claim as a means of forcing payment thereof, or use similar devices or methods of
4.13 intimidation;

(8) refuse to return any claim or claims and all valuable papers deposited with a claim
or claims upon written request of the client, claimant or forwarder after tender of the amounts
due and owing to a collection agency within 30 days after the request; refuse or intentionally
fail to account to its clients for all money collected within 30 days from the last day of the
month in which the same is collected; or, refuse or fail to furnish at intervals of not less
than 90 days upon written request of the claimant or forwarder, a written report upon claims
received from the claimant or forwarder;

4.21 (9) operate under a name or in a manner which implies that the collection agency or debt
4.22 buyer collecting party is a branch of or associated with any department of federal, state,
4.23 county or local government or an agency thereof;

4.24 (10) <u>if the collecting party is a collection agency</u>, commingle money collected for a
4.25 customer with the collection agency's operating funds or use any part of a customer's money
4.26 in the conduct of the collection agency's business;

4.27 (11) transact business or hold itself out as a debt settlement company, debt management
4.28 company, debt adjuster, or any person who settles, adjusts, prorates, pools, liquidates or
4.29 pays the indebtedness of a debtor, unless there is no charge to the debtor, or the pooling or
4.30 liquidation is done pursuant to court order or under the supervision of a creditor's committee;

4.31 (12) violate any of the provisions of the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act of 1977,
4.32 Public Law 95-109, or Code of Federal Regulations, title 12, part 1006, while attempting

to collect on any account, bill or other indebtedness. For purposes of this section, Public 5.1 Law 95-109 and Code of Federal Regulations, title 12, part 1006, apply to collecting parties; 5.2 (13) communicate with a debtor by use of a recorded message utilizing an automatic 5.3 dialing announcing device an automatic telephone dialing system or an artificial or 5.4

prerecorded voice after the debtor expressly informs the agency or collector collecting party 5.5

to cease communication utilizing an automatic dialing announcing device automatic telephone 5.6 dialing system or an artificial or prerecorded voice. For purposes of this clause, an automatic

telephone dialing system or an artificial or prerecorded voice includes but is not limited to 5.8

(i) artificial intelligence chat bots, and (ii) the usage of the term under the Telephone 5.9

Consumer Protection Act, United States Code, title 47, section 227(b)(1)(A); 5.10

(14) in collection letters or publications, or in any communication, oral or written, imply 5.11 or suggest that health care services will be withheld in an emergency situation as a result 5.12 of a debt; 5.13

(15) when a debtor has a listed telephone number, enlist the aid of a neighbor or third 5.14 party to request that the debtor contact the licensee or collector collecting party, except a 5.15 person who resides with the debtor or a third party with whom the debtor has authorized 5.16 the licensee or collector collecting party to place the request. This clause does not apply to 5.17 a call back message left at the debtor's place of employment which is limited to the licensee's 5.18 or collector's collecting party's telephone number and name; 5.19

(16) when attempting to collect a debt, fail to provide the debtor with: (i) the full name 5.20 of the collection agency or debt buyer collecting party as registered with the secretary of 5.21 state; (ii) the full name as it appears on its the collecting party's collection license, Federal 5.22 Deposit Insurance Corporation registration, National Credit Union Administration 5.23

registration, or in a similar registry; or (iii) the full name as listed on any "doing business 5.24 as" or "d/b/a" registered with the Department of Commerce, as applicable; 5.25

(17) if the collecting party is a collection agency, collect any money from a debtor that 5.26 is not reported to a client on whose behalf the collecting party is collecting the money; 5.27

(18) fail to return any amount of overpayment from a debtor to the debtor or to the state 5.28 of Minnesota pursuant to the requirements of chapter 345; 5.29

(19) accept currency or coin as payment for a debt without issuing an original receipt 5.30 to the debtor and maintaining a duplicate receipt in the debtor's payment records; 5.31

5.7

6.1	(20) attempt to collect any amount, including any interest, fee, charge, or expense
6.2	incidental to the charge-off obligation, from a debtor unless the amount is expressly
6.3	authorized by the agreement creating the debt or is otherwise permitted by law;
6.4	(21) if the collecting party is a collection agency, charge a fee to a client on whose behalf
6.5	the collecting party is collecting the money that is not authorized by agreement with the
6.6	client;
6.7	(22) falsify any collection agency documents with the intent to deceive a debtor, creditor,
6.8	or governmental agency;
6.9	(23) when initially contacting a Minnesota debtor by mail, fail to include a disclosure
6.10	on the contact notice, in a type size or font which is equal to or larger than the largest other
6.11	type of type size or font used in the text of the notice. The disclosure must (i) include and
6.12	identify the Office of the Minnesota Attorney General's general telephone number, and (ii)
6.13	state: "You have the right to hire your own attorney to represent you in this matter." With
6.14	respect to collection agencies, debt buyers, and collectors, the disclosure must also state:
6.15	"This collection agency is licensed by the Minnesota Department of Commerce" or "This
6.16	debt buyer is licensed by the Minnesota Department of Commerce" as applicable; or
6.17	(24) commence legal action to collect a debt outside the limitations period set forth in
6.18	section 541.053- <u>;</u>
6.19	(25) report to a credit reporting agency an item of information which the collecting party
6.20	knows or should know concerns medical information, or concerns any debt arising from
6.21	the provision of medical care, treatment, services, devices, medicines, or procedures to
6.22	maintain, diagnose, or treat a person's physical or mental health; or
6.23	(26) challenge a debtor's claim of exemption to garnishment or levy in a manner that is
6.24	baseless, frivolous, or otherwise in bad faith.
6.25	(b) Paragraph (a), clauses (6), (8), (10), (17), and (21), do not apply to debt buyers except
6.26	to the extent the debt buyer engages in third-party debt collection for others.
6.27	Sec. 10. [332.371] MEDICAL DEBT CREDIT REPORTING PROHIBITED.
6.28	(a) A consumer reporting agency is prohibited from making a consumer report containing
6.29	an item of information that the consumer reporting agency knows or should know concerns
6.30	(1) medical information; or (2) debt arising from: (i) the provision of medical care, treatment,

- 6.31 services, devices, medicines; or (ii) procedures to maintain, diagnose, or treat a person's
- 6.32 physical or mental health.

