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State of Minnesota

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

NINETY-THIRD SESSION

H. F. No. 4932

03/14/2024

Authored by Hornstein and Brand
The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Environment and Natural Resources Finance and Policy

A bill for an act

relating to solid waste; providing for management of wasted food; proposing coding

| 1.3 | for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 115A. |
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| 1.4 | BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA: |
| 1.5 | Section 1. [115A.395] DEFINITIONS. |
| 1.6 | Subdivision 1. Applicability. For purposes of sections 115A.395 to 115A.3953, the |
| 1.7 | terms in this section have the meanings given. |
| 1.8 | Subd. 2. Anaerobic digestion. "Anaerobic digestion" means the process through which |
| 1.9 | microorganisms break down organic material, such as yard waste, food, food waste, or |
| 1.10 | compostable materials, in the absence of oxygen and generate usable products such as biogas |
| 1.11 | and digestate. |
| 1.12 | Subd. 3. Biogas. "Biogas" means a gas that is: |
| 1.13 | (1) produced when organic materials, such as manure and food waste, break down; and |
| 1.14 | (2) mainly composed of methane and carbon dioxide, with various amounts of other |
| 1.15 | gases. |
| 1.16 | Subd. 4. Composting. "Composting" means controlled, aerobic biological decomposition |
| 1.17 | of organic material, such as yard waste, food, food waste, or compostable materials, to |
| 1.18 | produce a nutrient-rich material. |
| 1.19 | Subd. 5. Digestate. "Digestate" means the solid or liquid residual material left after the |
| 1.20 | anaerobic digestion process. |

Section 1. 1

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| 2.1 | Subd. 6. Food means any raw, cooked, processed, or prepared substance, |
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| 2.2 | beverage, or ingredient used or intended for human consumption. |
| 2.3 | Subd. 7. Food recovery organization. "Food recovery organization" means a person |
| 2.4 | that primarily engages in collecting, transporting, or distributing surplus food that is |
| 2.5 | ultimately provided to humans for consumption, such as a food pantry, food bank, soup |
| 2.6 | kitchen, or shelter. |
| 2.7 | Subd. 8. Food scraps. "Food scraps" means inedible food, trimmings from preparing |
| 2.8 | food, surplus food that is not donated, and food-processing waste. Food scraps does not |
| 2.9 | include used cooking oil, grease, or any food that is subject to a recall. |
| 2.10 | Subd. 9. Food waste. "Food waste" means all discarded food, food subject to |
| 2.11 | governmental or producer recall due to food safety, and food scraps. |
| 2.12 | Subd 10 I and application of food waste "I and application of food westell manns |
| 2.12 | Subd. 10. Land application of food waste. "Land application of food waste" means |
| 2.13 | the direct application of food waste from food manufacturing or processing activities onto |
| 2.14 | or below the surface of the land to enhance soil health. |
| 2.15 | Subd. 11. Leave crops unharvested. "Leave crops unharvested" means to not harvest |
| 2.16 | crops that are otherwise ready for harvesting and to instead leave them in the field or till |
| 2.17 | them into the soil. |
| 2.18 | Subd. 12. Receiving organization. "Receiving organization" means the person accepting |
| 2.19 | surplus food or food waste from the person that generated the surplus food or food waste |
| 2.20 | for the purpose of managing or disposing of the surplus food or food waste, including but |
| 2.21 | not limited to a food recovery organization, composting facility, or landfill. Receiving |
| 2.22 | organization does not include a person transporting the surplus food or food waste to the |
| 2.23 | receiving organization, such as a food recovery transportation service provider or a solid |
| 2.24 | waste collector or transporter. |
| 2.25 | Subd. 13. Sampling weight and scaling. "Sampling weight and scaling" means |
| 2.26 | quantifying the total weight of surplus food or food waste generated or managed by a person |
| 2.27 | <u>by:</u> |
| 2.28 | (1) weighing at quarterly intervals in a calendar year the total weight of surplus food or |
| 2.29 | food waste generated or managed daily by the person over the course of a week, reflective |
| 2.30 | of the person's typical operation schedule, to calculate a weekly average; and |
| 2.31 | (2) scaling the measurement obtained under clause (1) in a fixed ratio to estimate the |
| 2.32 | total weight of surplus food or food waste generated or managed by the person over a period, |
| 2.33 | such as a month or year. |

