KLL/HL

SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETY-SECOND SESSION

S.F. No. 3315

(SENATE AUTH	IORS: BIGH	AM)
DATE 02/21/2022	D-PG 5077	OFFICIAL STATUS Introduction and first reading Referred to Judiciary and Public Safety Finance and Policy

1.1	A bill for an act
1.2 1.3	relating to corrections; combining Advisory Council on Interstate Adult Supervision with Interstate Commission for Juveniles; amending Minnesota Statutes 2020,
1.4	sections 243.1606; 260.515.
1.5	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
1.6	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 243.1606, is amended to read:
1.7	243.1606 ADVISORY COUNCIL ON INTERSTATE ADULT OFFENDER
1.8	SUPERVISION.
1.9	Subdivision 1. Membership. The Advisory Council on Interstate Adult Offender
1.10	Supervision eonsists shall be combined with the Interstate Commission for Juveniles
1.11	established by section 260.515 and consist of the following individuals or their designees:
1.12	(1) the governor;
1.13	(2) the chief justice of the supreme court;
1.14	(3) two senators, one from the majority and the other from the minority party, selected
1.15	by the Subcommittee on Committees of the senate Committee on Rules and Administration;
1.16	(4) two representatives, one from the majority and the other from the minority party,
1.17	selected by the house speaker;
1.18	(5) the compact administrator, selected as provided in section 243.1607;
1.19	(6) a representative from the Department of Human Services regarding the Interstate
1.20	Compact for the Placement of Children;

2.1 (6) (7) the executive director of the Office of Justice Programs in the Department of

2.2 Public Safety; and

- 2.3 (8) the deputy compact administrator as defined in section 260.515;
- 2.4 (9) a representative from the State Public Defender's Office;
- 2.5 (10) a representative from the Minnesota County Attorney's Association;
- 2.6 (11) a representative from the Minnesota Sheriff's Association;
- 2.7 (12) a representative from the Minnesota Association of County Probation Officers;
- 2.8 (13) a representative from the Minnesota Association of Community Corrections Act
- 2.9 <u>Counties;</u>
- 2.10 (14) a representative from the community at large;
- 2.11 (15) a representative from a community organization working with victims of crimes;
- 2.12 <u>and</u>
- 2.13 (7) (16) other members as appointed by the commissioner of corrections.
- 2.14 The council may elect a chair from among its members.
- Subd. 2. Duties. The council shall oversee and administer the state's participation in the
 compact both compacts described in section sections 243.1605 and 260.515. The council
 shall appoint the compact administrator as the state's commissioner. In addition to these
 duties, the council shall develop a model policy concerning the operations and procedures
 of the compact within the state.
- Subd. 3. Annual report. By March 1 of each year, the council shall report to the governor 2.20 and the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and house of representatives 2.21 committees having jurisdiction over criminal justice policy on its activities along with 2.22 providing a copy of the annual report published by the national commission that includes 2.23 the activities of the interstate commission and executive committee as described in section 2.24 243.1605 for the preceding year. The council's annual report will also include information 2.25 required of the Interstate Commission for Juveniles as described in Article IV in section 2.26 260.515. 2.27

Subd. 4. Expiration; expenses. The provisions of section 15.059 apply to the council.

^{2.28}

	01/27/22	REVISOR	KLL/HL	22-05702	as introduced
3.1	Sec. 2. Mi	innesota Statutes 2	020, section 260.5	15, is amended to read:	
3.2	260.515	INTERSTATE C	COMPACT FOR J	UVENILES.	
3.3	The Inte	rstate Compact for	r Juveniles is enacte	ed into law and entered i	nto with all other
3.4	states legall	y joining in it in st	ubstantially the foll	owing form:	
3.5			ARTICLE	EI	
3.6			PURPOS	E	
3.7	The com	pacting states to th	nis Interstate Compa	act recognize that each st	ate is responsible
3.8	for the prop	er supervision or r	eturn of juveniles,	delinquents, and status c	offenders who are
3.9	on probation	n or parole and wh	o have absconded,	escaped, or run away fro	om supervision
3.10	and control	and in so doing ha	ve endangered thei	r own safety and the safe	ety of others. The
3.11	compacting	states also recogni	ze that each state is	responsible for the safe r	eturn of juveniles
3.12	who have ru	in away from hom	e and in doing so h	ave left their state of res	idence. The
3.13	compacting	states also recogn	ize that Congress, b	y enacting the Crime Co	ntrol Act, United
3.14	States Code	, title 4, section 11	2 (1965), has authorized a constraint of the second	orized and encouraged co	ompacts for
3.15	cooperative	efforts and mutua	l assistance in the p	prevention of crime.	
3.16	It is the	purpose of this con	npact, through mea	ns of joint and cooperat	ive action among
3.17	the compact	ting states to:			
3.18	(A) ensu	re that the adjudic	ated juveniles and	status offenders subject	to this compact
3.19	are provided	d adequate supervi	sion and services in	n the receiving state as o	rdered by the
3.20	adjudicating	g judge or parole a	uthority in the send	ling state;	
3.21	(B) ensu	re that the public sa	afety interests of the	e citizens, including the v	ictims of juvenile
3.22	offenders, in	n both the sending	and receiving state	es are adequately protect	ed;
3.23	(C) retur	rn juveniles who h	ave run away, absc	onded, or escaped from	supervision or
3.24	control or h	ave been accused	of an offense to the	state requesting their re	turn;
3.25	(D) mak	e contracts for the	cooperative institut	ionalization in public fac	cilities in member
3.26	states for de	elinquent youth nee	eding special servic	ces;	
3.27	(E) prov	ide for the effectiv	ve tracking and sup	ervision of juveniles;	
3.28	(F) equit	tably allocate the c	costs, benefits, and	obligations of the compa	act states;
3.29	(G) estal	blish procedures to	manage the move	ment between states of j	uvenile offenders
3.30	released to t	the community un	der the jurisdiction	of courts, juvenile depar	tments, or any
3.31	other crimir	nal or juvenile just	ice agency which h	as jurisdiction over juve	nile offenders;

