

library and reading-room, or either of them, for the use of its inhabitants and by ordinance may set apart for the benefit thereof real estate or other public property of the municipality. In villages and in cities of the second, third, and fourth classes, the governing body may levy an annual tax of not more than *three* mills, and in cities of the first class, of not more than one mill, on the dollar, of all taxable property therein, the proceeds of which shall be known as the library fund. The governing body of any city of the fourth class located in any county which, at the time of the enactment of this act, has an assessed valuation of not less than \$1,200,000 and not more than \$2,200,000 and having an area of not less than 1,375 square miles and not more than 2,200 square miles, and having a population according to the 1950 federal census figures of not less than 2,800 inhabitants and not more than 8,500 inhabitants operating under a home rule charter may levy the annual tax of not to exceed five mills, notwithstanding any lesser limitation contained in the home rule charter of such fourth class city for such purposes.

Approved April 23, 1953.

CHAPTER 687—S. F. No. 38

An act relating to judges of the district court; amending Minnesota Statutes 1949, Section 2.72, Subdivision 19.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1949, Section 2.72, Subdivision 19, is amended to read as follows:

Subd. 19. Kanabec, Pine, Chisago and Washington, *two* judges.

Sec. 2. *The additional judge provided for by this act may when the public convenience and necessity require it, be assigned by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court to serve and discharge the duties of judge of any other district not his own at such times as the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court may determine.*

Sec. 3. *This act shall be in effect from and after July 1, 1953.*

Approved April 23, 1953.
