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State of Minnesota
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

EIGHTY-EIGHTH SESSION

H. F. No. 2166

- 02/25/2014 Authored by Laine and Simon
The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Elections
- 03/06/2014 Adoption of Report: Amended and re-referred to the Committee on State Government Finance and Veterans Affairs
- 03/20/2014 Adoption of Report: Amended and re-referred to the Committee on Ways and Means
- 04/04/2014 Adoption of Report: Placed on the General Register
Read Second Time
- 04/25/2014 Calendar for the Day, Amended
Read Third Time as Amended
Passed by the House as Amended and transmitted to the Senate to include Floor Amendments
- 05/05/2014 Returned to the House as Amended by the Senate
Refused to concur and Conference Committee appointed
- 05/14/2014 Third Reading as Amended by Conference
Repassed by the House

1.1 A bill for an act
 1.2 relating to elections; authorizing the use of electronic rosters; requiring an
 1.3 evaluation of the use of electronic rosters in the 2014 election; making various
 1.4 technical and conforming changes; providing definitions; amending Minnesota
 1.5 Statutes 2012, sections 200.02, by adding subdivisions; 201.221, subdivision 3;
 1.6 204B.14, subdivision 2; 204C.10; 204C.12, subdivision 4; 211B.11, subdivision
 1.7 1; Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 204C.14, subdivision 2;
 1.8 proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 201.

1.9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

1.10 ARTICLE 1

1.11 ELECTRONIC ROSTER AUTHORIZATION

1.12 Section 1. 201.225 ELECTRONIC ROSTER AUTHORIZATION.

1.13 Subdivision 1. Authority. A county, municipality, or school district may use
 1.14 electronic rosters for any election. In a county, municipality, or school district that uses
 1.15 electronic rosters, the head elections official may designate that some or all of the precincts
 1.16 use electronic rosters. An electronic roster must comply with all of the requirements of
 1.17 this section. An electronic roster must include information required in section 201.221,
 1.18 subdivision 3, and any rules adopted pursuant to that section.

1.19 Subd. 2. Technology requirements. An electronic roster must:

1.20 (1) be able to be loaded with a data file that includes voter registration data in a file
1.21 format prescribed by the secretary of state;

1.22 (2) allow for data to be exported in a file format prescribed by the secretary of state;

1.23 (3) allow for data to be entered manually or by scanning a Minnesota driver's license
1.24 or identification card to locate a voter record or populate a voter registration application
1.25 that would be printed and signed and dated by the voter. The printed registration

2.1 application can be either a printed form, labels printed with voter information to be affixed
2.2 to a preprinted form, or a combination of both;

2.3 (4) allow an election judge to update data that was populated from a scanned driver's
2.4 license or identification card;

2.5 (5) cue an election judge to ask for and input data that is not populated from a
2.6 scanned driver's license or identification card that is otherwise required to be collected
2.7 from the voter or an election judge;

2.8 (6) immediately alert the election judge if the voter has provided information that
2.9 indicates that the voter is not eligible to vote;

2.10 (7) immediately alert the election judge if the electronic roster indicates that a voter
2.11 has already voted in that precinct, the voter's registration status is challenged, or it appears
2.12 the voter resides in a different precinct;

2.13 (8) provide immediate instructions on how to resolve a particular type of challenge
2.14 when a voter's record is challenged;

2.15 (9) provide for a printed voter signature certificate, containing the voter's name,
2.16 address of residence, date of birth, voter identification number, the oath required by
2.17 section 204C.10, and a space for the voter's original signature. The printed voter signature
2.18 certificate can be either a printed form or a label printed with the voter's information
2.19 to be affixed to the oath;

2.20 (10) contain only preregistered voters within the precinct, and not contain
2.21 preregistered voter data on voters registered outside of the precinct;

2.22 (11) be only networked within the polling location on election day, except for the
2.23 purpose of updating absentee ballot records;

2.24 (12) meet minimum security, reliability, and networking standards established by the
2.25 Office of the Secretary of State in consultation with MN.IT;

2.26 (13) be capable of providing a voter's correct polling place; and

2.27 (14) perform any other functions necessary for the efficient and secure administration
2.28 of the participating election, as determined by the secretary of state.

2.29 Electronic rosters used only for election day registration do not need to comply with
2.30 clauses (1), (8), and (10). Electronic rosters used only for preregistered voter processing
2.31 do not need to comply with clauses (4) and (5).

2.32 Subd. 3. **Minnesota Election Law; other law.** Unless otherwise provided, the
2.33 provisions of the Minnesota Election Law apply to the use of electronic rosters. Voters
2.34 participating in the safe at home program must be allowed to vote pursuant to section
2.35 5B.06. Nothing in this section shall be construed to amend absentee voting provisions in
2.36 chapter 203B.