4.1	(H) insure immediate notice to jurisdictions where defined juvenile offenders are
4.2	authorized to travel or to relocate across state lines;
4.3	(I) establish procedures to resolve pending charges (detainers) against juvenile offenders
4.4	prior to transfer or release to the community under the terms of this compact;
4.5	(J) establish a system of uniform data collection on information pertaining to juveniles
4.6	subject to this compact that allows access by authorized juvenile justice and criminal justice
4.7	officials, and regular reporting of compact activities to heads of state; executive, judicial,
4.8	and legislative branches; and juvenile criminal justice administrators;
4.9	(K) monitor compliance with rules governing interstate movement of juveniles and
4.10	initiate interventions to address and correct noncompliance;
4.11	(L) coordinate training and education regarding the regulation of interstate movement
4.12	of juveniles for officials involved in such activity; and
4.13	(M) coordinate the implementation and operation of the compact with the Interstate
4.14	Compact for the Placement of Children, the Interstate Compact for Adult Offender
4.15	Supervision, and other compacts affecting juveniles particularly in those cases where
4.16	concurrent or overlapping supervision issues arise.
4.17	It is the policy of the compacting states that the activities conducted by the Interstate
4.18	Commission created herein are the information of public policies and therefore are public
4.19	business. Furthermore, the compacting states shall cooperate and observe their individual
4.20	and collective duties and responsibilities for the prompt return and acceptance of juveniles
4.21	subject to the provisions of this compact. The provisions of this compact shall be reasonably
4.22	and liberally construed to accomplish the purpose and policies of the compact.
4.23	ARTICLE II
4.24	DEFINITIONS
4.25	As used in this compact, unless the context clearly requires a different construction:
4.26	A. "Bylaws" means those bylaws established by the commission for its governance, or
4.27	for directing or controlling its actions or conduct.

B. "Compact administrator" means the individual in each compacting state appointed
pursuant to the terms of this compact responsible for the administration and management
of the state's supervision and transfer of juveniles subject to the terms of this compact, the
rules adopted by the Interstate Commission, and policies adopted by the state council under
this compact.

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5.1 C. "Compacting state" means any state which has enacted the enabling legislation for 5.2 this compact.

5.3 D. "Commissioner" means the voting representative of each compacting state appointed
5.4 pursuant to Article III of this compact.

E. "Court" means any court having jurisdiction over delinquent, neglected, or dependentchildren.

5.7 F. "Deputy compact administrator" means the individual, if any, in each compacting 5.8 state appointed to act on behalf of a compact administrator pursuant to the terms of this 5.9 compact responsible for the administration and management of the state's supervision and 5.10 transfer of juveniles subject to the terms of this compact, the rules adopted by the Interstate 5.11 Commission, and policies adopted by the state council under this compact.

5.12 G. "Interstate Commission" means the Interstate Commission for Juveniles created by5.13 Article III of this compact.

5.14 H. "Juvenile" means any person defined as a juvenile in any member state or by the rules
5.15 of the Interstate Commission, including:

5.16 (1) accused delinquent - a person charged with an offense that, if committed by an adult,
5.17 would be a criminal offense;

5.18 (2) adjudicated delinquent - a person found to have committed an offense that, if5.19 committed by an adult, would be a criminal offense;

5.20 (3) accused status offender - a person charged with an offense that would not be a criminal
5.21 offense if committed by an adult;

5.22 (4) adjudicated status offender - a person found to have committed an offense that would
5.23 not be a criminal offense if committed by an adult; and

5.24 (5) nonoffender - a person in need of supervision who has not been accused or adjudicated
5.25 a status offender or delinquent.

5.26 I. "Noncompacting state" means any state which has not enacted the enabling legislation5.27 for this compact.

J. "Probation" or "parole" means any kind of supervision or conditional release ofjuveniles authorized under the laws of the compacting states.

