Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1967, Section 341.06, is amended to read:

341.06 Moneys paid into state treasury; appropriation. The commission shall pay into the state treasury all moneys collected by it. The sum of $\frac{15,000}{15,000}$ \$20,000 is appropriated to the commission annually for the purposes of chapter 341.

Approved May 27, 1969.

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CHAPTER 816—S. F. No. 1094

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An act relating to the transfer of certain civil actions from district court, fourth judicial district, to the municipal court and conciliation court of Hennepin county; amending Minnesota Statutes 1967, Section 484.015.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1967, Section 484.015, is amended to read:

484.015 Hennepin county; transfer of civil actions in fourth judicial district to municipal court. Subdivision 1. This section applies to all counties now or hereafter having a population exceeding 550,000 certain actions in the fourth judicial district, Hennepin county.

Subd. 2. (a) For the purposes of this section the terms defined in this subdivision have the meanings ascribed to them.

(b) "Transferable action" means any civil action heretofore or hereafter commenced in the district court which is within the subject matter jurisdiction of the consenting municipal court on the date of the order for transfer. It includes such a civil action even though the defendant never has resided in the county of *Hennepin* and the summons was served outside of the county.

(c) "Consenting municipal court" means any municipal court located within the county from which appeals may be taken directly to the supreme court of this state and which has on file with the clerk of the district court at the time of the transfer order a then effective consent to accept jurisdiction of transferable actions signed by a majority of the judges of that court. "Municipal court" means the municipal court of Hennepin county.

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(d) "District court" means the fourth judicial district.

(e) "Conciliation court" means the conciliation court of Hennepin county.

Subd. 3. At any time after the filing of a trial note of issue and prior to trial of a transferable action, any judge of the district court of his own motion or on ex parte motion of any party, may issue an order to show cause why the action should not be transferred to a designated consenting the municipal court. At least 15 days prior to the return date, the clerk of district court shall mail copies of that order to counsel for all parties to the action and this mailing is sufficient service of the order.

Subd. 4. Prior to the return date, any party who objects to the transfer shall serve on all other parties and file his written objection with supporting affidavit stating his reasons for objecting. If an objection is timely filed by any party, transfer shall not be ordered. At the hearing on the return date the judge of the district court shall determine whether or not the objecting party will be substantially prejudiced by such transfer, and if not, shall order the action transferred to the municipal court for all further proceedings. If no objection is timely filed, all parties are deemed to have consented to the transferred to the designated transferree municipal court for all further proceedings.

Subd. 5. On written consent of counsel for all parties, a transfer order may be entered without issuance of an order to show cause.

Subd. 6. Upon filing of a transfer order, the clerk of district court shall deliver to the clerk of the transferee municipal court all papers filed in the action including the transfer order and a copy of all docket entries, and shall pay to said clerk the filing fee or appearance fee for any party who theretofore has paid that fee in district court, the fee to be in the amount normally payable in the transferee municipal court, exclusive of any law library fees. Any excess over the law library fees and the fees so paid to the transferee municipal court shall be retained by the clerk of district court as payment for his services.

Subd. 7. The district court trial note of issue shall be effective to place the action on the general term calendar of the transferee *municipal* court for trial. A party must demand a jury trial and pay to the clerk of the transferee *municipal* court the requisite jury fee within the time and in the manner specified in any trial notice issued by the transferee *municipal* court; otherwise he waives jury trial. If a proper demand is not so made or if the proper jury fee is not so paid,

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this waiver is effective even though the party or another party previously has demanded jury trial in the district court in a trial note of issue or otherwise.

Subd. 8. A transferable action which is within the subject matter jurisdiction of the conciliation court may be transferred at any time after the filing of a trial note of issue and prior to trial by the clerk of district court to the conciliation court upon notice to the parties to the action. The applicable provisions of subdivision 6 shall apply as to the transfer of all papers in the action and the payment of filing fees. Upon motion of a party such action may be transferred from the conciliation court to the municipal court for trial and in that event the provisions of subdivision 7 shall apply.

Subd. 9. Any action transferred under this section shall carry over with the main action to the municipal court or the conciliation court, as the case may be, all garnishment proceedings had and any disclosure made therein.

Approved May 27, 1969.

CHAPTER 817-S. F. No. 1205

An act relating to the registration of voters; amending Minnesota Statutes 1967, Section 201.02.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1967, Section 201.02, is amended to read:

201.02 Elections; registration of voters. All municipalities having a population of 10,000 or more, all municipalities in which not less than $\frac{800}{300}$ votes were cast in the last general election and in which any polling place is situated within 15 miles of the city limits of any city of the first class except those municipalities in which the number of votes cast in the most recent presidential general election is less than ten percent greater than the number of votes cast in the last preceding presidential general election, and any other municipality when the governing body of such municipality shall by ordinance or resolution elect to come within the provisions of sections 201.01 to 201.27, shall maintain a permanent system for the registration of voters, and the judges of election in any election precinct located in any such municipality may not receive the vote at any election of any per-

Changes or additions indicated by italics, deletions by strikeout.