

RESOLUTION No. 1—H. F. No. 139

Concurrent resolution memorializing the Congress of the United States to amend the Immigration Laws whereby American families may adopt war orphans of allied countries of Europe of World War II.

WHEREAS, the present immigration law forbids American families to adopt orphans of the devastated countries of Europe who have so gallantly defended freedom and democracy against Fascism and Nazism; and,

WHEREAS, the aftermath of war and the ruthless oppression has caused misery and starvation among the gallant peoples of Europe; and,

WHEREAS, throughout those countries due to the war millions of orphaned children under ten years of age are unclothed, undernourished, insecure, and will perish from lack of nutrition and medical assistance; and,

WHEREAS, American families who are financially independent and who are blood relatives or relatives by marriage of such war orphans and who are eager and willing to adopt such war orphans of those allied countries and bring them to America so that they may have an opportunity to live and grow up as American citizens in our democratic country and adapt themselves to the democratic way of life as we know it; and,

WHEREAS, urgency of such legislation is demonstrated by the humanitarian and helpful attitude taken by the United States of America;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the House of Representatives, the Senate concurring, memorialize the Congress of the United States to amend the present immigration laws whereby such adoption may be possible.

RESOLUTION No. 2—No. 76

A concurrent resolution memorializing the Congress of the United States to amend the Federal Social Security Act

to permit the Federal Security Agency to participate in the payment of public assistance grants to persons residing in public hospitals or other public institutions.

WHEREAS, many needy, blind, aged and deserving persons, particularly the senile aged, require medical, nursing, rest home, and hospital care, and,

WHEREAS, in many localities such services are available only in public hospitals and other public institutions, and,

WHEREAS, the present Federal Social Security Act prevents the Federal Security Agency from participating financially in the payment of public assistance grants to these persons, and,

WHEREAS, there is no just reason for denying these persons the right to participate in the public assistance programs;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, by the House of Representatives, the Senate concurring, that the Congress of the United States shall take immediate steps to remove from the present Federal Social Security Act, those provisions which restrict and prevent the Federal Security Agency from participating in the payment of public assistance to needy, blind and aged persons residing in public hospitals or public institutions, and,

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to the President of the United States, the Vice-President, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and to each Congressman and Senator from the State of Minnesota.

RESOLUTION No. 3—S. F. No. 423

A concurrent resolution memorializing the Congress of the United States to take prompt action to ratify the agreement between the Government of the United States and the Dominion of Canada for the development of the St. Lawrence Waterway.

WHEREAS, representatives of the Governments of the United States and of the Dominion of Canada in 1941 con-