occupying the property as the fee owner, contract for deed vendee or lessee, but in not event shall this amount exceed \$3,000. The court may in its discretion allow such moving costs and appraisers' fees whether or not the parties entitled thereto are the prevailing parties. If moving costs are allowed by the court, in those cases arising out of land acquisition for the interstate system of highways, the person to receive such costs shall submit to the state on forms provided by the state a written claim supported by receipted bills or other acceptable evidence of the expenses incurred, together with other information required, so that the state may receive federal participation in such moving costs. No costs shall be taxed by the state against any other party.

- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1961, Chapter 117, is amended by adding a new section to read:
- **[117.202]** Direct purchase by state, its agencies, or political subdivision. Subdivision 1. In cases where acquisition of private property for public use is accomplished by direct purchase by the state or any of its agencies or political subdivisions, the purchaser shall in the instances as set forth in section 117.20, subdivision 8, include such sums for appraisal fees and moving costs not to exceed the limits in such instances as set forth in said section 117.20, as it deems reasonable and just in the circumstances and shall separately state such costs to the owner.
- Subd. 2. In the event the purchaser and owner agree on the fair market value of the real estate but cannot agree on the appraisal fees and moving costs, the purchaser shall have the option to accept the offer for the real estate and reject the offer for the appraisal fees and moving costs. In addition thereto, the owner may, if he desires, bring a motion at a special term of the district court in the county in which the property is located for a determination of such moving costs and appraisal fees by the court.
- Sec. 3. Sections 1 and 2 apply to proceedings in eminent domain and acquisitions by direct purchase commenced on and after final enactment of this act.

Approved May 7, 1963.

## CHAPTER 555—H. F. No. 1611 [Not Coded]

An act relating to the salary of the judge of probate court of Sibley county.

Changes or additions indicated by italics, deletions by strikeout.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

- Section 1. Sibley county probate court; judge's salary. The annual salary of the judge of probate court of Sibley county is \$8,500, notwithstanding the provisions of Minnesota Statutes 1961, Section 525,081, Subdivision 1.
- Sec. 2. The provisions of Minnesota Statutes 1961, Section 525.081, Subdivision 2, shall apply to the salary provided in section 1.

Approved May 7, 1963.

## CHAPTER 556-H. F. No. 1776

## [Not Coded]

An act relating to the county and city joint participation in the establishment, operation, and maintenance of detention facilities, workhouse, workfarm or any combination thereof; amending Laws 1955, Chapter 353, Sections 1 and 17, as amended, and adding new sections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

- Section 1. Laws 1955, Chapter 353, Section 1, as amended by Laws 1957, Chapter 664, Section 8, and Laws 1961, Chapter 435, Section 1, is amended to read:
- Section 1. St. Paul-Ramsey county; detention facilities. The county of Ramsey and the city of Saint Paul may jointly acquire land for, erect, equip, furnish, maintain and operate a joint city and county detention facility or facilities, and joint city and county work house, work farm, or any combination of the foregoing to be used jointly by such county and city. However, nothing in this act shall empower the authority hereby created to remove the county jail from its present location, nor to take from the sheriff jurisdiction over adult prisoners charged to his custody and pending action by the courts.
- Sec. 2. Laws 1955, Chapter 353, Section 17, as amended by Laws 1967, Chapter 664, Section 3, is amended to read:
- Sec. 17 Unused lands sold, disposal of proceeds. In case any land or buildings owned and used by either the county or the city, or jointly owned and used by them, shall not be required for the use of the county or city, or both of them, after the completion of the joint facility or facilities, the land and buildings shall be sold as soon as practicable and the proceeds shall be used by the com-

Changes or additions indicated by italics, deletions by strikeout.