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State of Minnesota

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

EIGHTY-EIGHTH SESSION

H. F. No. 3251

03/21/2014 Authored by Huntley

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The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Government Operations

A bill for an act 1.1 relating to human services; modifying requirements for positive support 12 strategies and emergency manual restraint; modifying rulemaking authority; 1.3 amending Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 245.8251; repealing 1.4 Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 245.825, subdivisions 1, 1b; Minnesota Statutes 1.5 2013 Supplement, sections 245D.02, subdivisions 2b, 2c, 3b, 5a, 8a, 15a, 15b, 1.6 23b, 28, 29, 34a; 245D.06, subdivisions 5, 6, 7, 8; 245D.061, subdivisions 1, 2, 1.7 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9; Minnesota Rules, parts 9525.2700; 9525.2810. 1.8

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 245.8251, is amended to read:

245.8251 POSITIVE SUPPORT STRATEGIES AND EMERGENCY MANUAL RESTRAINT; LICENSED FACILITIES AND PROGRAMS.

Subdivision 1. Rules governing the use of positive support strategies and restricting or prohibiting aversive and deprivation procedures. The commissioner of human services shall, within 24 months of May 23, 2013 by August 31, 2015, adopt rules governing the use of positive support strategies, safety interventions, and emergency use of manual restraint, and restricting or prohibiting the use of aversive and deprivation procedures, in all facilities and services licensed under chapter 245D- and in all licensed facilities and licensed services serving persons with a developmental disability or related condition. For the purposes of this section, "developmental disability or related condition" has the meaning given in Minnesota Rules, part 9525.0016, subpart 2, items A to E.

Subd. 2. Data collection. (a) The commissioner shall, with stakeholder input, develop identify data collection elements specific to incidents of emergency use of manual restraint and positive support transition plans for persons receiving services from providers governed licensed facilities and licensed services under chapter 245D and in licensed facilities and licensed services serving persons with a developmental disability

Section 1. 1

| 03/20/14 | REVISOR | ELK/ks | 14-5694 |
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or related condition as defined in Minnesota Rules, part 9525.0016, subpart 2, effective 2.1 2.2 January 1, 2014. Providers Licensed facilities and licensed services shall report the data in a format and at a frequency determined by the commissioner of human services. Providers 2.3 shall submit the data to the commissioner and the Office of the Ombudsman for Mental 2.4 Health and Developmental Disabilities. 2.5 (b) Beginning July 1, 2013, providers licensed facilities and licensed services 2.6 regulated under Minnesota Rules, parts 9525.2700 to 9525.2810, shall submit data 2.7 regarding the use of all controlled procedures identified in Minnesota Rules, part 2.8 9525.2740, in a format and at a frequency determined by the commissioner. Providers 2.9 shall submit the data to the commissioner and the Office of the Ombudsman for Mental 2.10 Health and Developmental Disabilities. 2.11 Subd. 3. External program review committee. Rules adopted according to this 2.12 section shall establish requirements for an external program review committee appointed 2.13 by the commissioner to monitor the rules after adoption of the rules. 2.14 2.15 Subd. 4. **Interim review panel.** (a) The commissioner shall establish an interim review panel by August 15, 2014, for the purpose of reviewing requests for emergency 2.16 use of procedures that have been part of an approved positive support transition plan 2.17 when necessary to protect a person from imminent risk of serious injury as defined in 2.18 section 245.91, subdivision 6, due to self-injurious behavior. The panel must make 2.19 recommendations to the commissioner to approve or deny these requests based on criteria 2.20 to be established by the interim review panel. The interim review panel shall operate until 2.21 the external program review committee is established as required under subdivision 3. 2.22 2.23 (b) Members of the interim review panel shall be selected based on their expertise and knowledge related to the use of positive support strategies as alternatives to 2.24 the use of aversive or deprivation procedures. The commissioner shall seek input 2.25 2.26 and recommendations from the Office of the Ombudsman for Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities and the Minnesota Governor's Council on Developmental 2.27 Disabilities in establishing the interim review panel. Members of the interim review panel 2.28 shall include the following representatives: 2.29 (1) an expert in positive supports; 2.30 (2) a mental health professional, as defined in section 245.462; 2.31 (3) a licensed health professional as defined in section 245D.02, subdivision 14; 2.32 (4) a representative of the Department of Health; 2.33 (5) a representative of the Office of the Ombudsman for Mental Health and 2.34 Developmental Disabilities; and 2.35 (6) a representative of the Minnesota Disability Law Center. 2.36