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7.1	(b) For p	urposes of this sec	tion, "consumer r	eport," "consumer report	ing agency," and
7.2		-		them in the Fair Credit F	
7.3		s Code, title 15, se			
7.4	Sec. 11. M	innesota Statutes 2	2022, section 332.	39, is amended to read:	
7.5	332.39 II	NJUNCTIONS E	NFORCEMENT	•	
7.6	<u>(a)</u> The at	torney general or t	he county attorney	of any county may apply	for an injunction
7.7	in district co	urt to enjoin any v	iolations of sectio	ns 332.31 to 332.44, or a	any practices
7.8	prohibited in	section 332.37, an	nd any such court	may issue temporary or	permanent
7.9	injunctions a	s the circumstance	es shall require. St	uch injunctive proceedin	gs shall be in
7.10	addition to a	nd not in lieu of pe	enalties and remed	lies otherwise provided i	n sections 332.31
7.11	to 332.44.				
7.12	(b) A coll	ecting party that vi	olates section 332.	37 is strictly liable to the	debtor in question
7.13	for the sum of	<u>of:</u>			
7.14	(1) actual	damage sustained	by the debtor as	a result of the violation;	
7.15	<u>(2)</u> additi	onal damages as tl	ne court may allow	w, but not exceeding \$1,0	000 per violation;
7.16	and				
7.17	(3) in the	case of any succe	ssful action to enf	force the foregoing, the co	osts of the action,
7.18	together with	a reasonable atto	rney fee as detern	nined by the court.	
7.19	<u>(c)</u> A coll	ecting party that v	villfully and malio	ciously violates section 3	32.37 is strictly
7.20	liable to the d	lebtor for three tin	nes the sums allow	vable under paragraph (b), clauses (1) and
7.21	<u>(2).</u>				
7.22	<u>(d)</u> The d	ollar amount limit	under paragraph	(b), clause (2), changes of	on July 1 of each
7.23	even-number	ed year to in an ar	mount equal to ch	anges made in the consu	mer price index,
7.24	compiled by	the United States	Bureau of Labor S	Statistics. The consumer	price index for
7.25	December 20)24 is the reference	e base index. If th	e consumer price index i	is revised, the
7.26	percentage of	f change made und	ler this section mu	ist be calculated on the ba	asis of the revised
7.27	consumer pri	ce index. If a cons	umer price index	revision changes the refe	rence base index,
7.28	a revised refe	erence base index	must be determine	ed by multiplying the refe	erence base index
7.29	that is effecti	ve at the time by th	e rebasing factor f	urnished by the Bureau o	f Labor Statistics.
7.30	If the consum	er price index is su	perseded, the con	sumer price index referre	d to in this section
7.31	is the consum	her price index rep	resented by the Bu	reau of Labor Statistics a	s most accurately
7.32	reflecting cha	anges in the prices	paid by consume	ers for consumer goods a	nd services.

8.1 (e) The commissioner of commerce must publish the base reference index under paragraph

- 8.2 (d) in the State Register no later than September 1, 2024. The commissioner must calculate
- 8.3 and then publish the revised consumer price index under paragraph (d) in the State Register
- 8.4 <u>no later than September 1 each even-numbered year.</u>
- 8.5 (f) An action brought under this section benefits the public.

8.6 Sec. 12. [332.391] DEFENDING CONSUMER DEBT CASES.

- 8.7 A debtor who successfully defends against a claim for debt payment that is alleged by
- 8.8 <u>a collecting party must be awarded the debtor's costs, including a reasonable attorney fee,</u>
- 8.9 incurred in defending against the collecting party's claim for debt payment.
- 8.10 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 334.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to
 8.11 read:
- 8.12 Subd. 4. Contracts for medical care. Interest does not accrue on any debt to a health

8.13 care provider incurred in exchange for care, treatment, services, devices, medicines, or

8.14 procedures to maintain, diagnose, or treat a person's physical or mental health.

8.15 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 519.05, is amended to read:

8.16 519.05 LIABILITY OF HUSBAND AND WIFE SPOUSES.

(a) A spouse is not liable to a creditor for any debts of the other spouse. Where husband
and wife are living together, they shall be jointly and severally liable for necessary medical
services that have been furnished to either spouse, including any claims arising under section
246.53, 256B.15, 256D.16, or 261.04, and necessary household articles and supplies furnished
to and used by the family. Notwithstanding this paragraph, in a proceeding under chapter
518 the court may apportion such debt between the spouses.

(b) Either spouse may close a credit card account or other unsecured consumer line ofcredit on which both spouses are contractually liable, by giving written notice to the creditor.

8.25 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 541.04, is amended to read:

8.26 541.04 JUDGMENTS, TEN YEARS.

8.27 (a) No action shall be maintained upon a judgment or decree of a court of the United

8.28 States, or of any state or territory thereof, unless begun within: (1) five years after the entry

8.29 of judgment for obligations arising out of a consumer debt incurred primarily for personal,

