

to be administered by a nurse or interne under his direction and supervision.

(2) A licensed doctor of veterinary medicine, in good faith, and in the course of his professional practice only, and not for use by a human being may prescribe, administer, and dispense barbital, and he may cause the same to be administered by an assistant under his direction and supervision.

(3) Nothing in this act shall prohibit the sale to, nor the possession of, barbital, by wholesale drug concerns, registered pharmacies, licensed pharmacists, licensed doctors of medicine, licensed doctors of dentistry, licensed doctors of veterinary medicine, or any bona fide hospital or other bona fide institutions wherein sick and injured persons are cared for or treated, or bona fide hospitals wherein animals are treated.

Sec. 6. Violations—Penalties.—Any person, firm or corporation that violates any provision of this act shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not to exceed \$1,000 or imprisonment in the county jail for not to exceed one year or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Approved March 31, 1939.

CHAPTER 103—H. F. No. 813

An act relating to park boards in cities of the 4th class, and amending the 1938 Supplement to Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, Section 1732.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Park boards in certain cities.—The 1938 Supplement to Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, Section 1732, is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

"1732. That the city council of every such city may by a majority vote create a park board for such city, to be composed of three members, to be chosen by said council for terms of one, two and three years respectively, all of whom shall be free holders and residents of such city, and who shall serve without compensation. Such park board shall be authorized and empowered, for and on behalf of and in the name of such city, to acquire by gift, purchase, devise, condemnation or lease, the land to be held and used for park purposes, or pur-

poses of a golf course, and shall provide for the improvement thereof as specified in section one of this act. Said park board shall have general supervision, management and control of such park or golf course and may appoint a suitable person to care for and take charge of the same, and may prescribe his duties and fix his compensation therefor; *provided, however, that in any city of the fourth class having a population according to the 1930 federal census in excess of 5,000 inhabitants, which city is located within a county containing not less than 18,000 and not more than 19,000 inhabitants according to the 1930 federal census, and having an assessed valuation for the year 1935 in excess of \$5,000,000, and less than \$6,000,000, exclusive of moneys and credits, the city council thereof may by a majority vote create a park board for such city, to be composed of five members, to be chosen by said council for terms of one, two, three, four and five years respectively, all of whom shall be freeholders and residents of such city, and who shall serve without compensation, and said board shall have the authority and power hereinbefore specified.*"

Approved March 31, 1939.

CHAPTER 104—S. F. No. 811

An act relating to dead animals and the disposition thereof, amending Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, Section 10273. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Disposition of dead animals.—That Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, Section 10273, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"10273. Every person owning or having in charge any domestic animal that has died or been killed on account of disease shall immediately bury the carcass thereof at least three feet deep in the ground or cause the same to be consumed by fire. Provided, however, that the livestock sanitary board, through its secretary and executive officer, may issue a permit to owners of rendering plants, *located within the boundaries of Minnesota*, provided such rendering plants are operated and conducted as required by law, to remove carcasses of domestic animals and fowl that have died or have been killed on account of disease, over the public highways to their plants for rendering purposes in accordance with the rules and regulations adopted by the livestock sanitary board relative to