Section 1. 2

| 03/20/14 | REVISOR | ELK/ks | 14-5694 |
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| 3.1 | Sec. 2. REPEALER. |
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| 3.2 | (a) Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 245D.061, subdivision 3, is |
| 3.3 | repealed. |
| 3.4 | (b) Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 245.825, subdivisions 1 and 1b, are repealed |
| 3.5 | upon the effective date of rules adopted according to Minnesota Statutes, section 245.8251. |
| 3.6 | The commissioner of human services shall notify the revisor of statutes when this occurs. |
| 3.7 | (c) Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, sections 245D.02, subdivisions 2b, 2c, |
| 3.8 | 3b, 5a, 8a, 15a, 15b, 23b, 28, 29, and 34a; 245D.06, subdivisions 5, 6, 7, and 8; and |
| 3.9 | 245D.061, subdivisions 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9, are repealed upon the effective date of |
| 3.10 | rules adopted according to Minnesota Statutes, section 245.8251. The commissioner of |
| 3.11 | human services shall notify the revisor of statutes when this occurs. |
| 3.12 | (d) Minnesota Rules, parts 9525.2700; and 9525.2810, are repealed upon the |
| 3.13 | effective date of rules adopted according to Minnesota Statutes, section 245.8251. The |
| 3.14 | commissioner of human services shall notify the revisor of statutes when this occurs. |

Sec. 2. 3

Repealed Minnesota Statutes: 14-5694

245.825 AVERSIVE AND DEPRIVATION PROCEDURES; LICENSED FACILITIES AND SERVICES.

Subdivision 1. Rules governing aversive and deprivation procedures. The commissioner of human services shall by October, 1983, promulgate rules governing the use of aversive and deprivation procedures in all licensed facilities and licensed services serving persons with developmental disabilities, as defined in section 252.27, subdivision 1a. No provision of these rules shall encourage or require the use of aversive and deprivation procedures. The rules shall prohibit: (1) the application of certain aversive and deprivation procedures in facilities except as authorized and monitored by the commissioner; (2) the use of aversive and deprivation procedures that restrict the consumers' normal access to nutritious diet, drinking water, adequate ventilation, necessary medical care, ordinary hygiene facilities, normal sleeping conditions, and necessary clothing; and (3) the use of faradic shock without a court order. The rule shall further specify that consumers may not be denied ordinary access to legal counsel and next of kin. In addition, the rule may specify other prohibited practices and the specific conditions under which permitted practices are to be carried out. For any persons receiving faradic shock, a plan to reduce and eliminate the use of faradic shock shall be in effect upon implementation of the procedure.

Subd. 1b. **Review and approval.** Notwithstanding the provisions of Minnesota Rules, parts 9525.2700 to 9525.2810, the commissioner may designate the county case manager to authorize the use of controlled procedures as defined in Minnesota Rules, parts 9525.2710, subpart 9, and 9525.2740, subparts 1 and 2, after review and approval by the interdisciplinary team and the internal review committee as required in Minnesota Rules, part 9525.2750, subparts 1a and 2. Use of controlled procedures must be reported to the commissioner in accordance with the requirements of Minnesota Rules, part 9525.2750, subpart 2a.

245D.02 DEFINITIONS.