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9.1	family, or he	ousehold purposes,	for judgments ent	ered after July 1, 2024;	or (2) ten years			
9.2	after the entry of such judgment for all other obligations.							
9.3	(b) No a	ction may be broug	ht to renew a judg	ment arising out of any	consumer debt			
9.4	incurred prin	marily for personal,	family, or househ	old purposes.				
9.5	Sec. 16. M	linnesota Statutes ?	022 section 541 ()53, is amended to read:				
9.6				ED ON CONSUMER				
9.7	<u> </u>	C		on 1, actions upon an ob	• •			
9.8		•		nily, or household purpo				
9.9	incurred or o	originated on or afte	er July 1, 2024, m	ust be commenced withi	n six three years.			
9.10	(b) After	tits expiration, the s	statute of limitatio	ns is not revived by the	collection of a			
9.11	payment on	an account, a disch	arge in a bankrupt	cy proceeding, or an ora	al or written			
9.12	reaffirmation	n of the debt.						
9.13	EFFEC	FIVE DATE. This	section is effectiv	e July 1, 2024, and appl	ies to actions			
9.14	arising from	consumer debt prin	narily for persona	l, family, or household p	ourposes incurred			
9.15	or originated	d on or after that da	te.					
9.16	Sec. 17. M	Iinnesota Statutes 2	022, section 548.0	9, subdivision 1, is ame	ended to read:			
9.17	Subdivis	ion 1. Entry and d	ocketing; surviva	ll of judgment. (a) Exce	ept as provided in			
9.18	section 548.	091, every judgmer	nt requiring the pa	yment of money shall be	e entered by the			
9.19	court admini	istrator when ordered	d by the court and	will be docketed by the co	ourt administrator			
9.20	upon the fili	ng of an affidavit as	s provided in subd	ivision 2. Upon a transc	ript of the docket			
9.21	being filed v	with the court admin	nistrator in any oth	ner county, the court adm	ninistrator shall			
9.22	also docket	it. From the time of	docketing the jud	gment is a lien, in the a	mount unpaid,			
9.23	upon all real	l property in the cou	inty then or therea	fter owned by the judgn	nent debtor, but it			
9.24	is not a lien	upon registered lan	d unless it is also	recorded pursuant to sec	tions 508.63 and			
9.25	508A.63. Th	ne judgment survive	es, and the lien cor	ntinues, for ten years aft	er its entry. Child			
9.26	support judg	gments may be rene	wed pursuant to se	ection 548.091. Except a	as provided in			
9.27	paragraph (ł	o), an action may be	e brought to renew	the judgment for the sa	me period if the			
9.28	action to ren	new the judgment is	commenced with	in ten years after entry o	of the judgment.			
9.29	<u>(b) No a</u>	ction may be broug	ht to renew a judg	ment arising out of any	consumer debt			
9.30	incurred prin	marily for personal,	family, or househ	old purposes.				
9.31	(c) Child	l support judgments	may be renewed	as provided under section	on 548.091.			

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10.1	Sec. 18. Mi	innesota Statutes 2	022, section 550.3	37, subdivision 2, is amo	ended to read:
10.2	Subd. 2. I	Bible Sacred posse	essions, library, ar	d musical instrument.	The family Bible,
10.3	Torah, Qur'aı	n, prayer rug, other	r religions items, l	ibrary, and musical inst	ruments <u>, not</u>
10.4	exceeding \$1	0,000 per item.			
10.5	EFFECT	TIVE DATE. This	section is effectiv	e August 1, 2024, and a	pplies to causes
10.6	of action con	nmenced on or afte	er that date.		
10.7	Sec. 19. Mi	innesota Statutes 2	022, section 550.3	7, subdivision 4, is amo	ended to read:
10.8	Subd. 4. I	Personal goods. (a	a) All wearing app	arel, one watch, utensils	s, and foodstuffs
10.9	of the debtor	and the debtor's fa	amily.		
10.10	(b) House	ehold furniture, ho	usehold appliance	s, phonographs, radio a	nd television
10.11	receivers rad	ios, computers, tab	olets, televisions, p	printers, cell phones, sm	art phones, and
10.12	other consum	ner electronics of t	he debtor and the	debtor's family, not exce	eeding \$11,250 in
10.13	value.				
10.14	(c) The de	ebtor's aggregate in	nterest, not exceed	ling \$3,062.50 in value,	in wedding rings
10.15	or other relig	tious or culturally 1	ecognized symbo	ls of marriage exchange	ed between the
10.16	debtor and sp	oouse at the time o	f the marriage and	in the debtor's possessi	on jewelry.
10.17	The exem	nption provided by	this subdivision r	nay not be waived exce	pt with regard to
10.18	purchase mor	ney security interes	ts. Except for a pav	wnbroker's possessory li	en, a nonpurchase
10.19	money secur	ity interest in the p	property exempt un	nder this subdivision is	void.
10.20	If a debto	r has property of th	ne type which wou	ld qualify for the exemp	otion under clause
10.21	(b), of a valu	e in excess of \$11,	250 an itemized li	st of the exempt proper	ty, together with
10.22	the value of e	each item listed, sha	Ill be attached to th	e security agreement at	the time a security
10.23	interest is tak	en, and a creditor n	nay take a nonpurc	hase money security int	erest in the excess
10.24	over \$11,250	by requiring the d	ebtor to select the	exemption in writing at	the time the loan
10.25	is made.				
10.26	EFFECT	TIVE DATE. This	section is effectiv	e August 1, 2024, and a	pplies to causes
10.27	of action con	nmenced on or afte	er that date.		
10.28	Sec. 20. Mi	innesota Statutes 2	022, section 550.3	37, subdivision 6, is amo	ended to read:
10.29	Subd. 6. 7	Fools of trade. The	e tools, implement	s, machines <u>, vehicles,</u> in	nstruments, office
10.30	furniture, sto	ck in trade, and libr	ary reasonably nec	essary in the trade, busir	ess, or profession
10.31	of the debtor,	, not exceeding \$1	2,500 in value.		

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- 11.3 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 550.37, subdivision 12a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 12a. Motor vehicles. One of the following: (1) one motor vehicle, to the extent of a value not exceeding $\frac{5,000}{10,000}$; (2) one motor vehicle that is regularly used by or for the benefit of a physically disabled person, as defined under section 169.345, subdivision 2, to the extent of a value not exceeding 25,000; or (3) one motor vehicle, to the extent of a value not exceeding $\frac{50,000}{100,000}$, that has been designed or modified, at a cost of not less than 3,750, to accommodate the physical disability making a disabled person eligible for a certificate authorized by section 169.345.