K. "Rule" means a written statement by the Interstate Commission promulgated pursuant
to Article VI of this compact that is of general applicability, implements, interprets, or
prescribes a policy or provision of the compact, or an organizational, procedural, or practice

Sec. 2.

requirement of the commission, and has the force and effect of statutory law in a compacting 6.1 state, and includes the amendment, repeal, or suspension of an existing rule. 6.2 L. "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia (or its designee), 6.3 the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, American 6.4 Samoa, and the Northern Marianas. 6.5 ARTICLE III 6.6 INTERSTATE COMMISSION FOR JUVENILES 6.7 A. The compacting states hereby create the "Interstate Commission for Juveniles." The 6.8 commission shall be a body corporate and joint agency of the compacting states. The 6.9 commission shall have all the responsibilities, powers, and duties set forth herein, and such 6.10 additional powers as may be conferred upon it by subsequent action of the respective 6.11 legislatures of the compacting states in accordance with the terms of this compact. 6.12 B. The Interstate Commission shall consist of commissioners appointed by the appropriate 6.13 appointing authority in each state pursuant to the rules and requirements of each compacting 6.14 state and in consultation with the State Advisory Council for Interstate Supervision of 6.15 Juvenile Offenders and Runaways created hereunder. The commissioner shall be the compact 6.16 administrator. The commissioner of corrections or the commissioner's designee shall serve 6.17 as the compact administrator, who shall serve on the Interstate Commission in such capacity 6.18 under or pursuant to the applicable law of the compacting state. 6.19 C. In addition to the commissioners who are the voting representatives of each state, the 6.20 Interstate Commission shall include individuals who are not commissioners but who are 6.21 members of interested organizations. Such noncommissioner members must include a 6.22 member of the national organizations of governors, legislators, state chief justices, attorneys 6.23 general, Interstate Compact for Adult Offender Supervision, Interstate Compact on the 6.24 Placement of Children, juvenile justice and juvenile corrections officials, and crime victims. 6.25 All noncommissioner members of the Interstate Commission shall be ex-officio (nonvoting) 6.26 members. The Interstate Commission may provide in its bylaws for such additional ex-officio 6.27

6.28 (nonvoting) members, including members of other national organizations, in such numbers
6.29 as shall be determined by the commission.

D. Each compacting state represented at any meeting of the commission is entitled to
one vote. A majority of the compacting states shall constitute a quorum for the transaction
of business, unless a larger quorum is required by the bylaws of the Interstate Commission.

E. The commission shall meet at least once each calendar year. The chair may calladditional meetings and, upon the request of a simple majority of the compacting states,

7.1 shall call additional meetings. Public notice shall be given of all meetings and meetings7.2 shall be open to the public.

F. The Interstate Commission shall establish an executive committee, which shall include 7.3 commission officers, members, and others as determined by the bylaws. The executive 7.4 committee shall have the power to act on behalf of the Interstate Commission during periods 7.5 when the Interstate Commission is not in session, with the exception of rulemaking and/or 7.6 amendment to the compact. The executive committee shall oversee the day-to-day activities 7.7 of the administration of the compact managed by an executive director and Interstate 7.8 Commission staff; administer enforcement and compliance with the provisions of the 7.9 compact, its bylaws, and rules; and perform such other duties as directed by the Interstate 7.10 Commission or set forth in the bylaws. 7.11

G. Each member of the Interstate Commission shall have the right and power to cast a 7.12 vote to which that compacting state is entitled and to participate in the business and affairs 7.13 of the Interstate Commission. A member shall vote in person and shall not delegate a vote 7.14 to another compacting state. However, a commissioner, in consultation with the state council, 7.15 shall appoint another authorized representative, in the absence of the commissioner from 7.16 that state, to cast a vote on behalf of the compacting state at a specified meeting. The bylaws 7.17 may provide for members' participation in meetings by telephone or other means of 7.18 telecommunication or electronic communication. 7.19

H. The Interstate Commission's bylaws shall establish conditions and procedures under
which the Interstate Commission shall make its information and official records available
to the public for inspection or copying. The Interstate Commission may exempt from
disclosure any information or official records to the extent they would adversely affect
personal privacy rights or proprietary interests.

I. Public notice shall be given of all meetings and all meetings shall be open to the public,
except as set forth in the rules or as otherwise provided in the compact. The Interstate
Commission and any of its committees may close a meeting to the public where it determines
by two-thirds vote that an open meeting would be likely to:

7.29 1. relate solely to the Interstate Commission's internal personnel practices and procedures;

7.30 2. disclose matters specifically exempted from disclosure by statute;

7.31 3. disclose trade secrets or commercial or financial information which is privileged or7.32 confidential;

7.33

4. involve accusing any person of a crime or formally censuring any person;

5. disclose information of a personal nature where disclosure would constitute a clearly
unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;

8.3 6. disclose investigative records compiled for law enforcement purposes;

8.4 7. disclose information contained in or related to examination, operating or condition
8.5 reports prepared by, or on behalf of or for the use of, the Interstate Commission with respect
8.6 to a regulated person or entity for the purpose of regulation or supervision of such person
8.7 or entity;

8.8 8. disclose information, the premature disclosure of which would significantly endanger
8.9 the stability of a regulated person or entity;

9. specifically relate to the Interstate Commission's issuance of a subpoena or its
participation in a civil action or other legal proceeding.

