SF1648 REVISOR RSI S1648-1 1st Engrossment

## SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA EIGHTY-NINTH SESSION

S.F. No. 1648

(SENATE AUTHORS: DIBBLE and Rest)

1.4

1.5

1.6

1.7

1.8

1.9

1.10

1 11

1.12

1.13

1.14

1.15

1 16

1.17

1 18

1.19

1.20

1.21

1.22

1.23

1.24

DATE	D-PG	OFFICIAL STATUS	
03/11/2015	685	Introduction and first reading	
04/07/2015	1452a	Referred to Transportation and Public Safety Comm report: To pass as amended	
	1490	Second reading	
	4869	Rule 47, returned to Transportation and Public Safety	
03/17/2016	5124	Author added Abeler	
03/21/2016	5167	Author stricken Abeler	

1.1 A bill for an act 1.2 relating to transportation; establishing public-private partnership pilot program; 1.3 requiring report.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

## Section 1. PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP PILOT PROGRAM.

Subdivision 1. Public-private partnership initiatives. (a) The commissioner of transportation and Metropolitan Council are authorized to consider and utilize public-private partnership procurement methods for up to three pilot projects as provided in this section. Utilization of public-private partnerships is a recognition of the importance to the state of an efficient and safe transportation system, and the necessity of developing alternative funding sources to supplement traditional sources of transportation revenues. A public-private partnership initiative must take advantage of private sector efficiencies in design and construction, along with expertise in finance and development, and provide a better long-term value for the state than could be obtained through traditional procurement methods.

(b) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 160.98, or any other law to the contrary, the commissioner or council may consider for use in the pilot program any existing public-private partnership mechanism or any proposed mechanism that proves the best available option for the state. Mechanisms the commissioner or council may consider include but are not limited to toll facilities, BOT facilities, BTO facilities, user fees, construction payments, joint development agreements, negotiated exactions, air rights development, street improvement districts, or tax increment financing districts for transit. For the purposes this section, toll facilities, BOT facilities, and BTO facilities have the meanings given under Minnesota Statutes, section 160.84.

2.1

2.2

2.3

2.4

2.5

2.6

2.7

2.8

2.9

2.10

2.11

2.12

2.13

2.14

2.15

2.16

2.17

2.18

2.19

2.20

2.21

2.22

2.23

2.24

2.25

2.26

2.27

2.28

2.29

2.30

2.31

2.32

2.33

2.34

2.35

(c) As part of the pilot program, the commissioner and council are directed to form an independent advisory and oversight office, the Joint Program Office for Economic Development and Alternative Finance. The office shall consist of the commissioner of management and budget, the commissioner of employment and economic development, the commissioner of administration, the commissioner of transportation, the Metropolitan Council, and one representative each from the American Council of Engineering Companies - Minnesota chapter, the Central Minnesota Transportation Alliance, the Counties Transit Improvement Board, and the Minnesota County Engineers Association. In addition, the commissioner and Metropolitan Council shall invite the Federal Highway Administration and the Federal Transit Administration to participate in the office's activities. The office's duties include but are not limited to reviewing and approving projects proposed under this section, reviewing any contractual or financial agreements to ensure program requirements are met, and ensuring that any proposed or executed agreement serves the public interest.

Subd. 2. Pilot program restrictions and project selection. (a) The commissioner or council may receive or solicit and evaluate proposals to build, operate, and finance projects that are not inconsistent with the commissioner's most recent statewide transportation plan or the council's most recent transportation policy plan. If the department or council receives an unsolicited proposal, the department or council shall publish a notice in the State Register at least once a week for two weeks stating that the department or council has received the proposal and will accept, for 120 days after the initial date of publication, other proposals for the same project purpose. The private proposer must be selected on a competitive basis.

- (b) When entering into a public-private partnership, the commissioner or

  Metropolitan Council may not enter into any noncompete agreement that inhibits the state's ability to address ongoing or future infrastructure needs.
- (c) If the commissioner or council enters into a public-private partnership agreement that includes a temporary transfer of ownership or control of a road, bridge, or other infrastructure investment to the private entity, the agreement must include a provision requiring the return of the road, bridge, or other infrastructure investment to the state after a specified period of time.
- (d) The commissioner and council may only consider new projects for a public-private partnership. The commissioner and council are prohibited from considering projects involving existing infrastructure for a public-private partnership, unless the proposed project adds capacity to the existing infrastructure.