11.11 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2024, and applies to causes 11.12 of action commenced on or after that date.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 550.37, subdivision 14, is amended to read: 11.13 Subd. 14. Public assistance. All government assistance based on need, and the earnings 11.14 or salary of a person who is a recipient of government assistance based on need, shall be 11.15 exempt from all claims of creditors including any contractual setoff or security interest 11.16 asserted by a financial institution. For the purposes of this chapter, government assistance 11.17 based on need includes but is not limited to Minnesota family investment program; 11.18 Supplemental Security Income;; medical assistance;; MinnesotaCare;; payment of Medicare 11.19 part B premiums or receipt of part D extra help;; MFIP diversionary work program;; work 11.20 participation cash benefit,; Minnesota supplemental assistance;; emergency Minnesota 11.21 supplemental assistance;; emergency general assistance;; emergency 11.22 assistance or county crisis funds;; energy or fuel assistance, and; Supplemental Nutrition 11.23 Assistance Program (SNAP); and the portion of any tax refund attributable to a state or 11.24 federal tax credit, including but not limited to the earned income tax credit, state or federal 11.25 child tax credit, Minnesota working family credit, renter's credit, or any low-income tax 11.26 11.27 credit. The salary or earnings of any debtor who is or has been an eligible recipient of government assistance based on need, or an inmate of a correctional institution shall, upon 11.28 the debtor's return to private employment or farming after having been an eligible recipient 11.29 of government assistance based on need, or an inmate of a correctional institution, be exempt 11.30 from attachment, garnishment, or levy of execution for a period of six months after the 11.31 debtor's return to employment or farming and after all public assistance for which eligibility 11.32 existed has been terminated. Any portion of an income tax refund consisting of income that 11.33

was exempt when the income was earned is also exempt under this subdivision. The 12.1 exemption provisions contained in this subdivision also apply for 60 days after deposit in 12.2 12.3 any financial institution, whether in a single or joint account. In tracing the funds, the first-in first-out method of accounting shall be used. The burden of establishing that funds are 12.4 exempt rests upon the debtor. Agencies distributing government assistance and the 12.5 correctional institutions shall, at the request of creditors, inform them whether or not any 12.6 debtor has been an eligible recipient of government assistance based on need, or an inmate 12.7 12.8 of a correctional institution, within the preceding six months.

12.9 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2024, and applies to causes 12.10 of action commenced on or after that date.

12.11 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 550.37, subdivision 20, is amended to read:

Subd. 20. Traceable funds. The exemption of funds from creditors' claims, provided 12.12 by subdivisions 9, 10, 11, 15, 22, and 24, shall not be affected by the subsequent deposit of 12.13 the funds in a bank or any other financial institution, whether in a single or joint account, 12.14 if the funds are traceable to their the funds' exempt source. In tracing the funds, the first-in 12.15 first-out method of accounting shall be used. The burden of establishing that funds are 12.16 exempt rests upon the debtor. No bank or other financial institution shall be liable for 12.17 damages for complying with process duly issued out of any court for the collection of a 12.18 12.19 debt even if the funds affected by the process are subsequently determined to have been exempt. 12.20

12.21 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2024, and applies to causes 12.22 of action commenced on or after that date.

12.23 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 550.37, subdivision 22, is amended to read:

Subd. 22. Rights of action. Rights of action or money received for injuries to the person
of the debtor or of a relative whether or not resulting in death. Injuries to the person include
physical, mental, and emotional injuries. The exemption under this subdivision applies to
the right to receive, annuities being paid, and money already received.

12.28 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2024, and applies to causes 12.29 of action commenced on or after that date.

12.30 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 550.37, subdivision 23, is amended to read:

- 12.31 Subd. 23. Life insurance aggregate interest. The debtor's aggregate interest not to
- 12.32 exceed in value \$10,000 in any accrued dividend dividends or interest under or loan value

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13.1	of any unmatured life insurance contracts contracts owned by the debtor under which the
13.2	insured is the debtor or an individual of whom the debtor is a dependent.
13.3	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2024, and applies to causes
13.4	of action commenced on or after that date.
13.5	Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 550.37, is amended by adding a subdivision to
13.6	read:
13.7	Subd. 27. Household tools and equipment. The debtor's aggregate interest, not to
13.8	exceed \$3,000, in household tools and equipment, including but not limited to hand and
13.9	power tools, snow removal equipment, and lawnmowers.
13.10	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2024, and applies to causes
13.11	of action commenced on or after that date.
13.12	Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 550.37, is amended by adding a subdivision to
13.13	read:
13.14	Subd. 28. Property tax refunds. Any refund due under chapter 290A, up to a present
13.15	value of \$3,000.
13.16	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2024, and applies to causes
13.17	of action commenced on or after that date.
13.18	Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 550.37, is amended by adding a subdivision to
13.19	read:
13.20	Subd. 29. Bank accounts and other property. An aggregate amount not exceeding
13.21	\$5,000, regardless of the sources of the funds, in bank accounts or financial institution
13.22	depository accounts in which the debtor is an account holder, is exempt from seizure under
13.23	sections 571.91 to 571.915. Any portion of the \$5,000 may, at the debtor's discretion, be
13.24	used to protect any property except earnings. This subdivision does not apply to the
13.25	exemption of wages.
13.26	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2024, and applies to causes
13.27	of action commenced on or after that date.

