

This Document can be made available  
in alternative formats upon request

## State of Minnesota

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

NINETIETH SESSION

H. F. No. 1730

02/27/2017 Authored by Dean, M.; Zerwas; Murphy, E., and Loeffler  
The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services Reform  
03/15/2017 Adoption of Report: Amended and re-referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services Finance

1.1 A bill for an act  
1.2 relating to health; providing for licensure of prescribed pediatric extended care  
1.3 centers; setting fees; amending Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 626.556,  
1.4 subdivisions 2, 3, 3c, 10d; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes,  
1.5 chapter 144H.

1.6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

1.7 Section 1. [144H.01] DEFINITIONS.

1.8 Subdivision 1. **Application.** The terms defined in this section apply to this chapter.

1.9 Subd. 2. **Basic services.** "Basic services" includes but is not limited to:

1.10 (1) the development, implementation, and monitoring of a comprehensive protocol of  
1.11 care that is developed in conjunction with the parent or guardian of a medically complex  
1.12 or technologically dependent child and that specifies the medical, nursing, psychosocial,  
1.13 and developmental therapies required by the medically complex or technologically dependent  
1.14 child; and

1.15 (2) the caregiver training needs of the child's parent or guardian.

1.16 Subd. 3. **Commissioner.** "Commissioner" means the commissioner of health.

1.17 Subd. 4. **Licensee.** "Licensee" means an owner of a prescribed pediatric extended care  
1.18 (PPEC) center licensed under this chapter.

1.19 Subd. 5. **Medically complex or technologically dependent child.** "Medically complex  
1.20 or technologically dependent child" means a child who, because of a medical condition,  
1.21 requires continuous therapeutic interventions or skilled nursing supervision which must be

prescribed by a licensed physician and administered by, or under the direct supervision of, a licensed registered nurse.

Subd. 6. **Owner.** "Owner" means an individual whose ownership interest provides sufficient authority or control to affect or change decisions regarding the operation of the PPEC center. An owner includes a sole proprietor, a general partner, or any other individual whose ownership interest has the ability to affect the management and direction of the PPEC center's policies.

Subd. 7. **Prescribed pediatric extended care center, PPEC center, or center.** "Prescribed pediatric extended care center," "PPEC center," or "center" means any facility operated on a for-profit or nonprofit basis to provide nonresidential basic services to three or more medically complex or technologically dependent children who require such services and who are not related to the owner by blood, marriage, or adoption.

Subd. 8. **Supportive services or contracted services.** "Supportive services or contracted services" include but are not limited to speech therapy, occupational therapy, physical therapy, social work services, developmental services, child life services, and psychology services.

**Sec. 2. [144H.02] LICENSURE REQUIRED.**

A person may not own or operate a prescribed pediatric extended care center in this state unless the person holds a temporary or current license issued under this chapter. A separate license must be obtained for each PPEC center maintained on separate premises, even if the same management operates the PPEC centers. Separate licenses are not required for separate buildings on the same grounds. A center shall not be operated on the same grounds as a child care center licensed under Minnesota Rules, chapter 9503.

**Sec. 3. [144H.03] EXEMPTIONS.**

This chapter does not apply to:

(1) a facility operated by the United States government or a federal agency; or

(2) a health care facility licensed under chapter 144 or 144A.

**Sec. 4. [144H.04] LICENSE APPLICATION AND RENEWAL.**

Subdivision 1. **Licenses.** A person seeking licensure for a PPEC center must submit a completed application for licensure to the commissioner, in a form and manner determined by the commissioner. The applicant must also submit the application fee, in the amount

specified in section 144H.05, subdivision 1. Effective September 1, 2017, the commissioner shall issue a license for a PPEC center if the commissioner determines that the applicant and center meet the requirements of this chapter and rules that apply to PPEC centers. A license issued under this subdivision is valid for two years.

Subd. 2. **License renewal.** A license issued under subdivision 1 may be renewed for a period of two years if the licensee:

(1) submits an application for renewal in a form and manner determined by the commissioner, at least 30 days before the license expires. An application for renewal submitted after the renewal deadline date must be accompanied by a late fee in the amount specified in section 144H.05, subdivision 3;

(2) submits the renewal fee in the amount specified in section 144H.05, subdivision 2;

(3) demonstrates that the licensee has provided basic services at the PPEC center within the past two years;

(4) provides evidence that the applicant meets the requirements for licensure; and

(5) provides other information required by the commissioner.

Subd. 3. **License not transferable.** A PPEC center license issued under this section is not transferable to another party. Before acquiring ownership of a PPEC center, a prospective applicant must apply to the commissioner for a new license.

## Sec. 5. **[144H.05] FEES.**

Subdivision 1. **Initial application fee.** The initial application fee for PPEC center licensure is .....

Subd. 2. **License renewal.** The fee for renewal of a PPEC center license is .....

