SF3881 REVISOR SS S3881-2 2nd Engrossment

SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETY-SECOND SESSION

S.F. No. 3881

(SENATE AUTHORS: RARICK)						
DATE	D-PG	OFFICIAL STATUS				
03/09/2022	5262	Introduction and first reading				
		Referred to Labor and Industry Policy				
03/31/2022	5932a	Comm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to Jobs and Economic Growth Finance and Polic				
04/05/2022	6471a	Comm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to Finance				
	6472	Joint rule 2.03, referred to Rules and Administration				
04/06/2022	6660	Comm report: Adopt previous comm report Jt. Rule 2.03 suspended				

A bill for an act 1.1 relating to labor and industry; appropriating money for the Department of Labor 12 and Industry; making policy and technical changes; amending Minnesota Statutes 1.3 2020, sections 326B.106, subdivision 4; 326B.163, subdivision 5, by adding a 1.4 subdivision; 326B.164, subdivision 13; 326B.36, subdivision 7, by adding a 1.5 subdivision; 326B.42, subdivisions 1b, 1c; 326B.437; 326B.46, subdivision 2; 1.6 Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 326B.153, subdivision 1; Laws 1.7 2021, First Special Session chapter 10, article 3, section 14, subdivision 1. 1.8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA: 1.9 **ARTICLE 1** 1.10 **APPROPRIATIONS** 1.11 Section 1. APPROPRIATIONS. 1.12 The sums shown in the columns under "Appropriations" are added to the appropriations 1.13 in Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 10, or other law to the specified agencies. The 1.14 appropriations are from the general fund, or another named fund, and are available for the 1.15 fiscal years indicated for each purpose. The figures "2022" and "2023" used in this article 1.16 mean that the appropriations listed under them are available for the fiscal year ending June 1.17 30, 2022, or June 30, 2023, respectively. Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1.18 2022, are effective the day following final enactment. 1.19 **APPROPRIATIONS** 1.20 Available for the Year 1.21

INDUSTRY

Sec. 2. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND

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Ending June 30

2023

2022

2.1	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	<u>-0-</u> <u>\$</u>	25,000
2.2	Appropriations by Fund			
2.3	2022	<u>2023</u>		
2.4	General <u>-0-</u>	25,000		
2.5	Subd. 2. Workforce Development Initi	atives	<u>-0-</u>	25,000
2.6	\$25,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for youth s	skills		
2.7	training grants under Minnesota Statutes	<u>5,</u>		
2.8	section 175.46. This is a onetime			
2.9	appropriation.			
2.10	A	RTICLE 2		
2.11	LABOR AND INDUST	RY POLICY AND TEC	CHNICAL	
2.12	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, sec	ction 326B.106, subdivis	ion 4, is amended	d to read:
2.13	Subd. 4. Special requirements. (a) S	Space for commuter vai	is. The code mus	st require
2.14	that any parking ramp or other parking f	acility constructed in acc	ordance with the	code
2.15	include an appropriate number of spaces	suitable for the parking	of motor vehicle	s having
2.16	a capacity of seven to 16 persons and wh	nich are principally used	to provide pream	ranged
2.17	commuter transportation of employees t	o or from their place of e	mployment or to	or from
2.18	a transit stop authorized by a local transit	t authority.		
2.19	(b) Smoke detection devices. The co	de must require that all d	wellings, lodging	g houses,
2.20	apartment houses, and hotels as defined	in section 299F.362 com	ply with the prov	isions of
2.21	section 299F.362.			
2.22	(c) Doors in nursing homes and ho	spitals. The State Buildi	ng Code may not	require
2.23	that each door entering a sleeping or pat	ient's room from a corrid	or in a nursing h	ome or
2.24	hospital with an approved complete stan	dard automatic fire extin	guishing system	be
2.25	constructed or maintained as self-closing	g or automatically closin	g.	
2.26	(d) Child care facilities in churches	s; ground level exit. A li	censed day care	center
2.27	serving fewer than 30 preschool age per	sons and which is located	d in a belowgrou	nd space
2.28	in a church building is exempt from the S	State Building Code requi	rement for a grou	and level
2.29	exit when the center has more than two	stairways to the ground l	evel and its exit.	
2.30	(e) Family and group family day car	e. Until the legislature en	acts legislation sp	pecifying
2.31	appropriate standards, the definition of o	dwellings constructed in	accordance with	the
2.32	International Residential Code as adopte	ed as part of the State Bu	ilding Code appli	ies to

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family and group family day care homes licensed by the Department of Human Services under Minnesota Rules, chapter 9502.