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14.1	Sec. 29. [5 :	50.3711] MOTOR	R VEHICLE; BA	NKRUPTCY DEBTOI	R'S RIGHT TO
14.2	<u>RETAIN.</u>	•			
14.3	Subdivisi	on 1. No default.	If a buyer does no	ot default in performing t	the buyer's
14.4				er is prohibited from (1)	
14.5				he contract, or (2) repose	
14.6	vehicle.				
14.7	Subd. 2. I	Bankruptcy. (a) No	either of the follow	ving constitutes a default in	n the performance
14.8	of the buyer's	s obligations under	the contract: (1) t	he buyer or another indiv	idual liable under
14.9	the contract f	files a petition con	nmencing a case f	for bankruptcy under Uni	ted States Code,
14.10	title 11; or (2	the buyer or ano	ther individual lia	ble under the contract is	a debtor in
14.11	bankruptcy.				
14.12	<u>(b)</u> The ad	ct or status under p	oaragraph (a), cla	uses (1) and (2), with res	pect to the buyer
14.13	or another in	dividual liable on	the contract, mus	t not be used by a seller o	or holder to: (1)
14.14	accelerate the	e maturity of a por	tion of or the ent	ire amount due under the	contract; or (2)
14.15	repossess the	e motor vehicle.			
14.16	<u>(c) A con</u>	tract provision tha	t states an act or	status under paragraph (a), clauses (1) and
14.17	(2), with resp	ect to the buyer or	another individua	l liable on the contract, co	nstitutes a default
14.18	is void and u	nenforceable.			
14.19	EFFECT	TIVE DATE. This	section is effectiv	ve August 1, 2024, and a	pplies to causes
14.20	of action con	nmenced on or afte	er that date.		
14.21	Sec. 30. M	innesota Statutes 2	2022, section 550.	39, is amended to read:	
14.22	550.39 E	XEMPTION OF	INSURANCE P	OLICIES.	
14.23	The net a	mount payable to a	ny insured or to a	ny beneficiary under any j	policy of accident
14.24	or disability	insurance or under	accident or disat	bility clauses attached to	any policy of life
14.25	insurance sha	all be exempt and f	ree and clear fron	n the claims of all creditor	rs of such insured
14.26	or such bene	ficiary and from al	ll legal and judici	al processes of execution	, attachment,
14.27	garnishment,	, or otherwise <u>, up t</u>	o a total amount	of \$1,000,000 per claim a	and subsequent
14.28	award.				
14.29	Sec. 31. M	innesota Statutes 2	2022, section 563.	01, subdivision 3, is ame	ended to read:
14.30	Subd. 3.	Court fee waiver;	_authorization o	f in forma pauperis . (a)	Any court of the
14.31	state of Minr	nesota or any politi	ical subdivision the	nereof may authorize the	commencement
14.32	or defense of	f any civil action, o	or appeal therein,	without prepayment of fe	ees, costs and

Sec. 31.

security for costs by a natural person who makes affidavit stating (a) the nature of the action,
defense or appeal, (b) a belief that affiant is entitled to redress, and (c) that affiant is
financially unable to pay the fees, costs and security for costs.

(b) Upon a finding by the court that the action is not of a frivolous nature, the court shall 15.4 allow the person to proceed in forma pauperis with a court fee waiver if the affidavit is 15.5 substantially in the language required by this subdivision and is not found by the court to 15.6 be untrue. Persons meeting the requirements of this subdivision include, but are not limited 15.7 15.8 to, a person who is receiving public assistance described in section 550.37, subdivision 14, who is represented by an attorney on behalf of a civil legal services program or a volunteer 15.9 attorney program based on indigency, or who has an annual income not greater than 125 15.10 percent of the poverty line established under United States Code, title 42, section 9902(2), 15.11 except as otherwise provided by section 563.02. 15.12

(c) If, at commencement of the action, the court finds that a party does not meet the
eligibility criteria under paragraph (b), but the court also finds that the party is not able to
pay all of the fees, costs, and security for costs, the court may order payment of a fee of \$75
or partial payment of the fees, costs, and security for costs, to be paid as directed by the
court.

15.18 The court administrator shall transmit any fees or payments to the commissioner of 15.19 management and budget for deposit in the state treasury and credit to the general fund.

15.20 Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 563.01, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Payment of expenses. Upon order of the court, the court administrator and the
sheriff of any Minnesota county shall perform their duties without charge to the person
proceeding in forma pauperis with a court fee waiver. The court shall direct payment of the
reasonable expense of service of process pursuant to subdivision 2 if served by a private
process server, if the sheriff is unavailable, or by publication.

15.26 Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 563.01, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. Appellate briefs. In any case on appeal the appellate court shall, upon granting
permission to proceed in forma pauperis with a court fee waiver following application in
the manner provided in subdivision 3, direct payment of the reasonable expenses incurred
in obtaining the record and reproducing the appellate briefs.

16.1 Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 563.01, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. Rescinding in forma pauperis status court fee waiver. Upon motion, the 16.2 court may rescind its permission to proceed in forma pauperis with a court fee waiver if it 16.3 the court finds the allegations of poverty contained in the affidavit are untrue, or if, following 16.4 commencement of the action, the party becomes able to pay the fees, costs and security for 16.5 the costs. In such cases, the court may direct the party to pay to the court administrator any 16.6 costs allowing the action to proceed. The court administrator shall transmit the costs to the 16.7 16.8 commissioner of management and budget for deposit in the state treasury and credit them to the general fund. 16.9

16.10 Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 563.01, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

16.11 Subd. 10. **Judgment.** Judgment may be rendered for costs at the conclusion of the action 16.12 as in other cases. In the event any person recovers moneys by either settlement or judgment 16.13 as a result of commencing or defending an action <u>in forma pauperis with a court fee waiver</u>, 16.14 the costs deferred and the expenses directed by the court to be paid under this section shall 16.15 be included in such moneys and shall be paid directly to the court administrator by the 16.16 opposing party. The court administrator shall transmit the costs to the commissioner of 16.17 management and budget for deposit in the state treasury and credit them to the general fund.

16.18 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 563.02, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Inmate request to proceed in forma pauperis waive court fees. (a) An inmate
who wishes to commence a civil action by proceeding in forma pauperis with court fee
waived must meet the following requirements, in addition to the requirements of section
563.01, subdivision 3:

(1) exhaust the inmate complaint procedure developed under the commissioner of
corrections policy and procedure before commencing a civil action against the department,
and state in the application to proceed in forma pauperis waive court fees that the inmate
has done so; and

16.27 (2) include the following information in an affidavit submitted under section 563.01:

(i) a statement that the inmate's claim is not substantially similar to a previous claim
brought by the inmate against the same party, arising from the same operative facts, and in
which there was an action that operated as an adjudication on the merits;

17.1 (ii) complete information on the inmate's identity, the nature and amount of the inmate's income, spouse's income, if available to the inmate, real property owned by the inmate, and 17.2 the inmate's bank accounts, debts, monthly expenses, and number of dependents; and 17.3

(iii) the most recent monthly statement provided by the commissioner of corrections 17.4 17.5 showing the balance in the inmate's inmate account.