Subd. 3. **Late fee.** The fee for late submission of an application to renew a PPEC center license is .....

Subd. 4. **Nonrefundable; state government special revenue fund.** All fees collected under this chapter are nonrefundable and must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the state government special revenue fund.

## Sec. 6. **[144H.06] APPLICATION OF RULES FOR HOSPICE SERVICES.**

Minnesota Rules, chapter 4664, shall apply to PPEC centers licensed under this chapter, except that the following parts, subparts, and items do not apply:

4.1 (1) Minnesota Rules, part 4664.0390, subpart 1, items A, C and E;

4.2 (2) Minnesota Rules, part 4664.0420;

4.3 (3) Minnesota Rules, part 4664.0425, subparts 3, item A; 4; and 6;

4.4 (4) Minnesota Rules, part 4664.0430, subparts 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, and 12; and

4.5 (5) Minnesota Rules, part 4664.0520.

4.6 **Sec. 7. [144H.07] SERVICES; LIMITATIONS.**

4.7 Subdivision 1. **Services.** A PPEC center must provide basic services to medically complex  
4.8 or technologically dependent children, based on a protocol of care established for each child.  
4.9 A PPEC center may provide services up to 24 hours a day and up to seven days a week.

4.10 Subd. 2. **Limitations.** A PPEC center must comply with the following standards related  
4.11 to services:

4.12 (1) a child is prohibited from attending a PPEC center for more than 14 hours within a  
4.13 24-hour period;

4.14 (2) a PPEC center is prohibited from providing services other than those provided to  
4.15 medically complex or technologically dependent children; and

4.16 (3) the maximum capacity for medically complex or technologically dependent children  
4.17 at a center shall not exceed 45 children.

4.18 **Sec. 8. [144H.08] ADMINISTRATION AND MANAGEMENT.**

4.19 Subdivision 1. **Duties of owner.** (a) The owner of a PPEC center shall have full legal  
4.20 authority and responsibility for the operation of the center. A PPEC center must be organized  
4.21 according to a written table of organization, describing the lines of authority and  
4.22 communication to the child care level. The organizational structure must be designed to  
4.23 ensure an integrated continuum of services for the children served.

4.24 (b) The owner must designate one person as a center administrator, who is responsible  
4.25 and accountable for overall management of the center.

4.26 Subd. 2. **Duties of administrator.** The center administrator is responsible and accountable  
4.27 for overall management of the center. The administrator must:

4.28 (1) designate in writing a person to be responsible for the center when the administrator  
4.29 is absent from the center for more than 24 hours;

(2) maintain the following written records, in a place and form and using a system that allows for inspection of the records by the commissioner during normal business hours:

(i) a daily census record, which indicates the number of children currently receiving services at the center;

(ii) a record of all accidents or unusual incidents involving any child or staff member that caused, or had the potential to cause, injury or harm to a person at the center or to center property;

(iii) copies of all current agreements with providers of supportive services or contracted services;

(iv) copies of all current agreements with consultants employed by the center, documentation of each consultant's visits, and written, dated reports; and

(v) a personnel record for each employee, which must include an application for employment, references, employment history for the preceding five years, and copies of all performance evaluations;

(3) develop and maintain a current job description for each employee;

(4) provide necessary qualified personnel and ancillary services to ensure the health, safety, and proper care for each child; and

(5) develop and implement infection control policies that comply with rules adopted by the commissioner regarding infection control.

**Sec. 9. [144H.09] ADMISSION, TRANSFER, AND DISCHARGE POLICIES; CONSENT FORM.**

**Subdivision 1. Written policies.** A PPEC center must have written policies and procedures governing the admission, transfer, and discharge of children.

**Subd. 2. Consent form.** A parent or guardian must sign a consent form outlining the purpose of a PPEC center, specifying family responsibilities, authorizing treatment and services, providing appropriate liability releases, and specifying emergency disposition plans, before the child's admission to the center. The center must provide the child's parents or guardians with a copy of the consent form and must maintain the consent form in the child's medical record.

6.1 Sec. 10. **[144H.10] MEDICAL DIRECTOR.**

6.2 A PPEC center must have a medical director who is a physician licensed in Minnesota  
6.3 and certified by the American Board of Pediatrics.

6.4 Sec. 11. **[144H.11] NURSING SERVICES.**

6.5 Subdivision 1. **Nursing director.** A PPEC center must have a nursing director who is  
6.6 a registered nurse licensed in Minnesota, holds a current certification in cardiopulmonary  
6.7 resuscitation, and has at least four years of general pediatric nursing experience, at least  
6.8 one year of which must have been spent caring for medically fragile infants or children in  
6.9 a pediatric intensive care, neonatal intensive care, PPEC center, or home care setting during  
6.10 the previous five years. The nursing director is responsible for the daily operation of the  
6.11 PPEC center.

