

per annum. Such salary shall be payable in equal semi-monthly installments out of the city treasury.

Approved April 8, 1949.

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CHAPTER 323—S. F. No. 868

*An act relating to the locking and sealing of voting machines; amending Minnesota Statutes 1945, Section 209.20.*

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota :

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1945, Section 209.20, is amended to read :

209.20. **Judges to lock and seal machines after polls are closed.** *Subdivision 1.* As soon as the polls of the election are closed, the judges shall immediately lock or lock and seal each voting machine against voting. The judges shall then sign a certificate stating that each machine has been locked against voting or locked and sealed; the number of voters as shown on the public counter; the number on the seal; the number registered on the protective counter. The judges shall then open the counter compartment in the presence of the watchers and any other persons who may lawfully be present in the polling place, giving full view of all the counter numbers. One of the judges shall, under the scrutiny of the judge of a different political party, if such there be, if more than three judges be serving in such district, in the order of offices as their titles are arranged on the machine, read and announce in distinct tones the designating number and letter, if any, on each counter for each candidate's name, the result as shown by the counter numbers, and shall then read the votes recorded for each office on the irregular ballot. He shall also in the same manner announce the vote on each constitutional amendment, proposition or other question. As each vote total is announced from the counter of the machine, it shall immediately be entered on the duplicate statements of canvass, in figures only, in ink, by two judges of different political parties, if such there be, in the same order on the space which has the same designating number and letter, if any, after which the figures shall be verified by being called off from the counters in the same manner as herebefore by a judge who recorded

the totals on a statement of canvass during the original canvass of the results. If more than three judges are serving in such district, the other judge who recorded the totals on a statement of canvass during the original canvass shall act as watcher at the machine counters during the verification of the results. Each judge shall then sign a certificate which shall be a part of the statement of canvass stating that the results as shown on the statement of canvass are the true and correct results of the election, that the canvass has been completed in accordance with the law as herein provided. After the proclamation of the vote, ample opportunity shall be given to any person lawfully present to compare the results so announced with the counter dials of the machine and any necessary corrections shall then and there be made by the judges. If absent voters' ballots have been voted, such ballots shall be canvassed and counted, the vote thereon for each candidate announced and added to the vote as recorded on the statement of canvass of votes cast by machine. Absent voters' ballots and irregular ballots, enclosed in properly sealed packages respectively, and properly endorsed, shall be filed with the original statement of canvass. The judge filing the returns shall deliver to the board or officer from whom they were received, the keys to each voting machine, enclosed in a sealed envelope having endorsed thereon a certificate of the judges stating the number of each machine, the district where it has been used, the number of the seal, if any, and the number of the protective counter.

*Subd. 2.* In each district where voting machines are used, statements of canvass shall be printed to conform with the type of voting machine used. The designating number and letter, if any, on the counter for each candidate shall be printed next to the candidate's name on the statements of canvass. The arrangement of the names on the statements of canvass for each district shall conform exactly with the arrangement of the names on the voting machines to be used in such district. Such statements of canvass shall provide for the entry of the number of votes for each candidate and the "yes" and "no" of each question as shown on each machine used in the district; also for the absent voters' ballots and total number of votes, by such ballots and by machine, for each candidate and upon each question. Upon completion of the canvass the election judges shall enclose the statements of canvass in sealed envelopes without sewing with twine or sealing with wax. Such official statements of canvass may be opened by the authorities in charge of elections before the official canvass for the purpose of checking additions and compiling the unofficial re-

turns and preparing the official records. Such official statements of canvass shall be used in lieu of the summary sheets which shall be dispensed with when voting machines are used.

*Subd. 3.* The voting machines shall remain locked against use for a period of at least 30 days and as much longer as may be necessary or advisable because of any existing or threatened contest over the result of the election, except that any voting machine may be opened and all data and figures therein examined upon the order of any judge of a court having jurisdiction; provided, that any voting machine used at a primary election may be opened, *in cities of the first class ten days and in any other cities seven days*, following such primary election if such opening becomes necessary in order to prepare the voting machine so used at such primary election for an election which is to be held on a day which is within 40 days after the day upon which such primary election is held.

*Subd. 4.* Irregular ballots shall be preserved for six months after such election and the packages thereof may be opened and the contents thereof examined only upon an order of a judge of a court having jurisdiction and after the expiration of such time, such ballots may be disposed of in the discretion of the officer or board having charge of them.

*Subd. 5.* The municipal corporation adopting the machines shall have the custody thereof when not in use at an election and shall preserve and keep them in repair. All keys for voting machines shall be securely preserved under lock and key by the officer having them in charge. A public officer, who by any provision of law is entitled to the custody of the machine for any period of time, shall be entitled to the keys therefor of such machines in his charge. It shall be unlawful for any unauthorized person to have in his possession any keys of any voting machine; and all election officers or persons entrusted with such keys for election purposes or in preparation of the machine therefor shall not retain them longer than necessary to use them for such legal purpose.

Approved April 8, 1949.

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CHAPTER 324—S. F. No. 1242

[Coded as Section 102.30]

*An act relating to wild animals and providing for the transportation and sale of fish taken within the Red Lake Indian Reservation.*