- (f) Enclosed stairways. No provision of the code or any appendix chapter of the code may require stairways of existing multiple dwelling buildings of two stories or less to be enclosed.
- (g) **Double cylinder dead bolt locks.** No provision of the code or appendix chapter of the code may prohibit double cylinder dead bolt locks in existing single-family homes, townhouses, and first floor duplexes used exclusively as a residential dwelling. Any recommendation or promotion of double cylinder dead bolt locks must include a warning about their potential fire danger and procedures to minimize the danger.
- (h) Relocated residential buildings. A residential building relocated within or into a political subdivision of the state need not comply with the State Energy Code or section 326B.439 provided that, where available, an energy audit is conducted on the relocated building.
- (i) Automatic garage door opening systems. The code must require all residential buildings as defined in section 325F.82 to comply with the provisions of sections 325F.82 and 325F.83.
- (j) Exterior wood decks, patios, and balconies. The code must permit the decking surface and upper portions of exterior wood decks, patios, and balconies to be constructed of (1) heartwood from species of wood having natural resistance to decay or termites, including redwood and cedars, (2) grades of lumber which contain sapwood from species of wood having natural resistance to decay or termites, including redwood and cedars, or (3) treated wood. The species and grades of wood products used to construct the decking surface and upper portions of exterior decks, patios, and balconies must be made available to the building official on request before final construction approval.
- (k) Bioprocess piping and equipment. No permit fee for bioprocess piping may be imposed by municipalities under the State Building Code, except as required under section 326B.92 subdivision 1. Permits for bioprocess piping shall be according to section 326B.92 administered by the Department of Labor and Industry. All data regarding the material production processes, including the bioprocess system's structural design and layout, are nonpublic data as provided by section 13.7911.
- (1) Use of ungraded lumber. The code must allow the use of ungraded lumber in geographic areas of the state where the code did not generally apply as of April 1, 2008, to the same extent that ungraded lumber could be used in that area before April 1, 2008.

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(m) Window cleaning safety. The code must require the installation of dedicated
anchorages for the purpose of suspended window cleaning on (1) new buildings four stories
or greater; and (2) buildings four stories or greater, only on those areas undergoing
reconstruction, alteration, or repair that includes the exposure of primary structural
components of the roof The code shall incorporate by reference nationally recognized safety
standards for window cleaning developed by the International Window Cleaning Association
(IWCA) and approved by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI). Such standards
shall require that window cleaning safety features be provided for all windows on:
(1) new buildings where determined by the standard; and
(2) existing buildings undergoing alterations where both of the following conditions are
met:
(i) the windows do not currently have safe window cleaning features; and
(ii) the proposed work area being altered can include provisions for safe window cleaning.
The commissioner may waive all or a portion of the requirements of this paragraph
related to reconstruction, alteration, or repair, if the installation of dedicated anchorages
would not result in significant safety improvements due to limits on the size of the project,
or other factors as determined by the commissioner.
Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 326B.153, subdivision 1, is amended
to read:
Subdivision 1. Building permits. (a) Fees for building permits submitted as required
in section 326B.107 include:
(1) the fee as set forth in the fee schedule in paragraph (b) or as adopted by a municipality;
and
(2) the surcharge required by section 326B.148.
(2) the surcharge required by section 326B.148.(b) The total valuation and fee schedule is:
(b) The total valuation and fee schedule is:
(b) The total valuation and fee schedule is: (1) \$1 to \$500, \$29.50 \$21;
(b) The total valuation and fee schedule is: (1) \$1 to \$500, \$29.50 \$21; (2) \$501 to \$2,000, \$28 \$21 for the first \$500 plus \$3.70 \$2.75 for each additional \$100 or fraction thereof, to and including \$2,000;
(b) The total valuation and fee schedule is: (1) \$1 to \$500, \$29.50 \$21; (2) \$501 to \$2,000, \$28 \$21 for the first \$500 plus \$3.70 \$2.75 for each additional \$100