6.12 Subd. 2. **Registered nurses.** A registered nurse employed by a PPEC center must be a  
6.13 registered nurse licensed in Minnesota, hold a current certification in cardiopulmonary  
6.14 resuscitation, and have experience in the previous 24 months in being responsible for the  
6.15 care of acutely ill or chronically ill children.

6.16 Subd. 3. **Licensed practical nurses.** A licensed practical nurse employed by a PPEC  
6.17 center must be supervised by a registered nurse and must be a licensed practical nurse  
6.18 licensed in Minnesota, have at least two years of experience in pediatrics, and hold a current  
6.19 certification in cardiopulmonary resuscitation.

6.20 Subd. 4. **Other direct care personnel.** (a) Direct care personnel governed by this  
6.21 subdivision include nursing assistants and individuals with training and experience in the  
6.22 field of education, social services, or child care.

6.23 (b) All direct care personnel employed by a PPEC center must work under the supervision  
6.24 of a registered nurse and are responsible for providing direct care to children at the center.  
6.25 Direct care personnel must have extensive, documented education and skills training in  
6.26 providing care to infants and toddlers, provide employment references documenting skill  
6.27 in the care of infants and children, and hold a current certification in cardiopulmonary  
6.28 resuscitation.

7.1 Sec. 12. **[144H.12] TOTAL STAFFING FOR NURSING SERVICES AND DIRECT**  
7.2 **CARE PERSONNEL.**

7.3 A PPEC center must provide total staffing for nursing services and direct care personnel  
7.4 at a ratio of one staff person for every three children at the center. The staffing ratio required  
7.5 in this section is the minimum staffing permitted.

7.6 Sec. 13. **[144H.13] MEDICAL RECORD; PROTOCOL OF CARE.**

7.7 A medical record and an individualized nursing protocol of care must be developed for  
7.8 each child admitted to a PPEC center, must be maintained for each child, and must be signed  
7.9 by authorized personnel.

7.10 Sec. 14. **[144H.14] QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM.**

7.11 A PPEC center must have a quality assurance program, in which quarterly reviews are  
7.12 conducted of the PPEC center's medical records and protocols of care for at least half of  
7.13 the children served by the PPEC center. The quarterly review sample must be randomly  
7.14 selected so each child at the center has an equal opportunity to be included in the review.  
7.15 The committee conducting quality assurance reviews must include the medical director,  
7.16 administrator, nursing director, and three other committee members determined by the PPEC  
7.17 center.

7.18 Sec. 15. **[144H.15] INSPECTIONS.**

7.19 (a) The commissioner may inspect a PPEC center, including records held at the center,  
7.20 at reasonable times as necessary to ensure compliance with this chapter and the rules that  
7.21 apply to PPEC centers. During an inspection, a center must provide the commissioner with  
7.22 access to all center records.

7.23 (b) The commissioner must inspect a PPEC center before issuing or renewing a license  
7.24 under this chapter.

7.25 Sec. 16. **[144H.16] COMPLIANCE WITH OTHER LAWS.**

7.26 Subdivision 1. **Reporting of maltreatment of minors.** A PPEC center must develop  
7.27 policies and procedures for reporting suspected child maltreatment that fulfill the  
7.28 requirements of section 626.556. The policies and procedures must include the telephone  
7.29 numbers of the local county child protection agency for reporting suspected maltreatment.  
7.30 The policies and procedures specified in this subdivision must be provided to the parents

8.1 or guardians of all children at the time of admission to the PPEC center and must be available  
8.2 upon request.

8.3 Subd. 2. **Crib safety requirements.** A PPEC center must comply with the crib safety  
8.4 requirements in section 245A.146, to the extent they are applicable.

8.5 Sec. 17. **[144H.17] DENIAL, SUSPENSION, REVOCATION, REFUSAL TO RENEW**  
8.6 **A LICENSE.**

8.7 (a) The commissioner may deny, suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew a license issued  
8.8 under this chapter for:

8.9 (1) a violation of this chapter or rules adopted that apply to PPEC centers; or

8.10 (2) an intentional or negligent act by an employee or contractor at the center that  
8.11 materially affects the health or safety of children at the PPEC center.

8.12 (b) Prior to any suspension, revocation, or refusal to renew a license, a licensee shall be  
8.13 entitled to a hearing and review as provided in sections 14.57 to 14.69.

8.14 Sec. 18. **[144H.18] FINES; CORRECTIVE ACTION PLANS.**

8.15 Subdivision 1. **Corrective action plans.** If the commissioner determines that a PPEC  
8.16 center is not in compliance with this chapter or rules that apply to PPEC centers, the  
8.17 commissioner may require the center to submit a corrective action plan that demonstrates  
8.18 a good-faith effort to remedy each violation by a specific date, subject to approval by the  
8.19 commissioner.

