

## CHAPTER 157.—S. F. No. 281.

*An Act to amend Section 5046 of Revised Laws of Minnesota for 1905, relating to the having in possession, or making, of burglar's tools.*

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

**What shall constitute prima facie evidence.**—Section 1. That section number 5046 of the Revised Laws of Minnesota, 1905, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

5046. Every person who shall make or mend, or cause to be made or mended, or have in possession in the day or night time, any engine, machine, tool, false key, picklock, bit, nippers, implement, or explosive adapted, designed, or commonly used for the commission of burglary, larceny, or other crime, under circumstances evincing an intent to use or employ, or allow the same to be used or employed, in the commission of a crime, or knowing that the same is intended to be so used, shall be guilty of a felony.

The having in possession any such engine, machine, tool, false key, picklock, bit, nippers, implement or explosive shall be prima facie evidence of an intent to so use or employ the same in the commission of a crime.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 8, 1909.

---

CHAPTER 158.—S. F. No. 447.

*An Act to amend Section 2060, Revised Laws of 1905, relating to the appointment of members of the Grain Inspection Boards.*

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

**Grain inspection boards; how appointed.**—Section 1. That section two thousand sixty (2060), Revised Laws of 1905, be and the same is hereby amended so as the same shall read as follows:

Section 2060. The boards heretofore known as the boards of appeals for the inspection of grain at Minneapolis and at Duluth shall hereafter be known as "The Minneapolis Grain Inspection Board" and "The Duluth Grain Inspection Board," respectively. Each board shall consist of three (3) members appointed by the governor, who shall have the same qualification

as grain inspectors, and not more than two (2) of whom shall be of the same political party. Their term of office shall be for three years from August 1st succeeding their appointment, and until their successors qualify, except as hereinafter provided. At the expiration of the terms of the present members, on or before August 1st, 1909, the governor shall appoint one member of each of the above named boards to serve for one year, one member of each board to serve for two years and one member of each board to serve for three years. The governor may remove any member and fill any vacancy for the unexpired term. Members of either board shall have a right to act at either Duluth or Minneapolis.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 8, 1909.

---

#### CHAPTER 159.—S. F. No. 491.

*An Act to amend Chapter 408, General Laws of Minnesota for 1907, relating to the powers and duties of the Minnesota Tax Commission.*

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

**Assessor and deputies and duties.**—Section 1. Subdivision 2 of section 12 of said chapter 408, General Laws of Minnesota for 1907, is hereby so amended as to hereafter be and read as follows, to-wit:

“(2) To appoint a special assessor and deputies under him and cause to be made in any year a re-assessment of all or any real and personal property or either in any assessment district, when in the judgment of said commission such re-assessment is desirable or necessary to the end that any and all property in such district shall be assessed equitably as compared with like property in the county wherein such district is situated.”

**Special assessor for re-assessment.**—Sec. 2. Section 16 of chapter 408, General Laws of Minnesota for 1907, is hereby so amended as to hereafter be and read as follows, to-wit:

“Section 16. Whenever it shall be made to appear to the Minnesota tax commission by verified complaint or by the finding of a court or of the legislature or either body of the same or any committee thereof, that any considerable amount of property has been improperly omitted from the tax list or assessment roll of any district or county for any year, or, if assessed, that the same has been undervalued or overvalued as compared