which he is entitled to such redemption, the redemption shall not be made prior to date upon which he would be entitled thereto. The annuity purchase rates shall be based on the 1937 standard annuity table of mortality set back two years, with interest at the rate of three and one half percent, and shall be calculated separately as to sex. The amount of the annuity for life is an amount equal to the annuity which could be purchased with the cash realized on the redemption of the shares. The board of trustees of the teachers retirement fund shall establish an optional joint and survivor annuity, an optional annuity payable for a period certain and for life thereafter, and an optional guaranteed refund annuity paying the annuitant a fixed amount for life with the guarantee that in the event of death the balance of the cash realized from the redemption of shares will be paid to the designated beneficiary. Such optional forms of annuity shall be actuarially equivalent to the normal annuity for life. In establishing these optional forms the board of trustees shall obtain the written recommendation of an approved actuary and these recommendations shall be a part of the permanent records of the board of trustees.

Sec. 4. This act shall become effective July 1, 1969.

Approved June 4, 1969.

## CHAPTER 952—H. F. No. 1931

## [Coded]

An act relating to injuries caused by intoxication and actions to recover damages therefor; amending Minnesota Statutes 1967, Chapter 340, by adding a section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1967, Chapter 340, is amended by adding a section to read:

[340.951] Dram shop act; limitations. From and after the effective date of this act, every person who claims damages from any municipality owning and operating a municipal liquor store or from the licensee of any licensed liquor establishment for or on account of any injury within the scope of Minnesota Statutes, Section 340.95, shall give a written notice to the governing body of the municipality or the licensee of the liquor establishment, as the case may be, stating:

Changes or additions indicated by italics, deletions by strikeout.

- (1) The time and date when, and person to whom such liquor was sold, bartered, or given;
- (2) The name and address of the person or persons who were injured or whose property was damaged;
- (3) The approximate time and date and the place where any injury to person or property occurred.

No error or omission in the notice shall void the effect of the notice, if otherwise valid, unless such error or omission is of a substantially material nature.

This notice shall be served within 120 days after the injury occurs, and no action therefor shall be maintained unless such notice has been given, and unless it is commenced within three years after such injury. The time for giving the notice shall not include any period of time next succeeding the occurrence of the injury during which the person injured is incapacitated from giving such notice by reason of the injury sustained.

Actual notice of sufficient facts to reasonably put the governing body of the municipality or the licensee of the liquor establishment, as the case may be, or its insurer, on notice of a possible claim, shall be construed to comply with the notice requirements herein.

Any cause of action for injury heretofore caused by an intoxicated person as a result of an illegal sale, barter or gift of liquor and not barred by the existing statute of limitations may be brought within three years after the cause of action accrued or within six months after the effective date of this act, whichever is later, if notice thereof is given within 120 days of the effective date of this act.

Sec. 2. This act is effective on July 1, 1969.

Approved June 4, 1969.

## CHAPTER 953-H. F. No. 2133

## [Coded]

An act relating to the privacy of communications; imposing restrictions on the interception of communications; providing warrants for such interceptions and other procedures in relation thereto; restricting the possession and use of intercepting devices; providing penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Changes or additions indicated by italics, deletions by strikeout.