8.20 Subd. 2. **Fines.** The commissioner may issue a fine to a PPEC center, employee, or  
8.21 contractor if the commissioner determines the center, employee, or contractor violated this  
8.22 chapter or rules that apply to PPEC centers. The fine amount shall not exceed an amount  
8.23 for each violation and an aggregate amount established by the commissioner. The failure  
8.24 to correct a violation by the date set by the commissioner, or a failure to comply with an  
8.25 approved corrective action plan, constitutes a separate violation for each day the failure  
8.26 continues, unless the commissioner approves an extension to a specific date. In determining  
8.27 if a fine is to be imposed and establishing the amount of the fine, the commissioner shall  
8.28 consider:

8.29 (1) the gravity of the violation, including the probability that death or serious physical  
8.30 or emotional harm to a child will result or has resulted, the severity of the actual or potential  
8.31 harm, and the extent to which the applicable laws were violated;

9.1 (2) actions taken by the owner or administrator to correct violations;

9.2 (3) any previous violations; and

9.3 (4) the financial benefit to the PPEC center of committing or continuing the violation.

9.4 Sec. 19. **[144H.19] CLOSING A PPEC CENTER.**

9.5 When a PPEC center voluntarily closes, it must, at least 30 days before closure, inform  
9.6 each child's parents or guardians of the closure and when the closure will occur.

9.7 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 626.556, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

9.8 Subd. 2. **Definitions.** As used in this section, the following terms have the meanings  
9.9 given them unless the specific content indicates otherwise:

9.10 (a) "Accidental" means a sudden, not reasonably foreseeable, and unexpected occurrence  
9.11 or event which:

9.12 (1) is not likely to occur and could not have been prevented by exercise of due care; and

9.13 (2) if occurring while a child is receiving services from a facility, happens when the  
9.14 facility and the employee or person providing services in the facility are in compliance with  
9.15 the laws and rules relevant to the occurrence or event.

9.16 (b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services.

9.17 (c) "Facility" means:

9.18 (1) a licensed or unlicensed day care facility, residential facility, agency, hospital,  
9.19 sanitarium, or other facility or institution required to be licensed under sections 144.50 to  
9.20 144.58, 241.021, or 245A.01 to 245A.16, or chapter 144H or 245D;

9.21 (2) a school as defined in section 120A.05, subdivisions 9, 11, and 13; and chapter 124E;  
9.22 or

9.23 (3) a nonlicensed personal care provider organization as defined in section 256B.0625,  
9.24 subdivision 19a.

9.25 (d) "Family assessment" means a comprehensive assessment of child safety, risk of  
9.26 subsequent child maltreatment, and family strengths and needs that is applied to a child  
9.27 maltreatment report that does not allege sexual abuse or substantial child endangerment.  
9.28 Family assessment does not include a determination as to whether child maltreatment  
9.29 occurred but does determine the need for services to address the safety of family members  
9.30 and the risk of subsequent maltreatment.

(e) "Investigation" means fact gathering related to the current safety of a child and the risk of subsequent maltreatment that determines whether child maltreatment occurred and whether child protective services are needed. An investigation must be used when reports involve sexual abuse or substantial child endangerment, and for reports of maltreatment in facilities required to be licensed under chapter 245A or 245D; under sections 144.50 to 144.58 and 241.021; in a school as defined in section 120A.05, subdivisions 9, 11, and 13, and chapter 124E; or in a nonlicensed personal care provider association as defined in section 256B.0625, subdivision 19a.

(f) "Mental injury" means an injury to the psychological capacity or emotional stability of a child as evidenced by an observable or substantial impairment in the child's ability to function within a normal range of performance and behavior with due regard to the child's culture.

(g) "Neglect" means the commission or omission of any of the acts specified under clauses (1) to (9), other than by accidental means:

(1) failure by a person responsible for a child's care to supply a child with necessary food, clothing, shelter, health, medical, or other care required for the child's physical or mental health when reasonably able to do so;

(2) failure to protect a child from conditions or actions that seriously endanger the child's physical or mental health when reasonably able to do so, including a growth delay, which may be referred to as a failure to thrive, that has been diagnosed by a physician and is due to parental neglect;

(3) failure to provide for necessary supervision or child care arrangements appropriate for a child after considering factors as the child's age, mental ability, physical condition, length of absence, or environment, when the child is unable to care for the child's own basic needs or safety, or the basic needs or safety of another child in their care;

(4) failure to ensure that the child is educated as defined in sections 120A.22 and 260C.163, subdivision 11, which does not include a parent's refusal to provide the parent's child with sympathomimetic medications, consistent with section 125A.091, subdivision 5;

(5) nothing in this section shall be construed to mean that a child is neglected solely because the child's parent, guardian, or other person responsible for the child's care in good faith selects and depends upon spiritual means or prayer for treatment or care of disease or remedial care of the child in lieu of medical care; except that a parent, guardian, or caretaker, or a person mandated to report pursuant to subdivision 3, has a duty to report if a lack of