- Subd. 2b. **Aversive procedure.** "Aversive procedure" means the application of an aversive stimulus contingent upon the occurrence of a behavior for the purposes of reducing or eliminating the behavior.
- Subd. 2c. **Aversive stimulus.** "Aversive stimulus" means an object, event, or situation that is presented immediately following a behavior in an attempt to suppress the behavior. Typically, an aversive stimulus is unpleasant and penalizes or confines.
- Subd. 3b. **Chemical restraint.** "Chemical restraint" means the administration of a drug or medication to control the person's behavior or restrict the person's freedom of movement and is not a standard treatment or dosage for the person's medical or psychological condition.
- Subd. 5a. **Deprivation procedure.** "Deprivation procedure" means the removal of a positive reinforcer following a response resulting in, or intended to result in, a decrease in the frequency, duration, or intensity of that response. Oftentimes the positive reinforcer available is goods, services, or activities to which the person is normally entitled. The removal is often in the form of a delay or postponement of the positive reinforcer.
- Subd. 8a. **Emergency use of manual restraint.** "Emergency use of manual restraint" means using a manual restraint when a person poses an imminent risk of physical harm to self or others and is the least restrictive intervention that would achieve safety. Property damage, verbal aggression, or a person's refusal to receive or participate in treatment or programming on their own do not constitute an emergency.
- Subd. 15a. **Manual restraint.** "Manual restraint" means physical intervention intended to hold a person immobile or limit a person's voluntary movement by using body contact as the only source of physical restraint.
- Subd. 15b. **Mechanical restraint.** Except for devices worn by the person that trigger electronic alarms to warn staff that a person is leaving a room or area, which do not, in and of themselves, restrict freedom of movement, or the use of adaptive aids or equipment or orthotic devices ordered by a health care professional used to treat or manage a medical condition, "mechanical restraint" means the use of devices, materials, or equipment attached or adjacent to the person's body, or the use of practices that are intended to restrict freedom of movement or normal access to one's body or body parts, or limits a person's voluntary movement or holds a person immobile as an intervention precipitated by a person's behavior. The term applies to the use of mechanical restraint used to prevent injury with persons who engage in self-injurious behaviors, such as head-banging, gouging, or other actions resulting in tissue damage that have caused or could cause medical problems resulting from the self-injury.

Repealed Minnesota Statutes: 14-5694

- Subd. 23b. **Positive support transition plan.** "Positive support transition plan" means the plan required in section 245D.06, subdivision 5, paragraph (b), to be developed by the expanded support team to implement positive support strategies to:
- (1) eliminate the use of prohibited procedures as identified in section 245D.06, subdivision 5, paragraph (a);
 - (2) avoid the emergency use of manual restraint as identified in section 245D.061; and
 - (3) prevent the person from physically harming self or others.
- Subd. 28. **Restraint.** "Restraint" means manual restraint as defined in subdivision 15a or mechanical restraint as defined in subdivision 15b, or any other form of restraint that results in limiting of the free and normal movement of body or limbs.
- Subd. 29. **Seclusion.** "Seclusion" means the placement of a person alone in a room from which exit is prohibited by a staff person or a mechanism such as a lock, a device, or an object positioned to hold the door closed or otherwise prevent the person from leaving the room.
- Subd. 34a. **Time out.** "Time out" means removing a person involuntarily from an ongoing activity to a room, either locked or unlocked, or otherwise separating a person from others in a way that prevents social contact and prevents the person from leaving the situation if the person chooses. For the purpose of this chapter, "time out" does not mean voluntary removal or self-removal for the purpose of calming, prevention of escalation, or de-escalation of behavior for a period of up to 15 minutes. "Time out" does not include a person voluntarily moving from an ongoing activity to an unlocked room or otherwise separating from a situation or social contact with others if the person chooses. For the purposes of this definition, "voluntarily" means without being forced, compelled, or coerced.

245D.06 PROTECTION STANDARDS.