Section 1. 2

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| | Subd. 14. Surplus food. "Surplus food" means food that is not sold or used and that is |
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| st | ill safe to be consumed. Surplus food does not include food damaged by pests, mold, |
| <u>ba</u> | acteria, or other contamination or food subject to governmental or producer recall due to |
| <u>fc</u> | ood safety. |
| | Subd. 15. Tracking volume and scaling. "Tracking volume and scaling" means |
| <u>q</u> ı | uantifying the total weight of surplus food or food waste generated or managed by a person |
| <u>b</u> : | <u>y:</u> |
| | (1) tracking at quarterly intervals in a calendar year the total volume of surplus food or |
| <u>fc</u> | ood waste generated or managed daily by the person over the course of a week, reflective |
| <u>o</u> 1 | f the person's typical operation schedule, to calculate a weekly average; and |
| | (2) converting the measurement obtained according to clause (1) from volume to weight |
| <u>aı</u> | nd then scaling the calculated weight in a fixed ratio to estimate the total weight of surplus |
| <u>fc</u> | ood or food waste generated or managed by the person over a period, such as a month or |
| <u>y</u> 6 | ear. |
| | Subd. 16. Upcycling. "Upcycling" means capturing, processing, and remaking parts of |
| <u>fc</u> | ood and food scraps into new food products for human consumption, when the parts of |
| <u>fc</u> | ood and food scraps are safe for human consumption and would otherwise have been |
| <u>m</u> | nanaged. |
| | |
| | Sec. 2. [115A.3951] SURPLUS FOOD AND FOOD WASTE MANAGEMENT |
| R | EEQUIREMENTS. |
| | Subdivision 1. Applicability. Except as otherwise provided in this section, sections |
| 1 | 15A.395 to 115A.3953 apply on the following schedule to a person who, during the |
| <u>p</u> 1 | receding calendar year, per site, generated surplus food, food waste, or a combination of |
| sı | urplus food and food waste in the following threshold amounts: |
| | (1) beginning January 1, 2026: 104 tons or more; |
| | (2) beginning January 1, 2028: 52 tons or more; |
| | (3) beginning January 1, 2030: 26 tons or more; |
| | (4) beginning January 1, 2032: 18 tons or more; and |
| | (5) beginning January 1, 2033: six tons or more. |
| | Subd. 2. Wasted food hierarchy. A person generating surplus food, food waste, or a |
| C | ombination of surplus food and food waste that meets the thresholds in subdivision 1 must |
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| SE | eparate surplus food and food waste from other solid waste and manage the generated |

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| SU | urplus food and food waste according to the following methods and order of priority while |
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| <u>ac</u> | ting in accordance with all applicable laws: |
| | (1) reduce the amount generated at the source; |
| | (2) upcycle or donate for human consumption; |
| | (3) divert for consumption by animals or leave crops unharvested; |
| | (4) use anaerobic digestion, when the biogas and digestate are not disposed of and are |
| us | sed as a salable product, or composting; and |
| | (5) use anaerobic digestion, when the biogas is used as a salable product but the digestate |
| is | disposed of, or land application of food waste. |
| | Subd. 3. Duty to determine and quantify weight of surplus food and food |
| W | aste. Notwithstanding subdivision 1, beginning January 1, 2025, a person that annually |
| ge | enerates five tons or more of surplus food, food waste, or a combination of surplus food |
| ar | nd food waste must determine and quantify the weight of the surplus food and food waste |
| th | at the person generates during each calendar year by using one or more of the methods |
| in | section 115A.3952. |
| | Subd. 4. Required information. Notwithstanding subdivision 1, beginning January 1, |
| 20 | 25, a person generating surplus food, food waste, or a combination of surplus food and |
| fc | od waste in an amount equal to or exceeding the thresholds specified in subdivision 1 |
| m | ust record and maintain the following information: |
| | (1) the weight of surplus food and food waste generated during each calendar year by |
| us | sing one or more of the methods in section 115A.3952; |
| | (2) the weight of the surplus food and food waste managed through each method of the |
| w | asted food hierarchy under subdivision 2 and any subcategories required by the |
| co | ommissioner, calculated according to section 115A.3952; |
| | (3) the receiving organization that accepted the surplus food or food waste and the weight |
| of | the generated surplus food or food waste that was received, calculated according to section |
| 11 | 5A.3952; and |
| | (4) any additional information requested by the commissioner. |
| | Subd. 5. Annual report. (a) Notwithstanding subdivision 1, by April 1, 2026, and by |
| A | pril 1 annually thereafter, a person who, during the preceding calendar year, generated |
| st | rplus food, food waste, or a combination of surplus food and food waste in an amount |