11.1 medical care may cause serious danger to the child's health. This section does not impose  
11.2 upon persons, not otherwise legally responsible for providing a child with necessary food,  
11.3 clothing, shelter, education, or medical care, a duty to provide that care;

11.4 (6) prenatal exposure to a controlled substance, as defined in section 253B.02, subdivision  
11.5 2, used by the mother for a nonmedical purpose, as evidenced by withdrawal symptoms in  
11.6 the child at birth, results of a toxicology test performed on the mother at delivery or the  
11.7 child at birth, medical effects or developmental delays during the child's first year of life  
11.8 that medically indicate prenatal exposure to a controlled substance, or the presence of a  
11.9 fetal alcohol spectrum disorder;

11.10 (7) "medical neglect" as defined in section 260C.007, subdivision 6, clause (5);

11.11 (8) chronic and severe use of alcohol or a controlled substance by a parent or person  
11.12 responsible for the care of the child that adversely affects the child's basic needs and safety;  
11.13 or

11.14 (9) emotional harm from a pattern of behavior which contributes to impaired emotional  
11.15 functioning of the child which may be demonstrated by a substantial and observable effect  
11.16 in the child's behavior, emotional response, or cognition that is not within the normal range  
11.17 for the child's age and stage of development, with due regard to the child's culture.

11.18 (h) "Nonmaltreatment mistake" means:

11.19 (1) at the time of the incident, the individual was performing duties identified in the  
11.20 center's child care program plan required under Minnesota Rules, part 9503.0045;

11.21 (2) the individual has not been determined responsible for a similar incident that resulted  
11.22 in a finding of maltreatment for at least seven years;

11.23 (3) the individual has not been determined to have committed a similar nonmaltreatment  
11.24 mistake under this paragraph for at least four years;

11.25 (4) any injury to a child resulting from the incident, if treated, is treated only with  
11.26 remedies that are available over the counter, whether ordered by a medical professional or  
11.27 not; and

11.28 (5) except for the period when the incident occurred, the facility and the individual  
11.29 providing services were both in compliance with all licensing requirements relevant to the  
11.30 incident.

11.31 This definition only applies to child care centers licensed under Minnesota Rules, chapter  
11.32 9503. If clauses (1) to (5) apply, rather than making a determination of substantiated

12.1 maltreatment by the individual, the commissioner of human services shall determine that a  
12.2 nonmaltreatment mistake was made by the individual.

12.3 (i) "Operator" means an operator or agency as defined in section 245A.02.

12.4 (j) "Person responsible for the child's care" means (1) an individual functioning within  
12.5 the family unit and having responsibilities for the care of the child such as a parent, guardian,  
12.6 or other person having similar care responsibilities, or (2) an individual functioning outside  
12.7 the family unit and having responsibilities for the care of the child such as a teacher, school  
12.8 administrator, other school employees or agents, or other lawful custodian of a child having  
12.9 either full-time or short-term care responsibilities including, but not limited to, day care,  
12.10 babysitting whether paid or unpaid, counseling, teaching, and coaching.

12.11 (k) "Physical abuse" means any physical injury, mental injury, or threatened injury,  
12.12 inflicted by a person responsible for the child's care on a child other than by accidental  
12.13 means, or any physical or mental injury that cannot reasonably be explained by the child's  
12.14 history of injuries, or any aversive or deprivation procedures, or regulated interventions,  
12.15 that have not been authorized under section 125A.0942 or 245.825.

12.16 Abuse does not include reasonable and moderate physical discipline of a child  
12.17 administered by a parent or legal guardian which does not result in an injury. Abuse does  
12.18 not include the use of reasonable force by a teacher, principal, or school employee as allowed  
12.19 by section 121A.582. Actions which are not reasonable and moderate include, but are not  
12.20 limited to, any of the following:

12.21 (1) throwing, kicking, burning, biting, or cutting a child;

12.22 (2) striking a child with a closed fist;

12.23 (3) shaking a child under age three;

12.24 (4) striking or other actions which result in any nonaccidental injury to a child under 18  
12.25 months of age;

12.26 (5) unreasonable interference with a child's breathing;

12.27 (6) threatening a child with a weapon, as defined in section 609.02, subdivision 6;

12.28 (7) striking a child under age one on the face or head;

12.29 (8) striking a child who is at least age one but under age four on the face or head, which  
12.30 results in an injury;

12.31 (9) purposely giving a child poison, alcohol, or dangerous, harmful, or controlled  
12.32 substances which were not prescribed for the child by a practitioner, in order to control or

13.1 punish the child; or other substances that substantially affect the child's behavior, motor  
13.2 coordination, or judgment or that results in sickness or internal injury, or subjects the child  
13.3 to medical procedures that would be unnecessary if the child were not exposed to the  
13.4 substances;

13.5 (10) unreasonable physical confinement or restraint not permitted under section 609.379,  
13.6 including but not limited to tying, caging, or chaining; or

13.7 (11) in a school facility or school zone, an act by a person responsible for the child's  
13.8 care that is a violation under section 121A.58.