(b) The inmate shall also attach a written authorization for the court to obtain at any 17.6 time during pendency of the present action, without further authorization from the inmate, 17.7 a current statement of the inmate's inmate account balance, if needed to determine eligibility 17.8 to proceed with bringing a civil action in forma pauperis with court fees waived. An inmate 17.9 17.10 who has no funds in an inmate account satisfies the requirement of section 563.01, subdivision 3, clause (c). 17.11

(c) An inmate who seeks to proceed as a plaintiff in forma pauperis with court fees 17.12 waived must file with the court the complaint in the action and the affidavit under this 17.13 section before serving the complaint on an opposing party. 17.14

(d) An inmate who has funds in an inmate account may only proceed as a plaintiff in a 17.15 civil action by paying the lesser of: 17.16

(1) the applicable court filing fee; or 17.17

(2) 50 percent of the balance shown in the inmate's account according to the statement 17.18 filed with the court under this subdivision, consistent with the requirements of section 17.19 243.23, subdivision 3. 17.20

(e) If an inmate elects to proceed under paragraph (d), the court shall notify the 17.21 commissioner of corrections to withdraw from the inmate's account the amount required 17.22 under this section and forward the amount to the court administrator in the county where 17.23 the action was commenced. The court shall also notify the commissioner of corrections of 17.24 17.25 the amount of the filing fee remaining unpaid. The commissioner shall continue making withdrawals from the inmate's account and forwarding the amounts withdrawn to the court 17.26 administrator, at intervals as the applicable funds in the inmate's account equal at least \$10, 17.27 until the entire filing fee and any costs have been paid in full. 17.28

Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 571.72, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 17.29

Subd. 6. Bad faith claim. If, in a proceeding brought under subdivision 9, section 571.91, 17.30 or a similar proceeding under this chapter to determine a claim of exemption, the claim of 17.31 exemption is not upheld, and the court finds that it was asserted in bad faith, the creditor 17.32 shall be awarded actual damages, costs, reasonable attorney fees resulting from the additional 17.33

proceedings, and an amount not to exceed \$100. If the claim of exemption is upheld, and 18.1 the court finds that the creditor disregarded the claim of exemption in bad faith, the debtor 18.2 shall be awarded actual damages, costs, reasonable attorney fees resulting from the additional 18.3 proceedings, and an amount not to exceed \$100. The underlying judgment shall be modified 18.4 to reflect assessment of damages, costs, and attorney fees. However, if the party in whose 18.5 favor a penalty assessment is made is not actually indebted to that party's attorney for fees, 18.6 the attorney's fee award shall be made directly to the attorney and if not paid an appropriate 18.7 18.8 judgment in favor of the attorney shall be entered.

18.9 Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 571.72, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

18.10 Subd. 9. Motion to determine objections. (a) This subdivision applies to all garnishment

18.11 proceedings governed by this chapter. An objection regarding a garnishment must be

18.12 interposed as provided in section 571.914, subdivision 1, in the form provided under section
18.13 571.914, subdivision 2.

(b) Upon motion of any party in interest, on notice, the court shall determine the validity
 of any claim of exemption and may make any order necessary to protect the rights of those
 interested.

18.17 (c) Upon receipt of a claim of exemption by the debtor, the creditor must comply with
 18.18 the claim or interpose an objection within six business days of the date the exemption claim
 18.19 was received. An objection must be interposed by:

- 18.20 (1) in the district court that issued the judgment, filing the Notice of Objection and
 18.21 requesting a hearing; and
- (2) mailing or delivering one copy of the Notice of Objection and Notice of Hearing to
 the garnishee and one copy of the Notice of Objection and Notice of Hearing to the debtor.
- 18.24 (d) For the purposes of subdivision 6, there is a rebuttable presumption of bad faith if
- 18.25 the court finds that the creditor failed to comply with the requirements of this subdivision.

18.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2024, and applies to causes

- 18.27 of action commenced on or after that date.
- 18.28 Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 571.76, is amended to read:
- 18.29 **571.76 GARNISHEE FEES.**
- 18.30 A garnishee shall be paid a \$15 fee by the creditor at the time of service of a garnishment
- 18.31 summons. Failure to pay the fee renders the garnishment void, and the garnishee shall take

no action. If a garnishee is required to appear and submit to oral examination, the garnishee 19.1 shall be tendered, in advance of the examination, fees and mileage for attendance at the rate 19.2 19.3 allowed by law to a witness. These fees may be recovered by the creditor as an allowable disbursement. In extraordinary cases, the garnishee may be allowed additional sums the 19.4 court considers reasonable for attorneys fees and other necessary expenses. The court shall 19.5 then determine which party bears the burden of this expense. If specific articles of personal 19.6 property are garnished, the garnishee is not required to deliver the property to any person 19.7 19.8 until payment of the garnishee's reasonable charges for storage.

Sec. 40. [571.761] GARNISHMENT AND LEVY FEES PROHIBITED. 19.9

A garnishee, including but not limited to a financial institution, is prohibited from 19.10

charging a debtor a fee or fine, or imposing any other penalty of any kind, whether monetary 19.11

or nonmonetary, as a result of the garnishee receiving a garnishment summons or levy 19.12

directed at the debtor's financial account, paycheck, or other asset of any kind. 19.13

Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 571.911, is amended to read: 19.14

19.15

571.911 EXEMPTION NOTICE; DUTY OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTION.

(a) If the garnishment summons is used to garnish funds of a debtor who is a natural 19.16 person and if the funds to be garnished are held on deposit at a financial institution, the 19.17 creditor shall serve with the garnishee summons a notice, instructions, and two copies of 19.18 19.19 an exemption notice. The notice, instructions, and exemption notices must be substantially in the forms set forth in section 571.912. Failure of the creditor to send the exemption notice 19.20 19.21 renders the garnishment void, and the financial institution shall take no action.