3.1 Subd. 4. **Election records retention.** All voter signature certificates and voter
3.2 registration applications printed from an electronic roster must be retained pursuant to
3.3 section 204B.40. The electronic rosters must print voter signature certificates and voter
3.4 registration applications on material that will remain legible through the period prescribed
3.5 by section 204B.40. Data on election day registrants and voter history must be uploaded
3.6 to the statewide voter registration system for processing by county auditors.

3.7 Subd. 5. **Election day.** (a) Precincts may use electronic rosters for election day
3.8 registration, to process preregistered voters, or both. The printed election day registration
3.9 applications must be reviewed when electronic records are processed in the statewide
3.10 voter registration system. The election judges shall determine the number of ballots to be
3.11 counted by counting the number of original voter signature certificates or the number of
3.12 voter receipts.

3.13 (b) Each precinct using electronic rosters shall have a paper backup system approved
3.14 by the secretary of state present at the polling place to use in the event that the election
3.15 judges are unable to use the electronic roster.

3.16 Subd. 6. **Reporting; certification.** (a) A county, municipality, or school district
3.17 that intends to use electronic rosters in an upcoming election must notify the Office
3.18 of the Secretary of State at least 90 days before the first election in which the county,
3.19 municipality, or school district intends to use electronic rosters. The notification must
3.20 specify whether all precincts will use electronic rosters, and if not, specify which precincts
3.21 will be using electronic rosters. The notification is valid for all subsequent elections,
3.22 unless revoked by the county, municipality, or school district. If precincts within a county,
3.23 municipality, or school district that were not included in the initial notification intend to
3.24 use electronic rosters, a new notification must be submitted.

3.25 (b) The county, municipality, or school district that intends to use electronic rosters
3.26 must certify to the Office of the Secretary of State at least 30 days before the election that
3.27 the electronic rosters meet all of the requirements in this section.

3.28 Sec. 2. **EVALUATION OF ELECTRONIC ROSTER USE; 2014 STATE**
3.29 **GENERAL ELECTION.**

3.30 The secretary of state must evaluate the use of electronic rosters in the 2014 state
3.31 general election, and submit a report detailing the results of the evaluation to the chairs
3.32 and ranking minority members of the committees in the house of representatives and the
3.33 senate with primary jurisdiction over elections no later than April 1, 2015.

3.34 Sec. 3. **EFFECTIVE DATE.**

4.1 This article is effective the day following final enactment.

4.2 **ARTICLE 2**

4.3 **DEFINITIONS AND CONFORMING CHANGES**

4.4 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 200.02, is amended by adding a
4.5 subdivision to read:

4.6 Subd. 25. **Polling place roster.** "Polling place roster" or "roster" refers to a roster in
4.7 (1) printed format; or (2) electronic format as permitted by section 201.225.

4.8 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 200.02, is amended by adding a subdivision
4.9 to read:

4.10 Subd. 26. **Voter signature certificate.** "Voter signature certificate" means a printed
4.11 form or label generated from an electronic polling place roster that contains the voter's
4.12 name, address of residence, date of birth, voter identification number, the oath required
4.13 by section 204C.10, and a space for the voter's original signature. A voter signature
4.14 certificate is not a "voter certificate" under section 204C.12.

4.15 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 201.221, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

4.16 **Subd. 3. Procedures for polling place rosters.** The secretary of state shall
4.17 prescribe the form of paper polling place rosters that include the voter's name, address,
4.18 date of birth, school district number, and space for the voter's signature. An electronic
4.19 roster and the voter signature certificate together must include the same information as a
4.20 paper polling place roster. The secretary of state may prescribe additional election-related
4.21 information to be placed on the polling place rosters on an experimental basis for one state
4.22 primary and general election cycle; the same information may not be placed on the polling
4.23 place roster for a second state primary and general election cycle unless specified in this
4.24 subdivision. The polling place roster must be used to indicate whether the voter has voted
4.25 in a given election. The secretary of state shall prescribe procedures for transporting the
4.26 polling place rosters to the election judges for use on election day. The secretary of state
4.27 shall prescribe the form for a county or municipality to request the date of birth from
4.28 currently registered voters. The county or municipality shall not request the date of birth
4.29 from currently registered voters by any communication other than the prescribed form and
4.30 the form must clearly indicate that a currently registered voter does not lose registration
4.31 status by failing to provide the date of birth. In accordance with section 204B.40, the
4.32 county auditor shall retain the prescribed polling place rosters used on the date of election
4.33 for 22 months following the election.

5.1 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 204B.14, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

5.2 Subd. 2. **Separate precincts; combined polling place.** (a) The following shall
5.3 constitute at least one election precinct:

5.4 (1) each city ward; and

5.5 (2) each town and each statutory city.

5.6 (b) A single, accessible, combined polling place may be established no later than
5.7 May 1 of any year:

5.8 (1) for any city of the third or fourth class, any town, or any city having territory in
5.9 more than one county, in which all the voters of the city or town shall cast their ballots;

5.10 (2) for contiguous precincts in the same municipality;

5.11 (3) for up to four contiguous municipalities located entirely outside the metropolitan
5.12 area, as defined by section 200.02, subdivision 24, that are contained in the same county; or

5.13 (4) for noncontiguous precincts located in one or more counties.

