

SENATE  
STATE OF MINNESOTA  
EIGHTY-EIGHTH LEGISLATURE

S.F. No. 5

(SENATE AUTHORS: SHERAN, Lourey, Hayden, Champion and Hawj)

DATE	D-PG	OFFICIAL STATUS
01/10/2013	48	Introduction and first reading Referred to Health, Human Services and Housing
01/24/2013	94	Author added Hayden
01/31/2013	110a	Comm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to Finance
	133	Authors added Champion; Hawj
02/11/2013	200a	Comm report: To pass as amended
	203	Second reading
02/13/2013	210	HF substituted on General Orders HF9

1.1

A bill for an act

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relating to human services; expanding medical assistance eligibility; requiring

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the use of modified adjusted gross income and a standard income disregard;

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amending Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 256B.02, by adding a subdivision;

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256B.055, by adding a subdivision; 256B.056, subdivisions 1a, 3c, 4.

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

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Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 256B.02, is amended by adding a

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subdivision to read:

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Subd. 17. **Affordable Care Act or ACA.** "Affordable Care Act" or "ACA" means

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Public Law 111-148, as amended by the federal Health Care and Education Reconciliation

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Act of 2010 (Public Law 111-152), and any amendments to, or regulations or guidance

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issued under, those acts.

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**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2014.

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Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 256B.055, is amended by adding a

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subdivision to read:

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Subd. 16. **Children ages 19 and 20.** Medical assistance may be paid for children

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who are 19 to 20 years of age.

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**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2014.

1.19

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 256B.056, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

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Subd. 1a. **Income and assets generally.** (a)(1) Unless specifically required by

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state law or rule or federal law or regulation, the methodologies used in counting income

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and assets to determine eligibility for medical assistance for persons whose eligibility

category is based on blindness, disability, or age of 65 or more years, the methodologies for the supplemental security income program shall be used, except as provided under subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clause (6).

(2) Increases in benefits under title II of the Social Security Act shall not be counted as income for purposes of this subdivision until July 1 of each year. Effective upon federal approval, for children eligible under section 256B.055, subdivision 12, or for home and community-based waiver services whose eligibility for medical assistance is determined without regard to parental income, child support payments, including any payments made by an obligor in satisfaction of or in addition to a temporary or permanent order for child support, and Social Security payments are not counted as income. For families and children, which includes all other eligibility categories, the methodologies under the state's AFDC plan in effect as of July 16, 1996, as required by the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 (PRWORA), Public Law 104-193, shall be used, except that effective October 1, 2003, the earned income disregards and deductions are limited to those in subdivision 1e.

(b)(1) The modified adjusted gross income methodology as defined in the Affordable Care Act shall be used for eligibility categories based on:

(i) children under age 19 and their parents and relative caretakers as defined in section 256B.055, subdivision 3a;

(ii) children ages 19 to 20 as defined in section 256B.055, subdivision 16;

(iii) pregnant women as defined in section 256B.055, subdivision 6;

(iv) infants as defined in sections 256B.055, subdivision 10, and 256B.057, subdivision 8; and

(v) adults without children as defined in section 256B.055, subdivision 15.

For these purposes, a "methodology" does not include an asset or income standard, or accounting method, or method of determining effective dates.

(2) For individuals whose income eligibility is determined using the modified adjusted gross income methodology in clause (1), the commissioner shall subtract from the individual's modified adjusted gross income an amount equivalent to five percent of the federal poverty guidelines.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2014.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 256B.056, subdivision 3c, is amended to read:

Subd. 3c. **Asset limitations for families and children.** (a) A household of two or more persons must not own more than \$20,000 in total net assets, and a household of one person must not own more than \$10,000 in total net assets. In addition to these maximum

amounts, an eligible individual or family may accrue interest on these amounts, but they must be reduced to the maximum at the time of an eligibility redetermination. The value of assets that are not considered in determining eligibility for medical assistance for families and children is the value of those assets excluded under the AFDC state plan as of July 16, 1996, as required by the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 (PRWORA), Public Law 104-193, with the following exceptions:

(1) household goods and personal effects are not considered;

(2) capital and operating assets of a trade or business up to \$200,000 are not considered, except that a bank account that contains personal income or assets, or is used to pay personal expenses, is not considered a capital or operating asset of a trade or business;

(3) one motor vehicle is excluded for each person of legal driving age who is employed or seeking employment;

(4) assets designated as burial expenses are excluded to the same extent they are excluded by the Supplemental Security Income program;

(5) court-ordered settlements up to \$10,000 are not considered;

(6) individual retirement accounts and funds are not considered;

(7) assets owned by children are not considered; and

(8) effective July 1, 2009, certain assets owned by American Indians are excluded as required by section 5006 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, Public Law 111-5. For purposes of this clause, an American Indian is any person who meets the definition of Indian according to Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 447.50.

The assets specified in clause (2) must be disclosed to the local agency at the time of application and at the time of an eligibility redetermination, and must be verified upon request of the local agency.

(b) Beginning January 1, 2014, this subdivision applies only to parents and caretaker relatives who qualify for medical assistance under subdivision 5.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2014.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 256B.056, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Income.** (a) To be eligible for medical assistance, a person eligible under section 256B.055, subdivisions 7, 7a, and 12, may have income up to 100 percent of the federal poverty guidelines. Effective January 1, 2000, and each successive January, recipients of supplemental security income may have an income up to the supplemental security income standard in effect on that date.

(b) To be eligible for medical assistance, families and children may have an income up to 133-1/3 percent of the AFDC income standard in effect under the July 16, 1996, AFDC state plan. Effective July 1, 2000, the base AFDC standard in effect on July 16, 1996, shall be increased by three percent.

(c) Effective ~~July 1, 2002~~ January 1, 2014, to be eligible for medical assistance, ~~families and children~~ under section 256B.055, subdivision 3a, a parent or caretaker relative may have an income up to ~~100~~ 133 percent of the federal poverty guidelines for the ~~family~~ household size.

(d) To be eligible for medical assistance under section 256B.055, subdivision 15, a person may have an income up to ~~75~~ 133 percent of federal poverty guidelines for the ~~family~~ household size.

~~(e) In computing income to determine eligibility of persons under paragraphs (a) to (d) who are not residents of long-term care facilities, the commissioner shall disregard increases in income as required by Public Laws 94-566, section 503; 99-272; and 99-509. Veterans aid and attendance benefits and Veterans Administration unusual medical expense payments are considered income to the recipient.~~ To be eligible for medical assistance under section 256B.055, subdivision 16, a child may have an income up to 133 percent of the federal poverty guidelines for the household size.

(f) In computing income to determine eligibility of persons under paragraphs (a) to (e) who are not residents of long-term care facilities, the commissioner shall disregard increases in income as required by Public Laws 94-566, section 503; 99-272; and 99-509. For persons eligible under paragraph (a), veteran aid and attendance benefits and Veterans Administration unusual medical expense payments are considered income to the recipient.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2014.

Sec. 6. **TRANSFER.**

The commissioner of management and budget shall transfer from the health care access fund to the general fund up to \$21,319,000 in fiscal year 2014; up to \$42,314,000 in fiscal year 2015; up to \$56,147,000 in fiscal year 2016; and up to \$64,683,000 in fiscal year 2017, to pay the medical assistance costs for persons eligible for medical assistance as a result of the January 1, 2014, expansion of medical assistance eligibility in this act who were or would have been eligible for MinnesotaCare as of December 31, 2013.