J. For every meeting closed pursuant to this provision, the Interstate Commission's legal 8.12 counsel shall publicly certify that, in the legal counsel's opinion, the meeting may be closed 8.13 to the public, and shall reference each relevant exemptive provision. The Interstate 8.14 Commission shall keep minutes which shall fully and clearly describe all matters discussed 8.15 in any meeting and shall provide a full and accurate summary of any actions taken, and the 8.16 reasons therefore, including a description of each of the views expressed on any item and 8.17 the record of any roll call vote (reflected in the vote of each member on the question). All 8.18 documents considered in connection with any action shall be identified in such minutes. 8.19

K. The Interstate Commission shall collect standardized data concerning the interstate
movement of juveniles as directed through its rules which shall specify the data to be
collected, the means of collection, and data exchange and reporting requirements. Such
methods of data collection, exchange, and reporting shall insofar as is reasonably possible
conform to up-to-date technology and coordinate its information functions with the
appropriate repository of records.

8.26

ARTICLE IV

8.27

POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION

8.28 The commission shall have the following powers and duties:

8.29 1. To provide for dispute resolution among compacting states.

8.30 2. To promulgate rules to affect the purposes and obligations as enumerated in this
8.31 compact, which shall have the force and effect of statutory law and shall be binding in the
8.32 compact states to the extent and in the manner provided in this compact.

9.1 3. To oversee, supervise, and coordinate the interstate movement of juveniles subject to
9.2 the terms of this compact and any bylaws adopted and rules promulgated by the Interstate
9.3 Commission.

9.4 4. To enforce compliance with the compact provisions, the rules promulgated by the
9.5 Interstate Commission, and the bylaws, using all necessary and proper means, including
9.6 but not limited to the use of judicial process.

9.7 5. To establish and maintain offices which shall be located within one or more of the9.8 compacting states.

9.9 6. To purchase and maintain insurance and bonds.

9.10 7. To borrow, accept, hire, or contract for services of personnel.

8. To establish and appoint committees and hire staff which it deems necessary for the
carrying out of its functions including, but not limited to, an executive committee as required
by Article III, which shall have the power to act on behalf of the Interstate Commission in
carrying out its powers and duties hereunder.

9.15 9. To elect or appoint such officers, attorneys, employees, agents, or consultants, and to
9.16 fix their compensation, define their duties, and determine their qualifications; and to establish
9.17 the Interstate Commission's personnel policies and programs relating to, inter alia, conflicts
9.18 of interest, rates of compensation, and qualifications of personnel.

- 9.19 10. To accept any and all donations and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials,
 9.20 and services, and to receive, utilize, and dispose of it.
- 9.21 11. To lease, purchase, accept contributions or donations of, or otherwise to own, hold,
 9.22 improve, or use any property, real, personal, or mixed.

9.23 12. To sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon, or otherwise dispose9.24 of any property, real, personal, or mixed.

9.25 13. To establish a budget, make expenditures, and levy dues as provided in Article VIII9.26 of this compact.

9.27 14. To sue and be sued.

9.28 15. To adopt a seal and bylaws governing the management and operation of the Interstate9.29 Commission.

9.30 16. To perform such functions as may be necessary or appropriate to achieve the purposes9.31 of this compact.

10.1	17. To report annually to the legislatures, governors, judiciary, and state councils of the
10.2	compacting states concerning the activities of the Interstate Commission during the preceding
10.3	year. Such reports shall also include any recommendations that may have been adopted by
10.4	the Interstate Commission.
10.5	18. To coordinate education, training, and public awareness regarding the interstate
10.6	movement of juveniles for officials involved in such activity.
10.7	19. To establish uniform standards of the reporting, collecting, and exchanging of data.
10.8	20. The Interstate Commission shall maintain its corporate books and records in
10.9	accordance with the bylaws.
10.10	ARTICLE V
10.11 10.12	ORGANIZATION AND OPERATION OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION
10.13	Section A. Bylaws.
10.14	1. The Interstate Commission shall, by a majority of the members present and voting,
10.15	within 12 months after the first Interstate Commission meeting, adopt bylaws to govern its
10.16	conduct as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes of the compact,
10.17	including, but not limited to:
10.18	a. establishing the fiscal year of the Interstate Commission;
10.19	b. establishing an executive committee and such other committees as may be necessary;
10.20	c. provide: (i) for the establishment of committees, and (ii) governing any general or
10.21	specific delegation of any authority or function of the Interstate Commission;
10.22	d. providing reasonable procedures for calling and conducting meetings of the Interstate
10.23	Commission and ensuring reasonable notice of each such meeting;
10.24	e. establishing the titles and responsibilities of the officers of the Interstate Commission;
10.25	f. providing a mechanism for concluding the operations of the Interstate Commission
10.26	and the return of any surplus funds that may exist upon the termination of the compact after
10.27	the payment and/or reserving of all of its debts and obligations;
10.28	g. providing "start-up" rules for initial administration of the compact;
10.29	h. establishing standards and procedures for compliance and technical assistance in
10.30	carrying out the compact.
10.31	Section B. Officers and staff.