(4) \$25,001 to \$50,000, \$464.15 \$349.75 for the first \$25,000 plus \$12 \$9 for each 5.1 additional \$1,000 or fraction thereof, to and including \$50,000; 5.2 (5) \$50,001 to \$100,000, $\frac{$764.15}{}$ \$574.75 for the first \$50,000 plus $\frac{$8.45}{}$ \$6.25 for 5.3 each additional \$1,000 or fraction thereof, to and including \$100,000; 5.4 (6) \$100,001 to \$500,000, \$1,186.65 \$887.25 for the first \$100,000 plus \$6.75 \$5 for 5.5 each additional \$1,000 or fraction thereof, to and including \$500,000; 5.6 (7) \$500,001 to \$1,000,000, \$3,886.65 \$2,887.25 for the first \$500,000 plus \$5.50 \$4.25 5.7 for each additional \$1,000 or fraction thereof, to and including \$1,000,000; and 5.8 (8) \$1,000,001 and up, \$6,636.65 \$5,012.25 for the first \$1,000,000 plus \$4.50 \$2.75 5.9 for each additional \$1,000 or fraction thereof. 5.10 (c) Other inspections and fees are: 5.11 (1) inspections outside of normal business hours (minimum charge two hours), \$63.25 5.12 per hour; 5.13 (2) reinspection fees, \$63.25 per hour; 5.14 (3) inspections for which no fee is specifically indicated (minimum charge one-half 5.15 hour), \$63.25 per hour; and 5.16 (4) additional plan review required by changes, additions, or revisions to approved plans 5.17 (minimum charge one-half hour), \$63.25 per hour. 5.18 (d) If the actual hourly cost to the jurisdiction under paragraph (c) is greater than \$63.25, 5.19 then the greater rate shall be paid. Hourly cost includes supervision, overhead, equipment, 5.20 hourly wages, and fringe benefits of the employees involved. 5.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively from October 1, 2021. 5.22 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 326B.163, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 5.23 Subd. 5. Elevator. As used in this chapter, "elevator" means moving walks and vertical 5.24 transportation devices such as escalators, passenger elevators, freight elevators, dumbwaiters, 5.25 hand-powered elevators, endless belt lifts, and wheelchair platform lifts. Elevator does not 5.26

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include external temporary material lifts or temporary construction personnel elevators at

sites of construction of new or remodeled buildings.

Subd. 5a. Platform lift. As used in this chapter, "platform lift" means a powered hoisting
and lowering device designed to transport mobility-impaired persons on a guided platform.
Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 326B.164, subdivision 13, is amended to read:
Subd. 13. Exemption from licensing. (a) Employees of a licensed elevator contractor
or licensed limited elevator contractor are not required to hold or obtain a license under this
section or be provided with direct supervision by a licensed master elevator constructor,
licensed limited master elevator constructor, licensed elevator constructor, or licensed limited
elevator constructor to install, maintain, or repair platform lifts and stairway chairlifts.
Unlicensed employees performing elevator work under this exemption must comply with
subdivision 5. This exemption does not include the installation, maintenance, repair, or
replacement of electrical wiring for elevator equipment.
(b) Contractors or individuals shall not be required to hold or obtain a license under this
section when performing work on:
(1) conveyors, including vertical reciprocating conveyors;
(2) platform lifts not covered under section 326B.163, subdivision 5a; or
(3) dock levelers.
Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 326B.36, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
Subd. 7. Exemptions from inspections. Installations, materials, or equipment shall not
be subject to inspection under sections 326B.31 to 326B.399:
(1) when owned or leased, operated and maintained by any employer whose maintenance
electricians are exempt from licensing under sections 326B.31 to 326B.399, while performing
electrical maintenance work only as defined by rule;
(2) when owned or leased, and operated and maintained by any electrical,
communications, or railway utility, cable communications company as defined in section
238.02, or telephone company as defined under section 237.01, in the exercise of its utility,
antenna, or telephone function; and
(i) are used exclusively for the generations, transformation, distribution, transmission,
<u>load control</u> , or metering of electric current, or the operation of railway signals, or the
transmission of intelligence, and do not have as a principal function the consumption or use

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of electric current by or for the benefit of any person other than such utility, cable communications company, or telephone company; and

- (ii) are generally accessible only to employees of such utility, cable communications company, or telephone company or persons acting under its control or direction; and
- (iii) are not on the load side of the service point or point of entrance for communication systems;
 - (3) when used in the street lighting operations of an electrical utility;
 - (4) when used as outdoor area lights which are owned and operated by an electrical utility and which are connected directly to its distribution system and located upon the utility's distribution poles, and which are generally accessible only to employees of such utility or persons acting under its control or direction;
 - (5) when the installation, material, and equipment are in facilities subject to the jurisdiction of the federal Mine Safety and Health Act; or
 - (6) when the installation, material, and equipment is part of an elevator installation for which the elevator contractor, licensed under section 326B.164, is required to obtain a permit from the authority having jurisdiction as provided by section 326B.184, and the inspection has been or will be performed by an elevator inspector certified and licensed by the department. This exemption shall apply only to installations, material, and equipment permitted or required to be connected on the load side of the disconnecting means required for elevator equipment under National Electrical Code Article 620, and elevator communications and alarm systems within the machine room, car, hoistway, or elevator lobby.
 - Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 326B.36, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 8. Electric utility exemptions; additional requirements. For exemptions to 7.25 inspections exclusively for load control allowed for electrical utilities under subdivision 7, 7.26 clause (2), item (i), the following requirements apply: 7.27
 - (1) the exempted work must be conducted by a Class A electrical contractor. If a deficiency or code violation is found when conducting such work, the electrical contractor or other designee must report the deficiency or code violation to the electric utility; and
- 7.31 (2) the electric utility must, within ten calendar days of discovering the need for repair, inform the owner: 7.32

