

SENATE

STATE OF MINNESOTA

EIGHTY-EIGHTH SESSION

S.F. No. 2275

(SENATE AUTHORS: SCHMIT)

DATE	D-PG	OFFICIAL STATUS
03/04/2014	5958	Introduction and first reading Referred to Transportation and Public Safety
03/12/2014		Comm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to State and Local Government

A bill for an act
relating to public safety; traffic regulations; authorizing local units of government
to establish educational diversion programs for certain traffic offenses; requiring
the development of uniform minimum standards for the programs; classifying
data; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 6.74;
13.6905, by adding a subdivision; 169.022; proposing coding for new law in
Minnesota Statutes, chapter 169.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 6.74, is amended to read:

6.74 INFORMATION COLLECTED FROM LOCAL GOVERNMENTS.

The state auditor, or a designated agent, shall collect annually from all city, county,
and other local units of government, information as to the assessment of property,
collection of taxes, receipts from licenses and other sources including administrative fines
assessed and collected pursuant to section 169.999 and diversion program fees collected
under section 169.9991, the expenditure of public funds for all purposes, borrowing,
debts, principal and interest payments on debts, and such other information as may be
needful. The data shall be supplied upon forms prescribed by the state auditor, and
all public officials so called upon shall fill out properly and return promptly all forms
so transmitted. The state auditor or assistants, may examine local records in order to
complete or verify the information.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 13.6905, is amended by adding a subdivision
to read:

Subd. 34. **Traffic offense educational diversion program data.** Data related to a traffic offense educational diversion program are governed by section 169.9991, subdivision 10.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 169.022, is amended to read:

169.022 UNIFORM APPLICATION.

The provisions of this chapter shall be applicable and uniform throughout this state and in all political subdivisions and municipalities therein, and no local authority shall enact or enforce any rule or regulation in conflict with the provisions of this chapter unless expressly authorized herein. Local authorities may adopt traffic regulations which are not in conflict with the provisions of this chapter; provided, that when any local ordinance regulating traffic covers the same subject for which a penalty is provided for in this chapter, then the penalty provided for violation of said local ordinance shall be identical with the penalty provided for in this chapter for the same offense, except as otherwise provided in section 169.9991 and in associated standards or rules.

Sec. 4. **[169.9991] TRAFFIC OFFENSE EDUCATIONAL DIVERSION PROGRAMS.**

Subdivision 1. **Programs authorized.** (a) A local unit of government may establish an educational diversion program for holders of class D drivers' licenses who commit one of the following offenses:

(1) violating section 169.14, where the violation consists of a speed under ten miles per hour in excess of the lawful speed limit, but excluding a speed limit violation described in section 171.12, subdivision 6;

(2) failing to obey a stop line in violation of section 169.30; and

(3) operating a vehicle that is in violation of sections 169.46 to 169.68 and 169.69 to 169.75.

(b) To establish a program under this section, the governing body of a local unit of government shall pass a resolution authorizing and setting the fee for the program and report the resolution to the commissioner of public safety and the state auditor.

(c) When issuing a citation to a vehicle operator for an offense described in paragraph (a), a peace officer employed by a local unit of government that has complied with paragraph (b) may also provide written information about the governmental unit's educational diversion program, including contact information, eligibility, participation fee, duration, content, and benefits. The peace officer shall use best efforts to avoid referring an ineligible person to the program.

(d) A person who has been referred to an educational diversion program under paragraph (c) may respond to the citation as otherwise provided for in law or proceed under this section. If the person chooses to proceed under this section, the person shall enroll in and successfully complete the program. A person who is not eligible for the program or otherwise fails to successfully complete it shall either pay the citation or contest it as otherwise provided for in law.

(e) A peace officer who refers the operator of a motor vehicle to an educational diversion program under this section for the infraction of speeding under ten miles per hour over the speed limit must use the actual speed the operator's vehicle was traveling at the time of the infraction and may not reduce the recorded speed for purposes of qualifying the offense for the program. The accompanying citation issued for the offense must list the actual speed the vehicle was traveling at the time of the infraction.