5.14 A copy of the ordinance or resolution establishing a combined polling place must
5.15 be filed with the county auditor within 30 days after approval by the governing body. A
5.16 polling place combined under clause (3) must be approved by the governing body of each
5.17 participating municipality. A polling place combined under clause (4) must be approved
5.18 by the governing body of each participating municipality and the secretary of state and
5.19 may be located outside any of the noncontiguous precincts. A municipality withdrawing
5.20 from participation in a combined polling place must do so by filing a resolution of
5.21 withdrawal with the county auditor no later than April 1 of any year.

5.22 The secretary of state shall provide a separate polling place roster for each precinct
5.23 served by the combined polling place, except that in a precinct that uses electronic rosters
5.24 the secretary of state shall provide separate data files for each precinct. A single set of
5.25 election judges may be appointed to serve at a combined polling place. The number of
5.26 election judges required must be based on the total number of persons voting at the last
5.27 similar election in all precincts to be voting at the combined polling place. Separate ballot
5.28 boxes must be provided for the ballots from each precinct. The results of the election must
5.29 be reported separately for each precinct served by the combined polling place, except in a
5.30 polling place established under clause (2) where one of the precincts has fewer than ten
5.31 registered voters, in which case the results of that precinct must be reported in the manner
5.32 specified by the secretary of state.

5.33 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 204C.10, is amended to read:

5.34 **204C.10 PERMANENT REGISTRATION; VERIFICATION OF**
5.35 **REGISTRATION.**

6.1 (a) An individual seeking to vote shall sign a polling place roster or voter signature
6.2 certificate which states that the individual is at least 18 years of age, a citizen of the United
6.3 States, has resided in Minnesota for 20 days immediately preceding the election, maintains
6.4 residence at the address shown, is not under a guardianship in which the court order revokes
6.5 the individual's right to vote, has not been found by a court of law to be legally incompetent
6.6 to vote or has the right to vote because, if the individual was convicted of a felony, the
6.7 felony sentence has expired or been completed or the individual has been discharged from
6.8 the sentence, is registered and has not already voted in the election. The roster must also
6.9 state: "I understand that deliberately providing false information is a felony punishable by
6.10 not more than five years imprisonment and a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both."

6.11 (b) A judge may, before the applicant signs the roster or voter signature certificate,
6.12 confirm the applicant's name, address, and date of birth.

6.13 (c) After the applicant signs the roster or voter signature certificate, the judge shall
6.14 give the applicant a voter's receipt. The voter shall deliver the voter's receipt to the judge
6.15 in charge of ballots as proof of the voter's right to vote, and thereupon the judge shall
6.16 hand to the voter the ballot. The voters' receipts must be maintained during the time for
6.17 notice of filing an election contest.

6.18 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 204C.12, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

6.19 Subd. 4. **Refusal to answer questions or sign a polling place roster.** A challenged
6.20 individual who refuses to answer questions or sign a polling place roster or voter signature
6.21 certificate as required by this section must not be allowed to vote. A challenged individual
6.22 who leaves the polling place and returns later willing to answer questions or sign a polling
6.23 place roster or voter signature certificate must not be allowed to vote.

6.24 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 204C.14, subdivision 2, is
6.25 amended to read:

6.26 Subd. 2. **Signature on roster as evidence of intent.** For purposes of proving a
6.27 violation of this section, the signature of an individual on a polling place roster or voter
6.28 signature certificate is prima facie evidence of the intent of the individual to vote at that
6.29 election.

6.30 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 211B.11, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

6.31 Subdivision 1. **Soliciting near polling places.** A person may not display campaign
6.32 material, post signs, ask, solicit, or in any manner try to induce or persuade a voter within
6.33 a polling place or within 100 feet of the building in which a polling place is situated,

7.1 or anywhere on the public property on which a polling place is situated, on primary or
7.2 election day to vote for or refrain from voting for a candidate or ballot question. A person
7.3 may not provide political badges, political buttons, or other political insignia to be worn
7.4 at or about the polling place on the day of a primary or election. A political badge,
7.5 political button, or other political insignia may not be worn at or about the polling place on
7.6 primary or election day. This section applies to areas established by the county auditor or
7.7 municipal clerk for absentee voting as provided in chapter 203B.

7.8 The secretary of state, county auditor, municipal clerk, or school district clerk may
7.9 provide stickers which contain the words "I VOTED" and nothing more. Election judges
7.10 may offer a sticker of this type to each voter who has signed the polling place roster or
7.11 voter signature certificate.

7.12 Sec. 9. **EFFECTIVE DATE.**

7.13 This article is effective the day following final enactment.

APPENDIX
Article locations in H2166-4

ARTICLE 1 ELECTRONIC ROSTER AUTHORIZATION Page.Ln 1.10
ARTICLE 2 DEFINITIONS AND CONFORMING CHANGES Page.Ln 4.2