Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Ápril 23, 1897.

H.F. No. 596.

CHAPTER 334.

Religious cor porations— Mortgage fored osures, notice of. An act to provide for the service of notice of sale upon religious corporations in mortgage foreclosures by advertisement and to legalize such service in former cases.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Minnesota:

Section 1. That in all cases of mortgage foreclosure by advertisement when the notice of sale provided by law is to be served upon any church or religious corporation or the members thereof holding their usual meetings in a church edifice or building situated upon the real estate described in said notice of sale, the service upon any officer or member of the board of trustees of such church or religious corporationshall be a sufficient, valid and legal service of such notice.

SEC. 2. That service of all such notices heretofore made in the manner provided in section one (1) of this act shall be held to be a legal service of such notice; provided, that this act shall not apply to actions now pending in which the validity of any such service is in

controversy.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 23, 1897.

H.F. No. 303.

CHAPTER 335.

Defining ragrancy and fixing punishment. An act defining vagrancy and fixing punishment for the same.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Minnesota:

SECTION 1. Any person, except blind and other infirm persons, who roam about from place to place, begging or soliciting alms, or who are living without labor, or other visible means of support, and who are commonly

known as tramps and who will not work when offered employment at reasonable and ordinary wages, shall be deemed vagrants; provided, that whenever any such person shall prove that he is out of employment and is honestly in search of employment it shall be a complete defense to any charge of vagrancy.

The act of begging, or soliciting alms, or roving about from place to place, and lodging in barns or other places not intended as a place for lodging for human beings, shall be prima facie evidence that such person is a

tramp or vagrant.

Sec. 2. Any person found guilty of vagrancy, within the meaning of the preceding section, shall upon conviction thereof be fined not more than one hundred (100) dollars, and in default in the payment of the said fine by imprisonment in the county jail not to exceed ninety (90) days, and may be required to perform hard labor during such imprisonment, as now provided by law.

SEC. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from

and after its passage.
Approved April 23, 1897.

CHAPTER 336.

H. F. No. 28.

An act providing for the giving and enforcing of a lien Lien for for labor and services performed upon logs and timber formed on cut in other states and transported into the State of lumber. Minnesota.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Minnesota:

SECTION 1. That in all cases where logs, railroad cross ties, telegraph or telephone poles, piling, or other timber, have been cut in another state, or other states, and towed, rafted, or transported into the state of Minnesota for manufacture or use, and have become in this state. subject to the jurisdiction of said state of Minnesota, any person, or persons, company, or corporation, who shall have performed labor or services upon such logs, railroad cross ties, telegraph or telephone poles, piling or timber in the state or states where said logs, railroad cross ties, telegraph or telephone poles, piling or timber, were cut, or in transporting the same into the state of Minnesota, for which services he or they would have been entitled to a lien upon such logs or timber if such labor or services had