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| 5.1 | equal to or exceeding the thresholds specified in subdivision 1, clause (1) or (2), must submit |
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| 5.2 | an annual report to the commissioner in a form and manner determined by commissioner. |
| 5.3 | (b) A person required to annually report under this subdivision must do so each year |
| 5.4 | until the person demonstrates through an annual report that, in the preceding year, the person |
| 5.5 | generated an amount less than the threshold specified in subdivision 1, clause (2). |
| 5.6 | (c) An annual report must include the information recorded and maintained under |
| 5.7 | subdivision 4. |
| 5.8 | Subd. 6. Supplemental information required. (a) A person who, during the preceding |
| 5.9 | calendar year, generated surplus food, food waste, or a combination of surplus food and |
| 5.10 | food waste in an amount equal to or exceeding the thresholds specified in subdivision 1, |
| 5.11 | clause (1) or (2), must record and maintain the following supplemental information: |
| 5.12 | (1) the methods used to determine the information reported under subdivision 5, including |
| 5.13 | but not limited to: |
| 5.14 | (i) a description of the method, the calculations used, and the period over which the data |
| 5.15 | was collected; and |
| 5.16 | (ii) a qualitative description or a quantitative assessment of any uncertainties pertaining |
| 5.17 | to information reported under subdivision 5; and |
| 5.18 | (2) the steps taken to manage surplus food and food waste at each level of the wasted |
| 5.19 | food hierarchy under subdivision 2, including but not limited to: |
| 5.20 | (i) a description of the steps taken at each level of the wasted food hierarchy to comply |
| 5.21 | with that level; |
| 5.22 | (ii) the contact information for the persons engaged to manage surplus food and food |
| 5.23 | waste during the steps described in item (i); and |
| 5.24 | (iii) as applicable, information on why a management method lower in the wasted food |
| 5.25 | hierarchy was chosen over a management method higher in the hierarchy. |
| 5.26 | (b) A person required to record supplemental information under this subdivision must |
| 5.27 | do so each year until the person is no longer required under subdivision 5 to report annually |
| 5.28 | to the commissioner. |
| 5.29 | (c) A person required to record supplemental information under this subdivision must |
| 5.30 | report the information when requested by the commissioner. |
| 5.31 | Subd. 7. Education. (a) A person who, during the preceding calendar year, generated |
| 5.32 | surplus food, food waste, or a combination of surplus food and food waste in an amount |

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| 6.1 | equal to or exceeding the thresholds specified in subdivision 1 must provide education |
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| 6.2 | regarding the requirements of this section and section 115A.3952 to individuals under the |
| 5.3 | person's management who procure or handle food, surplus food, or food waste. |
| 6.4 | (b) A person required to provide education must maintain a record of providing the |
| 6.5 | education. |
| 6.6 | Subd. 8. Food recovery organizations; reporting. (a) A food recovery organization |
| 6.7 | may contract with persons to manage surplus food and may refuse food for any reason. |
| 6.8 | Beginning January 1, 2025, a food recovery organization that receives surplus food from a |
| 5.9 | person subject to subdivision 5, with or without a contract in place, must record and maintain |
| 5.10 | the following information: |
| 6.11 | (1) the total weight of surplus food the organization receives each calendar year from |
| 6.12 | the person; and |
| 6.13 | (2) information describing, by weight and category, the types of food the organization |
| 6.14 | receives from the person each calendar year, including nonmeat and meat. |
| 6.15 | (b) The food recovery organization receiving surplus food from a person subject to |
| 6.16 | subdivision 5 must report the information in paragraph (a) to the person providing the surplus |
| 6.17 | food if the person requests it. The food recovery organization must report the information |
| 6.18 | within 60 days of the request. |
| 6.19 | Subd. 9. Alternative management practices. (a) In lieu of the requirements of |
| 6.20 | subdivision 2, a person generating surplus food, food waste, or a combination of surplus |
| 6.21 | food and food waste that meets the thresholds in subdivision 1 may apply to the commissione |
| 6.22 | for approval to manage the generated surplus food or food waste according to the |
| 6.23 | management practices specified in section 115A.02, paragraph (b), clauses (4) to (6). The |
| 6.24 | application must include: |
| 6.25 | (1) information on all steps that the person has taken to adhere to the wasted food |
| 6.26 | hierarchy in subdivision 2; |
| 6.27 | (2) information on the circumstances that prevent the person from managing surplus |
| 6.28 | food or food waste according to subdivision 2; |
| 6.29 | (3) information on the steps the person will take to prevent a future need to use the |
| 6.30 | management practices under section 115A.02; |
| 6.31 | (4) contact information for the receiving organization that accepts the surplus food or |
| 6.32 | food waste for management; and |