13.9 (l) "Practice of social services," for the purposes of subdivision 3, includes but is not  
13.10 limited to employee assistance counseling and the provision of guardian ad litem and  
13.11 parenting time expeditor services.

13.12 (m) "Report" means any communication received by the local welfare agency, police  
13.13 department, county sheriff, or agency responsible for child protection pursuant to this section  
13.14 that describes neglect or physical or sexual abuse of a child and contains sufficient content  
13.15 to identify the child and any person believed to be responsible for the neglect or abuse, if  
13.16 known.

13.17 (n) "Sexual abuse" means the subjection of a child by a person responsible for the child's  
13.18 care, by a person who has a significant relationship to the child, as defined in section 609.341,  
13.19 or by a person in a position of authority, as defined in section 609.341, subdivision 10, to  
13.20 any act which constitutes a violation of section 609.342 (criminal sexual conduct in the first  
13.21 degree), 609.343 (criminal sexual conduct in the second degree), 609.344 (criminal sexual  
13.22 conduct in the third degree), 609.345 (criminal sexual conduct in the fourth degree), or  
13.23 609.3451 (criminal sexual conduct in the fifth degree). Sexual abuse also includes any act  
13.24 which involves a minor which constitutes a violation of prostitution offenses under sections  
13.25 609.321 to 609.324 or 617.246. Effective May 29, 2017, sexual abuse includes all reports  
13.26 of known or suspected child sex trafficking involving a child who is identified as a victim  
13.27 of sex trafficking. Sexual abuse includes child sex trafficking as defined in section 609.321,  
13.28 subdivisions 7a and 7b. Sexual abuse includes threatened sexual abuse which includes the  
13.29 status of a parent or household member who has committed a violation which requires  
13.30 registration as an offender under section 243.166, subdivision 1b, paragraph (a) or (b), or  
13.31 required registration under section 243.166, subdivision 1b, paragraph (a) or (b).

13.32 (o) "Substantial child endangerment" means a person responsible for a child's care, by  
13.33 act or omission, commits or attempts to commit an act against a child under their care that  
13.34 constitutes any of the following:

- 14.1 (1) egregious harm as defined in section 260C.007, subdivision 14;
- 14.2 (2) abandonment under section 260C.301, subdivision 2;
- 14.3 (3) neglect as defined in paragraph (g), clause (2), that substantially endangers the child's
- 14.4 physical or mental health, including a growth delay, which may be referred to as failure to
- 14.5 thrive, that has been diagnosed by a physician and is due to parental neglect;
- 14.6 (4) murder in the first, second, or third degree under section 609.185, 609.19, or 609.195;
- 14.7 (5) manslaughter in the first or second degree under section 609.20 or 609.205;
- 14.8 (6) assault in the first, second, or third degree under section 609.221, 609.222, or 609.223;
- 14.9 (7) solicitation, inducement, and promotion of prostitution under section 609.322;
- 14.10 (8) criminal sexual conduct under sections 609.342 to 609.3451;
- 14.11 (9) solicitation of children to engage in sexual conduct under section 609.352;
- 14.12 (10) malicious punishment or neglect or endangerment of a child under section 609.377
- 14.13 or 609.378;
- 14.14 (11) use of a minor in sexual performance under section 617.246; or
- 14.15 (12) parental behavior, status, or condition which mandates that the county attorney file
- 14.16 a termination of parental rights petition under section 260C.503, subdivision 2.
- 14.17 (p) "Threatened injury" means a statement, overt act, condition, or status that represents
- 14.18 a substantial risk of physical or sexual abuse or mental injury. Threatened injury includes,
- 14.19 but is not limited to, exposing a child to a person responsible for the child's care, as defined
- 14.20 in paragraph (j), clause (1), who has:
- 14.21 (1) subjected a child to, or failed to protect a child from, an overt act or condition that
- 14.22 constitutes egregious harm, as defined in section 260C.007, subdivision 14, or a similar law
- 14.23 of another jurisdiction;
- 14.24 (2) been found to be palpably unfit under section 260C.301, subdivision 1, paragraph
- 14.25 (b), clause (4), or a similar law of another jurisdiction;
- 14.26 (3) committed an act that has resulted in an involuntary termination of parental rights
- 14.27 under section 260C.301, or a similar law of another jurisdiction; or
- 14.28 (4) committed an act that has resulted in the involuntary transfer of permanent legal and
- 14.29 physical custody of a child to a relative under Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 260C.201,
- 14.30 subdivision 11, paragraph (d), clause (1), section 260C.515, subdivision 4, or a similar law
- 14.31 of another jurisdiction.

