

## CHAPTER 460—H. F. No. 789.

*An Act to authorize county boards to maintain schools in county jails.*

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota :

Section 1. **Elementary schools in county jails.**—The county board of each county in this state wherein is maintained a county jail or work farm may provide a school or schools for the instruction in the elementary branches of learning of all persons detained therein as prisoners, and in such case shall provide the necessary furniture, appliances and teachers to be paid for out of the county annual revenue fund; such schools to be maintained for not less than two hours each school day or night sessions if necessary and school attendance by the prisoners shall be made compulsory as far as possible. The teachers necessary for such purpose shall be appointed by the county board with the approval of the county superintendent of schools who shall exercise supervisions thereover in connection with his other duties as such superintendent.

Sec. 2. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Approved April 23, 1913.

## CHAPTER 461—H. F. No. 797.

*An Act authorizing certain cities of the first class to issue bonds for defraying the cost of procuring sites for public markets and of erecting market houses.*

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota :

Section 1. **\$150,000 market bonds authorized.**—Any city of the first class not operating under a home rule charter is hereby authorized to issue and sell its bonds, to an amount not exceeding \$150,000 in par value, and to use the proceeds thereof in acquiring by purchase or condemnation lands for one or more public markets and for erecting thereon suitable buildings for market purposes. Provided, however, that no sum exceeding \$50,000 shall be expended on any one of such public markets, and provided further that such markets shall not be located nearer than one mile from each other.

Sec. 2. **How sold—Credit of city pledged.**—Said bonds shall be issued only in pursuance of a resolution adopted by an affirmative vote of two-thirds of all the members of the city council or other governing body of such city. The faith and credit of the city shall be pledged to the payment of said bonds and the interest thereon. The council or governing body shall include in the tax levy of each year an amount sufficient to pay the current interest on such bonds, and the sinking fund of the city shall be pledged to their redemption at maturity.

**Sec. 3. Thirty years at 4 per cent.**—Bonds issued under this act shall run for a term not longer than thirty years and bear interest at a rate not higher than four per cent per annum, payable semi-annually. The place of payment of principal and interest and the denomination of said bonds shall be fixed by the resolution authorizing their issue, and all or any of them may be in the form of coupon bond or of registered certificates, so called, as the purchasers may prefer.

**Sec. 4. How signed and sold.**—All bonds or certificates so issued shall be signed by the mayor, attested by the city clerk, and countersigned by the city comptroller of said city, and be sealed with the city seal; except that the signatures to the coupons attached thereto, if any, may be lithographed. None of such obligations shall be sold for less than 95 per cent of their par value and accrued interest, or to any but the highest responsible bidder therefor.

**Sec. 5.** This act shall not apply to any city whose inhabitants have adopted a charter pursuant to Section 36, Article 4, of the state constitution.

Approved April 23, 1913.

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#### CHAPTER 462—H. F. No. 941.

*An Act to amend Section 2668 of the Revised Laws of 1905, relating to removal of public officers.*

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

**Section 1. Governor may remove certain officers, including municipal judge and justice of the peace.**—That Section 2668 of the Revised Laws of 1905 be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

2668. The governor may remove from office any clerk of the supreme or a district court, judge of probate, *judge of any municipal court, justice of the peace*, court commissioner, sheriff, coroner, auditor, register of deeds, county attorney, county superintendent of schools, county commissioner, county treasurer, or any collector, receiver, or custodian of public moneys, whenever it appears to him, by competent evidence, that either has been guilty of malfeasance or nonfeasance in the performance of his official duties; first giving to such officer a copy of the charges against him, and an opportunity to be heard in his defense.

Approved April 23, 1913.