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| (5) the weight of the generated surplus food or foo | od waste that was received by the |
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| receiving organization. | |
| (b) The commissioner may grant approval for a po | erson to manage surplus food or food |
| waste according to the management practices specific | ed in section 115A.02, paragraph (b), |
| clauses (4) to (6), if the commissioner determines fro | m the information provided in the |
| application that there are circumstances beyond the p | erson's control that make compliance |
| with this section impracticable or impossible, such as | <u>::</u> |
| (1) lack of available or accessible infrastructure for | or collecting and managing surplus |
| food or food waste; | |
| (2) proximity to a facility or operation accepting the | e surplus food or food waste is greater |
| than 50 miles from the site where the surplus food or | food waste was generated; |
| (3) capacity to accept surplus food or food waste | has been reached at food recovery |
| organizations, composting facilities, and other operat | ions providing services for the |
| management methods under the wasted food hierarch | y in subdivision 2; |
| (4) surplus food or food waste is determined to be | unfit or otherwise not acceptable for |
| use by multiple providers of the management method | ls under the wasted food hierarchy in |
| ubdivision 2, if the person who rendered the surplus | food or food waste unfit takes actions |
| necessary to prevent a recurrence of the conditions th | at led the surplus food or food waste |
| be unfit; | |
| (5) the provider of a management method under the | e wasted food hierarchy in subdivision |
| to whom the surplus food or food waste is normally | sent declined to accept the surplus |
| Good or food waste, temporarily stopped operations, of | or is prohibited from accepting the |
| surplus food or food waste, and a provider of another | management method cannot be found |
| in a reasonable time; | |
| (6) a natural disaster or other temporary, extraneo | us, and unforeseen event; or |
| (7) other similar circumstances as determined by | the commissioner. |
| Subd. 10. Record keeping. A person must maintain | in a record of the data and information |
| required under subdivisions 3 to 7 for five years after | collection. |
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| Sec. 3. [115A.3952] METHODS FOR QUANTIF | YING SURPLUS FOOD AND |
| FOOD WASTE. | |
| Subdivision 1. Methods. A person must use one of | or more of the following methods to |
| determine the weight of the person's generated and m | ganaged surplus food and food waste |

Sec. 3. 7

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| in | cluding the weight managed at each level of the wasted food hierarchy under section |
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| <u>11</u> | 5A.3951, subdivision 2: |
| | (1) directly quantifying the annual weight in pounds or tons of generated surplus food |
| 01 | food waste with an instrument or device, such as a scale; |
| | (2) sampling weight and scaling, which must include maintaining records containing, |
| at | a minimum, a description of the sampling process, the sampling logs used during sampling, |
| ar | nd the period over which the sampling occurred; |
| | (3) tracking volume and scaling, which must include maintaining records containing, at |
| a | minimum, a description of the tracking process, the tracking logs used during tracking, |
| ar | nd the period over which the tracking occurred; |
| | (4) data or information that is provided by persons collecting or accepting surplus food |
| 01 | food waste for transportation or management for the person generating the surplus food |
| 01 | food waste and that can be used to quantify the weight of the surplus food or food waste, |
| su | ch as: |
| | (i) a food recovery organization collecting or accepting surplus food; |
| | (ii) a receiving organization that accepts surplus food or food waste for upcycling into |
| ar | other product; |
| | (iii) a processor of food waste into animal feed that meets the Board of Animal Health |
| re | quirements; |
| | (iv) a processor of food waste; or |
| | (v) a solid waste collector or transporter; |
| | (5) other information, such as warehouse records, that: |
| | (i) is saved and routinely collected for reasons other than quantifying surplus food or |
| fo | od waste; |
| | (ii) provides data and information that can be used to determine the weight of the surplus |
| fo | od or food waste; and |
| | (iii) is as accurate as the methods described under clauses (1) to (4); or |
| | (6) other quantification methods approved by the commissioner that are as accurate as |
| <u>th</u> | e methods described under clauses (1) to (4). |
| | Subd. 2. Data. All results must be calculated in pounds or tons. The agency must supply |
| pe | ersons with volume-to-weight conversions. |

Sec. 3. 8

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| 9.1 | Subd. 3. Record keeping. A person must maintain a record of the data, methodology, |
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| 9.2 | and records used under this section for five years after collection. |
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| 9.3 | Sec. 4. [115A.3953] COMMISSIONER AUTHORITIES. |
| 9.4 | Subdivision 1. Education and support. The commissioner may develop and make |
| 9.5 | available educational materials and resources pertaining to: |
| 9.6 | (1) the federal Bill Emerson Good Samaritan Food Donation Act; |
| 9.7 | (2) surplus food and food waste prevention and management; |
| 9.8 | (3) methodologies for quantifying surplus food and food waste; and |
| 9.9 | (4) the requirements of sections 115A.395 to 115A.3952. |
| 9.10 | Subd. 2. Information. Upon request of the commissioner for purposes of determining |
| 9.11 | compliance with sections 115A.395 to 115A.3952, a person must furnish to the commissioner |
| 9.12 | any information that the person has or may reasonably obtain. |

Sec. 4. 9