- Subd. 5. **Prohibited procedures.** The license holder is prohibited from using chemical restraints, mechanical restraints, manual restraints, time out, seclusion, or any other aversive or deprivation procedure, as a substitute for adequate staffing, for a behavioral or therapeutic program to reduce or eliminate behavior, as punishment, or for staff convenience.
- Subd. 6. **Restricted procedures.** The following procedures are allowed when the procedures are implemented in compliance with the standards governing their use as identified in clauses (1) to (3). Allowed but restricted procedures include:
 - (1) permitted actions and procedures subject to the requirements in subdivision 7;
- (2) procedures identified in a positive support transition plan subject to the requirements in subdivision 8; or
- (3) emergency use of manual restraint subject to the requirements in section 245D.061. For purposes of this chapter, this section supersedes the requirements identified in Minnesota Rules, part 9525.2740.
- Subd. 7. **Permitted actions and procedures.** (a) Use of the instructional techniques and intervention procedures as identified in paragraphs (b) and (c) is permitted when used on an intermittent or continuous basis. When used on a continuous basis, it must be addressed in a person's coordinated service and support plan addendum as identified in sections 245D.07 and 245D.071. For purposes of this chapter, the requirements of this subdivision supersede the requirements identified in Minnesota Rules, part 9525.2720.
- (b) Physical contact or instructional techniques must use the least restrictive alternative possible to meet the needs of the person and may be used:
 - (1) to calm or comfort a person by holding that person with no resistance from that person;
- (2) to protect a person known to be at risk or injury due to frequent falls as a result of a medical condition;
- (3) to facilitate the person's completion of a task or response when the person does not resist or the person's resistance is minimal in intensity and duration; or
- (4) to briefly block or redirect a person's limbs or body without holding the person or limiting the person's movement to interrupt the person's behavior that may result in injury to self or others.
 - (c) Restraint may be used as an intervention procedure to:
- (1) allow a licensed health care professional to safely conduct a medical examination or to provide medical treatment ordered by a licensed health care professional to a person necessary to promote healing or recovery from an acute, meaning short-term, medical condition;
- (2) assist in the safe evacuation or redirection of a person in the event of an emergency and the person is at imminent risk of harm.

Any use of manual restraint as allowed in this paragraph must comply with the restrictions identified in section 245D.061, subdivision 3; or

Repealed Minnesota Statutes: 14-5694

- (3) position a person with physical disabilities in a manner specified in the person's coordinated service and support plan addendum.
- (d) Use of adaptive aids or equipment, orthotic devices, or other medical equipment ordered by a licensed health professional to treat a diagnosed medical condition do not in and of themselves constitute the use of mechanical restraint.
- Subd. 8. **Positive support transition plan.** License holders must develop a positive support transition plan on the forms and in the manner prescribed by the commissioner for a person who requires intervention in order to maintain safety when it is known that the person's behavior poses an immediate risk of physical harm to self or others. The positive support transition plan forms and instructions will supersede the requirements in Minnesota Rules, parts 9525.2750; 9525.2760; and 9525.2780. The positive support transition plan must phase out any existing plans for the emergency or programmatic use of aversive or deprivation procedures prohibited under this chapter within the following timelines:
- (1) for persons receiving services from the license holder before January 1, 2014, the plan must be developed and implemented by February 1, 2014, and phased out no later than December 31, 2014; and
- (2) for persons admitted to the program on or after January 1, 2014, the plan must be developed and implemented within 30 calendar days of service initiation and phased out no later than 11 months from the date of plan implementation.

245D.061 EMERGENCY USE OF MANUAL RESTRAINTS.

Subdivision 1. **Standards for emergency use of manual restraints.** The license holder must ensure that emergency use of manual restraints complies with the requirements of this chapter and the license holder's policy and procedures as required under subdivision 10. For the purposes of persons receiving services governed by this chapter, this section supersedes the requirements identified in Minnesota Rules, part 9525.2770.