15.1 A child is the subject of a report of threatened injury when the responsible social services  
15.2 agency receives birth match data under paragraph (q) from the Department of Human  
15.3 Services.

15.4 (q) Upon receiving data under section 144.225, subdivision 2b, contained in a birth  
15.5 record or recognition of parentage identifying a child who is subject to threatened injury  
15.6 under paragraph (p), the Department of Human Services shall send the data to the responsible  
15.7 social services agency. The data is known as "birth match" data. Unless the responsible  
15.8 social services agency has already begun an investigation or assessment of the report due  
15.9 to the birth of the child or execution of the recognition of parentage and the parent's previous  
15.10 history with child protection, the agency shall accept the birth match data as a report under  
15.11 this section. The agency may use either a family assessment or investigation to determine  
15.12 whether the child is safe. All of the provisions of this section apply. If the child is determined  
15.13 to be safe, the agency shall consult with the county attorney to determine the appropriateness  
15.14 of filing a petition alleging the child is in need of protection or services under section  
15.15 260C.007, subdivision 6, clause (16), in order to deliver needed services. If the child is  
15.16 determined not to be safe, the agency and the county attorney shall take appropriate action  
15.17 as required under section 260C.503, subdivision 2.

15.18 (r) Persons who conduct assessments or investigations under this section shall take into  
15.19 account accepted child-rearing practices of the culture in which a child participates and  
15.20 accepted teacher discipline practices, which are not injurious to the child's health, welfare,  
15.21 and safety.

15.22 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 626.556, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

15.23 Subd. 3. **Persons mandated to report; persons voluntarily reporting.** (a) A person  
15.24 who knows or has reason to believe a child is being neglected or physically or sexually  
15.25 abused, as defined in subdivision 2, or has been neglected or physically or sexually abused  
15.26 within the preceding three years, shall immediately report the information to the local welfare  
15.27 agency, agency responsible for assessing or investigating the report, police department,  
15.28 county sheriff, tribal social services agency, or tribal police department if the person is:

15.29 (1) a professional or professional's delegate who is engaged in the practice of the healing  
15.30 arts, social services, hospital administration, psychological or psychiatric treatment, child  
15.31 care, education, correctional supervision, probation and correctional services, or law  
15.32 enforcement; or

15.33 (2) employed as a member of the clergy and received the information while engaged in  
15.34 ministerial duties, provided that a member of the clergy is not required by this subdivision

16.1 to report information that is otherwise privileged under section 595.02, subdivision 1,  
16.2 paragraph (c).

16.3 (b) Any person may voluntarily report to the local welfare agency, agency responsible  
16.4 for assessing or investigating the report, police department, county sheriff, tribal social  
16.5 services agency, or tribal police department if the person knows, has reason to believe, or  
16.6 suspects a child is being or has been neglected or subjected to physical or sexual abuse.

16.7 (c) A person mandated to report physical or sexual child abuse or neglect occurring  
16.8 within a licensed facility shall report the information to the agency responsible for licensing  
16.9 the facility under sections 144.50 to 144.58; 241.021; 245A.01 to 245A.16; or chapter 144H  
16.10 or 245D; or a nonlicensed personal care provider organization as defined in section  
16.11 256B.0625, subdivision ~~19~~ 19a. A health or corrections agency receiving a report may  
16.12 request the local welfare agency to provide assistance pursuant to subdivisions 10, 10a, and  
16.13 10b. A board or other entity whose licensees perform work within a school facility, upon  
16.14 receiving a complaint of alleged maltreatment, shall provide information about the  
16.15 circumstances of the alleged maltreatment to the commissioner of education. Section 13.03,  
16.16 subdivision 4, applies to data received by the commissioner of education from a licensing  
16.17 entity.

16.18 (d) Notification requirements under subdivision 10 apply to all reports received under  
16.19 this section.

16.20 (e) For purposes of this section, "immediately" means as soon as possible but in no event  
16.21 longer than 24 hours.

16.22 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 626.556, subdivision 3c, is amended to read:

16.23 Subd. 3c. **Local welfare agency, Department of Human Services or Department of**  
16.24 **Health responsible for assessing or investigating reports of maltreatment.** (a) The county  
16.25 local welfare agency is the agency responsible for assessing or investigating allegations of  
16.26 maltreatment in child foster care, family child care, legally unlicensed child care, juvenile  
16.27 correctional facilities licensed under section 241.021 located in the local welfare agency's  
16.28 county, and reports involving children served by an unlicensed personal care provider  
16.29 organization under section 256B.0659. Copies of findings related to personal care provider  
16.30 organizations under section 256B.0659 must be forwarded to the Department of Human  
16.31 Services provider enrollment.

17.1 (b) The Department of Human Services is the agency responsible for assessing or  
17.2 investigating allegations of maltreatment in facilities licensed under chapters 245A and  
17.3 245D, except for child foster care and family child care.