1. The Interstate Commission shall, by a majority of the members, elect annually from 11.1 among its members a chair and a vice-chair, each of whom shall have such authority and 11.2 duties as may be specified in the bylaws. The chair or, in the chair's absence or disability, 11.3 the vice-chair shall preside at all meetings of the Interstate Commission. The officers so 11.4 elected shall serve without compensation or remuneration from the Interstate Commission; 11.5 provided that, subject to the availability of budget funds, the officers shall be reimbursed 11.6 for any ordinary and necessary costs and expenses incurred by them in the performance of 11.7 their responsibilities as officers of the Interstate Commission. 11.8

2. The Interstate Commission shall, through its executive committee, appoint or retain 11.9 an executive director for such period, upon such terms and conditions, and for such 11.10 compensation as the Interstate Commission may deem appropriate. The executive director 11.11 shall serve as secretary to the Interstate Commission, but shall not be a member and shall 11.12 hire and supervise such other staff as may be authorized by the Interstate Commission. 11.13

Section C. Qualified immunity, defense, and indemnification. 11.14

1. The commission's executive director and employees shall be immune from suit and 11.15 liability, either personally or in their official capacity, for any claim for damage to or loss 11.16 of property or personal injury or other civil liability caused or arising out of or relating to 11.17 any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred, or that such person had a 11.18 reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, 11.19 or responsibilities; provided, that any such person shall not be protected from suit or liability 11.20 for any damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the intentional or willful and wanton 11.21 misconduct of any such person. 11.22

2. The liability of any commissioner, or the employee or agent of a commissioner, acting 11.23 within the scope of such person's employment or duties for acts, errors, or omissions 11.24 occurring within such person's state may not exceed the limits of liability set forth under 11.25 11.26 the Constitution and laws of that state for state officials, employees, and agents. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to protect any such person from suit or liability for any 11.27 damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the intentional or willful and wanton misconduct 11.28 of any such person. 11.29

3. The Interstate Commission shall defend the executive director or the employees or 11.30 representatives of the Interstate Commission and, subject to the approval of the attorney 11.31 general of the state represented by any commissioner of a compacting state, shall defend 11.32 such commissioner or the commissioner's representatives or employees in any civil action 11.33 seeking to impose liability arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that 11.34

occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities,
or that the defendant has a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of
Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that the actual or
alleged act, error, or omission did not result from intentional or willful and wanton

12.5 misconduct on the part of such person.

4. The Interstate Commission shall indemnify and hold the commissioner of a compacting 12.6 state, or the commissioner's representatives or employees, or the Interstate Commission's 12.7 12.8 representatives or employees, harmless in the amount of any settlement or judgment obtained against such persons arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred 12.9 within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that 12.10 such persons had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Interstate 12.11 Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that the actual or alleged act, 12.12 error, or omission did not result from intentional or willful and wanton misconduct on the 12.13 part of such persons. 12.14

12.15

12.16

ARTICLE VI

RULEMAKING FUNCTIONS OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION

12.17 1. The Interstate Commission shall promulgate and publish rules in order to effectively12.18 and efficiently achieve the purposes of the compact.

2. Rulemaking shall occur pursuant to the criteria set forth in this article and the bylaws 12.19 and rules adopted pursuant thereto. Such rulemaking shall substantially conform to the 12.20 principles of the "Model State Administrative Procedures Act," 1981 Act, Uniform Laws 12.21 12.22 Annotated, Vol. 15, page 1 (2000), or such other administrative procedures act, as the Interstate Commission deems appropriate consistent with due process requirements under 12.23 the United States Constitution as now or hereafter interpreted by the United States Supreme 12.24 Court. All rules and amendments shall become binding as of the date specified, as published 12.25 with the final version of the rule as approved by the commission. 12.26

12.27 3. When promulgating a rule, the Interstate Commission shall, at a minimum:

a. publish the proposed rule's entire text stating the reasons for that proposed rule;

b. allow and invite any and all persons to submit written data, facts, opinions, and
arguments, which information shall be added to the record, and be made publicly available;

12.31 c. provide an opportunity for an informal hearing if petitioned by ten or more persons;12.32 and

d. promulgate a final rule and its effective date, if appropriate, based on input from stateor local officials, or interested parties.