- Subd. 2. Conditions for emergency use of manual restraint. Emergency use of manual restraint must meet the following conditions:
- (1) immediate intervention must be needed to protect the person or others from imminent risk of physical harm; and
- (2) the type of manual restraint used must be the least restrictive intervention to eliminate the immediate risk of harm and effectively achieve safety. The manual restraint must end when the threat of harm ends.
- Subd. 3. **Restrictions when implementing emergency use of manual restraint.** (a) Emergency use of manual restraint procedures must not:
- (1) be implemented with a child in a manner that constitutes sexual abuse, neglect, physical abuse, or mental injury, as defined in section 626.556, subdivision 2;
- (2) be implemented with an adult in a manner that constitutes abuse or neglect as defined in section 626.5572, subdivisions 2 and 17;
- (3) be implemented in a manner that violates a person's rights and protections identified in section 245D.04;
- (4) restrict a person's normal access to a nutritious diet, drinking water, adequate ventilation, necessary medical care, ordinary hygiene facilities, normal sleeping conditions, or necessary clothing, or to any protection required by state licensing standards and federal regulations governing the program;
- (5) deny the person visitation or ordinary contact with legal counsel, a legal representative, or next of kin;
- (6) be used as a substitute for adequate staffing, for the convenience of staff, as punishment, or as a consequence if the person refuses to participate in the treatment or services provided by the program; or
- (7) use prone restraint. For the purposes of this section, "prone restraint" means use of manual restraint that places a person in a face-down position. This does not include brief physical holding of a person who, during an emergency use of manual restraint, rolls into a prone position, and the person is restored to a standing, sitting, or side-lying position as quickly as possible. Applying back or chest pressure while a person is in the prone or supine position or face-up is prohibited.
- Subd. 4. **Monitoring emergency use of manual restraint.** The license holder shall monitor a person's health and safety during an emergency use of a manual restraint. Staff monitoring the procedure must not be the staff implementing the procedure when possible. The license holder shall complete a monitoring form, approved by the commissioner, for each incident involving the emergency use of a manual restraint.

Repealed Minnesota Statutes: 14-5694

- Subd. 5. **Reporting emergency use of manual restraint incident.** (a) Within three calendar days after an emergency use of a manual restraint, the staff person who implemented the emergency use must report in writing to the designated coordinator the following information about the emergency use:
- (1) the staff and persons receiving services who were involved in the incident leading up to the emergency use of manual restraint;
- (2) a description of the physical and social environment, including who was present before and during the incident leading up to the emergency use of manual restraint;
- (3) a description of what less restrictive alternative measures were attempted to de-escalate the incident and maintain safety before the manual restraint was implemented that identifies when, how, and how long the alternative measures were attempted before manual restraint was implemented;
- (4) a description of the mental, physical, and emotional condition of the person who was restrained, and other persons involved in the incident leading up to, during, and following the manual restraint;
- (5) whether there was any injury to the person who was restrained or other persons involved in the incident, including staff, before or as a result of the use of manual restraint;
- (6) whether there was a debriefing with the staff, and, if not contraindicated, with the person who was restrained and other persons who were involved in or who witnessed the restraint, following the incident and the outcome of the debriefing. If the debriefing was not conducted at the time the incident report was made, the report should identify whether a debriefing is planned; and
 - (7) a copy of the report must be maintained in the person's service recipient record.
- (b) Each single incident of emergency use of manual restraint must be reported separately. For the purposes of this subdivision, an incident of emergency use of manual restraint is a single incident when the following conditions have been met:
- (1) after implementing the manual restraint, staff attempt to release the person at the moment staff believe the person's conduct no longer poses an imminent risk of physical harm to self or others and less restrictive strategies can be implemented to maintain safety;
- (2) upon the attempt to release the restraint, the person's behavior immediately re-escalates: and
 - (3) staff must immediately reimplement the restraint in order to maintain safety.
- Subd. 6. **Internal review of emergency use of manual restraint.** (a) Within five working days of the emergency use of manual restraint, the license holder must complete and document an internal review of each report of emergency use of manual restraint. The review must include an evaluation of whether:
- (1) the person's service and support strategies developed according to sections 245D.07 and 245D.071 need to be revised;
 - (2) related policies and procedures were followed;
 - (3) the policies and procedures were adequate;
 - (4) there is a need for additional staff training;
- (5) the reported event is similar to past events with the persons, staff, or the services involved; and
- (6) there is a need for corrective action by the license holder to protect the health and safety of persons.
- (b) Based on the results of the internal review, the license holder must develop, document, and implement a corrective action plan for the program designed to correct current lapses and prevent future lapses in performance by individuals or the license holder, if any. The corrective action plan, if any, must be implemented within 30 days of the internal review being completed.
- (c) The license holder must maintain a copy of the internal review and the corrective action plan, if any, in the person's service recipient record.
- Subd. 7. **Expanded support team review.** (a) Within five working days after the completion of the internal review required in subdivision 6, the license holder must consult with the expanded support team following the emergency use of manual restraint to:
- (1) discuss the incident reported in subdivision 5, to define the antecedent or event that gave rise to the behavior resulting in the manual restraint and identify the perceived function the behavior served; and
- (2) determine whether the person's coordinated service and support plan addendum needs to be revised according to sections 245D.07 and 245D.071 to positively and effectively help the person maintain stability and to reduce or eliminate future occurrences requiring emergency use of manual restraint.
- (b) The license holder must maintain a written summary of the expanded support team's discussion and decisions required in paragraph (a) in the person's service recipient record.