(b) Unless the total amount in the depository accounts under the debtor's name is less 19.22 than the amount specified under section 550.37, subdivision 29, upon receipt of the 19.23 garnishment summons and exemption notices, the financial institution shall retain as much 19.24 of the amount under section 571.73 as the financial institution has on deposit owing to the 19.25 debtor, but not more than 110 percent of the creditor's claim. If the amount in the account 19.26 does not exceed the amount specified under section 550.37, subdivision 29, the bank must 19.27

19.28 notify the creditor that no funds are retained.

(c) If the creditor receives notice from the financial institution that no funds are retained, 19.29 the creditor is prohibited from sending the notice under section 571.912. 19.30

(d) If the account that is subject to the garnishment summons is jointly owned, the 19.31

financial institution, upon being served the summons, a garnishee, must immediately notify 19.32

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20.1 the joint account holder who is not the debtor that the holder's personal funds in the joint
20.2 account are protected from seizure and the proof the holder must provide to the financial
20.3 institution to protect the funds. The notification must be sent at least ten days before any
20.4 funds are released by the financial institution to the creditor. Upon receiving the requisite
20.5 proof from the joint account holder, the financial institution must protect that portion of the
20.6 funds from garnishment and immediately make the funds available to the account holder.
20.7 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2024, and applies to causes

20.8 <u>of action commenced on or after that date.</u>

20.9 Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 571.914, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Objections and request for hearing. An objection shall be interposed,
within six business days of receipt by the creditor of an exemption claim from the debtor,
by mailing or delivering one copy of the Notice of Objection and Notice of Hearing to the
financial institution and one copy of the Notice of Objection and Notice of Hearing to the
debtor.

20.15 (a) The Notice of Objection and Notice of Hearing form must be substantially in the 20.16 form set out in subdivision 2.

20.17 (b) The court administrator may charge a fee of \$1 for the filing of a Notice of Objection 20.18 and Notice of Hearing. Upon the filing of a Notice of Objection and Notice of Hearing, the 20.19 court administrator shall schedule the matter for hearing no sooner than five business days 20.20 but no later than seven business days from the date of filing. A debtor may request 20.21 continuance of the hearing by notifying the creditor and the court. The court shall schedule 20.22 the continued hearing within seven days of the original hearing date.

20.23 (c) An order stating whether the debtor's funds are exempt shall be issued by the court 20.24 within three days of the date of the hearing.

20.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2024, and applies to causes 20.26 of action commenced on or after that date.

20.27 Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 571.92, is amended to read:

20.28 **571.92 GARNISHMENT OF EARNINGS.**

20.29 Sections 571.921 to 571.926 relate to the garnishment of earnings. The exemptions

20.30 available under section 550.37 apply to the garnishment of earnings if the debtor is a resident

- 20.31 of Minnesota and the debtor's place of employment is in Minnesota, regardless of where
- 20.32 the employer is domiciled.

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21.1	EFFECT	TIVE DATE. This	section is effectiv	ve August 1, 2024, and a	pplies to causes
21.2	of action cor	nmenced on or afte	er that date.		
21.3	Sec. 44. M	innesota Statutes 2	022, section 571.	921, is amended to read:	
21.4	571.921	DEFINITIONS.			
21.5	For purpo	oses of sections 57	1.921 to 571.926	, the following terms hav	e the meanings
21.6	given them:				
21.7	(a) "Earn	ings" means:			
21.8	(1) comp	ensation paid or pa	yable to an empl	oyee, independent contra	ctor, or
21.9	self-employe	d person for person	nal service wheth	her denominated as wage	s, salary,
21.10	commissions	s, bonus <u>, payments</u> ,	, profit-sharing d	istribution, severance pay	ment, fees, or
21.11	otherwise, an	nd includes periodi	c payments pursu	ant to a pension or retire	ment program;
21.12	(2) comp	ensation paid or pa	yable to the prod	ucer for the sale of agric	ultural products;
21.13	livestock or l	ivestock products;	milk or milk prod	ucts; or fruit or other hort	icultural products
21.14	produced wh	en the producer is	operating a fami	ly farm, a family farm co	rporation, or an
21.15	authorized fa	Irm corporation, as	defined in section	on 500.24, subdivision 2;	or
21.16	(3) maint	enance as defined i	in section 518.00	3, subdivision 3a.	
21.17	(b) "Disp	osable earnings" m	neans that part of	the earnings of an indivi	dual remaining
21.18	after the ded	uction from those e	earnings of amou	nts required by law to be	withheld.
21.19	(c) "Emp	loyee" means an in	idividual who pe i	forms services subject to	the right of the
21.20	employer to	control both what i	s done and how	it is done., whether curre	ntly or formerly
21.21	employed, w	ho is owed earning	gs and who:		
21.22	<u>(1) is trea</u>	ited by an employe	r as an employee	for federal employment	tax purposes; or
21.23	<u>(2) receiv</u>	es earnings from a	n employer throu	gh periodic payments and	d is not treated by
21.24	the employer	as an employee fo	or federal employ	ment tax purposes.	
21.25	(d) "Emp	loyer" means a pers	on for whom an i	ndividual performs service	es as an employee
21.26	who owes or	will owe earnings	to an employee.		
21.27	EFFEC 1	IVE DATE. This	section is effectiv	ve August 1, 2024, and a	pplies to causes
21.28	of action cor	nmenced on or afte	er that date.		