Subd. 2. **Compliance with standards.** A diversion program operating under this section shall comply with the standards developed by the commissioner of public safety under subdivision 3.

Subd. 3. **Program standards.** (a) By September 15, 2014, the commissioner of public safety shall develop and disseminate to local units of government uniform minimum standards for educational traffic diversion programs under this section. The commissioner may amend the standards at any time and shall disseminate the amended standards to local units of government. At a minimum, the standards must address the following:

(1) the minimum duration of a program;

(2) acceptable locations for a program, including whether a program may be offered online, and whether a program must be offered within a certain distance of a referred person's home;

(3) the curriculum of the program, including whether the program must address the specific offense for which a person was cited;

(4) qualifications for persons conducting the program;

(5) eligibility for participation, including whether a person who previously completed a program is eligible to participate again; and

(6) requirements for successful completion of the program.

(b) Fees collected by the local unit of government must be reported to the commissioner of public safety and the state auditor. Fees may be retained by the local unit of government to pay the costs of administering and operating the program, promoting traffic safety, and administering and operating other safety and educational programs within the jurisdiction.

4.1 Subd. 4. **Contracting with third parties.** Notwithstanding any other law or
4.2 ordinance to the contrary, a local unit of government that establishes an educational
4.3 diversion program under this section may contract with a third party to create and
4.4 administer the program. The contract must require the third party to comply with and
4.5 operate the program in accordance with the requirements of this section.

4.6 Subd. 5. **Officer's authority.** The authority to refer a person to an educational
4.7 diversion program under this section is reserved exclusively to licensed peace officers. An
4.8 officer may not be required by ordinance or otherwise to make a referral.

4.9 Subd. 6. **Records.** The program administrator of each traffic offense educational
4.10 diversion program shall be responsible for determining participant eligibility and
4.11 successful completion. A report, in a form specified by the commissioner of public safety,
4.12 of licensed drivers who have enrolled in, participated in, or successfully completed an
4.13 educational diversion program must be promptly transmitted to the commissioner of
4.14 public safety, who shall retain the records and communicate them, on request, to similar
4.15 programs in the state for the purpose of determining eligibility.

4.16 Subd. 7. **Driving records.** The commissioner of public safety may not record
4.17 the underlying violation on the driving record of an eligible person who successfully
4.18 completes an educational diversion program or use it as grounds for revocation or
4.19 suspension of the person's driver's license.

4.20 Subd. 8. **Commercial drivers' licenses and commercial vehicles; eligibility for**
4.21 **participation.** A person who holds a commercial driver's license, or is the driver of a
4.22 commercial vehicle in which an offense was committed, is not eligible for an educational
4.23 diversion program under this section if participation would constitute noncompliance with
4.24 federal law or regulation and subject the state to possible loss of federal funds.

4.25 Subd. 9. **Local preemption.** Educational diversion programs under this section
4.26 are limited exclusively to those offenses listed in subdivision 1, paragraph (a).
4.27 Notwithstanding any contrary charter provision or ordinance, no statutory or home rule
4.28 charter city, county, or town may operate or participate in a diversion or similar program
4.29 to enforce any other provision of this chapter.

4.30 Subd. 10. **Data.** Data on individuals referred to or enrolled in a traffic offense
4.31 educational diversion program under this section are private data on individuals and may
4.32 not be disclosed to insurers or used by insurers to adjust an individual's vehicle insurance
4.33 premiums. However, the Department of Public Safety, law enforcement personnel, and
4.34 individuals working with diversion programs may access the data to carry out their duties
4.35 under this section.

5.1 Sec. 5. **APPROPRIATION.**

5.2 \$..... is appropriated to the commissioner of public safety from the general fund
5.3 to pay the costs of carrying out the duties conferred on the Department of Public Safety
5.4 by this act.