dollars, and such further sum as the county board may allow not to exceed a total of twelve hundred dollars; if the population is twenty-eight thousand and less than thirty-six thousand, seven hundred dollars, and such further sum as the county board may allow not to exceed a total of fourteen hundred dollars; if the population is thirty-six thousand and less than fortyfive thousand, twelve hundred dollars and such further sum as the county board may allow not to exceed a total of fifteen hundred dollars; if the population is forty-five thousand and less than fifty-five thousand, fifteen hundred dollars, and such further sum as the county board may allow not to exceed a total of two thousand dollars; if the population is fifty-five thousand and less than one hundred thousand such sum as the county board may allow not to exceed a total of twenty-five hundred dollars per annum. Provided, however, that no sums whatever shall be paid or allowed for clerk hire in excess of the amounts actually paid or due for help employed to perform necessary excess clerical labor in the respective offices of judges of probate as hereinbefore mentioned.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and

after its passage.

Approved March 23, 1923.

## CHAPTER 87—H. F. No. 824.

An act relating to the supervision of the police department in cities of the second class.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Mayor to have supervision of police department in cities of second class. That in each city of the second class in the State of Minnesota the Mayor of such city shall hereafter have the exclusive power to direct the law enforcing activities of the police department, and the chief of police and such other officers as may be acting in such department shall at all times be subordinate to such Mayor.

Sec. 2. Inconsistent acts repealed.—All Acts or parts of

acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 23, 1923.

## CHAPTER 88-H. F. No. 825.

An act relating to the nomination and election of candidates for director of the school board in certain cities.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. School directors may be nominated by petition.

—Candidates for director of the school board in cities of the second class may be nominated by petition or certificate of voters whether there is a vacancy in the nominations for such office or not.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after

its passage.

Approved March 23, 1923.

## · CHAPTER 89—H. F. No. 990.

An at authorizing cities of the fourth class, however organized, villages and boroughs to assess the cost of certain water mains, and their appurtenances, including service connections and water appliances installed by such municipalities in connection with such service connections, upon abutting property.

Be, it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Special assessments authorized in cities of fourth class.—In any city of the fourth class, organized under the general laws or a special or home rule charter, or in any village or borough of this state, where the Council has since January 1, 1919 established and thereafter and before November 1, 1922 caused to be constructed a village water system, including a well or wells, a pumping station, a stand-pipe or reservoir, water mains and appurtenances required in connection therewith, such as valves and hydrants and also service connections along any public street or alley in such city, village or borough for the purpose of supplying water to the inhabitants thereof, and for public use, and where said Council has paid for said system, mains and appurtenances out of the proceeds of the sale of the bonds of said City, village or borough duly issued for that purpose, but has made no provision by taxation, assessment or otherwise for paying such bonds or the interest thereon, then and in that case the cost of any such improvement, including the cost of engineering, interest during construction and necessary incidental expenses, may be assessed against the property abutting upon the street or public alley in which such water mains, appurtenances and service connections are laid, upon the basis of benefits to such property, but the Council may pay the cost of constructing such well or wells, pumping station, stand-pipe or reservoir, and of laying such water mains across street or alley intersections, and one half the cost of laying such mains in any street or alley opposite any public park or municipal property and the cost of fire hydrants and their connections to the mains, and may also pay such portion of the cost of laying such mains between street intersections or between street and alley intersections, as the Council may determine, provided that where said Council has, pursuant to agreement with individual lot