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Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 571.922, is amended to read:

22.1 22.2

571.922 LIMITATION ON WAGE GARNISHMENT.

(a) Unless the judgment is for child support, the maximum part of the aggregate
disposable earnings of an individual for any pay period subjected to garnishment may not
exceed the lesser of:

22.6 (1) 25 10 percent of the debtor's disposable earnings; or

22.7 (2) the amount by which the debtor's disposable earnings exceed the greater of:

(i) 40 80 times the hourly wage described in section 177.24, subdivision 1, paragraph
(b), clause (1), item (iii); or

(ii) 40 80 times the federal minimum hourly wages prescribed by section 6(a)(1) of the 22.10 Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, United States Code, title 29, section 206(a)(1). The 22.11 calculation of the amount that is subject to garnishment must be based on the hourly wage 22.12 in effect at the time the earnings are payable, times the number of work weeks in the pay 22.13 period. When a pay period consists of other than a whole number of work weeks, each day 22.14 of that pay period in excess of the number of completed work weeks shall be counted as a 22.15 fraction of a work week equal to the number of excess workdays divided by the number of 22.16 days in the normal work week. 22.17

(b) If the judgment is for child support, the garnishment may not exceed:

(1) 50 percent of the judgment debtor's disposable income, if the judgment debtor is
supporting a spouse or dependent child and the judgment is 12 weeks old or less (12 weeks
to be calculated to the beginning of the work week in which the execution levy is received);

(2) 55 percent of the judgment debtor's disposable income, if the judgment debtor is
supporting a spouse or dependent child, and the judgment is over 12 weeks old (12 weeks
to be calculated to the beginning of the work week in which the garnishment summons is
received);

(3) 60 percent of the judgment debtor's disposable income, if the judgment debtor is not
supporting a spouse or dependent child and the judgment is 12 weeks old or less (12 weeks
to be calculated to the beginning of the work week in which the execution levy is received);
or

(4) 65 percent of the judgment debtor's disposable income, if the judgment debtor is not
supporting a spouse or dependent child, and the judgment is over 12 weeks old (12 weeks

to be calculated to the beginning of the work week in which the garnishment summons isreceived).

Wage garnishments on judgments for child support are effective until the judgments are
satisfied if the judgment creditor is a county and the employer is notified by the county
when the judgment is satisfied.

23.6 (c) No court may make, execute, or enforce an order or any process in violation of this23.7 section.

23.8 Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 571.924, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Requirement.** The creditor shall serve upon the debtor, no less than ten 23.9 days before the service of the garnishment summons, a notice that a summons may be issued. 23.10 The notice shall: (1) be substantially in the form set out in section 571.925; (2) be served 23.11 personally, in the manner of a summons and complaint, or by first class mail to the last 23.12 known address of the debtor; (3) inform the debtor that a garnishment summons may be 23.13 served on the debtor's employer after ten days, and that the debtor may, within that time, 23.14 cause to be served on the creditor a signed statement under penalties of perjury asserting 23.15 23.16 an entitlement to an exemption from garnishment; (4) inform the debtor of the earnings garnishment exemptions contained in section 550.37, subdivision 14; and (5) advise the 23.17 debtor of the relief set forth in this chapter to which the debtor may be entitled if a creditor 23.18 in bad faith disregards a valid claim and the fee, costs, and penalty that may be assessed 23.19 against a debtor who in bad faith falsely claims an exemption or in bad faith takes action 23.20 to frustrate the garnishment process; and (6) provide in type that is at least two points larger 23.21 than the body of the notice: (i) the date upon which the notice is mailed; (ii) a mailing 23.22 address, a fax number, and an email address for delivery of an exemption claim; and (iii) a 23.23 telephone number for the creditor's attorney or the creditor. 23.24

23.25 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2024, and applies to causes
23.26 of action commenced on or after that date.

23.27 Sec. 47. GARNISHMENT FORMS REVISION.

(a) The commissioner of commerce must review and make recommendations to revise
into plain language the notices and forms found in Minnesota Statutes, sections 571.72,
subdivisions 8 and 10; 571.74; 571.75, subdivision 2; 571.912; and 571.925.

(b) The commissioner of commerce must review and determine whether the forms
 contained in Minnesota Statutes, sections 571.711, subdivision 11; 571.914; 571.931,

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24.1	subdivision 6; and 571.932, subdivision 2, should be revised into a more easily readable				
24.2	and understandable format. If the commissioner of commerce determines the forms should				
24.3	be revised, the commissioner of commerce must make recommendations for legislative				
24.4	revisions to the forms.				
24.5	(c) The recommendations made under paragraphs (a) and (b) must include proposals to				
24.6	(1) explain in simple terms the meaning of garnishment in any form that uses the term				
24.7	garnishment; and (2) prominently place on forms the name, telephone, fax number, and				
24.8	email address of the creditor.				
24.9	(d) When developing the recommendations, the commissioner must consult with the				
24.10	Center for Plain Language and other plain language experts the commissioner may identify,				
24.11	and must collaborate with the Office of the Attorney General and affected business and				
24.12	consumer groups, including but not limited to:				
24.13	<u>(1)</u> the M	innesota Creditors	'Rights Association	on;	
24.14	(2) the G	eat Lakes Credit a	nd Collections As	sociation;	
24.15	(3) the M	innesota Bankers'	Association;		
24.16	(4) the M	innesota Credit Ur	nion Network;		
24.17	(5) BankIn Minnesota;				
24.18	<u>(6) Mid-N</u>	Ainnesota Legal A	id;		
24.19	(7) the M	innesota chapter o	f the National Ass	ociation of Consumer A	Advocates;
24.20	<u>(8) the Mi</u>	nnesota chapter of	the National Assoc	iation of Consumer Bank	kruptcy Attorneys;
24.21	(9) Luthe	ran Social Service	; and		
24.22	<u>(10)</u> Fami	ily Means.			
24.23	(e) For th	e purposes of this	section, "plain lan	guage" means (1) simpl	ifying existing
24.24	language into	o more concise, eas	sily readable, and	understandable text; (2)	using short
24.25	sentences, ac	tive voice, and wo	rds with common	and everyday meanings	s; (3) keeping the
24.26	subject and verb close together; (4) avoiding jargon and legal language to the extent possible;				
24.27	and (5) presen	nting text in a form	at that is well-orga	nized, easy to navigate, a	and that is divided

24.28 <u>into sections with clear, concise section headings and sufficient white space between sections.</u>