- 8.1 (i) of the location of the materials or equipment that need repair;
 - (ii) that a permit is required for the work; and

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- 8.3 (iii) of a time frame for the repair to be complete, not to exceed six months, after which
 8.4 time the utility must disconnect the materials or equipment.
- 8.5 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 326B.42, subdivision 1b, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 1b. **Backflow prevention rebuilder.** (a) A "backflow prevention rebuilder" is an individual who is qualified by training prescribed by the Plumbing Board and possesses a master or journeyworker plumber's license to engage in the testing, maintenance, and rebuilding of reduced pressure zone type backflow prevention assemblies as regulated by the Plumbing Code.
 - (b) For the purposes of this section and section 326B.437, a backflow prevention rebuilder who is qualified by training prescribed by the Plumbing Board and engages in rebuilding of backflow prevention assemblies limited to systems used to apply water to soil and plant materials or provide water to landscape features is exempt from the licensing requirements of paragraph (a). Nothing in this paragraph allows an employee or delegate of the backflow prevention rebuilder or tester to engage in the testing, maintenance, and rebuilding of backflow prevention assemblies as regulated by the Plumbing Code, unless the employee or delegate has the requisite backflow prevention tester or rebuilder training prescribed by the Plumbing Board.
 - Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 326B.42, subdivision 1c, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 1c. **Backflow prevention tester.** A "backflow prevention tester" is an individual who is qualified by training prescribed by the Plumbing Board to engage in the testing of reduced pressure zone type backflow prevention assemblies as regulated by the Plumbing Code.
- 8.25 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 326B.437, is amended to read:
- 8.26 **326B.437 REDUCED PRESSURE** BACKFLOW PREVENTION REBUILDERS
 8.27 **AND TESTERS.**
 - (a) No person shall perform or offer to perform the installation, maintenance, repair, or replacement, or rebuilding of reduced pressure zone of backflow prevention assemblies unless the person obtains a plumbing contractor's license. An individual shall not engage in the testing, maintenance, repair, or rebuilding of reduced pressure zone backflow

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prevention assemblies, as regulated by the Plumbing Code, unless the individual is certified by the commissioner as a backflow prevention rebuilder.

- (b) An individual shall not engage in testing of a reduced pressure zone backflow prevention assembly, as regulated by the Plumbing Code, unless the individual possesses a backflow prevention rebuilder certificate or is certified by the commissioner as a backflow prevention tester.
- (c) Certificates are issued for an initial period of two years and must be renewed every two years thereafter for as long as the certificate holder installs, maintains, repairs, rebuilds, or tests reduced pressure zone backflow prevention assemblies. For purposes of calculating fees under section 326B.092, an initial or renewed backflow prevention rebuilder or tester certificate shall be considered an entry level license.
- (d) The Plumbing Board shall adopt expedited rules under section 14.389 that are related to the certification of backflow prevention rebuilders and backflow prevention testers. Section 326B.13, subdivision 8, does not apply to these rules. Notwithstanding the 18-month limitation under section 14.125, this authority expires on December 31, 2014.
- (e) The department shall recognize certification programs that are a minimum of 16 contact hours and include the passage of an examination. The examination must consist of a practical and a written component. This paragraph expires when the Plumbing Board adopts rules under paragraph (d).
- Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 326B.46, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 2. **Bond**; insurance. (a) The bond and insurance requirements of paragraphs (b) and (c) apply to each person who performs or offers to perform plumbing work within the state, including any person who offers to perform or performs sewer or water service installation or backflow prevention testing or rebuilding as described under subdivision 1b, paragraph (b), without a contractor's license. If the person performs or offers to perform any plumbing work other than sewer or water service installation or backflow prevention testing or rebuilding as described under subdivision 1b, paragraph (b), then the person must meet the requirements of paragraphs (b) and (c) as a condition of holding a contractor's license.
 - (b) Each person who performs or offers to perform plumbing work within the state shall give and maintain bond to the state in the penal sum of at least \$25,000 for (1) all plumbing work entered into within the state or (2) all plumbing work and subsurface sewage treatment work entered into within the state. The bond must comply with section 326B.0921. If the

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bond is for both plumbing work and subsurface sewage treatment work, the bond must comply with the requirements of this section and section 115.56, subdivision 2, paragraph (e).

