

CHAPTER 173—H. F. No. 705.

An act requiring all persons receiving, buying or handling cream for use either locally or after shipment in the manufacture of butter or cheese, in cans or other receptacles which are to be returned to the senders or sellers, to thoroughly sterilize all such cans and receptacles with live steam under pressure, before returning them to the senders or sellers, and providing for enforcement and prescribing penalties for violations thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Milk and cream cans must be sterilized.—All persons receiving, buying or handling cream for use either locally or after shipment in the manufacture of butter or cheese, in cans or other receptacles which are to be returned to the senders or sellers, shall thoroughly sterilize all such cans and receptacles with live steam under pressure, before returning them to the senders or sellers.

Sec. 2. Violation a misdemeanor.—Every person who shall violate or fail or refuse to comply with any provision of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 3. Dairy and food commissioner to enforce provisions of act.—The dairy and food commissioner shall cause the provisions of this act to be enforced, and it hereby is made the duty of every prosecuting officer to whom the commissioner shall report any violation of or failure or refusal to comply with any of its provisions to institute and prosecute without delay appropriate proceedings in the proper courts for enforcement of the penalties herein prescribed therefor.

Sec. 4. Effective January 1st, 1924.—This act shall take effect and be in force from and after January 1, 1924.

Approved April 10, 1923.

CHAPTER 174—H. F. No. 710.

An act to authorize any city in this state of the third or fourth class to issue and sell the bonds of said city and to use the proceeds thereof for defraying the costs, or any part thereof, of paving any streets within the limits of such city.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Paving bonds authorized in cities of the 3rd and 4th class.—In addition to the rights and powers heretofore granted by law to cities of the Third and Fourth Class in the State of Minnesota, which rights and powers shall not be abridged or affected by this act, there is hereby granted to all cities of the Third and Fourth Class, whether such cities are organized and existing under special act of the Legislature, or charter adopted by the freeholders thereof or otherwise, the right and power to

issue bonds for the purpose of paying the costs, or any part thereof, of paving any streets within the limits of said city.

Sec. 2. Limitations—Amount, time and interest—Form.—Such bonds may be issued in an amount not to exceed \$200,000 and shall be of such denomination and payable at such places, and such time, not exceeding 20 years from the date thereof as may by the council or other governing body be deemed advisable. Such bonds shall bear interest at a rate not to exceed six per cent per annum, and shall have interest coupons attached, and shall be sold for not less than par and accrued interest in such manner as the City Council or other governing body may designate.

Sec. 3. Depository and disposition of proceeds.—The proceeds of the sale of any such bonds shall be placed in the City Treasury of said City; and shall be used only for the purposes above expressed. Said bonds shall bear the seal of the City, be signed by the Mayor, attested by the City Clerk, except that the signatures upon the coupons thereof may be lithographed.

Sec. 4. Tax levy authorized.—The full faith and credit of any such City issuing such bonds shall be pledged at all times for the payment of the same, and the interest thereon, and such City shall each year levy a sufficient tax to pay the annual interest on such bonds, and the principal of such bonds as shall mature during each ensuing year, or shall provide a sinking fund sufficient to insure the redemption of such bond at maturity.

Sec. 5. Limitation of indebtedness.—The obligations incurred by any City in the issuing of any bonds pursuant to the provisions hereof shall be considered as a part of its indebtedness under the provisions of its governing act or charter, or of any law of this State fixing the limit of indebtedness of such City, provided that nothing herein contained shall be construed as authorizing any indebtedness in excess of the constitutional provisions limiting home rule charter cities.

Sec. 6. Voters to authorize issue.—Bonds issued under this act shall be so issued only when authorized by the voters of any such City at a general or special election called for that purpose in the manner hereinafter provided.

Sec. 7. Manner of conducting election—Canvass.—All elections provided for in this act shall be called and conducted in the manner prescribed for municipal elections in such cities, and the notices of election shall contain a statement of the amounts and purposes for which such bonds are proposed to be issued with the date of maturity and the rate of interest. All elections provided for in this act may be called by resolution of the common council or other governing body, passed by a majority of all the members thereof, which resolution shall distinctly state the purpose of the election and the question to be submitted to the vote of the people. The ballot to be voted at all elections under this act may read as follows: "In favor of the proposition of issuing bonds for street

paving to the extent of.....Dollars" "Yes" "No." The voters voting in favor of such proposition shall mark a cross (X) opposite the word "Yes" and those against said proposition shall mark a cross (X) opposite the word "No" on said ballot in a space provided for that purpose. If the required number of votes cast at any such election shall be in favor of issuing kind and amount of bonds designated in the ballot the city voting in favor thereof, through its proper officers without further act is authorized to issue such bonds to the amount voted and to sell the same. The votes cast at such election shall be counted, returned and canvassed the same as at other municipal elections.

Approved April 10, 1923.

CHAPTER 175—H. F. No. 746.

An act relating to the sale of butter in whole or in part made from neutralized cream or milk, and the labeling thereof, and prescribing penalties for violations of this act.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Certain butter compounds must be labeled.—No person shall sell or offer or expose for sale or have in possession with intent to sell or offer or expose for sale, any butter in whole or in part made from neutralized cream or milk unless the words "made from neutralized cream (or milk)" shall be printed, marked or stamped on each receptacle, package or wrapper in which such butter is offered or exposed for sale or is sold, in letters at least one-fourth of an inch wide and one-half of an inch high; and if such butter is offered or exposed for sale, uncovered or not in a receptacle, package or wrapper, than a placard containing the words "made from neutralized cream (or milk)" printed, stamped or marked thereon in style and manner aforesaid, shall be attached to the mass or butter in such manner as to be easily seen and read by the purchaser.

Sec. 2. Violation a misdemeanor.—Any person violating any of the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 3. Dairy and food commissioner to enforce act.—The dairy and food commissioner shall cause the provisions of this act to be enforced and it hereby is made the duty of every prosecuting attorney to whom the commissioner shall report any violation of this act to cause appropriate proceedings to be commenced and prosecuted without delay in the proper courts for enforcement of the penalties hereof.

Sec. 4. Effective July 1st, 1923.—This act shall take effect and be in force from and after July 1st, 1923.

Approved April 10, 1923.