Repealed Minnesota Statutes: 14-5694

- Subd. 8. **External review and reporting.** Within five working days of the expanded support team review, the license holder must submit the following to the Department of Human Services, and the Office of the Ombudsman for Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities, as required under section 245.94, subdivision 2a:
 - (1) the report required under subdivision 5;
 - (2) the internal review and the corrective action plan required under subdivision 6; and
 - (3) the summary of the expanded support team review required under subdivision 7.
- Subd. 9. **Emergency use of manual restraints policy and procedures.** The license holder must develop, document, and implement a policy and procedures that promote service recipient rights and protect health and safety during the emergency use of manual restraints. The policy and procedures must comply with the requirements of this section and must specify the following:
- (1) a description of the positive support strategies and techniques staff must use to attempt to de-escalate a person's behavior before it poses an imminent risk of physical harm to self or others;
- (2) a description of the types of manual restraints the license holder allows staff to use on an emergency basis, if any. If the license holder will not allow the emergency use of manual restraint, the policy and procedure must identify the alternative measures the license holder will require staff to use when a person's conduct poses an imminent risk of physical harm to self or others and less restrictive strategies would not achieve safety;
- (3) instructions for safe and correct implementation of the allowed manual restraint procedures;
- (4) the training that staff must complete and the timelines for completion, before they may implement an emergency use of manual restraint. In addition to the training on this policy and procedure and the orientation and annual training required in section 245D.09, subdivision 4, the training for emergency use of manual restraint must incorporate the following subjects:
- (i) alternatives to manual restraint procedures, including techniques to identify events and environmental factors that may escalate conduct that poses an imminent risk of physical harm to self or others;
 - (ii) de-escalation methods, positive support strategies, and how to avoid power struggles;
- (iii) simulated experiences of administering and receiving manual restraint procedures allowed by the license holder on an emergency basis;
- (iv) how to properly identify thresholds for implementing and ceasing restrictive procedures;
- (v) how to recognize, monitor, and respond to the person's physical signs of distress, including positional asphyxia;
- (vi) the physiological and psychological impact on the person and the staff when restrictive procedures are used;
 - (vii) the communicative intent of behaviors; and
 - (viii) relationship building;
- (5) the procedures and forms to be used to monitor the emergency use of manual restraints, including what must be monitored and the frequency of monitoring per each incident of emergency use of manual restraint, and the person or position who is responsible for monitoring the use;
- (6) the instructions, forms, and timelines required for completing and submitting an incident report by the person or persons who implemented the manual restraint; and
- (7) the procedures and timelines for conducting the internal review and the expanded support team review, and the person or position responsible for completing the reviews and for ensuring that corrective action is taken or the person's coordinated service and support plan addendum is revised, when determined necessary.