4. The Interstate Commission shall allow, not later than 60 days after a rule is 13.3 promulgated, any interested person to file a petition in the United States District Court for 13.4 the District of Columbia or in the federal District Court where the Interstate Commission's 13.5 principal office is located for judicial review of such rule. If the court finds that the Interstate 13.6 Commission's action is not supported by substantial evidence in the rulemaking record, the 13.7 13.8 court shall hold the rule unlawful and set it aside. For purposes of this subsection, evidence is substantial if it would be considered substantial evidence under the Model (State) 13.9 Administrative Procedures Act. 13.10

13.11 5. If a majority of the legislatures of the compacting states rejects a rule, those states
13.12 may, by enactment of a statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt the compact,
13.13 cause that such rule shall have no further force and effect in any compacting state.

6. The existing rules governing the operation of the Interstate Compact on Juveniles
superceded by this act shall be null and void 12 months after the first meeting of the Interstate
Commission created hereunder.

7. Upon determination by the Interstate Commission that a state of emergency exists, it
may promulgate an emergency rule which shall become effective immediately upon adoption,
provided that the usual rulemaking procedures provided hereunder shall be retroactively
applied to said rule as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than 90 days after the effective
date of the emergency rule.

13.22

13.23 13.24

ARTICLE VII

OVERSIGHT, ENFORCEMENT, AND DISPUTE RESOLUTION BY THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION

13.25 Section A. Oversight.

The Interstate Commission shall oversee the administration and operations of the
 interstate movement of juveniles subject to this compact in the compacting states and shall
 monitor such activities being administered in noncompacting states which may significantly
 affect compacting states.

2. The courts and executive agencies in each compacting state shall enforce this compact
and shall take all actions necessary and appropriate to effectuate the compact's purposes
and intent. The provisions of this compact and the rules promulgated hereunder shall be
received by all the judges, public officers, commissions, and departments of the state
government as evidence of the authorized statute and administrative rules. All courts shall

take judicial notice of the compact and the rules. In any judicial or administrative proceeding
in a compacting state pertaining to the subject matter of this compact which may affect the
powers, responsibilities, or actions of the Interstate Commission, it shall be entitled to
receive all service of process in any such proceeding, and shall have standing to intervene
in the proceeding for all purposes.

3. The compact administrator shall assess and collect fines, fees, and costs from any
state or local entity deemed responsible by the compact administrator for a default as
determined by the Interstate Commission under Article XI.

14.9 Section B. Dispute resolution.

14.10
 1. The compacting states shall report to the Interstate Commission on all issues and
 14.11 activities necessary for the administration of the compact as well as issues and activities
 14.12 pertaining to compliance with the provisions of the compact and its bylaws and rules.

14.13 2. The Interstate Commission shall attempt, upon the request of a compacting state, to
14.14 resolve any disputes or other issues which are subject to the compact and which may arise
14.15 among compacting states and between compacting and noncompacting states. The
14.16 commission shall promulgate a rule providing for both mediation and binding dispute
14.17 resolution for disputes among the compacting states.

3. The Interstate Commission, in the reasonable exercise of its discretion, shall enforce
the provisions and rules of this compact using any or all means set forth in Article XI of
this compact.

14.21

14.22

ARTICLE VIII

FINANCE

14.23 1. The Interstate Commission shall pay or provide for the payment of the reasonable
14.24 expenses of its establishment, organization, and ongoing activities.

2. The Interstate Commission shall levy on and collect an annual assessment from each 14.25 compacting state to cover the cost of the internal operations and activities of the Interstate 14.26 Commission and its staff which must be in a total amount sufficient to cover the Interstate 14.27 Commission's annual budget as approved each year. The aggregate annual assessment 14.28 amount shall be allocated based upon a formula to be determined by the Interstate 14.29 Commission, taking into consideration the population of each compacting state and the 14.30 volume of interstate movement of juveniles in each compacting state, and shall promulgate 14.31 a rule binding upon all compacting states which governs said assessment. 14.32

3. The Interstate Commission shall not incur any obligations of any kind prior to securing
the funds adequate to meet the same; nor shall the Interstate Commission pledge the credit
of any of the compacting states, except by and with the authority of the compacting state.

4. The Interstate Commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and
disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the Interstate Commission shall be subject
to the audit and accounting procedures established under its bylaws. However, all receipts
and disbursements of funds handled by the Interstate Commission shall be audited yearly
by a certified or licensed public accountant and the report of the audit shall be included in
and become part of the annual report of the Interstate Commission.

5. Minnesota's annual assessment shall not exceed \$30,000. The Interstate Compact for Juveniles fund is established as a special fund in the Department of Corrections. The fund consists of money appropriated for the purpose of meeting financial obligations imposed on the state as a result of Minnesota's participation in this compact. An assessment levied or any other financial obligation imposed under this compact is effective against the state only to the extent that money to pay the assessment or meet the financial obligation has been appropriated and deposited in the fund established in this paragraph.

