

## CHAPTER 48.

S. F. No. 122.

*An act to amend section three hundred ninety one (391) of chapter twelve (12) of title fifteen (15) of the penal code of the State of Minnesota, as amended by chapter three hundred and twenty-seven (327) of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year 1897 relating to the wilful or malicious injury to real or personal property.*

Wilful or  
malicious  
injury to  
property.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota :

SECTION 1. That chapter twelve (12) of title fifteen (15) of the penal code of the State of Minnesota, as amended by chapter three hundred and twenty-seven (327) of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year 1897, be, and the same hereby is, amended so as to read as follows :

Section 1. Chapter twelve (12) of title fifteen (15) of the penal code of the State of Minnesota is hereby amended by adding thereto the following sections, to-wit :

Class  
described.

Section 491 A. A person who shall wilfully or maliciously destroy, injure, disconnect, displace, cut, break, deface, ground or in any way interfere with any pole, cable or wire legally erected, put up or strung, or any underground conduit, subway or cable, or any electrical or other apparatus, lamps, transformer, switch, appliance, instrument or machinery of any kind used in the construction of or in the operation of any electric or telephone plant, line or system, or used in the producing, generating or transmitting of electric light, heat or power, or who shall aid, agree with, employ or conspire with any other person or persons to do any of the aforementioned acts, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding ninety days.

Misdemeanor.

Section 491 B. Whoever shall wilfully or maliciously make any connection with any meter, pipe, conduit, wire, line or other apparatus belonging to any person or company using or engaged in the manufacture, supply, sale or distribution of electricity or of electric current for the purpose of taking, using or wasting such electricity or electric current, or shall wilfully or maliciously prevent

Further  
description  
of property.

an electric meter from duly measuring or registering the quantity of electricity supplied, or shall in any way interfere with its proper action or just registration, or shall, without the consent of such person or company, wilfully or maliciously divert any electrical current or power of such person or company, or in anywise wilfully or maliciously use or cause to be used without the consent of such person or company any electricity manufactured or distributed by such person or company, or shall aid, agree with, employ or conspire with any other person or persons to do any of the aforementioned acts, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall for every offense be punished by a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding ninety days.

Misdemeanor.

SEC. 2. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

SEC. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 10, 1903.

S. F. No. 49.

## CHAPTER 49.

Municipal courts in cities of less than 5,000.

*An act to amend chapter two hundred and twenty-nine (229) of the General Laws of eighteen hundred and ninety-five (1895) the same being an act establishing municipal courts in incorporated cities having a population of less than five thousand (5,000) inhabitants.*

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

SECTION 1. That section thirty-seven of chapter two hundred and twenty-nine (229) of the General Laws of eighteen hundred and ninety-five (1895) be, and the same is, amended so as to read as follows:

Crime under state laws.

Section 37. In all examinations of persons charged with crime under the laws of this state, and in all trials of criminal cases under such laws, when the defendant is acquitted and when he is convicted and does not pay his fine and the costs accruing therein after the final determination of said cause, the clerk shall make out an itemized bill of the costs accruing in said case, or such examination, in said municipal court, certified to under his hand

Fines and costs in certain cases.