

less than one hundred dollars nor more than one thousand or by imprisonment in the county jail of not less than three months nor more than one year or by both such fine and imprisonment. "Provided, however, that nothing contained in this act shall apply to Domestic Mortgage Loan Companies."

Sec. 4. This law shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 21, 1909.

CHAPTER 334—S. F. No. 239.

An Act to amend sections 1417, 1421 and 1423 of the Revised Laws of 1905, relating to state aid of public schools.

Be ite enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

High schools \$1,750—Graded schools \$600—Semi-graded schools \$300, \$150, \$100—Conditions.—Section 1. That sections 1417, 1421 and 1423 of the Revised Laws of 1905, relating to state aid to public schools be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1417. Apportionment—The board shall apportion the amount appropriated for such schools equally among the high schools and the graded schools entitled thereto, but no high school shall receive more than seventeen hundred and fifty dollars per year, nor any graded school more than six hundred dollars per year; nor shall the amount so paid any high school exceed its actual expenditure for such work, exclusive of building and repairs, nor shall any graded school connected with, or in the same district with, an aided high school, share in such apportionment.

Section 1421. What common schools may receive aid—Districts which have maintained, for not less than eight months in the preceding school year, a school in charge of a teacher holding at least a first grade state certificate or a second grade state certificate and which have a suitable school building, library, and other apparatus and conveniences, and which are doing sufficient work, may receive state aid for each such year in said district.

Section 1423. Apportionment—The state superintendent shall annually apportion to such semi-graded and common schools as he shall find entitled to state aid, the amount appropriated for such schools, in equal amounts to all schools of the same class, but no semi-graded school shall receive more than three hundred dollars, nor any common school in charge of a teacher holding a first grade state certificate more than one hundred and fifty dollars, nor any common school in charge of a teacher holding a second grade state certificate more than one hundred dollars, in

any apportionment. The state superintendent shall certify to the state auditor a list of districts of each class to which such aid is apportioned, and the amount apportioned to each. Such amount shall be paid in the same manner as state aid to high schools.

Sec. 2. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions hereof are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 21, 1909.

CHAPTER 335—S. F. No. 275.

An Act fixing the salaries of clerks of the district court of certain counties, in lieu of fees for services rendered to and paid for by such counties except in real estate tax proceedings, and the manner of payment thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Limitation.—Section 1. In all counties of the state of Minnesota having a population of less than forty-five thousand (45,000) inhabitants, the clerks of the district court thereof shall receive an annual salary in lieu of all fees as provided by law for official services rendered by them for their counties, as hereinafter provided.

Classification.—Sec. 2. For the purpose of fixing said salary the several counties of the state of Minnesota having a population of less than forty-five thousand (45,000) inhabitants, are hereby classed as follows:

Such counties having a population of less than seven thousand and five hundred (7,500) shall be known as class "A"; those counties having a population of seven thousand five hundred (7,500) and less than twelve thousand five hundred (12,500) shall be known as class "B"; those counties having a population of twelve thousand five hundred (12,500) and less than twenty thousand (20,000) shall be known as class "C"; those counties having a population of twenty thousand (20,000) and less than thirty thousand (30,000) inhabitants shall be known as class "D"; those counties having a population of thirty thousand (30,000) and less than forty thousand (40,000) inhabitants shall be known as class "E"; those counties having a population of forty thousand (40,000) and less than fifty thousand (50,000) inhabitants shall be known as class "F."

The county auditor in determining the population of any county for the purpose of ascertaining the compensation to be paid to the clerk of the district court as herein provided, shall