

WHEREAS the presence in this country of such dangerous and fatal contagious diseases would be disastrous to the live stock and dairy industries of the United States and to the health and welfare of its citizens; and

WHEREAS it is a well-known economic fact that the prosperity of our country is dependent upon the prosperity of the live stock and agricultural industries in the United States; and

WHEREAS the steps and measures heretofore taken by the Secretary of the United States Department of Agriculture and by other Federal authorities for the prohibition and prevention of the entry into the United States of live stock, meat and animal products from countries where the foot-and-mouth and other dangerous and fatal contagious diseases exist meet with the hearty approval and endorsement of this legislature and the people of this state;

THEREFORE be it resolved by the Senate of the State of Minnesota, the House of Representatives concurring, that the President of the United States, the Secretary of Agriculture of the United States, the Chief of the United States Bureau of Animal Industry and the Congress of the United States hereby are urgently petitioned and requested to continue the prohibition and prevention of the entry into the United States of live stock, meat and animal products from countries where the foot-and-mouth and other dangerous and fatal contagious diseases exist, and to take such further and other steps and measures as will fully and completely protect the live stock and agricultural industries of the United States from the dangers incident to the entry into this country of such diseases.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that copies of this resolution be forwarded to the President of the United States, the Secretary of Agriculture of the United States, the Chief of the United States Bureau of Animal Industry and the members of Congress.

Approved April 8, 1929.

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RESOLUTION No. 15—H. F. No. 1259

*A concurrent resolution memorializing Congress to establish a National Cemetery at Birch Coulee Battlefield in Renville County, Minnesota.*

WHEREAS, on September 2nd and 3rd, 1882, there was fought at Birch Coulee in Renville county a battle with the Indians of great historic importance, at which soldiers and pioneer citizens, heroically fighting against overwhelming odds, laid down their lives; and, ...

WHEREAS, said battlefield has been set apart and designated as a state park and cemetery of the State of Minnesota by ~~Chapter 75, Session Laws 1929~~ and, *Chapter 75,*

WHEREAS, said battlefield, by reason of its unsurpassed natural beauty and advantageous location is eminently suitable for a national cemetery for soldier and sailor dead, and there is urgent need for such cemetery in this section of the country;

THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Senate of the State of Minnesota, the House of Representatives concurring, that the Congress of the United States of America be and hereby are requested to establish a national cemetery upon said battlefield, and to provide for the acquisition by the United States of the necessary ground therefor, including the ground already set apart as a state park and cemetery, or so much thereof as may be required;

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that it is the sense of this legislature that in case the Congress shall establish a national cemetery upon said battlefield, the State of Minnesota will cede to the United States that part of said battlefield which has already been set apart as a state park and cemetery and will consent to the acquisition by the United States of such further ground as may be desired for a national cemetery.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that a copy of this resolution, properly attested, by the proper officers of both houses, be sent to the President of the United States, the Secretary of War, the presiding officers of the Senate and House of Representatives, and to each United States senator and member of Congress from the State of Minnesota.

Approved April 8, 1929.

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RESOLUTION No. 16—H. F. No. 302

*A concurrent resolution memorializing President Hoover and the Congress of the United States.*

WHEREAS, It is always a matter of the general national welfare and concern that the convenience and comfort of the President of the United States always be considered and

WHEREAS, It has become the custom of the President of the United States to spend the summer months in the forest, lake and stream country of the Northwestern part of the United States, and