Repealed Minnesota Rule: 14-5694

9525.2700 PURPOSE AND APPLICABILITY.

Subpart 1. **Purpose.** Parts 9525.2700 to 9525.2810 implement Minnesota Statutes, section 245.825 by setting standards that govern the use of aversive and deprivation procedures with persons who have a developmental disability and who are served by a license holder licensed by the commissioner under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 245A and section 252.28, subdivision 2.

Parts 9525.2700 to 9525.2810 are not intended to encourage or require the use of aversive and deprivation procedures. Rather, parts 9525.2700 to 9525.2810 encourage the use of positive approaches as an alternative to aversive or deprivation procedures and require documentation that positive approaches have been tried and have been unsuccessful as a condition of implementing an aversive or deprivation procedure.

The standards and requirements set by parts 9525.2700 to 9525.2810:

- A. exempt from the requirements of parts 9525.2700 to 9525.2810 any procedures that are positive in approach or are minimally intrusive;
 - B. prohibit the use of certain actions and procedures specified in part 9525.2730;
- C. control the use of aversive and deprivation procedures permitted under parts 9525.2700 to 9525.2810 by requiring development of an individual service plan, development of an individual program plan, informed consent from the person or the person's legal representative, and review and approval by the expanded interdisciplinary team and internal review committee;
- D. establish criteria and procedures for emergency use of controlled aversive and deprivation procedures; and
- E. assign a monitoring and technical assistance role to the regional review committees mandated by Minnesota Statutes, section 245.825.
- Subp. 2. **Applicability.** Parts 9525.2700 to 9525.2810 govern the use of aversive and deprivation procedures with persons who have a developmental disability when those persons are served by a license holder:
- A. licensed under parts 9525.1500 to 9525.1690 to provide training and habilitation services to adults with a developmental disability;
- B. licensed under parts 9525.0215 to 9525.0355 as a residential program for persons with a developmental disability. If a requirement of parts 9525.0215 to 9525.0355differs from a requirement in Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, sections 483.400 to 483.480, an intermediate care facility for persons with a developmental disability shall comply with the rule or regulation that sets the more stringent standard;
- C. licensed under parts 9525.2000 to 9525.2140 to provide residential-based habilitation services:
- D. licensed under parts 9503.0005 to 9503.0175 and 9545.0750 to 9545.0855 to provide services to children with a developmental disability;
 - E. licensed under parts 9555.9600 to 9555.9730 as an adult day care center;
- F. licensed under parts 9555.5105 to 9555.6265 to provide foster care for adults or under part 9545.0010 to 9545.0260 to provide foster care for children; or
- G. licensed for any other service or program requiring licensure by the commissioner as a residential or nonresidential program serving persons with a developmental disability, as specified in Minnesota Statutes, section 245A.02.
 - Subp. 3. Exclusion. Parts 9525.2700 to 9525.2810 do not apply to:
- A. treatments defined in parts 9515.0200 to 9515.0700 governing the administration of specified therapies to committed patients residing at regional centers; or
- B. residential care or program services licensed under parts 9520.0500 to 9520.0690 to serve persons with mental illness.

9525.2810 PENALTY FOR NONCOMPLIANCE.

If a license holder governed by parts 9525.2700 to 9525.2810 does not comply with parts 9525.2700 to 9525.2810, the commissioner has the authority to take enforcement action pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, chapter 245A and section 252.28, subdivision 2.