15.17 ARTICLE IX

THE STATE ADVISORY COUNCIL

Each member state shall create a State Advisory Council for the Interstate Compact for
 Juveniles. The Advisory Council on the Interstate Compact for Juveniles consists shall be
 combined with the Advisory Council on Interstate Adult Offender Supervision established
 by section 243.1606 and consist of the following individuals or their designees:

15.23 (1) the governor;

15.18

15.24 (2) the chief justice of the Supreme Court;

(3) two senators, one from the majority and the other from the minority party, selectedby the Subcommittee on Committees of the senate Committee on Rules and Administration;

(4) two representatives, one from the majority and the other from the minority party,selected by the house speaker;

- (5) a representative from the Department of Human Services regarding the InterstateCompact for the Placement of Children;
- 15.31 (6) the compact administrator, selected as provided in Article III;
- 15.32 (7) the executive director of the Office of Justice Programs or designee;

16.1	(8) the deputy compact administrator; and
16.2	(9) a representative from the State Public Defender's Office;
16.3	(10) a representative from the Minnesota County Attorney's Association;
16.4	(11) a representative from the Minnesota Sheriff's Association;
16.5	(12) a representative from the Minnesota Association of County Probation Officers;
16.6	(13) a representative from the Minnesota Association of Community Corrections Act
16.7	Counties;
16.8	(14) a representative from the community at large;
16.9	(15) a representative from a community organization working with victims of crimes;
16.10	and
16.11	(9) (16) other members as appointed by the commissioner of corrections.
16.12	The council may elect a chair from among its members.
16.13	The council shall oversee and administer the state's participation in the compact as
16.14	described in Article III. The council shall appoint the compact administrator as the state's
16.15	commissioner.
16.16	The state advisory council will advise and exercise advocacy concerning that state's
16.17	participation in Interstate Commission activities and other duties as may be determined by
16.18	that state, including, but not limited to, development of policy concerning operations and
16.19	procedures of the compact within that state.
16.20	Expiration; expenses. The provisions of section 15.059 apply to the council except that
16.21	it does not expire.
16.22	ARTICLE X
16.23 16.24	COMPACTING STATES, EFFECTIVE DATE, AND AMENDMENT
16.25	1. Any state, the District of Columbia (or its designee), the Commonwealth of Puerto
16.26	Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the Northern Marianas
16.27	Islands as defined in Article II of this compact is eligible to become a compacting state.
16.28	2. The compact shall become effective and binding upon legislative enactment of the
16.29	compact into law by no less than 35 of the states. The initial effective date shall be the later
16.30	of July 1, 2004, or upon enactment into law by the 35th jurisdiction. Thereafter, it shall
16.31	become effective and binding as to any other compacting state upon enactment of the
16.32	compact into law by that state. The governors of nonmember states or their designees shall

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17.1	be invited to pa	rticipate in the ac	ctivities of the Ir	nterstate Commission on a	nonvoting basis
17.2	prior to adoptic	on of the compact	t by all states and	d territories of the United S	States.
17.3	3. The Inter	state Commission	n may propose a	mendments to the compac	t for enactment
17.4	by the compact	ing states. No an	nendment shall b	become effective and bindi	ng upon the
17.5	Interstate Com	mission and the c	compacting state	s unless and until it is enac	ted into law by
17.6	unanimous con	sent of the compa	acting states.		
17.7			ARTICLE	EXI	
17.8 17.9			WAL, DEFAU JUDICIAL EN	LT, TERMINATION, FORCEMENT	
17.10	Section A.	Withdrawal.			
17.11	1. Once effe	ective, the compa	ct shall continue	e in force and remain bindi	ng upon each
17.12	and every com	pacting state; pro	vided that a con	npacting state may withdra	w from the
17.13	compact specif	ically repealing t	he statute, whicl	n enacted the compact into	law.
17.14	2. The effect	tive date of with	drawal is the eff	ective date of the repeal.	
17.15	3. The with	drawing state shal	ll immediately no	otify the chair of the Interst	ate Commission
17.16	in writing upor	the introduction	of legislation re	pealing this compact in the	e withdrawing
17.17	state. The Inters	state Commission	shall notify the	other compacting states of	the withdrawing
17.18	state's intent to	withdraw within	60 days of its re	eceipt thereof.	
17.19	4. The with	drawing state is r	esponsible for a	ll assessments, obligations	, and liabilities
17.20	incurred throug	h the effective dat	te of withdrawal,	including any obligations,	the performance
17.21	of which extend	d beyond the effe	ective date of wi	thdrawal.	
17.22	5. Reinstate	ment following v	withdrawal of an	y compacting state shall of	ccur upon the
17.23	withdrawing st	ate reenacting the	e compact or up	on such later date as detern	nined by the
17.24	Interstate Com	mission.			
17.25	Section B. 7	Fechnical assistar	nce, fines, suspe	nsion, termination, and def	ault.
17.26	1. If the Inte	erstate Commissi	on determines tl	nat any compacting state h	as at any time
17.27	defaulted in the	performance of a	any of its obligat	ions or responsibilities und	er this compact,
17.28	or the bylaws o	or duly promulgat	ed rules, the Inte	erstate Commission may in	npose any or all
17.29	of the followin	g penalties:			
17.30	a. remedial	training and tech	nical assistance	as directed by the Interstat	e Commission;
17.31	b. alternativ	ve dispute resolut	ion;		

