

he may, on application therefor, order that a transcript of such judgment shall be issued by the clerk of the said conciliation court to the municipal court proper and that such judgment shall be docketed by the clerk of the said municipal court in the same manner and enforced as the judgment of the said municipal court, provided, however, that before any transcript of judgment shall issue from the said conciliation court to the municipal court proper, the said conciliation judge shall, if necessary, modify the terms of said judgment so as to have the transcript show a judgment for a specific sum.

Subd. 2. Pleadings; ancillary process. Except as herein otherwise provided, no formal pleading shall be necessary and the hearing and disposition of all such claims shall be informal, and with the sole object of dispensing speedy justice between the parties. No proceedings in garnishment or attachment may be brought or maintained in the said conciliation court and no execution shall issue from said court.

Subd. 3. Rules. The conciliation court shall be subject to the direction of the judge thereof, but the judges, assistant judge and conciliation judge of the said municipal court may prescribe rules as to procedure, methods of producing evidence, general conduct of the case and the trial thereof, under the provisions of this section, and for carrying out all of the provisions of this act.

Sec. 5. Laws 1927, Chapter 17, Section 7, as amended by Extra Session Laws 1937, Chapter 67, Section 3, is hereby repealed.

Approved April 10, 1953.

CHAPTER 294—S. F. No. 34

[Coded]

An act relating to the name to be used by a public official.
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. [205.83] **Name of public official.** Every person heretofore or hereafter elected to public office may use the name given in his affidavit of candidacy or petition of candidacy in transacting official business in the ensuing term of office.

Approved April 10, 1953.
