"Section 1. Every person who shall abduct, entice or carry away from a state institution for the feeble-minded or colony for epileptics any inmate thereof, who has not been legally discharged therefrom, shall be guilty of a felony and punished by a fine-of not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or imprisonment in the state prison or state reformatory not to exceed three years, or both, in the discretion of the court; any and every person who shall abduct, entice or carry away from any place other than a state institution, a person duly committed as feeble-minded to the guardianship of the state board of control with the intention of wrongfully removing such person from the direct custody of the state board of control, such person known by him to be under the supervision of the state board of control or its agents, shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor."

Approved April 18, 1929.

CHAPTER 232—S. F. No. 255

An act authorizing municipal fire departments to attend fires outside of the corporate limits, and to provide that all firemen attending such fires shall be in the line of their duty.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

- Section 1. Municipalities to fight fires outside of limits.—
 The council or any other body of any municipality having control
 of its fire department may by resolution adopted by a five-sevenths
 vote, authorize its fire department or any portion thereof to attend
 and serve at fires outside of the limits of the municipality either
 within or without the state. In case the fire department is controlled
 by an individual such authorization shall be by written notice posted
 at the headquarters of the fire department.
- Sec. 2. Municipalities to arrange for compensation at outside fires.—The body or person having control of a municipal fire department shall have authority to contract with other municipalities or private groups for compensation for services rendered in fighting fires as herein provided. The compensation agreed shall be a legal charge and collectible by the municipality rendering such service in any court of competent jurisdiction.

- Sec. 3. Firemen serving on outside fires in line of regular duties.—All municipal firemen attending and serving at fires outside of the limits of the municipality as authorized in this act shall be considered as serving in their regular line of duties as fully as if they were serving within the limits of their own municipality.
- Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1929.

CHAPTER 233—S. F. No. 307

An act to amend Section 7455, General Statutes of 1923, as amended by Chapter 32, General Laws 1927, relating to the duration of corporate existence.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

- Section 1. Duration—Renewal of corporate existence.—That Section 7455, General Statutes of 1923, as amended by Chapter 32, General Laws 1927, be and the same hereby is amended so as to read as follows:
- "7455. A railroad corporation may be formed for any period specified in its certificate of incorporation. A savings bank shall have perpetual succession. Every other corporation, except as hereinafter otherwise provided, shall be formed for a period not exceeding thirty years in the first instance, but may be renewed from time to time for a further term not exceeding thirty years, whenever a three-fourths vote of the stock or members in case of mutual or non-stock corporations represented at any regular meeting, or at any special meeting called for that purpose, which shall have been clearly specified in the call, shall have heretofore or shall hereafter adopt a resolution to that effect, and in case of stock companies when those desiring it shall have purchased at its value the stock of those opposed thereto. Religious, social, fraternal and charitable corporations shall have perpetual succession unless the duration thereof is specifically limited in the certificate of incorporation and in case of existing religious, social, fraternal and charitable cor-porations where no period of duration is fixed in the certificate of incorporation the duration thereof shall be perpetual unless said