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c. fines, fees, and costs in such amounts as are deemed to be reasonable as fixed by the
Interstate Commission;

d. suspension or termination of membership in the compact, which shall be imposed 18.3 only after all other reasonable means of securing compliance under the bylaws and rules 18.4 have been exhausted and the Interstate Commission has therefore determined that the 18.5 offending state is in default. Immediate notice of suspension shall be given by the Interstate 18.6 Commission to the governor, the chief justice, or the chief judicial officer of the state; the 18.7 18.8 majority and minority leaders of the defaulting state's legislature; and the state council. The grounds for default include, but are not limited to, failure of a compacting state to perform 18.9 such obligations or responsibilities imposed upon it by this compact, the bylaws, or duly 18.10 promulgated rules and any other grounds designated in commission bylaws and rules. The 18.11 Interstate Commission shall immediately notify the defaulting state in writing of the penalty 18.12 imposed by the Interstate Commission and of the default pending a cure of the default. The 18.13 commission shall stipulate the conditions and the time period within which the defaulting 18.14 state must cure its default. If the defaulting state fails to cure the default within the time 18.15 period specified by the commission, the defaulting state shall be terminated from the compact 18.16 upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the compacting states and all rights, privileges, 18.17 and benefits conferred by this compact shall be terminated from the effective date of 18.18 termination. 18.19

2. Within 60 days of the effective date of termination of a defaulting state, the commission
shall notify the governor, the chief justice or chief judicial officer, the majority and minority
leaders of the defaulting state's legislature, and the state council of such termination.

3. The defaulting state is responsible for all assessments, obligations, and liabilities
incurred through the effective date of termination including any obligations, the performance
of which extends beyond the effective date of termination.

4. The Interstate Commission shall not bear any costs relating to the defaulting state
unless otherwise mutually agreed upon in writing between the Interstate Commission and
the defaulting state.

18.29 5. Reinstatement following termination of any compacting state requires both a
18.30 reenactment of the compact by the defaulting state and the approval of the Interstate
18.31 Commission pursuant to the rules.

18.32 Section C. Judicial enforcement.

18.33 The Interstate Commission may, by majority vote of the members, initiate legal action
18.34 in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia or, at the discretion of the

Sec. 2.

19.1	Interstate Commission, in the federal district where the Interstate Commission has its offices,
19.2	to enforce compliance with the provisions of the compact, its duly promulgated rules and
19.3	bylaws, against any compacting state in default. In the event judicial enforcement is
19.4	necessary, the prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including
19.5	reasonable attorney fees.
19.6	Section D. Dissolution of compact.
19.7	1. The compact dissolves effective upon the date of the withdrawal or default of the
19.8	compacting state, which reduces membership in the compact to one compacting state.
19.9	2. Upon the dissolution of this compact, the compact becomes null and void and shall
19.10	be of no further force or effect, and the business and affairs of the Interstate Commission
19.11	shall be concluded and any surplus funds shall be distributed in accordance with the bylaws.
19.12	ARTICLE XII
19.13	SEVERABILITY AND CONSTRUCTION
19.14	1. The provisions of this compact shall be severable, and if any phrase, clause, sentence,
19.15	or provision is deemed unenforceable, the remaining provisions of this compact shall be
19.16	enforceable.
19.17	2. The provisions of this compact shall be liberally constructed to effectuate its purposes.
19.18	ARTICLE XIII
19.19	BINDING EFFECT OF COMPACT AND OTHER LAWS
19.20	Section A. Other laws.
19.21	1. Nothing herein prevents the enforcement of any other law of a compacting state that
19.22	is not inconsistent with this compact.
19.23	2. All compacting states' laws other than state constitutions and other interstate compacts
19.24	conflicting with this compact are superseded to the extent of the conflict.
19.25	Section B. Binding effect of the compact.
19.26	1. All lawful actions of the Interstate Commission, including all rules and bylaws
19.27	promulgated by the Interstate Commission, are binding upon the compacting state.
19.28	2. All agreements between the Interstate Commission and the compacting states are
19.29	binding in accordance with their terms.

3. Upon the request of a party to a conflict over meaning or interpretation of Interstate
Commission actions, and upon a majority vote of the compacting states, the Interstate
Commission may issue advisory opinions regarding such meaning of interpretation.

4. In the event any provision of this compact exceeds the constitutional limits imposed on the legislature of any compacting state, the obligations, duties, powers, or jurisdiction sought to be conferred by such provision upon the Interstate Commission shall be ineffective and such obligations, duties, powers, or jurisdiction shall remain in the compacting state and shall be exercised by the agency thereof to which such obligations, duties, powers, or jurisdiction are delegated by law in effect at the time this compact becomes effective.