17.4 (c) The Department of Health is the agency responsible for assessing or investigating  
17.5 allegations of child maltreatment in facilities licensed under sections 144.50 to 144.58 and  
17.6 144A.43 to 144A.482 or chapter 144H.

17.7 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 626.556, subdivision 10d, is amended to read:

17.8 Subd. 10d. **Notification of neglect or abuse in facility.** (a) When a report is received  
17.9 that alleges neglect, physical abuse, sexual abuse, or maltreatment of a child while in the  
17.10 care of a licensed or unlicensed day care facility, residential facility, agency, hospital,  
17.11 sanitarium, or other facility or institution required to be licensed according to sections 144.50  
17.12 to 144.58; 241.021; or 245A.01 to 245A.16; or chapter 144H or 245D, or a school as defined  
17.13 in section 120A.05, subdivisions 9, 11, and 13; and chapter 124E; or a nonlicensed personal  
17.14 care provider organization as defined in section 256B.0625, subdivision 19a, the  
17.15 commissioner of the agency responsible for assessing or investigating the report or local  
17.16 welfare agency investigating the report shall provide the following information to the parent,  
17.17 guardian, or legal custodian of a child alleged to have been neglected, physically abused,  
17.18 sexually abused, or the victim of maltreatment of a child in the facility: the name of the  
17.19 facility; the fact that a report alleging neglect, physical abuse, sexual abuse, or maltreatment  
17.20 of a child in the facility has been received; the nature of the alleged neglect, physical abuse,  
17.21 sexual abuse, or maltreatment of a child in the facility; that the agency is conducting an  
17.22 assessment or investigation; any protective or corrective measures being taken pending the  
17.23 outcome of the investigation; and that a written memorandum will be provided when the  
17.24 investigation is completed.

17.25 (b) The commissioner of the agency responsible for assessing or investigating the report  
17.26 or local welfare agency may also provide the information in paragraph (a) to the parent,  
17.27 guardian, or legal custodian of any other child in the facility if the investigative agency  
17.28 knows or has reason to believe the alleged neglect, physical abuse, sexual abuse, or  
17.29 maltreatment of a child in the facility has occurred. In determining whether to exercise this  
17.30 authority, the commissioner of the agency responsible for assessing or investigating the  
17.31 report or local welfare agency shall consider the seriousness of the alleged neglect, physical  
17.32 abuse, sexual abuse, or maltreatment of a child in the facility; the number of children  
17.33 allegedly neglected, physically abused, sexually abused, or victims of maltreatment of a

18.1 child in the facility; the number of alleged perpetrators; and the length of the investigation.

18.2 The facility shall be notified whenever this discretion is exercised.

18.3 (c) When the commissioner of the agency responsible for assessing or investigating the  
18.4 report or local welfare agency has completed its investigation, every parent, guardian, or  
18.5 legal custodian previously notified of the investigation by the commissioner or local welfare  
18.6 agency shall be provided with the following information in a written memorandum: the  
18.7 name of the facility investigated; the nature of the alleged neglect, physical abuse, sexual  
18.8 abuse, or maltreatment of a child in the facility; the investigator's name; a summary of the  
18.9 investigation findings; a statement whether maltreatment was found; and the protective or  
18.10 corrective measures that are being or will be taken. The memorandum shall be written in a  
18.11 manner that protects the identity of the reporter and the child and shall not contain the name,  
18.12 or to the extent possible, reveal the identity of the alleged perpetrator or of those interviewed  
18.13 during the investigation. If maltreatment is determined to exist, the commissioner or local  
18.14 welfare agency shall also provide the written memorandum to the parent, guardian, or legal  
18.15 custodian of each child in the facility who had contact with the individual responsible for  
18.16 the maltreatment. When the facility is the responsible party for maltreatment, the  
18.17 commissioner or local welfare agency shall also provide the written memorandum to the  
18.18 parent, guardian, or legal custodian of each child who received services in the population  
18.19 of the facility where the maltreatment occurred. This notification must be provided to the  
18.20 parent, guardian, or legal custodian of each child receiving services from the time the  
18.21 maltreatment occurred until either the individual responsible for maltreatment is no longer  
18.22 in contact with a child or children in the facility or the conclusion of the investigation. In  
18.23 the case of maltreatment within a school facility, as defined in section 120A.05, subdivisions  
18.24 9, 11, and 13, and chapter 124E, the commissioner of education need not provide notification  
18.25 to parents, guardians, or legal custodians of each child in the facility, but shall, within ten  
18.26 days after the investigation is completed, provide written notification to the parent, guardian,  
18.27 or legal custodian of any student alleged to have been maltreated. The commissioner of  
18.28 education may notify the parent, guardian, or legal custodian of any student involved as a  
18.29 witness to alleged maltreatment.