- (c) Each person who performs or offers to perform plumbing work within the state shall have and maintain in effect public liability insurance, including products liability insurance with limits of at least \$50,000 per person and \$100,000 per occurrence and property damage insurance with limits of at least \$10,000. The insurance shall be written by an insurer licensed to do business in the state of Minnesota. Each person who performs or offers to perform plumbing work within the state shall maintain on file with the commissioner a certificate evidencing the insurance. In the event of a policy cancellation, the insurer shall send written notice to the commissioner at the same time that a cancellation request is received from or a notice is sent to the insured.
- Sec. 12. Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 10, article 3, section 14, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. License required. (a) No individual shall engage in or work at the business of a master plumber, restricted master plumber, journeyworker plumber, and restricted journeyworker plumber unless licensed to do so by the commissioner. A license is not required for individuals performing building sewer or water service installation who have completed pipe laying training as prescribed by the commissioner. A license is not required for individuals servicing or installing a commercial chemical dispensing system or servicing or replacing a commercial dishwashing machine, including connecting a commercial chemical dispensing system or commercial dishwashing machine to a water line or drain line, provided that:
- (1) the individual servicing or installing the commercial chemical dispensing system or servicing or replacing the commercial dishwashing machine is an employee of the manufacturer or distributor of the commercial chemical dispensing system or commercial dishwashing machine;
- (2) the individual servicing or installing the commercial chemical dispensing system or servicing or replacing the commercial dishwashing machine has a minimum of 25 hours of classroom or laboratory training, a minimum of 20 hours of in-field training with a qualified technician on the types of systems being installed, followed by a minimum of 100 hours of supervised field experience. The training and experience curriculum required under this clause must be approved by the commissioner, in consultation with the manufacturer or

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distributor, but the commissioner shall not require training or experience hours in excess of the amounts specified in this clause;

- (3) the manufacturer or distributor of the commercial chemical dispensing system or commercial dishwashing machine must meet the insurance requirements of section 326B.46, subdivision 2, paragraph (c);
- (4) the connection is a push fit fitting, compression fitting, or threaded pipe fitting to an existing water line or drain, which has been initially installed by a licensed plumber; and
- (5) the commercial chemical dispensing system complies with ASSE 1055 or contains code-approved integral backflow protection.
- A license is not required for individuals performing backflow prevention rebuilding as described under subdivision 1b, paragraph (b), provided that the individual: (1) has completed backflow prevention rebuilder training as prescribed by the Plumbing Board; and (2) has obtained a nationally recognized third-party accredited professional irrigation certification and any such professional certifications have been approved by the commissioner.
- A master plumber may also work as a journeyworker plumber, a restricted journeyworker plumber, and a restricted master plumber. A journeyworker plumber may also work as a restricted journeyworker plumber. Anyone not so licensed may do plumbing work which complies with the provisions of the minimum standards prescribed by the Plumbing Board on premises or that part of premises owned and actually occupied by the worker as a residence, unless otherwise forbidden to do so by a local ordinance.
- (b) No person shall engage in the business of planning, superintending, or installing plumbing or shall install plumbing in connection with the dealing in and selling of plumbing material and supplies unless at all times a licensed master plumber, or in cities and towns with a population of fewer than 5,000 according to the last federal census, a restricted master plumber, who shall be responsible for proper installation, is in charge of the plumbing work of the person.
- 11.27 (c) Except as provided in subdivision 1a, no person shall perform or offer to perform
 11.28 plumbing work with or without compensation unless the person obtains a contractor's license.
 11.29 A contractor's license does not of itself qualify its holder to perform the plumbing work
 11.30 authorized by holding a master, journeyworker, restricted master, or restricted journeyworker
 11.31 license.

12.1 Sec. 13. LAWS CHAPTER 32 EFFECTIVE DATE.

- Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, Laws 2022, chapter 32, articles 1 and 2,
- sections 1 to 12, are effective the day following final enactment, and Laws 2022, chapter
- 32, article 1, section 1, applies to appointments made on or after that date.