

minals, shall provide ample and equal facilities by track connection, use of each others tracks, passenger and freight platforms and depots, warehouses, docks over which general merchandise is handled and forwarded and other necessary appliances and conveniences for the transfer, forwarding and handling of general merchandise and parcel freight between such railroads and between such railroads and such docks, warehouses and vessels at such docks. They shall not discriminate in their charges, rates or service between such connecting lines or on freight or passengers coming over or transferred from them. No carrier shall be required to furnish to another carrier its tracks, warehouses, depots, equipment or terminal facilities without reasonable compensation. Carriers shall be entitled to reasonable compensation for service performed over transfer tracks, and this act shall apply where actions and proceedings are now pending."

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 22, 1913.

CHAPTER 430—S. F. No. 913.

An Act entitled, "An Act to amend Section 47 of Chapter 351 of the Special Laws of the state of Minnesota for the year 1889, and Section 52 of said Chapter 351, said Chapter having been approved April 24, 1889, as amended by Chapter 302 of the General Laws of 1907, to provide for additional clerks, and fixing compensation of judges, clerks and stenographic reporter."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. **Deputy clerk to receive \$1,800 per annum, assistant clerk \$1,500, another assistant clerk at \$1,200, and a stenographic reporter \$1,500 per annum.**—That Section 47 of Chapter 351 of the Special Laws of the year 1889, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 47. It shall be the duty of the mayor, or other legally constituted officer or body having supervision and control of the police department and police officers of said city, to see that a sufficient number of police officers, including an officer in command, are always in attendance upon said court at its criminal sessions, and such other times and places as the court may direct, in readiness to obey its mandates and preserve order during its proceedings. And said mayor or other legally constituted officer or body, having supervision and control of said police department and police officers of said city, shall have the power, in his or its discretion, to appoint not exceeding three persons approved by the judges of said municipal court, as policemen for special attendance and duty in said court irrespective of the general

rules or legal regulations or enactments relative to the qualifications of policemen, but such person shall receive the same, but no greater compensation, unless the common council directs greater compensation, than ordinary police, and they shall be known as bailiffs, and such bailiffs and policemen attending said court may be required to give bond to said city in such sums as the council shall direct for the faithful performance of their duties; such bond to be for the use of all persons interested, provided, however, that nothing herein contained shall affect the powers and duties of the general police in said court. And such police officers, bailiffs and commanding officers, and all other policemen, police officers and bailiffs, shall at all times when in attendance upon said court be subject to the orders and authority and control of said court, irrespective of the authority or orders of any other official body.

The clerk of said municipal court shall have power with the consent of the judges to appoint, in addition to the deputy clerk in this act provided for, *two* assistant clerks, to be known as assistant clerks, who shall have like powers as said deputy clerk, but shall act under the authority of said clerk. Said clerk, deputy clerk and assistant clerks shall have full power and authority to administer oaths, swear witnesses and jurors, and take acknowledgments, and said clerk, deputy clerk and assistant clerks and bailiffs shall perform such duties as the clerk or judges shall direct in completing the work of the office, and shall have power to serve all process of said court, whether civil or criminal, when directed by the court, and all other powers and authority in this act provided for either thereof, and are hereby vested with the usual powers of constables at common law, and with the powers and authority of police officers of the said city of St. Paul. If the judges of said court shall so direct *one* of said assistant clerks shall have the qualifications of a stenographer, and shall perform such duties in that regard as the judges prescribe. Such direction or qualification, however, shall not in any way affect the provisions of this act in reference to the official stenographer. *Each of said* assistant clerks before entering upon the performance of the duties of his office shall first take and subscribe an oath in form as prescribed in Section 10 of this act, and execute to the city of St. Paul for the use and benefit of all persons injured by failure to observe its conditions a penal bond in the sum of \$1,000, with such sureties as the common council may approve, conditioned that he will account to and pay over to the clerk or deputy clerk of said court on each day all moneys belonging to or to go to said city, and that he will at all times pay over to said clerk or deputy clerk of said court on demand all moneys to which any person may be entitled which may have come into his hands in virtue or by reason of his office. Such bond shall be filed with the same officer as the bond of the clerk.

The judges of said court shall each receive a salary of four thousand dollars per year; the clerk of said court a salary of two thousand five hundred dollars per year; the deputy clerk of said court a salary of *one thousand eight hundred dollars* per year; one assistant clerk of said court a salary of *one thousand five hundred dollars* per year, and one assistant clerk a salary of *one thousand two hundred dollars* per year; and the stenographic reporter shall receive a salary of *one thousand five hundred dollars* per year; such salaries being payable in each case out of the city treasury of the city of St. Paul in equal monthly installments."

Sec. 2. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 22, 1913.

CHAPTER 431—S. F. No. 953.

An Act providing for the change of names of villages and cities of the fourth class in the state of Minnesota.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. **How name of municipality may be changed.**—That whenever twenty per cent (20%) of the legal voters of any incorporated village or city of the fourth class of this state shall petition the governing body of such municipality for a change of the name of such municipality, the question of such change of name may be submitted to the voters of such municipality at any general or special election, and if a majority of all the votes cast upon the question are in favor of such change, the governing body of such municipality may, by ordinance, by a four-fifths vote of all members thereof, change the name of such municipality.

Sec. 2. **Filing of ordinance to be made with different officers.**—Upon the filing of a certified copy of such ordinance with the county auditor of the county in which such village or town is located and with the state auditor and secretary of state, the name of such village or town shall be changed as in such ordinance provided. Such change in name shall in no way effect any liability, obligation, power, duty, law or ordinance or other matter or thing in any way relating to such village or town, excepting that the new name of such village or town shall thereafter be substituted for and used in the place of its old name.

Approved April 22, 1913.