## SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA EIGHTY-SEVENTH LEGISLATURE

A bill for an act

relating to agriculture; clarifying the authority for regulating pesticide

S.F. No. 776

(SENATE AUTHORS: ROSEN, Skoe, Dahms, Nienow and Sparks)

1.11.2

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DATE	D-PG	OFFICIAL STATUS
03/14/2011	500	Introduction and first reading Referred to Agriculture and Rural Economies
03/16/2011	514a	Comm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to Environment and Natural Resources See SF1016, Sec. 7 See SF1115, Sec. 2, 79

1.3 1.4 1.5	applications to agricultural crops or forest floors; amending Minnesota Statutes 2010, sections 18B.03, subdivision 1; 115.03, by adding a subdivision; 116.07, subdivision 7c; 116.0711, by adding a subdivision.
1.6	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
1.7	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 18B.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
1.8	Subdivision 1. Administration by commissioner. The commissioner shall
1.9	administer, implement, and enforce this chapter and the Department of Agriculture is
1.10	the lead state agency for the regulation of pesticides. The commissioner has the sole
1.11	regulatory authority over the application of pesticides to agricultural crops or forest floors.
1.12	A state agency other than the Department of Agriculture shall not regulate or require
1.13	permits for the application of pesticides to agricultural crops or forest floors.
1.14 1.15	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 115.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
1.16	Subd. 11. <b>Aquatic application of pesticides.</b> (a) The agency may issue National
1.17	Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permits for pesticide applications to waters of the
1.18	United States that are required by federal law or rule. The agency shall not require permits
1.19	for aquatic pesticide applications beyond what is required by federal law or rule.
1.20	(b) The agency shall not regulate or require permits for the application of pesticides
1.21	to agricultural crops or forest floors.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 116.07, subdivision 7c, is amended to read:

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Subd. 7c. NPDES feedlot permitting requirements; general operation permits.
(a) The agency must issue national pollutant discharge elimination system permits for
feedlots with 1,000 animal units or more and that meet the definition of a "concentrated
animal feeding operation" in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 122.23, only as
required by federal law. The issuance of national pollutant discharge elimination system
permits for feedlots must be based on the following:
(1) a permit for a newly constructed or expanded animal feedlot that is identified as a

- (1) a permit for a newly constructed or expanded animal feedlot that is identified as a priority by the commissioner, using criteria established under paragraph (d) in effect on January 1, 2010, must be issued as an individual permit;
- (2) after January 1, 2001, an existing feedlot that is identified as a priority by the commissioner, using criteria established under paragraph (e) in effect on January 1, 2010, must be issued as an individual permit; and
- (3) the agency must issue a general national pollutant discharge elimination system permit, if required, for animal feedlots that are not identified under clause (1) or (2).
- (b) Prior to the issuance of a general national pollutant discharge elimination system permit for a category of animal feedlot facility permittees, the agency must hold at least one public hearing on the permit issuance.
- (c) To the extent practicable, the agency must include a public notice and comment period for an individual national pollutant discharge elimination system permit concurrent with any public notice and comment for:
  - (1) the purpose of environmental review of the same facility under chapter 116D; or
- (2) the purpose of obtaining a conditional use permit from a local unit of government where the local government unit is the responsible governmental unit for purposes of environmental review under chapter 116D.
- (d) The commissioner, in consultation with the Feedlot and Manure Management Advisory Committee, created under section 17.136, and other interested parties must develop criteria for determining whether an individual national pollutant discharge elimination system permit is required under paragraph (a), clause (1). The criteria must be based on proximity to waters of the state, facility design, and other site-specific environmental factors. The agency shall issue a general operation permit for a feedlot with a capacity greater than 1,000 animal units that is not required by federal law to obtain a national pollutant discharge elimination system permit. A feedlot operator must complete an application for the operating permit, on forms provided by the commissioner, containing the following:
- (1) the names and addresses of the owners and the signature of at least one of the owners;

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3.1	(2) the legal name and business address of the facility, if different than the owner;
3.2	(3) the location of the facility by county, township, section, and quarter section;
3.3	(4) a list of all animal types, and the maximum number of animals of each animal
3.4	type that can be confined within each lot, building, or area at the animal feedlot;
3.5	(5) a list of all existing and proposed manure storage areas;
3.6	(6) the total number of animal units that the facilities listed in clauses (4) and (5) will
3.7	be capable of holding after completing construction or expansion;
3.8	(7) the soil type or texture and depth to saturated soils at the facility as identified
3.9	in the United States Department of Agriculture Soil Survey Manual or a site-specific
3.10	soils investigation;
3.11	(8) an aerial photograph showing the location of all wells, buildings, surface tile
3.12	intakes, lakes, rivers, and watercourses within 1,000 feet of the proposed facility;
3.13	(9) the number of acres available for land application of manure;
3.14	(10) a manure management plan that meets the requirements in rules of the agency;
3.15	<u>and</u>
3.16	(11) if applicable, a description of all conditions that make the facility a pollution
3.17	hazard and a description of the corrective and protective measures proposed to correct
3.18	the pollution hazard.
3.19	(e) The commissioner, in consultation with the Feedlot and Manure Management
3.20	Advisory Committee, created under section 17.136, and other interested parties must
3.21	develop criteria for determining whether an individual national pollutant discharge
3.22	elimination system permit is required for an existing animal feedlot, under paragraph (a),
3.23	clause (2). The criteria must be based on violations and other compliance problems at the
3.24	facility. If federal law requires a feedlot to have a national pollutant discharge elimination
3.25	system permit, the commissioner shall issue a joint state disposal system and national
3.26	pollutant discharge elimination system permit for the feedlot.
3.27	(f) The commissioner, in consultation with the Feedlot and Manure Management
3.28	Advisory Committee, created under section 17.136, and other interested parties must
3.29	develop criteria for determining when an individual national pollutant discharge
3.30	elimination system permit is transferred from individual to general permit status. If a
3.31	feedlot is required to have a federal new construction storm water permit and a national
3.32	pollutant discharge elimination system permit, the commissioner shall incorporate that
3.33	permit into a state disposal system permit or national pollutant discharge elimination
3.34	system permit required under this section.
3.35	(g) Notwithstanding the provisions in paragraph (a), until January 1, 2001, the
3.36	commissioner may issue an individual national pollutant discharge elimination system

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permit for an animal feedlot. After the general permit is issued and the criteria under
paragraphs (d) and (e) are developed, individual permits issued pursuant to this paragraph
that do not fit the criteria for an individual permit under the applicable provisions of
paragraph (d) or (e) must be transferred to general permit status. A feedlot owner may
choose to apply for a national pollutant discharge elimination system permit even if the
feedlot is not required by federal law to have a national pollutant discharge elimination
system permit.

(h) The commissioner, in consultation with the Feedlot and Manure Management Advisory Committee, created under section 17.136, and other interested parties must develop criteria for determining which feedlots are required to apply for and obtain a national pollutant discharge elimination system permit and which feedlots are required to apply for and obtain a state disposal system permit based upon the actual or potential to discharge.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 116.0711, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4. Animal unit determinations. When making a determination on a permit or taking any other regulatory action for a feedlot permit, the commissioner shall use the maximum number of animal units actually confined at an animal feedlot instead of the feedlot's estimated maximum capacity for animal unit confinement.

Sec. 4. 4