

CHAPTER 157.—S. F. No. 281.

An Act to amend Section 5046 of Revised Laws of Minnesota for 1905, relating to the having in possession, or making, of burglar's tools.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

What shall constitute prima facie evidence.—Section 1. That section number 5046 of the Revised Laws of Minnesota, 1905, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

5046. Every person who shall make or mend, or cause to be made or mended, or have in possession in the day or night time, any engine, machine, tool, false key, picklock, bit, nippers, implement, or explosive adapted, designed, or commonly used for the commission of burglary, larceny, or other crime, under circumstances evincing an intent to use or employ, or allow the same to be used or employed, in the commission of a crime, or knowing that the same is intended to be so used, shall be guilty of a felony.

The having in possession any such engine, machine, tool, false key, picklock, bit, nippers, implement or explosive shall be prima facie evidence of an intent to so use or employ the same in the commission of a crime.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 8, 1909.

CHAPTER 158.—S. F. No. 447.

An Act to amend Section 2060, Revised Laws of 1905, relating to the appointment of members of the Grain Inspection Boards.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Grain inspection boards; how appointed.—Section 1. That section two thousand sixty (2060), Revised Laws of 1905, be and the same is hereby amended so as the same shall read as follows:

Section 2060. The boards heretofore known as the boards of appeals for the inspection of grain at Minneapolis and at Duluth shall hereafter be known as "The Minneapolis Grain Inspection Board" and "The Duluth Grain Inspection Board," respectively. Each board shall consist of three (3) members appointed by the governor, who shall have the same qualification