3.1	Subd. 3. Evaluation and selection of private entity and project. (a) The
3.2	commissioner and council shall contract with one or more consultants to assist in proposal
3.3	evaluation. The consultant must possess expertise and experience in public-private
3.4	partnership project evaluation methodology, such as value for money, costs of
3.5	public-private partnership compared with costs of public project delivery, and cost-benefit
3.6	analysis.
3.7	(b) When soliciting, evaluating, and selecting a private entity with which to enter
3.8	into a public-private partnership and before selecting a project, the commissioner or
3.9	council must consider:
3.10	(1) the ability of the proposed project to improve safety, reduce congestion, increase
3.11	capacity, and promote economic growth;
3.12	(2) the proposed cost of and financial plan for the project;
3.13	(3) the general reputation, qualifications, industry experience, and financial capacity
3.14	of the private entity;
3.15	(4) the project's proposed design, operation, and feasibility;
3.16	(5) length and extent of transportation or transit service disruption;
3.17	(6) comments from local citizens and affected jurisdictions;
3.18	(7) benefits to the public;
3.19	(8) the safety record of the private entity; and
3.20	(9) any other criteria the commissioner or council deems appropriate.
3.21	(c) The independent advisory and oversight office established under subdivision
3.22	1, paragraph (c), shall review proposals evaluated by the commissioner or council to
3.23	ensure the requirements of this section are being met. The independent advisory and
3.24	oversight office shall first determine whether the project, as proposed, serves the public
3.25	interest. In making this determination, the office must identify and consider advantages
3.26	and disadvantages for various stakeholders, including taxpayers, workers, transportation
3.27	and transit providers and operators, transportation and transit users, commercial vehicle
3.28	operators, and the general public, including the impact on the state's economy. If the
3.29	proposed project serves the public interest, the office must evaluate the proposals
3.30	according to the criteria specified in this section.
3.31	Subd. 4. Public-private agreement. (a) A public-private agreement between the
3.32	commissioner or the council and a private entity must, at a minimum, specify:
3.33	(1) the planning, acquisition, financing, development, design, construction,
3.34	reconstruction, replacement, improvement, maintenance, management, repair, leasing, or
3.35	operation of the project;
3.36	(2) the term of the public-private agreement;

	SF1648	REVISOR	RSI	S1648-1	1st Engrossment			
4.1	(3) the t	type of property inte	erest, if any, tha	nt the private entity wil	Il have in the project;			
4.2	(4) a description of the actions the commissioner or council may take to ensure							
4.3	proper maintenance of the project;							
4.4	(5) whether user fees will be collected on the project, and the basis by which the user							
4.5	fees shall be determined and modified along with identification of the public agency that							
4.6	will determine and modify fees;							
4.7	(6) compliance with applicable federal, state, and local laws;							
4.8	(7) grounds for termination of the public-private agreement by the commissioner							
4.9	or council;							
4.10	(8) adequate safeguards for the traveling public and residents of the state in event of							
4.11	default on the contract;							
4.12	(9) financial protection for the state in the event of default; and							
4.13	(10) procedures for amendment of the agreement.							
4.14	(b) A public-private agreement between the commissioner or council and a private							
4.15	entity may provide for:							
4.16	(1) revi	ew and approval by	the commission	oner or council of the	private entity's plans			
4.17	for the development and operation of the project;							
4.18	(2) insp	ection by the comm	nissioner or cou	uncil of construction a	nd improvements			
4.19	to the project	·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
4.20	(3) main	ntenance by the priv	rate entity of a	liability insurance pol	icy;			
4.21	(4) filing of appropriate financial statements by the private entity on a periodic basis;							
4.22	(5) filing of traffic reports by the private entity on a periodic basis;							
4.23	(6) finar	ncing obligations of	the commission	oner or council and the	e private entity;			
4.24	(7) appo	ortionment of expen	ses between th	e commissioner or co	uncil and the private			
4.25	entity;							
4.26	(8) the 1	rights and remedies	available in th	e event of a default or	delay;			
4.27	(9) the 1	rights and duties of	the private ent	ity, the commissioner	or council, and other			
4.28	state or local governmental entities with respect to the use of the project;							
4.29	(10) the terms and conditions of indemnification of the private entity by the							
4.30	commissioner or council;							
4.31	(11) assignment, subcontracting, or other delegations of responsibilities of (i)							
4.32	the private entity, or (ii) the commissioner or council under agreement to third parties,							

(13) traffic enforcement and other policing issues; and

including other private entities or state agencies;

(12) if applicable, sale or lease to the private entity of private property related to

4.33

4.34

4.35

4.36

the project;

(14) any other terms and conditions the commissioner or council deems appropriate. 5.1 5.2 (c) The independent advisory and oversight office established under subdivision 1, paragraph (c), shall review any proposed contractual agreement prior to execution in 5.3 order to ensure that the contract serves the public interest and meets the requirements 5.4 of this section. 5.5 Subd. 5. Funding from federal government. (a) The commissioner or council may 5.6 accept from the United States or any of its agencies funds that are available to the state 5.7 for carrying out the pilot program, whether the funds are available by grant, loan, or 5.8 other financial assistance. 5.9 (b) The commissioner or council may enter into agreements or other arrangements 5.10 with the United States or any of its agencies as necessary for carrying out the pilot program. 5.11 5.12 (c) The commissioner or council shall seek to maximize project funding from nonstate sources and may combine federal, state, local, and private funds to finance a 5.13 public-private partnership pilot project. 5.14 5.15 Subd. 6. **Reporting.** By August 1, 2016, and annually by August 1 thereafter, the commissioner and council shall submit to the chairs and ranking minority members of the 5.16 house of representatives and senate committees having jurisdiction over transportation 5.17 policy and finance a list of all agreements executed under the pilot program authority. The 5.18 list must identify each agreement, the contracting entities, contract amount and duration, 5.19 any repayment requirements, and provide an update on the project's progress. The list 5.20 may be submitted electronically and is subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 3.195, 5.21 subdivision 1. 5.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after an appropriation is 5.23

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after an appropriation is effective to pay administrative expenses to create and operate the Joint Program Office for Economic Development and Alternative Finance, hire a consultant, and prepare required reports.

Section 1. 5

5.24

5.25

5.26